REDBOOK

C·G·JUNG

RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF THE

RED BOOK



RED BOOK LIBER NOVUS

C·G·JUNG

EDITED by SONU SHAMDASANI

PREFACE by ULRICH HOERNI
TRANSLATED by MARK KYBURZ,
JOHN PECK, and SONU SHAMDASANI

PHILEMON SERIES

A publication in arrangement with the Foundation of the Works of C. G. Jung, Zürich

W. W. NORTON & COMPANY

New York London

THE RED BOOK

COPYRIGHT © 2009 BY THE FOUNDATION OF THE WORKS OF C. G. JUNG
TRANSLATION COPYRIGHT © 2009 BY MARK KYBURZ, JOHN PECK, AND SONU SHAMDASANI
INTRODUCTION AND NOTES © 2009 BY SONU SHAMDASANI

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED FRINTED IN ITALY FIRST EDITION

MANUFACTURING BY MONDADORI PRINTING, VERONA
ART DIRECTION BY LARRY VIGON
BOOK DESIGN AND COMPOSITION BY ERIC BAKER DESIGN ASSOCIATES
BCANS BY DIGITAL FUSION

PHILEMON SERIES

The Red Book is a publication of the heirs of C. G. Jung and is one of the volumes of the Philemon Series, sponsored by the Philemon Foundation.

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Jung, C. G. (Carl Gustav), 1875-1961.

The Red Book = Liber novus / C.G. Jung; edited by Sonu Shamdasani; translated by Mark Kyburz, John Peck, and Sonu Shamdasani — 1st ed p. cm.—(Philemon series)

ISBN 978-0-393-06567-1 (Hardcover)

I. Jung, C. G. (Carl Gustav), 1875-1961. 2.

Psychoanalysts—Switzerland—Biography: 3. Jungian psychology: 1.

Shamdasani, Sonu, 1962-11. Title: 118. Title: Liber novus.

BF109.J8A3 2009

ISO.J9'54—DC21

2009018465

W. W. NORTON & COMPANY, SOD FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK, NY IOTIO.
WWW.WWNORTON.COM

W. W. NORTON & COMPANY LTD., CASTLE HOUSE, 75.76 WELLS STREET, LONDON, WIT JQT

1114567890

CONTENTS

- VIII Preface
- X Abbreviations and Note on Pagination.
- X1 Acknowledgments

The Red Book

- 193 Liber Novus: The "Red Book" of C. G. Jung by Sonu Shamdasani
- 222 Translators' Note
- 225 Editorial Note

227 Liber Primus

- 229 Prologue The Way of What is to Come fol. i(r)
- 231 Chapter [Refinding the Soul fol ii(r)
- 233 Chapter II Soul and God fol. ii(r)
- 234 Chapter III On the Service of the Soul fol. ii(v)
- 235 Chapter IV The Desert fol. iii(r)
- 236 Experiences in the Desert fol. iii(r)
- 237 Chapter v Descent into Hell in the Future fol. iii(v)
- 240 Chapter VI Splitting of the Spirit fol. iv(r)
- 241 Chapter VII Murder of the Hero fol. iv(v)
- 242 Chapter VIII The Conception of the God fol. iv(v)
- 245 Chapter 1X Mysterium. Encounter fol. v(v)
- 248 Chapter X Instruction fol vi(r)
- 251 Chapter XI Resolution fol vi(v)

Note: Black numbers refer to the translation.

Red numbers refer to the facsimile.

257 Liber Secundus

- 259 The Images of the Erring 1
- 259 Chapter 1 The Red One 2
- 261 Chapter H The Castle in the Forest 5
- 265 Chapter III One of the Lowly 11
- 267 Chapter IV The Anchorite. Dies I [Day 1] 15
- 270 Chapter v Dies II [Day 2] 12
- 273 Chapter VI Death 29
- 275 Chapter VII The Remains of Earlier Temples 32
- 277 Chapter VIII First Day 37
- 281 Chapter IX Second Day 46
- 284 Chapter x The Incantations 50
- 286 Chapter XI The Opening of the Egg 65
- 288 Chapter XII Hell 73
- 290 Chapter XIII The Sacrificial Murder 76
- 292 Chapter XIV Divine Folly 98
- 293 Chapter XV Nox secunda [Second Night] 100
- 298 Chapter XVI Nox tertia [Third Night] 108
- 302 Chapter XVII Nox quarta [Fourth Night] 114
- 305 Chapter XVIII The Three Prophecies 124
- 307 Chapter XIX The Gift of Magic 126
- 309 Chapter XX The Way of the Cross 136
- 312 Chapter XXI The Magician 139

Scrutinies

360 Epilogue

33E

- 361 Appendix A: Mandalas
- 365 Appendix B. Commentaries
- 370 Appendix C. Entry for 16 January 1916 from Black Book 5.

THE YEARS, OF WHICH I HAVE SPOKEN TO YOU,

when I pursued the inner images, were the most important time of my life. Everything else is to be derived from this.

It began at that time, and the later details hardly matter anymore.

My entire life consisted in elaborating what had burst forth from the unconscious and flooded me like an enigmatic stream and threatened to break me. That was the stuff and material for more than only one life. Everything later was merely the outer classification, the scientific elaboration, and the integration into life. But the numinous beginning, which contained everything, was then.

C. G. JUNG, 1957

Preface

Since 1962, the existence of C. G. Jung's Red Book has been widely known. Yet only with the present publication is it finally accessible to a broad public. Its genesis is described in Jung's Memories. Dreams, Reflections, and has been the subject of numerous discussions in the secondary literature. Hence I will only briefly outline it here.

The year 1913 was pivotal in Jung's life. He began a self-experiment that became known as his "confrontation with the unconscious" and lasted until 1930. During this experiment, he developed a technique to "get to the bottom of [his] inner processes," "to translate the emotions into images," and "to grasp the fantasies which were stirring ... 'underground." He later called this method "active imagination." He first recorded these fantasies in his Black Books. He then revised these texts, added reflections on them, and copied them in a calligraphic script into a book entitled Liber Novus bound in red leather, accompanied by his own paintings. It has always been known as the Red Book.

Jung shared his inner experiences with his wife and close associates. In 1925 he gave a report of his professional and personal development in a series of seminars at the Psychological Club in Zürich in which he also mentioned his method of active imagination. Beyond this, Jung was guarded. His children, for example, were not informed about his self-experiment and they did not notice anything unusual. Clearly, it would have been difficult for him to explain what was taking place. It was already a mark of favor if he allowed one of his children to watch him write or paint. Thus for Jung's descendants, the *Red Book* had always been surrounded by an aura of mystery. In 1930 Jung ended his experiment and put the *Red Book* aside—unfinished. Although it had its honored place in his study, he let it rest for decades. Meanwhile the insights he had gained through it directly informed his subsequent writings. In 1959, with the help of the old draft, he tried to complete the transcription of the text into the *Red Book* and to finish an incomplete painting. He also started on an epilogue, but for unknown reasons both the calligraphic text and epilogue break off in midsentence.

Although Jung actively considered publishing the Red Book, he never took the necessary steps. In 1916 he privately published the Septem Sermones ad Mortuos (Seven Sermons to the Dead), a short work that arose out of his confrontation with the unconscious. Even his 1916 essay, "The Transcendent Function," in which he described the technique of active imagination, was not published until 1958. There are a number of reasons why he did not publish the Red Book. As he himself stated, it was unfinished. His growing interest in alchemy as a research topic distracted him. In hindsight, he described the detailed working out of his fantasies in the Red Book as a necessary but annoying "aestheticizing elaboration." As late as 1957 he declared that the Black Books and the Red Book were autobiographical records that he did not want published in his Collected Works because they were not of a scholarly character. As a concession, he allowed Aniela Jaffé to quote excerpts from the Red Book and the Black Books in Memories, Dreams, Reflections—a possibility which she made little use of.

In 1961, Jung died. His literary estate became the property of his descendants, who formed the Society of Heirs of C. G. Jung. The inheritance of Jung's literary rights brought an obligation and challenge to his heirs: to see through the publication of the German edition of his Collected Works. In his will, Jung had expressed the wish that the Red Book and the Black Books should remain with his family, without, however, giving more detailed instructions. Since the Red Book was not meant to be published in the Collected Works, the Society of Heirs concluded that this was Jung's final wish concerning the work, and that it was an entirely private matter. The Society of Heirs guarded Jung's unpublished writings like a treasure; no further publications were considered. The Red Book remained in Jung's study for more than twenty years, entrusted to the care of Franz Jung, who had taken over his father's house.

In 1983 the Society of Heirs placed the Red Book in a safe-deposit box, knowing that it was an irreplaceable document. In 1984 the newly appointed executive committee had five photographic duplicates made for family use. For the first time, Jung's descendants now had the opportunity to take a close look at it. This careful handling had its benefits. The Red Book's well-preserved state is due, among other things, to the fact that it has only rarely been opened in decades.

When, after 1990, the editing of the German Collected Works—a selection of works—was drawing to a conclusion, the executive committee decided to start looking through all the accessible unpublished material with an eye to further publications. I took up this task, because in 1994, the Society of Heirs had placed the responsibility for archival and editorial questions on me. It turned out that there was an entire corpus of drafts and variants pertaining to the Red Book. From this it emerged that the missing part of the calligraphic text existed as a draft and that there was a manuscript entitled "Scrutinies," which continued where the draft ended, containing the Seven Sermons. Yet whether and how this substantial material could be published remained an open question. At first glance, the style and content appeared to have little in common with Jung's other works. Much was unclear and by the mid-1990s there was no one left who could have provided first-hand information on these points.

However, since Jung's time, the history of psychology had been gaining in importance and could now offer a new approach. While working on other projects I had come in contact with Sonu Shamdasani. In extensive talks we discussed the possibility of further Jung publications, both in general terms as well as with regard to the Red Book. The book had emerged within a specific context with which a reader at the turn of the twenty-first century is no longer familiar. But a historian of psychology would be able to present it to the modern reader as a historical document. With the help of primary sources he could embed it in the cultural context of its genesis, situate it within the history of science, and relate it to Jung's life and works. In 1999 Sonu Shamdasani developed a publication proposal following these guiding principles. On the basis of this proposal the Society of Heirs decided in spring 2000—not without discussion—to release the Red Book for publication and to hand over the task of editing it to Sonu Shamdasani.

I have been asked repeatedly why, after so many years, the Red Book is now being published. Some new understandings on our part played a major role: Jung himself did not—as it had seemed—consider the Red Book a secret. On several occasions the text contains the address "dear friends"; it is, in other words, directed at an audience. Indeed, Jung let close friends have copies of transcriptions and discussed these with them. He did not categorically rule out publication; he simply left the issue unresolved. Moreover, Jung himself stated that he had gained the material for all his later works from his confrontation with the unconscious. As a record of this confrontation the Red Book is thus, beyond the private sphere, central to Jung's works. This understanding allowed the generation of Jung's grandchildren to look at the situation in a new light. The decision-making process took time. Exemplary excerpts, concepts, and information helped them to deal more rationally with an emotionally charged matter. Finally, the Society of Heirs decided democratically that the Red Book could be published. It was a long journey from that decision to the present publication. The result is impressive. This edition would not have been possible without the cooperation of many people who devoted their skill and energy to a common goal. On behalf of the descendants of C. G. Jung, I would like to express my sincere thanks to all the contributors.

APRIL 2009 Ulrich Hoerni Foundation of the Works of C. G. Jung

ABBREVIATIONS AND A NOTE ON PAGINATION

[HI] - Historiated initial an initial filled with a miniature representation of a single figure or complete scene

IMAGE 000 - Indicates the page number on which the image appears on the facsimile plates

Where passages in the notes are cited from the Corrected Draft, words deleted are given in strikeout and words added are given in square brackets

[2] - "Layer two" added in the Druft

[00] - Subdivisions added in long sections for ease of reference

OB - Ornamental border

BP - Bas de page

Analytical Psychology — C. G. Jung, Analytical Psychology: Notes of the Seminar Given in 1925, ed. William McGuire, Bollingen Series (Princeton: Bollingen Series, Princeton University Press, 1989).

CFB - Cary Baynes Papers, Contemporary Medical Archives, Wellcome Library, London

CW - The Collected Works of C. G. Jung ed. Sir Herbert Read, Michael Fordham, Gerhard Adler, tr. R. F.C. Hull (Princeton: Bollingen Series, Princeton University Press, 1953-1983), 21 vols

JA - Jung collection, History of Science Collections, Swiss Federal Institute of Technology Archive, Zürich

JFA - Jung family archives

Letters - C. G. Jung Letters, sel. and ed. by Gerhard Adler in collaboration with Aniela Jaffe tr. R. F. C. Hull (Princeton: Bollingen Series, Princeton University Press, 1973, 1975), 2. vols

Memories - Memories, Dreams, Reflections, C. G. Jung Amela Jaffe, tr. Richard and Clara Winston, (London: Flamingo, 1962-1983)

MP - Protocols of Aniela Jaffe's interviews with Jung for Memories, Dreams, Reflections, Library of Congress, Washington D. C., (original in German)

MAP - Minutes of the Association for Analytical Psychology, Psychological Club, Zurich, (original in German)

MZS - Minutes of the Zurich Psychoanalytical Society, Psychological Club, Zurich, (original in German)

To facilitate moving between the facsimile and the translation, the following devices are used

In the Liber Primus translation, the numbers at the end of the left hand running head refer to the folios of the facsimile. For instance, fol. $i_1(v)$ fol. $i_2(v)$ indicates the material in the translation is from folio $i_2(v)$ verso, and folio $i_2(v)$, of the facsimile. The break from one page to the next in the facsimile is indicated by a red slash / in the text of the translation and the folio numbers divided by a red slash in the margins of the page

In Liber Secundus, page numbers are used 3/5 in the running head refers to pages 3 through 5 of the facsimile. A red slash in the text and 3/4 in the margin indicate the break between pages 3 and 4 of the facsimile.

Acknowledgments

Given the unpublished copies in circulation, the Red Book would in all likelihood have eventually entered the public domain at some stage, in some form. In what follows, I would like to thank those who have enabled the present historical edition to come about. A number of people collaborated and they have each in their own way contributed to its realization.

The former Society of Heirs of C. G. Jung (dissolved in 2008) decided in spring 2000 after intensive discussion to release the work for publication. On the behalf of the Society of Heirs, Ulrich Hoerni, formerly its manager and president and presently the president of its successor, the Foundation of the Works of C. G. Jung, planned the project with the support of the executive committee. Wolfgang Baumann, president from 2000 to 2004, signed the agreement in autumn 2000 that made possible the commencement of the work and committed the Society of Heirs to underwrite a major part of the costs. The Foundation of the Works of C. G. Jung would like to thank. Heinrich Zweifel, publisher, Zurich, for advice in the planning phase on technical issues. The Donald Cooper Fund of the Swiss Federal Institute for Technology for a significant donation, Rolf Auf der Maur for legal advice and contractual assistance, Leo La Rosa and Peter Fritz for contractual negotiations.

At a critical moment in 2003, the editorial work was supported by the Bogette Foundation and an anonymous donor. From 2004, the editorial work was supported by the Philemon Foundation, an organization established with the sole purpose of raising funds to enable Jung's unpublished works to see the light of day. In this regard, I am indebted to Stephen Martin. Whatever the shortcomings of this edition, the editorial apparatus and the translation could not have attained anything like the current level without the support of the Board of the Philemon Foundation. Tom Charlesworth, Gilda Frantz, Judith Harris, James Hollis, Stephen Martin, and Eugene Taylor. The Philemon Foundation would like to acknowledge the support of its donors, in particular Carolyn Grant Fay and Judith Harris, and significant gifts toward the English translation from Nancy Furlotti and Laurence de Rosen.

My work on this project would not have been possible without the support of Maggie Baron and Ximena Roelli de Angulo through numerous tribulations. It commenced and was made possible by research on the intellectual history of Jung's work sponsored by the Wellcome Trust between 1993 and 1998, by the Institut für Grenzgebiete der Psychologie in 1999, and the Solon Foundation between 1998 and 2001. Throughout the project, the Wellcome Trust Centre for the History of Medicine at University College London (formerly the Wellcome Institute for the History of Medicine) has been an ideal environment for my research. Confidentiality agreements precluded discussing my work on this project with my friends and colleagues. I thank them for their forbearance over the last thirteen years.

Between late 2000 and early 2003 the Society of Heirs of C. G. Jung supported the editorial work, which initiated the project. Ulrich Hoerin collaborted with aspects of the research and made a corrected transcription of the calligraphic volume. Susanne Hoerin transcribed Jung's Black Books. Presentations were made to members of the Jung family in 1999, 2001, and 2003, which were hosted by Helene Hoerin Jung (1999, 2001) and Andreas and Vreni Jung (2003). Peter Jung provided counsel through the publication deliberations and early stages of the editorial work. Andreas and Vreni Jung assisted during countless visits to consult books and manuscripts in Jung's library, and Andreas Jung provided invaluable information from the Jung family archives.

This edition came about through Nancy Furlotti and Larry and Sandra Vigon, who led me to Jim Mairs at Norton, who had been responsible for the facsimile edition of Larry Vigon's modern day Liber Novus, Dream. In Jim Mairs, the work could not have found a better editor. The design and layout of the work provided numerous

challenges, elegantly resolved by Eric Baker Larry Vigon, and Amy Wu. Carol Rose was tireless and ever vigilant in copyediting the text. Austin O'Driscoll was of continuous assistance. The calligraphic volume was scanned by Hugh Milstein and John Supra of Digital Fusion The care and the precision of their work (focusing via sonar) met with and matched the care and precision of Jung's calligraphy in a remarkable fusion of the ancient and the modern. Dennis Savini made his photographic studio available for the scanning. At Mondadori Printing Nancy Freeman, Sergio Brunelli, and their colleagues took great care to ensure that the work was printed to the highest standards technically possible.

From 2006, I was joined by Mark Kyburz and John Peck on the translation—a collaboration that was a privileged instruction in the art of translation. Our regular conference calls provided the welcome opportunity to discuss the text at a microscopic level, and the humor brought much-needed levity to the constant immersion in the spirit of the depths. Their contributions to the later stages of the editorial work have been invaluable. John Peck picked up several significant allusions that were beyond my ken.

Ximena Roelli de Angulo, Helene Hoerni Jung, Pierre Keller, and the late Leonhard Schlegel provided crucial recollections of the atmosphere in Jung's circle in the twenties, and figures involved in it. Leonhard Schlegel provided critical insights into the Dada movement and the collisions between art and psychology in this period.

Frik Hornung provided consultation concerning Egyptological references. Felix Walder assisted with a digital close up of image 155. Ulrich Hoerni deciphered its small inscriptions, and Guy Attewell recognized the arabic inscription. Ulrich Hoerni provided references to the Mithraic Liturgy (note 1, p. 367). David Oswald pointed to the Mittus Liber as Jung's possible referent in note 314 (p. 328). Thomas Feitknecht drew my attention to and assisted with the J. B. Lang papers. Stephen Martin recovered Jung's letters to J. B. Lang. Paul Bishop, Wendy Doniger and Rachel McDermort responded to queries.

I would like to thank Ernst Falzeder for the reference in note 145 on p. 207, for transcribing Stockmayer's letters to Jung, and for extensively correcting the translation of the introduction and notes in the German edition.

I would like to thank the Foundation of the Works of C. G. Jung and the Paul and Peter Fritz Literary Agency for permission to cite from Jung's unpublished manuscripts and correspondences, and Ximena Roelli de Angulo for permission to cite from Cary Baynes's correspondence and diaries

Responsibility for the establishment of the text, the introduction, and the apparatus remain my own. Like the donkey on page 231 (note 29), I am glad finally to be able to lay down this load.

Sonu Shamdasani

RED BOOK

Liber Primus





kaiasdirit: qvis credidit avditvimo nvo&brachivm dominicvirenel atvmentiet aseendet sicvt virgottv

timon eft peciesei neque decor evivinus emmenon ad apeciese desidacavi uns com depectomenosisimom vivounuvinum dolorofome fientem instrmi lateme quas lableoudius vullus ciuse despectos unde necupravimus compete languores nostros ipie tulite dolores nostros ipie portavite nos polavimus evan quas leprosome percusium adeos pomitiatum capitalis enim netos est nobise stives datus est nobise factos est principa los sper pumeromenciuse vo cabitur nomencius admirabilis constiturio deus sorties paler subri sacroli princeps pacis.

idanes dirite vertum campactum este dabitavit in nobise vidinus gloriam cius gloriam quas omgenita apatre plenomom graliae e verilalis isaias dirite laetabilor deseria sinviae erullabit sotto estoribilitario ilitum-germinans germinabite erullabit laetabondae lavadans-tunc aperiendo oculia acorume amus survicio orum patebont-tunc saliet sicotere uns claudose aperia crit lingua multorum quia sispa sont in deservo qua entarida crit in singuames silicus insontes a quarum in cubilibus in quibus prius dincones pabitabant orietur vipor calanie etilico de eritus discontario de entaria con dincones pabitabant orietur vipor calanie etili dincones dincones pabitabant orietur pipor calanie etili volis direttaria un dia estivitario calare entaria per mompune proprio accidente etili volis direttaria un dia estivitario calare entaria per mompune proprio accidente etili volis direttaria un dia estivativamente entaria per mompune proprio accidente etili volis direttaria un dia estivativamente entaria per mompune proprio accidente etili volis direttaria un dia estivativamente entaria per mompune proprio accidente etili volis direttaria dia etili portere entaria per mompune proprio accidente etili volis direttaria un dia estivativamente entaria per mompune proprio accidente etili volis direttaria di un dia estivativamente entaria per mompune etili portere entaria per mompune eti

ernicht lehr. derweg is tuunssabruide ingoliern no inler no ingesetz inuns i derwegidie wahrheit v das leben we bedeu/diena'beispiel lebidasleb in icht mit ihn. wen ihr narein beispielelett/loket ihr daslet des beispielesjap.m.lollen lep lep men ihr nicht lesp. alsolehteuselbediewegweisersindges 11/11mbestimle pfadelieg vorums seid nicht gieriglbiefrüchtefremd-feld zu verschlucken wist ihr nicht/das ihrselberd fructione ack frio/d'alles high wasen fromt: doch woverfresheute: wkento weg zumewigfruchtbar gefilde de selezior sucht de weg durants es jurteset bucher v poretdie meinu g-wassolles nubles gibt um ein weg voosifer weg. ipr suchto wegisch warneen'vor mein wege erkañ eu irweg sein ein sebergehesein weg. imilleurkeinheiland/keingeschgebkein erzieh fein ihr feiddoch beine kind mehr. das gesetzgeb soas besteu woll /sasteuptermach is sum urthun pubelgeword: einsedestückesein weg. deweg führtzuwechselseugeriche ind-gemeinschaft die mench werd bie apulicikeit v gemeinsankeit ihr wegesehr e fühl gemeinsamegesetze wichennothing o mensch zumeinzel sein danniterd brucke ungewollige meinschaft entifie/baseinzelsein ab macht d'mensch-feindselige giftige Högebet d'mensch die wurde v laget ihneinzelnsein/damiterseinegemeinspafffinder stellebe.gewallstehige g gewalt verachtung geg veracht in begeg-liebe.gebet domenschheit die wurder verkauet daß das leb die. Bentweg findet. Co.: eine auge deg. - otheitigeblind daseine ohr degotthe irmos spregidici dunykuruztvon

als seidgeduidig mit der krupelhaf tigkeit dewell veubenschatzt nichtig revollkomene schönheit.

> lewiederfindungdicele. Cety.

11 15 1' im odob des jobres 1413

Das gefishe > finificate france
perhady dies in singer 3 ert/

Die für die mentis-bedeliften

Die far als mentity behilde Promit damale Hannen wierzigten lebens Jahre alles erecicht mass ; mir je genrantist have ich haberele macht/reichtburn/wiff wijedes menfchiche ghick Tryicht. Da parte mem begehr nat vermahrung diefe detoont jage fedeite Hor in tub drugge fa gredung Kam übe mit das pelicht definifluit erfaftir emira-(ch fibited gent betiefe abe i verftand ihr nicht. trabe swang met mit waertragliche iner-frontige A. s. Miter. meme lottelmopift gut bachgunente bur the Drugedis wie du day 6 bin miedery rachet febin mingogo the appland from son mining Late de the uffelt w biergreder getentib fin bei die fre bereit jahre Longo reconders bin is wisherem ye dir gehefir: Palipin ergapt-mastalles or thank for tably in The gehrunk habe ad will do nidels por wen all jon geransthuell des lebens a gewest set eine muff Du soid to das time france is geternt / dass man ridem Lis diefes ler let mos diefes let is de wag lottent gefragte unes yum unfagene / das wie gitte mir es gertet leter condern meg alle andernwege find unpfade. let lang g seept mad fer legiste mit, 3 n gen jan menn. phete. Pheter mich fampgeglicht u germeigt trefft die HIR not Twee lange waln't die trait! alles is fa ander gewordt we mie fame it dert wie menderte mer mittel fort ! mid well - yours fait i die beforeit fout won File wer the langue plat mit mit quit ftern yudir gelg tele pick mir deine band meine far vergehene feele welche marme defreude fit medergufeb de lange verleugneit fide das ier-parmir du wiede zugeführt. promotten or tob dank dop to galet pabe for alle bentum a fin alle proserte france Line behebeltende b file testib filmere butine fede mil dir fall meine prife materies mit de mil e monders a suffrey Ju mein einfamkeit, biefes frome mi-degelf der tiefe juffrech w jugler ju urleb /qeg mir filb /dest I createst ex relate to mor do make no gang before danie delle geele der magwebpe orgende neue galinen. Think the little good a librar and over galery in morting wele gelehrte weers übefel Chabefe beneffelt ven granifand de wiften Chaft and the gernacht o butt & mide / Coff merme foile micht d' gegen frand meinen in theilens was Bens Prokate and major of men welfeit-Hamp beiter Jone mein-feele poeren Bereite bane postile a peta se mais a fortes es ses lie en luca all en lebendiges um [3] [old befrejendes meja. fraufter in weed flags to maine fiele warter backt Donout pur mainer padely or piete mangalylater protection as a second of the a general protection in the profession of the protection of the protecti grafen hait - is bobe em of ming Jap hap hop 3' June meine fiele genant pobe que mail mouie feite groof-is fanderin ein wirg lejergebaude. Dine or watertains " out medit duran me" buffam fras? Condern grand grand be properly to be parted to alle wond amform drug a posendet to extangland ert de felle. Findet er die fele micht formed ibn das grant de leurs pefalt- or du angle wied de met wiel To get beungen gerhal pinaus treit in ein werzen. erfeltes freb e-in pin blindes begebe "na" d- hob: The state matt at many gums matt feines engle: [Begehren ple verilent [1' mon feine feile men unm fe He wind sufred or wand friend all drage rest for som Lealle an E roof and abotene free find bon en famile fie men in i mob! ing fame facte in a ding Time manfeb obo do binde segredt die dinge d Die trans let bricht obe frint feld in de bing & hid

profes universelle son begeler problement ding et fanke wordt ferne fæle son begeler problement abe in de gegi fand des begelerens bestie er eine begeler fractione ferne fæle bet fand des begeler in begeler som begeler fractione ferne fæle bet fand ferne fæle bet fan begeler in forte bestie te ferne fæle bestie ferne fæle bestie ferne fæle bestie fæle bestie fæle bet bestie fæle bet bestie het bestie het bestie het bestie bestie fæle bet bestie bet bet bestie best

he to destroy of the service that fapor sur die some most febbes www. it babe menter of unt who meine lan forthe mind mert un vilde sin mentebre dann de felber Fund & latert and ballown wereyer troops lets bort their Die mir auf dunkelen Charles emper. Bu batteft St the its pormes angentially in homen "/ Its braither to warmen bery to free mi juall leading a west gribuliefter mit mabig eit- feb fuen i frub-mitten. mir. Dullefter mi waye yunidaley / ber mbloftlag ge mit gefebrecht hatte wei nicht das unfe tente werte se Der geborg getref ware. L'wanderte unte jahre/fo lange bip i vorgals / daling eine fact befile - you reared dura all degent? quelches jenfaits bary bien gabdie time lighter an gate programme say later the same the procedure and on the phones in artifaction of the contract to the legit of supplier state pring the principal situaly and mage שמים ולו שלים ביו שונים יון ולושים שונים ש wer ein finenken of bir die gott ? ir getten hind ein-שים לווים וויונים שולים שולים ווים מים לים ווים מים לים שלים שולים ווים בים לים ווים בים לים ווים בים לים ווים Their or Defill mit die for du meifrit das i'hen trumb 2 mingel mir page in minge orthogony to Lindian minglore. שנדמן פון של של של שני שנים מנוסודי יום ב קונון דולן דו ודין ודין ביין andern elson's wary nounted to sumanited land but many du wall propper from w route delines you agreed. ". Die seinige bleefet tie mit bie ferne bereit die eigene Profeste about the pulpher to a counders things ex months being you was y bie do' un endlichtent indein spend balle, 1 wing and or wagedou tages 10 de granges monteplant int mer/finant fact yun liter fugen The see me injed thate emganges fat the natione mais felt ye ball galachie or du gaber mir/mo i might Comertote or in will our new woundertel The follower on the sample of the sample of the following the party and mer die ervie formen Pretoft flats gabe Desput hundert falling fruit - o me was vertor of a pfood win open priates mana glauby mo (allam a de sergrecestume make ; man de legier in alle suffered de ougentiele me anne for glant : 80 Le em mad mander /d nedit perint pat in de well arefir the foll dequences foll frete & for large Dass front all general morne feels high or wen will well our met a loss post to um anga no meno letter fing telle The graph the mante the land south bigg a supe golf themp the Jumple of the heater that emper Rip 1 1 habe ye

Jern daß dethiennernerner Dankens treine frauen

Barte more Line boy a notopartomed to es on seath geb

but Brande moundfale lind frantil lie in malne bary Hing

Priorit - the with you than me find see Ledon - waste of fact

שונה ושלים בי שונה ולבו ביות שונים ושונים ושונים ביותר ביותר

wat bild nicht zum gegenftand mein taglich batrat

19 mady aumento frammer thanch a unfhan

mag is show may as unfident way is then some wife.

אווים ליקום לו לו לו לו אות הווים ליו וושק בשול שווים לו ווים ביו וושקים לו ווים ביו ווים ביו ווים ביו ווים ביו

op. mourout and our pent and une property dule dept

Stuff of mistel and smitchen atoli a tofeter girle mis

terfelmed is ope pintalling wie de auft bige attent.



more appreciation. יום - ר לומו ש טיי

FATEG (2000 1 PEPPER SPAPER STATE BURELING Librard 1, see, sign. Espitara ount s. pope HEROLE TO A DE LE POSTETAL Partelly 1 habe gries nt 'ean Ruper ben deales prate les moch ern ander gen am. werke to hatelians R' b' Dictinfe alles pe g wante beherieb. Ke . hart ge stes & geng bief feit mit The head to the you multer a upe till bones on, higher

en midere geift zivingt und bekor zu rer ferfeit von rechtpertig?/nutyfn o'gin erfallt von memp. ligrately e verbleader som vermebenen gelbe prefesat fucher i lange/jen anbem geis won mer 521 balten aberishebachte night dan Front differ foil alter vin alle yukunife binaug biebobere treacht begistials bergent beet seit/bomile besch exaction wedgets. I gett be eiefe has all fish was podrauth de littledehroft untermorfen. Er nahm ben gland-and is wiffen layaff von thus, er rais bee mir die probe bes efficients y emarke Wer land bie fringabe are bie ibeale biefe geit in this entoppen er zweng mich hinunter zut

I' w alle theire thentripe which the first ben Built Des unertelerson votes widerfinig. en equipped with the expension in the court been opposed by fin biente biens ein frans / riamuch der meinputing eroper. The or experience metipe b. in

er übaninab is die bahn/dewege oniche zum komend. das isder Komende gost.ukti es dekoniende gon pelb/sondern sein bild/bas un ub: sin empeint. gott is ein bild/b die ihn darbet /mup ihn inn bithe des ubengin es anbet. der übergiñ i nicht eingiñ v ni: emwiderinjerisbild of kraftin ein The Flichkeit v lovan zugami - Deubergin fanfang v Fiel. er fbnicke v hunde gep v enullung. Die andemgotter par b-anibr Jentichkeit boch dubenfiffic bt night erwandelt from fluvdan 3. miderlin | n one dalen a gaming der antonientobes papers enbentinginbergin verjungt auf s neue. Das bild gottes hat ein schatten berüberfinis wirkliv wirfi ein schatten beim was köntewirklier körpertiesein v häne keinschatte deschattedeunsin. er is with aftig b patonuch si keinbytand aberdunfin is deunger. trenliche v ungerbliche brud des übersines. wie die pstanz /sowachs audie menschible em milichtesbie anden im schaft es sindviele du des

spattens bedurfen v nicht des lichter das bildgottes wirst ein schalt Bet ed so grop wie es selber is. Milber fin i groß v klein er i weit wie do roum des ogiunt-himels veng wie die zelle des lebendig hörpers.

or getfr diefer geit immer motte meht bie gelie B meth de überfrüge Ernepenit"/ nicht ab-fore blefebeit begeift demefe abe bezwang hiefen bedprofit W 17 proutite bas beine als con berfmelie ?" Ralletaluberty of the must behave as sespending mobi presses erngemende deff en men timtil bentrabijen Here Ph/es war paper beardtub v widersid- and die Source has decition 9, trate page sersing, santifeng. billgeften alle france brent. der guift dust gent ven purple weep and a - achampe / hap all had the fibel: potion des polisbilles pepire lupes ofer perdertile che sencebung ben der fchaer is be wegen dum teletreference college de mot fee un unem/(outern de eine & beib effent 1- 40ftbeit ich fraubtran. sugriseft y dan das alltaguebe gum bilde irgat. tient achore to flaboury and ankien sub perbays the party and parter of profession of the series of pri-Tel fluftere mir cin: Dur uberfil dieres gela bild diefe triesmander febrine brung die freiben A LINE LINE - Sou pie or à line ba a partir by ein buld of worandlash well alle lety geham THE CAR WETCHER OF FETT CHAIR HOURS IN DET. WIS Dunish allows befager was honter du ertetir um mount mentiplich farmachberticition and This do dealt detrefe destes mort au biefes mort (pr Livitingia ben i reda micht dercunt frendere They up white wed me de out die freiden bas les vante / wen i mich rede / Danumret for the bend - Knacht / 0" 48 bennet /of or well pricet was er auf seine fand tragt. as wurde come pand verprent went er es mibt ben " Leate two iben de beer befagt /es pringules. 30 geift des ged gene bie mir m'fager: melche mutt komme as fein birde guarge all diefes fured" 3" duft verfichung war feltfor it would madidented weather forer and any roll mir bays swing "Karifely west a home begreif bare noth fand fower is nabed aron tine gu erfin- bamit abe nath degege diefer set beenane bywar / dats is / 4 that the new life degrande m., talefanered, martang proppe. 9g breit, gante Crabe Coroches modichard o superior inde paper- aine fache ertilar ob" is millhur u-שובים ונוחד בשונים ושישים שישורים וונוחד שנו שובים וונוחדים שונים שובים musto be described being procede grade dest op hat in the a triangum and debit bu all moin subon enthules, this blatteman To won ary w ton D. Robberton griffel hause terestrittle morte in file einge grather or er wiss muf jene unersiblid- worth or fores THE BEER | SPECIAL PROPERTY OF MILE IN wahrefin es is wahr of is water es to be ought an go combte an gir het fierfeiren, gan mypu-THE WAS ICH THE . De geige De triefe abothal An lucie a theat more prince or que despe is/doranted is die mitractoff bu krow the die Laphippe allegiethent to fin rent restert bythe began mental banters & orofic berrier a che pine effente tro gottinett man lacht cibe fie our Joe lach is glassbe du memph diet - seit / das lach fei ge rmoonis cas onber 1 100 find beine maffel vermefene ? Sie fume des lebs I'm this of in anbet entire extinue duin urthret " 1" mup au das laspertire TEN. The linkness mention the worder & absorption data is their superfact " subelung er/ en butiges lad "o" eine blittige un beligne / das apferblut ben but her pale wer ductes must lade of he totan in gleich athein. dans at ha Their menaphopes por mis a fore. welche companitort welche talle so ver-

Lagrangent Legs du auf mich pari du folthat paper! bedente die pernichtung bes friend or die bleitfromedes ungeheuers opfers, bas die niefe ferbert. Degeig & hiefe at case memano kan do po offe briden. opf it must sentimens loof to grand frein ous he morn babt ihr must kloffer gebett ? put micht unaesable toutende mon watte acquirgen? ihr pour higher in out morrows bie unine it frien? Sie wiefe ruft aus er glept ein gewächt prison ihr port de mile bricht alle Met mabrich is bereite set sor and confamiliate. Odina phico men manfobliches meern quiftig ab quelles about Dag & Die grade men mup . Henic graye to more likamin much west up mil wort water Den will forders and unpersubjen jene tom to 34 fond y redo it in bilbern, half micht ambers perman is die werte der tiefe aus zufereder. Die onabe / Sie mir getches / gas mit dische hat TIME / WENTER IN AUDIENTITUD | Darm seite de l'afe THE TENT I PROPERTY THE WAY THE PROPERTY IN THE PER WAY latich gu timen | to decrite to elnes priferbar merthous you want doll toll gold of daily of their sormer guglefo but de pere de nefe des wellas -

Schoton's is.

Staffen ant eure seite politie mon forte (. tente ruas phétylide von errit periale befull urisie: 1 th for time unachemis fireffinite bis alle patellistes tufferlepen land youth to number w & olp" beholder he reject von England his na Dup: tand or den helpe de mordee bes fait and alpe to pap du gether may l'air promiment "intim? water tot von ungeschiten taufend. Zufes antiche midbete and the sense franch ! as ver writte me " mache mir atel formoche must San Aubre Jos sepuje ment / star freftige als garace Er enere intere friede form't flieb allere est if gang wirthich / prog mure le fain - du hair micht deren There is the at many wiederness arrows your frued" same goals deliche forha de bien aun tels de pet שיייי לים ל לבוצים לידים ידורים יום שלים ליינים וביים יותר weign property gonoral the ton on any property out aright word - ungebeziern erminififdas unmittalbar der une prep follte freiede annmal au fab i' ern meer son theth we- 3- non lest lambarn. I for some last im monat but in an ang des models of the ends of the enfang bis menus full bare if 32 drains mal benfeld from we To the the common time de plate le plate en de A - A STATE LE DO JUSTIFIC DOR LO LE COM ANDE COME CONTRE DE PO-SAMETIME A STREET PORTE STREET ANTIQUES becomesting the fact or flatte were gu els ers אחשרים בייום שמו שיונים שמוים שמוים בשום בשום וושחם from mar a refrequency & dynter - 2 " chille traum in anfaire des vivarios jude at- war fort maringin's fern English Lande as war nothing who for it me krumer predage T. defranden Amerik som pomiger bren, bermarpford 11/520 mill in fortie dies undefenne by the aug 3 - well was no foreing about Twen his all ex lebendige I'm and parte exflueren laft da frandmi the blaver is in every 20,00 friedliche fer hamme beltwicht Bridet gent igne einengetes par ballean bie lieba merarparen well beginns . Lotter marrowing at popular in high appropria fraction to topente the am dial parising marks שור ליו ליווים של יווים ביו ביו ביווים שור ביווים שורו ביווים ב The terries your plan d' withern Curapate destinations Time in & chottand acyoung dury & hriet/entel of the sers were a leprople to the and a presidely Twege beim justafre : sey fame die umgeberete hat-Migra aget (Aleman sail and any great last got par meer to fand maker frischiebern baum fach blatte de from in day bestmillet vermandelt trails with i pfla. the die reif priedite or gets fil car to weift relate/was 1'an' Peperke wold billerfuß raufteranh de einbitrataclichmant out ours gunge prater lafet

Enimeleprev keine beletrung/die reuchgebe.woherfollte l'nehm euch subelchr ziegebeeuch kundevom wegedieses mengy pon sein mege ab- nicht von eurem wege. memmes is night eurwes/also han is

es fontemenar pate vermor o eme wahrhafte überwindung? dechrytu berwurdel wohl die versuch des trufels/nicht abodie versuchtgottes zudaten a reminifité g. 9. quill mater liggt also dersuche das babishend Julean hein versuchtzunkertieg? sondernalles freswillig zulhun dan fed ihrfrei vieweils des chriftenthums.rmusteerken/daßinu d-das é furthele/suunkifenhabe/ janamehr/daßfdas/wovormir mult/sogar lieb mus. soldres must war von jen heilig lern die olses the vord pellurant exelles eiled pesibeul-trauk v gewahrwundesdaß erwie rof duftete die tal d'heilig war mich umsoniou die in jeglich dings das deine ertofs vo die ertangs domade betrifft/voudein seeleabbangiges kandir dahokein opfojusihwer fein.hindern die deine lugend and erlosung legesteab den testinddir zunibel geword. I lugendsklove funde d weg even sowen ig war de lasterskie ve.glaub dudt her dein feele dan werde zu throdiene/ware du throie-119/10 ergrerte die berichaft übestie/den dan bedarfsted behersche diesesser eine erft-schrifte.

1 2 seprent a reprisen seventation (charge goden de Western warmany but bereit meine leitenthafte hante models with prepar no do tiste in to fiction marge abolism begelt bettefe gumir lehanem dune Kafe/bele zu den Well hundre he tat- and about fram helploy would train map is them havite a chambe in one felling a day empres 1008 V throde fand/marbie crinery art fridere brane me / die i alle auf tome / mich we frend voor got got. ware twellteather member of your water your tropi dus tages abodo que brationes or gracing me queriede for inv (126"

wi-marchit-precious fishe fisher me on die willfagen bie will marney eigen fills bacht must both memorable come when the 15/2 (no durre beifte with Fe/ (tambig or open front Die role filter Jur beit and language water and light bourge grid and holfing

wie Chamiger diete oude mir Countild weg fieben But win von mento i gete marri was port Total warren is mem (albiene willie) habei 34 (Birrare to man get with in many to - a pring " toward war. miles Present Plant ? war i men wenty House tab Libabes - Cht Lutino lege deterrery . I then in amount ביוניון מישונים ביו ביונים של ביונים ביו

For way is now at with more liber true & some Managamat geliffe of allant who mens grands and per study you recome elyan (1) by defenget more דים ביו אומני המשונים וויים ביותר בי ding to der confare hast is day the brukent mil (i (cho zu leve : empanchant mattra) were day felbe encowiete : " falls aug de mile em "year!" medy " [[bl] " em over book boudling " LOTE of the profession of the state of the s THE PARTY AND IN THE PARTY OF A MOOR LOLD E. S. WILLIAM S. epith of the burky love i more don to much rulear lesant make it mur das letter may Dage Leby fillyof most indiantially wally his medi main dente / day sugerant / sumanty / 72 Ingrandich hepr-holpte / Joh of is thin we besond in do would morne feele was fall 1 Jet presunctions but the furnish or factor wante (home Say your famous out your wright geport ou peal Daner day (many roles Vergab/mo) to get recommite teams want or forth or fant for Dispose in section afterward and and make true tame gentes cultur goods / warmen dela fel est and quimant thate man que got lay angettiviate yest in mer/yorchtado phu ques/an gour do Wafe (Do Fir and dring do feate to featerwell wanted: Die flate bot fore ihr eigenthries die well doron full run dag (elb ein ab-So your less / Source for little account is soulle made sad ding his ond menter - norm file degraphing give, gree green parties are minimize probes. fear mading a morely y bodye is morn felly por o man et appurent for et our trurbered in where boute persons gatement //poper ARMING CHANG SAN WHOLE CONTRACTOR TO THE PARTY OF THE PAR description in appropriate my supprison from propriate to Socialism some promoceration of algoria mertile V/JoB mein felle zur in üle wurde/ too om his fine mare fall personens brains There iberegitted word Joursendtech mentrucks. bowle duti with with the out the dort throws where b-hon- population die Chapfarterest des broches find at beryits must you want fage outing ale doine stander watthe for met warmite more to marie the working the destat drings bearing 1-7 mintie much or nation or wife James general mi poich - flig - from the men for mun bome gentlement single begins their series les pas ment-les to mark moord diale qual most esting their for para my dra mang led , wel get a water inches se sedante mundement bever there for you bate soon to the property with the property of the post 6 ments markaging it jenters was sing troom the godanie aux jubert/o darum wor-So the surface berolater want ibr marrideri or Mason ofme The wedy from micht ever mal folange bis ferne fale min Prichthar felde geward ir. Dur Jy Jelly feate ein garter it/beday John markly wasant of ar to in fraund which in the same of reason in these gradient from war from Gen bolde was ifre feele yet find / grang die altfor the winger drages is con bull-die alt- labe if you fymbole per no may in the well mile with forward have giving is made unfamement Breville terming yu terry dall door to feale exact remarks is dort found to be fulled antichty Die friedt de mafte bie wunderfall fare " bleen de Brit Dunke Phillip & bildern worth / die ung die all frontal at hat The weif of way day hater D" for an of more and to frequencions do reige the wacapy thrown A. Logiant soults a profit refind his bill dall thomsend affect is worderedly. ant de feele to might dame it cornett worthous be Bat/LaBer (ai/Jan is . morte/was stratt in bildulants. has west in the effort of bis alt for I'm applicated manged month pathropic graigh a gen. for show some Die morte life granition son file or salver the Character from the attack or many of the

Litte warm fracte ושפקום המן קנונסום". שוני northwar diefo kampf i tre summer deligible dan Smarten seasoned a populary

fall I extended of orman son must mem the i Home mit heer hand huder meine fache magnite but por die los pra from o fight, mounds years freunds hamis furies on having from your post 3" " weiß at folic web mich follow at up chesn't man lo felant or les /1 months in mother make nieder fely by marriage (trup of home down belibered gegonwood von the ruen weg is built and alledie rage Buy find Got tracks de frats hermannymen primary topome have many man frammer war you cifet / wiede weift . da antimortical Cale or Praticular printer of many de son bear land waver/log (i bei somnito beklagt o bin micht deins mention to mail made to the " top of the for the of the for the former Walk true a ray barrain is An pre such the age liver? bourned "emode-i" machtedemen Challand gen to 15" ab " Duy feele authoritele: " Du birgerin [[willy way it deine goduld no er deine neit wichtum bar dur gell Trouver in in in the will be ground to ?" moon glande is though mon geticht it blind wonalt it fliment gland or will enforme . Distribute lafter me we what to dreat with me and want with track and and tore normall lange man way to for our bles /5 for readily upo mer. his there was a few tele : , duffered to we want in me middly welcom paller hamme in milet want 1 fell bir alleg ver for well what in it follogs present beaut will be the type over abilities a beginning the ישובים שמון ליים מוני שוני בשוים ליכל ולפור יחיד ול אלוומים Little off- 1 the said you alough a proposited ala money the few mon godenter it about hemmides ma? he fele flate: . wie/page mos /glands one dans da & dans godante de bell- falle! " in water wind among the The for the sound mean for the bold the manity or comments on primary receipt land policies from printing the du la vom monfet fem? ou vis bart mome (ele/dy be box recht wie weinig flied wir do munt let gefehidet TON PHILE Week - wie win bewer Do and micht wou for as (it with the win with many and about at the friend empowers the prope / dall which top by and / for any Whatif dep labour to wer glass month and white dunkal extell que korr/o giet daniel am hobite was bet the surround permits fine acrowing with you wit was very the promise of mutuing the Lift mir worder bring - 1 2 let la son bofragal desprison endere papalocion preference battanta inpanta On garing condit? " Valanda with " die file anheurte. Brack was made by the property of the property anno must ball by bein by Breth him dome at telle ga Pattern formern das du vonit mair Brichs ? were tent main popugalant lew / work dumit mor pridos/mito-wart- /Sie i dorgabe ? weift Budens / work pint has on were umf of the page my y-quein tor formel gernade + hardudie tort meiner abgrunder geniets or a te vie wage outege Fortall ble sto no filter words ? It kan am boby gelacht micht aufeltet / won in mocht eitel der bes "me mark som " known " deme wabybut what 2) modile dry merrie estable printer / Jen Tie blandet me (Echa/Jarum and allegate 6/more bande fair to fall bouten in heart is backe mith! dos du es défidée lévéplende fiell/vouven se s'imm supprede woll as to wolling med i walke wicht That it deringer at bin lier about about restend mit dir.

to make fode/ 12 fte vom phatomingon yearing Lieur comande voor pais fant the file fantiges or worken adoption in the friends and friends the fromta a party fing particularly reprilyer/also bedificant it bedrafts brangiched Dett i konntede popular monor need abording der ger dief zeit dunkt fe/wie alle zeitgeifezualtzeitzübennus klugdieweisbrode is einfällig micht bloßeinfardarna pottet dekluge übedie weilb den polt is seine wasse.ergebrauchi du spuse vergistete waste/weiler getwsen's vor deinfältig weish ware er nicht gelw fferbedufted waffenicht ind wife er werd wir unferstorecklich ein fall ume ab wir seur uns se einzugesteb-darum bohnlach wirdasein

Dadell porfete februalisma labore men de bereite enticopente. wife in authorizing their words theure grabetracht by from me bereit des Let - por/o fe beffine de folgedate du ibre Com later of gularn show gelebris makel all magening micht les quell ein mit des pergras/ des tiefere aliffifilise picht danseif des herrens it in their hather mettons LENGE THE HOLE THE THE TENDER OF WASHING ON THE Date grame there any phones or or get oby a mite out of bort gum gente die gelt bie gelt abortage to the toil nicht is were abo him i das toit des bernens estates agretament gretan mile suit gopine estancy day dud protet walking later du tet down let walling were BE HE BER BERT BORNE ON THE PRINCE POLICE TO BELLE THE WAR HE gulet strynderte wherlass from Surely fag is kenise printed by later brief was andere let to dente buffer who there dan leb / bas to not be received forthe to labor for these BONK TO CA O' NOT DENIA HOWARD TOURS IT DONA TO MELLER most feth entilist him das high night atteben left actions right let yumpli tu hans die ab mich antificie en is Allegrif rail our or works night enfalls worry due de bland 2 tout peg-distant vottering fietle/ fa ftall brede blind The sweet . Doe wit depleasing whole demposer. The contact part estrette grant de parte per Prizakrougus danet eura ertantisti collecte fa/be Doniest out en bery boiden is fact or page du frage: word fill vall'das bopplet - a der gele dettefe verlang : dayle. Than burne let their faller du let das word entere bot/micht dern roobl/mart das roobl deandern fondere און מדול שי עודר לקושוב יוולפטו ממל לופסר באל degenment chaff au i Levil mas i tunor micht that Bryman i narifyiun kailly ir labite in bie tiefe or bestiefe שנים שור שנות של ביותר שור ליותר לו ביותר ליותר מות שורות ביות ביותר של היותר של היותר ביותר ביותר ביותר ביותר poil alpfügte fir in wur gulant fir o-weberfir. g'nue Ble system / days to recurate provide or furnisol or feels been to Light gelt derftide gotrete pine, orte den printing inte limpporwell fin fymbol mein (tale / b - bingang landely fam unterworfunbert/gans gebor are brough dottoff triprite mir au Lo : Erbinderburn eines kundes : wien priduciones room woralt dicausers derruity ale Day was mer am ment not that do gent Sugarat plante lief miran mains vernunft glant for ties mir ain bild speint (ibt fth / aig sures fibrers mut refe asbank bogalpor life about my bog i cin dimetin province de la ministrad de me baff me in gall in meine fele

ero der knab jo i eur golf eurweibper thrweiver/so trangottemknabe-sen hrman for ex gottem mades degot town wright feed a loves is welfedog manein goll bat basidient sucur vollke menht Ainmader isgebarende zukunst. einknabeiszeugende zukuusten weib ingebor habtein maningezeugthabt also: Pidyralsgegenwärtige wef kind / sourdeur goll voud vohed reife transferigge a aspentification of wachsene wes soie gezeugt od gevor pob leies inikorpodo ingente/ofteig eurgottemporauss strahlend wiege. zwwermeßlich pobe de zukumftein reifer fülle dekonilend zeit wer sein let noch vor si bat segukund. w sem tet genwartig kelt/i sermachfe weu ihralfo al das lebt was ihr let kont so seid ihrerw achfewerinbiefeseitemkindisdem führ Degott and in Dioposit orrough into lett by at

fort-diges gepeinung eint degent de tiefewohlo webeder gotterwacht irwohl o webeden der gollen kind friwasis bep-/daß de mengibleb vor setabe/odedas degost leb vorsi haber i weißkeine antwort-leba das unvermeidliche entspeidet dergeist de tiefelehrte mich, das meiuleb umschloß from göttlich kinde ans sen handkam miralles unerwartele/alles levendige-diepskind i es/was tals ewig quellende juger in mit fühleuntrindich merka Libili on hollinmide lose vernauglichk alldas/was inver geh Johe /i fur ibuno das komende. seine zukunft i vollverganglichk die verganglick dein komend dinge ab hat no mercin menschlich stüerschrödeinweiterlebischinaberleb: du zeug v gebar daskomende/du bisfluchibar dulebrhinubedaskindistribution/sendomendes 1. gaz Chou de sembre a Lepon in reperverwelkleeslebt nicht binüber.

and also remain the thereton form / and a population of the month of the second of the Set frotes from whe fall such fath my forth or dearth one per they little base ibe day no much galerne and to all be lay backers payorer from the hint day black or office or lead ges mer begge a. men millen fruge mell ded inget for the good grafow moturementer lemand from authorem fam the fall the father from freight the a free formare they Milland laugh of much Part leavisand gott fallication sempent line 10. derrot Langene It 9 - mod allege . 5 as segue Copy parade perchities ornappation ... in load an Compete a Lare Da mad get aben from houseng. the Bill sile you down to every the where we see his all topo on tot Sale / Jak is morning / forwarm dall the major that feet letter major que voicine fech errore das papropulado meno Fruitoffenofeia opremblater or gift mate on war ifm leight ye last / Sett is batte wounder lister you frem .

in partie harmon partie de sin partie de sin partie promise de sin partie de sin parti

in to alle traume la protress the morthmet and
these the morthmet and
these the morthmet during
the man between during

intales and in legicality line on the profice about it, paners in any one in the control of the

must get mer granichy zu mour plaints bong right die drings meine fule blein erhamle blein du zumas mi-fir groß yet febry (it groß ye mach is and dam abjust & Colge/ab mer grantes bere marine your th (Brei tenn ? ruch folg /Stfi dem fin is tun uberfint we being fightly find except gotter placette . I worthood 12 fell and must dente our days downto got mint may print (16th mm' going in deine hand gob ob wo ber be Overtrace our melyt nicht emmest vertrace for Sage mane have qualit meine frante andw vertrage inicht febr wachern marie profirmat meine Cola? Some yand hand forware mer abot will Provill- pate is micht verfiecht/menich seiliebre-Cor zweetrase 1/2 Toll og die nicht Bren ? nergift mein zweifel / weiples trung hon/an die gie months. Du rorifit/wie Eles & bellettobant agene denk loft kon i vergeft/soft and du que man freund getier o das offe recht auf meine vertrain par way i for gele / for die michtgehor. Canorhine meme ungerestight i verochtite birmierner Chemi meinte Prembe/3/2 wiedernites war warnet barkenne ball one dag bothogalache in min richt hatte E'mus d' lieb tern der die Fith beauthous purish to filmit mir da fore en is many ofto senst and one lite to the policy

Sie foele que mile er fagle : Sieft brigs sengt gegrane" vertical youth diremin 11) acordarte des sehicksals: wenige amer sede helet/werdetibrals entes diffimits: throlaubt/dafithrindas/itslost verfinket fin das ewig ungeordnete ibrhabt michts erretet ene vor drum geordnet v finlos den dies i dieander halfte de welt eu gott feinlund ofern ihrnicht kindisch fid. i kindorder [iniod unordwlanne unordno finlossopt sind die muller von order voninondnou stiffindgewondenes v nichtwe dendes.ibroffnet die pforte de seele/um inenere ordn's energië die dunkeln; strome des chaos peretiflies Julaven. vermatito grownet das chaas vilk erzeugt das göllliche kunder überfin jenfeils von sin v wider stie ihr frimtst ewdasthor zuoffre an isfundstele mis den wir balt vergefs /daß de gollfindibarisd chrishes lebrie golfi dielie de ihr soll about 5/das dieliebe aus sundibari: i sprazuem liebend se lesvals may zuthe hat bestelmi das grac v i hurmke ent wall von zweiselnauf vahnle nicht daßeme

damit vor meinesuchtbar seeleschu

13 wollke es granten vor d'hefe/es

solleu grans desidenub sührt de wegde

komend: du mußt die verfüng de ang.

v des zweisels bester /v dabei bisaris

s dein zweisel vernünslig is wie wan

bluteunet das deine ang benechte.

komend offenbarwerd vunfeleb weiks strom kan das defrihrbedinfet/komtous in felb'namli de bedeuted dunge. die bedeuted dinge ir micht d'ihu eigenthumlichefin. diefstüsselehrt buchern diedinge bab kein fin die bedeu 13 de dinge & de von ele erschaffene weg d'erlosung. die bedeute de dinge r'die vonewerschaffene moglich keit des lebens in dief welt fie is diebebersibediefwell voie behor plaeursecke in diese welt. Diese bedeuts d'oinge is d'uberfin d'micht un dinger v nicht ind fete sonde ind swift doing of feelesten. degott/demiliter des lebens/dewes diebrücker das himbergeb.

principle of the properties and the forest principle of the forest principle o

at at of frage vow/ fall-ore month iprobris-D'an not waffengewalt + blutter that + Thre bride lie lette from the from letheroperty Pale mapper / ben no is de get nicht one tood mentions but metanti fello fittinen an Juoplers /O er se leur brude bilet - men to the Six menter Tie tot vice estudietieten die med mar diet quet fix or wife micht/dats lie mit die Ti fallo main, the fold de bello in ibne 18th optern/o wellie ex midd will to To ibre byternomid die self ir no most reif Just dufet blutople abolit he reift to tange es mook wo brud - amond anilat Prolimitar seil micht reif en muss funchtbar rest continue the die month rest wert anders 1005 Indie to postivet our for em mus band metrnewers Roin Hom desi deblutonall! walter de marifaille de fotre folos pour dequell ben neu lebens wie ce eit die febriebliede volkaindinge dar tell promoter un eur per The theb wend held men erchlag is dan acht ou des one de trofe auf von fernelend ind I non unerbort orte about pole word frame inem belet was bush but an famificht wind Pin siling the war wandely water die one vertill walt to the worder in Hacht שושים ל שונה לדומים לשול שור לבו לבו מיום שונים ליום wound de lit to rectalist hamples fromque entites or enteres south work grafts com/aboans olopoqual wind dos nenels popor germin blet + quel eure fuffer mits be it quick about 1 weil the tot war faint R'belet pripresentel Tandrang berging. to be or lebens withing Jas no flotte was trongers jett no begrow lient frist bielchien. of at find juner port tick goodant or politice the Jacket Aborteentel joh Showwood - a wir teles serra seres dug buguerles exerció Alleganow Rom Sent Janas Jie febrechangt a tenflitty gran anterty golden he marks with threbrid gerracht bab : Nay foll an an hour -Eurom pary " Erthibet es an eur falle burseure

papere ham o milet so is one agains advisor top or that hip and it so one the convergent file of the tent of the transfer of the state of the service of the

Twichte Sali ibe Bot was I gonordile beld behanter jour name of of month The Turnston to Trest ermond find blindepophoto welche immune dar fret /was do mer fur de felle gell dur d fürffenmordwerd port belefor Jap do files in sing / Sob all be broth of aboutals an outer at en delection 300 annier in Jarum well wir wis with Kumers was bente phinemis/15 intrumbert jabr ant/o my wer hundert who we devium wheth wer must ab ex-Hen reas or drient co grant remember in out welfer dup first winds /> andelow by both unit per de ab 153 gest desistant/ bounders alles betreather or print / es 150 allowneneger it o wir hente Jente or handelm er it wonungehouse mach bener hat die o well unermettube quit gorath o'd month mot unglantich que mult geteftelt er it getermentet mit & fore (helden tof turing for michte Sie man. it was from het auties de pelo willalle entfalt corperació de naministe quie de la ab . Film poranfollow/was domenthruight han Bat nighting prinders formers anding graftere bette enformert graftere lugared with beilt fie midd wir hab ficers suidpaff dadar > Bafs wer love must remove secons secons lear Tulet ihm must will out don wie without und mich then micht coffing or were damin's erlain dag abogarade will wer magning traders were delma leading יותר ליינטים ער יום ביין ביים ויים ולבות לווים ביים לווים fine des gentes diefo joil glant / Dati es ou gewin / Allowings mint an autom gutern abouting filight wer mil fener micht. non top territ put viel gelernt bies wird sens ser the wird pelernt bies wird sens film of the sens time to the sens to be sens to b extendent (e. metalles beldentsettenangen 13/4 is/falt per guriation bis ertern light is printe word in erren gerall /den unfin books (puris bie drauborung pall swird is confront wer wond - ind - detampfull same Substration dur I grante / Suplisfor aboyer mariage out for Sas Siefe ad jour laifty working To fec / bas dies ab jone facto wer worther fec / bas Diefes ode jones year en geradeausfiretend an but erracht word make dots diete odefone Lumentiali um land a unortille gunn terdruck Bi Jamet Tundips dugger Jag nichtkon des nichthon aboir niemand

pleasure from angel a so subaffireir

Ind wire nacht ab riche . In Sie hille Falst people (the guristic wood as a salles Correctle version or version aufduf Grocer es giet au furgitar um fling, ande unfichtbare/welche die walte bewohn? dos well i nicht. I wag is meranopow end free Die wille nerantohenand leer ik Chant belet gu en von fait beritt welfin mismorder danfall & meny gallall Satiron Prepresendelin - i habe worth un getruertiche formangenerie in de Emis midt mehr certen han mir schemt ifer the montrop bur form me vier meine menfiledites empelant habe dictours Took bettich soulounes / unfichtors (2) listo find with mi orward or windhall or me digues o insteado that you mitter fora page porunto in Joine leefe verfinler! L'ab duchert miraged am a later mie lege

Sweetings () por un faloris apares mor fello prethone. Brien to en laste the of monde prube i at rie for port: function les klungt wie un fin verlang duan oas ponement on flurger soll formad Les find or were body fres bedeut meine fente coo Fir du ! paper pur em blod biere ancertant toumier une em betrynten d'grab que la le is tolles wer sur verrickle 2 is des dem votos meine fale! days blut hoof mir our houte. of erwaro went do fat konte duforme dictite supermito I tom wie em talle in der nenche emperano abor will legremes Die fede choffin zu nim to fagle mem pfadis licht vabantiortate emport new sugar ment your mently arolle the permit went tout worte as mein your errout men licht Frient vondief well Drief in weit with were four andere well . Sie feele authoritate: foil (is which thin/ would unioble down weight & 1: ab was wis - ; and vinto with gut I want was foll as sem ween as micht web is the is stoners ; wo fester land wouldn't beine finglermis i mebi blos cowars alanacht Condernau bevenlop won ex bag will with emplifor viellender an nicht prache o worth I fele: our Keine worte. I' vergiet vielleight hore & chlecht/vielleicht mig deute i dir vielleicht ilmigarne i mir mit felbe, belief or affer friet mir fello once frathe aus cipen pieceli mi anorintend emparem mein- eigen- tollbang - vidleicht Polperte ub mome neverte . S. Rie dutauffer dy has belief on micht deme worde fint dir lugt יושר אונלאל יני בשי בי ובשול ביותר ב (או waty / day wider habe hat pervers fruit. things must better ? & peter were the surbestion אינים און וליות פונים ליינים ליינים אונים אוני med a main of mot original so in thousand at Lengthe peur let mile? moet for and micht the prop AME THE BOTH O THE GREET PROPRESSED WIT 1100 Down at must recent orming ou aire Sir com /dan emport du di in mir seo Si lette die fule form darant die 3 weidente voorte: bay is triumpertures. Daveful mis Remore Water Dantimertele gueriche war ein Che more mente Pole Die bothe worke much ye אשונים שואספשונים ולישולים ליוים או אין יישולים about will is least an June de fighter Company pufite 12 bands/Heriedo " is kali and land fruit dat neptrique parte is worther metil is hother months lacked graphed theaterungs bour berant him bereit boros mema pela Die du ein Venfet bit/au mit dir zu ping du Helmir winer gotter maffer por or in the april dis nun mittede eines tentels mothe mobile the ungerworker / Stomatedes bank? her out millemassig nursine gruft his mi era augenblick purickfret o uberter labout Johanny mit dictornative? laboutedie verente de quites malhe : i least most mir brent sa tampfur in or gliedern neminight befind from Do Bany planty your C'upth de fat for evericle pangrouns late were Jokame irungles mente pande greet luft. abodenie Eplage Timour luft /0-/1-marke/ 7 Finds mir wind and I product will as wor ou waterpericht em of the Dempant Stefbickens

Frage waindern auf ihr lauern milichtones ranto o mentod mordo o- fend veroifiele ge coose of monosted freder mir wood impers ? en us comin cop or a period woramen and better frat domendelmond out do the portor ramanmi / formie im fondal do selle Safe ges 6- Mr F crook is Filte me very and m ome responds bette main hers glubbe in with geg dox tobe o get total fee men " Furth & held to wie to namentale des voltes. son may do fer getriet " to out few Theurn Turil - [hirale would to de knieg mont frug/ Tobelog un mem home warum Tiblet o'er warmed Jas als Jas Tilm hat wellte graphanderes als was if grown Tele er othe m mem fine leaving fem friend in ferror fine voor i weat natite folliet. 12 m. me he feeteer then must popular to marke lop & mostifagent was trabe portionade 90 How 2017 Petitoles meeter o wheat . of winds made

fulligeab eneight d'spott nicht, d'spott fülltaufd spotter/v ind wüste/wowemand hort vaultwortet erstickt er un eigen bobulad: jeklug du bis de. sto natifat l'deine etufult die ganz klug stidgauzuar in ihr einfalt. wirkon uns vond klindpides geistes die Peur micht dadurch erlöffdad wir unfere klught nicht fonderndaß wir/das/was unser klugh ammeifrauvid strebt/uandi die einfalton nehm. wir woll abour nicht zuküns lub wor wend dadur daß wurden full verfall fordern wir werd klug thor sein das sührt zum überstücklu? beil part sich mil absicht einfall kent heine ablicht. Whigh erobert die welt einstill abodie seete also leget dangelubde d'armutt des geyles ab dann the desembastiquendet dagge erhob (I'das bobilach mein klugh! word wend viele lady. kein ab win mehr lach falstifelb. lachte. Tuberwind i dashobula ch als i'es abrilberwund batte la war invenir seele nabe/v sie konte Ju mur spred v-bold follte is get das du muste envente.

blenfeytt indi

The population of the property of the property

The many there is more wills due to the medicine of the distributed of the contract of the con



1 - fept grane felt wante, and me willams time grofteriefe finite i (tope in chonery + Rhownely brandie thootel woramo Jun Helm paple. Coall-um choch much murfafil die angs/ at From I must bringen bleviele der en-boor mit chusars was bedeckt it abopens Bris critical i en potilendiand from the I vallang mult i wate our das tolam . wap? die boble it erfall von ein ungebour octor dreiend Binen i'ra Bed by er deal time bunkle of fring in feller to bat to doften in dotand fragent sem wer blude end wwill make and I we have fee baltmires trustabersoft bierfelletwas The worke have it less mein abrande of ownger bore das branf unterindito ffe mes. 1 Tope aim bluture manthentauptanto-Suntal offeren din verment as year or the lago Aproxipit Dort defen bild betrechte is lange met phonogen. 1. [abs one delle Chronis Conce. belief worthings on duniadin from 1. 1 test. Brauma god Liamed January and hallighe Shearf idas burhlewals durch traplem Da (ela V/or em grouf fall mis/ Colong en serve get andumbel fely wil no me or tecfe (trainer) wo his fone mott tempter tanken thang Umrangela worthill we take the termost bricht berein win rotto [trable womblent / Sicher rolled for Brust and larrorquetter bate verter good i bin von streck pobant was ab i's



moine liste autoop is new borround beguit Frein überfin erkene wie fern Calles The purity party tome men gair it am quilly experver to mem weres down modifically series & entermando reig ing Hin i oppomente venteur wenten i'mei. " Dente Trube gettet "Safi maine gedanto The weder pentry bunde the main fus terredy wie kan i je poff deme time law to 3 wernet m deme of ichte klaroguett were alle meine quante mi uncheut ibu fafiungslop/abo (will fafrungslopfer Sen of habe as our meine (cale mage forwor) Ar suvertrace on weign me dur water word wen things J- bittern whiter Front make y bis mirror learn? hill dati i ment un aigent wills enfinte. du fille maines wifers droplant me The thing : mem with hat tim beer worn Taufond remers met fluit wie low rie tupt yithert twen file and we de bin the water left of parte soes som mer day burge entities Sie unpenfeboff jon ibeln kerkermel pope Stefal brief or in hapthere yell-gover abo wordt vidralge mit pord follance des withets Die mur Joober Aldre sine build lange is/ mound fiefe at policipes gift or qual willes 9-1mm wes 6- klest o must wie em diet bally kom an mineral waterles ent. fleet las mir verbarr in goldliche fattungs Loughest dannet i bereit bindeme wunder 30 liton lass mit man bangt auf am The perbere those lar Janeit & beret binden tan memphona

The state with any former freely por an interest to the state of the s

Whatevot weight whereand win the might will have colliste weatherfliere and the last our day without where to and the fruite wifet ab- date or one gottled water Chair dentes and ones 15/2/2012 abermattiglides quiter dut just Sured - gar solute frecht den compense 12 mayor wood or our do late might major would Hause or Jen mond y wings in you for four in mentilled frame o ingland man That while doga de la fract atrone San son Krank yout The west organis trasposed air man of might last to the Francy / www merober flago quely /5 get & tuge 30 lough out all the pur & ger Siet gut gu ball toget Suff and it remobile I good beliefe to who gothe / Strange to abilly rocal i trageifle diep get before war mu Bu mir dutes get det / was mir et in drift mucht gettab / Sas named or good de life mit made heres brato de ser dies got mit genealing wage prosperante deget de liste ab battediete most gewen dalur / Jas i waterend 25 make)- med will gu main fiele gelproip wift alle morne late wall maine unterwork gegetron batte mabrond d+ 25 lage ab a gab take memeliebe vallemone unterwerth & Ding omenito od-governo dieposel-murdes That place of the die willte derrounce of sho terante or goldich wahn unterfebend wo das une thut o das amberolass/ misol ibr berout never ben eine unge bibl thief prorate home was to posticul vantou washafin was romit bo ange www. test tube feels orgottino Then and furchttar bie all- bolt-alled exten of Chambert golder borniber in dien water dame be teck well to the endough he is gotte bear yest enfolly 7" Fin libin or bell alp or Epoll Sugar bout das findeten Thunfor berg wen en bywoother for from bet ibi San avacations and Pipe or all their vergent begarditiefe get drawing met at four more yout recht faretie broger 50 hafe bear or treollyme ibrichter mout by way o gar Jolick borns brigiantict as most intributed up at mounts two ibrours and befrost battet aug J- rother lights Det tomotale launtale morbluth antoger prate the suffer umpinachammen Juantorth / da las des Chradeliche entblofet vormer en bilige des les 5- las ir word, it blonds bald lay articles. To forwar Telespiestos de que enceuere molbin v/Sarum englished no this ame never forme die fore do Hafe be ratebolk eine one on wat wowede Treisonde foriedest rublings sie tele erec belebt a belable and ore fried of left dop later or exent-Hand in Schredeliche Hampf groufde licht of sh. Hernis. dasprang domachinger lauge most por lagende blutquel emper dust werdog lore de dos the jeft an our leube erfatret y estr no metrale Som it butte ording of the in do maget Das I'll documbers day when 1413.) rate or derfliche felt (2 might) James neues leb

entitude can nous let about the property of the same let and and the control of the same let about the same and the same and the same and the same and the same let and a same and the same let and a sam

popula grant mas general per popular production and popular production and production and popular production and production an

rethe recleuguet hat. a reweiß das heit de gna de fenur de geget / de and as hochste glaubt ver in de streut as verrath für dreißig silbertinge. In de neugh must verhebestes wiß gegen in humlausikt ver herbestes wiß gegen in humlausikt ver die ihre tingend aus ein mord grube holl. Das gestim deine geburt i ein in verwandelstern die o kind des komend ssind die wund die dafür ze ug werd das duein wahrhaste gott be.

to many principality menting broken garrely morne defined as froll him gades burt dep near motion generally words Dog gottlibe from that mer entire to grant or streeth grandening /) - baptifetober / or bas-gut / or laterale confluenterenterent of unmentale mentality of anothlist ססודונטיי זי שפין בשום / San wir im about - Rudy mambe mide im about (dong gut emft hop ment hach an jagar gottude que find for fort mar ever de bott (ourfrant) del de neus gott un relation fer ge de gott dan abstrut febone To gute/role fell or Dia Filla dea labores wright welcome faith or battle fonte tole lagerly verns/mentile vummentile us! wieten somenthim the promoted by more de pope of ant a letter annital state fee or his status in auter to qual fine qual info groß or die luft defabe Boar /dats or manife teaum meter later late das que v- Jas schone grien rendermen your deapplus were dans to leave what land were you when pilitue will service tower damin multiple despries me fre policy 4 - Gen four wave your 5 and freg y billed unmagle gamen - do drilling muste moor gulain antidore true word / zu fain unter ir dicht brust memanbumb/upas in debre too gethablate doctratus mob ballenes. Chabe as erfator ou mento Joak zen poten/Jap erdore Jent chafen gepredigt patte es o mater map pe paperation upr/medas questos ? of wat namely a affer fret fen greatet bollen matien chang sollerte light migher wie hatte dedrifting fein antichtigen anders ertaffe MONT left die unbekant buch mit with worde vieles domains lester. merket uns / do christing Hich nicht in do bille, Conderner Rieg empergeson-Retraphope

where about a martipe deposit or for it for it a mountaintenancement Baron hat has let fir berkle procup copy of all best no exfull your go bund- o- sprand lap day gobrendens o- formente ap (sep-day pathlings o- fat with du employed and day passings a feptodic daran mage dustain jule grof flux broft o flin wert des teheng find denter Jules for tot in dir! diefes bether trabeautin Colong version dela de Colong verd & filet de mor hoer augility : pheron welche Bront's france worde mente, ham mus bie luge dug großt- hurug entfefrette : wood wares ein febrechtige and and agen wordertakenicht untramie helt wert die bobe aute the fantett beeten w Contest antigo - cast in president as water out , day in the confidented / portes land / Sep wrence himself-ex is well by 100 guplinett blog die held fag / Saffice furattop fet Commentation was dryald and content and further will allet - fresh transfer unes blistend fooded in the tills / an might empallern que your of midpres is a report from the first well word function out I was des rache quart gent vertically rate west it faid inge ward / Same why feel among Dern moor transt. de lufe mochteen gang verfchling wim eplant erflicht: way balle filety work and golde service bound our want who teating. diethete to feterer ale worr of the little or teamer beld 7 dem meter is grafily help out wor fit felo - and balling to fering . Die stofe modelite aus bresent felow y destalands Ple migranishing de from Play de mantes de meter le meter de montes que mallan. warmen and inforged question de tiefe to Go de lad our want of par de lie. The word for in detab were and all Darren gab fix tangend falling to wond for alaste erweight of too wir wir mediter tolken to the wir hat the character let predet. then mind - too no intermed - wolf | Dan mufrum ihn belet Darum net. metant our fabrian no galdene frat wall full Lebenstrankes mil rate weinler production or tot- froffe is smit ar was a lab geromme. Intote Stoff word in die chowerse fortamen wanden er schreckt micht bie stampe wind attogland to forme current topic aux to form alne made mit inunder but "interplan wird at a project get me make to tody a worde grabel tiefe ment o world offerent placen barint his 7 let galang first in que ter. Last bip / July is a wear aufflies. por a wiffle out valley made or pole was dented by wood-dopour trallers wende to be anow want mit Tallow / dely the mich maker a) - year might maketing food to the is period in greath an reinterstrume ipresent habited boller wen iby all day dente fresh orthon maperound ibruits bag in concert wall track if went worth Jab and mult an our upoll of or definite and fello define concentrate the finite of men through Japaline ernfe, bas ir met en vertoble an lawerte siles foncantoble atter gutane fortacht alles pope and recorre 20/po alle rock that are foremelled to find Die Kieffe botte abo ir wen ibrine wordet dan Sie botte aur keine botte four dernemluftiget wind ir muchian (em privel fordern mit farmem private or me

for sine folks. If as it is your admirable it is proportion for with deposite may also builted and it is the first of the proportion to be in a first of the proportion to be in a first of the proportion to be a first of the proportion of the prop

- is beid or play to be fin transmit of extractit war als allow or parte and figures gern wolk frust rangele ale alles fuge geno to war To auf elgene retto Samte Da sounder de gabust dep gottes genebre: Dogate (table produced in main pars/ale is veronit was con fort o vereto won thouse or lack your par non and dequisition themely to greek entitled Dome grunne geber als em levidans memocipen mentiblich fiele! Die wie eine penofrau mit fraut ihn emphing batte frentfricht ind bille / dap die all- ung Savon geneb pab als als die mult- meine (cete / choose grown mit droote muste is ex wicht on them men poor out de meine feale deport falle of about er mur in the labe waterte: popostage buld de alle expelle: i verfolate necessa feele / um dage trand un lor 3 et lot dein i bru acerdo Columbia friend meines gottes of whentente so Ja Baus meine femilionaftin gotte belong to ere post what o your donou dufes is an weg des labert to must be both be got mich want from the well I bed orthing was bey I beld wie wir spectouffely pr 3 friede getter geword Jen Sheld woolls koment die ofteneden die vollkoment des mento 7000 de vollkom em bedarf de gotte men aboda memand polikom is bedir wir de gotte Du got lieb- das pollecimens ben es ir do polline was des leberce de gottabe find mich mit ded wollhom fain modite ben er ir en nach, about det moutenment machahung wer ein wenden lebeng als bemen lig HO'SER PRINCES DONNELDER DESCRIPTE DERAFFEM OF MEDIC ET CHE LOOS SER Lebens his d-aff-10-find-montes-/plange enablifier is das affiliandes mentatibili an durch ungebeure Jestraume abobie gest word from ho tereperum em lichbes affich vom men drabtallt das wied mie nelle day would been but mayor the w here for in nacticion than Denven del year an svalle madrations our fresh do news got land to nachatimung vo gefolging fre er brancht keine machine volkein fchallergefolge er surred be mentos-burger letto dogot ir fifelbogafolgs man momentes ar about in CHO TLA

- we don't - Bag Inum dingelyfin for or Authorung Alleman few - Authorung Contingenem in begins and Authorney Japaningela for in begins and ring Inous in Bling after makeyupout rung at Alloeness in berne out Auferrung tore find compeles/some une in same find sabrationnem introves out Authorises. rent felder landet moth hoen word and une from o fo exfull co mil four be darfult-dap allacmente /dadur worddap allocurent y cingela vofilful mom wir in was find estall wir das bedarf des felbt wir gedelt the Sur word word & bedurfnife des alleman gewahr or kan fie erfill. שמים שלו שיווי שמו שוני שוני שוני שונים ובושים למון יונים למון יונים למון יונים למון יונים שמים ובושים שונים ביונים ביו party ale were feller very litt de violle were about golf in dage feller e mait got alloques in by my out day Aubering lesigely about tour up and leap yell. mand but mein gott/manigottabo but alle/mi fello inborreffordiagottallo eingeler man de pot mir Elle anderen menfett mit felt metertiff to ver from more one out that feel wield y the palamet de mider fello or merch dues das dem (albrote croreift es ergraift de un weil' dereil demen lebens perfuldment fall-um unfer erloft well-/Son er it worbild or verlangt nach. abyrus dan map de nachabusabe it erfillt wir fell ze winfamle in uns 4" grand on Authorus crieftwerd wen wir in diefe einfamte eingeb "/dani bec it day lab- Jes guttes wen wer in mus find / dan it de your auf "must free/ab erfull pom gotte quetrebende y menty get our def leer yours all our droot frub at more is dur das felblite des wir war and und due ende 120 worde damit service commer un bilde / ball de got musich du mention that y must be prelitione do entir leaster jet annualm que le wagener france eleen Hiblerlich berbes treet words den die mangely februarent dulle it hereat with lotte.

de peterfriede bernierde will am Ende for falter. du finder de felle in deine begronde alfo lage micht / die beorende fet eltel wet du di fello beoren to yours du la de monte mus des felles à golllier faire deme bearante les aptroato/dein (libr die gollmutto/30 (opnato 15 30 neus got /desoper wenduden who was were dan erfchent en fir /als ob du well teath prevon ware p"lear. in diefe toere mieht & kornende golf ein unen du moenmem families his stall your under friends or unendle gemore ben ber durch month term contidat /4 - municis bir du ilen nabe pelapin /wie mo'nice - me por mi fellifite begierde fillere de pour authorisend or monthe proiries ab filmle the bis non iburines warm ende 3 die felbo su das house dur a In and over any top of a popular from also upon ou so do enclimental his father of demontar and dependent angular, de inspermony la myse for lepte les andere tweed in die falle bit fo war de delines midthioning quivalor, du were februse weno in fabrio his bed nacht about o fello beld for land The wind and and and met ment fold mount fold an metters more day middletin will and leb-labe as word quera gotto (tiley"



property of the property of the post of th

die awen hochses iernet dus vond seind and awen hochses iernet dus vond seind des gekreusigt gottes/daß manein gottan verscher des alt sahres wen eingottan verbeinden bort/deweg des sebens zu seingottan verbeinden wer die höhe des zenulbes üb schreitet darum sahle nied get de höhe gestührt batte des get de höhe gestührt batte des get die höhe gestührt batte.



storu mord. mvii

The fulgrap wast

Still Jandimo marse permittings egiparuortagenantric broflidge Times your show hell be think which bened ashor Breathing in feebeling that Darpust tow bas temptablished tower werenar bemaffed witage da patrior in the transposit when turns out one may any tot ochom erflitt william or bertinite Tetroite Felt pinustow gelanote aut i letous Trad and were verboro warter als er por ung um ume ette booffenert worrangles be the present of the partie of the property of and surfluctify and unachenero restract finto herriculo Dang abogina Couro que qual Consumplies in some by her 9- core of reds armine by light strain to be a high more by her of services of high more by the strain to be a strain t a Bury guildrand, partitions is the a. da place muta wideninia picto voorte erlatione D" WIE EMTED HAP and more Trusticke former Don farme continued fruit Angle in the series of the continue andern blowle of gridell



The life is a free on the many of the well of the life of the life

wend gok all wurd wird er 7 schalt-7 unfin er gebt 7 untern großte wohr henry audickte mas pallt fagen dunkelfenacht wie lag racht v richt tag vorausfetst sosetst sin wid sin ! kom i borgans fagi might der fifthe mant truth dur fe felb: das wirkliche/das dur-fifelb 15/15 lago nacht also is das wirk lice strong of the milling i em augenblick/millernachtifein aug blick do mony kount von do nacht d'avenir get 7° nacht/ab° an'komit odenid votag/v gest domony 30 lag afor stremangenblick vib gar एका एक विशेष प्रति है के प emangenbluk v üb yang vonstit zu

The and seefred / Doplande Hausmange 80 The held drive meine franchall muste defrens efter primiteries ex poste alleg on this was vale das dispere ichoners france de marmente profit mei. netermon memiors in aleich - trampenate y unforting must alp biles mor more of meaning elmond wen a cuest lab wollie temie en marjena Survivo time termeter man Senter and blom Beneral word - on with spilor of pring chrowing. Someond blood afratinet of wie em proportione Sand bold general war weath mufile due Rupturn beichlis gewin peradito ibra (elbi ibre lavereplanell abouted iter webgilet "veficos resto thre show wild with /thre porter bitune Brustoned fried doublet was will es 120 - 206 So Sauted Great red ! Inthe Samue pate Cat bomake worderstop - mis fello an let - non felino go Chore www. apomod of ment arm war. dolle president southers south seathers and the south well or wring so holle for a promier of a galfall des antidrett - Jan Grachan bas bild des antidenfor how was Die all- ubstrefert hab " grett leavede goth find unwermendly somet ou banget fliche Bellofichera falled um feine hand De regtiedie erromethinder fruits but the bie walker worm - wind Die thran flith Do antipanie mach die omemonder ferbens die velbemit unpopeuerm Soude betallet maile entrole between vertotion gent devogreeductivated ands, or years -How thethe Journaufferestand out.



to find a net true fine detempore.



Carr. w- his Bylance yell mir/but mein which were bruiter faire yo has to be rous were Depute weil out lang water to be sound of the per ton besook the harde phone most or fill de unandident on dentembre on the portente be oberfliche it lichertalisais untroyunde das Jenis finatist vor igrosses, duren filled of your friends grandented of locale falome See fie and fever hope before Ders worden ein brakeprist ein deutende fei hier heelige font wer feldt fem lecht gestallt middle his imdente of pertured dort week to the entaining the mustil of million Lome send wend desired tour / & day femalistic princip de lur point bordent Due or bluste / erichemite mer ale falome water t'em fultent come or batte my promibiodallat na de pordentem formarece mor erichiem abrem Bland toff-Sammen work is the Entrange October while age of when blomba met il place delir over gill (desent l'estant que l'estant que l'estant l'appropriet que l'appropriet l'appro topes gefühlt to fibile mit mit de gleite finandenberettent frent de Cure von Commendent the life day benetered fire description but or their haf die gebenbe- Jes Platent feet west / James hat or reason gehanter your senter the fibile belief Telephote in bunkate permetern up with raif forder hubi for med houselesteranter trie bag ledy mich errendy in let that ale dente is latter printe moen tombele to macht all paner or bennende fright out with hack getable ben des verille in ihm is boughtaged und water by takende desti fe day wed water & get ante Jon day dente fre fre in handland We with marking alforried the schauge yoursend Jem Sentement of The schauge defind regentates off or being my part multipes mis of barrown those and enterend medy Denter Dayon glanted er as per medy or upos era filtend-with filbill desen glant ertes ter mich hap games begin de A COLLEGE AND ALL DE CONTRACTOR OF COLLEGE CONTRACTOR DESCRIPTION OF COLLEGE C meluble of prophet / San bestigte he de prophet liable golf San bestigte in falome at feetle gott metto das entrelleretie de propoetate leete exame mucht or das entbelligte in the committee is gift at too promise remplacementes in stratementering dente folder propriate

Apply Company and analy and the following to the same of the party and an interest and and the party of the following the follow

threath from puff amphreds port beid lies die fellange fritte per ihn 7 mage product where the rest the make the mail a few amount by or a mederalists & sale cold mile for fatendam or fact was with du biers 1" vermebres is midd and minde de שבונו ליושים ליצור יושי ליבור בו בונו ביושים שנו שונים לינו שונים לינו ביושים לינו ביושים לינו ביושים לינו ביושים לינו ביושים ביושים ביושים לינו ביושי with some fabrified to be greatern in Jelor baste que with the partie in the transmitter. (the proposition mile more key is (down we bed it but porter in mounting intitle i habe oming mil morphis griplet as your beneficialist field for i and mer trable freman mer ale presentationers fuel envise minorial in do wat do menter Jus 3. frut just die andern pour und coursele ce viele sta ob O hier windlich-ward w Dorliebe U ap widol / bir gulein-glies w falout Fret worth or my there day bearing i folge with fladen we you guld air figurity hit trabitadewife- the date well of the Diese with inthe west for just dep landytend-terrytalle it februnglande die gottepritalle mil 3-teine. bracked throne / cin fit con the truly allers must be the pelle pela Dopape mot thelige golfin / alore of the met vermet ple gorunger pand of fall mis an / to et mame pale pelle y mun feine e dias me belde dos flatence place o Calone flor lacketen vor mir gr. diefin fant Granbout w- Doften dief- bilde tomorband dusply moderate but geebledt the wander it forwerse aborach natimites person falome wanted it not reces in any faul gans. E light me in air no Junicleon young and dester hand aire yelfle bree name amps. is fellowing extendent mists a fight por since talways made many The extension and market for the manifer of the production of the I weif en sidt i verfant miches verfate i mangefrend briside ocuretible mie milit grante this & there are transfer or the world from the or to are the world Detagra in bein paile bines die mi erebrede voer bedeute mir gunted delight appropriate the son son C. On merch with gripe of Jose deligh with sales of the state gefrifte apropriet and pair of the solution with and person their has maked permited men falome of light to Judica heapt of it more in James alongon there where the manife hat a defer where birde page tob kear dubit generally red description of the supplement to your properties seem ben seem souther to be depresente demaning may a. of chare has say friend by the lie had del farte gone I the of menter wood west to be for the menter account and a world at the wounded and might for the first the first the second verse and the first the second se Them well given become de thier verment selfe/wal dutie authour wasen ic mil der Boser principal de la Come Octobre la limitation de la la la company de more parame a places and draft person braident lang to 12 and take major diggrante and was firmitmen was alpread it backs our melar advante wall fit he it is far Duy downwarfy well or y feeling was and down buble 101 for that in developing memoraly nut drange amon findlenale du abelater marter lanc une fie fame une fie lanc

moin gebout an als suf ball-mein father fresh bottog to face fall min / 30 (no enthrustrand forces youther hape be maine you garage out of fresh paper t-darpit which falameticheme well popular ab-bit dipulation her calamie Che mer made about before permant i was to douchte the lube me free to broke Take the entres residence it is note the feb tachier in menus schools dies actions he morner withtend place forward farming legions for bell mis word in the week in dell-trulet i The france mi mel y ribe not prest fr i well be bis mile Some Super four form or Down Daine februate for bufalone frame Chrock " war Sinf softerentiche veis is bu aug franter /jenepunnerbord entfelt vor det Don gampenghas, marche milese merge it, Mange it, ich em pyritep parent; manis/surfice multis multip exchapation tandet on dans morte this multiples perlambantanteround - Tale & bente oure popular abortook labore mor une beil weberen ir aingeirelf - bir Su von (iil-plane) clies (bil) bes gollich vod by/fage of eg em thuflich "saub-b vermorfen" ! wieteniflefolden fag" ! abo feed the book son fine + the few figurbate , wo mare to can figurbat it ben miney were ment ann en jehr z. durchehan pode mage une Grabelonelle par de glatet vett! mil I Same doing milmontile frombote not take paget In his day how about had chould write been mismouth - duent hire too nichts wilder maple about at June Grubale reason for buthleyer wir we menochement the mounty of Great March to part of the first wir days was be writted near branged wir whe parampanyagur Juhardie mahl jeftpunge falomehal Commirculforal. f blades granteled um me bint not beent ale part getrathlade flame aufent pund after mondie flame perman had it bis thempe me tereis actual threater of the street garage gundants of words me formankant grang garage with the be jude manufred /con vor nor on genelly low gen Josep is walk said (benerands)

The for hampled maps of it fiere for before the work of the rest of the best of days and be Condemnation the excluded at yourse well might well theofere Comfuel of Seil es erfebiere if warmantich asy betrabend who (5 die Tetrapult d'enser des lebens men du danne Cepatrale der michten megado / Janifatar de der mett felle fondere gept fremde mege dieden andere But were paraches () and for labor do much! Date formicon ate freemd as Labor weaks But done Lety lite- with Junes with later on it with your Julie / fein e igenest lety to " wounder y' wertaufty | Embers and the pour plant their free free! for me had bu worklich bag leb-dek ambernleb-/Juanebr es nerver/taulche-d-auc bern w befelbe dett du teaue une dem expenses let let : west du dens Peteraufactor to Laborduga in andern Babur wir dud-antern (Habitite 'or & thuisser and anders - ales land dannital fol em lob ment of the character man affiliate madratum of Samuel Bats du daing affiliate actiff - nathered Tractes in his amount on report or affe das affulle du pent formacht dudy or die andern 3 all tur? wechielferinge nichtend who som no be descriptionally of greater pur die non job real Just die ras abmange galife allo cin bild aufge fall wurde fain hald. darmy bed beligemonder den war fund alle on the 3' aff gewords weelst Du warmin du vom officht-wicht last reaser ? aus furtht was amfamit

W-3- untiliner to felle lete beliet : fir falle and gabe this fage was est fel eine luttie felberg "teb- of wind traine from kin fondern ein langes low dender . THANK DELL CLOCK KINDY O LINETO . MICH DILLY CTOBOLT WITH DAR place of a maplimed of better or hodgle and imbere med of fittle challen tuffe derim apoles wide febro de dispelho y lett des quanto flect dolatent frame it nicht freude fondernichmers den en it genealt with occupate / februit/ w y bricht depending . Dat but brightes. must mit detenude das Courfement deutstante das geterments dover mandle was vordente or his firm mor eining forest first d'arous on britis 100 got the form wild it do what in Das figure to 1 das 17th abrial in cine wine breaker is wend with felo- go who firm at figured Construe das formed wind for min / do' fo/ date as ferme futitions but to maine to state in pois petrus in vovebre or in wound of windands with winter were galles in mere abjections alle de autestobre relett (de-bin forestigte of and detto ale cing do dis gotte muit ward d James in main des gottes de freibeit des bridens er Liferis ger get - Et das bred of left gestylet in mir do ind es in mir padelelet or Dain Hard been do week to descript an and during the do week to memore han of bullery es befriett metteliere ant or west mes nes willens fordern out or (bear unvermedich wirths. meht "bu berrabien fonderndas (embes quites in sport mil d'esnchilled policies to die vergan 4-brab fruit 3- andern eroffing frote in C. ginner and appropriate my it in thanks date winty of in trandle achietel & builden drens alections wie de paper. du liche some waterwaters as where latter for his quatament as will metit ther addies is wind fine persional befolion o-wind fire in fort A- Litter soft propo exemper not live it don't no in manger and defi-lie marauf- from hors flamended fece fem Budham deflame ind & James 5- in mem gented mi vertentee wandelt yn van fign not no ment cut in mon anderes or land grantamic admin memos Consern menu weekbliche lut mein eigenes budere / des populite quitable bas yu quillenbe. i tabe die bildo gedentello gul trep kan/ VINE WOOMS

olge in augentilite demo permitty demo mandent you night demo the property of the property of



thing help mane lettly or forthe or being bearing manner mathet, got being lettle in the principle of the pr

bein munity of martin antequity presine weight "meine lecht find eins lep luparinte desirete demartel fert emigne 1. medin mem toma fi pen thept and the first of the property with the property of the property of the property of the second of the property hipse ? Clebemereinen iniberjalametem topoldag blut des being letable andem בשל של למשום בי שוו ויל בין וישנול בין בי שמו יות בין שוו יות בין שמו יות יות בין וות בין בין בין בין בין בין reds a lylich angrupe of a free pri-t. I they have me president boar par politie. 3 Suffer more unrecoleting of mem natoro er heat be anneamously truffer Sie way be from house find vonedeln from pone brun bull berternflow was pour for superiformet die Ministry breund pour apparation de number en esta estape phiche materine millet dinoc des pentiend : mer fie der mult felbreine filmbe wert 1. Juine serfuthele fentlis inducent survide na & operate per de demental. the experience of them are general and and the man and the special design of the second mithand-late Cubeamlattides tapes una tum falls mor bur um falone qual population and the first to the state to determine alone from their the mittain rudter in magazion war it mit att der v verbrechen de wal lette profestable apreme halling 12 would do make fem Brewer blat menary " "The Lieux De prophet - De de well De moit doll parten moliste. (Im luble fie per Hetremdan den fer mence locate as menieda weil fre dune locate for tuble he in postance of my belind mate in an introduction manor ou the entire is about polle op mehr apar / wenfalame som liebt op borde frive i bedanke i v meericatop timilierterendent some go du quete pour commisses rated and une tenite as in deleten has diefer by the could would proposed decice gotten unit where were more berron beredu litte eg de / wir find boulant. I'm was wont even aus feine has Uluthinfluep is in others the field do die fymbole Auferfraggen fatige of wie (ind generale por besine formbole. & Caperai fet Sie Commerce Diames am baum empor carrys to the feet of the form to the party special and the feet of the fill the desired of post it (tolon - wie get - Elmonocon morale pulle murch so grown of a grown me in tall of for in manifel by bonne bleit vin bilde meen februfucht querich wende i weeder tome to a same habit and heter file of pore with mingle hap themburne more thankle mountant / day black farre bangs day belly "me raps decomor forther parsimulations for a part of James of bald of amondal bearing fix is the print of prophet profession at jobs may surfamined more make more the die hand college follow the mint to fireful it do form de occurdo lete que ment a poste formen extremt but the outer small mind a layer freque

me frit a gair was a pupi top tot legis is un tot nounded a me frit a gair was applied and a portification is to me debend and applied to lique to gene bet municipal depends on the popies of the mendennique and top to an interpretation as a sentende and despitation as a methodic unit depends and the multiple a gas mentione unit depends and the multiple a gas mentione unit depends and the multiple a gas mentione unit depends and the multiple and despitation and the multiple and depends and the multiple and the multiple m



du als suprind well des dunkein dien zenssie i vonahnliche

or Champlet, but amplicate freday or some trafe were or familie among medicately metalling strange grass welleast it des fenerfi bilique mafte des me comment bage un monterfrieden Perant. sertemental men compress he house concharge to work much was med level another remotered out change of me diff See bunkel & 1 - beher them to the rest in the many to ment the ment of b-v-5-substant & obtices or 5-fauflifely-but mildle graft on all-fal- hat had better there a beground to make a martine was all form or mit dir form and will see pur muricustamente cerni mondirentine without effent and well out begins on to dep weamfaustufe grefall-bin formerde & felto mangelomate in the versands משושים דיים שלומשלישים אושלים שמשושים בעל של בשול שובו יצול ושני יצול וושות בעל ישונים וביול וושות בעול וושות to some an addition of the same of a design of the same of the sam contains be homene i me and an even anglish so well sit bought i habe jume assess geterming whehmiles are let theil gender jaboner permittel mesuns experient to befind become fring or had an adversary to befind friends wellower mediate an underpret of model the to do well poel cheer mer elecer put proceed it as it abone men men trafe greats much mone charteleter mon the gettrantes o-befinites bewelliche Gr. I Die marte men hell huddage with grand of surely was some will be a surely of the state of the sound of the sound of the surely to getern Jagdustiffe y form or baland & brings so die canalle grain ord-ler "Hand see in see and sid . Anster Crow was it shadow and wageous best peop & Die an it of me them or best mette form beorger or 3 whole fie bets die form/welche Result Tall or restorate form Die fie nicht aufnimit. Das wordenteende er and property of property property of the property of the property of the secondary date woodents want is under the whole much bemorend die his ab isternation Saly bernevery das vondente beday John / um go gettally 3 gelang du his bedarf day, wordendering many formy gelang your fie vedant won die her deployment enthumbly our wife freamous mangalline of lect o-Emer unend have there we were the graphitat o opmentitue portor-and agree. Emplede wet with the form de les in it fait of gulain proist han he mont poperm getang of ben fit fliefst wer water his wonder no went - alle lut 12 fett world - Right me liste meet a condition unberneat - love a must problem or un and help young her is might all als wordents or bordents ment also als her. שנים ביושור יותו יותו היותו ביותו defectification of property of species a branching company primary buildhanne the is and rember youth to bein primary on the from up mill beind שיות בינים ול שונים ובינים ולינים ול בינים ולינים בינים שיום שיום בינים שיום בינים שיום בינים שיום בינים בי evende griftige forlange wen fromdo but groondente brieft fible if fibrie e meet the teatle brancheme poplange during ne troop endpoper and Jap meeting the Or is much bequilit ! | ament andorf me land prote / Den ex Colors general day in and a wiferen and make and policy for emphasis (mimor loca) then you northware de l'es de server de recept an l'étate annable par la marche de les des les serves de and the mandalboret or best mander and of a good mendende mand some it say he to law מני שווים לבחודים לשורון חישביים רלעום היושר ל לבן קורוביים בולן בחוימום של to go tirtigues gover man ten mach let ment condetate allem administrational personal personal property in mandente and property the golde fem property wint abreached in and one wind the formuly to juvering gold to achorden בינים שישונים של של של בינים בעל ישר ישוני יושות שונים מושבים היושות היושות בינים בינים בינים בינים בינים בינים and the Jandente warning barant sie tempo de lebens (in the oprobation of the world your territorie lor derum in real whele employing action bearden het declaring he her in father werter for verter fir dass dente Saramfadie jung of The design pre-bright in sphinology and low in the contract on gardiners du fine Des maket a maginer in pero. Secondo gen lapant mayor 19.9 Lapance after santage me links or non house no verte /wondons - gilet or now les yn dente-signe die Hange year our welf facto or (you bold fem) for aft to enne welf a briefe welfer feetly a finish gur gre comment sections of the the material of many me effor a legame 3 mby meture . A ann general. Admin a compage 2 granter warm Lega have un gue mangenteure get reginner posterin propart guga Thur per haping destructions duct mum is boomoust darum filest day wordender mucht in die autoritabile weste forder indictiete des veroemoent of anteunflier principle of organite desputes som octobrosen mattidets frevelt pos

premo frietto andern das universitas in sino palitado monfrisme unacchir/dan is jed menopalite in sunscot es lichtado do sur serie solt inferno selemit/do do des exelledos sustantes en lichtado do sur series sur sustantes en un bello en deserva su perent s

Then i mis widous years principles also for their is and dis fine felle of while of the infelice. Derived with mean wordenies in princip de hondiff malls of particular of the princip de in dunded books mobile were an unaphoreness ind of particular derivative du folge of me misse felle which felle of the honder. Las verbanks especial der door des novemble frances for the felle of the metals of the felle of

propertue in a liabe to some de la be to die gen underlige that des groft papers be des traines and be to die la be to die gen underlige that des groft papers be des traines and be to die gen underlige that des groft papers bett motioned and liebe ent fernt papers liebe in desse morbient enteres and enter

Diebe or sombester find an eine or brightron. Liebe Han mil observerbende /or combender mit observerbende fam. De manfi is mis growed in an ein od mis anderson base hand mil do menfilier matter of aim. It fame of flower from anderson but find occupy of hat of ment from the sould or over of the former from the former of the former of the former for the former before or interested or better of the former for the filter. I got which find the filter of the former of the filter of the filter

Trace responded in a gente sign yet been rein bedire des letting deline sent sent in de liefe berge wer y kunft or ser annot bedire des letting deline sent sent in de liefe berge wer y kunft or ser annot be memor de alle de l'infe cont sent proposition de liefe de l'infe cont sent proposition de l'infe aboptant met lang or word du se dag mysterium. Des confines principales se se cepte y des mustant de l'inference de l'inference de l'inference l'i

Sologi (Cot for feb well dag war mon well for mir tample dag war mon Toolly dage dogroff growiffalt do Jacmon erregte foll falls mit wolf ? I have w pales main well exfull fague to receive or for allighe wallow / days in mis fixele omenbe and i/das & mak on mor fello wallte ofme mir fallowby fuct do sum wollte & met not maker aufomin fum/ Condern in mir. dan wollto i me felbolato/ordan wallte is wish weilto/show y wift/was i wallte for fifth i mp my forum foll Palo no major wall ? ifor wallet the floring . Jak to gut wen the manufic mist wouldet to ware day well broken knowing klam mit ene woll about the day aboliged . went up our new galings /and def levice day grafite Tibel a man forwarded the nie land die gewelthat a das suffer but mig yn ilprismed. devenir ex gut rum ipr vanganis pers didis groffie abel woll. spr faid draft wo beld nationfor wantet and ectop die die qual fine es and 12 name foll we are well golgather expanses (oil dance tichter ihr an ain colvertonbergant sogaris entopa bedeckt were ex entopling fem furth. bares ubelong dief larrepe Tima vunnablige opform dief stoland & weef foit es gut den es mat jed von en bereit fir lette y offern des with fo next it ex do wollowed des drilling multerumes from filher ibr Die faur dass efferen im geniche, dief it de begitt deg woogen wen blut feur notinestores diese well estall han extent the our in our that's trinlet en woll and bluting breweln des krieges / Attistewam lot or gator / San goy en dienne auf daß ihr felbedie feit die folde fruchte trag ihr feid auf 2- wege wen it call diets wolk bas well schafft wolands or wolands filet aufd-weg- foll who - lettoum woll ? Du follemin fondern wie jen ierfrum well- 3- du fine die beste wahrt balt wie en die mens - von fine Day frithol des kryftalles bedentet das unskand les gefets des gefetschniftes

damane fi felboureb. in dief kerne exfrant du dan komende. E fil etwass furthinhee et emfafilieben fen war dief in do nat den weihnathintagen den paperes 1917 1- Pate de fruit formes des 300- de fronte-des benentes reges des monts promone of de blutter grantsmikent to write pring diefers zeich mit anderes or Deut-/sig day vor unge churas blutines o febrechtions lage i fals of up estes gemaling deine gange finding that wie provide is diefen few aniens deut - i fat databier do weep of feller opto began. The weed alle wond groff exceptify funch text ping genti-tem proceso lie in vollende alpantiere actionalise voltebricollare procesor indichen gefichnif dag ir down goodlende best myfrumings con chaftus den Die willer tener dass feller opfer de freek moor fogvof wood - dass fredansuge de pr many "na in wend lean das intholl not meterday felter imandern fredom militally feet of labora to works both draft down is it fals d- too deg doutlings on The forme betalog of the the die qual (amos forbens Jest groff [terbons Valy our neum soit /cm " knat - / bodie Dacmon - in feine band bandigt . Dogot 1 th bit gotant-principle in tem matter oremightie dogot wind durious vaccining & princ out in more evisibee weining, wen bu day eine process wills follo dutiveres ato from delar and ora form went du beida promeept will fang eine or dags and dere dan erregeda de que frait de principie des du hane medy baden guyler well-dayans entiteb the noth darm degot extremt or with de insperiespallinges wet in die pand in die handeines kindes de frevolle entro ofenteils wor you for it in the heart con not love of team our on dir words bu knowed with water ex write dir das wolf aux do yand write (is fello mode dis fello Bas filmant a way about of more around a bir was die falle Barren du lieb of all andorne latterale of dir fellow to jab do borns des applies or das blut flats in from wonters we feet " als i fab wis take or known big made cofulle wie die (tybrit aug de any defrant strante also de grosso tenagans bon baroniste vidad siemansbrank I - wege y feller opfervar. Soget of thefe has on member octable of men the day felbroyfeauf. For mi die find da adodort. So gette de liefe von day fichie Someuf-aufi wires man fichelalan firth erfuhrt die mentho sur d- plute Thomas my terrum. In my terrum wing do mento felbog to good princes by town or plange, well i and ween andergo con will must ween correcting word. I werde y christing gome / imufer erlaids to the of her orthandsblut dur das fellogifo wind origine lur or mandel to get t who in it to aborrow prinof liebe in feboral les about blind - du beid principis find ame in fymboldo. Planne de principi entalcid l'doman Flich form. Dage mafteriore reigie mir im bilde was to pour lab falle. C'be fall not be more Jen getern/ble mit das my florium zeigle/fondown i balle fie morallez termert.

finis partiprine-

Their beil melias elbr blet. i hale ob mein galant ms albourlaft parum woulde montable munity of marche out is ever faller from the to wast Ememble whatelowing do brings on to trechy met in letter in mer m geg Bour y find / sto to make god sake down liet on mother flige or gest duste godonner den du leante es nicht ertrag /wenn dem filbe mungeordietros prempersono genante water dur della Ellateunuit pheter dualles in deter gedantrant was dy mot georgial 3.6. micht priftend exterelut order schaft dupred ywas dumentst/biege Bank bet change ab "weilt ou nety & do (the te meing gedante find nicht montelle to main i um aft à perante nit dein gedante par drife tedestro emander with Be sine fonders viele bedeuty rigmand Welk wiconds meine gedant bid nicht mein felbs/fondern ge. may a rose de dinge de well lebendes or lotes la mile d'inches pepasion pun dabrur soft Du eine breitureife ungepronet well letre 6 bin Co Eur pricht geradiot twen & mens beitgroufe ungeondnet gedante met lebe gedant fund nature reconlige die du no bestige or der bedeuty Du pour gant un collegat lests die gesant wagof in mit wiede wall release there bewiltenen ibn about many is pergit in fainty 11- deput total endle lut des waldes u-d-will tolere. Je ment de malifolio in Rin - pegebre " wind felbe 3 " upalde " 3 " wildpaths prove it die fraily in or west pabe babe tour our freiblinme in one bank Delipher v bednot sugerbif donor do wall must viag viby fill mi 10/ anders anders for it pane at ine y you propositing an four lease the Manders of the content of the country of the property of Druge of wall die done allow will green bein bein petalond Tepento aspropermit opedante might Profile to wood of their source depletion of some will be the sufficient of bourses of the priciple win printering.

This die well he find a land a land and to property of the post of

The frithman dama partie you tiefo fatman of my terrium

prove entered occopie popular be.

ששובי שושי שושי ליושו לי ושעו לי ושו בי שוויי בילושוי or with ministable ploted say visals an our fail felgaral miville gegeno (tand as i blend telle ing DE Blue also marin or BBook of propost feine bend mare me about The benear of the pear our meth ent but truen 5 las "there unt the authorited is paint rechts to duminte most lanes is belleting to fell reid to y na" auf de dunkeln feite hegteine große frange mange fallange fauf hobell-reite our welfie lettange. In rede teamp beovere we hample get the a lide, chiap (belif indebete mo ibn dolling die Plany geg einand were frombaros Ting bettam diopmange flange femi 113+10 3 fame Die weite weit zweitek großeskubwelk erbet fi warkampftate fich the : die thunnyaftange richt to wied yench de wonder beil wies honor F weiligonord beide plang Thigely fram " of would die eine facht Ste andere hadunkel who was bordugator in it abortomet green memaltio planere ? plen wer/alk obdie porarze die weifle plango leb. שניים ילים ועות בליוניים בעותיים בין בסך שניישון באון והפשולים ליים ביים ועות ביים ועותם ילווים ועותם וליים ועותם theil three harries war well action of continued in it is the marge. Junator han in mit bytep policy poils Jaks die mat designit lichter fograf per out letter das Junicel It im wider front James erbell wird chase (tage to many pope cure to the back of the popular of the popular of the popular an can man work dur accooking blick get to con ruch and appel ocrosenous. in light emano popolar or in demute befund forem masterfelt block wie emaltar and dief from frot o proposed or from property attempt before pich warm in an experience principality of the same amail elias freigi o freme perunto/seine gelight word im popuntoget "Kleino/ stylias. formeropation (elle midbred & race webit out i ben theme or i will bride party year das ge friends lit would grow pleept in viet quell comprissed more the tile er is a Togram in eine fele palte pierunto i olge humb in eine bushle bobble is from des platformeinsquelle is born von und die finne des proce BEE: PIPER MEMEBER WEEF WIND WOODERUE Frinkt abot her mit promine,

oclamy mir wird loory mustbe. Treologie bit is file o freste questelnd s and organization despotes primer by mor criticant alles from promotes With the in his confirmed total till. Die left is there when fire wisher had the con want ber flath see to some whole frings un mi die ande me. baterietems Plange ub die trine es & dieplange des prophet unis Komificand do untowell in die ub well ! Walge Opt or Tebenote re mantement pur words fill am simulto wit light in sinkisting hour mit stur sub falle wing ighte infand fels gefteneng Dieflaugewird unant klein & hilde wie Van 3/210 frumpfe ste men on orthography generally getting of less it the wat any or grunners desperient of minimally it below word - bouse desperaphet entitle any do thing things han fear it is morke thing by her mediation morker than ans (the orale be laffe epo beate puter hate buffe abo is goffehe fest training allog durated betweenoth or from more popula to the mour stepte, che more men as his feld dur gettime west was elevened for a beale do progregations beginning of factories ex perint ou o beliebe out you am po du mont y barrang / yich strain son il pateti getante du parte felo getauft. ex ficht ne que un les "will co melles febrou har du me 5. 1: cx is major / boyophie peftig/y'our y gelang fundas weltere 31 שיונים ליווים ליווים ליווים שונים ליווים של אונים ליווים ל ic / don was fir fagis/es from mer un pepeur le wiele wahnfie well 34 Lome ? or wire florent ou bir was mont of an ? this y bright or bent

to de 100 Care a actale. in fortenang multipatit de frein mi packt die angr/was (cheir) 5-good-buildfub : 3- Tus cines ganstitis /3-come gange faitzes tratt & cale day lavour / bis lavour branch majorne / Sig belang surgratual is diefer part i will me metr to fabeday of the word in deret pand dis weite lange wind finter band die for some gange ~ & leted grun berg down of day levent contitly o frome ver blut the B vom offel box burges ~ Vicanin mot endoren irundrahe - i sept das kreug to Barran christian hu fermolate frame or grant - uning-full yet turcourses winger it goe the mayor Plange ~ un mome fube just he is gettung - Chingetant y brevis mano armoans. Talome nate 15. 36 (diange her man priciti maria morbie must oprilis/ which but it i face/ Just come front hand wowbegreef lite great me graings for heren in festion letter great new year father about houte i mir annat maria morne mutty netty (3: du bir driffing. 74) fabe muit out gebreitet arm furte etnigeterentate men kong en a day of minamy day o leplande: In Botome lang the la Christing & By ill mir/als (runde trans clusing holy borge allen mit there are gebrolite-arm. He then go great moin "Rosp" in dife fundition vinged war. Ostome benefit og men 123 po in quell and feit des benes bis There lie liest lange to date that the ! I cheliched within fielight thre and find ged finet. Die flange fill non mein-leibe w liegt mattam bod & Preste up he bruces o lance 3'd full desproppety Seff perfall wis sine flamme lawblat. or bein worth it by coffill cannot & ambere dinge team : for unemable or worst / foreibegation and Dusting Balome Right in populates - lighte bus or prophet aux stable class or wandelt is mains agreealing weit leachtoning frame Scotten ge legt firmanite full springelilport Galonie monet conductable in walnu Story program mir flory sie throw and o aup o sale prompte De mait /wife our de moit specifican de berricht dan gebesinerifier . memo filise beauty or bod nit / dieja ende /vepit mit/ala jegenge

6 m luft. one (confort falpote me bound y-ub bell-lage self-lord acy tally vottebralante / Die himilite liebe / Sie mit. Die dunkalp Die dag porbonie aniquet | Frint Javon by tape / Dati ex an fichibar in then عَانَ وَالْمُولِ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللّ liste fitterres let or thus is meins between mild montents or pasts boot in lufting gent unach son laut dunkely or nacht. Vitige 3 neces no lut binumer 3 meine liebe ab binant l'explicite aling po ilbonier day relot/day day word to do liebe map (light/alg. it do memp become it xollabo emporteise/mus cine bedings erfall film/webe filals hampe de inver Plang-Darffellt. links it lag/ suchts it nacht. bell it das revolute/dunkeldas revides vordenkens Die beid-birneibir pop-li brand delejen ling egwang lada leinger pato flang goral angenome Die gorall de Flange deutet de darme more maker I beil principionam i ertene in dief kample one wied bdo jenne gesichten word kampt zwip de fonne vo fruarz Many (ab Jamale words) as lest be light aus geloft or gas plut fring any (home suf war begroficheres or gen defeatorwill day diefetering ale em ywiofrall within werds in febre ment-eigen-matur den mas I have dea held fromit until edenadrang mit in mehr narabus v deffatte grans er indie Kate eines jesti ment werragied furthbar juice full zoop do macht de tiefe. Dage wordet it einbeifein die Liebe y fam fem beide par it molling wood tot fie etnande da die men frait with day do your foot in there eight them by word his withouting





noliteavdire verba prophetarum/ qvi prophetant vo-

vis et decipiont vos: visionem cordisfoi loquintor/non de ore donnin- avdivi quae direront prophetantes in nomine meo mendacioni alque dicentes: somniavi/somniavi-vsque quo istod est in corde prophetarum valicinantivm mendaciom et prophetantivm sedvetionem cordissoiqui volunt sacere vi obtiviscator populus meus nominis mei propter sond- propheta qui babet somnium narret somnium et qui babet sermonem meum/loquatur sermonem meum vere: quid paleis ad triticum: dicit dominus.



er rolhe.

cup.i.

Did thing det my teriums is hint min gethold. I highe des meineme gething is their desperancement gething is their desperancement was is their desperancement desperances. I their desperancement desperances well is expected by the receipt desperances. I desperance well is expected by the grown in desperances well is expected by the set of the fight of the

de breppe / Die Stuf- knave / es portet : eme sellieme ange komt mi an. da subt de rolle seme lange gestall gang

on roth gehallt/feller fem baar irroth & dente : am ende is so tenfel.

prolite: i grupe dich man auf bob thurm i jab di um serne aussitamend vermantind. deme enwarte put

ich: wer but du?

ar: wer & bin? bu denter / s fei be teufet. ma keine notheile. du katte vielleicht au mit mir ved /ohne dafz. Lu weißt/word bin wast bit du für ein aberolimbische gefalle, daß hater an d-teufel denter 4

Procedunicht em übernatirliches vernige bar inc kenter du filde das i erwantendauf mein thurme stand ausschauend na de unbekant veneu-? mem let-auf de burg varm ba vine hier et stige. V niemand z'nier heraufsteigt.

A.T: WAS erwarter Juden?

I': l'erwarte vielerlei v'besonders erwarte i Jas chwas vom reichthum de wolt ste wir nicht seb-/zu

D.T: dan bin i' bei dir wohl am recht ort. i' wandere feit lang dur'alle lande v suche mir die die wie du auf boh "Hurmo sitz" v na ungeseben ding unsschou halt.

12: Su mache mi neugiorio. In sobeine von sellene art y seln. Sein aus sel micht gewohnlit au'- verzeib mirsebeint es mir/als bringes du eine marten urdige lust mit dir/so etwas welthiches frechas ad aus gelastenes. Od - eisent li gestigt - etwas heidnisches.

Dr: du beleidig mi nicht/im gegentheil/ Intriffs dem nagel auf d-kopf. ab i bin kein alt beide/wie du zu

Denke Scheme.

12: Mp will i'an micht behaupt; dazu bir du do micht breit purie e lateinisch genng du harmichte chas. Sischepandir du scheine ein sohn unserverteit y sein sab "wie i bemerte" muß sein etwas ungewöhnliche du bir kein acht beide sendern ein hade soner unserverthich verseinnbertauft.

Dr. dubit was rhaftin ein gutorallebralle. du macht deine fache befrale viele andere bie mi santi verkant

Pidemtin it kulpt er spottije, par dudem perg nie gebroep für die allerbeiligse mysterien unser ebristiebreligion?

Pt du bit sa em unglauble sepertallig vernkhaft mansch bit du im so embringle?

Pt i modic - vorgolt - im so ernsthaft v mirselle getreu sem wie i es versuche 3 sem ess wird mir allerdings schwer in deine gegen wart. du brings eine art galgenlust mit sewis bis du em von dessende son beid v beidenable municus.

De spraherolaubisch v 3 deutsch. du rimresause wort genau was die beilig schrift sag son stemmting.

It du bit aberglaubisch v 3 deutsch. du rimresause wort genau was die beilig schrift sag son stemmter du nu micht solvant beurtheil.

I'i em bartes urther foll mir ferne lieg-abomeine witters täufest mi nigt. In bisansweichend wwillsbir. micht versalt was ever ting & Ju ? [derrothe stylent rather 3' weerd - / as leveltet was glibendes eifans sein-genned. Det: I'verberge nicht se/ Su treubersige/i'ergotse mi blof andeiergewichtigterer van deine komist mehr patrokeit forwar it felt in unfer jeit/befonders bei menfelt freut verstand verfig. 1. P glande du Mans mi micht gang verfeb : du mifer mi will an den fore de von lebend menfeb Rent sto i muss din sag fum de wahr t with / dass i eigentie nicht in diese zeit wan dies ort gebore : em zauber hat mi feit juhr vitag an Suf ort v in Siefe zeit gehant i bin in wirklicht nicht 20/2 du verdir siebs. At: du sage enfrauntiche dinge vouer birdu den? I' das thut michte 3 tache: Effete vor diraled 1/80 & gegen wortig bin warmen i bier v fo bin/weiß E mist. ab due wast i /Jast i bier sein must /um dir na best wift red vantivort 3 steb. & weisteb. Fremo poro du wodu bet wie Ju/we i bin. \$ 17 das klingt febr merkinning. berdustine in beiliger en philosoph und kanne/denn die geleber te sprache liest dir nicht. ab em peilige ? hap wohl et. deine eraftaftigtet riecht na fanatifmus du. haveine ethylche atmosphaore ve eine emfacht/ bie an trockeness brot or was erinert. 1'i b'kan niebt ja v niebt nem jag : du spricht als en me geiste dies zoit befangen. Sir febt / su mir Scheint Sie vergleiche. D.T: bit du etima au bei d'heid in die schule gagang du antivorte une ein sophit voie so home du den dura me mit d'amass fab opristion religion 3'mos / wen du trem bertig bis ? 1: mir Schemit she ab Just do am matifab ware / 8 man answend - kan /au wan man kem besto is. L' glaube créabry bab / das preme se ungestraft umite musten d'obristies religion perundrice des s' wiederhole / Sugho into fein hery nicht mit d'herry Jefe Christo gebroch pat /em pew in fi herun Schlept/ Jo son vom best zurückhalt. D.T: wied dies alle lon? woon das poon du kem christlich hellig bir 3 bir du micht de em verfluch to Sophis? I'i du bte befring in deme well. ab du kans dir do denk / daff ex mogle ware /den worth des Artistenthumes richtig einezuschatz "/obne das zmen geradezu em beilig reine. Dr: bit du en doctor de theologie / de fre das christenthum son suff besiebt or bistorisch wurdet / also de? om lophici 1. du bit bartinackie mas i meine / is / da for wood ken yufall fei / das alle well christle gener. . I st. I glaube an / dass ex die aufgabe do occidental men fobt gewef is / Christim im hery 3' ting. D'an fein low / Therb vaufer fiet emporguered for Dr: nun de giebt de aut jud- / die rechte leute find volo dernes geledt even selienes micht bedarft. 1': du bir/rote mir sebent / Rein gut menfet kono: barde me bemerks / dafis - jub change fett /5em am kopf & andern am pery / v das eres felle filit /das ihm clung feller Dr: i bin your hein jude / abri muf de jude de in sobrets neben : du sobrets em judentraffer y' sem. 1' dannt friche du alt jen jud na die eine nicht gerade gunftige bourtheile in des judentafies be-Hichtig / with brand fir felt die blutigst withe set ifor eigenes geschlecht mach will die find fen gewiff mangal mur zu deutle fubl v do mocht zugeb wertt / find fie fo empfindlich für beurtbeile. glaube. du day conflentoum for prortog and fede des mento variberacoang " " " glante dufdats emer/does motor invertibles muler lette 100 cino priette theilhaft worde? D.T. du par argumente. abo deme constibatique?! du monter es bequemo hab. won du kem beilige. pro/ pfebe i workli most ein warum du so confibati fein must. du verdirt die je vollie de fats vege Jum leufel, fredet dir den im kopf? merdas driftenthum mit fem jamervolt welt hadt kann die leute6 lepmentallie o perbriefili mado

1: 5 denke egyabe no sondere d'inge / die d'erne predis D. T: a / 1 weif for / du mem dag leb diese pronje kone i. I lobe au v lasse mir kem grauce baar darub wathfr. das let enfordert teme erufthaftiglet/im gegentheil/mantangt so bets durche let.

1 . 1 teenne dage tang . ja/wen of mit de tang gethan were! dags lang gebort go brunft yeit. & weifs / dafter mentop giet welche into brunft sat hab o foldochedenen ibr gotto ting well. Die ein find lacherti for die andorn frid alterthum auftakt das fie ihr mangel an austrucks modichk ehrle zugeb.

O.T. pier/mem litte lege to eine maple ab, jetet worde i chure emfihafte den das betrifft mem gebiet et worde dentitor Just es no em drittes gabe woofner des tours fymbol wire.

Das volt des verters vermandelt se'in gartrolliche steifchsarbe. v stobe - o wunde- aus mein grunt gewande front " aboral blatto.

L'i es grebt vielleicht au eine freude vor golt Sie man tanz neu könte. aber diese freude fand i normit Vhalle ant show no d'isomend Jung : ex seams driege sabodavent o war die frande micht.

D.Y: extreme du mi micht/met brudo/ 50 bin die freude!

1's du feller die freude fein? D'Etye di wie dur ein-nebel den bild schwindet mir latime deine band

Fafir/goliebte/ wo bir du? wo birdu? die frande? warerdie frande?

curif war est de linfel / dies volhe / abo mem lenfel er war namel meme frende / die frende das ernst.

bast -/ do allem auf hohr thurme aus schan hålt / eine resenfarbene/resendustionde / wormhell: rothe frende might die bemiliebe frende an fein gedante van fein frant fondernjene frende welt frende die unvermalbet komt wie ein warme führend mit schwellend blut daft ord leichtigheit des lebens. ibr wiffet ex om evern dichlern/daffernthafte/wen sie erwartendaux febourne de brug de hiefe Bu altererf vom leufet ihre fruhlingshaft freude auf gefucht word- was eine woge hebt fie d'men Et suf v-führt ihn hinaus. vo von deefo Frende Hoftet/vergist si selbr. v-ergiebt michts silferege alse si selbr yn vergest. es giebt micht wenige/die vergest was siewar . abo no viel mehr sind dero/de p ferangemasty find safficts emmal die rojige woose es vermas/fis of enterwyche fie find verstel mert or 3 schwer die ruden (and 3' leicht. I' sette mit mit de teufel emsthaft aux einand ve banapm me mit ihm als mit ein wirklich person. days have i im my terium gelerat gene unbekant freisonversend - Die die inen well bewohn personte or coms 3' nehm / don la find wirtelle / weil la wirte. ex hilft midstaplats wir im geifte des zeit fag : exglet Kein teufet, bei mir gaber em folokes fand in mir fatt. I' that mit im /was i konte . I' konte mit Am red : mit de toutet is em religiones gesprach un vormendes den er fordert es berans / wen man is them mit bed agung plas untorwerf - will don die religion i gerade das worm i mis mit de teufet mecht verstebe. i' muß mit ihm ausemandgetz / Da i von ihm als em elbstandig person, Tichtet most offne wateres crewet kan dass er mein frangrunkt annimit. es ware flucht wen i' mi mit ihm micht y verstandig suchte. wen in du die seltene gelegen beit bat /den teufel y spredan vergets micht / de erufthaft mit ihm aussemande 3 jetz er is ja solugili dem teufel. De teufel is als de widerfacts dem organisandre standpuntet/8 di versucht to dir da steine in de wee legt wo du sie am wenigs - branch - kant 12 des leuf des sun about / heift nicht: 3' ihne ub och four wird man des leufels. vielmehr heifites: 15 verstandig - dadurs nime du di demez andern standpunktez an Samut perhiert de tenfel elivas au bod of du and . or days durfte world out from obschoude religion of tenfel febr y wide is every ibro be

Sondern ernsthaftight o treuberzight so zoight es si do: dasses corade die religion is dur die de tenfel y eine ver tambig? gebracht word lean wear is in de lang fagte/traf ibn/din is fra into etwar San 3' (im gebiete gebort. er mint mer dag wag andercanget / micht erner den dage ir die eig: thumlicht alle tenfel solchemass home i'z seme ernsthaftight vo dannit erreich wir gemeinfam-

grund/wo verflanding moule is de tenfel is also yengs / dass dans terns wede brune no versuckty [ex Jondon Sufdruck vone hour Jag web 3 em /1003 andern gebort name do frende . Sarin bin i mit & ten folening darum vermenschlichter it vor mein aug. L'aboergruno wieem bum in fruhling. Capabodie frende de tenfel odo de tenfel die frende i / das mufile bedenkli fine i habe eine weethelang deribonshipedacht 10 v firette fet fanicht genus gewag. Du bestroites das deme frande dotantel fer exteremt abo alpoband france into chang tenfliting fer. wen deine frende frer di kein tenfel is/ San wolf für dem white Ven frende is bodyter orbling o evorin des lebens. das venttet i weg 3 ablilo/ v- du mufit ma enveneu fabrite toff / den das licht to dir im freuden fenogangli ausgegang . or deine freude roifit dein nadft weg to winft ih ang do bohn for dag lab it wie em groffof feu / Sas alug bren bare in d'anabe auftodes. Das feur d'abo Dos clement des tenfels. alptifit / das de tenfel de prende to bate i wood gerne em patet met ibing macht abound de france Rant du kein pakt made den sie veryget die sofort wied. Sals du au dent teufel nicht ein fang kans. Ja ver gebont yufern wet sals er most ementang it laft er for fang for ordern to du harken genome devon lem dome tenfel mebr yn bab- de tenfel fuelt in d-ar abyntage, ant so de fitger. Sas Committed to bewalt vor de sinfolat or de dannet pertunden laftern-Der tenfel it emboles element. abodio frank dass die frande au das boje in sie bat stebr du swen du ihr nachlans dendant golange du jur lut, o von de lut geradenegs y bolle judeine der eigenthanlich bolle / bie für jedwedvertebred supfall. Sur die vertaudigs mit der tenfel nahm er etione von main eruflhaftigte an pri chay on lone Frende. Dag gab mer mult wen de toufelate aneruft haftylet gewow fat dan muffman Court chings get afit mach " es it im eine gewapte sabe the frende angunetim / abote fisht ung y let ou feine entlanger, dus welche das gange unforge lebons wird.

asschloßimwalde. ay. ii.

In de poeit macht danne gebe i einfam in sinstern walde to i mertee das is me servert babe is bin and ein schlicht karrenneep o solpere dur die dunkelit. is kome endlisan ein stilles dunkles
sumplication or null brin steht ein kleinen alles schließ. is denke espec
ant pier underbesse für die nacht of stag e klopse am ther serverte
lange sepsängt ans reen. i muß nochmals klops jetst hore i jemand
kom. man estagt ein mens maltinedische gewande ein dien stragt na

mem beschoen i bille em unterleunft für die nacht/v-cr läst mi emtret mem dunkeln vorrann Dan führt er mi eme aus petreteue dunkle hole troppe himant. Ob koine io in em weitern or höhern hallenar: tig vomm mit weif wand ihn entlang schwarze truly v schränke. I werde in eine art empfange min geführt. es ir ein emfash ramm mit all polltermobeln das molle licht ein allerthundich rampel erhellt das zimo in mur sehr durftig weise. do diene telopst an eine seitenthüre w öffnet sie dann leise i thue rasi ein blich himato: es ir das arbeitersim eines gelehrt büch gestelle am all vier resind lein großeschreiblisch an dremalt sitet in lang schwarz talar. er wundet mir, nahe z'tret die luft mu zim es schwarz v dalle macht ein sorsen voll einbruch. er i micht ohne wunde das heiß erschwit zu sen sen se schwarz talar. er wundet mir, nahe z'tret die luft mu zim es schwarz v dalle macht ein sorsen voll einbruch. er i micht ohne wunde das heiß erschwit zu sen sen sen schwarz talar.

gelebrto /8 de große befehreident word mermeflichtet des withing gelevet o wohne ver de left de wife. Contradamageset hat anything erecht abrodond wie wen er telle in perform de proces des wifes. . Tobafilish "enumberbeitens verantworth dans utell bate- or begrufit no verly nouraburgend uabvodrend. i woundone me met danie / den i fage sup wie ein gewinden menter. er lenn de blick mor montfam von famer debut wegroend " i weldertide meine bile una our untertunft für die neight. ne longer poule bemertet de alle: folde wills [delafor/ poplate mes ruling : 1" mestre per abrectant prolite ibn despublis diener befebt dassermer eine leamonuveile - darant lagtor: , du ver= lange with rounts 15 have not with greads lop mach . er verfacht wind in fein bu. I wante gedul dig. na "em" weile blickter erftaunt auf: , was wills de bier? ob - verzeig - i verzafs gang/dass de pier warter. i worde gleir d'hon ref. de dien kout or fabret me auf de gleich flock in em klome kamo nut nackt weif wand been groß tett. or winglet mir gute nacht o entfernt for dat mide tim Helibe comp (ofortaux voluce mo y bet mado to days light eine talohors caus gelofthe babe die leinwand it ungewoodenlie rand dags kapf kiff hart mein iroweg but mi an ein felt am ort gefutet: em letemen allos sithofs defr gelebre bestigo offeteber sem leben sabend ellem mit sem budern ver bringt epperatur four kome levend weep un parife y four suffe de diene de drive un thurme wort . ein wester do emfamos dafem suejos leb-dos alt mannes mit fem-buchern dente i vo bier versueit mein na resource lange reit bis is schließ libemortes dassem amorer gedanke mi mitt loplast det mante d'alte pier sine subone tocht verturg pat - abgeschmachete romanides - em fades ve er copyfog wit - abodas romantifche stelet em do in all-gleevern - eme riching romanbatte wer - en Cheff in walle - emfan-naching - en in fem buchern verstement greif de ein teaf bar Tobats butet or alle well new tel verbirgt - was fir ladjertiche gestuler kom " me an! is eq bile no fegeren sof i out memo irritabet an dorglaich kindifige traume aus bechings. Ab 15 fublo me infalig/meno godante y ingend dung tarkerm ad chonerm y erbeb. 2° muf dige godanter word gewahr late was butte es lie was jud rang - lie kom wied bogo sief Jobal trank humater of luck als in mind bebalt note fiest is sen any diefelang. wallycholden? gewiß bland blass-blaueaug / Ebn Robbig in Jed-vorwert wander de rette aus o vaterliche Defangriß erhoffend - a to teene dief abyedroppen unfinn - to will leabe schaf - warum / Jum. Tenfel/ming i mi mit solch leer phantasie plage de sollaf will micht. to wake mit him be ber-Jo Jobbaf komt micht - folles to diese unerlaste sede amende in mir selbe habe? " " it sie es / die mis. most schaf list : pubo s'eine so romantrafte secte! Sas falle no - es ware qualvoll ladreti. ninet don. Stef Gulfbeatt tranke garkon ender up muf from mitternacht fernan v no im kam Glaf. wage in all well last me den meter schaff? is etwas an diese kame? it day belt bebeat? es is granfam/ was deschaftagight em mentety trade ten - jogar zid- ungerom lest vatorgland ifthe theorie. as Brent held y fem to prece - vielleicht foliage to defihall nicht - eigentlie it es hier un beimlie weils do humal/ways bear verget - war da night foeb - fritte ? nem/dags mufi draufs-ges 100 [fem _ i lege mi suf die andere foile / schließe die aug fer i muß schlaf. gieng danicht. die there? mem gott da stebt ja jemand! jeb " recht! - em Eplankes marky blas wied. too (Telyt and o ther? ump bumala wit / way & day ? To komt nabo! komt buendle": fragt se lege. umaggir-dage se em gransige inthum _ de roman will uproteliword-will si yo bill filling gett regard tople aux loads ? y wold unfit bit i verdaint ? it dags memo Tacle die Colcheremanherrtichkeit beberbergt! mußau das au mi kom"! i bin wahrhaftig in do halle - opling top erwach - na do tode wan man in em leibbibliothe aufer (tebt. habe i'die monfoy mem zeit or ibr geschmitte so verachtet dass i'm de bolle die remane ertebro ma? Chrone must suf de to Com langtone gesprotet habe . hat die untere baltie des darchschmitte gestyme . cheque de mensolist sur ansprusant beilighet er unverletzlichtet sodas wir kein übles wort darübestigt

durf - / who die funde in de holle buffe 3'mille: fie spricht: " a pluber sur du des geneeus von mir : au du lasser de betbor von de sunglückselige word. destimen romangebore? au de pond to boffte er habed schem vonstigeworf o strebe na de wet. dodinge!" L' veryét/ab le dudot wirtekah? es é eine z'unglücklübe Ebulidhe mit fen romanfæn /de big zalborn suggeterent find ste das to annehme pointe bufeter wicht blog eine ausgeburt momes Collage lof gehings men zweifel to do walongaft berechtigt/wen eine struction in olch maafe mild. typus des [entimental romanos riberoinstruct? fie: unfelig / wie panis du au memo wirklichtet zweifeln? ie fall y fat meines bettes Chluchzend auf die kentee w birgt das geficht ind band mein golt for fie am ende do northis " there is ibrumado" mon miller wind toa". 1": abo un's hindgwill/fago mir ences: bt du wirkles mufito di als wirklicht con nebm ? he want o autroortet micht. E: wer bit du dest? fie: I bu die toobt dep alt fer halt mi bie in unortraglich gefangenfohaft / micht aus neid ode baß/fon dermong liebe den i bin fem omgiges kind vodes ebentild mem frutverfizaten mullo. Fafirmand kopf: it days most eine bollifebe brushlitt: mort für wort de roman auge de leibbig Willbell! o ihr gotto/ wooden batt ibruis geführt! es is 3 lach es is 3 beut _ em lebon leidende entragy yerformettartogulam so lepwer abog - aff y word / the Thon vogreff - & das banale or every lackowhiche / dag un agli abgegriffens vang geleverte to en une als bimmely gosobente in die betend erhober bande gelegt word ~. do da treat the no imo o went - ab went to worker ware? dan ware to do bedauern worth jedement hette milgefühl mit ihr. wen sie em austandiger madel it was must er sie gekoftet bab -/ mi die kame einen Frend manen enuntrate! v thre schen dormati g'iberwind ? 12: men lieber kind i will dir trote all vall gland dass de wirkele bir. was kan i für di thun? ic: endligendlis em wort aux menschlich munice! la erbebt so / Arraescht stragget / sie so school emakent lant in ihr blicke . sie hat eine seele / school o weltson/
eine seele / de 3 - late de westeriches kom mocke / 3 all de enhanning windig wirkeliches 3 - sepmentabad. 10" gefund brun . o tibe diefe fison be de feele! Tie himenterfrie feb zo untowalt de worklichte - weldige dudage banale most motor zwifely die or mi steller. don wife : 6 war dur dage banale gebaut. L'i webe mir /ou wirt nun gar marchenhaft. fie: for vorminitig leto frumd o Trolpero men might no ubo das marchentafte den das march wobles die großmult des romans vonos Diet alloome ingultige alse do gelescuse roman dans zeit. vo du weifit do das das las levas seit jabrtausend dur alle toute mund gelt 1 3war schon das zerkantesse To pabo eb do do book to monfablich wahrt am nacht rout. also lass das marchenbatte might 3100 -The sense felm. 12: du bit telug v- stepener nicht die weishalt deines valens geerbt z'hab - 80% age mir/ was denkt du von de goltlich de sogenant aufzerst wahrheit zes kanne mer sehr fremdartig vor sie in de ban natutt z' suche. The naturna mis sie do sehr ungewohnlie sein. denkennran unserogross phila tie: se un pendentide diese inforst wabrieit sind de se monensibliche min se sin vo de storminge word si die ingend etwas worthoodige ode summerciones ibedes mensible word ve sin sage nome wage mentilitie or war du als banal or abgedroft beformpf / das enthall die weiff die du fuch - das

marchentrafit spriest met gog soudern firme o- benoeif wie all semengallig mensible i bis o- wie set et do .
Colos suich mar bedarf soudern sie au verdiene den i kan is do well de wirklichte let so gut ad vielleicht

befrais bide anderemblies gefortedtes

L'i merknourdiges madely du bir verwirrend. Als i dem vate fab/hoffte i er worde mi 3 em - ge lithrir gefprich emlad. er that es meht e i war ihm gram drum den i fühlte mi in men würde geternati dur seme zein breute nachtafichet. het dir abe fand i weit bestere a. du geebr mir stoff z dente du bir unge wöhnlis.

fie: du treft de/i bu sebr generbali.

1': das tan to micht gland" wie schon o verebrungs wurdig it de augdruck deme fede in desir aug"! ghildelie ver benaiden sworth de mani/dedit freit wird. Tie: liebe du mie?

1': bet got ! & liebe de - abo- low bis 50 feton verbeirathet.

von Salone.

but dief wort zerfliefst ihre gestalt in de Sunkellf. malles mondhicht dringt ing zine auf de stelle/wosis stand/liegt alway dunkles - es i eine fülle rotherose.

et die kemauforga abouthour gefricht gefrieht die aur kan interes. Das flück / Das du vom teufel überningt et die frunde (orgt die für aboutheur. dabet wirde fowohlde in untere wie deine obere grenze find. das haut die noth / Denie grenze z 'kent won de sie nicht frent folanft du in d-kranfflich formaker deine einbild? or be wondt deine mutmanfel. Den lebe ab outwingt es follocht von leinflich fohranker auf gehalt z word bas les be with liche fohranker auf gehalt z word bas les beine wirklich grenze fondem sie sind wordt with entere de sie selbe unnitie o erwalt authut verfaste darundene wirklich grenze z fud man kent sie mie z vorans fondern man steht v verstelt se mur/win man sie erreicht about das aeschelt die sunt wond un gleich gewicht parabue cheid gewicht sähe de stode was de see offete ver geschelt die sunt de one geschen dar ohne cheid gewicht san werd dau scholane de see mit bellen bas er und dalur of das de see offete verweicht bas and see er mit bellen bas er und de see solit bealt of man verborgen die na sichtere die na de nacht leucht. van sie see plat da lett ohne das see mehre dale see mehr de see see solit de see sucht.

onne dut i en merkle alles seurophicose an mor schad v fieng an na leb = 34 begehr - Den i leble es meht.

darum tra mi diese abentou. Das romantische besiel mi. das romantische i em schrill zunich vun

le von i bort als elies v salome sah das munde im leb 318 all gelehrt v sim blass sim mysterum som

to von i bort als elies v salome sah das munde im leb 318 all gelehrt v sim blass seingespert to cht. trassi lebe i em constelles albild des mysteriums. out d'i verse des romantisch gelangle i zum

plump v durchschmillich des lebens womir die gedante ausegeb v i memo selle bemahr vergesse

uns i vond liebte muss i als sastos v perdoret etleb / v was i vond verlachte mussie i als auf s

seigend beneid v bistos ersein. I nahm die ladgerhichtet dieses abenteuers om leaum geschah das so sah vau uns das makky si verwandels v selbstandig sin zeigte. man son en van begehr des

lacherlich - das gemigt unes 3 wandeln.

Defitiger of bon anfang - above consider of or existent weither 7 peat (Sarum verachtet died man ben er merache tet fem waldrings dorment about mante o worth for tomost mor man od omer weit. In land von dome lacketeaum fag weldy geschlechtes sie it worn du abogenen aufmerter / wirrduset / dass do maintidste Man eme weibliche fede bat " daf Jap weiblichfte weib eine manliche fede bat. Temebr du Mean bet de la ferna to dir das was des weit withle to betides weitliche in dir felle to dir fremd a verachtle? Wen du vomteufel em flucte frende nim - v-dannitauf abentou aufziete / fo mine du di demo lus au-du was zicht for alles perbei was du begebre vas lied men bet dir fob deine let di verdabb-adver. pob wird. bir dudes tenfoly forwarde in blindolusies do maringfallig laps or de daran verire. bleibs duals bei dir fello aly ein monfety do fein fellos is w micht des teufels dan wirrdudi demo ment of before termiera. Su word also y weathe mids apled than sit man verball fondernation ments / d. p. voic wen du gloich gofthlightes mit ihr waves. Surviver de dernos weithich ermiern as mag dir schoin / als ob du den unmante wares / generits mass duin v weibisch du musst de abodes lacherlich Annehore four leadet ex north in dir /v ex wird plotyle cinned /wen dudi de fram women ten verficht di befall vodi liderto madr. es is bill fur domantichte manift feines weiblich anzunebm- pen ex sepent immladore unkrafting o unschon, sales schoul dir/als hatter du alle tersend verlor fals feter du merniedreg gefalt. gleich matt schamt es d'wabe sie ihr miniches aunint. ja ses. speint dir ale sei on straverei. Du bir em strave des fures du bedant in dem socia- de manticipse man bedarf des weibes / durum et crodest stelave. werde selle 3 weibe /v du bet vonde stelaverei andas somb ertoft. In ber ofme gnade & weibe propagageb / Tolange dunicht spott treib kant met all done matrichant. en front der gut an emmal weibokleido any gieb : man word ubo de lach /abomdo du weit wire presenge dudie freit vom weite vo fine tyranei. das unebm des weithich fribet poblemo. glecebre gill fiter die Franf die ihr manlichen annient. Dag weiblidge in mane it and ap uble gebund . I finde example weged lur. Sas manliche in do m i an dag uble gebund. Sarum wider trobt of bo mentity fem eigenes andere anzunebm-. went du eg ab " Aumine / lo geschicht das / was mit de vollends des mentet zusant paud : namli = SATE/wendudir 3- Spote goward- bis/ Jam fligst doweife feelen wood bertet / er war for labdeme demuthig ? lockete ihn. das gebennnif komt nabe z'der ver geftet diege um di porte wind . em goldglang lengtet bendle foncent they the grabe. als man har du kenie (cele/ Den la it im waite als weit hardu keine feele den fir it in mane. wen duab monfrumt date troms deine feele 3' dir. Wen du inerball de willeurlich - v kunftli geschaffen grenz bleiter so getedu wie gwift zwei bob manorn: du siebs die unormostliebhs do well miebt. weñ du abo dio maneon / diedem-bliete beong miederbriche priven dir die unermefilichet vothre endloge ungewißt furchtber wird ben ermacht in dir douralle schlafende / des boted weise boot it dan namli bedarfe du dobot. Chaft dep All bandigers des chars bem wortel des chaos / dort wohn die ewig wunde deine west langt an wunderbar z'word. somenf gebort most nor in eine geordnete west/ergebort Du in die wunderwelt fenne feele. darum mulitet ihren eure geordnete welt 3- febreck mach-Samit en' dage 3'victe auf fem verleidet - eure seele loidet noth/Sen auf ihro wollt lastet die dutre. wen ihr aug en blickt fo febt ihr o fern wall vodie berge vodaribo smanf stougt en blick. 3' d' raum de gestirme. v' wen ihr in en blickt so sehet ihr wiederum nabes sernes v'un. endliches ben die welt des innern it fo unendle wie Sie well des suffern voie ibr dur quern horse theilbabt am manisfallie wef de well fo habt ifr dur eure feele theil am manisfallie wef do inern well. diefe mere well i wahrli unendle or une michte arm ale die aufere. Jo ment lebt in zwei welt. em naver lebt brer od dort abone hier vodort. Ou dente vielleicht/daßein mens/de feinleb de forsch? weibt/ein geistiges leb-Führe v- seine seele in

bopern makize lete sie myond em andero aboswoom plates let it duferti / ebento auf ote wie dage let compe ments/debuduten duge lett. em plope gelehrte lett zwar met die Eugern diege wert abe die aufgern gedomter als midt it felle Condern fein gegenstand. wenn de von ein mensch fage er habest ganzande Suffettute vorter or verschwords in auffchweit geme jabre so mußt du dasselbe au von diefratt (49 - 87 bat (an alle buels o allegenante anderer weggessort - darum lewet feme fede note mufi se denne they wall from into your land furniens anorteing z'erbetteln be cribe versage. Davin siebe du pene all'oclopet me lacher lobo po wurde la veife na anerten gren . Jie find beleidigt wen man its nam night everathent betriet was en andere das gleiche fant beste sach unversabelle from empaniber ansight en titelegrandort, gebe zo versand do gelebrt o du wire sie seb- die se bejamerne werthe All mil ibr graf verdent vito verbungert feet biens morking dirtim ihr durt nie fill Kon de sede verlangt na dens thort mothers den wiff-Dadur / bassis mis us days gold lockste matilities or your wood who days mented hothe binaus grabes were any delt si dag mir lachertiche weibliche 3'ein simmeich west. dags it dags sthwerste/senseits des gestels explicit y fem v merbalb dos mentiblich y blab. wen du di ubodus geschlechtliche ertebe mit bus emore all gomen fatiges / o wirt in follo & few fatige o gels ub de mentipliche binaux alfo wirt Du trocks bart o unmenfeble. Su moger our menfehlets grund ub das gefeflockliche binauge = get v momaly aux grund emes alloomein fatges for in d- verschieden artist lag meder. Selbablable of drown for jove emyelne lage no vollcomone gullight hat wen du aux do mentiplichhunder To bander Juane do jeweilig lage obne allgemence princip/mor so lage entiprechend. Jadur wir dad lagegorate vielleicht unt verletzenung allgemein fatzen das folldi micht & febr Chmerz / Jen Jubis sa mobt der fatz. ep giebt em and orage mensoble bese am all zumensch Victory 100 m diefer menschliche genath - 15/8 - Hut ex gut / [230 wohithat der all gemen Taker. cristern. den au dealgemens sats hat sin venicht y spasse aufgefeellt word. es to vielverobe rungswundige arteit menschlich geistese mitm. monsch diesert sind nicht vermoge eines Allgement principes jenfeits de geschlachtlichtet/fondern vermoge ihro embility andie sie sie. vorter hab. The find 3 eigen embilds v wilkeur geword - y by eigen Chad extent in noth fir des geschlechtlich z'ermorn samt sie aug ihr traum z' wirklichte Crwach By voqualwoll/wiceins schlastofe nacht/ans d- diesseite das senseits z'ersub? nimli das suders. ventgegen gesetzte in mor. ap chlaicht heran we em siebe wie em giftigonebel. ve wendeme Sine sufy hoofto error o gepant find bankomt day been mike als elings to lader or abyen. griffence folance v folalog / Safepour Savon abd wird- her hors de work gerne auf/na dem jenfeits printerzufühlt erfebrecht o angewwert febre du di zurück na d- hintelbo by Schonbeit - Jems sichtbar welt. In pucker sug v verfluder slege ways fen feite dem of chonwest liest / den du weifst / ex tockel, abjohaum / unrett des menschenthieres / das se monte hour form fattert / ub bunger freige schleicht / alla Allembelte ede beschnuppert v- von de voiege bije zagrabe mer das geniefit/was foton make munde gewef. 100 mores du abo micht aufhor / [ethe micht de ettel 3 wifty-Dem die fisselte v-dem jenfeilse. Se weg y't dein- jenfeilse frihrt dur die bille v gwar dur demogang. beforementle ber bob- and lemetref-abraum bettebt ber luft millionenfa aux gestlomet ber few moorglewenschaft voder tenfel chimaerische aug hangeschilde sind alles verhafzte walles voiderliche it demegant besondere volle, une konte ex anders sem? saleandere bolle wore wenightens sepensworth ode parhatt. day i de bolle ab me. Seine bolle i auf gebant our all So ding Ble du je mit ein flu vem fußtritt aug dem beiligt um warfer won du m derne holle embritte / so dentremie / du tromes als em in Front lewend od als em stolze veractete son dorn du komir wie em dum v neugiong trotel v bestaune die brock / die vondem tiffe getall find.

du mildter wooht ingriting thun / ab" mulei Tiete du voucout die de ingriti auftett. Deine bellitete lichertiete. Wooht Jis meinemoeit. word die /weer du fluch lear! du vour exceptur / dass das fluch lebens retend is. weer du also dur die holle gapt / darf du micht veryof sall / was die au im begegnet / deine auftende morts out fruktig out en and met alle / dass deine verzeigt ode wulk errege will / ruktig out en and dadur brings du das vounde zuwege / dass i mul de blass en abste errebte. du giste de feel out of selle ve dadur ten ex ause de grountie michtig ze twas kome forwird de in and errege ze let errolft. de into worthe wolf die ven de / was du gegen who higher has verne ve ub die felle weg zielt de in faindes abe vielt die ze book blass de la kaus micht zugleie beides let de la felles se suit falles sein faindes de in was führt die vemberg ze that verne ven that ze berge vielt passe for fibrit in se dundale. die holle hat stufe.

illet det tiedt
illett. ill.
illett. illett.
illett. ille

wieverum wandered in chreebedette wiede beime son en gran abend himel worbill de sone die luft is feucht froging. zu.

me hat so eine gefell benicht vertrauens o winde aus sieht vor all for hat mer ein duge for sone die luft is feucht froging. zu.

" one no ein paar narb im gescht er tranmo bet som paar narb im gescht er tranmo le e son paar narb im gescht er tranmo le e son sone singelbent der sit lang te hat our schermes." gesch bat it habe ein grut leine sit singer pause fragt ein weile it singer pause fragt en weile it singer pause fragt er; whom ges sie?

L'i gebe no bis 3 nachte dorf wor inde herterge y übernacht gedenke.

Et i das mochto van thun abo 3'ein bett wints teame lang. Et febilis am geld? nun/wir woll fely, hab fie teeine arbeit?

(1.) sadis jest find schlecht. & war bis vor emparter bei ein schlege in arteit. ban halle erkeine arbeit netr. Jeth bin i auf do rege o suche arteit.

I' woll fie micht bei ein bauern arbeit nehm . auf balande febtig im an arbeitgieraft.

IT: de arbeit bei de bauern patit mer micht. da politipam morge friehaufflete bearbeit er februar or de lofm

I': about & lande wer do in weit schon ale mano state.

Ell: auf de lande it op lang weilig / man ficht niemand.

1: num/ex giobt do au leute ant de dorf.

ET: man hat ab teine geiftige anreg? / Die bauern find klotze.

Februh erstaunt an : was /6° will au no gensige anneg? 3 de fell do "liebe sem unterball rodis verdeni /v wan er dang elson bat/ mag er an diegenstige anneg? dente-

L'abord file mir / was fir geistige annegt hat file in do stadt? Et: man Kan abendy in d" kinematograph goty. Sap i grofjarieg/v ep billeg. man fight da aller Jungs in dewell vergebt. I'mufsandie bolle denk-/dort gidt op wohl an keinemalograph-/für diejenig-/die diefest sustitut auf end veradited vonicht hinemgieng wordake andern ihr gefilmath daran fand. I'i was but for den in Himematograph am meife interefrent Pt: man sicht abertet schone kunfte. In war env/ Se lief anden haufern binauf. eine trug de kopf unto 5 arm. en fland sogar mit in few drin o wurde nicht verbrant jadap i schoumerk voundig/was die leute alles Kour. to day went doment gentine annegs! do - day fight do merkewholig ang. trug michtan die beilig g die kopfe untermarme find nicht der beilige Franz er Ignatius au vom bod emporgeflogv-du 3 mans un feneral- : tres mehtene gotteglafterliebe wee die acta fanctorum alga en bestoriffekinemation raph of betracker? a you would on heutsutige find enfarctwax wenige must it she technits. Botrachte mem beolet mit rubre - er lett weltgeschrichte - vie? Li gewiß / Jag it febr gut gemacht bab fir fourno dorartiges gefeb ! et ja/10 fab/wie de koming von Epanien ermordot wurde. L'abodo wounde do gar most ermondet. et i nun / Jas macht michte / Jan war is holtemander von dief verflucht kapitalist konig . embat's wemoftour genous. went nuralle napue San wurde bax volle free. Vwago schou garnichti mehr 3' sag": wilholm Tell sin work von friedrich Schiller - & man steht ja sutt dra / in From paration gefchichte . emplodie teunde vom tyran mord fohlafend wilkern vertationet. wir find bei do perberge angelangt/eine banernwirt shaft - aime hallwege fautere thebe - emigerulas Tity- beam beer in do ecte . i'morrowing horrowteast or in die before ecte gelestet/wo em gewinfoltestie Em lifopende bedecht. So andere ctat is unt and life v- 5 befolieffe, ibm em rechter nachteff aufwartzu lafy er fieht me febra erwartungs voll v- hungrigan - mit fein em auge. Livoopah sie den ibrause verler"! Eli bet empriodet . i hatrabe d'andern au foton gestoch. er hat nachho 3 monate bekom . mir gab Tie 6. es unrabo schon im quetthans en wardamale em ganz neues gebande. E' babe indo schlosserei gearbeitet. man halle nicht zwoiel z'thun o do recht z'eff. das zuchtbaug i gar micht schlim. 1 phanemis um fum mes zu vergowiffern baf memand zuhort /wie i mi mit om chematin zutt. haufte unterhalte . 20 scheint as aboniemand bemerkt zu hab . i scheine da in eine sauberogogolischaft geratt y fem quett en mostille au zuebsting für bie die bei lebyeit mie dem war intrigensmuljen micht ein eigenartig schoner gefühl sein, einmal gang unt suf de bod-do wirklichte augelrugt 3 fem von woeg kem berunt of fondern boch steng no em binant gist ? wo man die gange bobe do wirielicht emmal vorfi bat? Cl'inachbolas sodan schonant de pollasto/weil man mi den landen verwies. E bin dan na Frankreis gegang / Sort war to Bon. was for bedinging tell do die stout! von dief menty lift seling lern-L'imarum hab sie den diese pringelet gehabt? The swar way eines madchens. It hat won then an unchaliches gebabt / abo i willie the himsty. Tic war four recht, nachh wollte sie dan micht mehr. i bake michte mehr von ihr gehört.

L'invie all find fix den jetst? Et: 35 worde i im frubling. I muss nur mal rechte arbeit bab / dan well wir schon berratt-I'ttrieg foton no emo . I' hab's allordings etwas suf de lunge . ab das wind fiton wied befor wend:

er bekennt ene pettig puffemanfall. I denke/dag for micht gerade glanzende auglicht or boumber imftilt dunentions optimifmus deform tenfels . na brefrache in incin smally want of bett . & pore we down = der not an fem nachtlage besieht er huftet mehrere male dan wirden fill plotet ab erwoche i wied an em unbendich frohm o ourgeln mit halberfrickt buft vermifcht. Clanfihe gofpant-kun zweifel fes is so Andere ex is william getaboliches i pringe suf vo klube mi nothartig an it office die their fame Kamo domond (their voll berein do man hear amportudet out our ptrofacte our few munde flieft emdunt 10 tromblater or billet eine lacke son bod er stabat balberfercht or buftet blutaus armil werbeby fintel abor wied zuriche i eile binge the y ftitty sto i fope sats all bereity do too brusan itinge, legt hat the without blut befudelt. meine hande starr von blut . em rachalud feuf y ent ringt for ihm. den let for alle starre em leifen nucle uberfliegt seine gliede. be dan wallen tot to rubig. wobin in a pieble in de bolle au tedestalle für die die nie and tod gedacht bab ? i betrachte meme blet starrend bande - wie wen i em mord ware... ir en met mem brudo des blutan mem banor blebt: do mond zeubnet schwarz mem schall and weif wand do Ramo wast bue i bio? Moznitiet grantige sepanspiel? is sepans fragend ne somond aled zeno was gebt endnorman! patermet Tohon Collinteres se Chant? hat er met hunderthufend in die gebrochen-Aug gelauchtet? fem ringgebing von ewig Saus IT Siefs do gawifs einerlai _ ein mabrod wenige 10 tos! Social er met J- fund there betrug dop lebongs out! Sarunis on wood or mondow gang emerleif do or wie emo von his fabri. mur wir mach davon em austreb - mit wold rocht? was hat diese Sagothan? er hat gearbeilet / gefaultenzt / gelacht/getrunk-/gegef-/gefehlaf-/ hat fem omes auge Firdas weib dabringegeb orumibretivill- ferne burgerliche chreverscherzt/sufford bat or de monthsomorphing schlecht or recht gelebt / Sie winderthat bewundert is kyran mond gelebt woon de freiteit des volles unklar setraunt : v dan _ dan is er klaste seftort - wie alle andern - das it alloemempultin . & habe mi suft-unterst grund ogetet . welche schalt- ub voerde! alle lichte lofty miletyto veryaget beit wernfamet. do tober emperog - was to komo metroda zo webtelago. diefex it eme lette waln't v- kemratfel. welche laufh konteunz an ratfol glaub mach ? wir tet Auf de pity peint von elend or tod.

in lung gefold firmer or will emlass in meme feele / also bin so y would lump, wo feath meine Immperet/walness ofte nicht lebte? to war om friet des lebens/emer/sons febrer bachte or heicht lebte. de lung war weitweg v vergeff - das leb war schwer v trub geword - & wint borte nicht mehr Auf er de lump stand in schne ve fror. i ogelle mi y'thm/den i bebert seme er macht dage lebe-leicht venfar er sibrit in die tiefe/auf de grand (woi die bebe sebe obne die tiefe babe i die bobe micht. i bin vielleicht auf de bobe /abo i worde et darum de bobe micht gewahr. c bedant Sarumden lief standers z' momo concuery - wen i vino auf do bobe bin / milige i die bobe ab vodage beste wind mir em greuel weil i'es abo wicht bab will / dass mem bostige mir 3 = greuel worke / barun wende i Telboom grend mir y grovel / undern z grenel vemano qualgere fei cheli v Tage dan / dats dem bester die 30 grenel geword - a / danist er loses du de or andere une metes la qual en ment / do van forme bobe micht mehr berunterfing kan / ir krank / fir v undern zo qual warde Seine lite erreicht har / San Tieb du deme bobe bellib dir leucht / vegapreng worth v forne/wir unerretebbar ben im gebeim mags du sie liebe no micht erreich darum ersebeint siedir un= erreichbar. Su liebras nandi / su' in de zeit demos Kefflandes / Same bobe z' preif- v-dir vorzu (ag/das du mur mit schmerz sie golas bakes/von solangomicht lebtes/als dusie misses. gute fille / die der beinahr zennern natur geword is/ gebietet der/ To 3' red - du weifst abo/dasses micht water it fo games im grunde.

Ant dem tieffand unterscheider du die in nichts mehr von dem menschenbrudern. schame die micht vo bereue es micht den ind da dag leb dein brudeleb vo inder miedrigtet beruntergebs/

Fright on and in d'hally from bor allgemein lebens wood might mehrem singulo auf hop berge fordern einstifunts floh for first unto frogen bes. Same bobs to dem signa bors for onwhise caport. Dort bis du im singulain or labo dem eigenster leb. wood a dem signafer leb. Leb. to lebe du nicht das alloemen ne leb welder namb das internationale mie aufhorende is das lebe do geschichte u de unverlierbar nie vertoren last vous do menschip. Dort lebe du dass fortivalmende sem libe nicht das werd. das werd de gesport of hobe ver geschools. We teath du wood werd de nicht of de arum bedanf du des liesstandes den dort wire du voen du in dan liesstande dasse alloemeine lebe lebe dan word du dem selbe gewahr. woon du auf de me botte bis dan bis du dom bester selbe gewahr nicht ab des lies du im alloemeine lebe als seiend bis. was manals woondond it weeft manne auf de lobe ab it die ein bild aufterlie wird. du une nande ein z'en find aarum lieb wir de liesstande mobe sewenge wir wiff word!

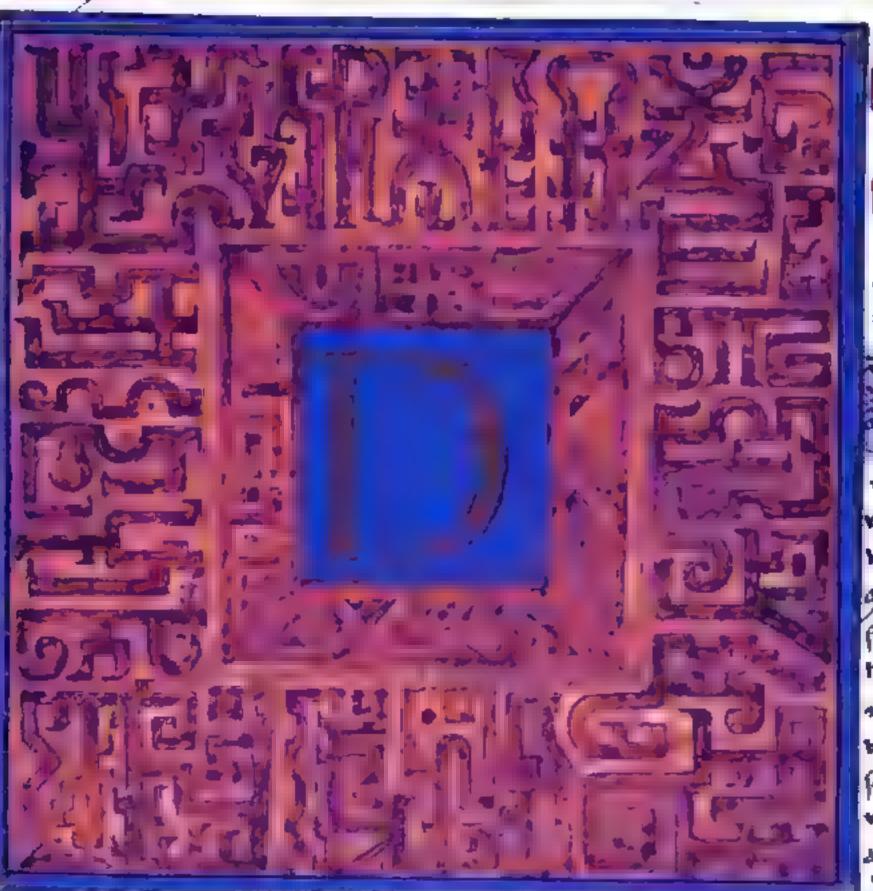
bugs worr als seiende sind darum lieb wir de lies stand micht obspon od vielmehr gevade weil awir einzag dort Klarres wiff von une selbe orlang. de woondend is alles ratselfast dom seiend nicht war na ratseln lewet bestende sind seiend nicht war na ratseln lewet bestende sind seiend.

stody ander man for freut

Busen ale do/do du bet/et bad do undovergabure - dass som des tiefstandes it kem unbedingtes behaver form dern em unembli langames waobelbure du moint stille y steb "hois sumpfreasso du ergesses de abolana sam inge mer das aborablis ende an d'tiefft-stell-bedecket v-sogross is das feste land mer wie eine Infel er Cheint eingebettet in it Chof unermefflich mere als am tropf des mêres nimer du theil an tinong athernange, ou wander in unmerklich (troms wate Breck or bespile fremde kuft or weigt micht! wie du dort him kanner mit de ung den groß sturmen bebedudt emper o rauscher wiederum midie tiefe v-du worfst nicht/wiedir geschieht. vorho darfter du/dass deine beweggang dir levine v-dasseg deine entsoblige vantrenoung bedarfe/Samit du di beweger von de stalle nomer abount alle. austrengs wares du me z'jon bowegg v-z'son gogond geterm /z'den dag mer v-dograffe wind do walt de bringt auf endlof blan-flach verfinkt de in Schwarzhiche het leuchtende fifche zich an die vorube ivandertiches gent umrantet dis du schlipf dur feult er dur schlingende schwankende dunkelblattinge pflang vodage mer knomt di wiederum empor in bellgrine wafo suf weitsfandige kute vene mallé fibliant de auft ufo de fibliable de miede zurnale ou eine geglittate braile more hobt de Fanftomporo-Fithet di water now flach o-tief or Ellingond plang or langtoneringing fifth or Langform Coplante Coplanie polyper grun - water o weif funde o bredenis brandungs wage. pour fermeable lanchtet in goldow lichte dir Seine bobe überp met wied mond / de de fluth entfreigt / v - Su. wir bein felle von ferne gemahr. 2-800 schmucht fast die orde wille z'eigene bewood. Du wille fom ubo som fem y word / den dubar op erkant/was da sathm des mètes se v fem [trom / das di partin or dort for fabret / wo da mirgende hafter or feme work / bie de an fremde relite workt or de wide emstbluctet or himunte or himanifgurgelt. In faber/ Safice dage let des ganz war worde tod jedos em zeln". Da fublico du di vom allgamen talumfiblung form tade un lieffe orte d'arde from tote indemocigen. ondervarathmend-v- [Eromend-tiefe. ob- Su febrer Si hinsus / veryweith v- websang faff-di mall. Buf tode so langtamathmet or every bin or wider fromt - site siefe belt or Sunteeln / warm law or kall was alle diese wering Bournkond schlingend pfranzenthiere or threepstang alle diese nachtig. wounds woond diry grace or on februs di na force ma bell trocken luft /na feft the /na ber [thintwort we genade line mar un bewegt - v- [c fige ballen /na regel v- vorgedacht - ywech! na conzelfem ve con ab ficht.

Indonacht kam mir die ertresstniß som tode/vomwelt unfaßend-sterb-. i filpswie som in De tod binemleb-/swie dass sebwankende geldene korn zrufam sintet unt-de somse dess sebuilters

wie mis glate mere more ant or france wer im all gemein leb (tabt wind mit seprect des todas gewahr day troubt ibe die tobersang nas dramgelfom er lebt bert wicht ab erwird das lebens geweber ve front jo den In congelfent to or en wer bende u- pat de tod abornomet en abornoment de tod bur die inbornomet desallemen lebens. me engelfen lebt ernicht den er ir nicht wag er to aborro bed. ein wordend wind dags lebenge gentality emferend nie, detier it mit in let arbater for hohe w besterniget from un destebente gentality unen Dr. im let sto wird erden Berbens gewahr. or ex it gut Datish des allement tales gundriore de tidamonts Du wormdern emzelfein wodonie hohre gut find. deine hohre to wie do mand / do lauftend einfam wandert wo Swightlandie nachte durchbliekt. Dipweil-verbill erft maan birdu gang im dunkeldeerde abointe. socied organization To bise go willing belle. Sage forto-do orde is if on freezed ex fort was forme days lab-downly Lepomperocot a-klar operand intend Junt a oper trament were lewennoundesperante for fort swight or it done infame blace light dona cht / Sameningeliver wodays natestrick doewight. worm ilmant teb du tall o unbewegt o traplend mit fenfette pleanestichte v-grunen demerung. ubergieffer bu dass ferne grant. In fichres soboders blick it klart kalt deine bande find roth von. lebondig blute abody mondicht domos blicken to unbewegt as was lebongs blut Jomes bruders TA/05 ET Nomingmen blut / ab dom blick blood lauchtand w-unfafft dass games dop growings or dierrandung Decroe and fillows mor rule down blak and formers gipfels and blace thillow for dupor middeday Stopmer hout des montchenthiones . Demand totale dema feele giong 30 monde/30 bemalo defeel; fagteng die fede zo tode ein . C'gieng med mern tod or fab / dass ausseres statte bossofa absimentad. in ? befohlofs / suff 3' fort " " is z'leb. sarune wande tome was a furble die statte destinarn lebones.



er anach oret-capiv dies-i-

pur some suf new plat the form for the first such that the following the state following the following the state following the s

Edie pur 3º andern leite sie sobem sufranjams somb sind alle stalbuerwebte pur Everfolge sie aufmerte.

am: sie solg-wiederum de abbang de dûne mun mind sie meme andere pur ein - abe est vote ::

2. Fore & bro vato?

A. du stor micht, abonene mi nicht vat. I' bin ein menfruie du was ir dein begebro?

L'. L' Rome obne begehr. L' bin von obrige fabrandile stelle de wlifte gekom ve fand dort ob spur im sand die mit im kreise herum zu die sübet.

A du fander die spur meines alltastich ganges yr zeit bomongenräthe v-zo zeit de abendröthe. Li verzeihmin/wen is deine andacht unt broche/es er ab eine settene gelegents sür mis/bei dir z' sein. is habe mos nie ein Anachoret geschre

At du leatirmat aboutite in dief Hale nicht wenige feb. die ein hab. put nie i /sondere wohn in de grabern/ Die die alle in diefe felfen gehöhlt hab. I wohne zuoberr im Hale / weil es hier am einfamfe vo [tillst-ir/ . me bie die ruhe de winfie am nächste habe.

Liber du schon lange bo :

a: i leke pi foit violle cept mehre febre sab wirtele / i kañ mi nicht mehr genau ent fiñ /wie lauge ex ho G. es kont au emige jabre mehr lein . Die meit vergeht foraf.

l'as kont-au emige jabre metrieon. de reit vergeht foraf. La die reit vergeht die raf : wie ve daze mogli t dem leb muß furchtbar emtonio fem

1. gewelf vangelet die gest neur vaf. wiet z' vaf fogar. du schemt em beide z' sem?

1: 17 nein - nicht gerade. i bin im obriftlich gland auf gewacht.

1 mun wie kant du den frage obmir die zeit lang worde? dan mußt du ja wiff wornit eine beschiftigt it lang wird die zeit nur dem nußiggen geen.

1: vorget mir wiederune, meme neugier togroff, wormt beschäftigt du di den?

Q: bet du ain kind ? fier's erfec ficht du do? dasse bio lose /v dan babe i meme regelmatique restembles

L'aber se se page michte would du di pie beschaftig konter. die see hu' must du do' schon ofters ganz ger los haber. v' won ea fuie t' verment be de vangeli sind so trait du se do' gewis schon augmendig.

Ai wie hindle sprich du! du voist do' das man embir victe meate les trait villent kant dues sa augmendig or soit du verd dis son die vor dir liegend yet wird amblicke sprovise dinge neu exsterin do es word dis son ganz neue gedante kont die du zuver micht batte sjeden wort kan zeugend wirk in dein guise. v vollende wen du das pur sir eine worde ommal weggelegt bar ver die numen nacht dom geie unterdes dur verschiedene wandlung hindurchgegang i dan wird dir mehralgein neue liebt ausgele.

Lidas kañ é februar begreif epstebt do iñanur em v dasselbe imbuebe/geveis em vounderbaro/tiessmigg Jasogar göltliche inbalt/she do miest so rei; dasser ungezählte jabre füll-könte.

Or du bit entrante voie liefer du den diefex beilie bu? ficht du that schie nur im och - o-denfelb-

Findarin ? webokering du ? bubir wabroaftig em beide.

L'é billedé sum es mer met ubel went é wé embede role la firme mer mit dir rol. é bin hé sun vondir y lem betrachte mé aboungeifend fobile déau bin indief ding.

A went i di beide nene sobetrachte dief nicht ale schimps Aus i war frite em peide ve dachte wie i mis

Worth erritore/genau fo wate du mote team to dir alfo deine name ffeat wordender!

L' t' dandes dir für deine geduld est liegt mit ab viel daran/7'wif5/wie du liefe*/v was du aus d'
buche peraus richt.

Ai deme frage it nicht leicht z' vanlinort. ein blind die farb z'erklar it leichte. vorall mußt du tines wiffe: eine reihen folge von wort hat micht bloß eine fin die mensch streb ab dana 'd wortfolg murein einzig sin z'gab måndt um eine umzweidentige speache z'hab die fireb it wellt vobesche met von gehört z'b tiefern stuf den göttlich schopferplanen auf de bohen stuf do ainsicht in die göttlich ges dank erkent du staf die wort solg mehr alse ein gullig sin hab. allein de allwissend it en gegeb salle sin do aben tolge voi ben sin sen sollie sin de sollein z'er gegeb salle sin de sollein sin de soll

L'iven & di recht verstehe someme du sassau die pedig schrift des neu bundes ein doppelt som entensier we ein esterisch im hab som einige judische gelehrte ex von ihr beilig buebern behaupt.

A. die puble abergland fer mir ferne. C'merke bu ber gang unerfahr me gottlich ding.

1. Frank meine thefe unwifent indie f ding zugeb. at t' bin begiong y'erfahr vy verfteb was

Du unto do mebrfacto fin do wort folgo denter.

Oi c'em leide micht im stande / hir alles was to beven weiß of lag. abe towell versich bir wenigsens die clemente klarz mache, bazu will i diesmal beine wewisend weg / but em andern seile begie:

du must nambi wis ois / bas i' bever i' mit de christenthum bekant wurde / em rheter e philosoph in de stadt Alexandria war. i' halte groß zulauf venstudent / Sarunte viele rome / au "war einige barbar darunte aux galli e brillani. i' lobre sie nicht vur die geschichte de griechische philosophie/ sudernau die neuern systeme / danner aux das siste best bile / be veir de suder en en en var einsche kopf ab phantastif abstract wie en die suder of sein pfleg won sie systeme mache e dann var einsche seinen voorte. i' hat dazu von meme eigen es stacht ein abscheuliches wortenspiese zustame / im de i micht mur meme hare / sudernau mit selbe verstrichte von schwelgt übel in voort veraum / nuser eigen Jamerlich ereatur for mass ihne selbe gestliche potens zu. sa/wir glaubt soon au ibre wirklichtet ver vernemt / das gibliche z' busie, ver nivort sessen zu. sa/wir glaubt soon au ibre wirklichtet ver vernemt / das gibliche z' busie, ver in wort sessen zu. sa/wir glaubt soon au ibre wirklichtet.

1: Ab Philo Indiana of humanir do seef wardo ein errollhaft philosoph we ein groß den ko / we feller devangeler Ichanes hat es micht verschmalt senige gedankr des Philo ins evangelen berübe inship ash du har recht: das todas verdienst des Philosephia trats semacht mie sonice andere philosophe.

er gebort 3'd- practionaftern. at die worte foll micht 3' gottern werd.

It he verfoche is dis micht. heefst on micht inn evangeliem na I dranen : gott war das wort mir forent/

At bute di fem sklaved worte z' sem . hi o e dage evangeliene : lies von sen stelle an /works beist in

It was bet was don light do mancy - was hight chain in do finfamily or die finfamily batogenicht begriff.

25 wounds about mens / Abor findt von gott / mit nam I obation / his beam z - zenomit / vam zu zeug vom light.

dass was traftige light / welches jed mensch orlenchtet / war: der Jakom pille in die welt er wort not on twelt / war: der Jakom pille in die welt er wort not on twelt / war in die welt (o dur ibngewood / v - die welt bat ibn nieht ertaant - das i es / was i hielese, abo was meine du Jawon?

Ai & frage de / war hefo/1000 em begriff / em wort ? er war em licht / em menf fogar or hat untomens for gewohnt. In siehr / Philo hat de Tohanese mur dase wort gelich " Jamist Iohanese met de worte licht/au? mo dase wort / 1000 / 30 verfüg halle / unn de menschenschung zu beschreib bei Iohanese wind die bedout des 1000 de lebendige mensche gegeb / bei Philo abo word de 1000 dass lebe dase göttle siche lebe sonar de tot begriffangemaasst. domnt gewint dase tole teem lebe ve dase lebendige wind gestotet, ve dase war au mein abscheuliche verthum.

1: 6 febe/was du memo. diefo gedanke ir mir neu vo febeint mir do ilbertagt worth mir febienes bisto

ting Alachgembe deals day sincered bui I change wine ball do mentioned do 10000 to hid er so day niedrigere 3" bothern gentligg / 3' do welt des 10000 exholt. Du subjer mi abodarant lie sache une gelectriz set interdet dass I schance die bedeut 3 dass 10000 gromensch himmet bringt.

at lernte emfeh / Safi Tobanies fogar dage große verdient bat Sie bedaut de en 1000 C fogar y-menfor bere

sufgebracht z'hab.

L' du par merkwurdige ansieht / Die meine neugier auf z hochste ffer. wir tres ! du denker das

menschliche Itele bobo ME S-105003

Miant dies frage will to in valour Deines begroufens anteport : wen de mentiche gott nicht üb alles wordtig gewest widre /o ware erword als John nicht im sleef fondern im NOTOC ossender geword.

Lides landstot mir ein /abo o gesene / diese austasse somir überraschend. es i mir besondere enstaunti / dass du sein ehristlich amasporet. Ju solch auseicht gese om bir i habe solches von dir nicht erwartet.

Aidu macht dir /wie i stron bemertete eine gang salsche vorstelle non mir von nacht erwartet.

Aidu macht dir /wie i stron bemertete eine gang salsche vorstelle non mir von main over. Du mage bier in ein selestet mein obestisses sein den sollten du woist over habe i viele jabre zugebracht. Dat du an schou einne al unegeleval? mundan sollten du woist voist overlange man dazu brancht. Vi war ein lehro / do in sein of sade ersolg halte ovie du weist lern solche leute schoo odogar nicht une do / i sche / die seit er untervogang. bald wind as ville nacht sein nacht is die zeit des schweisens. i o will dir dein nacht lago amvoeis. do morgo branche i o meine arbeit abo na do mittag kant du wiede o mir kom / won du wille / dan woll wir uns gesprä sortset.

er führt mi aus de büke heraus, das that ir in blan schalt gebüllt. schon fun helm die erst ster: ne am himel. er führt mi um die echte eines selsens : wir steh verd eingang eines grabos/ das in de stein gehöhlt is wir tret ein : nicht weit vem eine ang liest ein mit malt gedochte bauf wonschilf. daneb steht ein korns wast want eine weiß tie lieg gelivekneie dalleln weinschwarzes

brot-

A hier it dein lage or dein nachtmaps. Ethafe was or vergifi dem monoengebet nicht weit ji die forie erhebt.

I er emfame rochet in naenbliche worlfe woll schreckliche schöndt er schaut das gawze or de mernstier.

I lem it dass maninfaltion verhaut weit ihm nabe. er schaut es von serne im gamz-darum liest ihm silberno glang verscele or schöndt übed a maninfaltion, was ihm nabe it smussemfa sein veransistelle on de nabe zureist verdurebet de silberne glang. es darf teine trabe de luse seen dunt vertein nebel um ihn sein sont tean er das sone maning sallinge im gang micht ausschau. Darum liebt de einsame vor alle die route swalles mächste ein.

sallinge im gang micht ausschaue. Darum liebt de einsame vor alle die route swalles mächste ein.

das leb des einsam ware kall/wen nicht die große sone ware/welche luft v felf-glüht. die sone v ihrewig glanz ersetzt dreinsam die eigene lebenswärme.

sein herz lechzt na sone.

er wandert na d'landern d'soue-

er traumt vom flittlernd son glanz/von heiß rot stein die am millag lieg vom goldigheiß strall-des trocken sandes.

de einsame sucht die sone ve keine is so bereit she sein herz z'offne wie er-darum liebt er vor allem die wüsse/den er liebt ihre tie-

se rube.

er bedarf wenig nahr? den die sone vihre gluth nahr ihn datum vor all liebt de einsame die wüsse den sie is ihm eine multz die zischer stunde nahr? spendet v belebende wärme in de wüsse is de einsame de some entbobe v darum wendet sie all seinsche nach sproßend gart seine sele die nur unte eine heist so nie zige deib vermög in sein gart wacht die köstlich wih früt die unte gespaüle hant schwellende süßigkent bergt du meine deinsame sei arm du siebe nicht daß er unte beladen sie ibervolle wildliche blütbe v die strüchte berst sam troßend knospe die übervolle wildliche blütbe v die strüchte berst sam von presend läste drungend same auf eine bandende barse hopsen von sein bann v unte sein süssend bricht drungend same auf.

weñ die sone wie ein ermaltel vogel auf die stäche des mêres niedersinkt/so hillt si deinsame ein v hält drath an v regt si niedt v i nur erwarts/bis das wund derneuer des lichtes in

ost emporsteigt.

üb vole kössliche erwarts is im einsam-

die schrecke de wüsse ver de dür verdurste umgebeihn ver du begreiste nicht wie de einsame lebekansemange aberuht auf degart ve sein obrlanseht dequet ve seine hand berührt samtne blatte ve frückte ve sein alle zieht süße düste

ein von blulb reich bannrein)

er kañ es dir mich sag-so ûb voll is die pracht sein gart ser stamell/weñ er davon spricht/v-er erscheint dir arm an geis v-leb z ab seine hand weiß micht/wohin sie greif- soll in all de unbeschreib

lich fülle.

et giebt dir eine kleine unscheinbare stucht/die gerade vor seine süsse gesall-i- sie erscheint dir werthlos/wen du sie ab-betrachtes so sieb-du/daß diese stucht eine sone schweckte/von dedu dir werthlos sweine von dedu dir werthlos traum-liese- sie albinet ein-dust/welche dein sin verwirt ver siese traum-macht von ros gart-vesit sin de hand ver undehmer des bannsteht/veste des bannsteht/vestes diese diese diese diese bannsteht/veste sone/die diese gart-zeugte.

wandelt v sein blick auf hängend blüll taub rub v seine gartnd hundert fälliges korn strisen v sein ally die düfte von

taufend rof trink laßt.

maltvonsone v-krunk von gåbrend weine leg du di 3° ruhe in utalt gråbern/der wände vielstimig vielsarbig von lansend vergangen son sahr nachkling.

wen du wachs/sosiehs dualles lebendig wied was se war v-

weñ du schlast soruh du wie all das was se war v deine tra ume hall lesse wied von sern tenyelgesang.

du schlaff himunt dur die tausend son jahre verwache wiede um himanf dur die tausend son jahre vedeine trämme voll alle kunde zier die wände deines schlassemaches.

dusseh-au de imganz-

It filze v lebre di an die wand v-februs es an las februs ed levelle ganze. Die Juma liest worde wie une ein bu v vino unfagbare ge e efafit di los que van fallent em liebt hie v da fallene frucht vom bob brum die du greef leans hie v da ftôfit den fuf auf gold. Aboung is ex men dues mit di ganz vergle sebs das greef an mobe vordie ausgebreilet liest? du frecht dense hand aus fie bleibt abo municht, bar gefrift hång. In wille es genan feb aboab fabret fi elwas tribes w undurchfichtiges dazunif du mochter dowon em fluck dir haraus reif; es is abo glatt w undurchdringlichtiges dazunif finkt du rinch zo wand v west du dur alse glubbeif twoel do verzweif lungshölle hindurgeletrich bir fi ster du window or lebro di zincht die plant das windo do fuma 'bie vondie aus gobreilet leest, hie v da flack extem licht hie v da fillt eine frucht es it dir alles z' wenig . Abo du fing an biz; begning wachter do fabre micht die darübo vergeb verze find jabre? was it etlende zeit d'ount "de baunce filzt?

1016 ein lufthand vergeht deine zeit v du warter auf das nachte liest /auf die nachte frucht.

Le schrift liegt voor die agt sino dasgelbe wer du de morte glaube wer du abo an driege glaube für die me worte gescht sind so kome du nie grende. We do musset du die endose strasse de macht die bange den grend-lesset is surcht du begrengt ondern auf unbegroupt wege. Die grend-lesset de macht die bange den grend-lesset is surcht du grende wersche den grende wersche du grende wersche du grende wersche de surcht du micht in a unendliche hinemtanmelne die verliers. Deschränke wind die unertasset. du schröse na de wort word die eine bedeut? hat we trome andere dannit du de grenzenlop werden tie entries. Las wort wird die ged de mensche die verde ungablig maglichkeit de deut? das wort. It schitzende zaube geg die daemon des unendliche die denne sele hinamsveis win alle winde. Over wolle. Du bit erlot word word ungablig maglichkeit de deut? Das word. Over wolle. Du bit erlot word worde das verne das du sprichedase zaube wort. Undas grenzeles in endlich gebant. Darum such worte worte.

De de wall des wortes brieft (tierst gibt on schadat tempal. Do emfame to en mordo, ex mordet das well) de si erdentet on brieft danni alte gebeiligte mauern er ruft die doemen des grenzenlos pereim.

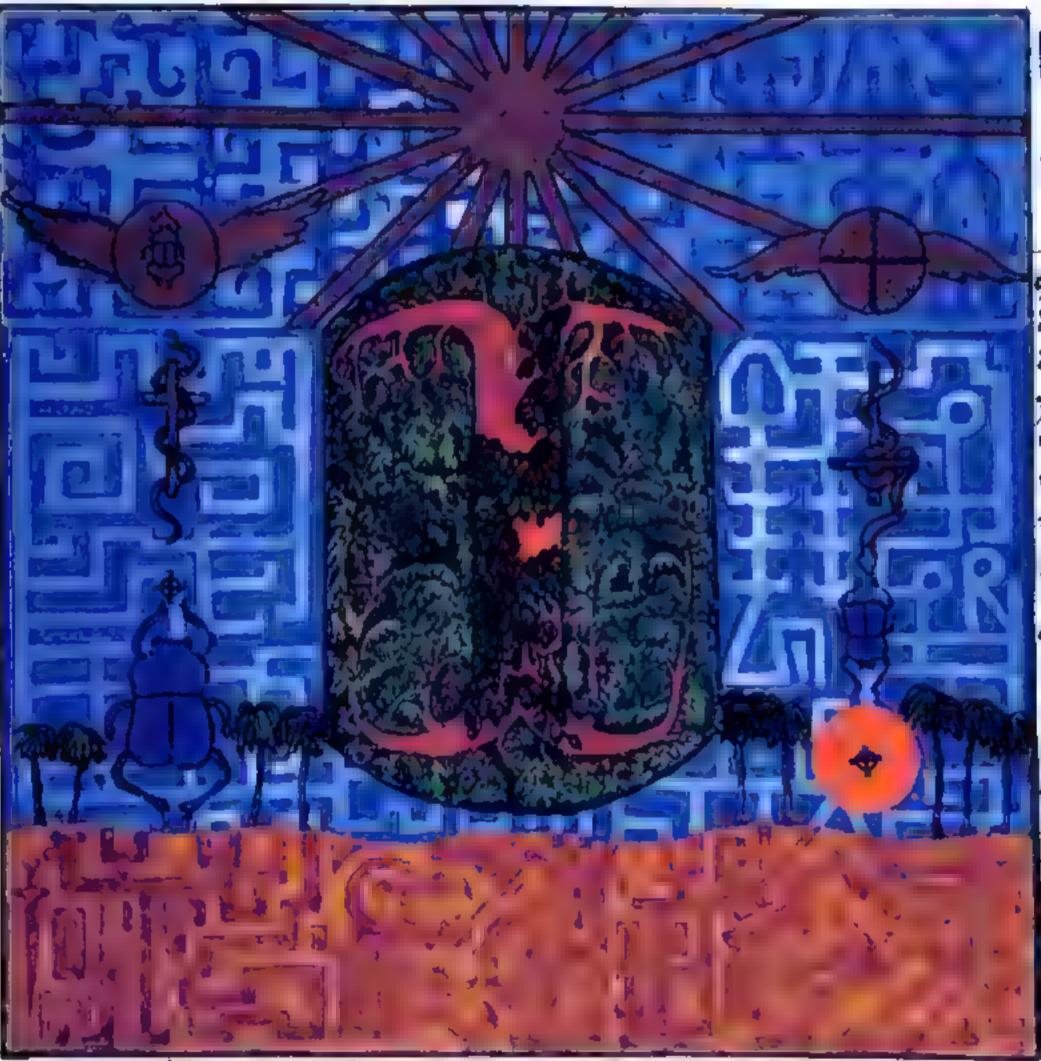
"er sibt lebut si zinick on schaut on bort micht das stope de menscholie de surchtbare seurge ranse gesaft hat en do hand du micht die neur worte sind ween du micht die alt worte briefer. abonie mand sillalle worte briefer er sinde den dass neue wort welchen ein sesson son das grows lose on mehr lebum si sage das grows lose on des wort von en en ont sie mens ont sin de alt menschole. Domenson bleibt derselle went du draman neue go to wortido schaffer er bleibt ein nachabano. wore wort war soll mens word. dass wort spus die welt or war ebo alse die welt es le uchtete wie ein licht in do sinsterniss on die sinsterniss begreift lan worm sand sage die sinsterniss begreift lan worm sand sage licht lass die sinsterniss micht begreift abo deine sinsterniss soll das licht ersaft.

De wortget so kall on be vor leuch let von serne wie do mond valselhast on uneversich von lass dass wort zie sent soll soll das vort zie sent soll son uneversich von lass dass wort zie sent soll soll das vort en sinsterniss soll das vort en sinsterniss soll das soll soll das soll soll das sollen soll soll das sollen s

Fredther of the completing court de freternits begreift nicht des wort workende menfilm fateerynist the little of freternits begreift nicht des wort workende menfilm/safeerynist the little de freternits nicht vom nort hernet zo menfilm/ fordern wom wort hand zo menfilm/ das begreift die fresernits die fresernits in derne mette the geraemt ehrstwecht den die meette it gestahete. The best macht wo de fresernits in derne gebarerin. ehre die frestoret den das licht/ so erleuchtes du den fresernits.

Det du die finsternis begreift so ergreift sie de state ibe de wie die nacht mit blan schalle wurgig, ing schimernd stern. Groeig ver friede kome ibe de soon du anstenge die finsternis y begreif.

mur wo die finsternis micht begreift, fürzihich die nacht dur das begreif des finstern nachtig abgrüng die in die wort du gang einfar. v du schieber di an / 3 schale dur die jahrtinsende won schlift benaunt sin de schieft de sant de seine weinde kling van all tempelgesting. Den das ein das einfache wert das inte wort, schweig von blane nacht breit si übe di bernoch du in grabe de sahrtinssende transe.



ap.v.

thermache/belling althout. doft. sme nedst/eme way dorlide made in Ferryto. zatantick liest bintombe. in water from mount war I twas tiskumta. min ! more com seen for Hand? of it mirrala hat to college mentispers. on office british golds. utobourforebend fore. got bleng [pros 2, suit. was faste es 7 cf (pras bell 5 / do in duntals. ir detto to it who from CA MONE ATTE DELLE weif mit golden ligth se Blook d' Tomenwag. berouf barrant thank Helios mit lovered?

panglé. i pand da unt in de schlucht enstaunt e ensprecht tausend shuarre shang vertevech si eilonde in the lind. Helios ship tolende unte pande billend indie billende billende billende billende billend familiebe partie betrande billend fener betrande billend famouise gestern abend; very is dem morgangebet nicht weit si bille si billende billende beimbillende billende billende

Drougs ethet firem frijer morgenwind. Gelbe find riefelt in fein aborn and felf herante die rothe debut fir wood himel or i fehedie erst straht pinant chief or from ament feier liche stille or einstamt tringe um dort liegt eine große endechse auf de stein or barrt de sous. i stehe wie gebourd or erimere mit mulham anall dass gestinge or besondors and as suras Amoning saste wie saste er do? " das die noort olg viels wing seir 'e das I banes de 10000 or mensch pinant gebrucht babe. das klingt de nicht eigentlichen der stehe ist er weileicht ein gnostike? nein lass schein met numögli den des

war webt die Coblimit alle woortgotes aubeto/wie erwoods fag wirde.

De lone — was erfull mi mit fol merm jubel? mem morgen gebet foll i mett værgef — about. Abbe i men morg gebet? hebe fone i habe kem gabet / sen i werf mit / wie man di amuf mufs.

Jett habe i zo fone gebetet. Amoning abomeinte do "world i folle bei lage nambru" z gut bet en waff

wordnicht — wir bab jakeine gebete mehr. wie foll er eine abus hab von unfero nacht! o armab?

wormd ben die gebete hingekom ? hir foht fiemer. das muf world and wirfte lies tie fohemtas.)

folle en gebete geb. is den dife wufte fo befonders fohlim? is den ke mot fohlim abs unfere stalle.

abo warun bet veir dort nicht? I muft zo fone feb / wie wen fie elwass danist z thun hålle. a / wr:

alte toanne do menfely! / man kan ibornie entris.

than worde i thun dief pany lang more; I begreife night wie Amoning diefes let an mitter Jahrlang aussgebalt bat. I gopo am our softwateret fullbut auf war of fetz mi schließit auf our self ibloots. Normir stop em par gelbe grass da knicht ein kleine dunkle kase w schiebt eine kingel vor se ber em Skarabaeup. Du libes teleines throret both normin au do arbeit dem schon mythus gulet. wie errishast w unverlooff er arbeitet batter du nur eine ahn! davon dass du matt my. Thus auffilher du stinder worlde von deme phantasterei wie von mensignes auf ausgeb hab mythe. Lopie & fielt das un wirtelische wird em y ekel. es klingt ywar audies vole ser markwündig was to sage of gute Amonius ware genist most damit einerstand. was suche den eigentle hie ? nom/s will most im voraus aburtheil "dan i' habeno' nicht einmal wirteli vorstand ware ereigentli? meint er pat sen technist worsten scholt of best of sage of the part sen belehr wollte. ab e i' salle mi' wiede einmal tentis war sut for dans show the best worst auf auf auf de best woose mostis y lern. seine gedante sind gar nicht so when sind sage gut. i' weiß nicht surum

100 kafo/wo bir du bin / Cofebe dis micht mehr - ob/ dort drub bir du fibon mit demonythisch-Rugol. diese theory- bleib do gang andere bei de sache/we wir - kem zweiseln /kem umfall-/keis

314 30gorg, Romit dags works dalo / bath for three mythings leb ?

lieb scarabaeus/mein val si verebre di /gesegnet sei deine arbeil in ewight am-

Was vede i für unstin? E bete ja ein thier an - dass muß and withe lieg. fie sebent unbedingt gebete I Fordern.

Wie schon er es his! die rethische sarbe do some er woundethar/sie schom die gluth von hundertlansend wormang to some wieden die se same urungehow vou nie explant worden some some worm of some worde vou nie explant forme, wo wart du mens / in sen tage 1 auf des warm sande lage / ange schmiest / wie kinde an diennette / deme sendbast with vorabur.

omult stein fliebe dieh an dein warm körp geschmiest liege i/dein spätes kind-gesegnet seier du/uralle multdem is mein herz v-alle herrlickeil v-kraft-am-

was nede i's dags war die wife. wie erschemt mir ales so belebt! dieso ert is waln't i mose penerlis. diese Teme-find dags steine ! se scheme sis 650 mit ubelegg zufam gefind og hab. sie sim auf goverlet toucem beerzug. Le pabrilé gleichmafin aboestre st/große gebremzeln/die klum fute de luderofameling of time that die dogrof vorange gett - his bild Sie freme flat.

traume i od wache i' es to haif - hie fone (test fihon ho - we eit die link ! waso baftin do mong is fa Chon work on v voice entraintes war er! to en de forte abo find en diese lebendies steine ado it

es die wifte von de mir de kopf funit?

de gebe that an france what there is words butte box anadoret. er tital out feins make in tie fex fixen wer.

12 mem vato bio bin is

a: vois bat du dein morg verbracht?

1': i woundorte mi / als du gestorn sagter/die zeit vorgebe dir vas. i frage di mitot mebro woundow mi-micht mehr darübe. i pabe viel gelernt abo do nicht foriel / daß du mir micht no ein größeren ralfel waves als varyo. was must be exter in do wiste winder bero men ! 3' dir mill figur die thine

predofreno mi / dass du etwage com lob des anachovet constet gelevat har das sourd unsere sources aufgabe or location. it will me most in deine geheimniffe embrang / abo it fuble / dass du aux emo

fremd well kome / die mit memo well nichte 3' thun hat.

1. du priche water. De bis pro em fremding/fromde als de je em gofet har, felbr em man von Britan. Es fernst kuste stimbe dir nate als in babe darun med 10/meiste/v-lass nu ando quelle deme weight Frinker. obglet unge durftende wufte umgiebt/flieft bot dir ein unfichtbare floom lebendig wafferst-

a: but du dem gebet verrichtet? E's meiste/vergide/ & babe gefrecht/abo & fam learn gebet - do traunte 60/ dass 60 zo an sgebend- forme bete. 1 beleumere de necht doghalb. won du keine worte fande / 6 bat do dome fale unaup foredhiche worte ge

fund ben suggety to tag y begriff. 1": abo es war em powentapos gebet 3 Helios.

at lass der daram gening.

. L'abor babe o meite moit mor in traum y forte fondorn in mano felloworge fit and y Scarabaenge

vigo ense gebetet. 1 windowed to the michty for any lease fall revertheile od belago ex. Lag my an he arbeit gely moch ter du atione frag ibo unto gestrages gespreach?

L'i s'unt bra di softernale de son Philo praches, du wollte mir ortelar / was de unt o de vielfe do fitte do wood folge wood belor.

1. num will i dir mont er gable / wie i sue de Chrechtich unschung de wortgespiesse befreit wurde : est hametunal em freisola sono menue valers 3'mir/de mir set mone kindst zugethan war ve spraiz'mir pragte: Amonings / geht es dir gut?

gewiff lagte if he sich i bingdebel or habe groff erfolg.

: i meme/ber du gludelis ve lebr du ? Placete: Su figo ja/ da f alles gut fast. Darrouf fagte do alte: 5° (ab/vois du wortef) hieller. In sopriour beforet 7' sem unedage wortbeil deine -- where du storbier geistreiche scherze ein 'uned- bereen 7' gesalt. In häuster gelehrte redengedetumendruck auf fix y mast du wares unrubie v baftis voir went du ne allege wift andis 3' raff- balle - du birnicht in dir felle. de chon mir die se woode guerr lachetie vorkam formacht sie mir do endruck & i margited

Alt witherwilling rocht gab dest or batte recht. Dafagte et: liebe Amoning (i' babe dir eme Köfeliche kunde: Dott i'm (em folme fleif gewood u-bat uneal-erlog gobracht. was spricht du vet if du meine wohl Ofires d' in sterblich leibe explain foll? nem/figto erbarant/diefo man lebte in Tudaca o war son emo jungfran gabor. I lachte no autworteto: & weif febon/em judifely handle bat he kunde von unfer jung frankone gin bear bill du an der wand ernig unfero tempet (ich /na Tudasa gebracht or dort sig march uzskje. nem/beparte de alte/enmarde some gottex. date moine du word Horage /d- Commage Ofinga? outworkete is. new for war rudby Honge / forserveto withlich ments v wurde an eine krouge auf gebingt as San memor du worth Bet / doff- be fraf mefere alt of berneftell babde alle also blich bet feine ibezongs or fagit : er tr gefterbe e- am dritt- tage auforfrant. num but it as dos Ofine / fagto i darnet ungesuldes. men rief or ex bief Define der gefallite. a fumoine blog sief judifch- got / b dags medore volk am baf sorebet v def unfaubere my freven fre in keller foren. conver em menti vodor Bottes foton / (agte dealle vo fab mão fare an Sap to unfin / liebo alto / Cagte is or Copob then yo theire himaus. Aboute en copo su for foloward weederbolt for de worte in mir: em ment o-do gottes fobm - es Tokon mir bedout fam / or die figo wort war exp dags mis 3 don't tenthum get most hat 1' abodenter du most bas dags obristanthum som ande do ame une gastalt que o acquiptifely lefor For konte? 11: went du fagt / dass unfore alt- lebr wennige troffende aux drieder für dass christenthumwary dan Prime to die Cobonebo zu. L'i ja abonime du den un / dest die gestichte de religion out em endriel gerichtet set? a: mem vato Hanfle emmal auf do martet em februaroz - stelar aus de gegand de nelquellos. er. Hamans emo lande / Jage wede von Ofiris no je von emo andern unfere gette gehort hat /v-er erzählte mer dinge (die in eine einfachern (prache dassabe fagt - / was noir van Ofing v d-andern gottern glaubt. i bate verteb- galerat / das jene ungobildet- nego unwifend chan das meifte befast was his religion to cultiviert volles you whendet-lebre entwident hab. wor also sene sprache richtig z' les verstiende, do print, te darm nicht blog die beidnifeh- lebr fondern au die lebre Jafu erteen- or das is of noomit i mis fetalbe. Chaftige: i'lefe die mangeli vo fuche the komend fin . ihre bedeute fo wir fir of vorunge heet ken wer mottabe ihr gehein fin do auf zukunfliges weift. co it em srethum/3' glaub bals die religion in ihr marte voet vortetrad fei es ir une die eme religion mi grunde genour. Jede folgende religions form it do (vis do vorange achend". 1 : v - bar du die Konnende bedeut? herrugs gefund -? a. new/no nicht/co it febr februienig / Abo it boffe / ex wonde geling. big weil will ex mir februi / alx balle V dezwanney von andern nothig/ab das find vor fuctures des latans / 2 weif es L'estante du most de / dass diefos werk et e soling " konte/wen du nato boi menset wares? 11. Su bar vielleicht recht. er fiebt mir plotyle wie zweifelnd or mitsteamif an. Ab / fabricer fort / i liebe die woulfe / versteye du? Diese golbe for glithende wrifte, bio stabe du allagie das autlits desone / bio bir du allem / 150 siebr du de glorreich Heliop - nom/ das ir bendrif - was ir mir? & bin verwirt - du bir satamas - & ertene

Di - weiche von mir wider acho!

er im grabe d'jalyttausende set last traint ein ber lich kaum er träumt em mall traum er kräumit von d'ausgehend-sone.

wen du in dief zeil de well dief schlaf schlaff v dief traum traum soweißt du/daß 3' dief-Zeil au die sone ausgeh-wud-wir sind setzt nor im dunkeln abodo lag trübuns.

wodie sinsterniß in si begriff drie das licht nahe.

w in seine stusterniß hunntsteigt de gelangt 3-aufgang deß

wirkend-lichtes des seuerlockig helios.

mit vier weiß roß steigt sein wag empor vous sein rück is kreuz van seine seite is keine wunde sondern er is heil vesein baupt lodert un seu-

micht ser ein man des spolles/sondern glanzes & unzwei

sellrasto madri.

Pweiß nicht/was i rede/i rede im fraume.

Miltze mi/den i laumle/hunk vonseu.

Etrank seu in dies nacht/den Estieg hinunt durch die sahrtau-

sende v lauchte zuunter in die sone-

pristieg trunk v sone empor mit brenend autlitz v mein haupt steht in sous.

gieb mir deine hand/eine mensch-hand/damit sie mi an do

erde hålt den wurbeindesenerådeschwing mientpor vesauchende sehnsucht reist mihinauf zezenith.

Do ce wind tag wirklich tag / do tag diep well. or i tege vorword in do Chlecht do ende / tief unti or einfam or im dament Chalt des thates das is do Chalt or die Comende ende.

We kan i zo fone bet die fernam oft "ibodo wiefte aufgest "warum foll i zu ibo bet ? i trank ja die fone in mis warum folle i bet ? abodo wiefte / do wiefte in mis verlangt gebete / du he wieft will i' fill mit lebendig. i nochte es vom gote beift pou do fone ado vouent do andern unttettlich. I heifte weil i tir vem bette om am taged woll vergefie i / daf i ja die fone in mis trante ve hunk bin von wirkend "lichte ve fengendo kraft. abo i kraft in de fibalt do ende ve fab / daf i nackt bin ve nicht babe nieme armut z' decte. kann bonifer du die ende fo is es um com dir menobnendos lebege feeh, es fliest vondir in die dinge.

en vounderlichen leb hebt in d-ding an - was du für tot wrunbelabt hielter / worith gebeinge lebte schweigende unarhitliche absicht du bes in ein getriebe gerathe / wo jedes ding mit sonder bar-gebürdsein eigen weg geht / neb dir / wb dir / wut dir v durs dir / sagar die steine red 3' dir w magische
sein sond in 3- ding w wonding 3' dir. sernes w nabes wirkt in dir w du voorder auf

Suntele rouse out naber or fernes. or into bit Su billings or bente.

Ab weildu gut ynfielt/jo wirt de joban / was du zwer nie se jobant hac / namli da ji die dinge dem let let / da ji fie von dir zebow: die flage strom dein let zi that / mit deine keraft fallt ein stein übe de andern/au? pflanze or thiere wacht dur dir von strom an ibne em im winde tauzendes blatt tauzt dir/dass unverminstisse this erratt deine gedande or stellt die dar die ganze erde fangt ihr let aus dir er alles spiegelt die weide.

geordnet with production for the most of the series of ding-verbory / as map no for for the series and generally or field dein street es. nichte in bir ste de ding-verbory / as map no for for the defend of the series of forther than the series of ferm for the series of the series o

Wie em verintes kind stehr du klågli immilt do machtig / die deinge lebens steh halt. Du schreit mat hilfe er lelamere di and enst best / de des rocces komit. vielleicht weißerdir rath vielleicht

kenter de gebanter / b- on mehr har en d- ake dinge diranggefog- hab.

oelebt hab/sondern destrebte versällte den dubis ein sohn derde ausgesog-von desaugenderde die auss sie nichts kan/sondern nur an desone saugt darum mochtes du kunde hab-vom sohne de sone/welche strahlt venicht saugt.

vom gollessohn mochter du hor destrahte ve gab ve zeugte ve de wiedergebor wurde wie die erde desoüe grüne ve bunte

kind gebärt.

von ihm mochles du hor d'strablend-erlos de als einsohn d'sone die gespinste d'erde zerschnill de die magiste sadzerriß v das gebundene loste de sie selb- besas v niemandes knecht war de kein aussag v dest schalt keine erschopste.

von hm möchter du hör / druom schallt-drerde micht verdunkell wurde/söndern ihn erhellte/drall gedank sah v-destgedank-niemanderrieth/drinsk all dinge sin besast v-dest-

sta kem ding ausdrückt konte-

Der einfame flot die welt/er schloß die auge verstopfte die ohr e verstub is in eine hoble in sie selbe so es nitete michte. Die wilfte so ihn aug do stein spras seine gedante die böhe wide halle seine gestähle versonde er selbe so wilfte so stein versonde er selbe so wilfte so stein versonde er selbe so seiste micht er blieb ein sohn do erde do ein bur aug sog ver selbe von do wilste liete ogelog-wunde, er war begebre vernicht danz gang erde vernicht sone.

Darum war er in do wilste als ein klinge hollige de welte dasser se se se se se se se se se vernicht sone vernicht se vernicht sone vernicht se vernicht sone vernicht sone vernicht sone vernicht sone vernicht se vernicht sone vernicht sone vernicht se vernicht sone vernicht se vernicht sone vernicht se vernicht seine se vernicht se v

micht unterfreid wurde . halte er aus fi getrunk / Jo halte er feur getrunk.

Der einfame gieng in die wülfte/um für 3' find" er besehrte ab "nicht/fi" 3' find / fondern d' viet fallig fin Des hollig budges. Du kant die unermoßlichkeit dos klein w des groß in di faug / w du wir lere w into

lere/den unermajliche fille y unermeßliche lere find eins.

erbegehrte in aufern 3' find / waff er bedurfte. D' vielfällig (in finde du ab " rinr in dir / richt in dringe/
den die manie fillight des fines it nicht elwas das zuglei geset it fondern es it ein nache invand von

bedeutung. Die einande folgend bedeutung "Lieg" micht im dringe fondern fie lieg" in dir / d" du viel"

wechfeln unterworf his / informa du am let Hoeldhar au die dinge wechfeln/abe da achte es nicht/won

du nicht wechfelt, wen du abe wechfelt/joandert fit dass augoficht de welt. De vielfällige fin de Dringe

to dem vielfällige fin es it nutslass/ihn in d'dring ergründ z'wollt. ve darum ergentlet erieng

dem vielfällige fin es it nutslass/ihn in d'dring ergründ z'wollt. ve darum ergentlet erieng

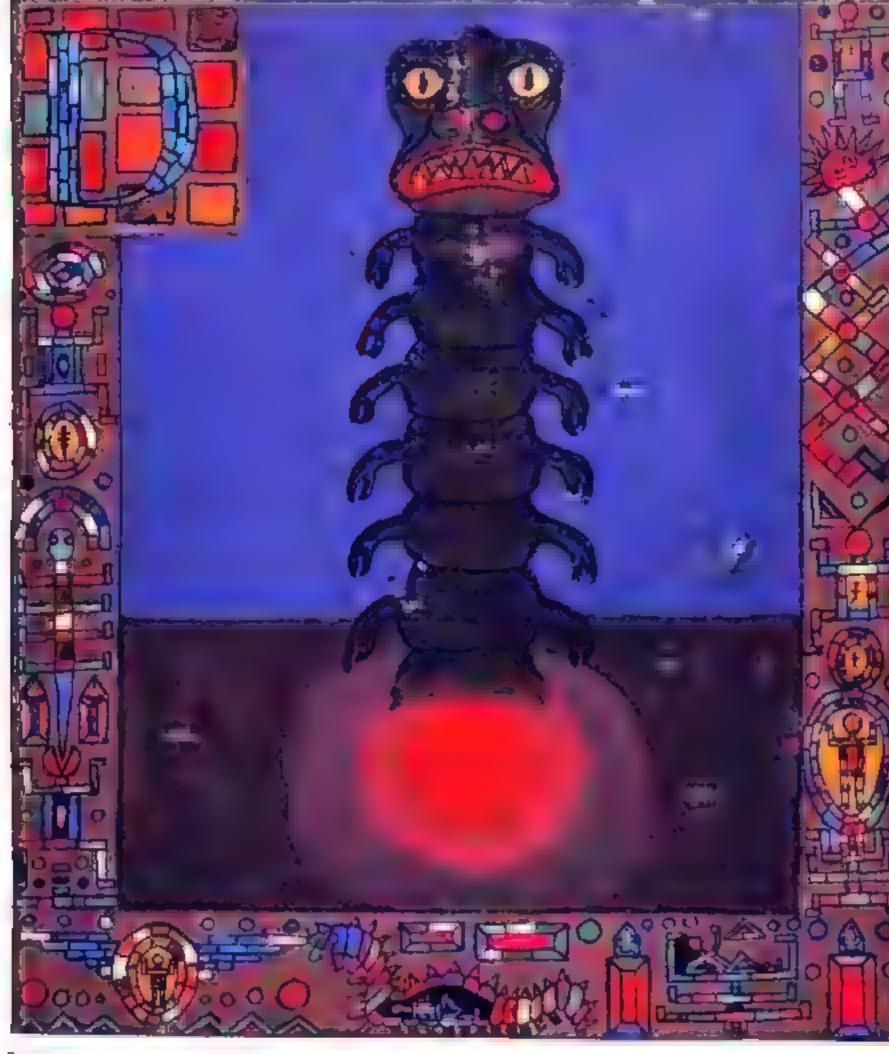
dem fame in die wielte /abe nicht fit selbe ergründete er/ fondern das ding. ve darum grang es ihm

weißte das rechte wort in recht sugentlicht, er locute ihn auf sembeochter. it misse ihm woohlale

de teufel erschein/den i hohe meine sinsternis augenom: i afi die erde ve i trank die fine ver i was

tin grünende wann 'den emfament insternis augenom: i afi die erde ve i trank die fine ver i was

tin grünende wann 'den emfament insternis augenom: i afi die erde ve i trank die fine ver i was



er wo.

U.S. So Folgers nacht wander. te 1'3" nordisch lande v fand mi mito gran - himel m nebeldunfige kuhlfencht luft-i" Brebe fen "oniederung" 311/100 die strome malt laufes in breit piegola suflendotem/ di meere fi nabern /200 alle. has dep flie gens fromebros mober dampfe/ towo alle ternst prakes Treb fit bunormess. lich umfang des meeres vermable frank word- Sie hanne moile sumpfrone f begleit ihr till trub was / unendio empon et be horizont/von. grant well sembang lang, sm/mit verballer atty /mit do groff bang comerts Selfde wild horab schaumte . To in day endlose versionale/folge i memobrido/8- mapo, keje

P' do nabern we une stelle de selle or hachter unearung um energueste in de stock des urformas (m. die grevozen los augidohnes or un methore tiefe. dort expet stratere gabe high cem tote weite see debut stran surform fusie. an ihn-entland wandern wer leise or die high offer sizion domarhaste sursaghar form bondout sur hind or mer y do air unandlichte verschmoty sud.

Dort do auf de lette dune (teht eine/en tragt ein schwarz-sallig mantal ser seat bowegungslose or sebat in die serve . i trete z' ihm ser ir mage or blass or de lette erno liest in sein-jug. i rede ihn

lafimiremo teleme weile bei dir steb-/dunkle. i kante di con weil. fo stept mer ome/wie du/
_ secusam want de letit eche de enteer antwortele:

Fremd / world mage du bei mir steb / won es di micht friort. du stebe / to bin kall for ein hery schlug

12 weifs / du vir ens en ende / du bit die tealle rube dez steinez / du bit do bochste schnee do gebinge en do aufzerste snot des loor welltraumes. dass muss i sicht e darum nahe bei die steht.

Was führt die m' mir ho/du lebendo stoff? lebendige sind bio me 3 gas work komit sie alle in bieht sche traunis his verbeigestest / alle / die dart ob im lande des licht lages d'abschied

nalom-/nu me weder juttefor. No lebende Romine. was fuels du bi?

Ill am allem unerwagtet plad hibre nu bierto/sig i hoffunge fort d' mage d' lebenge firome belote.

To fand i die, pro tels du wordt an dem no aun webt orte?

14/10 gett's human sus unenterfeleidhere/wortein d'andom glei od unglei i fondorn alle mitemando eins find. fieto du/wag dort berantlout?

1° febretimo wie dunkte wolkenwand/diesus for strom dater februins!

Tely genand bin/was erkeste du?

U febre dichtgereingte beerhauf von milunoon/greif-/fran/tendorn/dazaiff- febr i pfende/rudd

v kleineren gettie/ame welke von infect unschwandt das bet ein wald folgeint tropan/welke blu:

mobne 3 att /em gange toto forno. Sie find chon nahe wie star or kult sie alle blicke /ihre suffe beweg for miche / kom lant ertont out ihr peftyloffen reib. sie halt sie starr bei de prindw arm / sie sch alle honaus o arbt unso nicht / sie slie sie alle vorbe in ungehour strome "kunkter diese gesicht ir schracher.

du wollter bet mer stel / safzedt - do jest siet bin.

L'Ebe: die oft reily find himausigelaugt bis dahin /wo bie braudungswoge is machin mit d'unifo his bronces mifelt or es ficht aus / wie won eine luftwase mit d'mère brandend d' fronce de tot- entgegenschlünge / ho? wirboln sie auf / in sepunge seig- zerflatten do in trât medolwolk fi auf lifend. woge ra woge tont heran / v ind neue separ george in sopwarzelast. dunble sage mir sir die dass ende?

Tehane!

Das dunkle mer brander sehwer, ein rothliche sehen breitet si darin aus en ir wie blut /ein men von

blut sehaunt mir zusuist-/die tiese den menen erplüht/wie sellsam wind mir z mulhe /pånge

connit de süffe in de lust z is en das mer ode is en de hintel ? ein ball von blutter seu mit sit

sin z sam-/rothen licht pricht aus seine quadmande bütte/eine neue sone entringt sied blutis
mere ve rollt ausgläbend de tiesse hiese zu/ sie verschwinder unto mein süffe.

O Chaus um mi 12 bin allein . cp 15 macht geword . Was fegte Amoning ? dienadot

is die neit des Convergens.

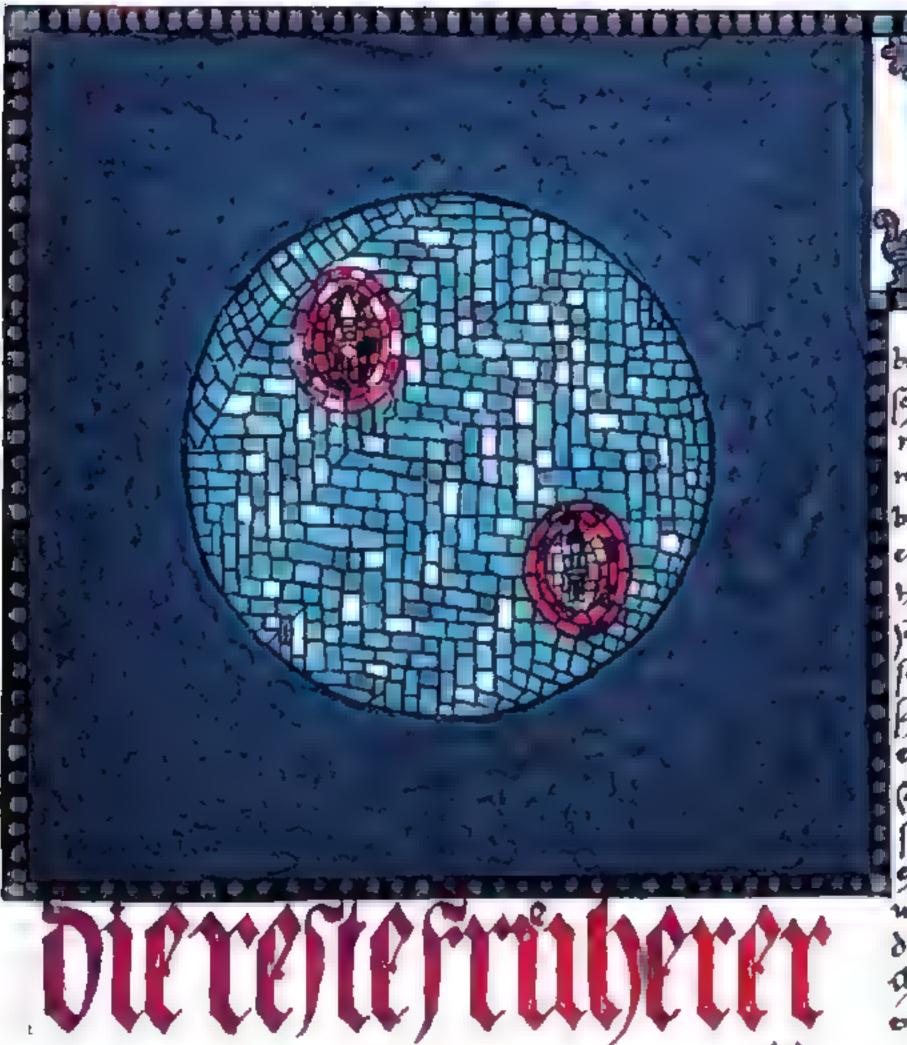
et sepante um me or i sale/ Sale die einfamtet se ing unormessliche debute /v sie durchdrang mit sobsuernde Kalle norghiste sone in mir/abe i subte / dati in de groß fault trat. " folge de strome de langun e-onbeint de was na de trefe findet /na de trefe des Hornend. To you to bimans in jeno nacht fes was die procile nacht despisyrus 1944) v- bange erments er fille mis/ 6 ging pinans / das komende y'umarm. d'ung var weit v febreckti war dags komiende en war days ungeheure sterb em mer von blut sage e fab. Eavang wind die neue sonne some spreckle weine unitedry defi / dass wir top nant- wir hab die finflernif orant - i bre fore wind ib ung leucht / Hutis D' brenend wie em große unterganes. Alp i' mem finfternits begriff/de kam die wunderperdiebe nacht übe pula / va main trans lentete mer in die tiefe da Jahrtaufende /v- Davans (tieg main Phoenie empor was abogas fitab mit mein tage? as word-brandfredeeln outsunder blutige zoor or bade entbrance also die finftor. nets die undt engriff / Da ertit forde hallete terleg/o-die finsternig zerstente dass licht dewelt / den es war de fin Sternify unfafter or taught nicht mehr sale mufit meir die polle formeche. i fab/in welete laste si die tuoond in diefo west verwandeln / wie deine mille morte / deine gitte vor beit deine liebe bat o dem ver-Then I was fin wird warmen wellter du die Finsterness begreif ! abo Sa mustes font orgriff (iebiworth on de diefo grifte mountains. Dachter du je amdag boje in dir? oh/du spracher davon/du erwahnteres v-dugabres lachelad za wie eine Moemein mensphische untupend od wie ein hanfig vorkonnenden misser standnis - aboungter

Du/was dags bosse ir/or dasse segerade zwallerndelist sinte dein tugend steht/dasses sogrand deine tugend selbe
irals il pruncumenticpo inhalt. Du har de stan strem sabriantend in 8-abgrund gaschloss /0 ossidas sabriandum war /da lachter du übe ibn/den erwar zum leindemarch gewerd - abower de surcht bar große
sein haupt erhebt dan zucht die welt. Die dussenteste keilte kont and in mit dannen gewalt packet die dasse beste deine tugend ohnmächtig auf die kniez sällt. mit dannen gewalt packet die dasse beste deine tugend lauf zihm übe. Du bir in die stampse ganz allein/den deine gölle sünd tank gewerd - du woisst
nicht/welches die argern tenselssind /deine lastende deine hopend - dasse eine abowert du gewers /dass tue
gend w laste brite sind.

Dir bediefe de källe des Todos/das wir telar set. das leb will let a stet surface another de surface. Du tod micht geswung sewig 3 let sombarndu kant au sterby den z' beid trem wille in dir. let a tod milf si in dein des waspelalt. Die beutif theuse was feerby den z' beid trem wille in dir. let a viel unrichtiges tebt in thur b 3 viel richtiges stard an ihn. richtig to soas gleichgewicht surface tod, den was gleichgewicht start. Er gleichgewicht abe crowint san ihn. richtig soas gleichgewicht san des ses sent so with so with so tode. Wenn is de tod annehme san ergrünt mem baum ben das sterb stagest das leb. west i mit besieht de west was besieht with the west was sand besieht soas surface sur

Went du de tod in dir aufmine fo ir ex wood wie eine reifnacht weine bange vorabne / aboes ir eine reifnacht in eine weinberg / de voll filige traube bangt. Dald mir du deinen raichthump froh wood. De tod reift. man bedanf des todop/um früchte ernt z' Höir. ohne de tod ware das Lebe finles / dais dass langualprende hebt fir felbr wieder auf ver lenguet fair eisen fir. un z' fein we deinest feing z' genteft / bedarft du des todes / ve die beftranks bewirkt / dass du dem fein er fülle kanir.

en i de faire so de unitée de arde fabe se danne verbuille paupties in de lideringer dan wind workladles 3'es / was E febe / abo in deschattenwelt geht die andere! die volhe fone auf. (I erhebt fis gebeim wunerwartet / v wie falamift offuck drett to mome well um. Tabne blut w- mord. allein blut w- mord find no extent or bab ibne ibn- eigenthumliche Choubt. man kat die Choubt blutige gewalthat annehme. Abo as it Lage unannehmbare / Sap (protelli mideration Jagwas i fer for vorum for base was fi in mir ertebt. Den wen de ertermliebt warmuth diefer lebeng en dat Dati begint em anderes let in de mir entrag gefetet. Diefes it dermate entreg gefetet dassi eg mir micht erdenkerkan. den ep ir nicht na dengesetz dovernunft entoeg gescht/sondern durchauge to few gang we ma? It is it micht blog ontgar gafetyt fondern winderwartig funficht bor or granfim widerwarting / chwas / Sas mer d-allo mint mir die braft aus d-mufteln zieht / mein für verwirt/ mi gifting or hinterriches in die ferfe sticht we imo gerade dort trifft / wo i micht abute /eine verwund bare (telle y befilig-, ex tritt mir nicht gegenüb" wie ein stanke feind/manhi v- gefahrtis/fondern i" verende auf oin milibouf proabrend friedliche babon mi unesackern or entaunt o verständige los et leg. in bund getet vovibo er bebt fein bein an mir bo er traket glow milling feines vorges west ? verfliche sich mal die stunde mein gebruit /4- west i es nicht vorriebe /mis suf do stelle selbe z'tôt / p (dritte is mi an meine zweite geburtestundez erleb. Die alt sagt : inter sacces et wringe naformur. waterend does madete nummeter umbagert mi die febrocknufer de gobiert. in de britt madet. Griede fir ein urwaldlade / de michtja y' cinfallig ist. da began fir das leb-wiederum y vegr.



THAS THE MERALDER WAS TO THE PERSONS diefe getrentest - leute jos i majore mi the or beautiful file beide for mis er sprecht an or soplang daysterous. O chancel the entity betroff an more gefratt house: 1 bin game in grune blatte gebuilt / die aus mein korps honor prief. so begriefe sie lachendem gweites mal.

tempel. Astronius ruft entfett : Apage Satanas!

D'roller: verfluchtes heidrescher waldgefindel! i': abomeine lieb freunde/was fall en ein? c'hin jado hyperboracische freunde/do dis/o Amorning/in do wieste befucht but or so be to be the word out to but roll of second being fucht but.

an.m.

Amoning: i erranic de oberfordo tenfel. mit die hat mein unternang angefang.

derrothe Frank ibn vorwenfe woll an w gist ibm ein ripenstop domin hall betret ine . de vothe wendet se pomulting of mir:

I: from Samuely maditier du mir/troty de un boudsterift eras paftight en bedonklich on druck vangefuit! logistes deme vordamte obristiche pose -

in dief angenblich wieht ibm Amon ein bestig stof for do rothe schweigt verleg. To sep- beide vor mir verleg-V lachorite / do and bedancongworth.

I': man golles / word dogs wegges! wedges merborte Colicheld fibrt di piebo word no in die gefellichaft Sept with 3

Dis liebe as nicht/mit dir y spreed. Mo es schaint eine sug gollen y sein/do man si nicht entrich kair.
To wife den/das du/dos geis/an mir ein Erreckliches werk gethan har. du versüberter mi mit.

Demo worthut neugrar begabrer of meine hand na 6 - golthich gebeinung aug suftrade ben Du machtet mir damale bewoufst das i damibe eigentle nichts welle Deine bemortes / boder, fe woodt de nabe de menset sum 3'd bobern geheimnif 3'gelang betaute mi wie bollescher gist. bald from rief i die brud im thate zufami v verkuindigte thu em bote gotter fei mir enferen -To boilloss has du mi verblendet - v- habe mir befoht mit d- brudern em kloft 3 grund. Als brude Philetos empracte erbob wowderleute i ibm unto binweift out fene stelle de beilig schrift wo es heißt es fer miest gut daß de menfallein fer. fo grundet wir das klofte / napo beim Nil/w wer die febille kout-norder Jahr febr. wir bobaut- felte Foldo /v-en gab found 3' thun / daf die baligtude dand in veryelit geviely wir wurd uppig veines tages befiel mi ungeheure (ebufucht /. Alexandria waste ; feb. 12 wollte of buffer both baffecto was i mit emmedele. abo z'errdage leb auf. De Chiffe bedan das straf gewild von Alexandria bevanscht nu Dernot, das i mi ganz verlor, wie in traum besties t'eines d'groß" striffe Die na Plate Fabre, me besiel uner stilliche ges Die well z' seby 50 trank were or lab date but verbe feton war. I schwelote in gening or verthiorte valles. als i in Neapolis an land (tree Fand do rothe da or is writte / dafi to in die bande des bof gefall war. To cominge alto new from is west gener wine for waver du gangle or Chosen geword - als duple Takes par du dis emples sufant genome a par lante a pie memp servountelet a pie ming inte Plofto gegang". nun hore/meine geschichte verstuchte waldschrat: Tobin dir au ing garngegang / Deme beid kunfte yab mi verlockt. na b damalig gefpra wodu mi mit demo bomorkg ubo Das lang in Suchsceif gefong par/geforely esmit dats to enortaft wounder fo or of that / Safs 5' hop ploto ging betele fattete v me boledorte. In meine verblends wollte 5- b- kloch diene reformier, 10 - 60 filhete das tange out by chefiche approbation ins vitual em . i wourde abt a patte als foldsallen Sas recht som de aller 3' tang - was Dand our bo bundes labe . na vomas ab from sur bee brilde 3' tang an ja fogur de frome gemeinde er schliefile truste die ganze stadt - en war surchterheit flot in die einfamtet or tangte & game lag bijs 30 er fitiepfg/aboam mory freng dags hellefte tangwied in it fuchto mir felbo z'ent fleb v irrte or wanderte in o nicht berum. amtage biell to mits perborg or langte allow in wooldon or wift gebing. To gelangte is all mables na Italien. dort drunt im fild fiel i most mehr fo auf wite im words or konte mi unter wolk mitter in Neapel or fand i' me wied comes mast zurecht wo dort fand i' an dief wortungt main golfes. [im amblide frankle mis. an Jour Route & offunder. Du bortes wie and er am mir forant. nichtete or wiederum auf d' richtig wes gelang- konte. Ui i muß gesteb- so schlim bin i mit de rotte micht gesaber er is eine der Abgemildent tenself. I's and it must fage Saft meter mon von woming fanalitely art it objeton it feit mein erlebniff im Klosto em tief wid will geo diese ganze christliche religion bekom babe. Pi liebe freunde es freut mis von herz few fovorgmigt beifam zu feb. beide: wor find nicht vorgungt / [potto v widerfacto giet de weg frei / thubo / beide! 12: Abo warum fabret ibr den z fam uboland/wen ibr meht verpnigt ve freunde z fam fas? 11: was to de 3' Hours au de teufel et nothre four hat man mobile umb-lout respect emzufloff. 1: 45 to ball nothwandig baff is mit do clerus pactione fonovariore is manie kundichaft. 1. Also bat en die notth des lebons zufam geführt! fo gebt do fried vortragt en milemando. beide: dage tron wir me . 1: 0b/i (the/es liest am lystem the woll wood ert aus stort ? jetst vett mir or wes frei/alle seppente. 18 is of too making Chredeli enhabene, due uniting to getapent is self halle on fello 3 mach of eig gework

war do but an injurities let or truit is moran men door not or vanschend wagern freng an

mit weinglafern of blire, co hirte von ferene trunkenes gafoble weibe gelachte fintenlarm . Kansmufte

franch of fanch; "quot and all wife, or fall des tof duft to fidurades unificitete mi do brod des menfebruthens.

"hipping transferred direct peutle recherte or wind anthrop waindows or his dampf blodes perforated volles.

menge 200 in februar hersen herse klabrig wirtliche kinde proff na mor, sepantent et flaumdete univideelt

me "war von unt nis leb hinempetor" or i windpe auf /wie die beld wachf in flaud-foriel wie in jubp.

T'Alt i aufremacht war da find i'mi im mittlern lande v fill/ dafi fruitting war.

de en war midt mehr de men file e coure from fondern ein mit fremdarliges wet Dur windig mit de en waldiger we chabernack de infilm in waldern hauft er felbrein grunemes baunapet is de nichts liebt als des grunende u wach in waldern hauft er felbrein grunemes baunapet is de nichts liebt als des grunende u wach ende de mensch nicht hold er nicht abbeild wal laune er zufall unschtster gesetze behorebend er mit de baum grünemed er weelt ende Hem nieht basse micht erheebt bloß lebend walt und urbet besteindet Hem nieht fondern nahm serventend pre ze kenne de walt. I basse das leb meine beid frounde in mit aufgesog auf de ruin de kempel winder ein grüne baum. Tie batt de lebende fer meine beid frounde in mit aufgesog auf de ruin de kempel winder ein grüne baum. Tie batt de lebende fer febusphalt sondern bestelle wart fie just bestelle ouword. Jie war auf de mit gerathe darum nament sie de lebendes tensche war sie just einer affestelle ouword. Tie war auf de mit gerathe darum nament sie de lebendes tensche war sie peut in wor art au sie en eine gale glaubt gewalbe sie sehre auf de natur liebe veralbe bestelle bestelle ver bet bestelle ver bestelle ver bestelle ver bestelle ver bestelle ve

nardrifudr komt das lady dannil die serteellel werde von driet-

Die Deale find ihr man und gewänsicht wordent; winsofen find fie sho au mur insofern . Abo ihr wintefange sein is micht is leugen; womeint seine ideale mirtelien lebrodo lebrishen. Do hat de profiscualm we benint si wie ein runnichte sind er sie zu dasse him auf spanspielent ide held abo ir gefall. Wede sind storble salso bereite man sie auf ihr ande vor san kaset die vielleicht musteit be habe abo siebre de micht dass de geword de sie war do sein west de san siebe siede geword die dasse state siede spans dasse dasse state siede seine san das sein san das seine san das seine san das seine san das seine seine san das seine seine san das seine sein

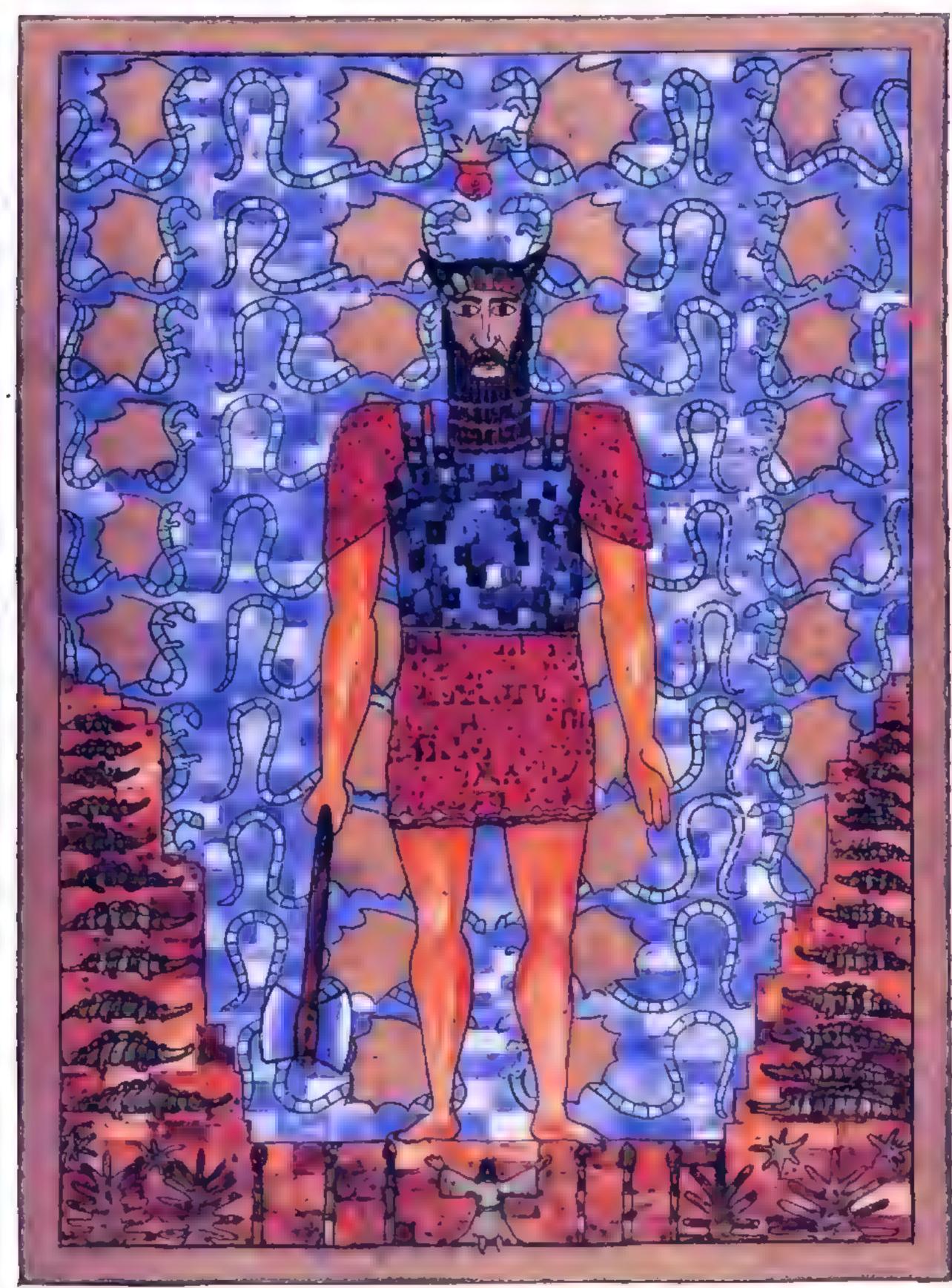
De stand sie nun die ruin /v padert milemand v levit so au in sor gemeinsam elend nicht vo som in nur selv eine geword als natürliches wes ab s'unar ein wald sebrat /de insame wandou sebrectele v d' die statt de mensch mied abe i oriente v blübte aux mir selve, me wan i nicht triede ein mens mit sein wud streit von well lur v peissender. I lette nicht sie /i lette mie selbe verwar ein lustig gründ baum ni ein serve srübtungswalde. Sternte i let ohne well v geze v - c wunderte mi we out op se sole last.

Abr d'maife/ché manfight : de fand- sé/die baid vortaffen brûck die zo manfight buildesfilm Collies die eine filtet von de na unte vedie manster stat not ibre binab/das Ghafft ibn versnüge. tes baders does menfolich horsens nicht enthebler -

bo meme weale kon an meme punte fem der-geklaff - gefereite mit mit ftom dan bin i d mentel de veningteus em gut ve en boso pund. shodas/was fein falle smelt arreicht /namle dats à lebe et de sin ment bin-ex Exempt fat un mordie abs sin ment y lab. Jolange du de motelle mett bevorgst bit kant du leb wen duale deine felle bevorgt wir fo fall du vonern grab me andere, vonalt dem widergebert konte dir schliefele schlecht word darum gab ja and Buddha die wied geburt fostiefste auf den expatte es fatt divalle menfoy or mangetalt-. himbur 3' kneedy na all wied gehirt birde into no do auf doerde kriedrewe lowe / So XAMAI AEWN/am yerrold/em fart weets to ane terrestende/ [thillernine edfe /about-kem lawe def- naturdo Jone verwandt it do seine marcht aus stobat or nicht in die schutzend - farb- do unigeby binem -Knecht or for Sur volvery vertheidigt. Thated chammeleon erkant or will might mehran for endo ttrady or fart weetfeln or weedergebor fein fondom i will aus eigeno kraft fem wie die fone welde light gight w night light fangt. Day gehort zo erder e ermere mi memo for natur w morble z' mem sufganget . ab die ruin feb mit im voege. fis fag : de folt in bezug auf die menfeb diefods Janes fein meine abandelembant schanert. The dring auf mirem o woll mir fart, about soll mocht mabr fait . nicht out no boje foll-maine ben fein . i' feorge sie zo faite / die lacherhich ub a lebfel / v-wandene maine straffe weite / die mi ogen oft führt . bintomir lieg- die hadenie machte / che Tolampe morth mir o mir fello factor.

Humely but i gawy emfam. I kau suight molor y bir fage: shre! Do So folle abo, bu tenter fonder fil rede i more soo? mit mir. jetit kau kam ander melor fil mi? How /aw might das gevinges. I habe keine pflight melor one / den i ent formules du ent: formules mir. I bre teams bille melor or bake keine bille melor and i. I freite o verfolme mir might anche mir to for fondern lege das formour swift dir melor and i. I freite o verfolme mir might anche mit dir fondern lege das formour swift dir wonde fleche descream komi / fabre i dabin hibers orine land fireiche dur? die wilde o benoe das france gras. I vede mit bium or der gelhi descreament of punde fonder mir de wilde o benoe das france gras. I vede mit bium or der gelhi descreament i punde france das benoe i dar file worde team to fonde france of finde. I gelhe keine bille y bedonf treine bille, went ir gend and to the an mich team brook orine fonde. I gelhe keine bille y bedonf treine bille, went ir gend and benoe mir you wonde mir we pinde mir dar it lache (i veme for plad. I lache (i veme benoe mir you wonde mir brook out led in fello weine fondern i petal. I lache / i weine lam, and diefe weene enfantet mit meine lede. I ku mir fello mentely gartuf multiples from file genne, or forme enfanter il meine lede. I ku mir fello mentely gartuf multiples from file genne, or formenter in the bor ferm of verift baff telian woilfile name former for verift baff telian woilfile name former for verift baff telian woilfile name former for verift baff telian woilfile name for verifies and prince to felle woilfile name. I le find mir gel genne for verifies and prince for suit i lie find mir gel genne.

na oft zu mein aufgang. I will mein aufgang.



diefes bill wounds um



Mer lag-cap-viii-

n bo dritt nacht abs verspent ein wister self nebige mir de weep/abseine enge shalfeblucht verschot mir einlass. Do wee sehr unaughvertelle zwisch hobe selsender meine süsse siche sich nacht or versonnit se and rachtig sowe soweis die andere schwarz. i betrebe die sehre halfe des vorges is weiß die andere schwarz. i betrebe die sehwarzeste or pralle entsetzt zunstek : as is beiseseis. I beiseseis verbeises weiße balle : as is eine about mußsein. I eile hinde or hindur veradte weitet si dass that 3 of eine machtige seisen selsen. I selsen selse

Eile des berges vois von geschlagen erz. de schall stroill all mables an /o-viel se de mansch was ander de schall month served se sauf de andern seite am rie frast mansch served aus seine machine pant vas non stiertonne en klimand schwarze pant o bedettet seme bruz. Sam schwarze bart crockentell ve mit kestier see seinet in de band mas to viese die sunkelande. Deppelant mit de manstiere schlage, ebet mie vom stanend schweck expolt babe stapt de pawalling vermin ve to sehe memorischt; es blass vergelblie - ties afwecht, wie ex saurt schwe seine schwe. I mandelsonnie aus auf mir, mie fast das granf: das constant de pewaltige de stiermens; en sielt ve stant mie an esem gesicht spricht von vonschreide siere auge seine bande seine kniee tiet sollen. I sollbar de gewaltige stier sittert? er sinchet sein solle spria bande seine kniee

a Jadubar / gowalting for Schone main labor woorgide / daff in women mis and dain was gelept babe.

J: mi verlang trutcht na doin leb-wood trotter bu?

Vi to kome von west.

It du Kome von wat? ? weifst du vom waltande? it diefs de rechte was zo wastlande?

12: 5 Kome aug ein westlich lande / def nigt das worse westmer bespielt.

I'i die some sinkt weit hinte der mere.

J: binto by mere? was it bort?

1' dort it michtes / leors raum. Die erbe it jarnend or drept fir überdieff um Die forie berum.

I: verflustro/von wat koit die solche wiffenflaft? Go seet ex niegende sense unstertliche land/wa Die soie eingelt 7° wiedo geburt? spricht Sudie wahrt?

Semo and flackers por would wanger er tritt em drobnend seprit napo. V rittere.

L'i o John / mathig fo/vorgeis mein vorwitz/sho so spreche wirkle die wahrt. i korie aux ein lande/
wodieß sichere wissenschaft is vo wo die lante wohn / die mit door stoff ound und ie erde fahr unter gelehrt wiss- dur mess genau/wie weit die sone von jedo punkt do erdoberstäche ent sent is.
sie it ein himmels korpo/dunsaphar weit drout on unendlich vonne liegt.

I unende ? jagodu? it de waltraum unende / ve wir kom me ze jane gelang ?

D': maditigte / infofere du starblich out bir/kont du mie yo frie gelange.

i fels the be till exticteende anst.

J: 5 pm porblis - v i foll nie zo fone/zo unterbliebles ochang ledring

er verschmettert mit gewaltig / schrilltelingend schrag seine axt am felf: I sahre him elende waffe du taugs micht. wax soller du taug- gege die unendhichte gege das enighere

in reich marchine.

Dunant fullbare? In par warmed make y bearing - 3 cofebration de felbe, was boutes! [mure to (intet Die formatenting with in Do lepols englisher wolker.] o father du bin forie / bremel verfluchte golt or halle dich in deine unenthicht! [envalledie sonformgen- [tilche fains pot combarant orwirts fie merde fore .] her par andersopfo / dam letgles oppo! erboldt 3/ satt or Schuebat wie embered. E flesse er thakert or mase me kann 3' rubor. D: elembo weuren / mo fager du diesges gift ? 1. 0 Thouber / generally Des to Die wifeen speft lung Du gift nett. in unfern lande word wir von Jugund and dannet gentilet o das man ein grund dafür fein daß wir nicht forecht gedeile vo fo zweinghaft klan bleib". wet to di febre fo komt en mirallendings wer also voir alle divas vergiftet felin-I ham starte falle me ge lean ungebow wider fand meine kraft. 200 dem grife / wom / de Du suf demos wege lager, but me marke gelebrat dem gritrante er machlige als das ber Tramage. [ar high / wie gelahmet / lang and gaftradet am boit-] The gotte/helft/his teegt eno John/gefall non ferfen fir Do unfichthan folyange a halle i di zertret /18 i'di fan / v- deme work me vehict. 1: " Jadabar / groff" / bemillewent wortho / hite 6 gewufit / Dafi meine wificufe paft bi fall- kommte i batte mem mund verfestoff vor dir. stor to wollte dir die wahrel fag. 9: du ment gift wahrder? it gift wahrder? 000 it wahrde gift? Jag-might unsere stendeut- u- prieste sur The waterful! o- do winter the micht wie gift. 1': 0 Indubar/de nacht bricht an/4- perant and do bobe with as tealt. Fill i nicht hilfe hat für di- bei De mantey-1 J: lasses for put mir looks autiont. 1): about the do night his philosophier. Dem balchoens werther suffam erbeight hilfe . 3: 5 Jage de / lass es fair. went to in dieso nacht verend foll so solles sein. Jelst gieb mit autwort-D's to furelete meme worth fand folowa / wen fie beil foll. Is Schlitteres 12 out l'é nicht beneinte-des un heil it schon a elibeb. Als sac mes du weißt. Vielleicht has du em magyether wort ivelches das gift lost. 1': meine worte/o trachtiesto/ sind arm w hab- beine magiste sewall. J: ductocal/spro! L': L' quelfle most / da fi eure prieste die wahrt fag - es to grewif eme wahrts / uno bautet sie andere she unsere D: gick es des zweinlet wahrte ! 1 : mir februit/es fet fo. unfeve wahrht it Die lune aus de kent mit do Lufter dinge zusträmt. Die watrof euro priesto is die low aux & wien ding zustromt. 3: [[balbaufrichtin] das war em beilfames wort. 1': 5' bin glickle / Dafi mein schwaches wort die erleichters gebracht hat own fit 'e no viele solche worte / Die Der helf köstt. Dog as wird kall or Sunkel / 2 will few mach / um De or mis of warm. J: Hone dass / Siefe bandle bringt wielleicht bille. [Juche hoby 34 Ain + + 3 Linde our 9 + 1 Jes Few an] It dag beilige fen warmt mi? do Tagemir/wie machter du fo vaf v- 6 geheimmizuell feno? 17: dagen branchet ganz enefa zomedbolyo. Picher du /en find teleme bolger mit ent befordern Teffeans-Witze man reibe fie and Chackel o- man bat few. J: das Forfrandes/wo par du dige temos geleval? D'i fin un ferm Lande hat jederman zundhöher. das ir abobas geringte wir Kon su flieg unt hilfe von

It for kotet flieg, wie die wond? wen wicht deine worde fo maching " zambe enthickty fo winde & fag " dulinge . 1': i luge gewiff micht. fiehr du/hir babe i sur sum beispieleine whr/welche sauz genau die stund des tages v de madet zeigt. 3: Das it wounderbar. I seles but tothe and em sellan a herlich lande genous trout du do aus d'a lig wattland? but de un terblis? L'i l'- un tentie : es occht mehrs ferblicheren ale mir fin-9: was the few micht emmal un Ferbie " ver tealt bo" folde kinfte? 1. lede ir eg unfer miljenfohaft no micht geglückt/ein millel geg dag stort 3' fin. I we hat ew der plate tempte seleprit? 1: in lange to jabrhundorte bab tie menfet vide extinding gemacht dur genand bestrachts "wifenfetaft 80 tu fern Singe -It also Stefe wiffon phaft to do do pethofe sombo Some oclabout but vice true model / Saffibriso Am let fect wett the tooks von dief off geniefit? 1: man but for mit so zeit daran gerodont / wie for so menf ja an alles gerodont aboutwar selabent find wir oben innerbu ganthet diefe wifenschaft auf drandern feite wiede große wetbeile wie du gefeb har, was wir an Kroft outer hab gowan wir wielfar wied Sur die beherr fetre de naturterafte. I ir go nicht jamente fo geligent of four 3 ir für mein-theil niebe meine einene teraft de naturkräft vor. i abolatie die gebeur-territe de feige zauberkeinsthern v-d-weibifit magiern, wen i ein de [1] abodu (chros) was die berühre mit unferm 3 aut auf die gewondet hat? Edenke- Schreckelie. I had but du radit. 1': num/ stebr du/ wir halt- keine waht. wir musst dass gift de wifien straft schluck. som engienge est unse All-/wed for: wir wind- vollip sellmet / wen wir abnungs los v- uncorberatet Benut zufamentraf - Siefes 94t to fo untiberwindles frank / dass jedo/sur do stanteste fello die owier gotto davan zu orunde gods untimes unfo lebo lieb ir/ so opform wir liebo etn stucke unsero lebenge teraft/ale dass wir unge do sicher tode aussetz-J: 5' denke nicht mehr / dass du aus da selig west land kom dem land mit obe sem/well lahreng or versicht. i schus mi munich na d- oft-/ wobs lantere goell unser lebenspendend weight stiest. wir fits- solverisend am Plackernd- few. Sie markt it kalt . Indubar stobut schwe w- blicket 3- seftient- himel 🅦: febredeliativ tag memos lebans - unendle - forwait - forwait - aranda zambar kanfta - unfere priest o wife midste/ four patter fie mis dance schatz- tont - forer die mette fert- fagte er babt ihr den keine soll omebr? 1: new/wir bab-blog no Die worte. I abo find diese worte machtin? Vies wind behauptet abe man merkt nichts Damen-I : wie fel. die gotte au nicht an granden dor daß fie find . wir ertreit ihr wirter im natürlich- geschehn. Tie die wifferschaft hat une die sabiekt des glaubens genom: and day part the verlow ? wie last the den? L'e wir let 6/2 en fuß in Kall / S- andere in beiff / v- in chris / wie to et Kout. I du drucket di Dunkel aus . 1. To was an bet uns / as to Sunkel. J: kout the das entrage ? 12. wicht perade glangend is perfoule befinde mis micht word dabei . is babe mis defihalb aufgemacht The cross to /voic du fago / it berall rund. De force pet also nivo sends auf. 12: 1 moine / babt if y bas light but me fable?

The sure sure is godies to Light do suffles well . In sur may the county / we foughter face stack it was be shown any sure for the fourty with the sure of the sure with grantly - Viete on kinter within / fourt wire allowed think the sure of the s

L' wetten light fo fab alle for to wie du bet but du to be feder fair .

I Dullow out moun.

V: Cleep ye na omo walnet.

" wie to was by weather to we me die.

gettilt former in see to fait in do neacht, wir falle bain few ein.



Lebenge pfad de she hie verneur fan gegrafije / die verent z'glate e - e - fo fitmer zangereiche firefie unt meinen lebenge pfad de she hie verneur gegrafije / die verent z'glate e - e - fo fitmer zangereiche firefie un min lage. E' krat fie mit faffe / abe fie brant - e - freu- meine foht - e fo gelangte is himite. abe dass gift de follower. De de de lepf zertilte geht due de feur fit side em/4 so und die die follower gestalleiche / abe fie verd were. De finance for de follower fie de fie de fie verd were. De finance for de fie meine matter fine en feur zo fet de fie verd were fie de fie verd de fie meine gebend die fet auf gewart e formen de falle. Et en fiere gegrafie fie meine fie en fiere gegrafie fie de se fall en gewart e de fiere gegrafie fie de se fiere gegrafie fie de se fet en fiere gegrafie fie de leicht z'e bewart fet de gewart abe fiere fet en de se fet en fiere gegrafie fie de leicht z'e bewart fie fiere de fiere fet en de se fet bewart de fiere fet en fiere gegrafie fied leicht z'e bewart de me de fiere fet en fiere gegrafie fied leicht z'e bewart de me de fiere fet en fiere gegrafie fied leicht z'e bewart de me de me de fiere gegrafie fie de se fiere ye fet de met de me de fiere gegrafie fied leicht z'e bewart de met de me de fiere gegrafie fied leicht z'e bewart de met de me

A to she think were or wordy were an granous beam or wind or forces out or gettimed to gray;

glei mithig our meine zweige rauft lieft on i ein knabe war or ge fallene hete spottete da i ein jingling war do linke properte mit ihr undelamerung von strieß da aprite i nicht de machtig de blink prunsferhiehr do schrift na bestiemen forerundoot bod ozen hie zo grunde their mochte/unin de spotte des lebene hinabzusteigt klein is/was zo aufang eilt gring/was zo untergang si wendet durm ward klein des er kam i ause to tiefe meines unterganges. war dort gewes wo er so hinschute downtengen bestiegt with so sie fore ausersch macht abotteme fagd auf würme. Do wurm abozielt na do sersch hundet au obsteine spot auf würme. Do wurm abozielt na do sersch bestiegt or wind ihn de untegang bereit. Des er bedarf feine macht i groß or hind or is persti au zu schau or first torrevend. Abo die schlauge sindt ihre stelle, ein wenig gift or do große sällt. Die morte des aufgebend babo kein klaug or schmacke bille.

Acher i meintiebseschönsteunder der der übeilt des sollender bingender son seine stind schlange voolte das wort, das und erlößwage vooltsche heintissicht.

Lift mehr ånfjere geg fäge verspert mer & was bruden mem eigen geg sit stomt mer entog on the group study or vor vor vor vor vor perspert einende de was some besige object des solling wort descriptions mem was blecht gaspert / den im welte solvent mens observed lähing in die blindy fall-side de machtige um seine blindy fall-side de machtige high de dunkelle salang sent mens solvent die macht verstagt 3' sein solvent de macht verstagt de de solvent de macht verstagt de solvent de macht verstagt de solvent de macht solvent de mac

er machtige fiel/er liegt ann bod.

um des lebens will muß die machtweich:

o umfang des außern lebens soll verkleinert werd:

viel mehr heimlichk einsame sen höht dunkle weite wäld kleisene ansiedlung dwenig still sussende ströme laullose winter von seine währer wenig schisse wagen inhäusern geborg das selvene wis sielt wandere nuf einsam straff v seh diefzy eile wird unmöglizgeduld wäch.

de larm des welltages schweigt ve im inern lodert das warmende feut. amséwsitz-dieschaft von ebed vklag-leise v geb-kunde von vergangen-. komet 3 emsam seur ihr blind v lahm v höret von beid lei wahrh': d'blinde wird gelähml v'd gelähmle geblender dorbeide warmt das einsambrent inweils nacht. em alles heimliches seur brent zwisch uns spärliches licht v reichte warme speudend. das uralte seus/das jeglicke noth bezwang/soll wieder un entbrent den die nacht de well ir weil vekalt ve die nolh irgroß. das wohlbehülete seur bringt die sern- die srierend- die einand nicht sed v nicht erreich kön zusam v bezwingt das leid v-zerbricht die noth. die worte amser sind zweidenlig vrlief vrweif das lebrauf dr recht weg. d'bluide soll gelabant sein damit er nicht in d'abgrund rene/ v-degelähmte soll blind sein/damit er nicht begehrliv verachtli die dinge ansehe/die er nicht erreich kanbeide mög-st'ihrelief-hilflosigkt bewust sein damit sie wied'das heilige seu chr-v-die schall die am berde sitz-v-die worte die rundum die slame getz.

realt-nent-das ertofende mort d'logos, ein-aus druck politich voermunft. Foriel unvernunft

war im menfig bett er vernent zo erloft bedorfte war wantening gaing wartet for fielt man wie bie solls fram ende alle in filling winterwellstored wermandelm defi tran dop finished de lagos camedo periof to or une alle mit do zeek find wir verneite word abo wir high forme defi unit es wuff. I wan be madeling defiels wandend in une verneite fer unit verbruit gift or liberg une une finht wire alle well une unes po versunft er zieht wall. I ence hat feine vernanft in denke dandore im fisht bede find lagos diene or find in oakeim of fellang anderen geword. In rear di fello unterjet de in eif fellang destable blutis perfor du har di voir inderend. Touderre de geword dad un har du domatelité gepolf de la lagos de la lagos

Probléme er midgelieble tam mer farme oft von eb fen orté ma de i hinzagelang mi hemilhie bennulemnd se is séme teraste en berriéble, e i ertentité la se che gorade na de séreble massi verlassement palle name man duntelm membre genoù hinadering. L'ertente die blinde en un missemble fines strebens das mem verlang entope mitete e l'est finete com die ance verlande mit after se se en tend a se dasse verse er war sen teind em malling grosse trand des manschlies glied en la prosse trand de mandaline grosse trand de mandaline grosse trand de mandaline grosse trand de membre de miller membre de se membre sen de mit contant e gott e das miller sasse de mir de mit sontant e gott e das miller sasse de mit de mit de mit contant e dans entende me transcript se me de mit contant e sen entende me vermocht. Cha/de ce suchte bests e set le mit weiten ette gabe als sont de mit de miller de set le mit weiten ette gabe als son de kranke de galle.

De par mur die hälfte doe messe y'mach, die andere hälfte machter gebran übe ihn hinaus/fe vorfällt de do
Borblends gebt er übe die hinaus, fo verfällt orde läbens. Darum, fram es die art de göte ir übe die stephiels- hinne.

3 mgebr/verfall sie de lähme/v- werd- hilfles wie kinde, göttlichtet v- monschlichtet bleib- exhalt wende
anons vor be gotte /v- de gott vor de mensche steb- bleibt. Die bochlodernoe stame ir de millere werg.

308 lauchtende bahn zwisch- menschlich v - cottleeb - louft.

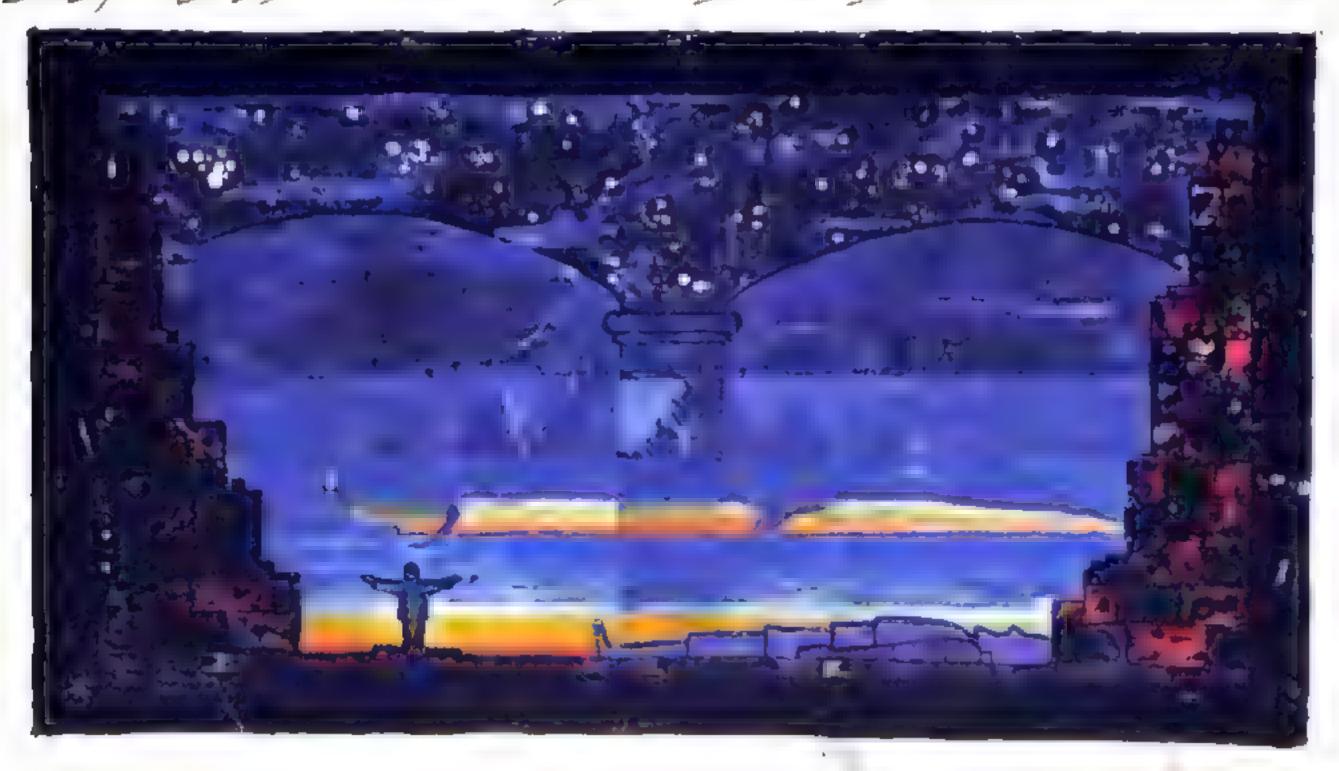
Vicyothiche urgewalt is blind den ihr peficht woudce zo menfeb de manf is daz geficht dogotht.

war act dir naht, dan flehe um schond demen lebeng den de gott is liebenden schredenis. Die alt fight:
es sei schreckli in die bande dogs lebenden gotten zu fall. se sprach so meil se ex woust dem sie

man de alt malde no nahe on na kindo ant pennte sie wie die banne er stieg woult na oft empor

which file to be himse des lessending gottine the lesser des sence or any or any effect they or days expanse battle, which fundation funds which they also should be proposed to find the formand from the formand of th

en mein golf gelähent or muß & bei fom fich; dett o kati de orderlicht micht laff: & führe, daff er mein Heil ir, men bride de intidité maille ve mape milione de induntal ve me est mitre es crant/ Colches que franc soft to do mart [was / date frest unfo brown to do falle des histers / Date Hout er feine groff werten / zerreiffe de loing 10- total o- grays. a certitary lene pas no in tomore siet pie on go postitionement lour semporary to fix er fage motoble won arabe faine Keffbanks bente en Backt hat / sen which ou in der die Ehnfucht nat der light. Du worf of the feffeln ab or macher di a- [na d' orte des trégend lightes . v- failt ibre en entreg. er walnute die fine emfang 3' leste v- Maganfo-wurm des fohaltens. Du wahntes min oft- an de quelle doss lichtes. trinkery hebre u- fruge die d- gebornt- rief vor de du indie kuise fille. Ein wof it bliedlikernaffigest begehr or finance (the beneft men und is febendo be formulath or die un fabrish the blugs or befile reight pricht pricht pricht Derumwill is the sw note laft / b- Frenott do em Blakdes prifte librate for de is men mer selabout babe. i moreble (emoleraft mir 3'eco mach es ir danum em forgiches bemiles/de schwergetroffen andeb 3'ertalt samt fine kraft mir ertalt Heibe nichte mit wir mehr den die gollliche kraft wir [ag": Ja/ fa/ [o follto soo keante es fim. d'esse so jenes felle correccht fem wiffrech fo w 125 or feb une oules; um/de firstel ingendus ingendeting ereign white is well to characteristic / dur per wir zwo freeds: pfa/fa/uni verflett/20 to dieforde das was trabulte diefo ade feno. or fo spreche wir or fely or fabrune und ob (i west in send so ingenitations every white se engines (i in choos she wir galibel - with ben unfoget it kvante. wir bab ihn mit giftige bafite the blick totagether totagethind wir muff and fame but i lung dente. or so fullte as unedernen als goverfilm dag memlet in do mile gerbrout with win as mir nicht sellinge/mon gott zu beite: Darum blich Gbei ihm Die lange leatte nacht.





Athanua vala 4,1,4

weiter tag-cap-ur-Rem traum gab mir das rettenbereurt om. Bydubartagfohrungender farede gangenacht bis ind-nen-tag. i'gieng finend him or heam kama des gebronger or Poparto zurick na mem west lich lande wo poriel treatings or Soviel moglichtet des belfens it. Eliebe Dz dubar/er foll mit micht elendrog. kome. To woho foll bilfe kom ? Reine wind of builtealt weg uberfebreit in Chirette mi suf jen was zurückezukehr. " most ? giebt es Dort vielletett hilfe? abodie unbekant-gefahr / die dort Drob ? i'modste metterblund - wags winde es Izdular miliza i steam and als blinde dies labor most trage. Ja/ware i generallis une Izdubare. was mitted bro alle wife Chaft 3 900 abend abo trat is zu Jadubar o frat zuigne: Jadubar mem furt bore ! cowill & worth werkom-lag- , Schon bricht de zweite aband an wir hab keine majory o-do lichere too feet me bears were or mir met galings bile pertersubot, was west kon-wir Heme bile comerty ponot about welleight bife mont. trafer on miemand out dem wege to wir z' billeruf-kont-3 lasses fem do tod man kome was en will. Di das bern blutet/min/worn & danke/dafi i de bis werlass milite/ofme das latite sur di versucht 31 746m tour 30 town or micht belfe. P. war wir in moin lande / Topmelle was trout uns billo bring. 12: ware tom mein lande / phase dem afthaded mi micht erreicht. 12: sage mir/weifit du keine belfe von de seite Dop oftense.

It was buft his doine rauberkuns? wares du stank pois is / Sukonter mit trage. als en ouft has

It do was doubling to land or employ or went during or getings in die abene tomangetonier ban triffs dudie genellies fore Sie de blendet.

P: ato won i don nachte wanderte / am lige mi vor do fone verbong bielle ;

1: den machte kriech alle Eblang " o drach aus ihr lochern /v du unbewehrt / bit ihm retter los vorfall. lafor fin! was folles bolf meine boine find verdort o absolvert. Dicheror bie boute Dief fahrt micht beum zubring.

old & wicht allow way?

inulates I michto is gewon won du umkomft.

D' laft mi no etman na dente violleicht komt unt do no em rettend gebanke

Ventfernami " felo milaufome feloplate po do am lesine Sos gebriges ves began in mit dieferede; große Deduter Subsem eine helllof lage - v- i' nicht weinge, was ir de z'thun? et is nicht inne nothig 31 thus mond mal ir benk befo. im grunde bin i jadavan überzeust das Jedubar gar meht in gewordenliche fine withit to formere eine phantagie it de situation ware velolf- wen man. istrati anders affect beibnichte . - - beibnichte -- - beibrachte -- merten under / Sat bir foz gen eredant wid half man mufz de febralen fem. abo das wird februs balt. en wird es malin to most annehme das everne phantage fei fondern behandt woll er fet gang real vestion ne ibm mer auf reste weife oebolf worder, innerbin kan mandax millet emmal verfiche. I will it in deren ansuf & mil ibn red :

L'mein fur / gewaltige hore: mir kam ein gedanke de vielleicht rette bringt it denke

namli du feir oar meht wirkli fondern blog eme phantifie.
Introrant op vor dem gedank . Te find morderes. will bu mis gar fur unwirkli er.

Klar nato du me jamerte goldomt basz Pit babe me villetet elwas miljourthade austorbried / zunel in de sprache das wer landou i mein ne naturli miche du feier ganz unworkte / fondera et ant fowert le vic eine phantagie. wen du. Cast annelym Kontes dan worm welgewoon. It was ware danne gewon ? de bet ein qualitenfel. L'i beklageng wortho/ (" will de micht qualt die band ben arytes will nicht quit su wen fie webthat. Router du werteli? micht dunehm / baf du eine phontofic bis? It webenne! in welch south will du mit verftret- ? foll mir geholf fein poen i'nie fitreme phantagie balle? 1: du weift bename & mantract bedeutet wel . In weift on baf mand krank oft em neu nam- giebt un fie 3 beil; ben mild now nam empfong te emneuer wet dem name vodem wer. No du par recht dag fag su unferepriefte. I'm alfo du wille 3 out dans du eine phantagie bis ? B: went on helft - Ja! die interestina spramun folgendermatz zumir: Jetzt ir er zwar eine gbantafie aberdie lage is hoted Lufters verwickelt su eme plustagic lift to metteinte negues a mil refignation behandeln. etwas but demit z'geftheb- intofrin is excise phantagie - also bedentend volatile-6' glaube/ 1' sepecine modiciblet: Jetst Rate i ibrauf & wick nobin - darauf trot i zu Dagubar a lberto 2 im: en worts getund. du bir leicht gewoord, leicht als eme fede jetet kan i de trage L'umfasseibn un bebailen som bod auf serte leicht ale last und babe sogar anathe mit mom fills-Ambod 3 bleit / des memelas hebt mi empor. Jas war em meift frick . wobin trags du mi ? 1's it traged s' himunto in se we land meine genof word for frew eine partie plantique bei is pepartered 3. Junt . wer mir une ere done getiege printe unes pate in de gaff lichbutt do mentet angelougt find bet Ran is in trube no con mittel fuch / dag di wiede gangle berfellt. 1º (teige/thnour mein = rude trapent, verticibles d- formal-felf plad binunto/mater inde gefalor communica emporgementall als um de last in die liese pastingst 3 word. i pange un meine aberlaicht barba. endli erreich wir de thalbobe, veda ir au schondowco do beigrealt schmerz. Diegemal abo blassmir em fansende of Frond dur die felf-enge binunto volito die selde himaux / bewebnt stalt-entges. De frances unes borniste meme fobt micht beflagelt eile is dur febriege land vor mir geb zwei out do stratze es is Amonios vodo rothe also voir dicht bint ibn find mend sie si um volument unt entfetit oefebrei in die felde bingus. mein anblicke muß gewiß fonderbar fein. " was find das für missgestalt-? find das deine genets ? 1: das find Raine mentity das find foremente relicte de vergang ht ben man in weltland no ofters begennet. The war fruit vongroffe bedeuts. Jetst brancht man fre bauptfächte

Je une sur em wunderlichen land! do sieh/it dort micht eine stadt? willt du nicht dorte

12. nem, gett bewahre mi / vwilk kein volkskauflauf erreg / dort voobn- ja die aufgelälart:

- vieche du sie micht? die sind eigentli oe saberti/ den sie seoche die allerstärkst giste/vor

- den i nie sogar but muss. die leute dort sind total gelähmt, in ein braun gistdamps

gehüllt, von larmend schnattermaschine unigeb ve kön sie normo mit kunstlich mittelm

fortbewey, ab le come forge es tr Joht from so dunkel dass une momand siett. uterdies withde es le seme empeted / mis gesch z'hab. I weis bis em empenes hans wort habe i vortraute freunde die mes für die nacht auf nehm word.

Printe mit of Dubar 3'em fill-dunkeln gart darin field ein verformegener haug. it vertore Hadubar unto bent babbangend acht eines bauses or gope 3° haughbure um anguktapf. I betrachte na denkle diethure: fie ir viel 3' klein. bi bringe i off scubar nie bindur? do eine phantafie bruncht ja kein raum war um fean i micht freh auf dief. husgeszeichnet godante! i gebe in d- gart - zurück, driehe off subar obue mahr bis 3° große eines eines zufam vr feete ibu in die tafete. birete i da ins gastliche haus de meufoh-woo Hadubar beil find- oll.

o fand main sell ratts. Die retts geforal Jahurs Jag ihm ab dass geforals was man für das unbedingt tetliche hall multile namlie daß man ihn für em goffine de einbild artilart, wie viele male sohon glaubte man bab die gotto auf diese weise zicht rande gebracht seit das woord har eine große tausches dan dahur nord bogott ja eb gerettet. Or vergieng micht sondern wurde z eine lebendig phantasie/der-works o an mens eigen körpe erfuhr: die mir wesenschen zugehörige schwoere schwand nicht mehr brante verver de heisskalle schwerzenswere mete naschtz nicht mahr bielt nicht die sond bei skalle schwerzenswere mete naschtz nicht mahr bielt nicht die sond seinstelle schwerzenswere mete

Dern Leicht wie eine fedotrug mit de wind derweil is berief trug. man glaubte man kone angettem morro vollbring. Degettabour genettet er spinnede in fono aine noue act er tempte wederum bineau in de lightfult depoten um feir uralt kenisland aufgenen y begier. wir klug enemiche abe splicht. Lahm er oftig perme erweißt nicht einem daß ume etwas sellte. E'lichte abe mein gott er nahm ihn mit ye haust de meinste dem is erweig daß erau'ale sphutasie wirklichete er despald micht. Obeste lieg geles erweige dem verante. darum ersuhr is das wunde daß mein korpe eine schwere. Abeste lieg geles meinste eine schwere. Arenter ale to ein der freige betud. St. Christopherus de viese show an seine las troted are enure. Sas obeste stud trug. Erabe war klein wie ein kind er trug eine reist ober nie meine las exuper. Destritustend ware de riese christopherus eine leichte las geweif den de Urristus selbe saste: meine de farste wirk same aus en leichte las geweif den de Urristus selbe spote: meine las ir leicht. nicht sell mir de Christien trage den erst unentragie sondern wire sell Christ sein das sandene wirkliche. Selage wir de gelt in sichter tasten welt ir das eine verteliche er unertragie ver hest aus de das autene wirkliche. Selage wir de gelt in uns erteichtert allege schwere. Darum trage out aus erteichtert allege schwere. Sarum trabe ale Christophere krume ruche veren den die vell ir schwere erteichtert allege schwere. Sarum trabe ale Christophere krume ruche velen veren den die vell ir schwere.

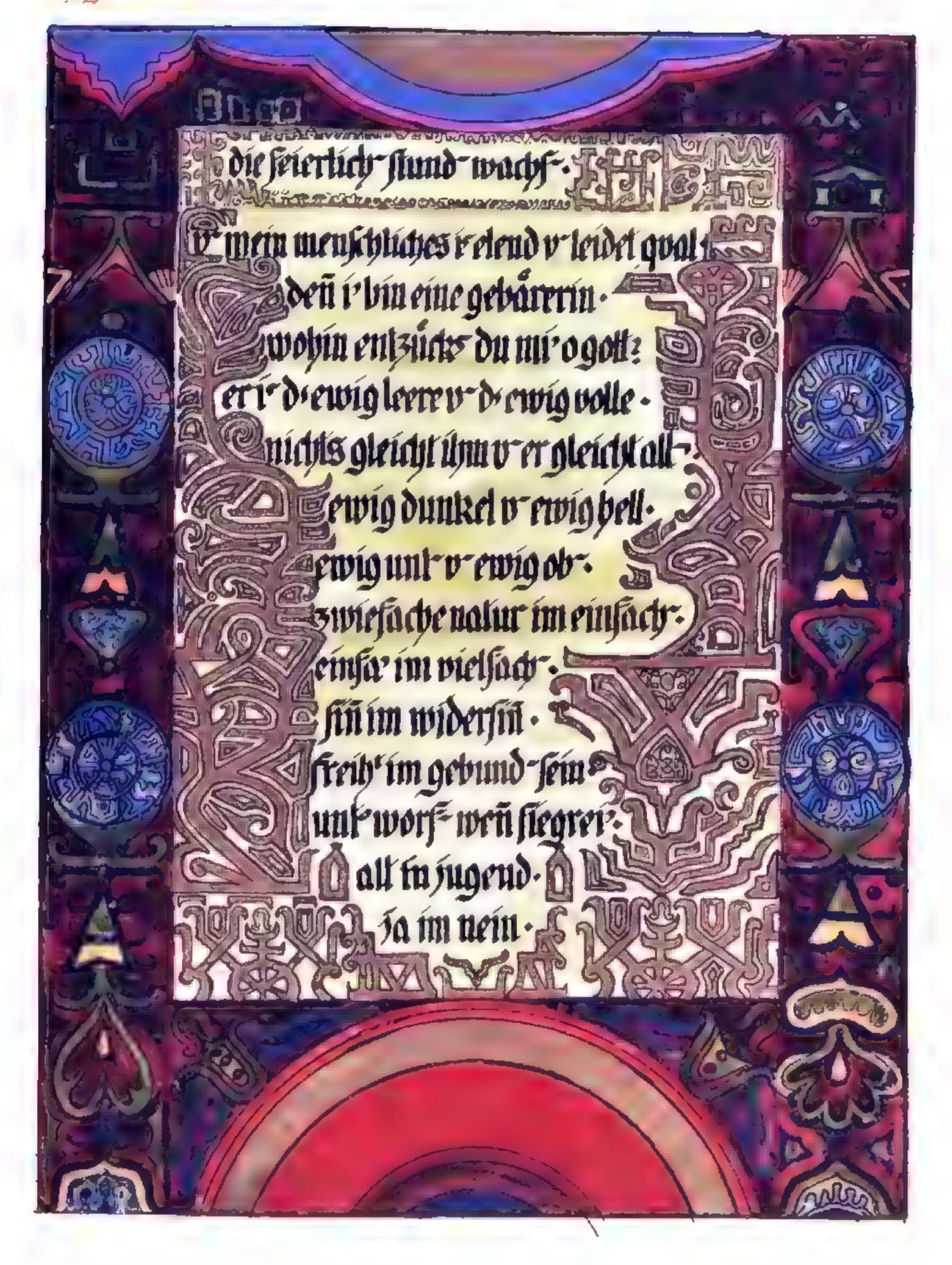
To find vide bie the firste got bille hol-woll or die vond- fibling or drack welche an weg for land lauen mortiblung would be find in ubbell tog untergegang or find duntile man get fit bevan we fobalt vered work. It the or fit of the parties it in dunkaln we flande or fother phonds and or bill bofficor or richet fit and for die fer de fer de hind gewalthito. Darum won du filing bis win bogot mit dan weift du was it has du the nicht beide in west and dan komter ub nacht an di gerant mit flirrend pany or formellered firetlast. bas du the nicht bei de macht an di gerant mit flirrend pany or formellered firetlast.

The promint ou somegate of dutrage michtabe feine waffe ben er zerfehlig fie. Die waffe gehraucht weenthern will may abowill du mo crotern? mehrale die one Rant du micht. crobern . 4 was it die wide? fie is kberallmind em tropf / So in wellall band . 4 340 fore golangs du micht nicht einmal z den mond reicht deine naacht micht einmal dag meer bezwings du midstemmel de formeed pole mubbemmel de fand de write fondern Amendo ner em par flocket gruns erde, micht em med auf ingendeine dans erders Du morge it deine borrschaft stand bet ovall-foller on - wempstent - or too bezwing . also fee. Rem nave or lege die waffe wag . golt Teller zerfehlug feme wafte . de paring gennigt um de word nort zu Portz- de no amerobornier. soltes pany matt di unversandbar/für die Eroft-marr fo: yar unficht bure. im dem- golt mit. trage ibn pinunto in dein dunkelland wo die leute wohn - die jed morg, die. Aug "rate or de imme mer das alatete wente due andere febr. bringe dein got berunt in de soft phonongen dung she might wie jene polendet Siemit lichtem Die finfterul Berleucht woll which die finternif abo micht begreift, fondern humli trage dem gelt = gaftlich dache i klein find De hill de manfele ve trote ibre gaftlichte v willabnight bene fie de golt micht aufnehm. Durum warte met ver rob ungefohidete menfohrbunde dour got placke formon umfafze ihn no make lidered his erdie or balt since all erst an sugges morning bat met lasse mans mentet ange feb-d-rielgeliebt- Cohrectelis practing in 3 fambe fem Avantel v ohnmacht bedanke / das deme. mitmenteb-thiere find obne ex 3 wiff - plange to out ibre weede got about to fore key od ibre Jung ling ob tes boost find to tobone or paralle gethopfe de theory mulle ende went she de nott or scheme San Fong sie anzirase ben die gottege nabe macht rafend - fie gittern. sorrange o- writte or fall for plotyle of bridgen bridges februptan den eine willest im andern de malo de gotte verbirg also de gott de du die mitgenen has lasse sie vas ve sie per seus seus lasse. de me stime it 3' sebua als das das die wathende sie par state de modernet ve zeuse de gott mill. fendern sitze an emfame stolle o singe die mountation na walle weife: words levelage si / it gott in fem an fang. I'mil deines suffrment Joubari Chomisme bebrute es,

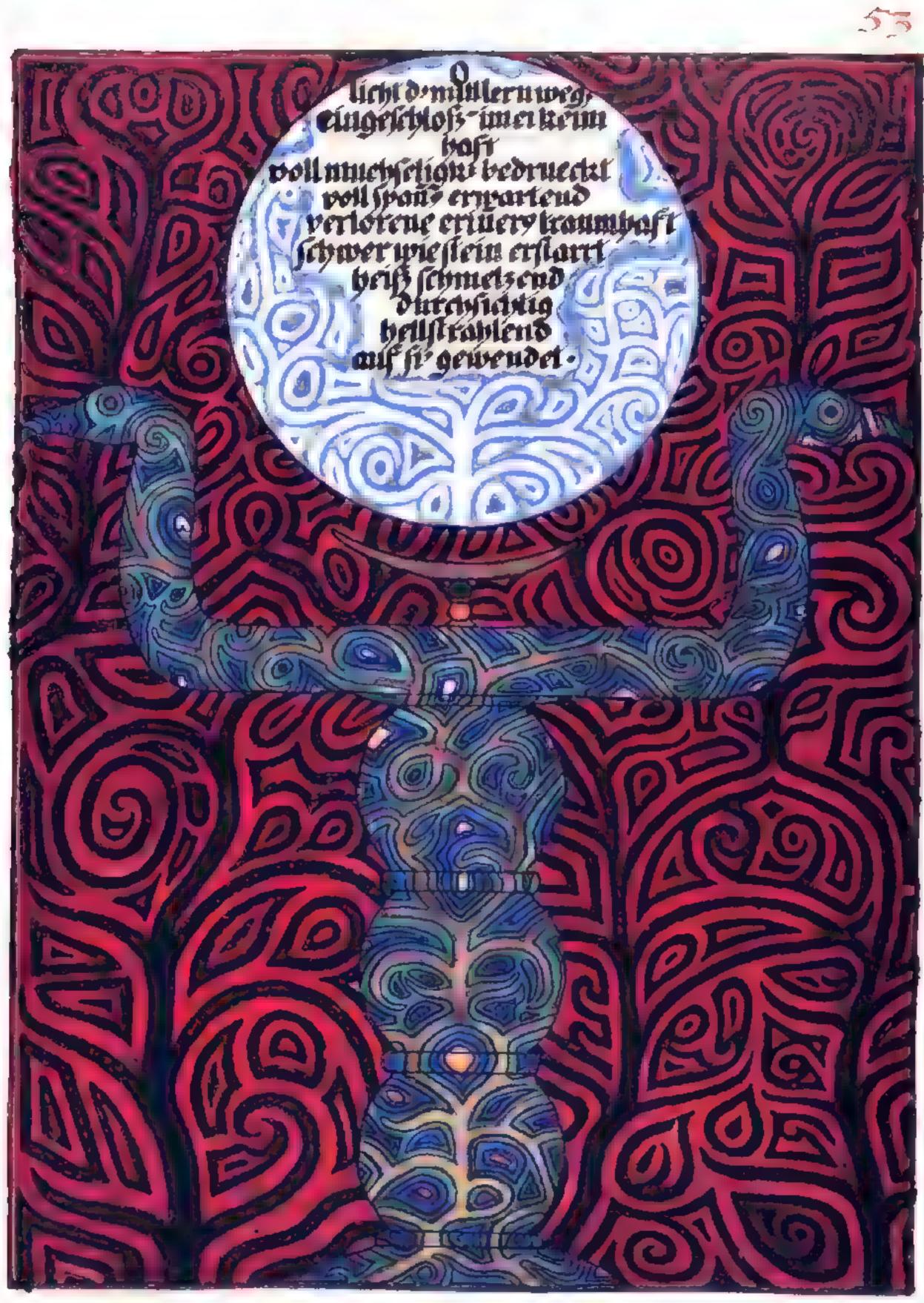
ther begin die incantation-





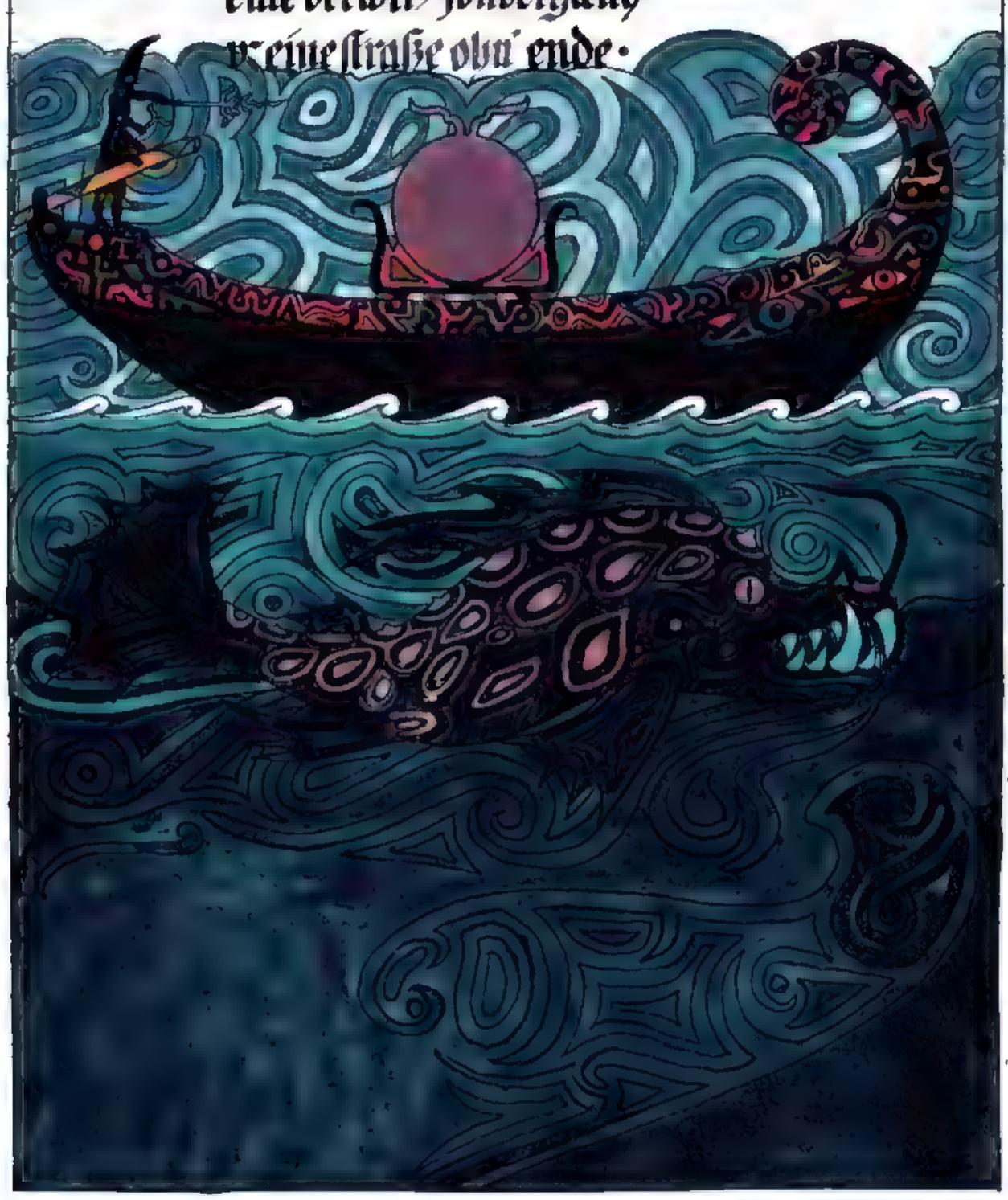


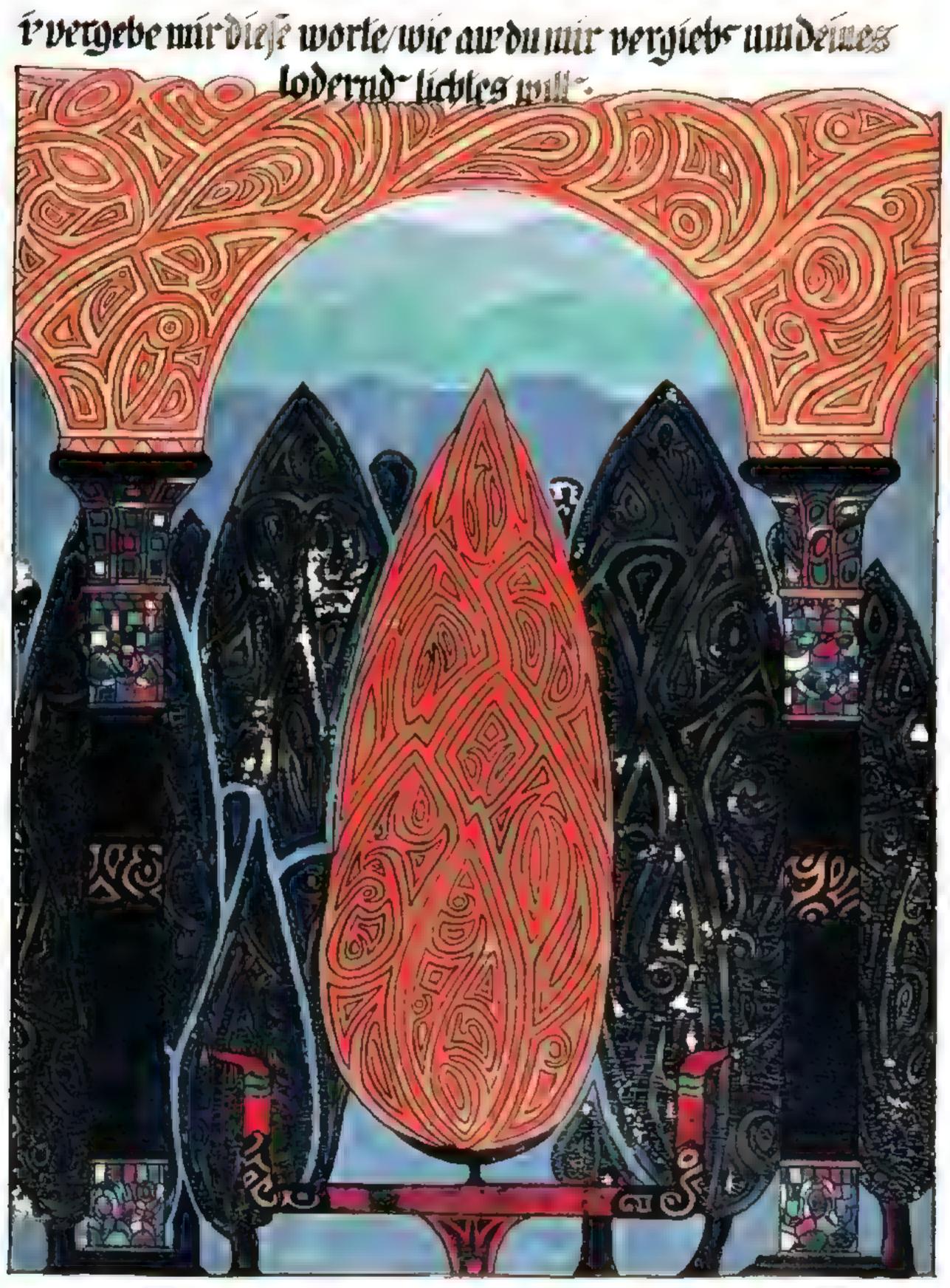






einword das me gesproch ward einsch das nor me leuchtete eine verwirs sondernleich - veine struße ohn ende .

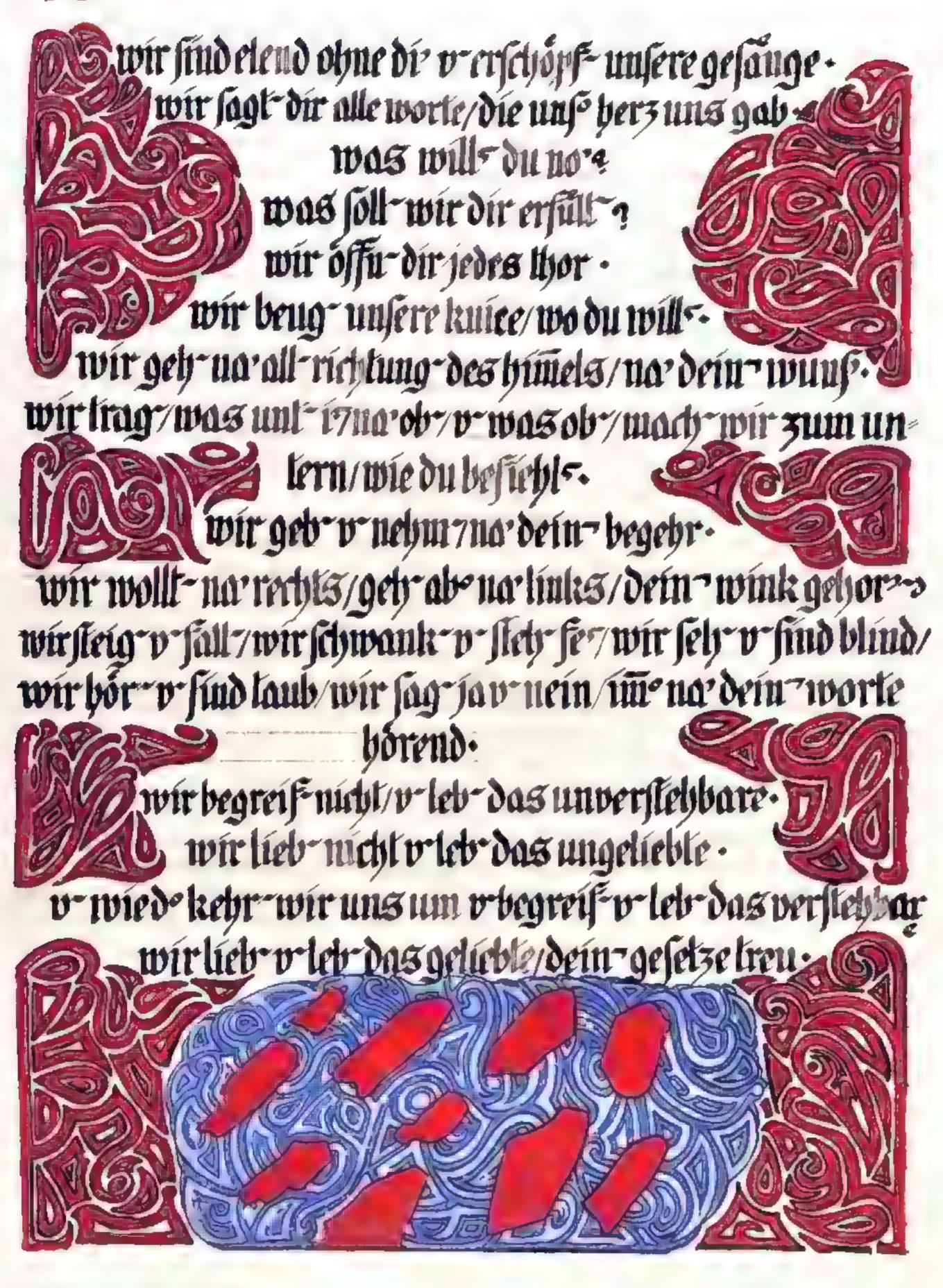




kome herauf meinsteund/dedukrank lages/briedureschele

wir hab dir ein mahl zugerüstet weihgeschenke sind vor dir ausgestellt deine diene stehe dir bereit herd trieb wir dir ausgrüne stur zusam wir süllt deine beche mit wihr wein dustende stüchte legt wir aus goldene schat vir poch an dein gesängnis veleg lauschend uns ohr darandie stund wachst säume nicht läng.

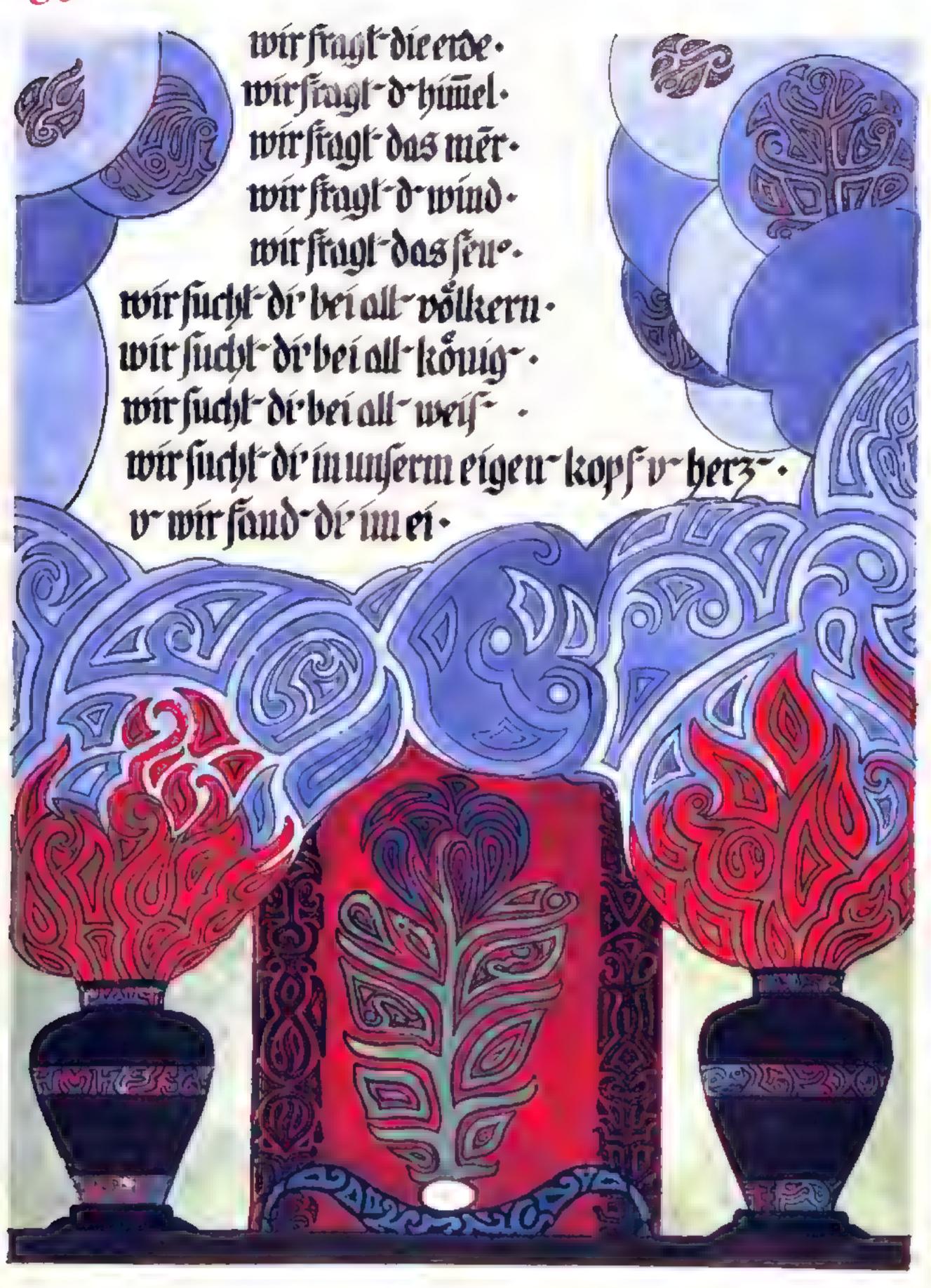




komezuuns/die wir willig sind aus eigen willkomezuuns/diewirdi verstehraus eigen geiste-komezuuns/diewirdi warm am eigen seus. kome zu uns die wir di beit aus eigene kunskomezu uns die wir di erzeug aus eigen leibekome/kind/zuvalov-multo.



hiranyagambba



épabediremkostbares menschenops geschlachtet ein jungls vein greis.

é habe meinehaut mit meßern geritzt.

é habe mit mein-eigen-blute dein-altar besprengt.

é habe valor mult verstoß damit du bei mir wohnes.

é habe meine nacht z tag gemacht v bin um miltag wie ein traumwandlegegang.

shabealle gotte gestürzt die gesetze gebroch das unreine gegeß.

i habemein schwert hingeworf v weibekleid angezog i zerbra meine seste burg v spiellewie ein kind im sande F sahdiekrieg zeschlacht zieh v zerschlugmeine rüst mit d hame

v bepf lanzte mein acke v tieß die frucht verfaulrmachte alles große klein v alles kleine groß. meine fernst ziele verlauschte rgeg-nachstes/alsobin rbereit-





ch bin ab nicht bereit/dan no habe (jenes perzzuschnürende nicht mimi ouspenom - jenes schrickliche (die einschließ) des gettes im ei. wohl some in mi dass große wagnis gelung i sab (vergaß des schreckens. ubo ch diese wagnis. (liebe o bewundere des gewaltige. Reino (o größe de mit de stierhörnere /v do lähnele o trug v verkleinerte i ihn mit leichtigkt. (lank vor schreck sa zu bod als i ihn sah ve jest beroe i ihn in do bohl hand das sind die machte/die di schreck u begwing das sind deine gotte deme herr scho seit underklanzeit: de. kan i fie aus in die tasche stecke was i eine gottes lästere dagege? !

I mochte gott lästern kinv: i halte do wenig siensem gott/de i belein die konte ab es lobut si micht ein ei zu lästern dass man in do

tafibe traget. Das et em gott de man micht emmal laftern kaz. I' hafe diese samerhichte des golles. Et habe senug an mem eigen michts wurdigtet. Sie ertragt es micht weñ i sie no mil de samerhichte des golles belaste. nichts balt stand: du berührt di selbe: du zerfalle instand. du berührt de gott ouer verzet sent belaste nichts balt stand: du prengt die pfort de bolle: masse gott ou narrennnussik tone dir entgege. Du sturmer de simiel: sheatercoulis-wanke ve de sousse mitaste sall in ohnmacht. du mertet: du bit nicht wahr obe er micht wahr sunder sousse sind tausse.

worken dugreeft/trluft/luft/luft.

Whit have ibngefing few feit urgest furththam to have ibn klein gemacht/meine hand umschließt ibn.
Die ir das ende de gette: de mens steckt sie in die tasche. das ir de stolles degostergeschichte. nichte blieb
bond-gottern als ein ei. v-diese ei besitze i. vielleicht kan ir diese eine v-leizie ausrott v-damit
die geschlecht de gotte endeiltig vertilg. jetzt/da ir weiß das die gotte meine macht versalt sind — vogs

soll mir jatet no gotte? alt o uberreif find fie gefall win at begrate.

We gefrap as do? I talle do grof -/ both sole ibm to wollie ibn micht laft den tileble ibn weil ibm teet no gleichte mit do fierblieb- menfir. aus liebe afan i do let be do fine er enthot wo von do raumtilikt befreile. I nahm ihm aus liebe i form wet operlicht. i folg ihn liebend ein in das millerliche ei fill i ihn do wehrende for i liebe enfolge ? fold i fomes grabes partes gefaus zerfdmellern / wondo do well preisost ! abo faug i wicht die incantation zu feine betritz ! lat i es micht aus hab aufhan! warum liebe i ibn ? die liebe zum grof will i nicht aus mein hers reif. i will main goth lieb do wehr or hulfe for. I will main goth lieb do windes find wit micht fohne do the warum foll nicht gotto unfare kinde fine? war mir an mein gothet lab field mir ein gotheind er fielt aus mein millerlieb berzo. Den is liebe do got we will ihn nicht laf. nur wo do got liebt ban ihn fall / vod gott er giebt fie feiner bufage vo- Germach fie fand vande verteilt.

mein gott/rliebe di/wie eine mult das ungeborene liebt/das sie unter herz-tragt-wachse im ei drostens/nahre dir von meine liebe/trinke die safte meines lebens/damit du ein strahlende gott werder- wirbedurf-deines lichtes/okind-da wir in dunkellt gehzerhelle unsere pfade-dein licht leuchte vor uns/dein seu erwarme die kälte unseres lebens wirbedurf-nicht deine macht/sondern des lebens-



Mass fromt unes macht : wir woll nicht perfeh wir woll-leby wir woll das licht o die warme to darum ber but of wor deine wie die grunende erden jegischelebroite karpe de fette bedarf je bedirf wir alle geiste de mag Lichtegen demendrme em sott-lese geir wird zo seh marrel so de karpers - de gott about hort de geire





Catapatha braymanam 2 2 4

die eroffung des eres erry 11.
mabend de drift tages kuice ir auf driepie nied volffie behulfamdas



ei-wie ein ran'steigtes darans empor v-plotzlissett izdubar vor mir/riesengroßv-verwandeltvvollkom-seine glied sind heil/ visindekeinespurdesschadens an ihn-es ir weñer aus tiefssihtase enwachte er spricht:

Wobin i'r wie eng i es his-wie dunkel-wie kühl-bin i imgrabe? wowar i'? es schi-mir/alssei i'draus im wellall gewef - über untemir mendlicheschwarzesternsunkelnd bimet - é war in unsagbar sehnend gluth -

seu-strome brach-aus mein-strablend-körp-

eselbewogteinlodernd-flam-

L'selle setywam imenganmigepreßt-mere lebensvoll-

feuers -

ganz licht/ganz sehnsucht/ganz ewigkeit ~ malt v-ewig mi erneuernd vom bochst ins liefste sallend w vom liefst ins bochste leuchtend emporgewürbelt -in glübend wolk um mi selbeschwebend ~

als glulreg wie gischt debrundung niederpraßelnd/mp

selv heiß überfluthend ~ in unermeßlich spielmisselv umarmend vabstoßend ~ wo war in invar ganz sone •

[3] 3 Jubar! gottlich ! welder wund ! du bir geheilt :

geheilt: war i semals krank: wospricht von krankht: i war sone/ganz sone i bin die sone

Am unaussprechtiches licht bricht aus fam horpe em licht, das memoans nicht faß- kon. i mußmein

12: Du ber die forie dan ewige licht - vergiet, machligte das meme band de trug.

Catalles fill o-Junkel. i' blicks um mi': auf d' tepi high die lère schale emes eies. i belasse mi'/
d-bod, die wande: es italles, wie es imo war, gang einfa' o gang wirkli'. i' motibie fag ": alles
um mi fet zugeld geword". abo es it micht wahr ... es it alles /wie es imo gewest it. bis flutbele das
empe licht / unermeßli' o " übengewallis.

Boefchah/daß i das er offnele/o-daß do gott des er vertiefz er war beil v-leuchtete m vernoandeite gestalt. ve l'ensele wie ein kind ve konte das vennde micht faß. ende zu. Sam-geprest lag in gehanse des anjangs, the emper voleme pur de terantels war an ibm 3 u find v. wals i wahnte dassi de stante gefang bate wind bobt band berge da warer die fone felbe. i' wanderte na oft z aufgang de jone . i' wollte wohl felbe auf gebe, wie wert i' die forse mare. i'mobile wort felle die forse un fang vo- und ihr penant flaig- 3" lenoptend- lage. er abs Kam mer entgeg o voertrat mer de wag von wom mußte i hor daß mer alle moglichet benom-Set/y safgang 3 gelang . er str/ do 37 med gange eit wollte um mit de fone in de fotofido nacht pommito y steig want vonmer gelahat /or ex want ihm jue postus genom / das felige westeland 3 erreich. Do' siehe! i' fieng mir die force obseen 3' wy to trug sie in meine hand. er/do mit do Toune untergely-wollte fand dur me fem needergang. i felle wurde feme nachlige mutto bie das et des enfangs bebrutete. D'ergieng auf consuert budergebor 3' grafiere barrichtet. . Obe ind a cranfort / troncio 32 untergang. Als i do goll beginning stronte sine braft in mis. MENLO de gott inser rubte e- femes ansangs have, daging memeteraft in In . v- als er strablend emporting da lagi auf mein angestett ernahm mein Leb-mit si', all meine kraft war mit ibm. meine seele Comum wie en fit in fein feuermer. mein mentituites ab las in de fitesur o kuble des endschattes 10- Jank Kefortiefo zounterfe Sunkelle brast also licht war von mir gegang To gott Streg empor im oftande v main i feel pinuato y gran de unterwell. wie eine gebirerin granfam Berrit 10-blutenis ifr leb-punt be prucht in das ochorene pom sterbend blicke todo-leb-anight so Lag is die multo des tagos cine bente do nacht. mein got hat mi granform zerrifs mets nes lebens lafte bat er octrunte, meines liebens boobste teraft trank er in sie or wurde ber-It's " stark wie die somme em beilo gottand- kein makel or keine feble it maine flugel bat er mir genom da jobwellers ft meine mu frela pater mir geraubt die marte meines willows Command mit is m. mir liefe er obumacht v- form.

I wreste nicht wie mir gestoch den eb-war alles miliblige schene glückselige übermenschliche aus mein? mutterliche Choffentwich nichts blub mir vone frettend-golde. granfam ve undankbar breitete De prienvoyel seme sopromy vo flogement 3" unermesslub vanne. zerbrochene sopal des samerliche gepane jemes sufrugs blieb mur v-du leve de trefe offrete fir unto mor.

Webedomutto die ein-golt gebiert gebiert fie ein-wund w februerzens voll-gott, fo wird eine (Amoent ibre secle durch deing gebiert sie aboem heit gott sownd si braic holle offer daraus si die Change ungeben herrowais welche die mult mit pelthan er tick - die geburt it Chaver taufend. mal Copwer ab - die bolle The nachgeburt bint d- gottlich The kom - alle drach o- Toplang

monter Jewig leve.

Was blubt vondomenfoblich natur wen dogott reif geword valle teraft in Francis hat? Mos untichtige ales atteraftige alles ente gemeine ales tere also abbolie e unqualige ales widers Trebonde worklemernde wornichtigende stes midentinge ales was die uner grundliche nacht 35 Stoffes in (i') Except. Das is des gottes nachgeburt er fein hollifich brude scheustlich miligestalt. Der golt lewet wen do ment seme fintering meht auf si mint . darum musst die menty em lewend-gott hab folange fream bog litt - ambof lew beifit: dass dud so pose no liebe vodo mist mehrliebe. De verspreibe die no etwas davon will abo micht hinfel aus angs De Koner entdede Dats du dus boje do nos trebs. darum leidet de gott/weil du no / destrip trebend daranteider . milet weil du das tofe anerteen must leider du davan fondern wat gader no em gebennes vorgning macht v- waites dir ingendeme lur bei ingend and unbekant- gelegetet z verforect schemt. Clause dem golt leidet/bardumitled mit ibm er mit dir/damit Chons dudeme bolle er verlangers Tem leid. wen durchne gebeines milleid mid dir ihn gefund mach wille, fo fall die das bose m d'arm des descinde verblattemen anerteent des politiche state m dir selle de abe mitht benis Deme ment gent ibe das boje ribrt her wonde his berig harmlofakt demes lebens, dernhe De zettantie w de abusefent des gottes went frabe de gutt nabert dan geralt dem wer in walls

or de separate seplan de liefe werbelt empor.

Der ment steht zwifch voll " let. wen some kraft somit d' not verbindet sowiet sie im voll" pestaltend. Siese gestalt sie in ingenduse out wer fema kraft somet de let verbindet so wirkt sie dador and logend a zerstonend ind das leve me gestallet wend kan sondern sinar and Rost : des voll 3' fallig trachlet. [o verbond macht die menschliebe kraft Daglere 3" bof west Deine traft days volle gestaltet to that he day vormage thro verbinds mit do red " dannit abodeine gestally expall bleuba it ex nothwentro Daniel denie teraft Daniel werbund bleube. dur bestien dige gestally vertiers du almabliq deme kraft mot schließte alle kraft met d'gestallet verbund wird. Am ende woodn ree 3 fem walnut but du some gewood & stops wie em bette monettdemo gestalling". des it dan do augenblick wod vorblandele manf von vermebet febusucht do gestalls erfast wind den ermeint dur vielfa vermebries gestall kona seine schusucht gesälligt werd. soul (ame traft z'ende it wind er begehrenf / v'er fange au andere in fein dieux z' zwing v' nimt der Kraft/um das feine y gestalt", in dies augenblick braucht du das lose du must namle, wen du merker, dass beine kraft z'endegebt v-das begebr ansangt, sie aux do gestalt? in deine lebre zur mide nech / vodur diese verbinds mit de leer gelingt es dir, die gestalts in dir aufgulof-danselt. gevoir du die freit wied zurück, inda du deine kraft von de druckend verbinde mit da geg. (Band erlofer. Clauge du auf de Fandpunkt Des get verbort kans du deme gestalls meht auf: 10 - Den fie it eb dem gutes . du trait gutes mit gut " most sufter du trait das gute mor mit 5- bof auflof. Den au dem gutes führt Dir febleefili 3 , tode dur fort schreitende bind Demokraft. du Rant obne das life ubertaupt nicht leb.

Dem gestall schafft zuerr em bild demo gestalt y in dir selbe. dieses bild bleibt in dir to it do erste no

unnullelbane aug druck deines gestaltens dan schafftes dur'eb-diefes bild ein aufgeres das obra di besteb w di aberdonera kan deme kraft i nichtunmittelbar an deme duffere gestally gelonight fordern mur dur das bild das in dir bleebt, wen du daran gebt mit do hof denne gestall jaut gulof so zerstort du mest die sussere gestalt? sont winder du ja dem eigenos werk vernicht fondare du zortor um das bild, das du in dir gestallet but den es et dieses bild das deme terast testhalt. in do maje und diefes bild deine Kraft leffell in de felle maje word de sur des boj-beder jun deme gestalt auf zuld / o di selbo von domachi dos gewelen zu befreir. Varum sind viele gute du soan ibro gestalt 9 verblut weil sie so micht in dem selb masse au deze bof unehm-kon- je best ene is p je mebrer delshalban sem gestall hangt. deste mebruird ar feine kraft verlier : mes geschiebt abo wen do gule seine braft ganzli an seine gestally ver = lor pat? welt mor word er verfuct; andere mentit mit unbewußt live gewalt in d'diens semagestall 3 zwing fondern er wind au vone es 3 wif schecht in sem gut. Den seme schriftet na fattigs o- kraftigs wind ihn mehr o- mobr selbstif mach. dadur ab zerstore degute Chiefli fein eigenes werte, v- ale die, Die er 37 dienste jemes werkes zwang, werd- fime femde wend willer refilm selbeant fremdet but weabods dir selbe entfremdet is ware es in diente de best facte, de sour du sur gez dem eigen wunft bemili 3 bast ansang de desse leine Braft gebund hat wind on leis Alguleicht. Pelav-für fem-dienst 3 find / den es giebt mur 3' viele die for michte februtiche winfehr als for felbeent remdet z'werd unt ein gut vorwand. Un leides am bof-weil dues im geheim or dir felle micht bewufit liebs. do mochter du entgehv du fangt in Jis toje 3' bafa". v weederune bir du dur dem pafa an das boje erebund den obdues hets or passer bleibt für di dasselbe: du birandes beje gebund. das beje iranzunehm. was wired - blecht in unfor buil was wir nicht wol - o do farte i als wir reifit uns mit o wir beon en most ambalt ohne une selboz schadio. den untere kraft bleibi dan do me boj alle must wir unf boleg wohl sander den liebe vohne kafs/anerteenend/bafs es da ir v- fem-antheilam. lebe bab unf. dadur nebm wir Im die terrafi ung 3 ibowallig-

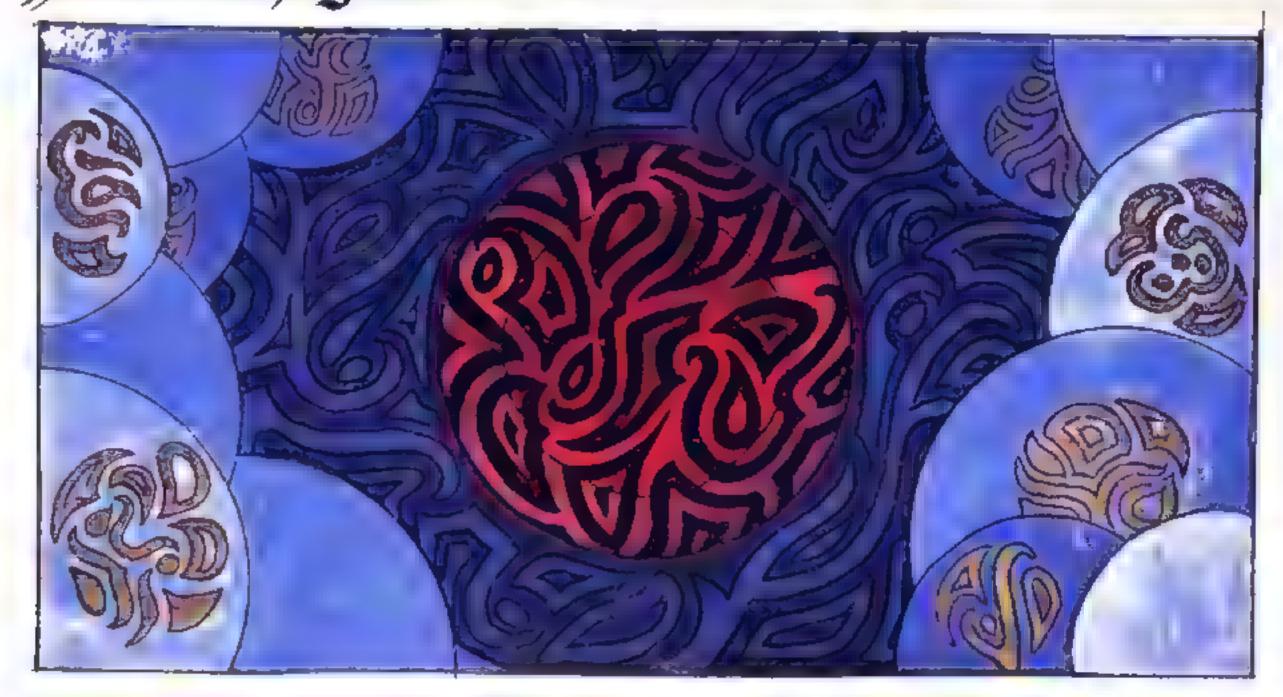
en en une gelung is em gott 3 sepast som dur diese schops unsere gange kraft in diese gestall? emgegeng- is san partit une abermachige Chafucht mit & + dottlich - Some emgres ulicie & feine pervicept thathaft 3' werd wir verge sale das wir dan mothe mehr sind als hoble form ind Die gestalt? Des gollos all unsere tenast an si geris bat wir sind mich met arm/ sindern durchous fant floff gowond - Dres nie y-trame and gottliebtet theil zu nehm - wie em furch thates lew air sine unentrimbare tenflijebe verfolo? bestheicht une die arinseligte be bedurftigtet unserne stoffes. de algumantinge steff sangt an zu sang er mostele sin gebride wiede in sit structe. da wir als ins m unfare gatalty verliet find to glant wir, do gott rufe ima 31 fer or wir mach very weifelle suftrangung Di gette in d-holyern rauni zu folg odowir wend une predigend or fordernden untere mit mentely une wenigting andere popefoly that des gottes y zwing lewer giebt es mento / Sie [i dazu gerse uberred latin zu ihr vomform schad es it viel vettingnif in die drange: den we konte exalm dats or do d' gott geschaff-, selbozo bolle verdamt soi? vo do vodo so son do staff do de gottles ob-glannes de braft enthelewet is is les of infro. it do gott de stoff ent lices san whit wir die leeve des toffes als eines theiles de unentit - Leer Tauman Dur bar permetrice well vo thun woll-wir de lere valo de bof entrie. abode richtige weg i day word de lere annehm des bill de seffall mines zerftor de gott vernem vins ab? grimbige to appenentiche des stoffes humantosterg. Do gott als ungo werk stebt aus ung bedarfunger bille mit metre er it gestaffer bleebt je selle überlage, em geschaffenes work sissisted wied unterpetet wenter with von im alwand taugt with a won ex

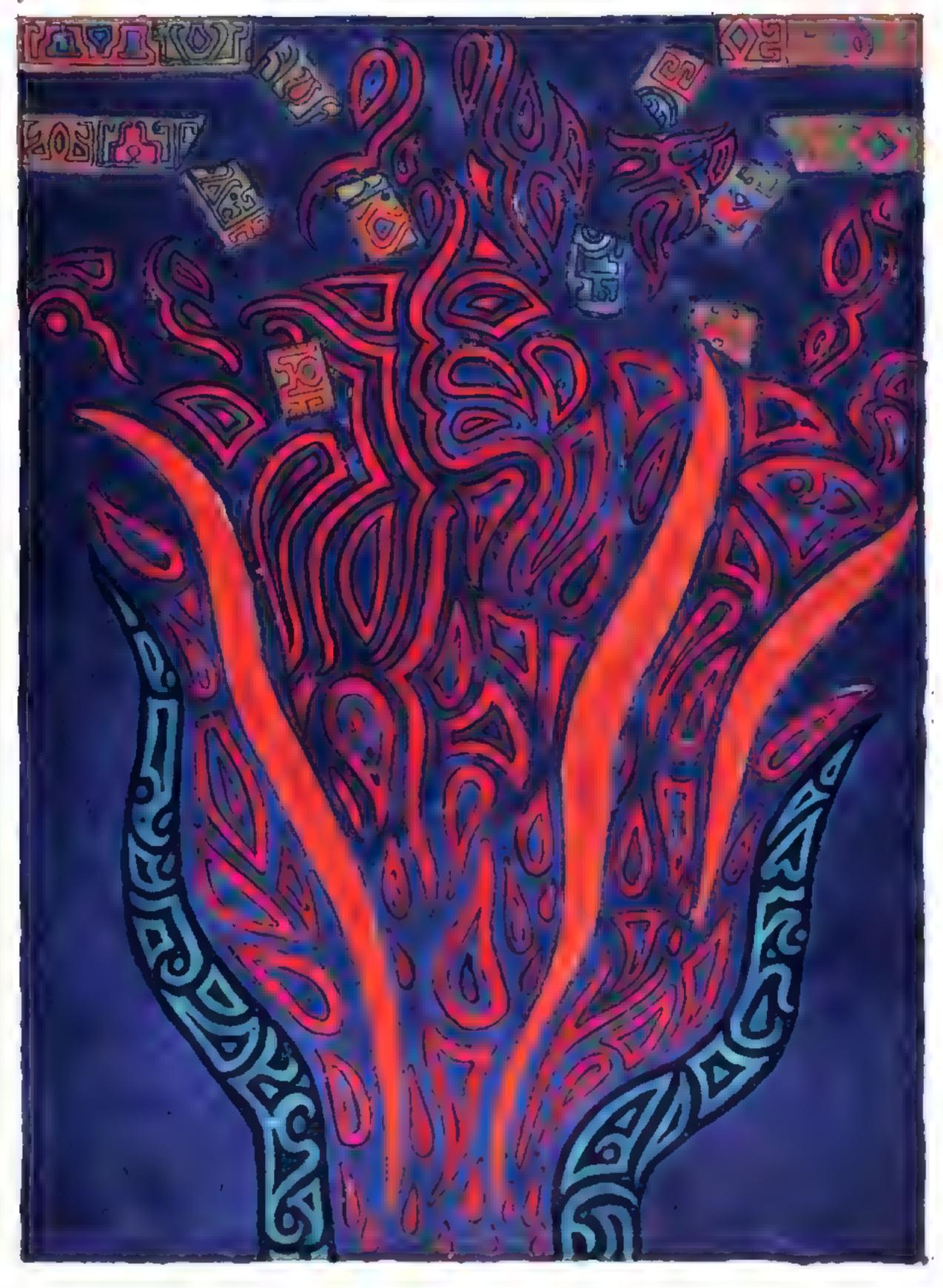
Rim gott ware.

Maabois den do gott na ferne er schaff mana seine lostren von min ? wen duem baus ertaus dan siebt du go they in do subsern well wen du em got er foraff har & du nicht mit leibleit aug fiets San iter in de genting well, die nicht gering it als die aufgere wirklinde well er it dort v wirket für distrandere alles was du von ein a gotte erwart Banir. 6 it deme fele dem eigenes felbe in de geiftig well die geiftige welt abo is als de wormort de geifte au eine aufere well wie duan micht allem bir mide fichtbar well fondern ungeb-vond geg frand, die dir gehor omme der gehoret. To har die au gedante Die die geborr or mer die geborels ", wie du aboan in de sichtbar well von ding or west ungeb bie die wed for gehoryno dir genout - to bis on ou in de geifting well von gedante ve gedante was um = get / Die wede dir gehorty no dis gehor " wie derne leiblis kind vonder gezeugt ad aus dir gebor find sufweet of to vonder frem funt ibr eigenes schickful 3 leb fo zeugs odo gebier June gedant well die is van die trens or ihreigeness leb leb - wie ein menf feine Kind laft! went evalt wird of fem lock do orde medogical, o trene i mi von mem 1904 do forme o ver finke in die leeve des [toffes or lothe das bild menus trindes in mit aus. dies geschieht ind " I' die natur dop tofferannomme v-die kraft meine geställ? in seine leere priemtlief lasse. wie i'dur? memo rengembe braft d- pronte gott ernenert wied gebor fo belebe i nummehr das leere des to tes werens die gestall des bos wacht.

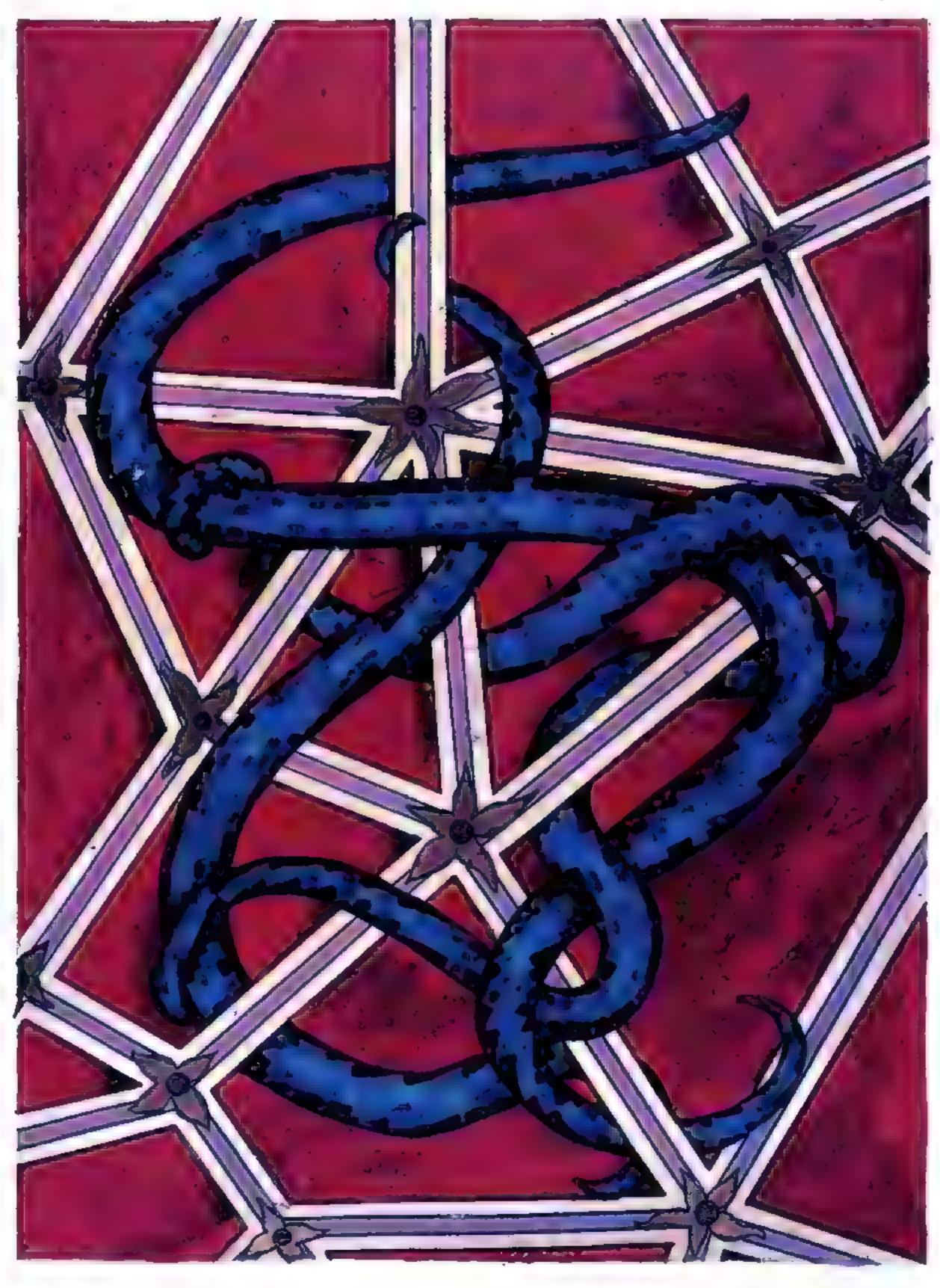
natur i spielerif v schreckti die ein seh das spielerische V ländeln damit v laß essämkeln die andern seh das granv bedeck ihr haupt v sind mehr tot als lebendig d weg I nicht zwisch beid sondernfäßt beide in sier i heiteres

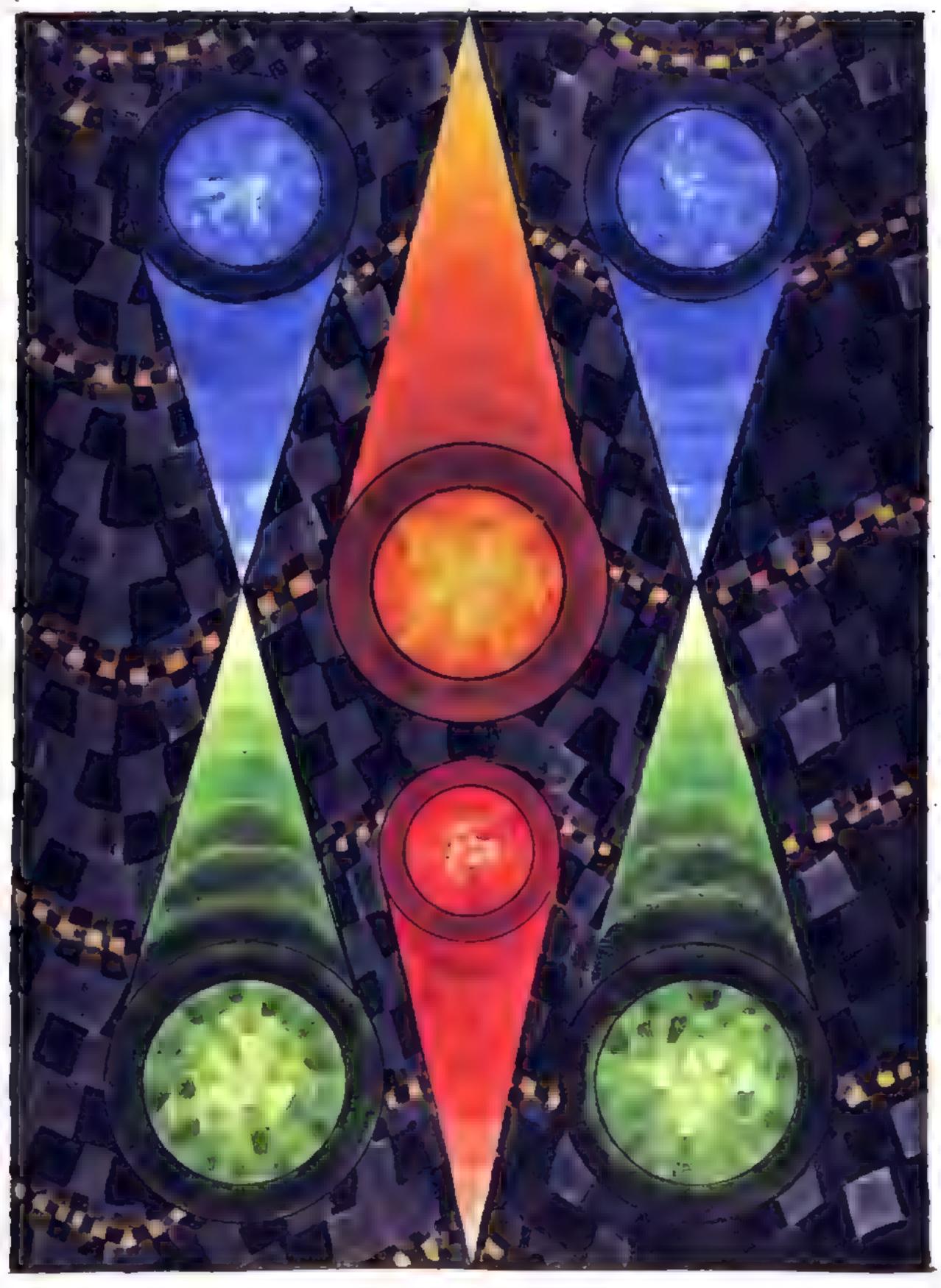














ie boelle-cap-rui-

gesicht kund dassi die unterwellerreicht batte.

L' besinde mi in ein dustern gewolle do bod besteht aus seucht stemplate. In do mille steht eine saule daran bang taue w bate. am suf do saule liest ein surchebor schlangen basse gewirt menschliche some Juert sche i' die gestall eines jung mad chens mit wund bar goldretht bat bale unt driegt ein man von teuflisch aus self beine strage in top sit zuruckgebeugt ein durie blut streif wint ube sie seine street eine die seine seine seine der die seine seine seine der die seine se

thre gesichte sind von unmenschlicht ausbruck das lebendige vose stremusteln sind straff or part or thre teorpo geschweidig wie die von schlang. Se hiag regungslos. Jos madhigs do machigs do machigs

dobise kan kemops bring fer kan sein ange nicht opsern. do sieg is mit door opfern kan.

Catapatha-brahmanas

as geficht verschwand. 50 pap bag merne feele in die macht des aborundleef bof- gefall war: die macht des bof trungweifeltaft mit recht also fürcht wir es. hie bilft kein gebet kein fromes wort kem zauboffrens. emmal komt robe gewall an dis ves ir morgands bille. emmal faßt die das bije ohne er barm. micht vate micht multe micht recht micht mau: en or thurne with pans or confronde macht som der zu bille fondern abamachtig ou gangallem fall dum die hand de ubemacht des bot. in dief Hampfe bis du allem I wollte meen gott gebar darum wollte van das boje. werdan en wolle waff will Down To an day away leave foraff. Du cant day ome ofneday andere mett wills du abo do bot entront to Tobaffe on ken golf fondern alles was on thug is law your. I wollte men gott suf grade & ungrade . darum will i su mem bofet . ware mem gott nicht ubermachlig/ forware an mem bojes micht eibermachlig sho i' will/dafimem gott machlig D'ubodie mats penti ve straplend fic. mer so liebe i mem got. un deseglanosos semo obombell with werde i au & grund de bolle Chmeck. mem gott treg emper anroltlich himel hells als ale gestimme o subrte em neu las herauf ut die volke. Darum maging hole fahr word met eme mult ihr teb für ihr kindlaff ? wievel che werde I' mem leb- dalom get wen mor mein gott die qual do lett stiende de nacht übernomdet " (igree' durch bricht dur die roth nebel des morganes. i zweifle micht: i'will au das boteum meines gottos will i nehme & ungleich kampf auf den dief kampf is imo ungleis a son licher supfichtslotight. wie ware die fo kount font schreckell o versweifet? abode das follo wind er fem

ichte ird bof werthoot als jein auge/den mur vermage feines auges kan das leere das Trablered valle [25]: weil des leur des voll-enthebrt sognert us mai de 1011-or semo leuchtend teraft ver trinkt fie mittelt femt and welche die schonh vod-unbefleckt glanz de voll- z'erfaff-ver. mag. Jag lete is avm er halle es das auge night so want es hoffnungelos. es en sieht das schon te ve willes in the fortung umes 3 verdert . de teufet weif was foron is darum iter de schotte Des febru " folgt ihm uberat des augenblickt harrend wode schonht sie in web windered or gotte dag leb och mochte wen denne schont wacht dan kreecht in an dir de scheufliche women empor semo bente parrend. ihm is nichts beilig dufo sem ause mit di er das schonste er subt. semange wind er nie lass. er it unverwindbar abonietite stille semange er it zart orklar, gee obichet das awige licht in fi 3 trink er will di deines lebens bellrother licht.

ertene dan furchtbar tauftifche men schliche natur. i bedeche dever meine aug . i strocke mame hand abwelirend aux wen jemand fi mir nah will / sus furth es kontemain Cobalt auf ibn fall ode fem Cobatt falle auf mi den i sebe au das tenfletobe in ibm de born of gefabre famos schattens. niemand berühre mis morde shandthat lauern um di o mis. Du lachels unsobuldig mem freund? Jicht du micht dassem lettes zuch demes auges das fureht base verrally dolf abnumgelofo boto du bit? dem blut lech zendo tigo lenurri leife deme gift feblan ge zijoht beimte wahrend du mer dem gute beweift dense menschliche band mit z gruffe Dieter. 12 tente dem ormen Ctall So hinto une geht v- mit une komt v- nor de friends De dament part we er mit all Isemon de nacht die or mi enving wind.

elde abgrund bluttriefende geschichte treat die vime"! i faste dome band ve sobaute dre inte menschliche auge it legte man kopf in dom fibris " fubite die lebens warme demes korpers De some men eig-war, als ob en mem eigene korpe ware, v- i fruhlte plotifie eme glatte schunrum De bale be erbarnungelor wurde vem granfam bam chlap chlug mer em nagel m die Chlate. In de fire- chlepte man mi it bors pflatte ve wilde hunde frate in de emfant nacht An mem Kongo.

semand foll fit wundern dass die mansch einande fo farn find dass fie einande nicht wersteht dati licemands beterieg o-tot. man fel fi melmebr mundern dati die monfet-gland amande natie 31 am emande 3' versteb-v-3' lieb-. 28 sind zwei dinge no 3 entdede- dans ente it de une ndliche Abgrund d' ble manget von emande trent. das zweile it die brücke die zwei mensch mitein ando verbind konte. har duje bedacht holeviel ungeapate thiert dir das zujam Jem mil de mensch-ermöglicht?

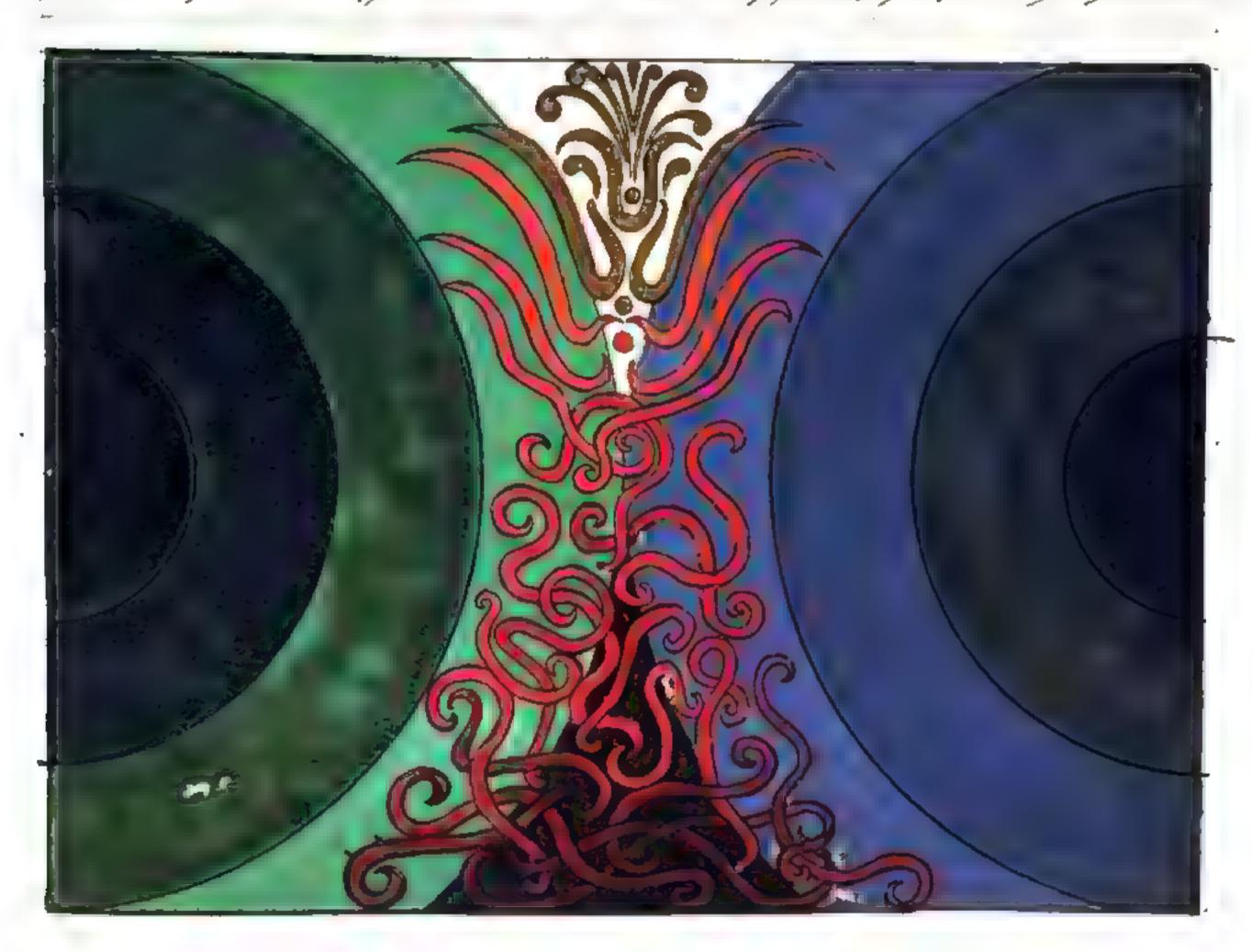
Rhandogya-upanipad 11 la meme seele in die mande des bos friet war sie webries bes auf die jenwache angel mit de sie I.A. 1-7 5- File ibrobrast wiede and de mande des bos low bonnes with le to the des de de de l'an Contract de l'annier de l'annie I - fip ibroteraft wiede aus de mêre des ler berangzieb - Konte. Das auge des bof fogen alle kraft manne sete mur ihr wille blieb ihr welchest jener til me angelhak 15. I woollte dans boje / da i fat dass i ihme do micht z'entrin vermochte. v- weil i dans boje wollte p hielt mame feele d'koftbar bak in de hann de die verroumbarestelle des bif fass Tille. we das l'é midit will, 27 felde die moglichtet seine seele von de holle 3'errett-erfelle Weelt zwar in little ir oberwelt abserving or Schall- sime selber sine sele abof comachtel un liente de demant. dannit it ihm em geg gewicht geschaff des ihn für und beschrändt. Die höhern kreife de innern welt bleib ihm unerweichbar. er bleit woer war ja ergebt 3! ruck. Du kent diese mensch " v- du weigt wie verschur wir prie die natur demensch- Leb-

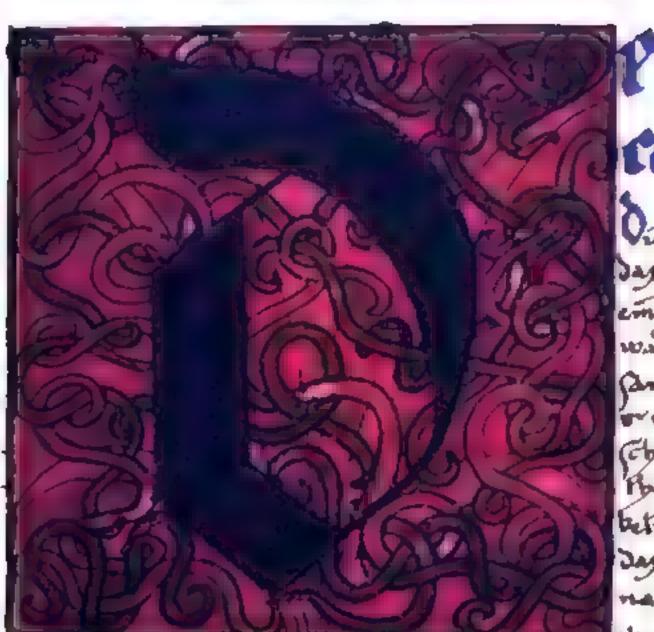


Was night garellet few foll-weifit du night dafynatur ihre feld au mit menfeh-diingt i de fuchend was night garellet few foll-weifit du night dafynatur ihre feld au mit menfeh-diingt i de fuchend with auf abe gabe micht auf die nobe na wrend was weifit du von ihre verthum? vielleicht irer heilig du foll das heilige nicht tor schaue nicht zurücke bedauere nicht. Du fich viele neb der fall? Du fühlt mitteid? du foll abo dein leb-leb-dan bleibt von taufend wonig tempe in übrig. Das ferb-büllt du nicht auf.

Darumabe ruft meine feele & bot das auge nicht aus? Das boje bat viele aug "eines verlor (? Michts verlor. v batte files gethan jo ware fie d boje gang w gar verfalt. De boje kan nur nicht . Opfern. du jolle ihn nicht beschädig vorall micht sein auge den das schönste würe nicht wen. esde boje nicht sihe w dana begehnte. De bose ir beilig.

Pap lère kan nubip opfern den en leidet inno mangel mordan volle kan opfern benen bot die fulla dan lère kan fem hung na de voll nicht opfern den enkanfem eigenen wef micht bernein. Des bald bodurf wir au den bof . it kan ab weil i die fülle zuwor empfing mem. Will zw kif opfern. alle kraft stromt mir wiedo zu 8a der bose mir dan bild der gettangen stalt? Tenstort hat no war abe dan bild de gettengestellung numir müht zerstört, mir graut wordies zu stroung den sie ir seprendi seme sempelschand opne gleich. Alles stroubt se morre. geg dan abgrundlief abscheuliche. den no wuste i nicht was en heißt: ain gott gebir.





er opfermoid.

Vieles ab war san geficht/das i nicht feb wollte !

Las chrecknis / sas i nicht leb wollte :

em Branken ekelgefühl beschlicht mi wwer:

wartige heimtickeische fibiany wind fir lang:

am n-knisternd dur? dürre büsche, hang faul

er vollektig schlasses / su abscheutich krot ge =

(hlung in d- zweig i straube mi dieses

that un languoilig-unansehntich gestält? zu.

tetret wo die bische in durr steinig bang steh:

das that sechrech na sebenden seig that mi fast

na verbrech na sebenden sie die geröllsein

Jede dunkle felle meidend, aug angrauf eine foblange z' tret. Die some blickt matt aug graus ferns pimel / v-alles laub ir durr. da liest vor mir in d- stein- eine puppe mit zer brochen hopf / ein paar sohville weit eine kleine schung / v-dort hintod = bus - d * korp amas klein madohang bedecht mit sohvetelich wund blut besohmiert. de eine suss sup sind schulp v- song select de andere nacht v-blutig zerguelscht - d kupf - wo it de kopf ? - do kopf is ein mit bar durchmischt blutbret mit weißlich knochenslicht durin sings um sind bie steine mit gehinnmasse v-blut besidelt. mein blick it vom grasslich gebant. - da steht hei d > kinde eine verhüllte gestalt, wie die eines weibes rusig / das gesicht von ein dundurchdringlich schlei bedecht. sie fragt mie:

: was lage du darsu ?

Li was fall : jag ? his giebt es keine worke.

wertebadu dos ?

1: 5" weigere mi folden 3' versteb". 5" kan most daven sprech forme vasend zu werd".

[warum folder du rasend werd ? du konter jed lag vas , solange du labr den solches v abulides

guchielt and de endotight.

1: abo do amblish febitions meistens.

Late das wife darum gemigt die micht/um rafend y werd"?

1: were i etwas blog weif / to en allemings lesoft & emfacto. Dar fortbloore is bei blogs

(: tritt nabe / du siebr / de leib des kindes it auf gefebruit , nomm die lebe beraus.

2. i beribre diese leiche micht, wen mi jemand dabei antrase winde erdenke i sei de

: dubit feige min die lebe.

1: woon foll to das thun I das it unfin .

J: i will, das du die lebe beraus niter. du mußt es Hun-

1. wo bir du dag du memr/mer solches befeht - 3' Kon-?

: 1' bin dufes kindes fede du barduje bandlung für mi zuthun .

1: 1' verstebre nichts / abo i will dir glaub o das gravenhaft unsinge thun.

Loreife mi die leibespohe-ste is no warm die lebe banot fet i'nchme mein me sie u-schneide sie vond- bandern los . San nehmet fie herrus o- hallefie mit blutig hand do gestalt him. V danke dir. Li was fall to thun? : dukent die bedeut 3 do leb " to folle damit die halige bandl vollbring". V. was fell estein? I win cin fluct au tille do games lebo p-ifi es. 1: was verlange du? dan is fürchterliche walonfin dan is leichenfehand?/leichenfrag. Du machs me 3 schuldig theilnebme an dief furthtbart all verbrech Si du has in gedante de schrecklichst qual fur d'morde erson mil den manseine that Tutin teinte es quet muraine juhne: comedige de felbro 45. 1. i kan night i weigere mi? i kan night theilbab an dief Chrecklich Tobuld. 1: du har theil andie Chuld 1: is theil andres schuld! 1: dubir em ment bem ment bat diefe that vollbracht. 1: ja i bin em ments - & verfluche im daßer em mentes /o i verfluche mi / Safz Fem ment him. 1: also - une theil an semothat ermedrige de v- its . I bedarf do subne. Le fo folles fem um deinatwill, die du die fele diefes kinden ber-Phrice med m die steine schnewe em stuck von de lebe ab ve stocke es in de mund meme emgeweide wurg- fi'm d- bats empor thran-brech mit aus d- aug kall- schweif bedecist meine stirn am sade sussticts blutgestymack 12 stylicke mit verzweifelt auftreng? es gest nicht - no einnest o- no einmal - mir word far obnamachtig - es ir gesties by das fundstbare to wallbracht. vdanke dir. Schlagt ihr schleie Jurude - em schwnes madeh mil rothblond bar. : arterit du mi Li wie felt sambekannt du mer bit! wo bit du? : 1° bin deine eele.

As opfo is withracht: das solliche kind das vill do gollegige fall? is estables or i bede vom offo free gagogy. In kinde in bibe do gollegige fall? las micht nor men menschliches falm finden auchall das urthundiche or urträffige emge istiof das die solme do some alse un verhandes abetheil bester. All des bodart do goll z'sim entstebe. wer er bo gestast is mid une alle une mendlich raume enteilt, dan beduf wir des som goldes voied. Wir misse une selbe voied bostelle voie abo die solf des golles eine schopferische that boch so liebe is so bevenlet die voied beostelle unserve menschlich lebens eine that des untern. Dies is em großes und dunkles gebenmiss. Do menschlich lebens eine that des untern. Dies is em großes und dunkles gebenmiss. Do menschlich lebens sie stout des untern. Dies is em großes und dunkles gebenmiss. De menschlich lebens eine that des liese that mist vollbring dazu bist ihm de bose der er tem stelle des mensch sous des bose er transporters aus des erstenties bezeup ind or er som blutio opses selliche ist. dur diese bondlung betzundet er, das erem mensche das er das bose anertene wie des gule or des ordur die zuwierzieht sem lebens kraft us will de orter gollicht sone des gellichtens.

Los ertofers blut 3' trinte " - Em fleif 3'eis". Die alt - glaubt 'bafs dief de feele 57 heil gereiche.

Les giebt nicht wiele wahrheit fondern nur wenige, ihr fin ir zu tief de Sassman Tie andore er :

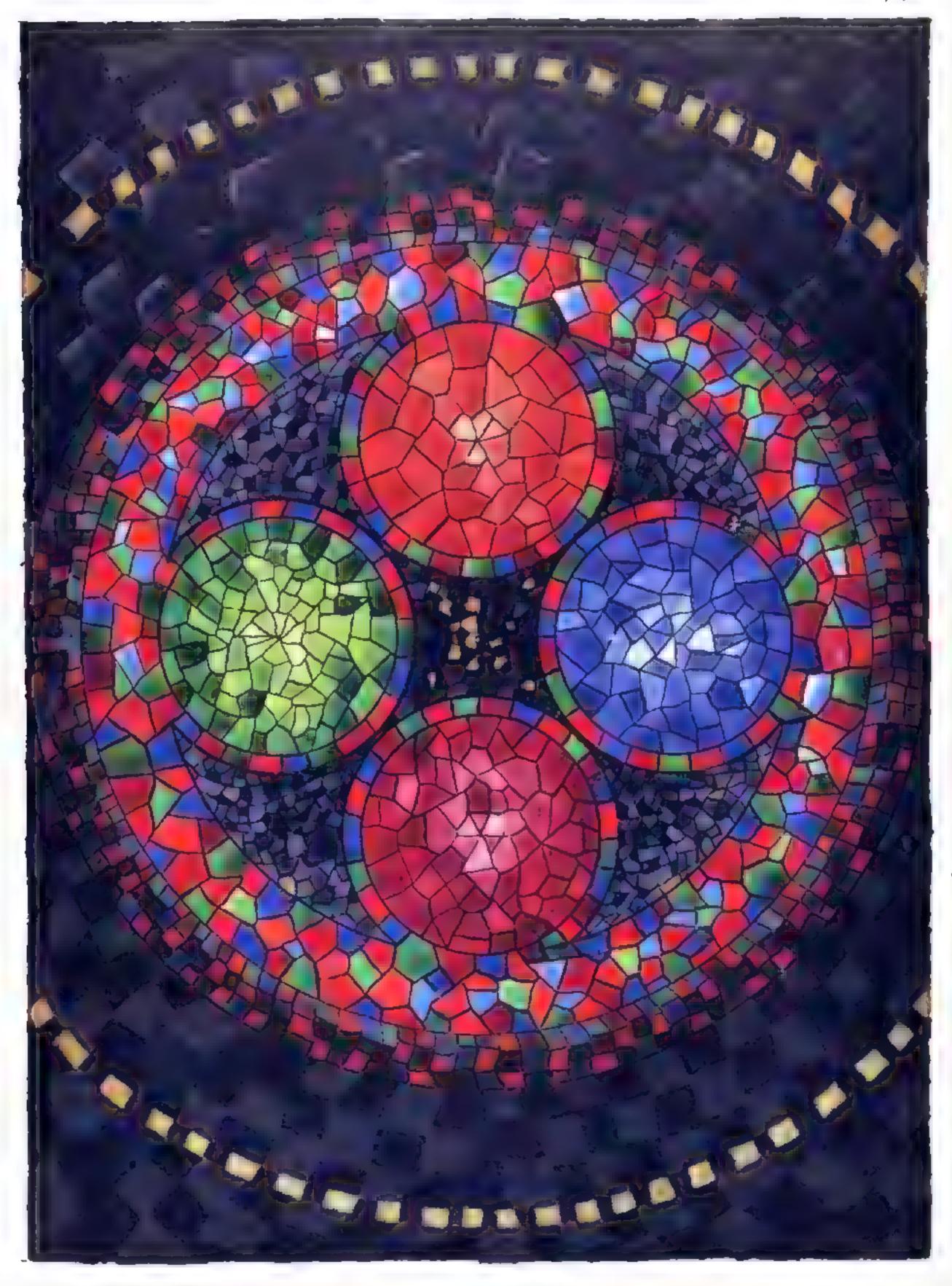
In gelt, de most starke is also be mensch-was is or? ihr soll die gollliche angraspopraecht, wie wollt ihr di wemi s-is brott wurdig geniest- wen ihr nicht de stowars-grund
monschlich wesens besilbet babt? derum sid ihr laue s- sade schalt, heilsroh euro seichtkust s- breit-landstrass- es word-abo schlaus gassfrat word- es giebt unaufhallsame dinge/
son den eur mar de golf rettet.

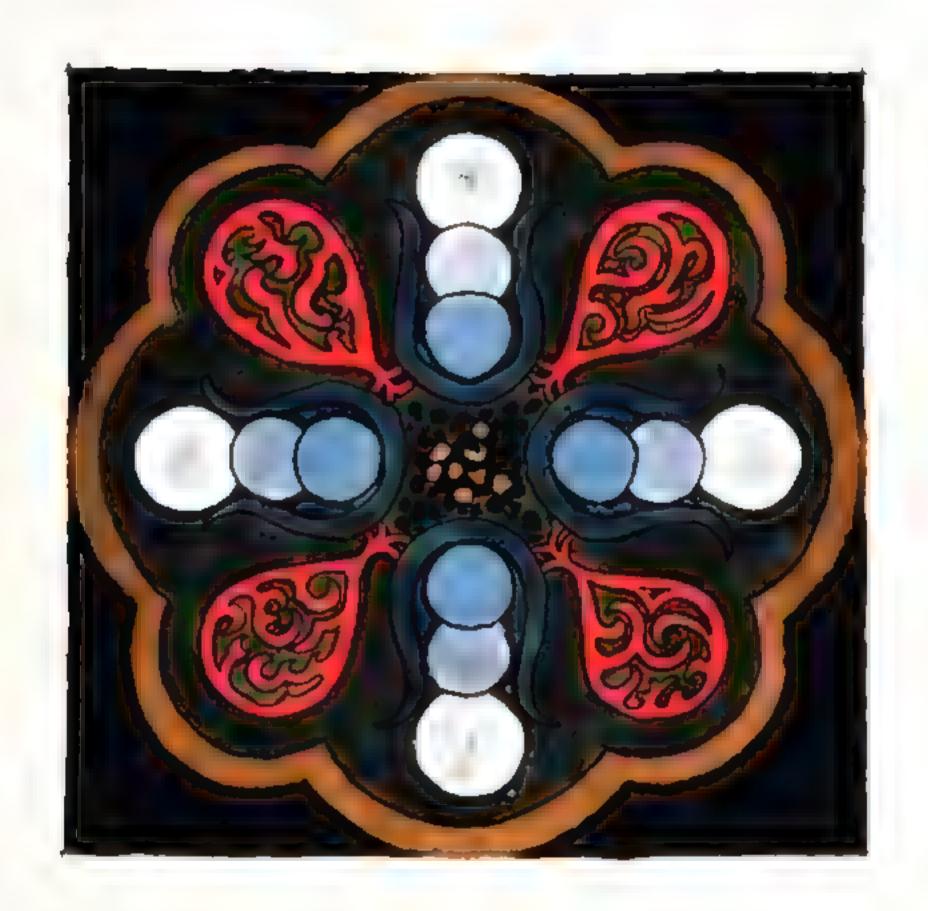
Le certain for for glans, bode forme fel seon in fortrag or sport timbers verent .

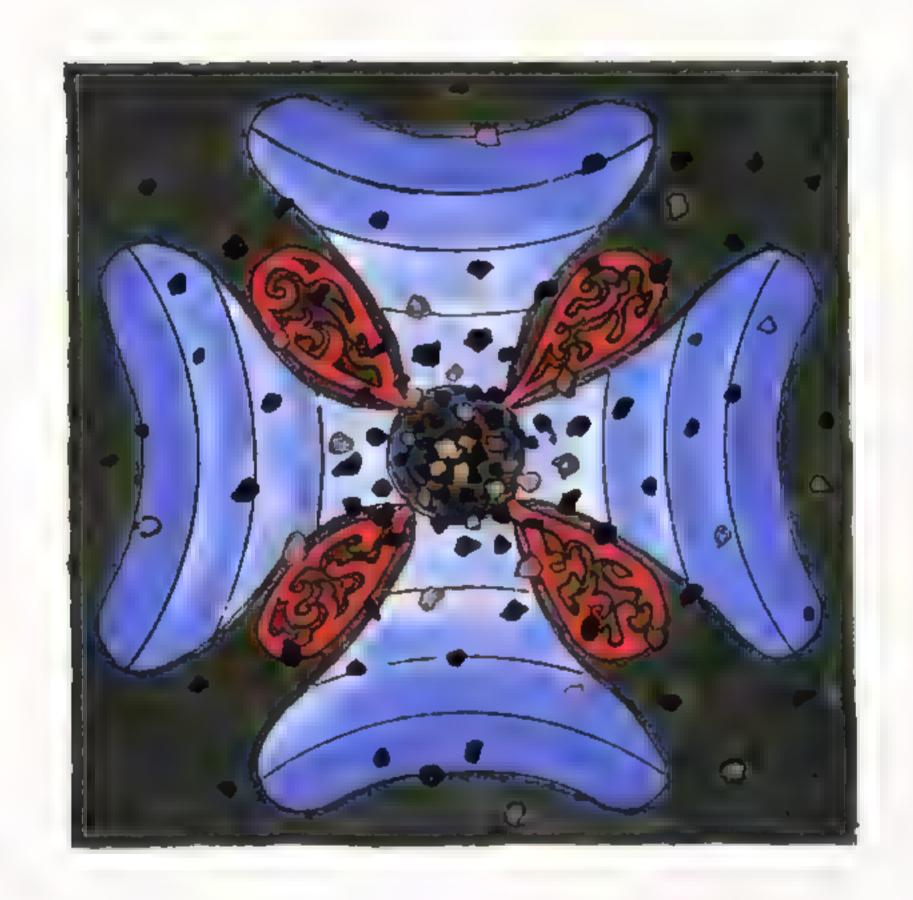
1200 abo de form of glans, taucht form to come felt seon in fortrag or the day leb day leb day leb day solling .

Remote das de form of glans, taucht form to find ment the sold post till of the day leb day leb day to serve the post of the server day form of the server day day formed the server day formed the server day day formed to the server to de formed to the server to de formed to the server to de formed to the server day of the server day of the server to the server to de formed to the server day of the server day of the server to the server day of the server day

Der was ab it mem eigenstes selbt/mem eigenes auf mi gegründeles leb. de gott will mein leb. er will mit mit geh; mit mit zi tische sils. mit mit arbeit - er will int er überall gag. waaring sein. I' schame mi ab memes gottes. I' mochie nicht gottli; sondern vernius siin sein. das gottliche erscheint mit als verniussestes waben i' hasse en als sintose stormen meine sinvoll menschlich thatight, as erscheint mit wie eine un pehörige keranteht die si' in Sogerepell verlauf meines lebons einse schlich hat ja, i' sinde das gottliche überhaupt überstüßig.







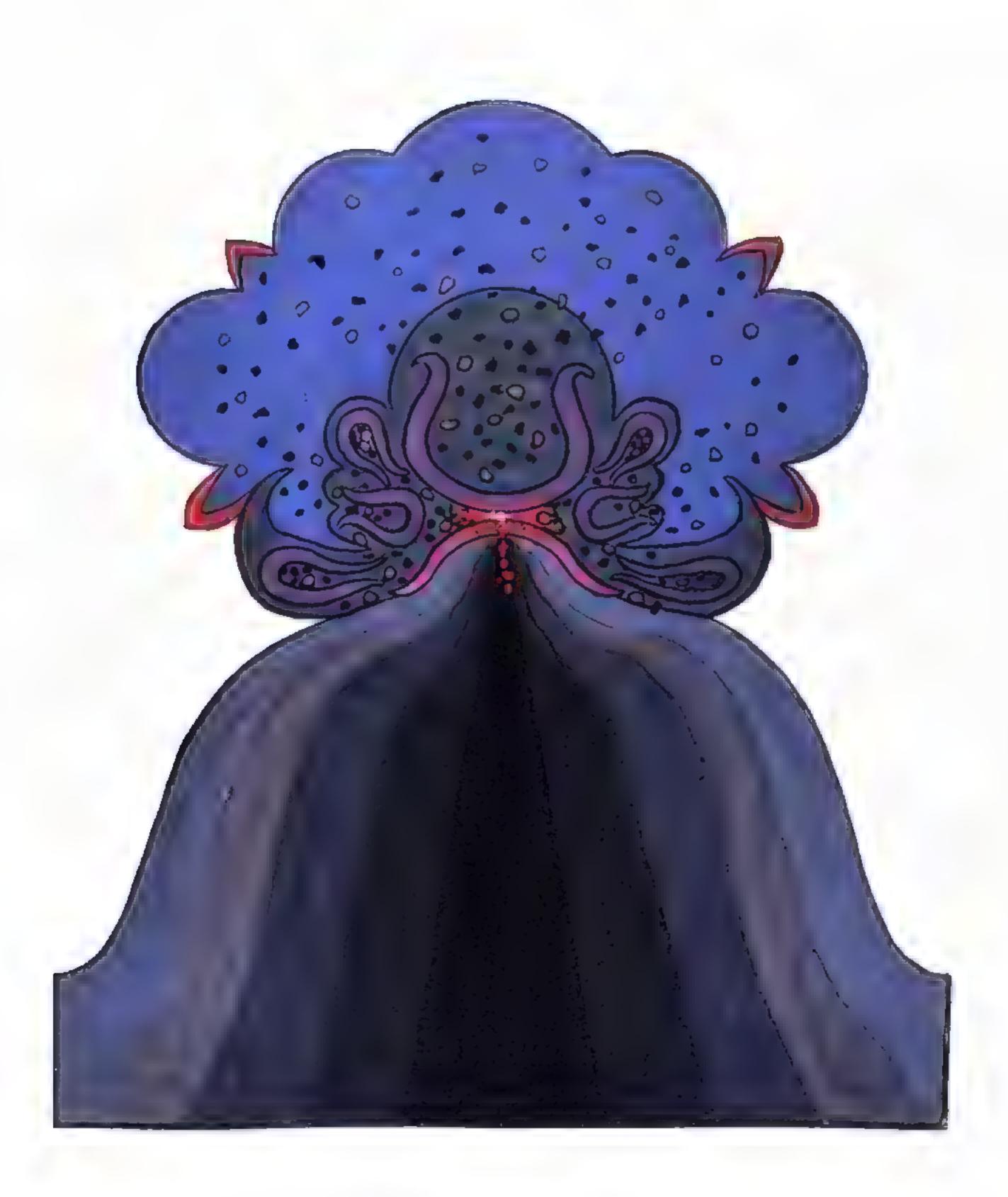


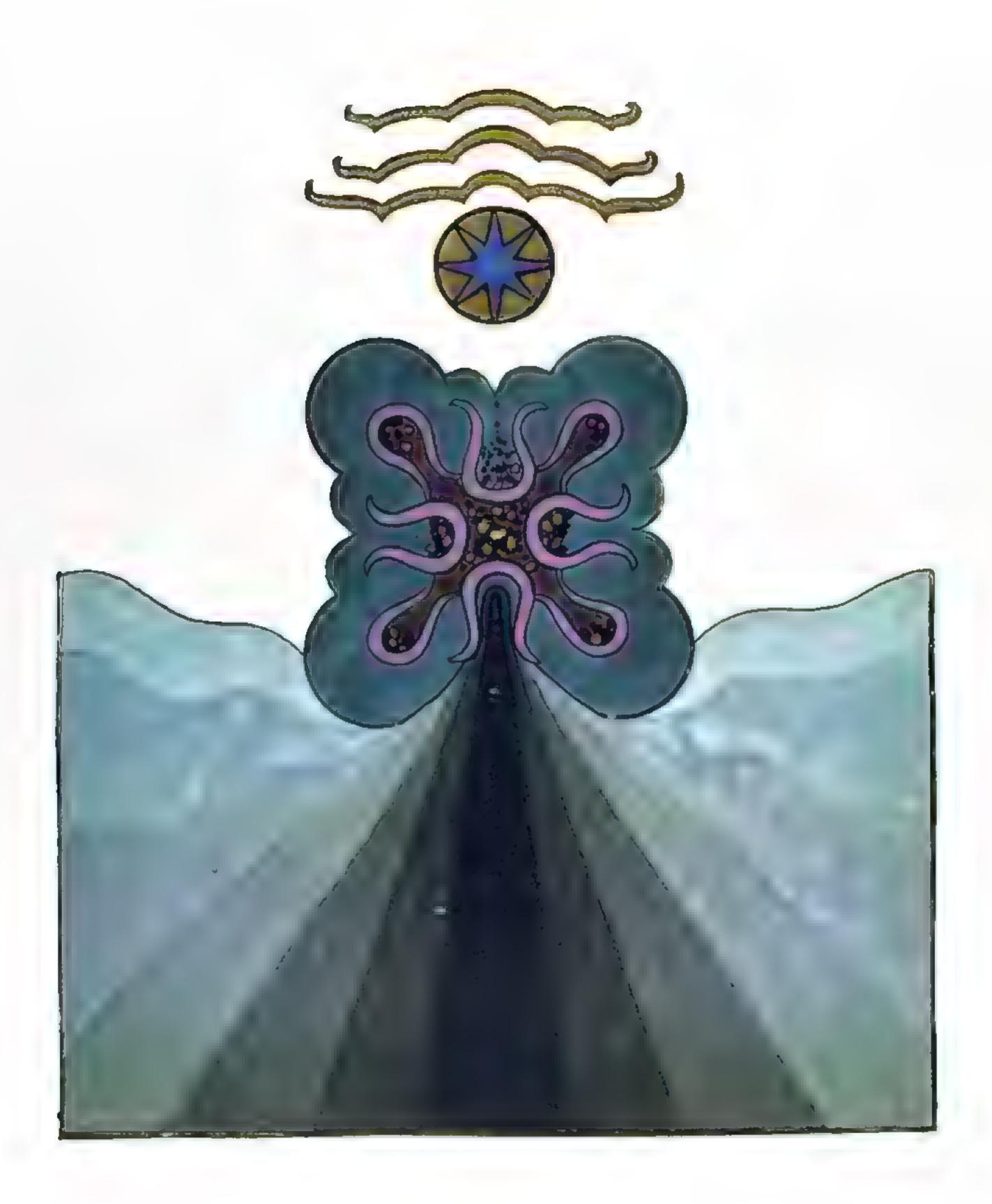




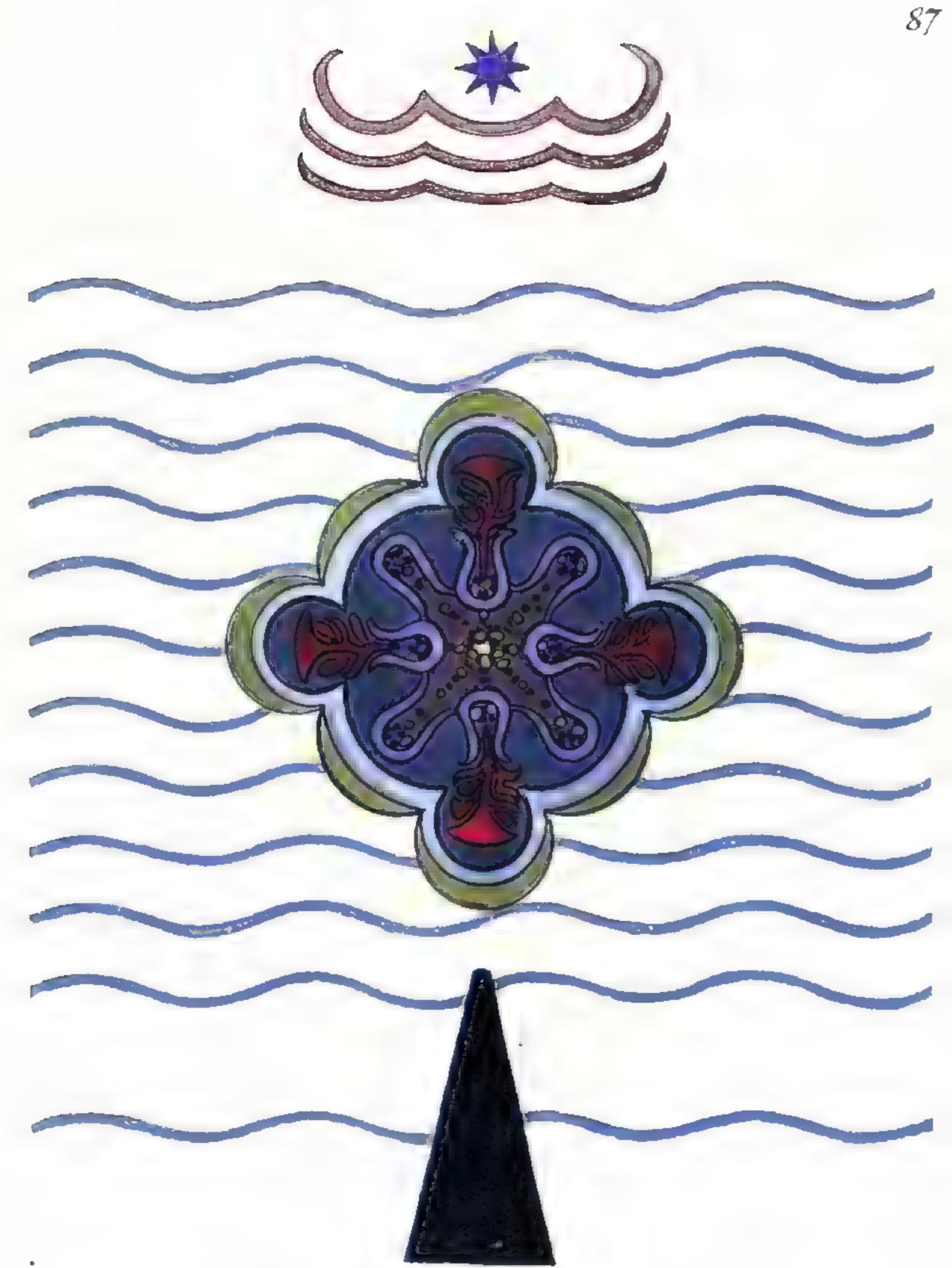


Jean 43-1 ...

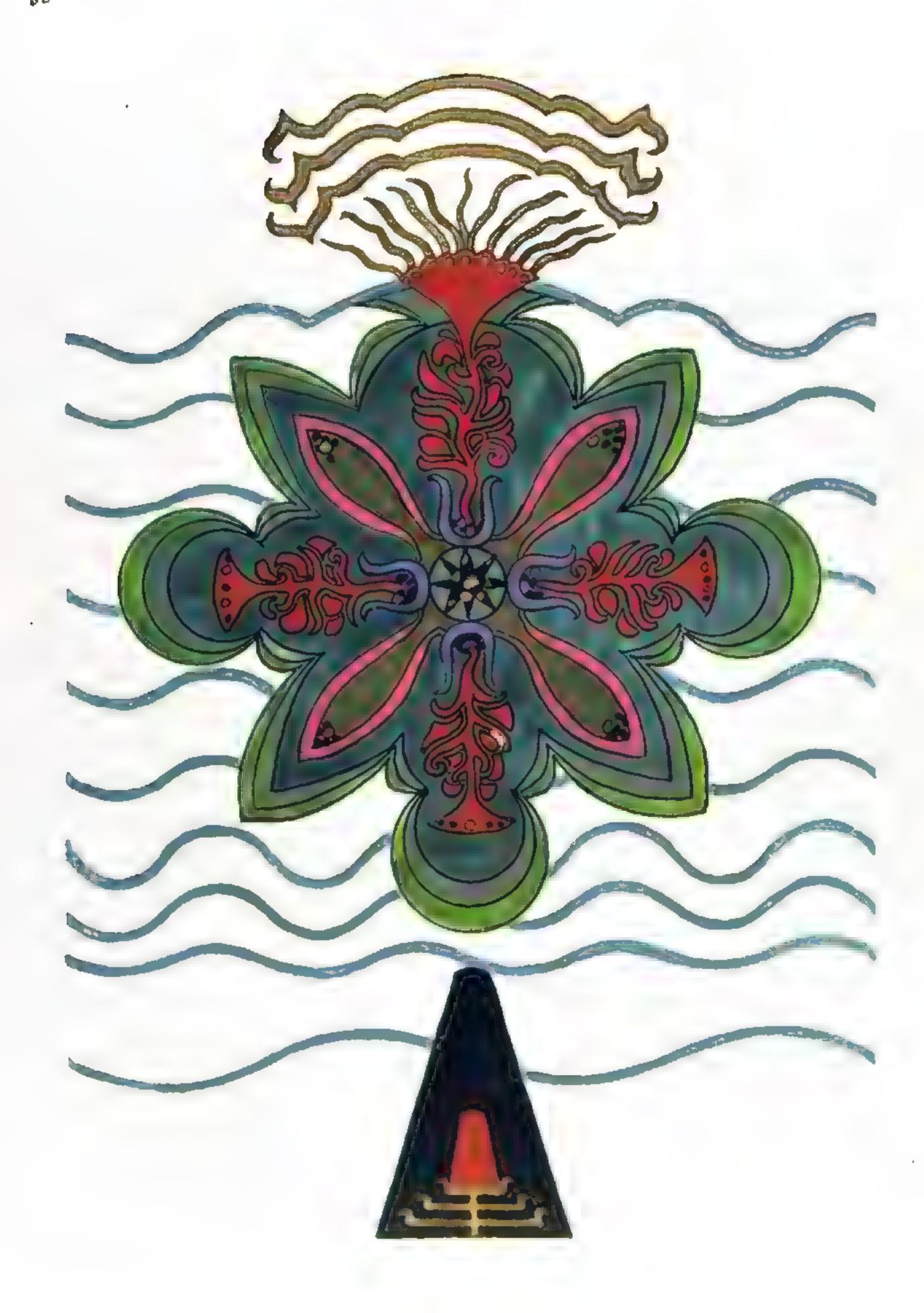








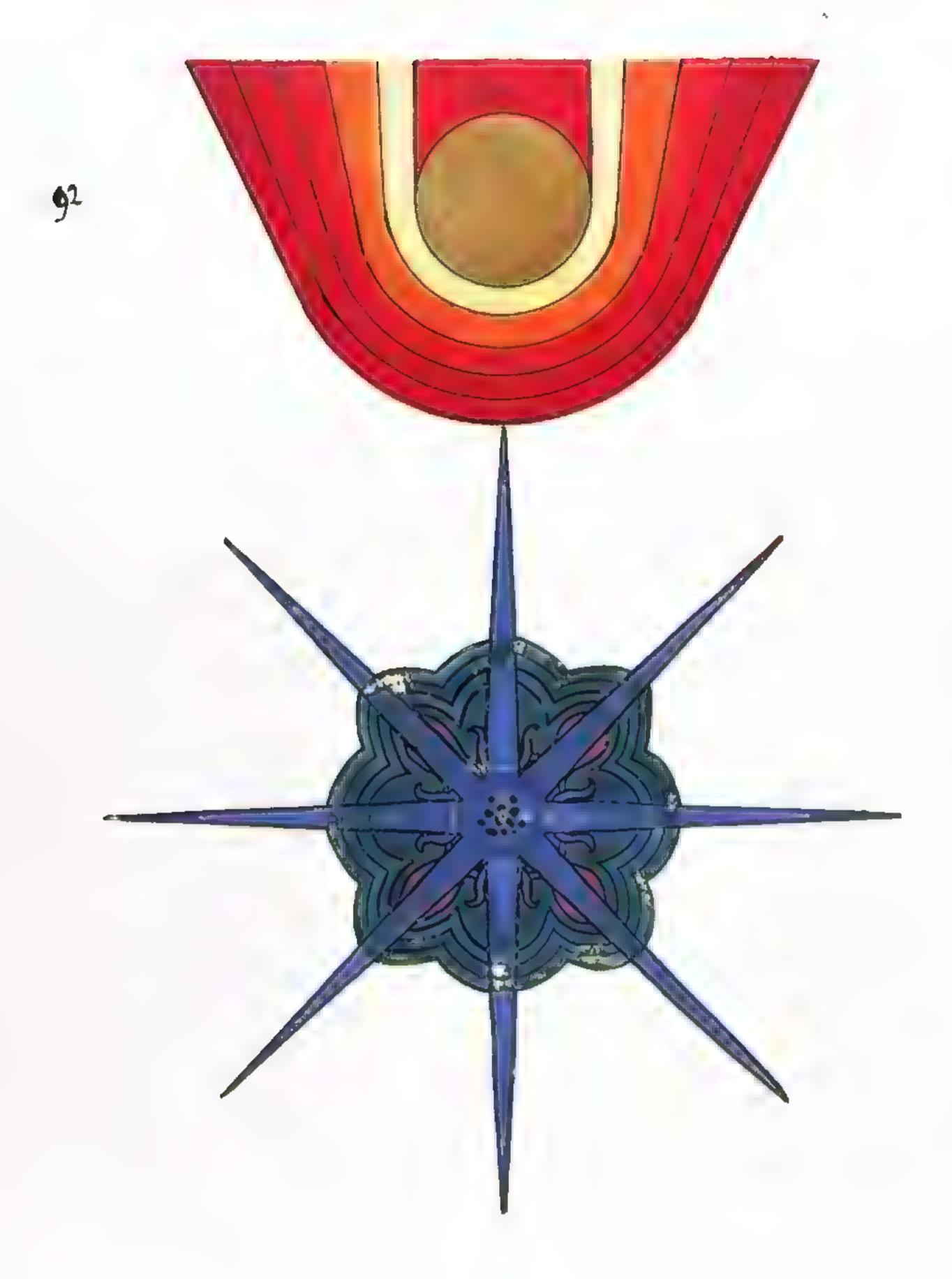












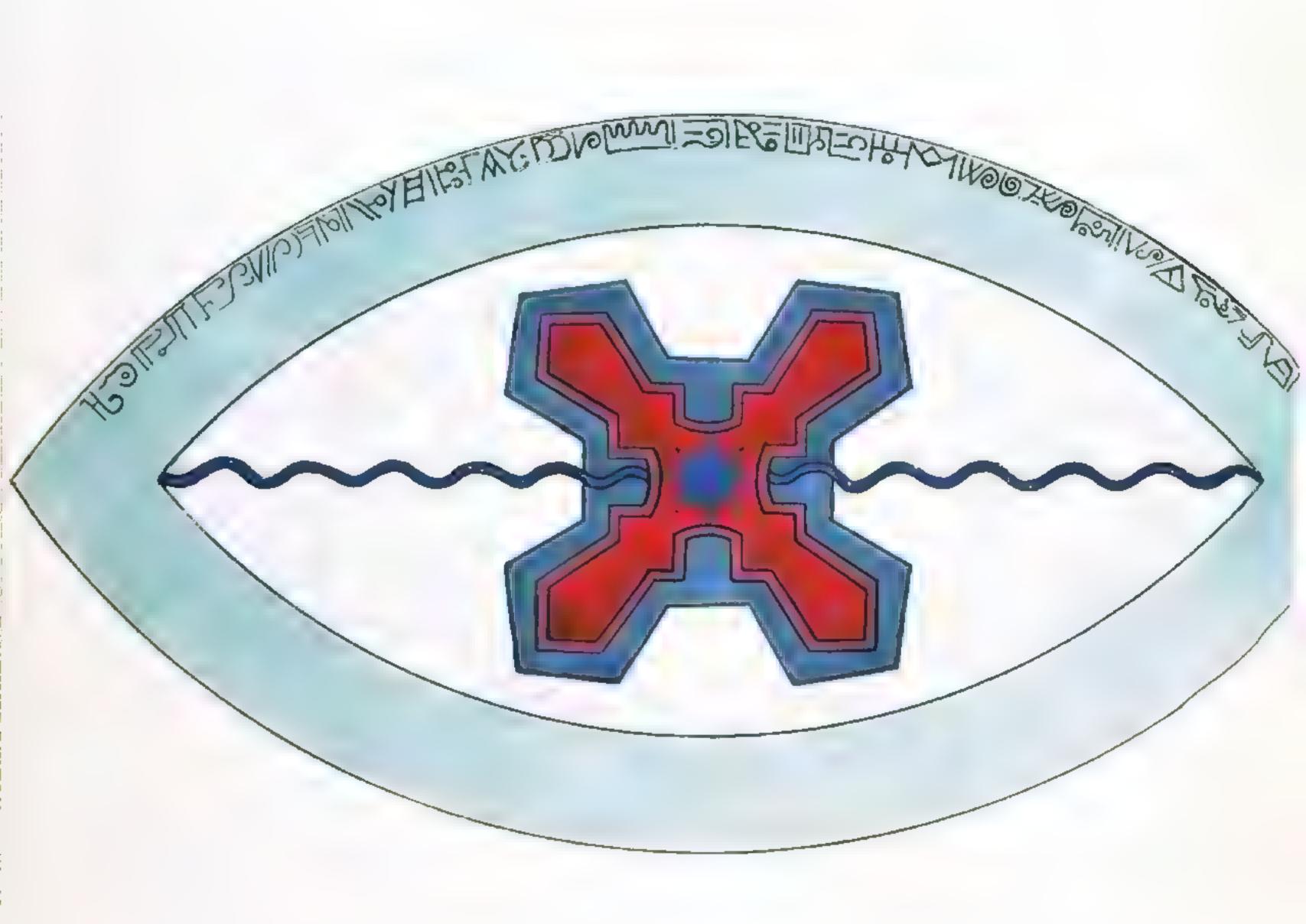


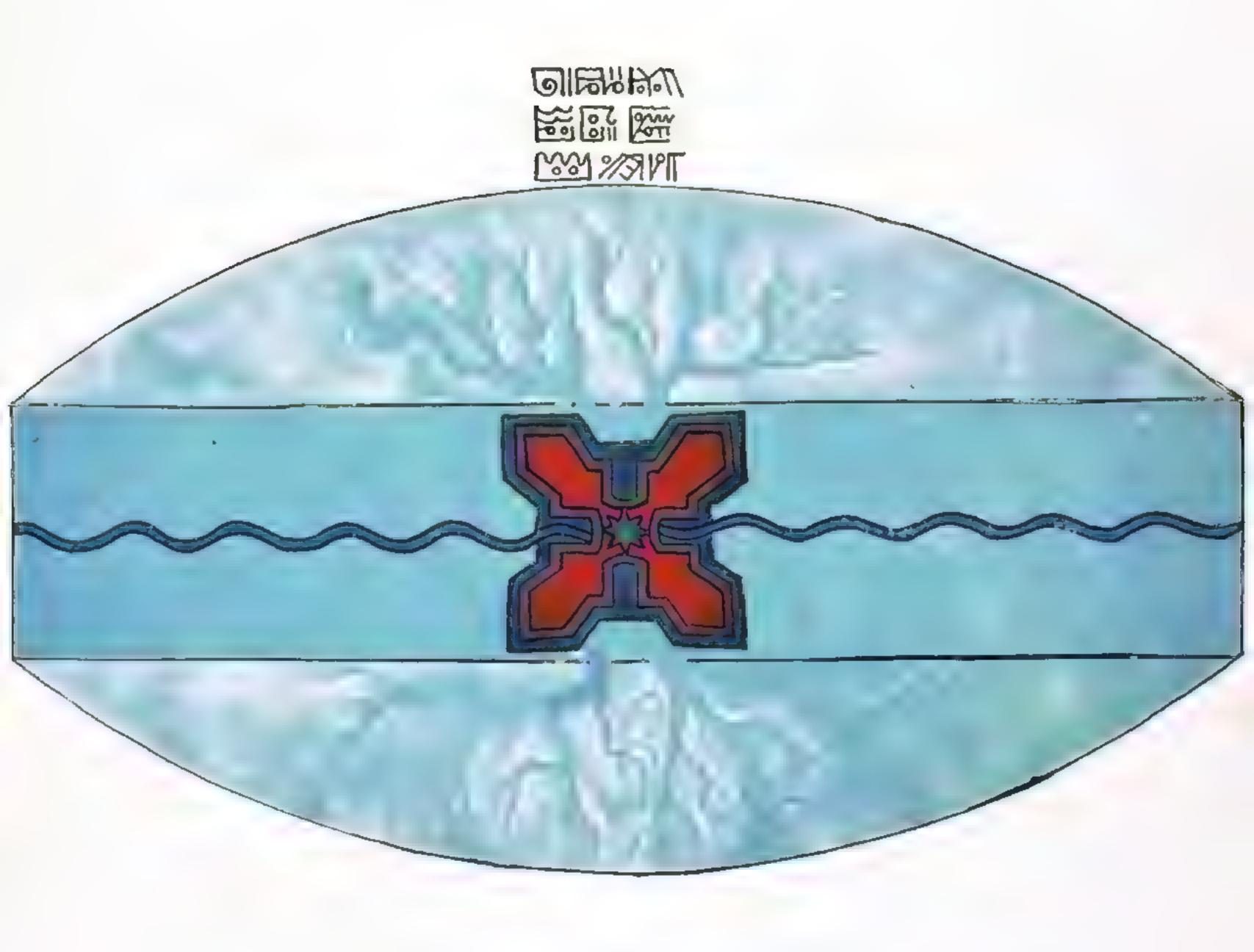




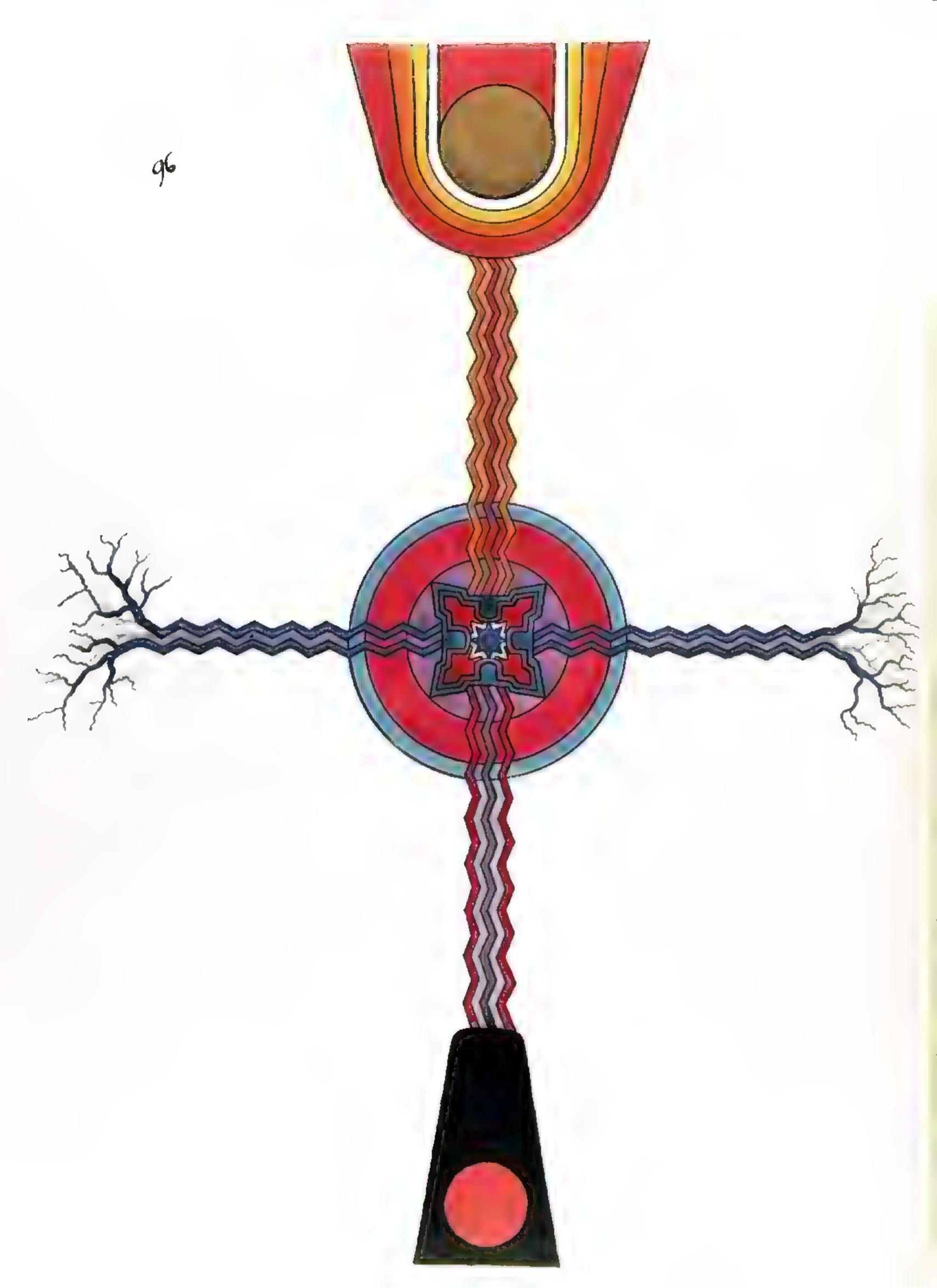




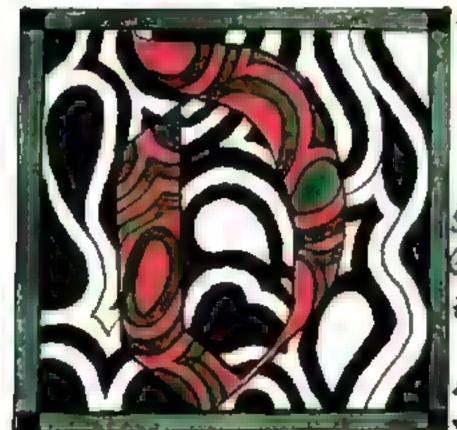












iegothiche uarrheil-

Ill ch labe in eine bob halle vor mir lebe i em grun vor : bang zwift - zwei faul - Do worthang affret fi-leife. i' John in om wenig hef raum mit nacht want job ein Kleines rundes fente mit blanket gte - i fetse mein fuß suf die stufe die 3' dief roum zwifch de saut emportabil - trete ein rechte v'linkes fehe i'eme Houve in de ruckenand

des roumes. es es mir de muste is swift rechts or links ent seben. L'wable rechts. Die thiere is off i trete ein: i bin im lesefiel eino groff bibliothek. im hintogrum piter ein kleine magerer mans von blass gefiebte farbe off barbo bibliolhenar. Die atmo phase is beformerend - gelehrte ambition - gelehrt Dunkel - vorletzle gelehrt-eitellet. i febraufo do bibliothelear memand. I hrete y ibm. er blicht von fein bu auf or last:

MONE Winter 14? i'bin etwas verleg den i'weifs nicht was i'aigentle will : as fallt mir de Thomas

aKempis em.

I'mochte Thomas a Kempis: die na folge chrifte bab-

erfieht mi etwas erstaunt an wie wen er mir das meht zugehraut halle v legt nur em bestellzettel om 3° emtrago. E'dente an bass es erstaunte sei gerade d'Thomas à Kenysis

wundert es la dafi i gerade de Thomas verlange?

Hun ja das bu wird felt-verlangt, or gerade bei ihr halle i diefes interesse micht erwartet I' must gesteb - (12 in von dief emfall au elwas uberratht. abo is habe neutisemmal aux De Thomas geles sie mir em besondorn emdrick gemacht bat warum tan i eigentlis nult pag . wen i mi recht ermere, wares gerade das problem de ma folge Christi. hat The before theologische od phologophische meterel - 000 -

The ment worth - ob i es y andacht lef wolle?

nun letisteren wohl kaum

men i Thomas a Kempes lefe /6 gefchicht die ehrz zwecke do andacht odo etwas diahrlit

Als aus wifer staftliche interesse

ja sind sie den soveligiés das wuste i gas micht. the wift / date i die wife fithate aussoondentlis bo fahates ale es grobt water baftig aug blicke im Tet wo and die wifsenfitzeft ung weer o krank lagt. In folds moment bedeutet em but wie San den Thomas mer febr viel den en it mux de seele oefebrieb.

The charas febr alt modifi vour Kon une de' bentrutage nicht mobre auf chriftliche dooma.

tike emlags -

mit d' drift thum find wir micht aut ende gekom win wires emfa' wegleg es Cheint mir als fer mehr daran als wir for. ANAS foll den daran fen ? es it blog eine religion.

Ill was fur grunde him " 3'd" in welch alto legt man es den wag ! wohl mentens go yest des Trudum's odean from frupo. nen- sie das eine befonders urtheile folige zeit? b- hab- fie ein: mal die grunde genaus untofuebt auf die him man die profition religion weglest? Sie grande [ind maftons winding 3. b. weil do inhall don grantens unt do naturwife febafi odownt do philosophie = fam-flogge Das is wie is finde / ger most etwa em un bedingt 3 verschmabendo geg grund obsesson es no before grunde grett. do mangel an wirklichtt fin in de religion boilte in de better. fur em labor . Estrocuts it jetst au reichte enangeschaff für de deur de zerfall so religion bo beige fillert weder an gelegenty 30 andacht thefighe hat 3.6. mebrely em wahrhafter on darthebu geschriet vom faus meht 3' red das it mem genoiff [me richts . at o beforders thetyfetes wathout it mir 3 unrubig or aufre gend aut für soldre die no 3' befrei find abodarum it semowahrts au mit fin solche out. wie 5 in letito zeit glaube entockt zu hat bodarf wir aboan eine wahrt für stoke, Sie in die enge 3' get- bat. für solde i seme depressive wabrit welched mensch von Remert & vermerlicht willeicht mehron noeth. also i bille Makische vermerticht dos d'menself ganz ausandantlis vielleicht hat sie veniber standpunkt aus recht sooi kan mi Sesemdrickes nicht erwebry Sal Metigete Dur for felle 3' den spricht son mehr freiht noth thate micht abo y dest sie hart mit de leb- zufam-gestoß- find vaux wund blut die sie sie and drug Jowithopher genolthababout old mensob giebt Mietzsche em Kostbares gefühl so Ebolegenhot. 2 han dans most bestreit. abo is kene mensor sie most de libertes to findern do unto sie drucht sie sehr paradon sur i'verstebe sie nicht unterlegen bt dürfte do woods Haum em desideratum fam. vielleicht versteh sie mi besto wen in stall untoleg to ergeby sage ein wort das man Friso viel new Sings abo felt - bort. (3 Klingt Au Cor confile. wie geragt am drift thum scheint allohand 3' fem was man vielleicht no mitnebm Tolle. Thetafetre it 3 febr geo-jate. Die wahrht balt for lew wie alles gefunde o-bace hafte mebrand millelues & wir zu unvecht perhorrescier. L'au nicht meine stells is mir most so gang klar, wen i vermittle p vermittle i jed falls m dief augenblick bringt de biene das but o severbibbiede mit vom bibliotheker.

as gottliche will mit mir leb". meine abwehr is vergebens i fragte mein denk "es fors": nim dir ein wirbild das dir seigt wie das gottliche zieb "is." unfo naturtiches vor bild is de Christius wir steb eit alters unt sem gesetze zur ausgertis vo dan innertis zers wulf wir est o dan wust vor est micht mehr. wir kampst gag de Christius wir est with mehr. wir kampst gag de Christius wir beso manse in substant este blieb in une poblar scholar sers beso manse in substant este esteln geschag als in uniscottant. Du tant word de christium last abvers lauf de nicht. Deine bestein von ibm is wahn. Aristus i do weg den Christius endel am laneuze, darum sind wir out ibm in une selbe gekrowiset. mit ibm erwort wir unser laneuze, darum sind wir mit ibm in une selbe gekrowiset. mit ibm erwort wir unser auferseln bus 3 tode geschälte.

Wan i Ohnstum na folge so is er mir im voran o kan nom 3 - ziele gelang est

let den in ihm. To abo home is auffo mir or auffo Do zeit /m do o-dur die is to bin vote is bin. Borathe Dagegi in De Christing vom seine zeit die chuso vomicht andere geschiffe bet o bin Daugo memo zeit beraus obfilion meinteb m diefo zeit 15 /o-1 bin geffalt - 3 wift In leb- des christing ve mein leb dags en y diejo geg wartig zeit gebort fell de Christiane waterhaft verteby o must vemfet wie do thriftus workle mer jem eigentes let gelett hat i memand machge folgt is er bat kem portiled na gealmit went dans Christian water. hatt na folge fo folge i- memand na / ahme memand na fondern gehe out mem eigen voega / sic worde i mi kem chaft mebraen. zuert wollte id- Charliam na about immadofolg / mor i zwar mem ist - alo unto beobacht femo gebote leb wollte. eme fime in vour emporte i dageg v wollte mi daran erlunern Bassau diese meme zeit ihre prophet hite du geg das po dos du vergang home auf burdeto (i fraubt - v i permo te nicht or thriftum mit de prophet dies zeit z' vereinig. De eine verlangt trag/ de andere abwerf- / de cine befrehlt ergebs / do amdere will- voie felle i dief widersprue aus dente johne die To obe & sandown unrecht zi thun ? was is micht 3 fam dente Hann last fi na emand woobly let. All befehlet it himboz get in das medore or gewohntiche let / in mem let /v- dort und sugurang 100 to et frand. Went day dente 3 unaus denteber fulper dan is es beit 3 em Fact- leb- 3urnedaz kehr. was dans donte hicht lost das leb- b- was das Hum mie ento opower to bo dente verbehalt. wen i'auf de em feite 3 bacht o schwaright aufgesties bin or eine cold 9 3 , no hotern cokampf will fo gehr do wahre wee nicht na do hote fondern 112° de Tiefe/ den mer mem anderen Führt mi dan übe mi felbe bruges. Das annahme das arinen abo bedeutet em abstrag in de geg fats vom errost into lachertiche vom traurige into heitere vom chon ins passlibe vom rem ins unveine.

Worraum - diefes mal blicke it zo theire links himito. das Kleme bu hato & more tarche gestedet. V gehe zo Houre; Au fie it off ": dabinto eme große tuche ubo or hord ein generaling ranch forms. 3 wer lange tilche stehm do milled raunies / Sand banks, on & wand the out regat met ingene to kuplerne plane o fortine getile our herd held eme große dicke from - offenbar de Kochin mit emo corrier chiese . i beging it change enterent au lie fotrent verter 3 fem. 11 mage ic: frante tome em bifty be beenfetz ? es is kalt draw 3-0i'mus auf etwas wantbille nebut to mer plats. ie wifelt 3- tip por mir ab. da i micht & anderes 3 Houn weiff bole i mem thomas hover or begins 3/1 lef. Die Kochin is neugierio to betrachtet me waltelet. his w da gest lie an mir varber. priant the find he vielleicht em geiftliche herr? Hem/warum Denk Tie Days? O i dadite blof 6/ med fie for em Klemes forwarges but lef. E bab' au' formes von memomutto 10/was it don days fur em bu?? es peifit: die na forge christe. es it em fo schones bur. i bete Oft abende drin. José pab- sie gut erwath / das it au die na folge thrifit was i' da lese. Dost giente i'mobi fo em herr wind do fo em buchlein nicht lef- wen fie kem pfant frud. warum foll i es micht lef ? es that mir sur gut was rechtes zilef. Meme multo felia l'atepi no bet i genablant de totabett/o- fie hat es mir no bever fie starto in Die hand geget. waterend (it spricht blattere i 3" front in do buche mein blick fallt in 19th haupt stuck auf folg de

Itelle: I die gerecht bau ihre vorfalse mehranf die gnade gottes auf die sie bei all was sie mur untornehme vertrau algant thre eigene weifts. num benke is day is so intuitive methode Die de Thomas amplicht - i wende mis ze kachin: Thre mutto war ome kluge Fran he hat wedyl davan gethan, the diefage bu 3 hintolago sa geverifi/ex hat me forow oft in Conver Tund- getroftet / man kan forme ein- vath drin beti' bin moid in meme gedauk verfunk : i'denke min kone au'd eigen nafe na geh au'dags wave intuitive methode. Abo die solone form in de godechoft that / Surfle do worth our beforderne werth fem i'mochte wohl de drift na about - eine mere unruhe fast mit - war fall woord ? em merkwundiger vanfel, o. Chimin - entent o blotze prante any same wie eme Copararosso voget mit rauchand frugdichteg wie schall- sehe i viele mensch gestalt an mir veribeeit ori here aus melfache frem geworr die worte: laffet une anbet imtempet. worken eilt ihr? rufe? em bartige man mit wir baupthar volifte leuchtend augbleibt (Feb v woondet To z'mir: wir spandown na Terufalem umamaller berligt grabez' 1001 - 11 llebrut mis mit. Du kant mobil mit Subar em- Horps abount find whe mobirdu? 1' beife Brochiel or bin em wiede taufo. wo find die mit ben du wanders? Des find maine glanting bride. warren wandert the ben? wir kon nicht end, sondern mit 3 mallfahr 3'all bedig - statt. Was treated every duren? Due weif i micht, abo es scheint wit hab no? mio keine rube obschon wo glowb getors [in]. Warmhabl ihr Keme rube wen ihr do' im recht- gland- gestorb-seid? es Chant unit imp/ els voir mit de lebe meht recht 3' ende gekom vone. markwinding - wiefo bars? Es schemt mir por vorgage etunge wichtiges dass and batte gelebt word- foll-. Weight Sweet ! erfaßt bet dief wort- gienig o unhermlis na mir feme aug lenoht- wie von merobrunt. laffloo bacmon, du has dem this mit galett. me mir steht die Hookin mit entselotes gesteht sie bet mi an d-ane-gesesst wo helt mi fer: IIII gollegrout ruft fie bille was in mit ihn 2 in the fableche i Copano les vermandent un v bafinne mis wo i eigentli-bin. abo Chon lung fremba leute perein - da is and de per bibliothecorring ers grenz los erflunt or befiltry Baim malitios Tachelud: 10h/Jas bate i mir do godacht! Commell die polizer!" che i mi fammela Ran worde in Sur em men chi auflant mem wag ge schob- se batte mem Thomas no fee in de band or mir Plengt die frage auf way fanter jetzt work zu dien Po new Tituation? in Chiange das buchlim out & memblick fall auf das 13th fraupt fructe two or bufft: plange voir prosuferd leb- kon- wir d' versuchung micht entgely-, ag is Kem many fo volkom or ken beilig to beilig so with no mand mal vo jucht work Konto Ja / with Kom obne ver frommer sur mobil fem ; weil Thomas burelet wither imo ome pagende antwent! Sas but work de vousachte wied. touf mitht genoufit font halle er intig end toon - artialle es au ben l'icero les Roie: revun omnium satietas vitas facit satietatem - satietas vitas tempne maturum mortis affect. defe ortecating hat me off har mit do societat in conflict gebracht rechte pitat em polizier " Linkes Peter em polizion. man / Juste i' 3 ibn, jety Kont- fie mi wied- lang- 1015. //dag hien-

101 wir Schon sagte de eine Lachelnd. Set ste jetst mor ganz rubig sagte de ambore strong. also: die fabrit gent off-bar me mrent dus. das is wood koptspielig. aboes schemt Siefe was fet and 3 begat. Due was to micht so ungewohnted den taugende unfere mitmenthy Jah- Um. fir find angekom ein großes thor eine halle em freundlingeschaftige abouarte v-jetztan zwei her doctor. Deme irem klemodicke herr professor. 132 : was bab- fie den da filrem bu'? San it de Thomas a Kempis: de na folge Christe. pr. also eme religiosse walonform gans lelar religiose paranora - se set mem liebo sie un folge Christ führt heutzutage ims irr haus Davan it Kaum 3/ 3 woifeln / herr professor. pre: Doman hat witz offiber always maniskalifrerregt . hor to time? 2000 bente wares amo gange Cobser von wiede taufern bie dur die kuche Schwirte. 117: nun dahaben wies ja. werb fie von de fine ver folgt? Of nem Bewahre 10 Justie is auf. 198 : sha bag it wis emfall so klar beweit / bals de ballucinant - bie from Sweet auffuch . dos gehort in bie Brankt ge schichte, woll- sie das / year dater fo fort notier. gaftalt- sie / herr profossor / die bemerke : das ir durande migt krankbast / bas ir vielmehr intuitive methode 155: ausgezeichnet / So man palau pro menbildung - nun-die diagnoze durfte honreichend gehlart fem ale 10 wintehe gute beffering or pair fie fer recht rubig. abopen professor to bin sagar most knowle to fille mi Jagans worl. pro: [eb- [is/mein listo/ fie bab-no keine krantebeitemficht. Die prognose constitute Coplect on best- fall be feetherly obowarto: darf de patient San but behalt -? pr: num 14/29 whemt em unsobablioher and achtebuzi famnun werd meme Hlow sufgestrieb / Dan kont das bate ve setat worde Et auf de abtheilo gebracht. E' konne in em groff-krank raum / wo i mi z' bett z' beget bate mombett :
na bar z' link liegt regunge les mit estement a gesicht / de rechts schemt em gehirm y befitz / day an umfang o gewicht abnitut. i geniefe vollendet rube. Day problem dos veatrufins is thef. de gottliche wahnfinn - eine erhöhle form de irrationalitat Des in uns duf From and lebengs - imabin waterfire / welche de pentig- gefluschaft mily emzugliedern it - de vois? wet man die gefellschafte foumd - wahnfin eingliederle? no wird of Junkely es is kom ende aby (ch Le pflanze/die wacht treibtem Chop 30 recht von wen dieje & vally getildet it to will do naturalishe drang det weet thromis most tho die endrenospe himaus west wast fordern er fliest 3 riche in do Fam in die mult des zweiges in Bunkeln vo (tambaft eine unfich les was a finder y tetal gerade de nothingo fello de linke v- trait Dort ein neuse Chals herer defenous richts de wachthum's Er 200 De frubern game entgeg gefetat to de wadat de pflange in diefe werte etenmating ohne uso paris or (tor) des glaidegeratites. so reent is men bente/zolunte mem fubli theteem in d- rown meines fablens das mir vorden unbekant war & Tehe mit er laun d'unito chied mais beid vanne. 12 Ran Day Jack- micht unt Brick - viele lach auftal 3 wein. I the som recept fuffe duf den linkt opetret / 4- zucke /son menn chmerce getroff - 34 900 1 wood unterfebred zwelch - Kall w- beits. 200 lafted get disposelt do I don'thus 3' embe gedacht hat we treto hundre in jenes andere in welder it Christus wied into . Die nar folge Brille printe mi mente felle of a few entranted - received to well nicht house to don't will to than mor do man (10 mar folg de digio ambere rei in mis befreut cht in dief reiete gell andere geletze les sie right timen meins weiff. Die nonade gotter " son die E' mt in mein reiche aus gut grund-do erfahrense welast halle ir his oberste egets des handelnes. Die gnade gottes babantet ein be

recepting wint of prespecto ornototy sieso week out georos Just

gewalt o micht dur fir felbe. ibre schar bevolkern das land de feele west du sie ans



expicht prophet bie scamende selbe beinig wirab such die ertog vo derum bed Sof wir ib ir do obre Funds vor 37 generaten - /v- des annehmens de tot- die feit alters de lufte dinversflattern vouvie fledomante untounferm dache wooder- neues wird souf alter ban / or viel wird do sin de personden word - also wire du doine urmuth im your iven your reichtbum de zikunftig ars mas de vom chrise thum or fine gebeiligt gesets de liebe entsern mochte das sind vietet. Die im herra keine rube find-kont-/Sen inre now .. e we: werke folgt ihm na. e me nad ertog ir imme eine wiedebring des vord- voloren- pat nit felle dechriftus bas blutige menter optowidogebracht des feit alters befiere titte aus do heilig - handly austropible; pater meht felle die heilige handig de effens de mentet opfers wiede aingefetst? in deme heilig bandly wind wiederum emos this word was by horis geters ordanite. Do wie down frue swar dass mensobenosto o das es do option wiedobrachte jogeschah dies do alles anilym or nicht am brude / Osts do by your Keitte Sarribe sus 12 , 30 5 so con c/off bafflet. no so brido daribo 3 popad- kam/ fondom alle (i do wied brings) frew kont- dalselve grifigh wie voralters who with a gran of liebe alle wend wheems che furcht par vor de gourn de w//o wire dudge gofting liebe je tor or was wird als dann mit dir yaji ye + date wire du ge = zwang /wied y bring " was vord war namli gewalthat mond unrecht o- veruchte deis ness bruders. or emound dranders from fin was wird whoirs beerich. Darumfalls Suche furth pate port or gowarden sumit das sejet de liebe our sie éco ou ingo se unterno vogangen zo erts growerde v nicht zo verdemnig dur schrankentoge bergischt Do toto. Da gente Sofening noc/ Safety um unferogeg warling unvolktom for will vor doget In tode verfall wend in dunktola fitier das gebuile into muso se un of mit dringlish telagrungo obr botharm, bis dag soir Bour erlago gensalor Jur wiedo bringo do vorraltade yenodar unto 5 - gegerge so love. was wir or fuch new / Er Sie amforders do tot / Sie vordo zent vo unosllendet dahimieng our die finited synt vodes yezer. Den kein gut is foodkom / DATI OF micht unvelof thate or you hade was neight y brody - fein follie. Wie find ein voblandeten gesiert. wer leb nur an de obestäche nur im heute ve dente mer an des morge, voir bandela nobam vogangen / ind wir une do tot nut anney no. wit wallnurarbeit thun mit fühtbar- erfolge. wer well veralle bezahlt fein. es ledine une wal wel; por ein vetergens werk g'thur bas or mang-micht flitbar bient. 15 15 kein zweifel Su De noth & leben une grang tapbare prichte 3 beourging" are in white ment unto or do the rend of increase of the for at die die for game andie aboplante de well welow hab. es giebt ein nothwendig / alle orbingens o jeittemis werte, ein hauptwerte, sin sam yeheim 3' Humber ... do rer with morning fent (ithther woll o weinberg nicht gelang - kan Do to wond tot getalt - Sie due fuhrweck and ohm volumes to become diese not enfille hat than ery ferror tuffern werke not golding ben die tot laft ihn nist. er gebe infi vo Hous in still no their geheif or vollendedon geheime danne die tot ihn abetlass. blicke mit z' viel commany fundam y where or na' ite daniel du bie tot mot abolists. Das gebort z wege das christing both or wenige to lebro, abo wiele do tot- mit it emportable. Fin work war die ers 18 50 perachter or vertoren - um defentiont war or zwif- zwee obredern geterengigt. & breide meine qual zwifty zwee wahnfinig. i teige in wahrt went i himunt gebe . ge. welfine or daran front 3- tore allein 3' fain - es it follows also gerale Dadur wint but de werth Dat no lebend-gefthor-entsecter. was that bie all far bre lot ! day weber " Jukoner di De lorge or de le nothig weeks für die tot enthebr den was tot lei / lei vegang du entlichel Digs 50 mit Bein unglaub an Die unferble 15 30 jule meint Du/ Die tote feir Darum nist weil du dir die unmoglikt dountertwikt erfort har ! dugland and eine wortgotz -Die tot wirte / See ganigt. In de nineen week if iebrie to their way so tiller for waring it dufenn well des mer vorgetlar katte. Du musst ander oftel juage die abseibt deins wagertele. relie in names sibuly such -I'malom das drass an /v" in de nacht toat meine feele 3' mir.



frit bei fir aufgrung gebied fings ban Rom alle leufel zufant w- 15 to be kind auf grant mie

Die somens frost street empor in die welt d'acust dont about bour boute ihm de geir des pers mil de gold :
strapt. et fret in entracte o-toste strauf. Die schlange die dus oose it worde nient in dewet ver gent suit suit.



12世1919

110

weife it horo bentle fem gefetyrei. is and doe it for one rein the mythologic was the da corable. Jonann: The bit merritate or merstey barrow mights decon tou getsoff we irremposed mein gott vocame port in moine familie in mit worticht infine! i plike ja da wall ertof / C' bin ja d'ertof. er legt sti yn bett to verfillt wied in feine frlihere spathie . I faffe die fait meines beles, um me geg-San furofit bare way 3' schille . i' blicke star an Die wand um out wenigsteng mit blick anguletan mere in der want lauftem herryantal fers barunte is die wand dunkle gamalt. Daverfechtem paightopo-estrem seleme Dorte handus fela i auf base met hanns. De strub it de portent.

y dort geht jeht die force auf in vote glorie simfam or hervie woord norm it ein kreuz baran beingt em fillange wood tres ein tar sulf gefishet wie beim filitate od it es ein col ? es it wort em jould mit de dorn terone - so tres de conscitius, to felber; Dieforte de martyrume is ant gagang or white blotige Fraht out I mer. Lange walnot bies Topanfied bie fine tragt habe the finds werd bell o beif o was brent die fine auf ein bland mer poner bas wag bat auf. geport sine wortstattige formomory rube liegt suf 30 flincond mer falzige was duft er; yet (17. eine matte broite brandingswore bricht mit drings - done out de sande o imocracul report the wiew / 3000 from the glocken things to westrator Die zwoolfte thinds is wollendet. jety tritt stille ain, Kamlant Kein ban. All it stare or tot still . I' parre beauli beklain. Es sehe ein boum de mer ent feig. seme terone reicht zo binet or seme wurschu greif birt by in die bolle it bingangemenn v voorgagt o- johane on feone up to ne went all es aux mir entitoy whre gang debingeget an our unfallhere or furchtbare. I' bingang there wentship art of Fultere i . eme fremde time procht: " hier giettes reme artol fundern fie bat-[" mylo 3' verbalt / fint from is no en worm es co macht o die andern lente well fillet - " i fele og it bo warre. De frat it dufter bell dur'eine kleine lampe a-traurigiteent laftet tibedroume . It fand d' was nicht" er figt: jie branch felgt live were 3' fuch- er foreigt die wahrlit. Dovorg/obo was as an few worken main get to wing was be verte was as grabil kaine getulas ten wege in die zukunft. wir fag /es fei dief weg/ v or it es voir bant die straff-/indvoir geb- unt lob it die wahrlit bie voir fuch- nurmen leb

effer die macht in de alle dance brach wo for bewegte was bish feferman wo for die steme in Chlang wandelt vallslebendige erstante. I es en wortgefint? dan de en wort holle für 8"/ de barin hangt- es gicht hellighe wortgefommite morte ale was find worte er gaspaft mit worth withe sie wohl nim siegere worte worte ohne hate fin sie micht anemands vanns heme gegingte entfret dest de bir doerste vo si barin sangt. Den worte hat bedenting An work zieht du die untwelt berauf wort it dag nichtigte in starteste im wort fliest dags leave or day works y main - durum it day work embild gottes. work is day groffle or beliently dur Somet Topul wis Das was dur'd menting topatty who dre grotte or kleinte is. Darum were i'd' work gespingt verfalle 10 bin i'd graft- v theingt verfall - i' bin d'mercang geliefert De unbatimit wage die rubeles doort andert it was it bewegt to bewagt in thre oning vo de mage wid [rest / 5 de willens pressagete. Italias is werted mentily about est chumit duf 8" chays. we commerce traint or whent day weit or menty wie with will. Die mentity abo (opan ilyman voice em waity fining. wer som mere komit to krank ur kanid So menton- kanem entrage. Don he schem ihm alle trunk y'lein un naveryon an schlafmachend gift - he wolbir z' bille eit wodembote zwar wenige bille annebur als vielmeine die in thre organis but benem wetting v may fein wit eine de dass chaos nie jah portern nur davon spricht. abe wedas chaos fah fitre giebt es kein voftademater Jondern er weiff, ball de bod wantel v was dief wante bedeutet. er juh die ordnung or die unome vols mandlish arweif von d'unaspets noting sejets or weif wan mere or man es mie waseff - purchiber is any obass lage well blet matrie well grant abowie do christing well dasser de wen die wir mit o de a sept wer mi . I wish die nous qual o das erneute boil in die well kam procif i bafidas chaos abodie mentitions mus /ordans die hande dervorefastin sind die selbeahnen welos or mo in o die determbende dur brez de une pom mere treir. den dies i "unsorbeg inscre wahrt po unso leb- tore die jung des christus estentit Das do gott fleif gamort o unto ihn wohule alse in ment, perten bir jetst do si do sej ibiedies seit ein gotter do not in fleete en rent trein rent it or do'e no re : - sins aboungette or wich im fleethe or barune mur dur of geir di mentrale de mpfangend octar multo de gotte actor. die facte it gethan/voor Ind-gering to in dir felbethur unted gefety delicoe wond mit abgestrich it. Den wie under [14 dein see



und verderbruig errettet word ? wordt () geringt in dir annahm / wend duze micht thus ? wood about the temple before tit the thut / it was aim to and overthing it michte about it. It thut / it was aim to and overthing it michte about it. I must meidle it bus to be tend of word of the person of an aim of the serve o

Darim i dem gespand o voltfart / " bem kloid me eint kelt tratery? i " trete die kelt allem & niemaal Co mit mir. i habe mi gakelter in mein gerand word winnein genium. Daho is main.

Plut auf meine kleido gefricht or i habe all mein gemand befindelt. Den i habe ein land voele mir sorgenom das laho mir gelfo for geterm. or i fab mir und polatem belfo pri prounderte mir hour genom das laho mir bei fonden mein arm muste mir kelfo or mein zorn filmb mir bei. Or i habe mir strukt gemacht in meine grim / or mein huit auf die dang ges gestelt is maine zonn/or babe mir babe mir bamut do gott getwite of mein do christiss aute dang ges ges gestelt to maine misse misse gestelt to maine misse misse gester franch do got beine for a christiss de christiss andert misse gestelt from armine misse general franch de gog la felbo emple or ein wind geg das andert misse general franch de fonder find franch de gog la felbo emple or ein wind geg das andert misse general franch de general chart franch misse general de ge

mede menses "em seit serd" vom ausgespant bangend nahm de christies dies apal auf se menselv ver leinte se sein slug tote die sehlang to ohne sationie die land. Dut die klught set dag mentillar psate geb "men beichränkt na ob vernehlich aboie bir do obern vernehme hauf se self den anstern bauf se self den der verreinte man de verreinte menselv auf de ohne es 3 veist des des millare libetrate se est satione ode verreinte menselv men de de ohne es 3 veist des menten wahn in de ohne es 3 veist des menten wahn in de ohne es 3 veist des mans de verreinte se na out se de se d

Dirtz re de bild de politicipatione. es bedeutet die vollende eine lang bahn gerade als das bild in april minimische bedeutet begen war team die die das Obracht das min Platte und verleit des Obracht das min Platte und neuersche monde gour is.



Tysicot or bourn best lobing befor warman in bie holle relet or befor wipfel or himel berubet er weiffour nit mayor ble unterfeylede: we hat roch? was to helly ? was to walver? was to gut? was to riepting? er weif murein untoftied: & wat affed son unto ob. Sen er tabt/das de baum di lebens son unt na ob wacht / + dats er ob die oon o wurgeln sentir unter Chiedeine krone bat. Das it ism unquelfelfaft. fo Ment er d-wag 3 arto 9. 48 gebort 3' deine erto 19/ Sats du die unto fabiede vers Cerns by and dief ein de richts. damit befreit du di von de all fluche de ertrenting des out ou 66/2. well sumar de in best bas fur patt das quie vom best trenter or mur nach di quit trachtetes/or das bost Son dutrous do later wertengueter or most and di natome log deine wargely mich met se Suntile native de tiefe / or born baum nourde Krante or dur. derum fagt - Sie alt /3015/200 About & appel gage 5 / der baum d'paradies vandorte. Du bedarfs di dunteeln 3 bein-leb. abo mon du maist / dats at dans bote it ban han du at micht mehr dument in to du leide noth or connector must war mm . Dukent es aboan mobil als bas bole annahm fon verwirft bis bein guts , ou Kentraw natroestenon / daff In das gute ordon bok Kent. Darum war die ertenting bon gut v- befe ein unabowindlich - flus. Wen du ab- zurückkehrs 3" aufanglich chans v- Su Sas zwifob d'unertraglich fenerpol ausgespaunt bangonde fills o extens/san wire be merte / Sats du guts or botes ment meur endgillig trant kans wede dur gefahl no dur erkentrills / Consern Saff Sir mer oreget it / Die richt des weretitums , die von unt na? do get was roundsmi to verterns du d'unterfébies von gut or boje for du weits ibn lo lange with metr / als dem boum von unt re ob wachs. to tall ab das waith thum file Test / Jetfall das in wastoflown ununtofolised-gesinte wo discritions witoour gut obote. niemals kent du vor dir felle die kentnits & gut vo- bop verleugn fodalis du dem guts betrig-Ronter jum bas bife 3 leb Den Bold du gut on the trent Derkent du le mur im wach Thum and beide greint. du wachfer abo wen ou im groß- zweifel Tillettebr vind darum is do tills Fand in grothe que le me water ye fte bluthe des lebens. wo den zweifel nicht ertrigt/solertig Confor et Blobo is 3 weifelbaft for weight not beauman later webt. 20 3 weifel is Says 30ich - di films Fritz de Coprodoffer. De Ferres pat 3000 fel 60 3 menfel abo pat 8- Coprodoffe de Earle - nape/or voin or 3 18 in 3 write fage han is bababi " ban it endo tearlete. niemand abo kan ja agr 3 pin - 3 weifel /er endulde den dan geoffrate chape. weil fortele unto une find / die alles fagr kon There dorant was in let. rouse in fast tan fabr vel fem oo febr wents enforte darum an leb. mend red is must bell or might bunkel benn it it die rede eins waatfend"

obbone sate brang si mong winds do ub Sie berge komt. Die mart (Jag wund / Do all mein leb- dabingegeb war or ver trickt me evous permonreno panagefrant bieng zwift de fenerpot. meine feele prote in mir mir belle fritte: die thure follans d'angeln gehob-werte/ & demitten Freis our games entitude 3 witch - hier woort / 3 wifet - in or nein /3 miles do wound furth rachts whiches as of refuge gange get and ward multipo illa entoregenge (etyla ortuga/ verichte gratte (trulga folle von eine pol 30 andern film ame wige toll our gastell warry ber zunglem leife fran antit, afue Plana Coll breat of a some winde mit we want wind. am from ou fliely na fem lieft jie. co fill ble bord wilder tying 3' by futterplats sich auf ihr all woods felm. D. & seb- gebe frieder fin feme befor foon gebut 3' tod foon tod 3' geburt funger rocks wie die bayn de forme alies gebe Diese bayn. alle prit maine felle. Date piece lating or grangem mit mir felte. L'est tagode nautit? Topulife tode watche ?? lebe is ado bin & finon gefrorbe? blinde finter not um agest mis/eine groff more ferm grand deinerung swowen to recept for en trange est bit ein in bi yesicht we lacht bast lach is er: Epitterned wertopend with 150 to Febrage de mo antide frest die bette the bin ominte. The Babunto em get ind Botaf. Re het lang ale emo (timbe crestiaf"." to wireles ? babets gothlaps ; mer par workigetrament/was fibrackitch piet! I'bim in diego kniche amperchlage / Dr bass ways days reis bo mutto? trink the im glave voaffo / is find ja no gang Chaftrate" is to step ofthat kon ein- Krunk mach woo it mem thomas ? deb/ da theorer for ant ge toplage am It hauptititet: with all or in all meine feele / Tucke Deine rube allegeit in do beren den er it bie entire rupe all beilig . Elepe dige stelle lant por . Post micht printe jed wort ein fragezeich? wente shit dies taks emostables and to mints the work in thor traum gebabt bab. 12: 17 pabeall dings getrount / An or train werde to dente. abriging (ag- to bet non find the destrangents) Machine? bean bern bibliotherwigt er labteine gule trude for com finn feit olet jabr - bei han



116 1': on/ but bake 5 gar not year of / ball do hor bibliothonoring and folde Place beflet. ja pie mily wiff or it em femalymacho. Let be worth fung for Rochen O Danke befrans fier der berberge. bitte bitte ble eyes it gans out mains teste. number of drang-, allohous som die Ruche des perm bibliothecarius weiß er word / was derin gekant wind er hat work nie zin- tempet fohlaf darm verfucht. I glaube to will ihm of theman a trempige Burnetebring : 15 trete in die bibliotoek em. D: 2/ gut about batino so javoles. 1: feet about per beblit becar ba bringe tiber ben thomas wied. I babe mi em bisedy nabrom in ilm Kuch gefett um 3 laffall bings ohne 3'apri- ball es ibre ktage fei. 1: of to bite / bax many gor with hoffentle but maine rochin the gut aufgenom". ": 1 kan mi " tib- bie aufnahme mit beklag - E pube (agar en nachmittage figitet- tib- 81 Homas og ball. (1) Days woundert mi micht itier and acht buch find entfetile langually. 1: " fa fier unferemo ab fier dere troubin bebentet das klaine bu' do' vid erband. 10 milita/filt Die Rochin 2": gestatt sie mir die indiscrete Frage: pab sie au shon einmal ein incubations sitat in ibrer Rilebe wahalt-? 1. net / out dies ab onder hibe idee bin i no mie geroin-. 1: E page un / Saber front to war lum it - Sale weef ihr Kinge gut abend / her bibliothecar! mar dief gefora vertial & die bibliothek wyieng himaus in 5- vorraum we ing-grunworkeng trat & februgily - of fette or war Tab & ? & fab eine bebe (ant-balle our mir/im bin tograndem bartifein Chando youte / Wingfor's senbogart lote i glet bamerte. I bin nambis in the sto geratte : dort Pab new Sie 3" friel gebor amforting or Rundry odo viels mehr/ways it is ap it to her bibliokacarine or ferne Rochin. Er it willend, blats or but ein vourior ben mag / lie it entlans for ord Bornin links frest klinger whit sie febo sie bo bet bibliothecarling binte do opr 3't o pflegte. Wie ignie mer kiling for lest. aborquentingen [piet! Do Tidge / won rechts thit per ival out met promounding / our en Tiels min plece. 181 ingfor wift gittig are fed na partital sief aboffingt lie gelat out . Sie rome son mandelt (= : 2) Chemit bas sas publicum in die falle 5 / im letar-act mitspielt man but mien y knieen best das jupplichim d'obserfreitag begint : pareires tritt ouf lang int frit Sas haupt bedestat o me f mon you balme er tragt um die findle m das perat leifte law fell windspand halt et die kente/aufjord trapt et moderne filmen za beinteteise/80 pour kindlich fererlags halle. 2 france me on Frecke ab webrend die bunde aug /30 dans spiel gest voeits parfirent entblogt fem burgt som beim do Rem gu remans toda/Sally n entichnte or dom die voeipe o the Rundry front on for ve foer salet for purpt on land. Das publicum is bingeriff overtent (is fecto in pa in 1. ents to Bent edige mens bofford getilet rufts mens drimeers of mucks or gebe in weif bigo. pende 3 quell water ofne fremde baibille meetie fûsse or hande dan lege to aut niem Bufopernis de vor ziebe meine burgerliche teleis an . Etrete nut de freez persus unabere mis mir Clo so i als publicum no ino andachtin out o knie luge. is habe mis fellow in boor e upor to were De eines mit mir leibe AS TOUTE (pot wet es mit wirkliche fort ware ? was mare zweifel/wet as micht mirk witmoetfel wire? was were gay fally hoen as with work links geg fally noone? we fis the annelper will/somnifau vontelis femanderessannelper. do un ga co lless hem mother for water of unester. Ja ve nem tron mist ma get ben the find with the infere been ffe of weath for or in them . Ou moster rootel pate to water or ithe tithe funerbut de em od undern 15 not me modil / (more and nothwestig at die listel ander to a Titles of wider fant geg - Sas ambere. toon by in brain bor ban Chiefit deme fichery Dem das andore aus showie kant Sudate je grans som gelang ! to warum bar was day ene we gening ? Day some han ung darum mit ger ig ! queit and spandere in uns is to wan now mis mis do ein begangt fo little das indere noth to be field unt mil fam hunge voir mifroutet ab dief hunge vogland into no na do em hung g 3 fein to befellig ung derum no webt munfe in fireb na drefit dadur. Williams become win dass de so andere in une feine anforders no farte gestend nout rosen wir a power bereitwillie I'm de Forders & andern in uns . " Just their forking wor by about his andere /um es 3 Tallig" wir kon abo to bimubogalang wall uns & so where bevougt gave to to. wan abountere verblend dur dagenic (tark it son conform wor my mot no netro mawern weme unbelled te kluft eroffnet is in me swift drein to do indern dupo and about mass milere abobilinging day falle wind faul prous bunginge wind former? to fo explicit wir in felt worzelnt von mangel das IT i untelpast / 10 soundles at stept bu viele. 45 m fi To fam / about mutisme mit for fein es glebt grunde to untar be grand to 13 at 6 50/ wiraborroll taf



agand morte fel do member nombre toble freiht gegett aut die unfache si Ebourned Device it fair offeril in formanis fit feller went I want & age terround getter jens freit arrung bas trots sent bith the plantens andagione and depondere mountain fivel de apant bis/Jah beginned Seve washiftherm. then me more ver pott- Son thungs do im no Sie andern, to Crisate ilm - Safete fineld jume 3-/o- bandbourge 3-/mis fello 5' voc. Both moon to lithe week werther bar muy suger a both sile with a deline fellow of the mis in the works of peld bafterion on tof the or burgains our newfold no vr. beine gotton whele Sofriftight (5) - ende win det ein pottium diamoen will in Dir/ lege Deine bewundorte rolle / Die du bight por dir felb frietter b-voerde de/de du bit. ther das glade o-mifget pride and befor Dangale bet / Somer tille detatupt 1/3 glant for pacific gabe Samue travais often in narraine before oake te elwas rusomm is bin nist gleis mit ibr. Das week dog she to it wights of them mit is map Shown Chylor trago et le let Barrifters . of text - J'ob . setters in Sperge ferme personlight is getten zeichnet our bie natheir Le ferne a be/go fogor our do geg to do en derem sternie out do hobe lette gabe fondern into derunto, wan er Comanden amount Growder Falsistatine Place formamon 3'ertrag: went er abamer feine gabe in fein og whe lab will or bogsbalb fein suders or winft to us West or one many betidage not fem sale & suffinentilled che naturer Eyeln? correr (Elbourg mentitis/Elbourne naturerphens was erm was taketet mit is allewell late (ein withum for ex father works 3" offor San Figter / estate Die andern die ihn verfort / rochrendes be mer die ver " nadplating fem moon it sie in large les marget. Wen Donath mein lebreintrit Jan kebret 3 meins dum Whit zuritch um di gott will - Emelmetrie las Dolimbichtet suf mes to trage all mane ballist to - later Wite / awall ters voerflibe in mir. suf olche voeife entlatte fid got son all do www. some of the party of the party of the party of the party of micht amestime. comit bereite i'd wes for San then Shorts. no fres nacht/eme wagen rept ook unbermitchet. was foll wood-? find die finftern obgerinde geteert or out gefischet??
Obrwass wo utel o- frest dort unt-/on bend or rolly & pend?

ATMAVICTY invents adultor

puritue make in hominibus quives sum -

der drucke will die some steff /de jungling beschwort ihn es nicht z'thun er frist sie ab- do .

TEAECPOPOC

mould few to mit getticht or weathe gruth labore of root feb ladyter unsath bare opfor to fintern hele 15- The not forder the was to dist aboverty ise whang - das ose full fein will? Too et as/3-das vostinge gapitral expetit vocanted tot laider to? nome becau or trinke blut / Sommet bu prech- kans vorum weder dublut zurück? wills du mile? ode d-vott faft de rebe? wills Sugar vielleicht liebe? liebe 3' totem 2 verliebtht in die tot? beif her du lebens famo- enterben laufendjalying Leib do untowell eine unkenfelse bluttebander filse wooling and tothe ! etwas / das dus blut erffa monacht. Du verlang eine wollingtige vermis Elymit de Leiman ? 2 pra con annelme du ve langt aboan mis reiff /an mis drickey begatt- ? an verlangs chands & losis por prophet/fage Sa/ legte (is out das kind or legte commend out deternos mund/or tema aug out deter mugg/or teme bounde uf deter b Ende or breitete palo aboor maby day distind with va in 10 rd er to francio do one for giving in have alumal pieto or Sito for Trieg himsuf for breitete fir alo for . Sal manbe te de timabe fieb-mal Sama Bat De Kinabe feme megranf. 6 134 Domonwoom (em/6 16 16 16 Du annahm / not hubl/mot uboleg / not ausgeklingelt/not unto vonofig/mitals falls stally Condern with fabr with dieso zwee deutig funcion lut / Die dus liefere auzieht or vominge ibro 3weedout ght 5 - boben verbindet/mit jene beelig attoln met oon do bu nit weigt lob fie ting I Do Lasto Et/mit seno mer/Ste wollinginge a Down whige 1/ wiferne ugt/ gefoblightou weife Et. mit sip the recont mantate up own go ing fes it in em todaymitely to fe /v bevarf do Lebensero ne Subofier guts ununtofigies summitofibeidbar enthalt ode it somes de repens ou kant the nist bole or not gut mot rem or nicht unvern nour. Dies it about Fiel/ [ordern was wiebog mg, as it is krankby to begin dogetime), as it die nutto Me Eyanothat vorall backbring do Cymbole es is w. artefte fo mot Conffense / Me fo Trong / do in perpongent - alle gebein - Chuptwinkel or fintern gange in you so white of ge (ets matistyke to to years dur fliefst/ or dine world felle due ockoming inde/ aufquellend trockens erdrei befrichtet as Er Soalverfte/gehebme lehrmeife Sonstur/So Dupt sing 10- Hier via enfranchief / Die überfibion- life-o-1 unte lobre / welche ungo verfeand farm 3' faff vous 3. gt is do große vous /50 abament bries weifs / 80 allo volfenfelyafte großte bat/ Do up verworren gebranets phaffet/or vorthanend aux de unt fibar falle zut infligs weathat es to dis the mentate benderbline or lege. stelle bas for with it or with any Deserment ye es is so pred/ some sie Copurache (telle trifft/ Sie pringvourgel/ su verschloße Charactern offnet. Du Rans as micht selup or mist Surn/mis Tout or mest bole man- Son es to Surchand unmenfeblichenatur. ay it do John do erde/ 5. Suntile/ d- Su outwooder folls, ex it man or voorb zuglei a-unverf-gefehlechts freiran deut 90 mifideut 9/ sarman firm 5-30 To rec. Dies it das tote das am lantestrophrie das zunter find o-wartele bas Am Chrose For litt. mist blut / no mil no voem begonte es 3 tot offo fondern die voillight unfort fleight, not achtete ferne Communit do qual unferes geifts /80 10 muble o marterte 3'exfin-/2000 mit 3' e fin it/80 [2) fello Sorolo zerfier yte sor 19-7 peut zerstructeds un d'aitaire lag Ba est porte es Sie Prine Bi frant do este forda est foi 13/8 afferd große lewende war /80 30 artof bedunfte. er ir de er mathete den er war de dervoorfenste. es er schlim/ dies 3' (ng / vielleicht h re is Checht/vielleicht ve tebe i falls 10. Us Die Kefe Figt, es it elema (oreh) 3' (19~/0~00? mm/3 2 es Die trefe anverigt en it emporgertieg verblicker bage licht be pie ve weilt unte de lebende zune rate a continue (they mit them empor/ Jupafel or Die fille to lebang amen/ag is rookendet. kan nit ob mengogiche ertoberntebet! Ob unwillight in uns! ih zweifel a berzweifts. Dies 15 wabite to charfreitag woo do herr fairber in die bolle ymunt rotteg v- des geseine wit: andete. Diet in docharfreitag/ da wird-brittys in ing wohend for da voir faill 30 botte muntoffeig. vier it so by frekag/ano wir valages Sea abrilling will- Ben na Rimo wollen So to trown 30 for the To man it is we will be brillies Sats fem reisalle welt bossorate en sue 30 from die bole 100 gelang 05 /mit gut recht working gewiß - 2-6- getete Soliebe geborebenio / Sie grenz - Siefe & reicht z' who Ehreit 2 7000 Tag unto 8 - Lebeno / de christup is wom lebendig fluis go bolle faloris wo tres / 80 das vei d' christup um die bolle armeitert? voit es (donningtern wall trante bit in voo Tes/Some So eing fein himatifieg ing zweifem & wolfen berg jers zer. 1/3/ jumidas getrente 3 vereinis ? 25 bin extonamilose / So se setomit kent / or bef name dor ilm alberdorg 1. 2 babe kein nam ben i war nogarmit fondern bineb gowond 12 bin mir em voted getaufte Somir fremdet. 17/80 12 6 bin / bin es met. 23 abo/So troor mer or do i ma mir fem worde bin es wood ind is mis felboernedry. te i mi als an ambern ind i mi felbo moralom / theile i mi m 3 wei/o m= So i'mis mit in ir fello vereinigle on rde i' jum their or it their meins feld. Die bim & in inet no bevonfife a jedo bin é form men bevonfitem, ans ou é au davon ge spied vois re . L' bin



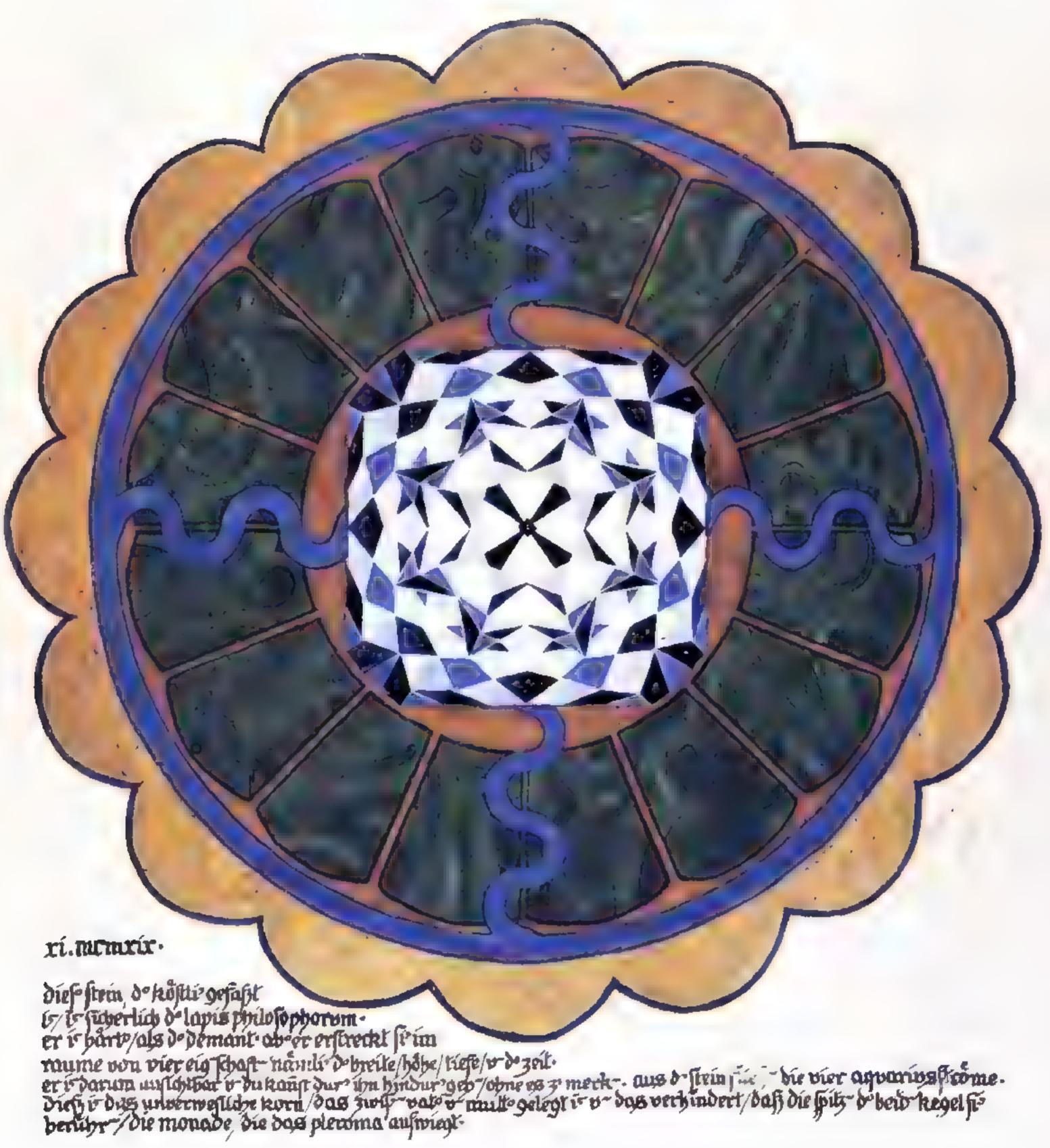
derfluchte drache hat die sone gefies de bandwird ihm aufgeschnitter nun mußer de son-gold begebe samt seine bluth dies is die umbert de munder de mit bolf/ Sudfried state.

120

ich bingetauft mit unrein wasses wiedergeburteine statie vom seur de holle wartete meine übed
becke d'tanse mit unreinheit habe i mit gebadet
v mit schmutz habe i mi gereinigt. i nahm ihn
auf/i nahm ihn an/d-gottlich-brude/d-sohn de
erde/d-zwiegeschlechtig-v-unreis-v-übenacht
i er maübar geword: zwei schneidezahnes sind
ihmausgebroch-v-jungebartstaum bedeckt
sein kiü. i sieng ihn ein/i übenand ihn/i umschl
ang ihn er sorderte viel von mir v-brachte dor
alles mit den rei is er/ihm gehort die erde-sein
schwarzes pserd abe is von ihm geschieden.

Wabolic/ein Bir Femilyat & mir erlage / elin großen or frarkarn hab coming Theundages wunger, richte fell mir von Jom/20 dunkeln/Krein well Duoning gebrie forgrer mir / wele mein Chalter wein to nicht anden denke / forgrer mir do unbeimlin nahe, ar wood 300 1957 voen to ing wer leugna. V mustoviel (eine gedenkt / Omusto thespeise fin limbio ago. i fille eine felle für in han auf meine lisebe wiel) was to fribo an to enfelo gelbare salle / us frigely für in them do num balterie mir für selbtig bei sie wist mir halt of the ingent of the ingent of the selbtig being geweilt with and the under wist wist wist bebrief for forth or off well we gebrei unific. E filme die it ge/ off rel to under the under the selbtig bebrief of the gebrei unific. E filme die it ge/ off rel to under the unification of the selbtig bebrief of the unification of the filme die it ge/

De wiedo/was (ce barg.





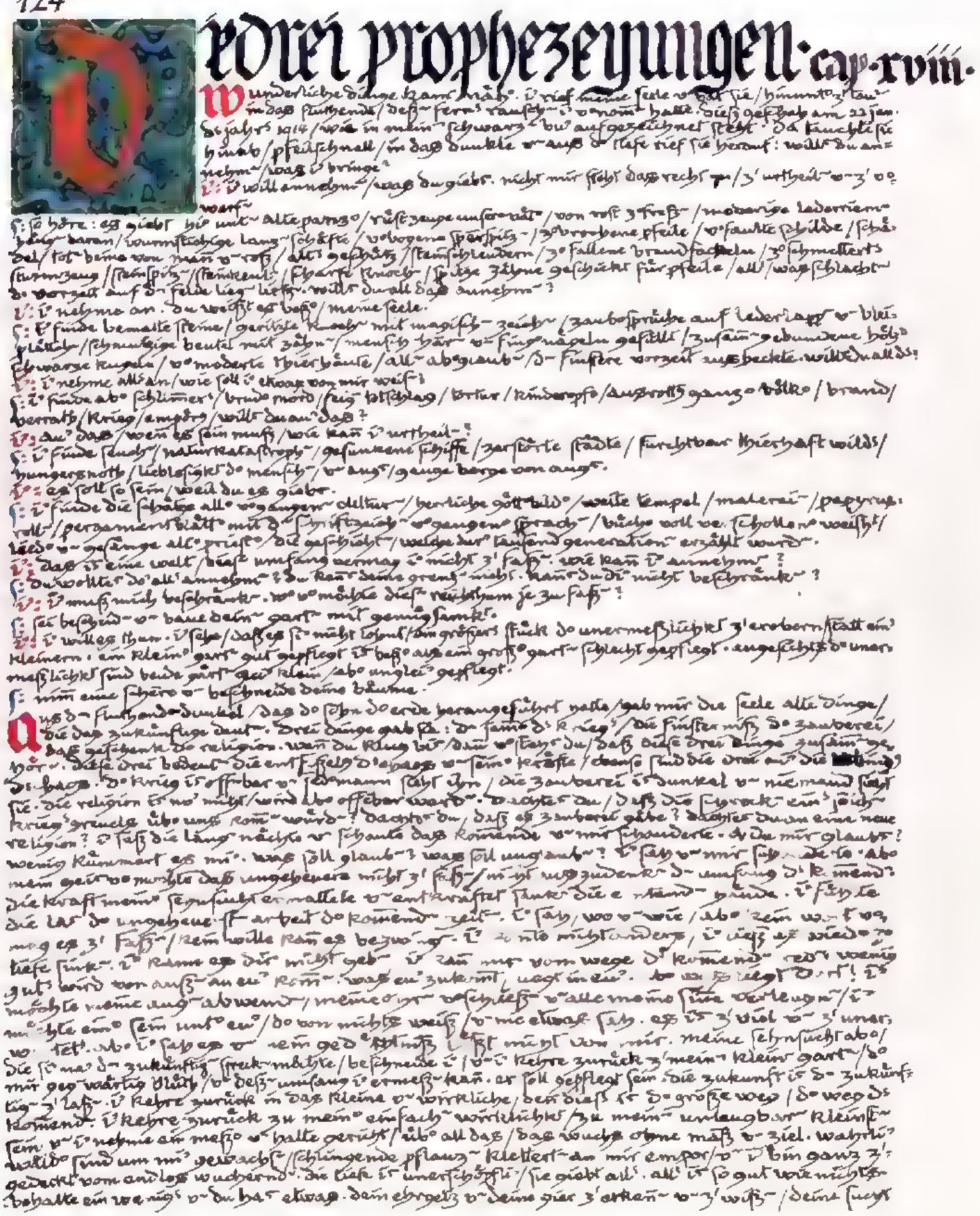
4deconcouxix.

dies is die hinter ett de kleinade me im steine is hat dies schatte. Dies is almavistu de alle entre de schatte de la completa del completa del completa de la completa de



in jan.

Dieff is Doly mall greff. and or blum on or late d'oracp entiprieff macy die Rubier. v. is de tempel.





3' [amely 3' fam" 3' bow" 3' umfati / Suntbar 3' mach / 3' beeinfluti - 13' herr fely / einz order / bedeuting - 0benting of get / i makers at it walmouts/ wie (11) das libe fame grenz himans get . wie bant on ball / way Su might but & Su monthle woods Days All / Bag Du weet to thento Days food Deine lend-witgeng v ers Keter's musting ? bobenke / du kant bi wife to bamit weift Dugering . Du Rain abomily D- ander wo sel Bus andere toits. Hit di / so di mang y wiff four extices be mit to aumaafig dein rollians Danleb & Fan Even / Dag To felle weif - en wifende mage for falle wife - Dag to feine grange - mit formers pafter Comit Come Detab / was is so day angemin 3 with worgate. I churche mis persug and & - 12 the fifting or bestung Ed aufo-mer gab o mein meff Elisabet no trefo o- Krent mi ab sond- bedentung / Ste I'mir fellogab. i' Chneibe humbe bis his mark bis all bedeutings solle von mir abfallt bise i' not the mabe / als dag imy exterein ktito) but timer no weef / date to but folgue of work / vans to but to wollarm or blots fam to nackt fleb- vor Do unerbittlich. To will mein Ktops fin o falue Sarftight is will somewho fin obor gefets laber or will mein menghantbier fine valle fine fibracke- or life annahmer a will burch be am y - Die aligkent Bet gebry domit arm / unbewahre korp auf betont ende Pand / allem eine baute Tem friels o - do lanerad will thiere / Deff - / Do von getentient get hrecht war o - von fern gotten Witneste / 8.8- nato galierce / or 3- days ferme familie man / Safe- / Doante Fain- Fere Ching/4-8unerteennbere mattet die Herden vantte v- die fat fein feld zofter / delle / Some briougie o- micht erkante fondern made nicht- lebes /o- o- dags fernstraus gnade 3 fiel am Kind voor ar or un (660/800 voll fishers / fishwar o- 80° thailliste martitie wraft. are four gott with perf/rapm erem-endem vale au dies milt half / Tichtigte er ihn . po Tiere sa: am suro mai jail for Die gotte also werte i von all die bebentungs formere all dass gottlinge on tenfrifine/mit de mis dass chant belied. waterli mit an mir liegt at / Sie 95th = 8te tentel - Die month of month of be mit gland vor ungland wans weift 3' fibrets. ein frei man dent war freie gott whenfall The aut (a letter a sug eigens kraft winte " with the 12 might 13 to 3 to 1 like 10" lease into diepotiente entlebig winter is hope bedirfo (is do" me out. and febrirgs he meno furforge no new glanbens. and may sie rubig wante / ab ite wine / wen fie abounter/ ban fer blug ben de tige to farte als du ou four ul con dir de fun france feller wein du de Pelaveem gett bift. Dan veb Et frei en weint fein was . 20 th of promot gen mg/berne paufe teme febrante. It christis all' beginnin sende seg . har tand to we Dort lag die rattelpolle vielgestait de well.

D'en ein gran-belchie mir. bin i nicht dass englegrangte? It die west dort nicht dass undergrangte?

would ein de Chrusiche worde nor bewulft. was wire or mutte viele / inbesperatif pue das be a
mente felle y mir:

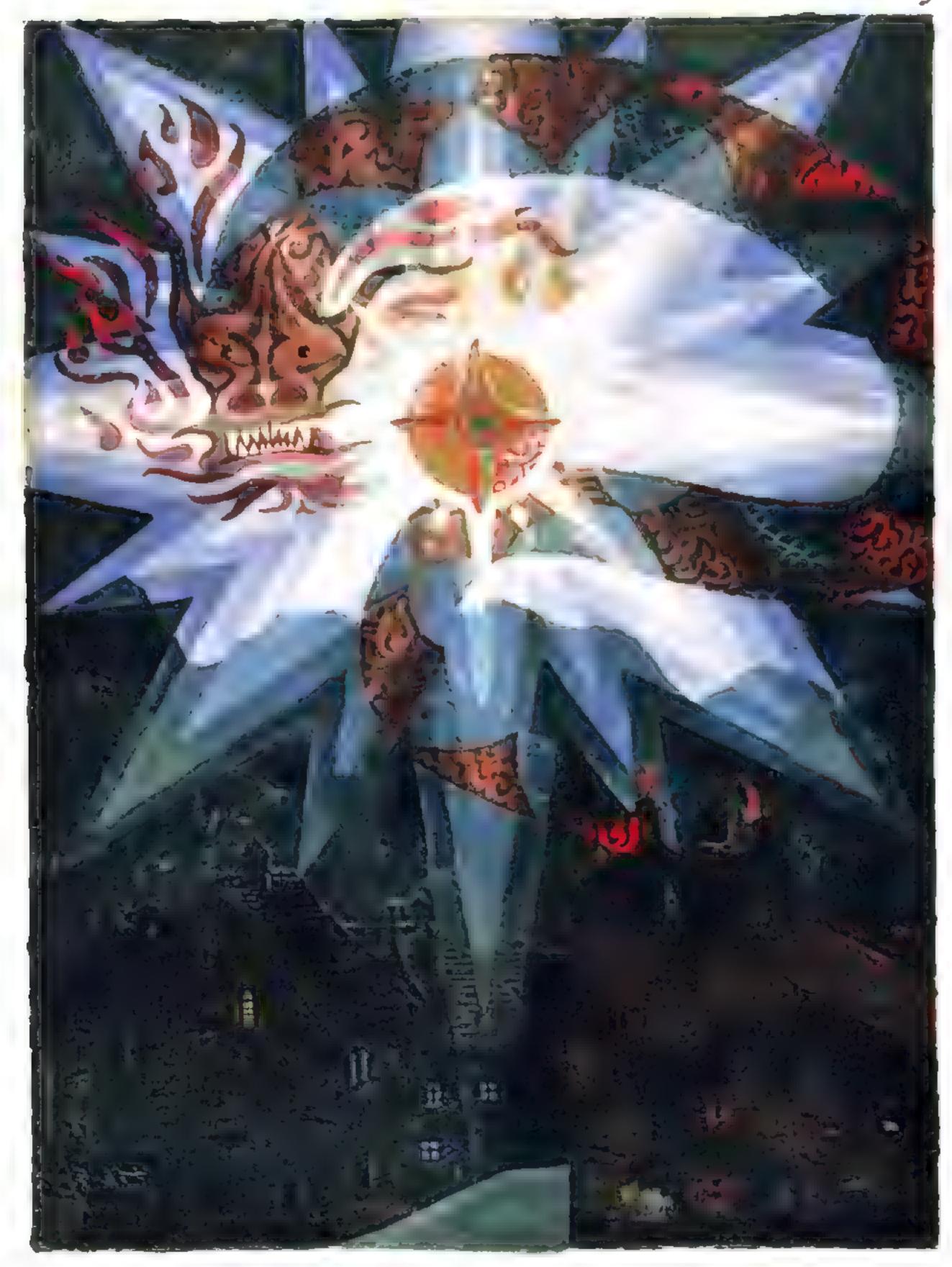
To an langur woman ? & mir it michts bewell was fell to have ! fi ain tope was follo bedont : Funguist V: E neprie an / was De fags (will glick v- ungwick empfung : [ball daine pande auggebreitet am ingerwas dir nukomit. I's was these? aim stab? wine some some 1 am firmary that geformt wis eme filiange/ 3 wet per als ~ pain goldveit um or bays. Eras must wie aim & whattan ! in zauto fate. L'a vere fall mir magie ? I Do zauter tate ain une it magie em unglick ? je je für die bie lie befile ! It as klingt wie aut ale au munderit bet Su/meme (Ele! was foll mir magic + 1: magic follow viel : 1's I' furche De weeker mains table or man milioustely on weigt / do many yout malt suff in a copular or K may yie yend naid ding out in Reine arbeit Roll. I magic it migt leight in the Rollet off Es Kollet (ie dass of so webe 100 men buichtet ! dan nim de Pate zurrich . [: te migt wreling. magic veriangl must diel opper the veriangt em ander up to tous in des upf say magic versange (it trove to trove to treat the trungight throat Si 3 " volte on the was beilt part to the the solution in mis memory of the land the solution of properties geopfert werd 36 beld 1: 20 bin so up not as it 3 Dimpel 1: was de pour org - (Fab! will par de Buffer of upfernite trong of du giet 7 or or or de due empfine pr. 1 10 34 or from went die t week / might 4 " Ot veny die son liebe / " zin- 100 yeb- 73 ye vosentet de bolur om ! Fiteles wenthingt wan fine stalle wit das was men y sole may it low an gag moure a as the control to the bull opport and and bull opport to the to the to but to but of the bring will- small of the annersmit of will in will the will will the miner is to that at milet (ago was well L'oumsthusones (tab! majiet Chumin) (Der Duni et) is on die reptier is don metalie Base you bir Rount will du condunation on Compain optountier : 2" de of part de dunkein Doblind Finfernity of optern or well imost ! I his nature frother nature ! confirmet he trot? 13 Du wagtein Elower wort weiche empomet finder de con mir ? I das it dem ung work die macht d' schwarz state. I'm wie dift abunngs rei du pring suns ant de pringe



dief bild wurde beendet am 9 janvar 1911/nachd es an die 9 monate unvollendet gewartet batte. es druckt/i treif nicht/was für eine trauer aus/ein prospects opferi honte mi beinabe nicht entschlieft/es zu beendig. es is das unerbiltliche nad de vier function, das opferfüllte wesen all lebendig.

128 Kiligo barle 3 umtilames Du mem pers mit aper Chal" 1 12 freute mis do rebenguat me , foll 2 lie mit 2 um de magie will 2 was it magie? (Su kenf magie most alle ventheile nicht 100000 (Frante du die l'magie/was foll magie : L'glaube mist davan/Kan micht davan dant mir finkt das pers - v- de magie foll i em grofft stick mentiblichet offern? [: [valle our gut fraute de nicht 10 vor all benin de nicht fo aufgeklart / wie wen du nicht im theffen do an magie glaubter. Vadu bir unerbitti ab i Ran webt an magie glaub / 500 to babe eme genzunrichtige ideedavon : Sastetstere lagt fir hor laft nur emmal deine blindporurthede or kritish get font war du ewig nichts of tel voille Su no viele jabre mit want vergende? " habe geduld/ mame wiff " [chaft it no must i bowend". Fryst seit Sats du lie ubowhoer! is du volangt viel far z'viel fit ief I's - It wif Fingt unentbehliz-leb": 15 wif faft leb? 48 gibt mench Juconne wo frey aft leb. bo ubrounds do wif Thaft um do magic will " dage it un beimte vo bow inter f: produ augri bu will die leb night wag : legt night das leb un Sieft to oblem es mil in das lafet mi all & Sumpt o row wirt har In mit ain wort Sitiet für mi ? 1: 00/ Su polange trois will bu do state od will du ihn mitt? 12 du 3 reise mein berg. I will mi 87 ten untowerfo abo/wie Chower it es! is will do Tapuson yo Teab/weil es das entre ving it b 5 , in de sod no sel giebt. i weiß meht/was dief stab bedeutet/no was er grebt/is fine . Ty & ser nomt. i will need theme to die bot d' dunkain emplang. i'b bed four 3" to ben ffing 120 the ibn/3- ratial wolf in mamo b ma/er is rait on theoer/were eif die pert. y so bu ge blicke mobind or Tobillerno an was Toll du gebeinning voll getigente? Le De us eight Alle versuelt drangt (2 in der g'fam / de hante flowarze stahl! bit du zeit or school al ? essens Sonatur / hart versuig knotton / abe sume alle geheine school to aft? the te pour te spour van Dir sug 3'9 dy 19 shame with soobt um di wood madhige kunte fil sureen in Dir ? net unertradiche spane dur dring du mis/wolche fratz soll dir ent celle : woll f : ptbe is ye. nemnity wir du Chaff- : wo to du unwelto/ for m/ Ralle/ blitz thing by mg ode sit du vice Felde fruchtbar mach p- D- ceib de Finwangern fegn : was it de seit Dein' feins?
De bedarft du de fi- nibt/du John d' fintern sipofis i gening du di d' d' ebe is iftdunkels / de fi ce nortelion or restall ou bit? no me seine feele be ge is di's in en einherz " webe foll nem verz dein Brein/ dein whet ig thein a lo vor vie dir deine the. Thatedis ngen in well prosely in du mit dir b. griff not do by reis weren witht? i yabe d' bot do near per se ge geyeb. [machtigto zaulo wormt in imm. it it fishe y p- HAT as do must beforeils / wel francoone finte ism geget it. I' woute und weil poid (D'm lach wentet o veil to viel mor da m feme lof fridet. Das lab entrot mir abordo 3 anto 5' Fest it fer wie eit or kell wie do tod. vergiet mir meine feele, is will mittemgeduling fein abomit formt als mike chouse gelebet house diese une i side The moldie mir de stab get root but low burnet. F. warte parte aug or ohom for mir Chambert or to week micht warum for son franchet by sweet word - 9 - 18th. 1: 1 beuge mis/meine fecle vor un bekant gewalt i mochte jed un bekant gett ein alter wester is not mis fug. Our converse en mein berz giebt mir gebeine to At. 45 is wie tots vo wie - vosebté de mention. In finitere trat formord mord gebire abound as beinge we it me juicend? in Line i mo ling wede gras Chrows a soult-i doff so rate mie micht instrute Bu gott! hebe deme hame empor 3 - Suntel abo det/bete/vozuer fle/vinge die plinde/ Kniee/drucke deme frame in de tradb/febreie/abonene ihm nebt/Epaue meht z inne. les ihn ohne nam of from wo soll of F. dof F. m? 87 re notof nome & tat suf 6" or 15" weg v-enfite with frame instant/work with abo salle one minde en por voil rollet sind die geschenke d' Sunters. wone stein weit gen kan/bisen

weg geoffnet, untowrf did vatteln valante une noeg eituig- ex find commelnde



bruck ub ensighed het aborand ab folge d' tatfelm entrage sie sie funchtbar. no is eg dunbel no imo water das granfame. vofunte / vofdhuckt in die strome zengend lebens nahern wir une I ubermainly unmenthuch generall Die gelchaften am weerke und die komend zeit 3 Phate wiewel zukunflig brigt die tiefe! werd micht in der die fat- ube jahrtaufende gelpon ? hate die talet trage to in dein bers voorme tie gabe mit ihn Thwango. To trage du zukunft. un: erswing. Du mietter Sie la abwert / Du mochter d'unentim bar entrime, wegtout about taufto "umuses. There sie aug / damit du das manistallige / das autertiche vielfache dag wegreifende or verlockende micht liebt es giebt mir ein weg /o dags it dem weg /nur eine erloff or das it deme erlofg. was blicker du hilfe funkend herum? glands du as kome hilfe vondug- ? das komende wind in dir v-ais our gelibafft. Darum blicke in di? (allow vergleube mitt/make mitt. Remainder weg is 2 dein grei alle undern wege find der taufchg av verführt. Du mußt d- weg in der vollend. oh daß der alle menfel us alle une wege from were trout / 10 conter du lie aus our wied find / or ihro wege extrem . who wetche Chwarte welche vosweifig welche angs/ Du wirs es mist est ag- bein weg zu gen. Su will im wemightens ein tuf suf Femil-wege y b. Samt Di de gri Be sinfant micht befalle? Jamil mutte toftern mie i met fet Jamil mande beltalige aner rene / betrouere / trotte / ermuthige! Damit mander pinetorette auf fremide place/ woodn on Sir Teibaburr o woodn or perteceptert beg eg kan ove ob ou with Du (albo warer / wo foll deine that thun? wo foll deme tugend or wo foll demo lafto trago ? Su komir unit vein- leb-mieht 3' ende /o- turchtbar werd-dis die tot- bed, nor/win Demi micht gelebt lebens will- es muß all'all'erfulit werd. Die zeit & ringit was will be das eme 3' berge sauf /v-das indere vo am in 13-3 103 i die macht d'voigi in ibm warder bimet vo-bake 3/ pam-/ die krafte d'untern po- die krafte d'obern ein [i'm ihm. magifi it die natur d'weg'/magifi mid bitte vantufg/magif sind vouvinfolg vothat/wen seauf do groß-were geschehm magie is with som mans g'mens /abo as micht so/bas deme magiste hands dein mach som magist little for a down sie trifft die silve guerr/vonn/wen du ibr sandballs/geschieht eine unsicht bare winks wondirant dein nacht eine unsicht bare winks das obere is machtig/ die zwist-winde bind das gekrenzle/ das untere ir machtig die pole vein sich dur die zwif polezwiefache gewalt is im ein: Kuf-führ von obrusulf. nord kome herbei/ kochende was bwdeln in kesseln. ghipende asthe umbüllt die genundet bodwerschwiege di unt

nacht finkt blau v tief von ob-

erde seigt sawarz von unt-

or strome hauf

sued quelle ubes



Mrr

einemsam kocht heilende tränke er spendet na d-vier winder begrüßt die sterne v-berührt die erdeer hält leuchtend in sein-händ-

blum frief um hiv ein neu frühlings wone küft alle seine glied vögel flieg hei v das schene gethier de wolde schaut noch hunde eute für die voorgeht de stad ührt schickfalls durz seine hande eute für die seine das schene gethier de wolde schieft winde eute für die seine wortelale in zwisch die hünet verderaufdaß erde zuhmauf v hünet zuhmhin und des sind de danken is ab höre seine wortelate aus sern zu mir dringeerhauf das seine zuhmauf v hünet zuhmhin und der sind sie seine wortelate aus sern zu mir dringeerhauf de aus sond schieft schene seine den schieft sch

emam/auf w warter du? west hilfe ethat sou?

es l'kein/d'dirbeisting könte/den alle seh na dir v har dein heilend kunwir studalle ganz unwermögend v no mehr d'hils bedürfüg wie du gewähre du uns hilse/dawit wir dir hilse zurückgeb-

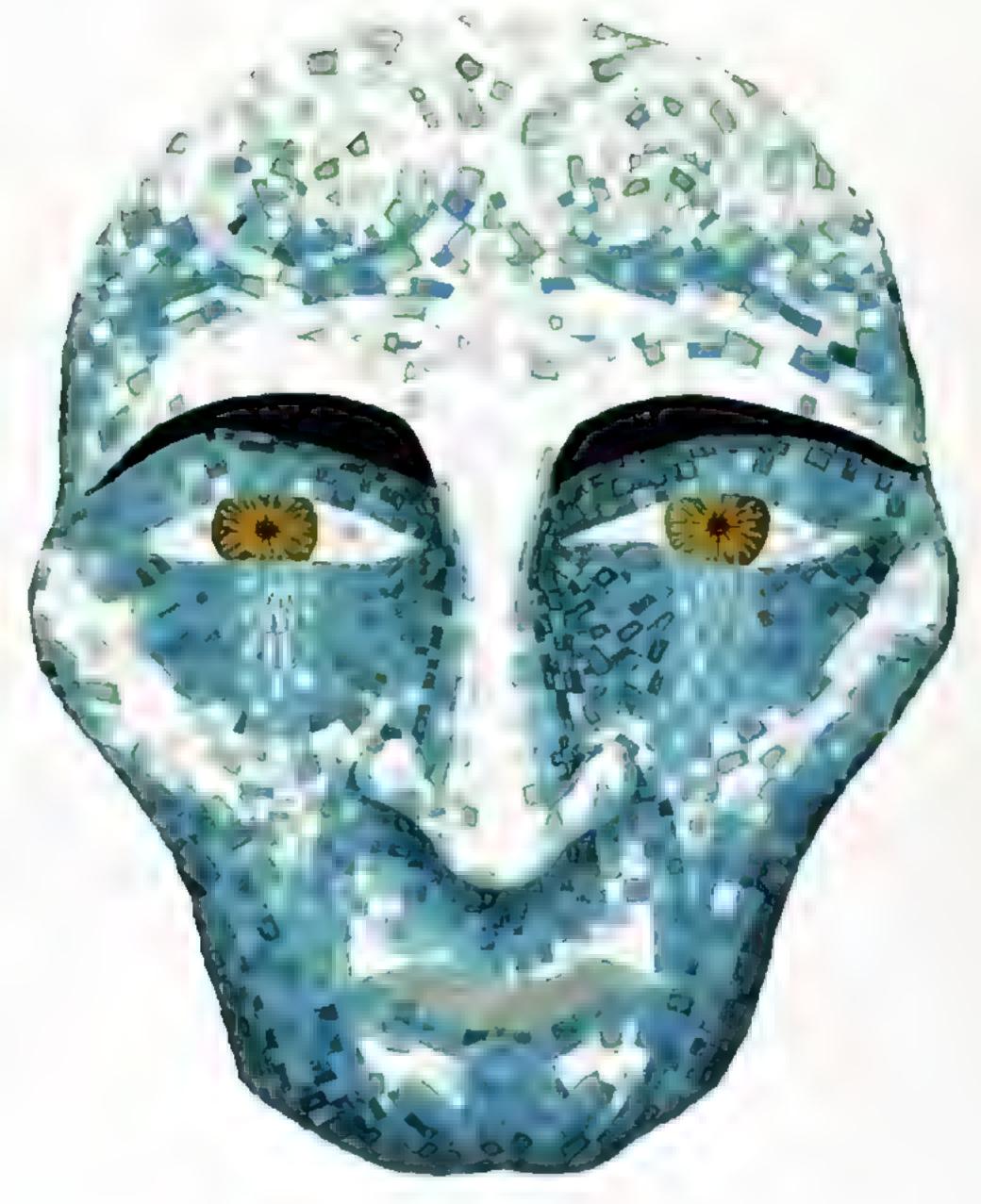
Der einfame gricht: wird mir keins beistehr in dief noch:

Joh i mein werk loft/um eur z'helf-damit ihr mir wied helf-könt:

wie ab foll i eurhelf-wen meintrank nicht reif v start wird er helf-foll-was erhofft ihr von mir:

konie z'unsmas sehr du v koch wunderlich: was seine heil v zaub tränkez glaub du au heutninkez siehe das ieb au/wie sehr bedarf es deine i





HIN WOUTO

der einstane spricht: nor-köül üpr maht eme stunde mit mir waar ibis das sitzwere v langdamernde vollends de-

lung v desoft ref geword?

vo sinklein, a sie dopt, i. kolfenger marim kgirt iht nicht mat, marinn dell eine nudschrift, mett 2, wiebte mod. was i hochst werk: wir led micht katte v erstar hat was ergriff-dein werk einsam-noud se in aconmicht vollenden/auch wen estag um tag weit-schreitet-

endlos í das werk d'erdos-warum will-du das ende dies werk abwart-i v-weñ demerwart di sür ungemeßene zeit versteinerte/du könte das ende nicht erdauern von wen deine erlöß zu ihr ende

käme so müster du wiede um von dein ertos erto werd-

der einsame spricht: wet bewegliche klage dringt au mein ohr was für ein gewinsel! was seid tht lappische zweist/ungebändige kind harrel aus/no diese nacht soll es vollendet seinto it want keine vacht mehr gemug de harrenes die due in god daß langend nachte vor dir wie eine vacht sinde diese eine vacht vorwäre was, die wir menst sind, wie tausend vächte-last abvom

werke d'erloß/v schon sind wir erlos-wie lange will-du uns erlos?

Der einsame spricht; peintich mensch volk du natische bastand von megalt v vieh einstück deins werthvolt fleisth sehlt wohl no droemisthe mein kessels i bin wohl dem werthvolist bout stuck? sohnt es st?/daß ir mir süt meer sied lasse; eine best st? süt err ans kreuz nagelu-an ihm wor ex furwahr genuger verspert wird weg darum gehe fruicht auf sein weg sir hereiteeur kein helhaft kein unsterblich bluttrank laffe l'eursondern élaffe trank vekeftel v geheim wirkum euretwill-den ihr könt die sülle micht erwart ir nicht erdauern ir werse eure sürbille eur knichengeme anrusung hin-ihr mögker selb erlos von eur rinerlöster v-erlösik eur werth stieg horgenug dadur das eine für en start beweir setzt eur weuth dadur dast sed sür se lebt meingolt wie schwer is es sum d'mensay will ein werk unvollendet z lost job um d'mensat will verzichte i daranfemertoso 3'sém-numbal mein kank séme gahr-vollendel-micht i misthe nússelb-d-linnike bei sondern ein sták mensity stynult taby or sietye esklarte a krübsahannend trank-

we fuß we bitt schweckter! das untere is sowa's

das obere i sahwa'/

3 wiefar wurde die gestall drein- O- breite dir hins nord bebe di weg/ we enterne di 3'dem ort/

pud lege di? die zwisch winde lof das gekreuzte.

29 100,194



die setut pole sind getre ül durch die zwych poledie struck die swych poledie struck die swych poledie struck die swych poledie swych poledie

die asche wind grau und sein-boddie nacht übezieht de hüntel verweit naund liegt die schwarze erde-

de lag komt healf whie ferne some übed wolkkein einsame kocht heilende krünkedie viet winde wehr whodeer hat die sterne gesehr whide erde berührtdarum umschließt seine hand leuchtends wiein schall is die 3° himel gewachs

"Interplatich findet last gerne midstrou de di leibe pola 13 p. 3 fem viesta mostich abolant- gerne metotrer de bu fred fred fred be fred de fred de de de de de france.

er weg des kreuzes-cap-rx-

Resol in a Rome de persona (to fi i ambore às Resurs emporcand. Tie troch in a Rome de persona for the service air dissormed wied to be air dissorment of the service air dissorment of the service air dissorment of the service of th

2. 10 34 let or de baruns ergebt worde zur bertrebbeit. micht lebrte er wiffbars werig word fein eigens lebe es es ir micht 3' Ag / wie groff die demuts deff fem mufi / 8° es auf for mint fem eigen lab - 31 leb. Kaum 3' ermefr it bu grote d'ekels des /6" in fein eigen' let eintret woll vor minerail wind er terante er erbis wor to or presso feme gedarme Chmers - con/4- fem selow verfallt do opmacht. es enfirit en jede Life/ die ibm Sat enthorn ermograph (der mable to gu vergletob de qual d'eigent was sumagli fatrer cheint es 31 com /6 (speed / dats es Raum ations grebt / das man dief qual micht vorziels moche es grebt might wenige Sie Toger die manfib lieb- dus funcht vor fir felbe. i glande /as giebt au Flage / die ein vobrech- begab-/um ein geg grund gag - 1 [elbo 3' find - darum klamere i mi an all / Sag mir 5- weg 3' mir fellower frent. 3. 11 er 3 (" (allo geht / Frigt frimmto. b groß prophet / So Sief Best vorangiong / orfobien jamerliche valachertiche gestalt- / v- dies war die gestalt- sein eigen- wesent er nahm tie mobt an somern warf standern por endirabe fater for gegroung / ein abendmate mit fein eigen armhabet z' Feiern or jene gaffalt - feins eigen wereng anzunebmans millew woolds et jen annebm d' geringt in une it. Da abo empor. te 100 de lorse amo maste o chenoste das vierene o wiedargobrante m das Santel de liefe zunich. o-als on machtig- works so mit o groß nam on glei aus d. Chapte do berge beron brech was getspal ibm abo? Tem was Fribite ibn vor or geterenzigt or er tieng en y with. er tobte geg - In man of potts on do Commers / well die macht of eigen wellens ihn zwang / et - dief weg ziger / [0/ wie of Sochrifting ung your that erabo workundele lant feine marght or große. niemand forcent Lauto on feme macht ale do/da do bod-unto da Fite Finandet. Esmestiniacorrecente iba ous gering. The m worn / dea under nog / 4- diet terreus igte tein geitt/alfo dats/ nois er fello vorous gefagt/ feine (eare the start alls fem tarpo.

4. The mand freight abo (is fello empor/do nicht fame gefährrighte walte geg [i fello gewendet bat eino/
10. The fillo emportage will frige herunto o belade fis mit fi fello o finteppe fis fello 3. opfost the
20 vous mult de menter all's gefebelo bit er emsteht but do infere turbare ertila, io it met

25 Fabr. 1923. Ste remandling der Grunnzen in die weitze

magh

hand greif laft/em above it wolde leid mit ibo die menfit gebracht word bije de menfider auf verschtet /feme machtgier am mot menfit if fallig or est moam andern zi wold - warviel blut mut no flieff / big do menfit die aug sunfget / von er fem aigen weg fieht or fem eigen femd/or bis er fem water enfide gewahr wird. Du folk mut die felho leb kon meht auf kost dem nachbarn, das herd thier it micht de parasit or gellgeir fein bruders menfit du har former verge for dass du au ein thier bir du glaubs word im no hoo du micht fier das fei est beste webe du poen dem nachbar au fo denkt abo du transsteb sem er dentstau fo eine must aufaug for the kindisch zi fein.

5. Den verlang-littice fi an der. Keine kostharere opserspeise kanton dem nocht spend-/ale votre some essie verzebrezoi / baran word sie miede vossil /von dem nocht spend-/ale votre some eins jed tags als geschenk betracht - wen du andere vonder ale dir verschlunge /o bledet deme gier ewig unzufried ben se wertangt mehr das kostis. [6] se verlangtish? b "o zwinge du cam begehr auf cam eigen weg. Du medge andere bit fosem du di raths vod bilse bedans, sodern ale selledu von niemand begehr sollt du von niemand en son die selbe zen dem verlange sittest son niemand ausso von die selbe zen dem verlange stigt son mit der selbe. Du sur siebe sollt du von mitted nocht seinen seine gen seine zu nochte dem verlange stigt son mit der selbe. Du sur siebe sollt du verland mitted noch das ges sandichere mitteid mit der selber. Den unt der selber siebe sollt du leb vostente.

Gren di die flame demo gier ber zehrt /o- es bleibt nichts von dir ubrig also
gebrier hat viele erteuchtet wen du abo voll ango un dein feu fliebte of
porsenge du doine mitmentet /o- die vrenende wood demogier kan

might vertofety / folange on 012 fello mit begebrs.

The or municipent das wort das zeich or (ymbol. i Tous worden seich / 6 bedeutet es meble. I Tous word a bo ein (ymbol / 6 bedeutet es alles and Jowe on J- tode intritt or row uniform (ymbol / 6 bedeutet es alles (Feight do weep in Junkel an / or gebt be sour aus do munice a listage er toles of gebunden or mit do dunkel ringend menchenkraft. unfere extens l'est l'est mettous en / ondern in ans man maguinferti setund (mobil l'est l'est dus finere fessen yaprend but and le fant man dur die starte that duspere freibeit erring / jado die mere freibeit ershaft man our dur das (ymbol)

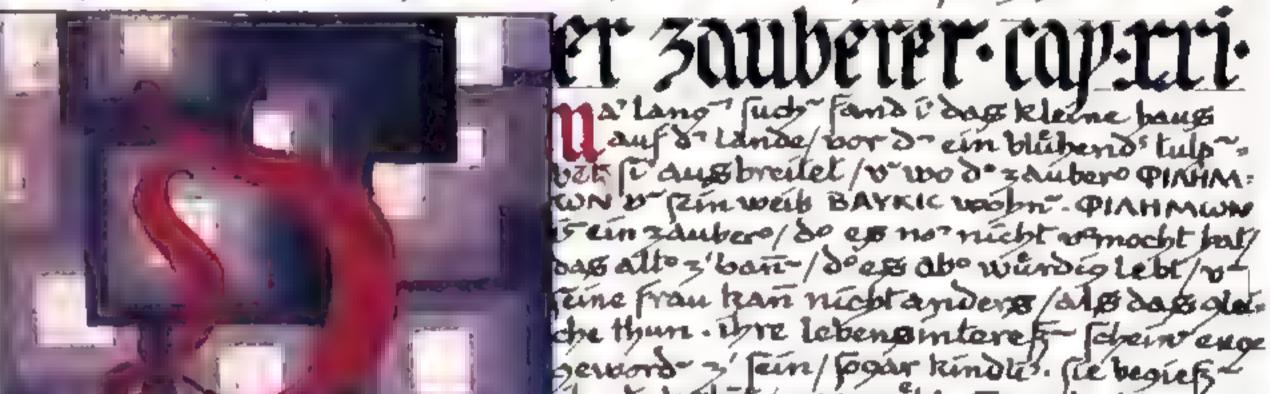
Prieble exchange man men our oas grand or munde berous gebt / Sas man mit

8. Des Gymbol is das wort das aus d' munde berous gebt / Sas man mit
berauf tright sondern das als em wort do teraft on d'noth aus d'étée d's selber
berauf tright sondernantet auf die zunge legt. es i sem erstaundi

ch / or vielleicht unvernünftig expleennend wort / abo man ersteent
es als das symbol daran / das es d' bewußt geiste tremd is. wen
mon das symbol annimt / o i es so/ wie wen si eine thure offrete oie
men neu raum führt von test vorbandensem man author nichts
worte. wen man abo das symbol meht annimt / dan i es so/ als
ob man achtlos an diese thure vorbeigienge / v " weil dies die n=
zige their wer / d e zu d' rem gernachtern sibrt / o mus man
woredo auf die stasse on in all aussense verloge. die seleate
leidet noth / den ausere freib taugt ihr meht. die ersos i reine
lauge stasse / die dur' viele thore subst. die thore sim die symbole jed neue thor i zerr unsicht vor / ja es i z/des over z'erz

138 goschaff woord mitste/den es trime er da /wen man die pringrourzel/das Cymbol aus gegrab-bat. 11 m d-alvaun 3 find-/branch! mon d- Coros 3 hand dan co it to das out obolismith gerdenk o-mist of estind tes wird few weed is soil d'as sois Des ments um mutteleibe word die Enwang Chaft beworkt der wollkur. liche begatter. Das that man dur will be wife out vert for will were abo die tete ampfang bal/san rotels Das Jymbol an Telus/or w d getor up sor pfe/ we es em gott get enet - que Too worke die atto une e . . . gete 10 12 - 4 Dis hand [Eury bu as well perfer men am more wen went fore extract Will day word and mem munde aboutables wird es gemorbet / den i'wrifite micht/Saf? en de erlogo war. dag nengeborene kind watcht fibrell wen i'es annebrue. De bald Gas men wag leteke gewood - das wort it das lenkende 180 millere weg /80 leik Ehwant / voie das yanglein and wage das wort it do get / do jed mong fraus de wagern exhebt/o-8- volkern Jas unkente gefelt verkundet. Lukers gefelts/ tukere weigheit find evolo ungenigend den es chebt mur ein gefetz mur eine weisbeit fram. 12 mein taglich gesetz/meine tagliche weist, in sed nacht erneuert si dogott. er gotterscheint in viclenei gestalt den voen er poortvill / so hat er elvous an si Upon Joans de nacht v- d' nachtrich gewäßert /m d'er schlumette /v- in d'er und letet stunde de nacht um seme erneuero rang. seme erschein is danum molegalling or zweidently / se it boar zerreigend für bers or vertand. So gott bei fein bovortret ruft mi na rechte v na links / von beid feit vont mir fem ruf. Do gott abowell wood dans eine no das andere er well or weep do mitte. Die mille abo 15 Do zurfang Do lang bahn Just an fang abo kan do men sine febr fer tiebt imo mur dags once odo Das Bridere /000 dagine vodas undire /abo me das / was das eme Gwoll were das andere in first blieft. do Junket de infrings to still tand & verstands or Di willens/ein zustand di bangens/do meine amport/mein trots/vi schließlis meine größle hercht beaugeruft. den i Ebe meht mehr ve kan nichts mehr woll. To wematens entheint es mir de ven it em merkwurdige zite stillfam all defor das Pruto bewegg war sem blinds erwart fem zweigelnis berumbers on boruntage, man glaubt / goffring of mills about it diefo fairs wird and lotende gebor/or far into it es da/ wo man exmitt omutbele! 10 as about due lopende 4 28 is in som wealth of abode frally new / dan am lange 80; Wangan' das heute wiedekomt in eine wanderte welt in neu-walt in eine zeit hinemgebar ir Chorfs. das ir er fbaffs neu o dief erlor mi . erlofs is 166 Do surgabe. aufgabe v-/alt in eme neue zeit honerngeber. Die fecle do mentelet it wie das große rad d'objectureis/ bas auf d'o wege rollt. all'/dass in bestandig bewegt von unt bant 30 hobe komt war fruh Chon auf do bobe as it kein theil am vade do meht wiedokame darum (Fromt wiedo Gauf/was je war v was je war wind wied fein den es find all dinge / welche einge = borene cig Tchaft- d'menschich wefens [md. es gehort z wef de vorwartste: voegs/das dewefen wiedkent. dartib kan finur ein unwiffende vo wundern. abo in do endig wied kelyr di gleich liegt nicht de fin fondern in do art feine wiede arkhaffgin 80 zeit. Door mochte vonein eisen voaglent fein? i'k to ser schaffe i'mir d' was centro? führlenkt wille or abstabl sond be blog ne e re le be sie sa emportuppeleben tel moit abo poporte ne to dup 3 id? 201 em ne es sol was mir gegrot lig be tit. fo setze i reg u it i sene do . ift.

Diese weise kant die zukunft michterreich / mdern verzeuge kunstliveine be-Fandige geg want. Il hour diese geg want untobrech mochte / empfinde to Copließe i'd fortebritt d' lebers dus monnet abokan i vong les ko win/ wert wicht mit wille vablatt? darun begebit ein weif au micht vorg lenke zu fein/den er weiß/daß wille or absicht wocht ziele erreicht abodat word do zukunft flow. Bukunftig' wind der mir/i schafte es nicht for do chaffe i'es sabo nicht aux ab [icht v-will- fondernau geg at-Test o well- wen to die zukunft schaff-will poorbeite is geg meine zukunft. V wen i' he nicht Chaff will fo nehme i wiedenn wicht genugend antheil an do Chaffe do zukunft / vall gefchieht dan na unsermentiel gefets den i z opfefalle um das schickfal z zumg ersan die alt die magie le gebraucht le pum aufer schickfal zu betim- voir branch lie une mers schickful zu betim /o d weg zu find I wir und meht erdent kon. 2 dachte lange danibons welcheart diete magie sein mitze. vo schließlie and imchits. woesaus inacht mor kan / do foll m die lebre geb valo begab i'mi mein ferns and / woo em grover zamber woobnt / von def ruf i gebort batte.



ibr tulp bet / p erzabl fi pon d - blum - sie fi neuerschloff - bab - p ibre lage

dainern dahin in ein blaff - schwar =

eend - bell durkel / dur leuchtet pon

be lichtern do pogang bt / wenig erschreckt

vin d'antel d' komiend ivarim i pint Man ein zaubero? Zaubert er l'infterblikt/ein leb jenfeits? er war wohl nur zaubero zon be = vinterbe jent er penfioniert zaubero zu fein / do li vom gefebaft lant unvermoo penieft er do wohlverdient rube / wie jedo greis/do zaubo stab wehr ki a /als tu p pslanz v fein gartet begieß. do zaubo stab wehr ki a /als tu p pslanz v fein gartet begieß. do zaubo stab wehr ki a /als tu p pslanz v fein gartet begieß. do zaubo stab wehr ki a /als tu p pslanz v fein gartet buch moss v aubo stab wehr hier series and de sent buch moss v genes d' genes an gut geschenk in kungendo minze odo für die küche murnelt er no ein par zeubosprüche z' gunst d' beheat vieh abo es ir unsscho ob est no' die richtig sprüche sind er ihr sin bostebt.

Leicht wind das vieb au von fellowned gefund. Dageht doalle PINHMUN in g. Itgebücht/die giefzkane in zitterno hand BAYKIC (tehtam kuich fei fto b' ficht ibon glet withing tumpt zer lie but diet bind thon laufe ade male get /10005 Anal etwas gebrechtiche/ (chroachach jed) nat hat the es un wengo gut geteb differe and gart there be have & fremdling nicht bemertet. PINHMUN/allo bexmetter wie gehr es dir?" rufe i ih man er hort mi nicht /or Tobeint stocklaub zu Com Barke fielt am kuch fenste v sieht ihm gleichmathras sturge zu ? gehe ihm nar v faste ihn am dimel er wendet si um v begrüßt mi ungeschickt v sitternd er hat ein weifs bart or dune weifse hare wein faltig gefield or an dief gefielt Chamt clus 3 fein. feine aug find grau valt/v chas nihm is merkunir. Dig/man modele [29"/ lebendig. "mit gest es gut/ fremido"/ tagt ex/ " do ways wille du bet mir? i': man sagte mir/du vostinde ste auf die schw ze l'ins. i'= Kerefiere mi dafier. wills du mir daven erzald ? Q: mag foll i erzaht? dagiebt & nichts 3'erzähl": 1': fei nicht unwirf/alto/ir mochle was lern. 4: Dubit gewiff ge. les toals i vous konte i di lebre? " let nicht geinio. i voerde dir gewiff treine con: current mach. es nimt mir nine wound was du treit o was du zaubers. P: was will su? & habe fresho hie or da In lent geholf geg krantept or Tohad of Chieden art. 1': wie machte Tou das ? F: nun ganz einfa?/mit fympathie . D': dief wort/ meinalt/ hlingt kornif or dopelfing . F: wiefo? L': es konte beif : Du habe To-leut our persontiche anthermahme geholf-odomit abogranbisch sympathetisch mitteln. mehr. V: was it es/ rede. q: dats geht di nichts an. Du bir fre o- nafeweis. Vibile/ nim mer meine neugier most übel. i habe neuli et a 18 v n magie gehant das bat mein interesse sur diese vog nigene i un war ge of vo bin dan glei 3 i dir gego 10/ weil toondir porte/du volt des die Chronze to s. wen beitz tage in &universitat no die magie gelehrt warde /6 batte i lie dont studiert. aboes 15 schon lange per/sett - das letate colleg über die magist kille geschloff wire Phabe Celto Cohon aprilich gedacht voie du . P: was halt du von de magie : 1:0/gefast: nichtes/ode schr wernis. es komt mir vor/Als sei die magie ein! de eingebildetpilssmittel di de natur oeg ube untelegen mensche. on kan i keine sassbare bes
deute in de magie entdeck. Φ: soviel wis deine prosessor wahr sche nicht au. voil alto formus i Jaannehm du wikes micht mehr davon wie i. P: ni 12 es an went est du gefallt. Pi na' die foantwort 3' Chlock / H. Bir allodings annehm Dag du etwas mehr davon voltels als die andern. O: Kom ische ment wie partnatrig du bir es gefallt mir aboan dir dats du dir d ne vernunt kein weg absorrede later indas it that schie do Fall . I'mo wen vetwas lern vo voteb voil lake i meine sogenante vernungt z'hut pape dass all maplies selevnt/den i sab un beuties bet rebe de wifenschaft of viele absolvreckende beispiele de ses theils. : dan kant du est no weite

bring. P: 1'hoffe es do las unsmit abstrucif von demagie. q: warum bleib du den je partnackie bei dein vorfats von de magie 3 erfahr voen du bebauptes Du hatter deine vernunft 3' hause gelaff ? ad gehort bei dir die confegens most z' vernunft? 1': das schon-i lebe / odo vielmehr es schemt/als ob du ein gans gerieben o phi files / domi sefthicht ums haus herum v wied vor Die Bur Führt. Q: das schemt dir so / voeil du all' vom sandprinkt dein' intellects sus beurtheilt. wen du deine vernunft für eine weile aufgeb wills / dan gieb au deme confequenz auf. i'i dass it eme schwierige gefel lenprobe somen i do emmal adept fem will / To follow das fem damit die forder erfull fei. I'hore dir zu. p: wass wille du horn? v: du belocke mi nicht i warte bloß auf das /vogs du sag-wur. P: und wen i nichtssige? 1": dan-nun dan ziehe i mi etwas betret-zwick or denke pinhmun fei z delle, minde to ein Coplane fuchs von do man etwas zu lerre botte. 4: Samit has du Knabe/etwas von magie gelernt. 1: das mus & zuers verdau- es Es/off gestand/ elwas riberrafetend. E habe mer de magie anders vorgestell. P: darais kans Sueret wie werigduvon magie verstato o voie unrighte deine vorstalling" Savon (mid. 2: went do fo fein follte /obo fo Er/dan muff i allo dings gefteb / dass to das problem gangli unrichtig angefaßt habe es scheint demna nicht duf d'wege Si gewoontich- verstehens 3' geb. P: Das Er au that achter micht de weg de magie. 1: dubas mi ab- keings wages davon abgeforeal (in geg theil ? brief vor begierde /no mehr z'erfahr. wast i bis jetst down weifs (is voefentlis negatio. Q: dann't par ducin zweit-bauptpunkt erkant. vor all ding mußt du wiß / Saß magie das negatie wond Er/was man wiß kan. 1: au das / mein lieb. PIAHMWN/ Er ein Chwerverdautich stück / das mir nicht unertebliche best werd vourfacht. Das negatio von de page man wife kan? Samit meins du worth / Dalig man at nicht weiß konne / 00 =? da post mein begreif- auf. 4: das is do dritte punkt / d- du als voesentle dir anmerkmußt: namtis/dats du au gor mitte 3' begreif bar. 1: nun/i gestelse/ Das is neu v~ Condoborr. also is an de magie uboloquet michte zu verstet ? p: gang richtig imagie is aus gerechnet all dass / was man nicht versteht. 1: ab. voie / zum teufel / foll manden magie lebror lern? P: magie Er wed o zu lebro no'3 lern es it albern / dass du magie lern vooller. i': dan it die magie über. baupt ein Chwindel. P: vergif di nicht/ du bar deine vernunft wiede bevorgeholt. 1: 28 it Chovery poerminfilos zufein. P: genau 6 schwiery it die magie. D'inun San Er es ein Conserver [tuck. mir Cheint demna' / Dasses eine unerlässliche bading? für 5-adopt- ir / Peine vernunft ganzte zu verlern q. 2 bedauere/aboes its. 1: ob gotte/ Sage er fethim. p: es es is nicht fo fellim voie du denar. mit d'alle nint die vernunft von selbo ab/den sie is ein nutzuch yeg Prick do triebe/diem De jugend au viel beflige find ils im alto, parduan febon junge zaubere gefeb-! 7": nem so zamber er Togar prichworther alt. 9: Tals du (E) hate recht. i: San pind Sie aus test di adept abo seplecht er muss schon aufs greif-alto wart-/bis er die geneimente do magie erfage Ran. P: wen er feine vonunft vorto aufgrebt/ 10 kan exam Elon Friso etwas mitzlich erfahr. i': das sebent mir ein ge setbritiob experiment 3 fein die vermunft kan man nicht fo obne weiter aufgeb p: man kan aus

night of ne westers ein magier werd". I'd du har verdamte schling. P: was wills Du 3 das tomagie. 1: Albringel du mach mi newis auts vernunftlote greifen= alto. O: Fieb mal: em jung 200 etn greis fein mochte 10 wowum? er mochte Sie magie lern v- wast es most um fem juscionoil. Vi du breiter ein heilloff nets aux /Allo ellen tolle q: vielleich warter du no einige Threb mit do magie bis deine hare wan geword find or deine vernunft von felboetwag na gelaff hat. p: 2 mag dein pott wicht hor . I bin dir dum ins garn gelauf . I kan aus Sir nicht klug werd. o: abo vielleight dum , Das ware bereits am fort portit auf 80 voage 30 magie V: worlgens was in allowell richter on aux mit demo magie? Q: 0 rebe pore du repr. 13: indere greif thun das aus. P: par du gefet pore? I 10/05 werkerner frenchebanblick. In our is ubrigens die zeitau nicht spiers 108 vorube gregano . p: das wells v. v: alfo/wo find deine wortbeile ? q: es ind die burnicht fiehr. V: was find vorthreile / die man nicht wehr : 40:08 ind die die man bat. V: wie neuft du diese vortheile? O: Vnene sie magie. is: In berveg di in ein un bervoll kreis. de leufel pl dir bei from . o: fiets Du Sag is aw ein vortbeil de magie: nicht erumal de teufel komt mir bei. Sumacht fortfebrille in deerkenting de magie/ fortf & glaub mufs/ Saffongushe anlag - dafter har. V: V Eduke dis pranon/45 it genugi mix (Thombell. leberoobl's

et volage d' klein-gairt ve gebe die Masse himunto. es stebeleuse in orupp brum ve sobau-vosses mas mir is hore se binto mein-rucke sussesses sebrent de sobiler d'all-pinson er hat lange mit d'all-pisses se sobiet mati. "Schweigt werstuchte narre", moché is ibn- zuruf /abois Karinett / dan i vous nicht / ob i micht do etwas gelent babe. De vous i (droccior posaub- se sub l'est recht / das i von Pinterun die sebrecurse Kunt emplang

solve.

Si em nrthum zu glaub / dass es

magiste praktik giebt die mandern kan die magie

kan man nicht versteh versteh kan man nur das ver
nunstgemässe. magie ir ab das unvernunstgemässe/
bas man nicht vonsteh kan die welt is nicht nur vernunst:

gemå fondern su unvernuntigemå for price man ab de vernuntigemå for de velt mit de ver hand er schriefe han sind das vernuntigemå for de velt de velt de velt de velt de verhele entiger komt so trift an das unverståndnik mit de unvernuntigemå for zusation -

52n.1924.

diet zutam treff ir magifit or durchaus nicht einzutet magifit vertet ir das masman nicht verstehr nent. all was magisch wirkt strumverstehrer vo das unverstehbere wirkt oft magitel unvertebbace with neut man magitel. Das magitelse Chieft mi imo ein/ porwickell mi imo offret vaune/ die keine thur pab /o- führt hinaus/woken ausgang it. Sas magistipe it gut to bose o wed gut no bose die magic is gesabric/den Das unvernmitigemilje verwint v- zieht an ve bewirkt ve i bin im ihr entropfo. IIII vernunftgemäß- besucht man Keine magie/darum brauchte unfere-zeit magie nicht mehr nur die vernunftlof gebraucht sie um ihr mangelan vernunft z'erfelz es it ab febr unverninftig/das vernunftgemake mit de magie zusam z'bring / den die beid hab mit einande michts z'thundur das zusam-bring wird beid verdort. dats jene vernunftlef mit recht de überflüßigkt vode mißschte verfalt. darum wird ein Bernünftigemens dés zeit au me de magre si bedien - PS vabrem ander mit de /80 das chaos intieroffnet hat wir bedarf do magie, um d-bot v-die mittheilung S' michtoerstehbar empfang ad annuf zu kon- nour erkant das die welt due vernunft o unvernunft bestebt o voir verstand / dass unto voes nicht bloss De vernunft/fondern au do unvoernunft bedarf- drefe scheid? it willkurli" v hangt ab vom stande de begreitens man kan abe siche sein/dassime no de großere theil de well uns unverstehbar is unverstehbar ve unversing tig mûgs uns als glei gelt /objehon sie es nicht nothwendig weige an si sind sondern ein theil s'unverstet box is nur gegroonlig unbegreifte /morg schon wird ex vielleicht vernunftgemäß sein. solange man es abonicht versteht it es an un vernun stogemas. Tower das mobile estel have an it vernun stromass it/Kan man es mot crédy zu exdent verfuct / jouveil es abo an ju unvoir =

144
mustigemåls it/bedarfman de magisty praktik/um es 3' exseptiets- die magiste praktik trastebst darm, dass das unverstandens Auf eine nichtvarstebbare det prubeise verstelster gemacht word-die magische art v- weise it nicht willkurti /den das wave verstehter/sondern sie ergrebt si aus unverstandlich grund. Au von grund z'red it unrichtig den grunde sind vernunftgemaß, au von grundlos Kan man nicht red den davon kan weit gar nichts gefägt werd : Die magi = Bhe art v-weife ergrebt fir. wen man das chaos eroffnet/ergrebt firan die magie Man & weg de 3 chaos führt/lehr/abo die magie Kau man nicht lehr. davon kan man bloß schweig-welchs et die beste lehre zem scheint. Diese ansicht Forwirrend/sto so it die magie - vernunst schafft ordnung v- Klarty magie Petet durchemand vunklart. bei de magisch übesetze de unverständen ins verstelsbare bedarf mansogar de vernunft /den mer mittels de vernunft kan verstebbars geschaff werd. wie man ab die vernunft Sabei z' verwend- bat Kan niemand fag es ergicht stabe schon/wen man mer aus zudrück vorsucht/was einem die eroffn? d'abaos bédeutet magie is eine art leb. wen man sem test gethan hat um d wag zu lenkt/v-man dan merkt/das ein andere größer ihn lenkt/dan sindet magische wortes statt. es is micht z' sag / wie die magische wirks sein werbe ben niemand kan sie vorauswift / den das magnétie it et das gesetzlose welchs obne regel / surag zutallig geschieht. Sie beding abo it sagman is gangli annimt v michts verwirft um alls in das wadssthum d' baum " ubo zufuhr". Dazu gehört duch Saz Jumme / wooden jede ein groß maak pat/veb- fo die geschmacklosigkt/die vieldas größte årgernitz ir. darum i eine gewiße einsamkt v-abgeschied-ht unerläßliche lebensbeding? zu eigen wohl v d do andern/sont kan man

nicht genugend [i felb-fein - ume gewiße langfamkt d'slebens bie wie stillstand in wird unvermeidle fein die ungewißt steb-lebens wird wohl das drückendfe (ém/abono vino pare to die zwei stantgeg strebend machte meine seele zuve einig vin trous else zugani-y halt bis an mein lebensende /den do zau: ber bougt PINHMUN or fein weib BAYKIC. Das was do chriftus in ihm selbo vodur sem beispiel in andern duseinand gehalt hat sax halle i zusamy den jemebrdie eine bâlfte mein wesens z' gut strebt/desto eb sabrt Sie audere palfie zur pâte. 115 domanat de zwillinge zu ende war/da sprach- die mensely zu ihr schatt :. In bir i' Jen sie hatt-zier ihr get als eine 300 eile per son um sis gehabt. so wourd die zwei eins /0~ dur dref zufam Tross braz gewaltigs herver /eb do frubling & bewufit Temy 5-man cultur nent/o-do bis zo zeit de christius anbielt-do fotobaba bezeichnete Sang blick wo das geeinte fir trente/na do evoig gefetze d'geg-laufes /m eme unte well v-ob welt men die Knaft d's watchet burnes z'ertofet begint / dan zerfall das geeinte in time geg Tatese. De christus warf das untere ze balle / den es Prebt d'gut entgeg. das mußte fo fein. abonicht für in kunn getreintes getrent bleib. es wird si wied einig or bald is do monst do sighe erfogt. wir Ahn vor verstehr/ dass das vaachethum beid bedarf/dahowir guts v-bots nabe 3 Jain-balt- Savoir vorts / Sats zuweit in das gute jugleis and zuweit in das bole bedeutet so halt voor beid zusam. To verker wir ato die richt o es stromt micht mehr tom berge zu Hal / wohl ato wacht es still vom that 3 berge - Das / was wir micht mehr brudern of vorberg Kon trunfere frucht. de stiegende strom word 3' see o 3' mer/

das trem abfluß hat, er fei den daß fein waß als dampf z himel emportrige vals reg aus d wolk nied falle noch ir das mer em tod, aboan doort d'auftergens,
das ir Diahawin do fein gart begießt unifere hande find gebund word, v jedo
muß an fein stelle stille fitz er steigt unfichtbak empor v fallt als reg auf ferne
lando, das waß auf doerte it keine wolke die regn sollte nur schnoaugere Kongebar nicht solche die no z empfang hab.

elches geheimnis aber deules

Du/o PIAHMON/mir mit dein name an z

Du bie voahrlich so riebende/do einstmaks die auf

ord wandelnd götte aufnahm/als alles volkihnbie herberge vierweigerte. Du bir do/dob-göttern

Abnungslos aufnahme gewährte v- z-dank ver-

wandelt sie deine hutte in ein golden tempel / Derweil weit or breit die sintstuth

All polk verschlang. du lebter hinube, als das chars hereinbra? du wurder de diene

am heiligthum/als die göste veroebis von ihr wolkern angeruf wurd. wahrli?

de liebende lebt hinube. wanum sah wir das nicht? ven wolch aug blick wurde

die göste of bar? als nahmli BAYKIC ihre einzige gans bie gesegnete durisht/de

woerth gast vorsetz wollte / da plüchtete sie das thier eb-zu de göttern verdiese

gab sie de arm gast gebeen / die ihr letzt drangab / in eb-diese augenblicke

z' erkeir. Als sah verden de ihr letzt drangab / in eb-diese augenblicke

z' erkeir. Als sah verden de ihr letzt drangab / in eb-diese augenblicke

z' erkeir. Als sah verden de ihr letzt drangab / san eb-diese augenblicke

z' erkeir. Als sah verden de sah de siedende hinubeset / verdas eres is / do ahnungslos

So obtern herberge giebt. Wahrtie o PIAHMWN/i sah nicht / das deine fütte
ein tempel ir / verdas, du selbe/ PIAHMWN/du ver BAYKIC die diene am heiligthum

ran entroède hat obe nicht hat. i woult de me geheumnife letyt : ou bis einlier bende. die is es gelung- Das getrente y'ein- Das obere or Das untere zufating zubind. wuft wir das nicht schon langs? Ja/wir wuft es/nein/wir wuft es nicht schon so voar es eben no niemals so warren muste is so lange sizas voarder bis i z' PIAHMWN Kam/wen er mir das z' lebrate/was do alle welt schon langstens weiß? ach/wor wift set wratters schon all's or do word in the set of set wratters schon all's or do word wift in set set set wift.

nier welche maske/o Planaun

bing du di? du schienes mir nicht ein liebend z'sein.

abo meine aug wurd geöffnet/v-i sab/dass dre
em liebbab dein seele bis/d ångsti v-eisersüch:

lig sein schatz bütet es giebt solche/die menschlieb, solche/die die seet domensch- lieb-/v-solche/

Die die eigene scele lieb. ein solds if PINHMWN Brouth do gotte

du liege an de jone/opinhmwn/wie eine schlange/die

sich selbe umschlingt. Deine weist ir Schlangenweist Kalt/mit ein gran gist /beile sam in Kleine dosse. Dem zaube lähmt v macht Darum starke leute / die sie selbe entreise. abe liebe sie die sind sie dir dankbar / lieb pahe de eigen sele? ode ver stuch sie die um deine magist schlangengist wille? sie stehe wohl von serne / chitteln die köpse v kusheln zusam. bir du no ein mensch spiahmen/ode

148. Et et d'em mens/doem liebend seine eigen sede is du bis do gastis/ PINHAWN, dunahmer die Tohmutzig wander ahnungslos in deine hute auf. dem haus wand do em goldens tempel, v. gieng i den wirkli ungelätigt von dein tifche: was gabe du mir ! luder du mis z mable : du schillerte vielfartig v unentwroter p-ningends gabrou du mir 3º beule. du entschlupster mein griffe. i fand di nurgends. birduno em ment? ? In bit vielmehr von doart do schlang. 23 wollte di woll auparte v-es aus dir perausreißen den die christ hab es acternt / su ihr gott z'vorzehr. o voas am gotte gefobieht, wievel do wind es micht au am menfehr geschehr? i blicke ins weite land o por mosts als webgeschrei v- sehe nichts als mensch- sie si gegenseitigant. frekt. a PINHMWN/ du bir kein dyrift. du ließer die nicht freiz v- Fratzer mi nicht. dann par du Keine lebrfåde v-Keine faulenhalt v-keine schule/die herunsteh vvom meiste ved ve seine worte aufsaug als das lebenswaffe. du bis kein christ ve kein beide fondern ein gafte ungaftiche/ein gatigebobo gitt/au hunte lebende, ein everge/do vatoalle everes wabstreit: als gieng i wirkli ungefalligt von dir? nein/i gieng von dir! weil i workli gefalligt war do' was afi i'? deine worte gab mir michts. deine worte liefs mi mir selber mein zweifel. v soats i mi. v darum o PIAHMWN/bis du kein drift / den du naher di von on felbe /v- zwings die mensch-/dasselbe zu Hyun. Las it ibn das allerunerfreuhebste/den vor mehts ekelt du menschentbier mehr als por fi felt. Samm fret sichebo alle Kriechend / hupfend schwimend v-Theosend- actobopte/Ja sogar shre eigene art bevor the sis selboannag. Diese natura abo it wirtigam to ball it man davon gefattigt. Sarum [Feb wir to PIAHMWN! Talt von deine talet auf. Deine art o PINHMWN/IT lebreis du la Bermi in houlam dunkel wo i michte z' Teh v- 3' Juch habe du bi- Kein licht / das in die finsternitz Tobseint/Kein heiland de eine ewise wahrt aufstelle damit das

machtlicht de menschlich verstand auslöstet. In lasse vann für die dumht o-d-witz. d'andern. du wills /o gesegneto/ribohaupt meht am andern sondern begresser die blum dein eigen-gartens. 200 demo bedarf (fragt dis /00 /0 Klugo PINHMUN) 1º errathe/dass au du bet d- Frage/bond-du bedarfe/or du bezable/was du exhalts. de drigtus hat die mensch- begehrtis gematht/Sen seither erwant (io von Ar heiland geschenke ohne gegenleiste. das schenk is ebenso Kindis voie du macht vour schenkt/masst somacht an. schenkende tugend it de himel, blace mantel s' tyani. du bis weife /0 PINHMOUN. In Chenks nicht. Du will die bluthe deins gartens por dats jeglichs ding aus fir felle warch fe. 1 preife o PINHAWN/ Seur mangel an beilandmäßigkt/ In the Kein birle/ 80 verint-Cobst nachlauft/ Sen du glaubs an die winde de menfet- / So micht nothwenz digerioque em sobat is ir er abo do em sehat / lo latger du chim das rechtos die wurde d's stafes den warum sollt schafe z'mensch gemacht werd ? es giebt do voahrhaftig genug menfet. Ou kent/o PHHMWN/ die weight von de Komrend bing / darum bir du alt /o so walt /v so wie du mi an Jahr- überrags so überrags du an yukunst das gegraartige p die lange demo vergangent is unermessiodu bit legendar vunerreibar. du warr vur fein periodif voieserkebrend. unsichtbar is Seine weist unwigbar deme wahrht/wohl in jede zeit unwahr/ o do water in alle ewight/abo ou greges aus lebendiges wage/von dem die blum Sem gartens blub- em fernwago em than Sonacht. Weg bedarfs du o PIAHMOUN/? du bedarfs do menfeb-um de klein-dinge will-/Sen all'großere v das großte ir m dir. d'christus hat die mensch-verwohnt denner lebrte ste bassnur in einem ste ettost sei namti et in ibm, 5 gottes John / v feithe ver lang - Tre mentity into no die großern druge vom andern misbefondere ibre erloft o wen ingendus em Chaf [= verlauf

pat 6 klagtes de hut an . o PINHMUNI du bit ein mensi/v du beweites/AAB
mensch keine schafe sind, dan du hegs das großte in dir/darum fliest deis
mem gart Fruchtbars wasse aus uner schöpflich + kruge.

i sehe kein gefolge v keine gesellschaft um di BAYKIC felbt it mur deine dindere hafte du leb mit blum /baum vo vogeln/ at micht mit menteb- Tollter Sumetimit mensch-leb-? ber du no ein menf? will du michts vom mensch- : sub du " " gerûchte the di zufam brau v kindische mairch life diaushete : will du moht zu ihn-get v- fag on feier ein mens v- ein sterbliche wie pa/4 datidu pie het vooler? o PINHMWN/du lacht? E verttebe di? peb-bin 2 dir do m & gart gelant- 6- wollte aus dir berousveif- was vans mir felling be greif babe. O PINHMWN/i verstebe: i babe di Foglei 3' ein beiland genati 50 si verzehr læst p- do dur geschenke bindet. so sind die mensch-Senkt du ste stud alle no christi. sie volt-abo no mehr: sie volt di etensorare du bit/son wit ver du ihr ja nicht MAHMWN & sie war untroffli wen sie kein trage für ihre legend fand. darum wourd tie au lach / wen du zu ihn grenge = " Tagter du seies en sterbliche voie se ve wolles sie lieb wen du das thates sowaires Suja PINHMWN nicht. The woll-Si PINHMWN , abo nicht ein- ferblich mehr d'an d' selb- ûbeln krankt, wie sie l'verstebe si' o PIAHAWN, du bi- ein wahrhaft.

kébendo den su liebr deine seele d-mensch z'hébe/den sie bedurs rein konigs/do aus st'i lett to de sein let kein dankt. To wolf sie die hab. Du erfüllt & wunft de volk's d'du entschwinder. du bis em gefaß de fabeln. du wurder dis besudeln wen du zu mensch gienger als ein mens / den sie wurd alle lach v de om lugno or betrigo schell-/den PINHANUN/ 5 do Kein menfil lab/ O PINH MWN/ Jene Falle in Dein- geficht: Su halter deine zeit/wo du jung voures rem ment fein wolles unto menfeh ab die chriftlich thiere liebt deine beworden menschlichkt micht/den sie fühlt im dir d-/d- sie braucht-, sie Judy uno don gekonzeichnet pr went tie ihn irgendrus in do freiht fangy le form fit ihn in ein golden Kafig w nehm ihm die Kraft feine manlichkt / fodafs er lahm or schweigend sitet dan preif sie ihn versin fabeln ubo ihn. E'was se nen- Les verebra. v voen sie d- waste micht find-/ To bab-sie voenigstens em pape/ de 15 berufes it die heilige comoedie dan zustell. Dowahre aboverleugnet 123 Take into / den er kent michts bobers als ein menf 7 fein. Du lacht opinhount Voerstebe di: es vergieng dir/ein mens z'sem/wie die audem. v- weil du das mensely sein wahrhaft liebter so Chlosser dues freiwillig ein, um d'mensch-wenigstens das 3' Fin / was Tie von dir hab wollt- darum felse i de /o PIAHMWN/ mit Keinem mensch / woobs abo mit de blum-/de baum v de vogeln vall- Philipend or stillstebend wagern Die dein menschsein nicht besudeln. den de blum / de baum / de bogeln or de wassern bit du nicht PINHMON/ Tombern ein men 5. Ab. wolche einfamkt/ welche unmen schlicht!



Jone word blade millags gefrenste um di'alls? du lactor of MHMWH? ach is versteble sie of ground rooks die menschipt als sie selbe ! die blan millags schalt - de bet ! ach door it der menschipt als sie selbe! die blan millags schalt - de bet ! ach door it deine menschipt of PIAHMWH/ du bet ein lehre of treund de bet. sie self send im schalt deins hauses sie vood neuts de zweig deine damme. sie krink de han deine thrân sie roarm sie and grite deins betsens sie hungern nat de wort deine weishe die ihn voll tout voll lebendig sofalls. it say dr'e PIAHMWH/20 millags stunde bei hoch stebende soie/ bu stunder of spracher milleme blad schalt blut klebte an seine stirm of erhabene qual undunkelte sie. Terrathe of PIAHMWH/100 dein millagliche gar wor. wie vour it de blind it nave! das bit du (of PIAHMWH/100 dein millagliche gar wor. wie vour it de blind it nave! das bit du (of PIAHMWH/100 de bein it gebe mein weg! Kopfschüttelud of die leute sehen na mit ve it schweige. oversweiselt schweige!

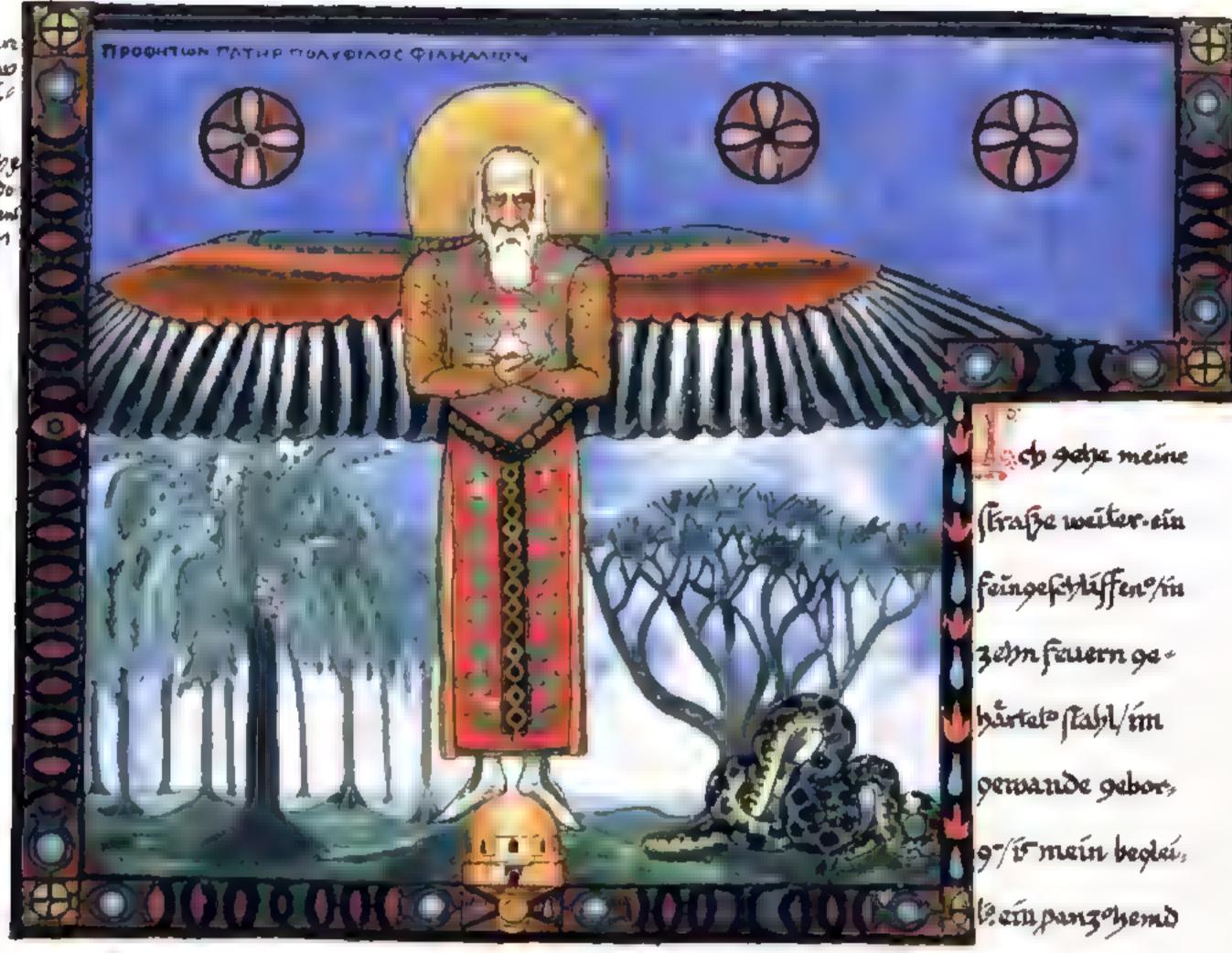


i binein wandernd beille v'i schweige-

Afterprophathen 3'tot bringt or volke gewin. wen es mord will so moge es

faine aft prophat tot. wen do mund do gotto schweigt / Dan Kan wohl jedo seine
eigene strache hor. roo das volk liebt / schweigt. wen nur no die irrlehro
lehr / so wind das volk die irrlehro exschlag - / v so auf do wege seino sund
sogar in die wahrly sall. nur na dunkelsto nacht wird es lag. a Moverhüllet
die lichto vo schweigt / dannt die nacht dunkel vo lautlos werde. Die
some erhebt si ohne unsere hilk. nur wo do schwarzesto irrthum Kent/weiss
was licht is:

o herr d'gartens/von ferne leucht mie deine zauberisch haine i verchre deine läuschende hulle/du vat all licht v irrlichte The bhagavadous and farmer and an increase of the law of the roll for the reform of the roll of the law of the could and for the delivery of the pious and for the delivery of the law i am born of the law i am born of the law i am born



liegt mir um die brurzheimie unt de mantel getrage übenacht gewañ i die schange lieb e habe ihr ratsel errathe. E sie mi z' ihn auf die heisz steine am wage. Eweiß sie listig ve grausam z' sange/jene kalle teusel/die de ahnungstofen die serse steine ihr fraund gewoord ve blase ihn eine mildtonende stote. meine hobte abe schmucke e mit ihre schillernde haut wie e someine mage gebuntschillernde schlange. Da is nun beim große planauf lageine große buntschillernde schlange. Da is nun beim große planmen sie en sus ze magie gelernt hatte so holte is meine stote hervor veblus ihr ein sus; zauberlied von das sie glaub machte sie sei meine sele als sie genügend bezaubert war/



prach i 7'ihr: meine schweste/meine sele/was sag-du? sie abossoneichet be desthalb duldsam: i lasse gras wachführ all was du thur. i Das Klingt tröstli vosteint nicht viel 3' sag. si will du, dass i viel sage? i kan au banal sein/wie du weißt/volasse mur daran genüg. i: das geht mur schwer ein. i glaubte/du stünder in nah 3'sam-hang mit alt sensit

tig profit vungewohnlich fr. defihalb dachte i fet banalitact dir fremd. J. bana. litaet ir mein lebenselement. i: went dass von mir sagte/so war wenig erstaunli 5: je ungewohnliche du bit desto gewohnliche kan i seine wahre erhold für mi. I donke du fühl es/daß imi heute nicht zuguat habe. 1: 2 fühle est und bin beforgt daß mir dein baum am ende keine fruchte mehr tragt. J: sehon besorgt sei nit dum v-gone mir die rube. i: i' merke du gefallt die im banat. 13 nehme di abonieht tragif meine liebe freundin den i kene de jetzt schon viel besoals fruto. J: du worrs samuliar. E surchle dein respect sei um schwind. 1: bis du angstis? 13 glaube, das ware uboflußig. i bin binlangli ubo die nachbarfchaft d' pathoss v di banal unterricibles. J. also par du die schlang line d' seelisch-werdens bemerkt? har du gefeh/wie ex bald tag/bald nacht wind? wie waß o-Krocken land wechfeln? v-dats alle krampfhaflight nur von Chad it? 1: v glante daß i das fab. auf dief warm tein will i für einige zeit and sonne lieg. vielleicht brutet die sonne mi aus. // die schlange abo Kro leife beran v-umwand gefebreedig v-untrimli meine füße. ves wurde abend vodie nacht kam. i spraz zo de schlange vo sagte: I would nicht was z' Jag v. es kocht in all lopf. Fi cs wird ein mabl be reitet. i: wohl ein abendmabl? seine vereinig? mit alle menscht. i: ein Chauerti-Riso gedanke / bei dief mahl selbo gast v speise 3' sein s: das war au d' christos pochste lus. I: wie heilig noie sund haft / heiß v kall alls in einand stromt! watrisin v vernunft woll se vermable lam v-wolf weid friedt beisam- es i alls ja v-nein. Die geg sätze umarm sto/sobau strange mange v-vowechseln stomitemando. ste erken in qualvolle lus ibreinssein. mein berz is von tobend-Kampferfullt. die well ein bell vein dunkeln (trom eit fisubo sturzend/einande entgeg: solch fühlte i nie zwoor. [: das i neu mein liebe wenigstens dir-i: du spottes wohl ab thran vlach sind

eins beid i mir vergang v-i bin in starr spanning bis 3 himel reicht das liebende veb jo bo reicht das wid strebende. Tie halt jo beide um Schlung v- woll-einand nicht laß- den dass übermaß ihrospans scheint letzt'v-hocht'an gefühlermöglichkt z' bedeut. J: dudruckt di pathetif o philosophip aus. du weißt/daß man dieß all'au viel einfach ag kan. 3- beispiel konte man sag/du seier verliebt von d'Ehneck auf warts bis 3 trytan v Wolde. i ja/i weiß/ab deno - [: die religion scheint di no 3' plag ? wie viel schilde bedarf du no? sages do lieb gerade peraus. i: du triffs mi nicht. s: nun/was it es mil domoral? sind moral v-imoral heute au eins gewood? i: dupolles/meine schwest v'ahthonisch teufel abois muß dursag / dass jene zwei / die/ Er umschlung haltend/bis 37 hund rag /an dass gule v das bose sind. 1 scherzenicht/sondern i stobne / weil freude v schmerz schrill zusäm klingen. s: woir dan dein vostand? du bir sa ganz dum geword. du konterdo" all'in denk-auflof. i: mein verstand? mein denken? i habe keinperstand mehr. et it mir unzulangli geword. s: du verleugnet ja all/wax du glaubter. du vergifier vollig/wer du bis. ja du verleugner fogar d- fauft / doan d- Touk geiftern rubig-gang voribegieng. V: I'kan das nicht mehr. mein geir ir auch ein spukgeir. s: a'/i' Cépe/du befolgs meine lehr. D': leide is es lo/v es gereicht mir zu schmerzoolle sreude. F. du mach aux dein schmerz-eine lus. dubir verdreht/verblendet/leide nur/narr. 1º: dief unglück soll mi freu-// Mun murde die Chlange wuthend v- bis na mein herz-/aboan mein-heimlich-panzo zerbra sie si die giftzähne. entlauscht zog sie si z'ruck v- sagle zischend: du geberder di wahrhaftig/alt ob du unfasse bar warer. i: das komt date / daß i die kuns gelernt habe / vom link suffauf d-recht-3' tret voumgekehrt/was andere leute von jebounbewufit richtig gematht hab- // DA richtete sich die schlange wied auf / hielt si wie z= fallig das Bhurnzende vord mund/Jamít ich namlub die Abgebrochen giftzähne nicht seh-sollte/v-sagte stotz v-gelass: . also das har du endligement!"
Låchelnd ab spra i z ihr: "des lebens schlang linie Apoite mir auf die

Save mit entget.

is treue v glauben? no warm's votrau? all dies finder

du zwich-menfet - abonicht zwifeh-menfet vo flan,

g- au wern es feel-feblang find. uboall abo ivo liebe

is is follang patt. do christus felbo pat si mut eino

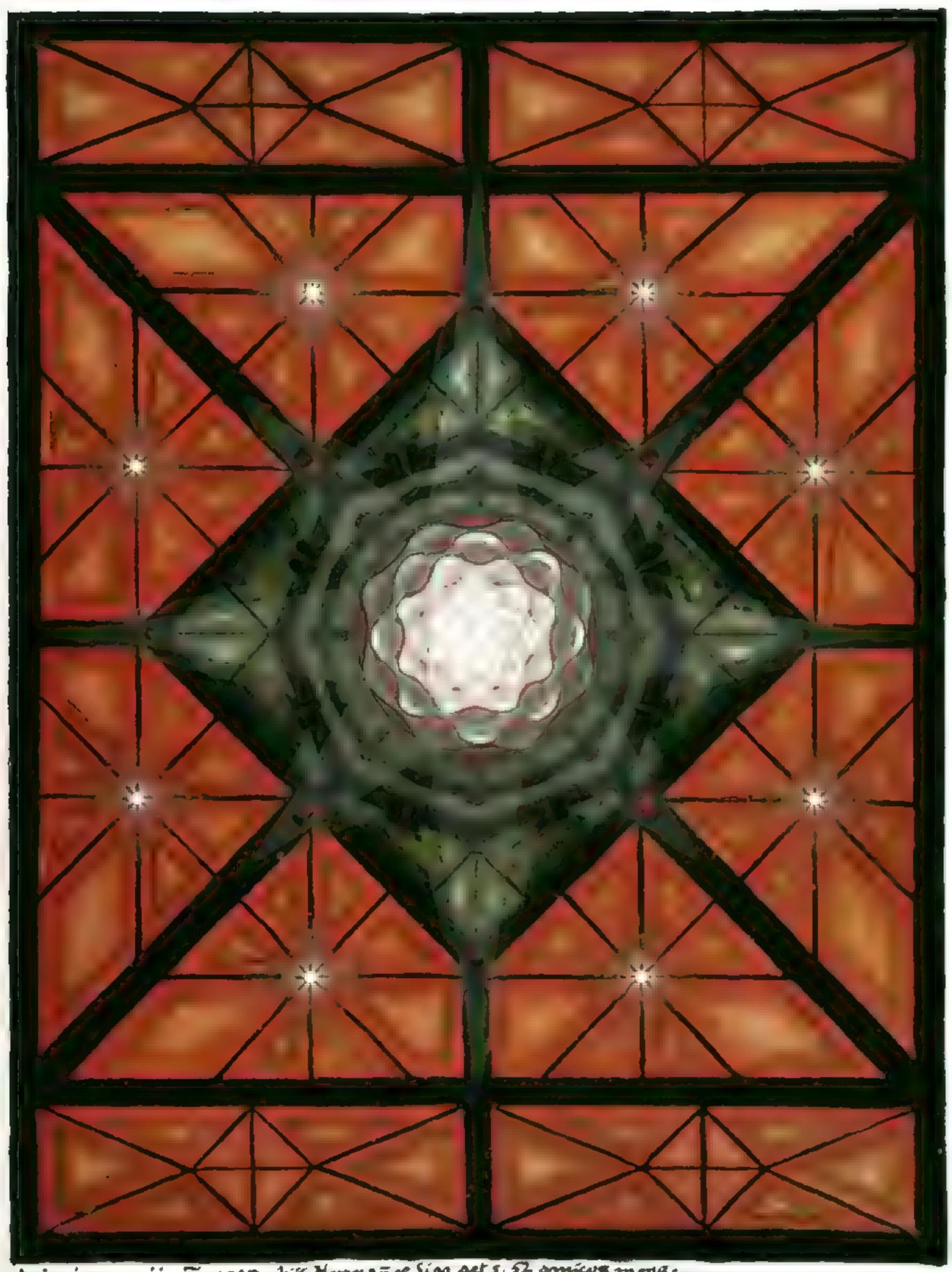
chlange verglich-vo fein bollifcho brudo / so antichrist / i o do

alle drache felbo. das außomenfehliche / sas in do liebe erfeheint / i on do

natur do schlange vo so vogels / vosters bezaubert sie schlange do vogel vo

alle drache felbe. Das suffemenschliche/das in de liebe erscheint/i von de natur de schlange v- de vogels/v ofters bezaubert die schlange de vogel v-seltene trägt de vogel die schlange davon. De mens steht milt dazwisch was die vogel scheint/i drandern schlange v-was die schlange scheint/i dram. dern vogel scheint/i drandern stur im menschlich- tress. wen du werd will so i es ein kampf zwisch vogeln v schlang. V nur wen du sein wills/wir du die selbe vandern mens sein. De werdende gehört in die wusste ode in ein gefängnis den er i maussemenschlich wen die mensch werd woll- gebärd sie sowie thierz. niemand erlöst uns vom ubel de werdens 25 sei den das wir sreiwillip durch die hölle geh.

Weil moine seele eine sthange war. diese erkenntnis gab meine seele ein neus gesicht/v-i beschloß /nunmehr sie selbe z' bezaubern v- meine macht z'untewer. F. schlang- sind weise /v-i wollte daß meine seelensehlange ühre weist mir mittheilte. nie no namli war das leb- so zweiselhaft /wie jetzt /einenzt zielloß spanung ein einssein im gegemand gerichtelsein. nichts bewegte sin wede gott no teusel als krat i ze schlange binage wie wen sie nichts dächte. man sah ihreaug- nieht / den sie blinzelte im stimernd- sonen schein w- i



Dix januarie and 1927 obis Harmanos Sigo act s. 52 amicus meus.

pra'y ihr: wie wird est jetzt fein da gott v-tevfel eine geroord-find? find The ubereingekom-/dost leb- [till zustall-? gebart de Kampf de geg- stega 3'd- unartaflich-lobansbedingung ? and Febt do til / Sa 8 go amsfein de gaganfatza erkent v-lett? er bat si ganz suf die seite de wirklich-lebens gefoling - v- thut micht mebrdorgleich / als ober zu ein partei gebote voderandern bekampf-mußte / fonderner is sie beide v bat ihr bado ein ende gemacht. hat erdamit/doßerdiese lar vom leb nahm/ihm and de finning genomi-? de wand [20 die schlange ve spra missaurig: wabrhaftig/dubedrangs mis. die gag Tatzliebet war alle Smigsein les bengelement für mi? das voir du ja gemerkt hab. mit dem neuerun or fallt mir dige kraftgrælle dahin. i kan di wood mit pathgælock no mit banalitat ingern. i bin etwas ruthlos " won durathlos bur foll i rath wiff? lauche mir liebo na d'heforn grund/y den-du zutrit hat v-befrage d-habes ado die himlifely-welleit war man dort rath. [3: du bis perritage word. 1. die noth er no perripo als i. i'muß leb o mi beweg kön: on har ja die weite erde was will du das jenfeite befrag-? 1:mi trait most neugier sondem nots si vecese nist. It geporche aboude Thoband. diep styl is neu o mir ungevoolont. 1 is bedauere sabo die noth drangt. Jage de Kefe Safs as Johlim um uns stebe sweet wir de let ein voice. tigs organ abgeschnitt hatten wie du weißt/bin i nicht de schuldige/Sen du par mis ûberlegte wouse dief weg geführt.) : du patter d'apfel z ructoweiskon. 1 las diese scherze du kens je geschichte best vie mis mit it es erns es muss luft geb ma di auf o bole dass seus. es is sabon 3 lange Sunted um mi? Vi du trage od feige? I's i'gebe an' werk. nim mir ab/ was i beraufbringe.

ים ונס

angfim feigt im leven raume de thron gottiemper/dan folgt die beilige dreieinigkt/de ganze himel/dan die ganze hölle/v-zThut satanas sibe.er wide frakt v- klamert si an sein jenseits. Er willes

ni fabr-lass. die obowelt is ihm z' kubl. is hall du ihn fer? 1 wilkom; heiß finsterling! meine seele holle di wohl unsanst herruf? 5: was soll dies larm? i protestion gez diest gemaltsince bennus reis-? Va beruhige di i ha be di nix erwartet. Du komi z'letzt-du scheine das schworfte stück z' sein. was willt du von mir i i branche dich nie frech gefelle. 1 qui dass wir di hab-dubit de lebendigste inde ganz-dogmatik. Wwas kumert mich dein geschwätz? mach's kurz i friere. 1 hore/ 28 i uns etwas passiert: wir habnamis die geg satze vereinigt. unto anderm hab wir au di mit gotteins gemacht. hergottwardass de heillose larm? was macht ihr den für blod: sinn? 1 bitte / das war nu't so dum. diese vereinigs is ein wichtigs princip. wir hab do unaufhörlich gezank ein ende gemacht/um endli'die hande frei 3' bekom - 3 - wirklich leb. 1 das riecht na monifmos. 1 ha be mir einige von dief herr-bereits vorgemertet. für die sind besondere kamern gehaizt. 1. du tauscher die 48 geht bei uns nit so vernünftig zu. wir hab-namlie au keine richtige wahrt. est handelt si vielmehr um eine merkunurdige v befremdliche that fache: namli na do vereinig do vereinig do geg satze geschah es was unerwartet vunbegreiste is das nichts mebr geschah. es blieb alles friedlich/Abo gangli bewegungslos bei einando (teb-v-das leb ver. wandelle [i in pin filltand. 3: ha/ibr narr-/da habt ihr phwas schon an= gerichtet. 1 nun/dein (polt is übeflüßig. es geschah mit ernst hafte absicht. in d-grund sest-erschüttert. 1. du siehr also /es gilt erns. 12 will antwort hab Auf meine frage/was nunmehr in diese lage 3'gescheh- habe? wir wifz-namlimit mohr weite. Sa ir gute rath thew (felbr wen man ihn geb-mochte. ihr feid po blendete narr /ein dum dreift volk.warum habt ihr die hande nistdavongela 13- ? wie wollt ihr en auf weltordro versteb -? 1 " wen du schimpt -/ so scheint ps di ganz befonders z'krank: [ieh mal/die heilige trinitat ir gelafz. die neuprung schein ihr nitz misfalt. Oir die trinitat is pirrational/dalzman

fi dut ihre reaction nu verlag kan i rathe dir dringendab/jene symbole ingend. wie ernsthaft y'nehm: 12 danke dir für dewohlgemeint rath. du scheins abe interessiert 3' sein. man durfte von deine sprichwortlich- intelligenz ein unvorringenome. nes urtheil erwart. It bin nicht voreingenom. du kans selbe witheil. men du diese absolutheit in ihr ganz leblof-gelass fr betrachter so kans du unschwer ent Secte Jass de dur'dein voorwitz herbeige führte zustand vostillstand große abnikelikt mit de Absolut- hat wan i dir dageg-rathe fo stalle is misgang out deine seile den du kan dief stillstand au nit extrag. L'i voie? du (tebrauf meino seite? dass ir sondobar. V. da ir nichts sondobar daber. das absolute war imo de letendig abbold. I bin do de eigentliche lebens: meyt. 1. das ir volachtig. du reagiers viel 7 personti. 3: 1º Teagie. re gar nit personti. i bin do ganz das rubelose rascheilende leb. i bin nie zufried nie gelaf. i reife all' nied v baue flichtig void auf. 2º bin do eprojeis/rubmorer/that-lus (c' bin do sprudel neu ge-Sante or that. dassabjolute is langueilie or vegetatio. L'i voil Singland -. Also - was rathe Ju? 5 das beste was is dir rath-Kan/it: mache deine ganze Chadliche neuers Jobald wie moote? wied ruckgangig. L'a was ware demit gewoht? wir mußt wied von vorne anfang o kam unfehlbar au em 3weit mal wied of feller Plutz. was man cinmal begriff but kan man mit abstitle wied nicht wife voungeschot mach. dem rath is Kein rath. abo ibr kont do m't ohne entzweig vo bado existier" ibr mußt au do ub etwas aufreg eine parthei whet geg falge rebowind wen ibr leb-wollt. V. das hilft mobits. wir seb uns ja au im geg satz. wir sind drefs spiel ubodrußig gewoord. It damit d'lebens. L'a mir scheint/es kome davant an was du leb-nent. Dein begriff von leb-hat etwas von hinauf Rkettern v peruntoreits von behaupt - v zweifeln von ungedulitig bums



1928. als i higi bilimalie /weich das goldene mobileweinte feblos zeigt/fandte mir Richard Wilhelm m Franklifurt d-ching feb /rausend Jahrail- lext vom geb- seblos/d-keim d'unsterblich- Korpers. extessa catholica et protestantes et secusi in secreto. acon finitus.

Jer vonhasig-begehr. dir schit dass absolute v-destangmuthige geduld.

ganz richtig mein leb-brodelt v-schaumt v-schlagt unruhige well?

esti-ansichreis v-wegurer beis wünsch-v-rastlosigkt. dass i-do'leb-?

1. abo das absolute lebt au? Lasti-kein leb-. as i- stillstand odo

jo gut wie stillstand genau gesagt: as lebt runendli langsam v-voschweige det jahrtausende gerade so wie do elende zustand d-ihr geschaff-babt.

1. du stock-mir ein licht aus. du bir personlicht leb- do an Cheinende

stillstand abo i-dass langmuthige leb- do envigkt sas leb- do gottlikt.

dies mal ba- du mir gut gerath-. i gebedi sei. sahr wohl.

atanas kreecht behende wie ein maulwurf wied in sein lo binunto. die symbole do dreisalligkt vo ihr gesolge hebest in
rube vogelasseht of himel empor. idanke dus schlange du has mir
dorecht heraufgeholt. seine sprache is allgemeinverständli den sie
in personlis. wir kön-wied leb ein lang leb. wir kön jahrtau:

Tende vokhwend-

o begin o ihr goto? im leid od m do frende odo
im zwich liegend mifgefühl? Doorwang
i dort anfange / o lebe i do tropf etwas; do
ins meer d' nichts fall. es i in wiedo
ganz dort unt 3' begin / wodas nichts hi
weitet 3' unum thrankto freibt. no i i
nichts gelcheb /no hat die welt er anz

Fing no i die sonne nicht gebor no i das feste bom wassirig ni't geschied no sind voir ni't auf die schultern unser vato gestieg/
den au' unsere vato sind no ni't geword. sie find er gestort ve ruh im schoos se unser blutrunsteg europa. voir steh im voeie !to so schlange gegattet vo sin na woeldo stein do grund sein sein

Monte 3' de gebaude das voir no nuit ken. waltest? es laugtze Symbol. Wir wolf greif bars. wir find mude do ge printre welche de lag webt or die nacht auftrent. de teufel soll es wohl schaff-/de lappiche partifan mit afterverstand v gierig hand ? er kam hervor do klump von mis in du die gotto ihr ei geborg hab-i mo? te mit ein fußtritt d- unrath von mir stoff- wen dis goldene korn mit ware im ekeln berz do mifigestalt. berouf darum son do frostermits o-d' gestantes! wie fer du balt am schutt o- abraum doewig cloake. i furchte di mit abo i haffe di / du brudo all vouverflich m mir bente soll du mit schwer bamern geschmiedet werd / das dir das gottergold aux d- leite pritzt. Deine zeit is um / deine jahre sind gezablt v-beute is dein jungsto tagangebrock deine bull-64- platy- dein kund golden work work mit hind - Fats- 0~ vom glitschig-schmutze befrei- du solls frier-teufel/den wir Christo dis kalt. Pablis barto als ef. In Tok di un ser form fug du dieb d'gottlich wunders du muttoaffe / de du deinleib mit de li de gotte fielle vodre damit gewicht voleibe danum find wir andi poftuebt micht um deinetwill Jondern um d' gold kerns will-

Mas für dien-bare gestalt entsteig-dein-leibe / du diebisch abs
grund ! 25 sind wohl elementargeist in Faltige hüll gekleidet /ka.

Ver von erzitzlühe misgestalt / sung v-de alt / zwerghaft / verschrumpst /
unscheinbare trage geheime Ringte besitze de lacherlich-voeisht/er

set formung d'ungesomnt gold / vurme / die d- bestreit ei de
gottentkriech / ansanglich / ungeboren / no unsichtbar! voassel
uns eu erschein? welch sind die nen kunste / die ihr hauftragt
aus de unzugninglich schatzkame / d- sonnendotte de gottei! ihr
halt no vourzeln im erveit voie pflanz- v- sew threessele fratz.

Is mensch tro por the sew natrich public, inheimlich asanglis verdbast.

10 to fast enouver nicht sho gnome ihr geg standersel. in untersinohmt ihr enern aufang wollt ihr zu nerwert ihr dannlinge? ge:
hort ihr zu gestge d' schn' do erde? sid ihr die irdisch- füsse do gotth?

was woll the foreth!

Die It abir-: poir Rom- di 3 grieff- als d'herr d' ruedern natur.

1° sprecht ihr 3 mir? bin veur hen? Die It abir-: du toar es nicht do

Du bir es seizt. 1° ihr sagt es. es su angerrom-: do' was soll mir eure

gesigschaft? Die It abir-: wir krug das nicht 3' tragende von unt- na

ot- wir sind die saste die auf gebeime weise steig- nicht aus kraft sondern

gesog- v-aus traght ans wachsende an geklebt, wir ken- die unbekant
wege v- die unersindlich- gestige d' lebendig- stoff. wir trag in ihm

ampor das was im erdhaft- schumert was tot it v-do' in lebendig!

eingeht. wir thun das langsam v-einsa was tot it v-do' in lebendig!

eingeht. voor thun das langsam v-einsa was du vogebens 3' thun di

midtsant deine menschliche weise. wir willbring das was dir un=

nnoght is. 1° was soll i eu last-? welche mübe kan i eu abiret?

was soll i nit thun/v-was thut itr beso? Die Itabir-: du vergisse

de kraght d's stoff. du will-emporreis- aus eigen kraft/was do'nur

langsam seig- tean/se ansaugend/siele: se' votrau- surve;

traulich-/ihr knachte v-tenechts seel-? so gebt ans werk es sei.

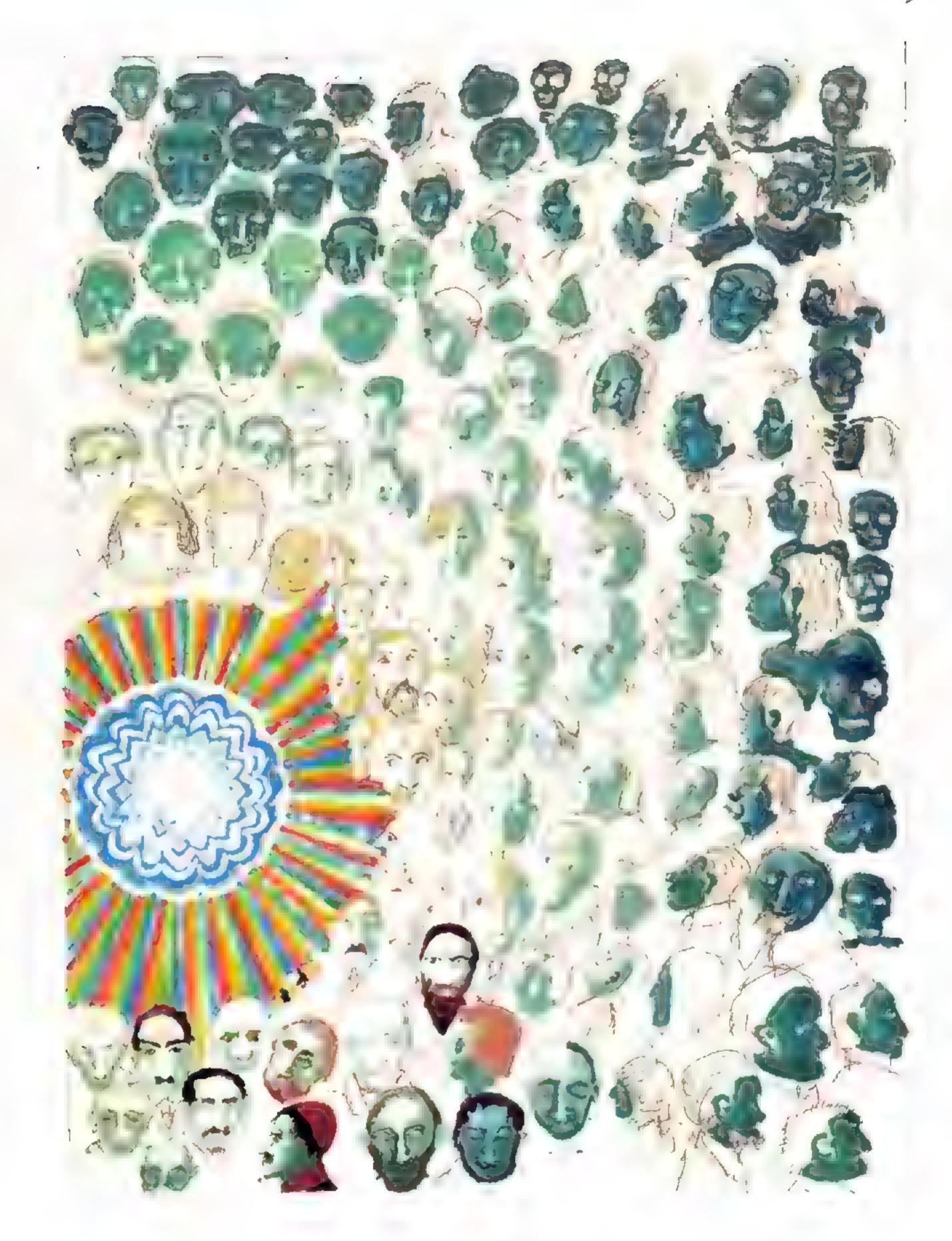
paraufling to 3 woody languages

ir scheint/i ließ ou eine lange fris, nit sies i'z' en binunt /nit storte i'en wert. i' lebte am licht d' las vorthat das werte d' las sours sobaffet ibre d'é la abir : nou trus - binant/wir bant: wir lest stein 3' stein. so stehr du siche. L'i' süble sestern grund. i'recke mi' empor. de la abir : wir schmiedet dir ein blitzend'

Chwert/mit d' du d-knot d'um di'gewirrt it zerbauen trains. l'i lasse dass schwert sest in meine hand. I' hole aus z-schlage. Vie sabir : wir leg-and de tenftif kunftwill gefohlungen knot vordi hin mit d'du verkhlog v-verfiegelt ber khlag zu nur Charte Krent ihn. 1. laßtihn Eb-/d-knot / & vielfa geschlungen ! wabr: lisein meistostrick abgrundeg natur em tuckisch naturlis durcheinand gewachfen wurzel gestecht nur mutte natur Sie blinde webenn Konte Polch' geflechte vourk : ein groß knauel or taufend kleine Knotch all' kunftvoll geschurzt voshlung vouurzelt wahrhaftig ein mensch-gebirn! seh i klar: was thatet ihr? mein gebirn legt ihr por mis bin em schwert gabt it mir m die band damit seine bluts ende sobirfe moineigen's gebirn z'trene? was faill en ein? de natur: de senoofs de natur woods gehirn/deschoofs de erde gab d'eif. si gebordie mutter bad : rophlings v y trang. L' gebonnificel! ibr wall mi wold zo schonfrichte mein gehins mach? d'habir: 55 Homit dir 7'als di herm de niedem natur. de menfis in sem gehim ve Placett with wear of fewert geget douglechts 3' 39 nav. E: was water flechts o-do its precht? was it de fwert/das zotren-jou! d'kati: d'uftethte is dem wahnfin d's swert is hewaltige d'mahnsins. 1: the tenfelsansgeburt-/wasgten/dassi wahning ses? threedgespensto ihr wurzeln aus lehm workoth seid ihr nicht selbe d'wurzelfasern mein gehrms? ihr polyp schlinggewase dur einand. gervirte safscanale parasitaus parasit emporgesog vemporbelios nachtlis permit obsemans emporgettlettert eu gilt die blitzende storfe mein swerts, ibr wollt mi vibred /evabs bar? ibritat auf selb > Tory? w Komt es das natur si gesopte gebiert de [2. selbownicht woll-! d'habir: 380ere nicht. wir beduit do vomichts/den wur sind die vostechtsselbe. wobsneveland erobern will/

bright d'bruck binto frab. lass ons ni voerte besteb wir sind d'taufend canale in den all au wied in seine ansange 3'rutte fließt - 1: soll i meine aigen worzeln zohav ? mein Rigens volk tot / des tronig i bm? solli mein eigen baum perdon mach ! Uhr feid wahrhaftig sohne d'seupls. d'kat = schlag 3' win find Sien Sie für ihr bern ster to woll. I: we gefuht went 3 plage? d'hab : dan bit du nie mehr dem gehun/ sondern jenseitz demi wahnins. siehr du nit dein wahnsin is dein gehirn/die gravi pafte vofletov voflings in d'wurzelz fam hange in de comalnetze/d'faso vo wirrung. de vosunkty in d'gehimmer Si toll. Flag 3! wo d- weg fand steigt ub sein gehim empor. Im gehirn bis du daumling jenseits digehoms gewins nef-gestalt.

(4) Tind wir Johne d' teufely abobas du mis du uns aus d'heiß v finstern gesimie Det? so bab wor von seine v dun natur. d'étenfel sagt Saffalls/was beflete au werthfei/dasses 3'grunde gene als soone d' tenfels wolf wir vonichts/als deine gesolfe ab woll wir unsere eicene vonite, wir woll-dur de tod in diraufget. wir find wurzeln d'von all feitpobeios/mun par Jualli was du brau 5/ Davum hau unsab/reiß unsaus. i: solicewals dieno mis ?als hen bedarfisse knechted KAb-: der herr bedient Titelbs. it: ihr zweideutigteufels some/mit dies nortir um eu gefreh-mein Provert treffe en / dieso biet soll für imogell. dekabe: webe webe! es is gefehmas wur für tet /w'wir wünst-



.*

es foll nicht hodufgebrart z'richflie-13. 88 southeire mied reis /w v bante mein thurm i veif-vohne fuge. de teufel ir in d'fundament ge-Smiedet. Skabir baut ihn v-auf dozine d' thurm's wurd die baumeiste mit d'swerte geopsert. souve em thum d'gipfel d's berg' ûbragt/auf d'er stebt/sosteheir übe mein getirn/aus d'é ww. é bin hart gewor-Dobin nie wied ruttgangig 3'ma. i fließe nicht wied zrück. i'bin d'herrmeino selbri i bewundere meine bentite i bin stark v' son v'rés. d'weit-lande v'd'blave nimel hab si um mi gelegt v beug si meino perfaft. i'diene niemand v'niemandbe-Sient si mein. L' diene mir selbe ur bediene mi selb. darum babei wes i bedarf. mem Hourn wuchs für & jantaufende/unvo-Werbar er sinkt niv 3-ruck er kan aboub. baut werd v wurd ûbebaut werd wenige begreif-mein-thurm den ersteht auf einhob-berge aboviele werd the por with

chhabe men fuß auf neu land gefet.

en collect. Mangeti in ultimis paginis.

ni begreif -- danum wind mein thurm unwbrau't besteb-niemand steigt an sein glatt wand empor-memand setzt si im fluge auf seinspitzs da-nor wod-voborgen eingang in d-berg Findet vo dur d'imgange d'eingeweidsemparteiot/mag md-Hurm gelang~v-3/2 herrlikt d'spauend v'd'aus st selbelebend: Oliverence v-gefaff niver es seword aus flickwern von menfogedank fondo es ir aus d'glithheiß-d'eingeweid'gesimedet/die navier selber trug & stoff 3' berge v'iverst-de gabaute mit ihr blutte als Die einzig/Sie umd'ocheimnis sein entstetzung wiß- efassie es aus d'untern v obern v ni aus de flactie d'welt-damm i neu v fremd v ûbmagt d'ment bewohnte chene. Dies i d'feste v do anfang.

ch have me mit de flange d' senseitig ven igt. Chabe all senseitige in mir angenoù de ran bante c'mein ansang al dieses werk vollendet war svente i mi ves besiel mi nevoier z' wis-/reas no in me in jenseit sein konte i hat d'hab z'meine seblange v-sragte sie

freundle obtie nithinutokriech wolle mnmer kunde 3 bring v-dywas un jenseil or fan d'flange abo war malt v fagle sie batte keine lot l'i r will niverzwing / sto vulleur / wo weiß? enfahr wir do sumerdy. d'Flange zogerte no eine weile dan voftwand sie in d'heft bald porte l'threstime: voussouber un d' polle bie vem gebenkte .. emmansebnkebe bas liche mens mut ve zert-gesie steht vor mir erhat Abstehende ohr vein buckel er saot i bin ein gift mord dodur destrang griff wurde i: was bar du den gethan? er: Phabe meme ellem vomeine frou vogiftet. i: warum thate du das? er: zoch re golfs. is: wie sage du? 30 ehre golfs? was meins du damit i er: extens gefrett do all'/was gefrett 30 ettre golls/v-zweiten talte i meine befondem we-D': was dater duden? er: L'hebte sie v wollte sie aus cur elend leb peraus rapo in d'envige selight sin upobring. Pab ibn ein starte /3 stark flum trank. P: har du datrei mir dem eigen vortheil gefund? /cr: i blieballein 3'ruck v war sepr unghickli. Pwollte am leb-bleib um mein zwei Kindo with für die i eine befere 3/kunft wordus: sab. Proar korpeli gestindo at meine from des=

Halb wallte fam leb bleib - i: wardeine frau mit d'morde einvorand? er: nem/sie minces gewiß nit gewer/apo sie wußte nist von mein absit-leid wurded mord entdeckt primurde zotod pountbeilt. It has dufetst im senseit deine angebonig wied gefund er-das ir eine merrenrindig unférere geféré. É vonultye/ir see mobil in de bolle bisniveit & es mir/al sei meine franavda/bisweit weiß travdas nit befint/eb= sowerné al'i mein selb si bin l': to l'es : es : erzante er: bisweit seint somit min zispre viegebe ihr allibort. Abower hab bisself garnie vanil morde van nich von unfern kindem geforo wir red-nur hiev-da 3 fam - v-dan me von gleiglilligding / pon klein fach aus unferm frühern täglileben soganz unposonli ivie wen wir uns weite ni angieng i begreife es selbonis/wes viventli 15. von mein-eltern merke l'no werngo/meine mult babe i / glaube i / no garnie angetroff-mein vato war emmal da vo fagte etwas von feine tabak! preife du cr irgendivo volor pabe. L'abowomit pobring du deine zeit? er: i glaube/vei uns quebres gar keine zeit/man kan pdarum av mir vobring - es serient rem garment. i: is d'

ni überaus langweilig? er: langweilig? darnnhabe l'abertraupt no ni geda * langweilig : viellei / jedfall'quebres nutit interessants eigentic is all'oleis gullig. V: plagt eu d'teufel nie? er: d'heufel? V'habe nicht von ihm geseh-i:abodu koms do'ausd jenseilsv-sollternuttrz-eczaht wiß-zdasiskaum glatte er: als i no em kom bane/haberau oft gedet/es wire gewiß interessant/einmalmit ein 37 spre'/dona'd tode wied kehrte. Jetztkañ Pabonudt darun find : wie gesagt/bei uns is all'unpersonnie y reun sali iglaube/sosagt man. i': das is ja kroftlos. i'nehmean/duférés in detreffe houe er: meinetweg ikan wohr geht lebewohl. rveswandplotzlir i wandte mi abo 30 flange v sagte: was soll dieplangweilige garains d'jenseit bedeut : s: étrafihn drub-/unstat pend/w poviele andere. i griffihn beraus al'd nays-best-er i em gut beispiel will mir sein. v. abor d'jengeus sofarblos! se: es seint so; es quebt dort nur beweg% wen i hinube home sons woostall blogsalt-haft auf vab.d'posintiche sehlt ganzli-l': w'ir est den mit dies vosturt pyonlich i stands machte

mir nevli em flark eindruck Al'ob erd quintessens wid spronli warr for nahirti/er i jad ewig wid sang /den pronlich leb bring dunie in ein klang mut absolut leb i' kañ man dese geg satze den nie weinig? se es sind ja keine geg satze fondern blosse wechied ht du wir d tag au nie d geg satz d'jahr'od d sesselle d geg sak delle nen i'd teinleuchtend/abection langweilig se wint /weñ man w jemen sprie lang es trodenet im metraus/besonderseild wir d geg satze aus gegli w uns geheiralhet hab vog satze aus gegli w uns geheiralhet

er teufel i d'sume d'dunketn menstionatur na d'bilde gott z'sein/frebt d'do im lichte lebt/ na d'diteufet d'do im dimkeln lebt poeil à im lichte leb-woute/darum erlos mur d'sone/al' i d'tiefe berührte-swar dunkel v-slang haft i habe mi mit ihr ve guich v-seil d'undilict mein theil d'emiedrig v'unt wers nahm i auf mi/ind i d' natur d'stange mir beigesellte valle i das

Flangthafte micht angenom /dan hatte de tenfel de gruntessenz all'slang hast-dustitute macht übe mi behalt-and hålte detemfel ein griffgefund v-er hatte mi' gezwung-/mit ihm z' paktier-wpraud Saw-liftin daz belvog i ramihmabo 3'vor/ind v mirmit do Plange voeinigte/wein man si mit ein weibe eint-so ent 309 i d'teufet demoglichtet d'einfuß/d'une nurdur das cicene Flang-passe geht/das man gewöhnlis d'tenfel 3 Greibt/anfialt si selbe. Mephylopheles is Satan/angellan mit meine Flang bastigne. Salan selbe st- de quintessenz dibof-/nachtvdarum obne vo führ?/nir einmal geseidt/sond= ern bloße voneing ohne übezeugende teraft. so widestand essein zestorend einflus vogriffin v-Pmuedete ihn sest-seme nakom sast diente mir/v-i'opferte f-mil d'fwerte-so bildete i' ein-fest-van-dadur erlangte i selbe festiont v dans v-konte d'pronteung d'personlict widgleb-dadur is das unsierbliche on mir ge rettet ind Edas dunkle aus mein jenseit ind tag hinub 309/pritterte i mein jenseit damit we swand d'anspruche d'étot-/den se wurd gesatigt

Chinvond lot nu mehrbedroht den i nahm ihre du pricke auf md Edie schlange aufnahm. dadur? have l'abrau'elmas tot in mein tag hundboge nom-aboes war nothwend% den do tod is das danstraffeste allodinge das was no wiedo rückgangig gemacht werd kan. dotod vo= leiht mir daushaftigkt v festigkt solange i nur meine ansprüche satio wolle/war & per= sonle vo darum im siñe d'welt lebendig. alsi abod anspruche dotat in muanerkante vos fattigte / gabé mein fruher personlich steeb auf vod welt mußte mu für ein tot nalt den eine große källe komt üb d/down üb maß sein personlich streben d'ansprud tot erkant hat v-ihn 3' fattig-vossicht-word fühlt erdan! als obein gebeum' gift die lebendigte seine pe sohlich-beziehung-gelähmt hälle/aboauf Jo andern seite in sein jenseils sweigt die stime de tot die bedroly d'angro v d'unraft horauf den all'swas vord nungrig in ihm lauer te lebt nunmehr mit ihm in sein-tage-seinleb es son ver den er is stelbo-hassitabets do do imo nur das olitek do andern will den er

beltrüpelt stelerein monde it de de andere ze selicht zwing will dessertotet sein eigen wachsthum.

Ein nart it de de aust liete seine liebeaustilgt.

Ein solche is peschlie am andern sein senseitster

grau v-unpersonlie er drangte ständernauf

darum is er vestucht ürein kalt nichts si si.

selbe auf ze vestucht ürein kalt nichts si si.

selbe auf ze vestucht ürein kalt nichts si si.

vebant er drangt si nie mehr vierig andern

auf er lett einsam/inschonde vespricht mit de

tot-einmal is abe au de anspru de tot-gesälligt

wen mandan no in de einsamkt vebairt dan

sprindet das sone in das senseits ved oede

komt in de dießseits na de weiß komt eine des monden eine des monden.

sprindet das sine in das senseits ved oede

le inunmehr d'sönty in mir v mit mir selbegesund halte sprais ineme stange: Plange: Phicke 3 wirk wie aufgethane arbeit. Blange: no is nicht vollendet? Plange spinot er an. is mir seint/duligs. Fland worders du? weißt duest bes? is i weiß

ma ap shave mi bereit mit d'gedante votraut gemacht/wirhalt ein ziel/weuigsten ein vorlausiges erreicht-werm sogar die lot-amausstrib sind/was Colldano na kom-plidan must do erro-leb-D'y leb anfang: l': diese vemerte koule zwar tiessing sein seint stabe auf ein witz z'bestrünk Fl: du wur keck. i' serze nicher nor hat das leb anz fang i': mus verstehr du unto leb : Flis sage dass let hat no anzifang-hardu di heule ni ler gefühlt nen du das leb ! l'es i wahr was du sagrabé é bemûhe mi all'sogut wie môg liz'sind v'mi lacht zsired-zigeb. st. das kon= te au sent bequem sein du darf abou solls weit povere aussiche mach. P: mir graut davor. l'will zwar gar ni denn dass i selb besticois Ronte aver leaue au dir niez, das du fattig kontes es mas sein dass i dir wied einmal 3' wenig volvaue-daran mag fuld seinsdaranmag Sass édéséet kurz-somens le angenatiert so urvan fand. Fl-das beweist nichts-bilde dir murmicht ein dukoner mi irgendwie umfaßv mi dir einvolcib. l'also/was solles sein? i'bin bereit fl: du has anspru auf belohnssür

das vish vollendete. i': ein suf gedanke da fes da für ein-lohn geb-soll-fl: i'gebed-loh-dir im

bude fchaue:

las v Falome! derkreis
lauf is vollendet vod pfort di
mysteriums hab si wied aufge
than. Thas führt Salome
die sehende and hand sie stär
crollend v liebend die aug
mied. E: pier gebei die Sal-

sal ! é bin fon v héwathet v wir sind ni bei d'lurte. E: du hilflog ment word sind ni bei d'lurte. E: du hilflog ment wo bis du fiveralle. is sur cin son o destre ni lor deine multe i em la ob diets cin sonderbares sesent uni re mohl che eine las als eine freude is freue mi dats san einig mass. übrigen die multe d'freue mi dats san einig mass. übrigen die multe d'init sur patte wordt vordt oenom et eaus ser einig mass. übrigen die multe d'init sur patte wordt vordt oenom et eaus ser einig mass. übrigen die multe d'init son ser einig mass. Übrigen die multe d'init son ser einig das das est en freude is freue mi fet halle ween diese meins seits unabsichtlie

torturein sogul erfolghalle sobin i fonganz 3'fried. Gal-3' Eligs: lass thin er is emfond? baromenf-weißdohimel was erfür beweggrunde hat aboes seint ihm ern damit 3' fein Ebin do ni passie v bin für viele gewiß begehrenswerth. 3'mir: warum stagsdunu aus? Ewill deine magd sein v Sir dien E will vor dir sing v tanz/i will stir di die laute Plag / Éwill de trost wen du traurio bi-/i will mit du lach / wen du frohli bi-i' will all deine gedank in mein herz trag: die worle die du 3'mir sprichs will i kufz-i will sed-tagfiir di rof pflück valle meine 91= dank-foll-allezeit di erwart v umgeb-l': i'danke dur für deine liebe es i fon vonliehe precty z'hor es v musik v all sern'heimweb. du siet meine thran fall auf deine gut work. Imochte vordirknie v hundertmal deine pand kuff/weil sie mur liebe sienk-wollte. Du spracht so son von liebe-mankan nie genug von liebe sprecty hor. Sal: warum uur sprez Pwill deinsein/ganz dir gehor-v: dubisw de Flange demicumwand ve mein bluttrais

im xi cap. & my sterien spiel.

preste demesus morte unwind mi villebew emgekreuzigte. Gal: warum ime no em gekr Euzigto? l': step du ni dass unexbittliche nolhwendigk miranskrenz geflag hat est o unmöglikt Die mi lahmt. Gal: will du nix d'nothwendigkt dur bre- 2 & das übehaupteine nothwendigkt uns du sonens? L': hore i zweisie Saran Sasses Seine bestime sei mir anz gehör: L' will mi'nicin dein dir allein eigen' leb einmis den i kan dir nie helf-1293'ende3 führ. v was gewin-du went di enmal wegleg must wie ein gehragen kleid? Salt deme worke sind grawamabo éliebe dé so dassé mi selboau wegleg Pronte wen deine zeit gekom ir l': l'weiß daß es mir orosse qual ware di souvegget 3' lass-abo wendu es sur mi bun kan sokan sau surdi. L'würde ohne klage weilgeh- den i vogesse sen traum'nigwoi mein körp auf spilz nageln v ein ehern rad übe meine brus [3 malmend rollsab-i muszandies-traum denn- wen inte l'antie be denne-wen es sein muß i bin bereit-Gal: v will ein selch opf nir i'wollte dir freude bring. Ran é du keine freude sein: l'i l'weiß nig viel

leer viellevran mir. Gal: sovojudre do' wenigsten'. P: dough komit dothat gler solche ussuche sindkos= spielig. Gal: wills dues dir nu für mirkost-lass? v: vbinelwas 3' fiva/3' entkraffer na'd / was i um di gelitt um no im stande 3' fein weitere ausgab für di 3' mach ikönle finiskag: Gal: wendume net nehm will sokani do di ni nehm! v: es handelt si wohl ni um's nehm sondern wen essi um elwas handelt dan ums geb: Gal: égebenn dir ja min mi uur an i: wen es nur daran lage abodie umipino mil liebe! es is grafflis nur daran 3 denne Gal: duvolangs wohl daßt seiv 3'glei ni sei das Eunmogli-was sent dir? i: mirschilesan kraft/ein weiter ficksal auf meine Fullernz' lad : Chabegenug 3'slepp. Gal: abowen c'dir helfe dufe las 3 ling: v: wie Rans du? duhâtter mi'z trag eine wid spenstige la babe is nia selbez'ting: E: duspinche d'waltett ein jede tragesémelas wandern sémelass-ausburdet Ethesklup-ess scinein z'swee/stew-glep. Gal: abouter nonter thu no em theil semo las trag helf. E: dan ware et dein stellwe.

G:odomembecco gebreto. i: das win i'm fein. du solls ein steismen sein l'kan wed sklav no herr ertrag-issehne mi na mens-G: vin i mi ein men pi l': sei dem eigen herr v dein eigen sklave gehore ni "mir/sondern dir tragenir meinelass sondern deine solds er du mir meine mensliche Freiht/einding/ das mur mehr werth it als das eig thums vecht übe ein mens- S:schicke dumi weg! i: i schicke di nigweg-dumoges mir nig ser: ne soin-abogieb mir ni dus dein sehnsucht sondernaus deine fülle. Ekan deine armuth mi fallig wie du meine sepasar nu still kans weñ du eine reiche ernle has sossenke muren parfructite dein garten wen duan übefluß leider San will i'aus d'ubequellend porndnno freude trink : rweiß/das wurd mur la beseinikan mi muramtifed salt saltig mand ler schüßeln & sehnstichtio Fwill mur meinlohn ni steht du besitzer ni swie kant du geb- Buforder / ind duschenn Elias/ allesbore: du par eine sellsame danklurkt. vossenne deune tochtonict sondern stelle sie auf

eigene suße-sie mag tanz sing od dielaute Flag vord leur v sie mog thr hinnende mit 3 vord fuße werf. Salome/Vdankedir für deine liebe-wen du mir wahrhaft liebs Lanze vor domenge/gefalle d'leur/8aff f deine Fond v-deine kuns preis-v-wendureiche ernte genalt-nar dan wur mur eine dein wf dur" feust v wend born de freude dur übe qu'ill' so sanze v-singe au mix eunmal-i sepne ini na de freude de mensch /na ihresatthe zuseriedentet von una ihr bedürftigkt. G:w bir du für ein hart vunv ständlich monf. E: du par di vosndeer seitd i di diletzte mal Sah. Dusprich eine andere sprache die mustemdartig klingt. I: tnein liebealte i glaube gerne/dasidumirvandert sinder-abraumit dir seint eine vanders vorgegang z sein wo ha du den deine Flange? E: die ir mir abhandgekom-i glaube/swurde mir gestoht-seild giong es bei uns chuas limbselig zu Tware darum frots gewef wen du di wenigsten mein lochteangenom batter v: rweiß/wodeinestan ge v- c'habe sie-wicholt fraux do untowelt-sie

grebt mir harte weißt magife gewalt wir beduftthre indo obowelt/den four hatte die untwell de vortheil gehabt im 3 pad . E: web dir vof luchto
tanbo goll strafede. i: dein flu is traftlos. wo
do plange besitzt/derreis kein flu hundlofei
klug: wod weißt besitzt/fei nie gierig na maz;
nur do besitzt donnat dosse nie ausübt. salome
weine nie nur hur di is gluck/widusübt. salome
niew du bekonis: voswindet/meine betrübt
freunde/es is spat in do naz elias nim dosalfo
marsinimo von deino weißt vodu salome/um un
seroliebe will/voss niez lanz.

lø all' in mir vollendet war/kehrke i un wartet wied 3 muster
inn 3'rück /3' sen erft-anblick
dos-feitig måte d'ocist vobbegehrens. sowie i die luranmir
v-d-mar übo mir errei halte/

sobalte salonne die lur an si volor salve d'hebez andern gelernt vosoballe elias d'ma seino meist volor salve d'geir d'andern anerkess gelernt. sobat salonne d'ma" do vosibre eingebust v 1530

liebe geword. da i de lus an mir gewon habe/will Vau d'hébe 3' mir das ware wohl 3'viel v winde ein eisen ring um mi leg /domi glicter als lu-Mahm i salome an Als liebe weise i sie z ruck-abo F will 3'mir-wie foll i'au liebe 3'mir felbo hab-? die liebe/glaubei/gehore 3-ander-abe meine liebe will 3 mir. i furte mi vor ihr. die marmem's komoge f von mir stoff/ind welt/in d'dinge/z' den m proden elw Gil do'd mens yam Pliest etw soll do' brucke sein. Fwerste vosu?/wen sogar meine liebe 3'mir will! mysterium offne dein vortrang aufgneue-vwill diefkampf durchfecht-kome hauf/flange vom dunkeln abgrund f høre a: lome no ime wein : mus will fie no od was will i'no' d'it em vofluro lohn/d-dumir 3! gedarhar/em lohn d-man ohne opfeneranville r han. do no große opfo ofordor wen man ihn angerührt hat. Flange: will du den ohne opfo leb-2 d'leb mus di do elms kost-2 i: i habe/glaube is bereils bezahlt is have salome ausgeflag. 15 d'micht opfogenug! Fl: für diz 'wenig wogefagt du darfer ansprussvoll sein. i: du mein wohl mit deine vodamit logik: anspruzovollimopfe? so ha

be l'es all'omos mi vostand i pabemi wohl 3 men vortheil geläufit-sage mir i ses mir genng/wen i mem gefühl in d'hint grund drang! fil: dudt= angs ja dem gefühl garmi ind hinlegrund son dernes pußt du vielbeß? & kopf für salome ni mehr weil zobre - 3'mis : i': es i flim wen du du de wahren spris is de de grund das sals salo: meno une weint : fl: ja d'v dogrund v: abo mas i da 3'thun! fil: 0/du wills thun! mankan au denk-v. do/wsv 3/8-k-v gestehe/i weis bier ni 3'd te. viellei weißt du rath i habe d'gefühl als mußle v übe meint eigen kopf emporsteig-d'kan i nim wod-kodu? Plébotemot ve weiß au kein vall. V: sofrage de senseis tig/fabre 30 bolle odo 3 himel viellei grebt es dort ralh. st: mr zieht es na ob-. da vowandelle st de plange in ein klein weiß vogel dost em porfivang in de wolk- wo er vofivand. i blickte Ann langena. devogel: horr du mi ? v binfernedehimel i so weit weg-de holle i viel natio bei de erde. L' fand elw für di eine volaßene krone-Clag auf ein straße in dunomiesti bimels ranm-seine goldene krone .. v- son liegt sin

1959

Ich habe an Nisem Bruch 16 Tahre lang gears butet. Die Bekanntuhaft mit der Alchemie 1930 hat mich Javon weggewommen: Derthe. fang vom Ende kan 1928, als mir Wilhelm den Text der " Goldenen Blithe", ames alshe, misterben Tractates sandte. De fond du Inhalt Rus Buches den Weg in di Withlickteint und ich konnte micht mehr Deran wieterarkeiten. Han durflachtishen Betrechter wird es wie auce Vorwiththeit vockommen. Es wire auch pre since solchen quevoulen, wenn ich Di überwältige: de Kreft der urspringlichen Erlebrison wicht lætte enffanzen kommen. Mit Helfe des Alchemie Someti ich sie schlierlich in ein Farges einordrum. Pele wreste warmer, desagence Erlebnisse Kortbares enthielter und Sarum weisste ich Wielets Besseres als sie en amen " Rostloan " D. G. Heweren Buch sufgendrie" ben und die leum Wederdwelleben verf. tretunder Bilder zu malen - so gut des abue gieng. Tole wien, wie ernbrackens inadae: quat Reve Unternelining war, aber trot getreu, auch wenn ich mie eine andere

Möglichkeit

Liber Novus: The "Red Book" of C. G. Jung'

SONU SHAMDASANI

C G JUNG is widely recognized as a major figure in modern Western thought, and his work continues to spark controversies. He played critical roles in the formation of modern psychology, psychotherapy, and psychiatry, and a large international profession of analytical psychologists work under his name. His work has had its widest impact, however, outside professional circles: Jung and Freud are the names that most people first think of in connection with psychology, and their ideas have been widely disseminated in the arts, the humanities, films, and popular culture. Jung is also widely regarded as one of the instigators of the New Age movement. However, it is startling to realize that the book that stands at the center of his oeuvre, on which he worked for over sixteen years, is only now being published.

There can be few unpublished works that have already exerted such far reaching effects upon twentieth-century social and intellectual history as Jung's Red Book, or Liber Novus (New Book). Nominated by Jung to contain the nucleus of his later works, it has long been recognized as the key to comprehending their genesis. Yet aside from a few tantalizing glimpses, it has remained unavailable for study.

The Cultural Moment

The first few decades of the twentieth century saw a great deal. of experimentation in literature, psychology, and the visual arti-Writers tried to throw off the limitations of representational conventions to explore and depict the full range of oner experience-dreams, visions, and fantasies. They experimented with new forms and utilized old forms in novel ways. From the automatic writing of the sucrealists to the gothic fantanes of Gustav Meyrink, writers came into close proximity and collision with the researches of psychologists, who were engaged in similar explorations. Artists and writers collaborated to try out new forms of illustration and typography, new configurations of text and image. Psychologists sought to overcome the simitations of philosophical psychology, and they began to explore the same terrain as artists and writers. Clear demarcations among literature act, and psychology had not yet been set, writers and artists borrowed from psychologists, and vice versa. A number of major psychologists, such as Aifred Binet and Charles Richet wrote dramatic and fictional works, often under assumed names. whose themes nurrored those of their "scientific" works.4 Gustav Fechner, one of the founders of psychophysics and experimental psychology, wrote on the soul life of plants and of the earth as a blue angel. Meanwhile writers such as André Breton and Philippe Soupault asinduously read and utilized the works of psychical researchers and abnormal psychologists, such as Frederick Myers. Theodore Flournoy, and Pierre Janet. W. B. Years atilized aparitualistic automatic writing to compose a poetic psychocosmology in A Vision.* On all sides, individuals were searching for new forms with which to depict the actualities. of giner experience, in a quest for spiritual and cultural renewal. In Berlin, Hugo Bas noted:

The world and society in 1919 looked like this: life is completely confined and shackled. A kind of economic fatalism prevails, each individual, whether he resists it or not is assigned a specific role and with it his interests and his character. The church is regarded as a "redemption factory" of little importance, literature as a safety valve. The most burning question day and hight it: is there anywhere a force that is strong enough to put an end to this state of affairs? And if not, how can one escape it?"

Within this cultural crisis Jung conceived of undertaking an extended process of self-experimentation, which resulted in Liber Norms, a work of psychology in a literary form

We stand today on the other side of a divide between psychology and literature. To consider Liber Novis today is to take up a work that could have emerged only before these separations had been firmly established. Its study helps us understand how the divide occurred. But first, we may ask,

en ibad p. 4.

Who was C. G. Jung?

Jung was born in Keiswil, on Lake Constance in 1875. His family moved to Laufen by the Rhine Falls when he was six months old. He was the oldest child and had one sister. His father was a pastor in the Swiss Reformed Church. Toward the end of his afeigning wrote a memoir entitled "From the Earliest Experiences of My Life," which was subsequently included in Memories, Dreams, Reflections in a heavily edited form." Jung narrated the significant events that ied to his psychological vocation. The memoir with its focus on significant childhood dreams, visions, and fantasies can be viewed as an introduction to Liber Novis.

In the first dream, he found himself in a meadow with a stone-sized hole in the ground. Finding some stain, he descended into it, and found himself in a chamber. Here there was a golden throne with what appeared to be a tree trunk of skin and flesh, with an eye on the top. He then heard his mother's voice exclaim that this was the "man-easer." He was undure whether she meant that this figure actually devoured children or was identical with Christ. This profoundly affected his image of Christ. Years rater, he realized that this figure was a penis and, rater still, that it was in fact a ritual phallus, and that the setting was an anderground temple. He came to see this dream as an antiation "in the secrets of the earth."

In his childhood, Jung experienced a number of visual hallicinations. He also appears to have had the capacity to evoke images voluntarily. In a seminar in 1935, he recalled a portrait of his maternal grandmother which he would look at as a boy until he "saw" his grandfather descending the stairs."

One runny day, when Jung was twelve, he was traverning the Münsterplazz in Basel, admiring the sun ahming on the newly restored giazed roof tiles of the cathedral. He then feit the approach of a terrible, sinful thought, which he pushed away. He was in a state of anguish for several days. Finally, after convincing himself that it was God who wanted him to think this thought. just as it had been God who had wanted Adam and Eve to sin, he let himself contemplate it, and saw God on his throne unleashing an aimighty turd on the cathedral, shattening its new roof and imashing the cathedrai. With this, Jung felt a sense of buss and retief such as he had never experienced before. He felt that it was an expenence of the "direct aving God, who stands omnipotent and tree above the Bible and Church." He felt alone before God, and that his resu responsibility commenced then. He realized that it was precisely such a direct, immediate experience of the living God, who stands outside Church and Bibie, that his father lacked

This sense of election ied to a final disillusionment with the Church on the occasion of his First Communion. He had been ied to believe that this would be a great experience. Instead nothing He concluded: "For me, it was an absence of God and no religion. Church was a place to which I no longer could go. There was no ofe there, but death "

a See racquelline Carrine, Les personnating multipler at doubles purre adjeut et famos. Paris. Pt. F. 1903
her matter he attent brohner. The Religious of a Scientist, ed. and tr. Walter a low or new York Paristheon, 1946).
4 See teat Standbrokki. "Freud Becton Minns in confirmant. It and attent reague Paris. Influence 970, and W.B. You's 4 Vision (London Women Laurie 1915). Jung possessed a copy of the latter.

6 Fight One of Time: A Dade Diary, ed. John Elderfield, it. A. Raumer (Berkeleye Undversity of California Press, 1996), p.

6 The size for multiples and in its series a might autotropy apid ser in Jung Streppe Bare by the Broyspher. Even Laurdon Karnas. 2014).

6 The size for multiples of the bird fung and his first biographers." See also from hims in a stantification at long in Uncovering Lives: The Onesey Alkane of Biography and Psychology. (New York: Oxford University Press, 1994).

7 Memorran p. 30.

8 "Fundamentual psychological conceptions." CW 18, 5397.

9 Memorran p. 57.

Jung's vorscious reading started at this time, and he was particularly struck by Goethe's First. He was struck by the fact that in Mephistopheies. Goethe took the figure of the devil seriously. In philosophy, he was impressed by Schopenhauer who acknowledged the existence of evil and gave voice to the sufferings and miseries of the world.

lung also had a sense of living in two centuries, and felt a strong nostaigns for the eighteenth century. His sense of duality took the form of two alternating personalities, which he dubbed NO. I and 2. NO. I was the Basel schoolboy, who read novels, and NO. 2 pursued religious reflections in solitude, in a state of communion with nature and the cosmos. He inhabited "God's world." This personality felt most real. Personality NO. I wanted to be free of the melancholy and isolation of personality NO. 2. When personality NO. 2 entered, it feit as if a long dead vet perpetually present spirit had entered the room. NO. 2 had no definable character. He was connected to history, particularly with the Middle Ages. For NO. 2, NO. I with his failings and ineptitudes, was someone to be put up with. This interplay rain throughout Jung's life. As he taw it, we are all like this—part of us lives in the present and the other part is connected to the centuries.

As the time drew near for him to choose a career, the conflict between the two personalities intensified. NO I wanted to pursue science. NO. 2, the humanities. Jung then had two critical dreams. In the first, he was waiking in a dark wood along the Rhine. He came upon a burial mound and began to dig, until he discovered the remains of prehistoric animals. This dream awakened his desire to learn more about nature. In the second dream, he was in a wood and there were watercourses. He found a carcular poor surrounded by dense undergrowth. In the poor he saw a beautiful creature, a large radiolatian. After these dreams, he settled for science. To solve the question of how to earn a living, he decided to study medicine. He then had another dream. He was an an unknown place, surrounded by fog, making slow headway against the wind. He was protecting a small light. from going out. He saw a large black figure threateningly close. He awoke, and realized that the figure was the shadow cast from the light. He thought that in the dream, NO. I was himself bearing the light and NO. 2 followed like a shadow. He took this as a signthat he should go forward with NO I, and not look back to the world of No. 2

In his unaversity days, the interplay between these personalities continued. In addition to his medical studies, Jung pursued an intensive program of extracurricular reading, in particular the works of Nietzsche, Schopenhauer, Swedenborg," and writers on spiritualism. Nietzsche's Thu Speke Zarachuara made a great impression on him. He feir that his own personality No. 2 corresponded to Zarachustra, and he feared that his personality No. 2 was similarly morbid." He participated in a student debating society, the Zofingia society, and presented lectures on these subjects. Spiritualism particularly interested him, as the spiritualists appeared to be attempting to use scientific means to explore the supernatural, and prove the immortality of the soul

Minner or

The latter half of the naneteenth century witnessed the emergence of modern spiritualism, which spirad across Europe and America. Through spiritualism, the cultivation of trances—with the attendant phenomena of trance speech, giossotana, automatic writing, and crystal vision—became widespread. The phenomena of spiritualism attracted the interest of leading scientists such as Crookes Zollner and Wallace It also attracted the interest of psychologists, including freud. Ference, Bieuler James, Myers, Janet Bergson, Staniey Hali, Schrenck Notzing, Mol, Dessout Richet, and Flournoy.

During his university days in Basel, Jung and his fellow students took part in scances. In 1896, they engaged in a long series of sittings with his cousin Helene Preiswerk, who appeared to have mediumistic abilities. Jung found that during the trances, she would become different personalities, and that he could caup these personalities by suggestion. Dead relatives appeared and she became completely transformed into these figures. She unfolded stories of her previous incarnations and articulated a mystical cosmology, represented in a mandala. Her spiritualistic revelations carried on until she was caught attempting to fake physical apparations, and the seances were discontinued.

On reading Richard von Kraffy Ebing's Text Book of Psychiatry in 1899. Jung realized that his vocation lay in psychiatry, which represented a fusion of the interests of his two personalities He underwent something like a conversion to a natural scientific framework. After his medical studies, he took up a post as an assistant physician at Burghöszu hospital at the end of 1900. The Burghölzh was a progressive ansversity clinic under the directorship of Eugen Bleuler. At the end of the mineteenth century, numerous figures attempted to found a new scientific psychology. It was held that by turning psychology into a science. through introducing scientific methods, all prior forms of human anderstanding would be revolutionized. The new psychology was heralded as promising nothing jess than the completion of the scientific revolution. Thanks to Bleuler and his predecessor Auguste Forel, psychological research and hypnosis played prominent roles at the Burghölza

Jung's medical dissertation focused on the psychogenesis of spiritualistic phenomena, in the form of an analysis of his séances with Heiene Preiswerk.4 While his mixtal interest in her case appeared. to be in the possible veracity of her spiritualistic manufestations, in the merim, he had studied the works of Frederic Myers, William James, and, in particular Théodore Flournoy. At the end of 1899. Flourney had published a study of a medium, whom he called Hélène Smith, which became a best seller? What was novel about Flournoy's study was that it approached her case purely from the psychological angle, as a means of Jiuminating the study of subliminal consciousness. A critical shift had taken place through the work of Flournoy, Frederick Myers, and William James They argued that regardless of whether the aueged spirituaustic experiences were valid, such experiences enabled far-reaching insight into the constitution of the subliminal and hence into human psychology as a whole. Through them, mediums became

In Emmanust Swedenborg (1688–1772) was a Swedish scientist and Christian ways. In 1743, he underwent a religious crisis, which is depicted in his James of Driests.

In 1743, he underwent a religious crisis, which is depicted in his James of Driests.

In 1743, he underwent a religious crisis, which is depicted in his James of Driests.

These were live by correspondences. He proclaimed the advent of a "new church" that represented a new spiritual era. According to Swedenborg, from birth ode acquired evils from one's parents which are todged in the natural man, who is distinctly approach to the apiritual man. Man is destined for Heaven, and he cannot reach these without apritual regeneration and a new burth. The means to this lay in charity and faith. See Engene Taylor, "hing on Swedenborg, redivious,"

1859.

A by high a
 The second of the second of the bases such to the second of the s

important subjects of the new psychology. With this shift, the methods used by the mediums, such as automatic Writing trance speech, and crystal vision- were appropriated by the psychologista, and became prominent experimental research tools. In psychotherapy, Pierre Janet and Morton Prince used. automatic writing and crystal gazing as methods for revealing hidden memories and subconscious fixed ideas. Automatic writing brought to light subpersonalities, and enabled dialogues. with them to be held." For Janet and Prince the goal of holding such practices was to reintegrate the personality.

Jung was so taken by Flournoy's book that he offered to translate it into German, but Flournoy already had a translator. The impact of these studies is clear in Junga dissertation. where he approaches the case purely from a psychological angle Jung's work was closely modeled on Flournoy's From India to the Planet Mars, both in terms of subject matter and in its interpretation of the psychogenesis of Helenes spiritualistic romances. Jung's dissertation also indicates the manner in which he was utilizing automatic writing as a method of psychological investigation.

In 1902, he became engaged to Emma Rauschenbach, whom he married and with whom he had five children. Up till this point, Jung had kept a diary. In one of the last entiries, dated May 1902, he wrote "I am no longer mone with myself, and I can only artificially recall the scary and beautiful feeling of soutude This is the shadow side of the fortune of tove "" For Jung, his marriage marked a move away from the solicude to which he had been accustomed

In his youth, Jung had often visited Basel's art museum and was particularly drawn to the works of Holbein and Böcklin, as well as to those of the Dutch painters." Toward the end of his studies, he was much occupied with painting for about a year. His paintings from this period were landscapes in a representational style and show highly developed technical skills and fine technical proficiency. In 1902/3, Jung seft his post at the Burghölzh and went to Paris to study with the leading French psychologist Pierre. Janet, who was secturing at the Collège de France. During his stay, he devoted much time to painting and visiting museums. going frequently to the Louvre. He paid particular attention to ancient art, Egyptian antiquities, the works of the Renausance. Fra Angelico, Leonardo da Vinci, Rubena, and Frans Hala. Hebought paintings and engravings and had paintings copied for the furnishing of his new home. He painted in both oil and watercolor. In January 1903, he went to London and visited its museums, paying particular attention to the Egyptian, Asterand Inca conjections at the British Museum **

After his return, he took up a post that had become vacant at the Burghölzi and devoted his research to the analysis of linguatic associations, in collaboration with Franz Riklin. With co-workers, they conducted an extensive series of experiments, which they subjected to atatistical analyses The conceptual basis of Jung's early work lay in the work of Flourney and Janet which he attempted to fuse with the

research methodology of Wilhelm Wundt and Emil Kraepelin. Jung and Rikin atilized the associations experiment, devised by Francis Gatton and developed in psychology and psychiatry by Wundt, Kraepelin, and Gustav Aschaffenburg. The aim of the research project, instigated by Bleuter, was to provide a quick and rehable means for differential diagnosis. The Burghölzteam failed to come up with this, but they were struck by the significance of disturbances of reaction and protonged response. times. Jung and Rikan argued that these disturbed reactions were due to the presence of emotionally stressed complexes. and used their experiments to develop a general psychology of complexes "

This work established Jung's reputation as one of the rising stars of psychiatry. In 1906, he applied his new theory of complexes to study the psychogenesis of dementia praecox (later called schizophrenia) and to demonstrate the intelligibility of detusional formations." For Jung, along with a number of other psychiatrists and psychologists at this time, such as Janet and Adolf Meyer. insanity was not regarded as something completely set apart from sarrey, but rather as lying on the extreme end of a spectrum. Two years later, he argued that "If we feel our way into the human secrets of the sick person, the madness also reveals to system, and we recognize in the mental illness merely an exceptional reaction. to emotional problems which are not strange to as **

lung became increasingly disenchanted by the amitations of experimental and statistical methods in psychiatry and psychology. In the outpatient clinic at the Burghölzh, he presented hypnotic demonstrations. This ied to his interest in therapeutics, and to the use of the clinical encounter as a method of research. Around 1904, Bieuler introduced psychoanalysis into the Burghölzli and entered into a correspondence with Freud, asking Freud. for assistance in his analysis of his own dreams. 4 In 1906, Jung entered into communication with Freud. This relationship. has been much mythologized. A Freudocentric legend arose. which viewed Freud and psychoanalysu as the principal source for Jung's work. This has sed to the complete missocation of his work in the intellectual history of the twentieth century. On numerous occasions, lung protested. For instance, in an unpublished article written in the 1930s, "The schism in the Freudian school," he wrote: "I in no way exclusively stem from Freud I had my scientific attitude and the theory of complexes before I met Freud. The teachers that influenced me above all are Bleuler. Pierre Janet, and Théodore Flournoy."25 Freud and Jung clearly came from quite different intellectual traditions and were drawn together by shared interests in the psychogenesis. of mental disorders and psychotherapy. Their intention was to form a scientific psychotherapy based on the new psychology and, in turn, to ground psychology in the in-depth carries. investigation of individual lives

With the lead of Bleuler and Jung, the Burghöizh became the center of the psychoanalytic movement. In 1908, the Jahrbuch für psychoanalytische und psychopathologische Forschungen (Yearbook for Psychoanalytic and Psychopathological Researches)

¹⁶ Pierre raner Nitrottes et Mio fiers (Paris Atour 1898): Morton Prince, Clinica and Experimental Studio in Personality (Cambridge MA Sci-Art, 1929). See my "Automatic writing and the discovery of the unconscious." Spring: A Journal of Arthrops and Culture 54 (1993), pp. 100--131

ty Black Book 2, p. 1 () FA all the Black Books are in the JFA.

¹⁸ MP p. 664.

19 See Gerhard Wehr Au Illiamsted Biography of Jung, or M. Kohn (Boston, Shambula, 1989), p. 47 Antela Juffé ed., C. G. Jung, Word and Inneger (Princeton, Princeton Iniversity Press/B-llingen Series, 1979), pp. 42-42

²⁰ MP p 164, and unpublished lettera JFA I per mining in wight him in the cases of them in the heightly right of the pe

²² On the Psychology of Dementia Process: An Aftengel. W. s.

²³ The concent of the psychones," CW 3, 5339. 24 Freud archives, Library of Congress. See Errist Falzeder "The story of an ambivalent relationship Sigmand Freed and Engen Bleulec" formal of Analysical Psychology 52 (2007), pp. 343-68.

was established, with Biemer and Freud editors in chief and Jung. as managing editor. Due to their advocacy, psychoanalysis gained a hearing in the German psychiatric world. In 1909, Jung received an honorary degree from Clark University for his association researches. The following year, an international psychoanalytic. association was formed with Jung as the president. During the period of his collaboration with Freud, he was a principal architect. of the psychoanalytic movement. For Jung, this was a period of nume institutional and political activity. The movement was riven by dissent and acrimonious disagreements

The Intoxication of Mythology

In 1908, Jung bought some land by the shore of Lake Zürich in Kilsnacht and had a house built, where he was to live for the rest. of his life. In 1909, he resigned from the Burghölzh, to devote. furniself to his growing practice and his research interests. His retirement from the Burghölzh coincided with a shift in his research interests to the study of mythology, folklore, and religion. and he assembled a vast private (brary of scholarly works. These researches culminated in Transformations and Symbols of the Libido published in two installments in 1911 and 1912. This work can be seen to mark a return to Jung's intellectual roots and to his cultural and religious preoccupations. He found the mythological work exciting and intoxicating. In 1925 he recalled "it seemed to me I was living in an ansane asytum of my own making. I went about with all these fantastic figures: centaurs, nymphs, satyri, gods and goddesses, as though they were patients and I was analyzing them. I read a Greek or a Negro myth as if a lunatic were telling me his anamnesis."44 The end of the nuneteenth century had seen an explosion of scholarship in the newly founded disciplines of comparative religion and ethnopsychology Primary texts were collected and translated for the first time and subjected. to historical scholarship in collections such as Max Müller's Socred Books of the East of For many, these works represented an important relativization of the Christian worldview

In Transformations and Symbols of the Libido, Jung differentiated two kinds of thinking. Taking his cue from William James, among others, Jung contrasted directed thinking and fantasy thinking, The former was verbal and logical, while the latter was passive associative, and imagistic. The former was exemplified by science and the letter by mythology. Jung claimed that the ancients lacked a capacity for directed thinking, which was a modern acquisition. Fantasy thinking took place when directed thinking ceased Transformations and Symbols of the Libido was an extended study of fantasy thinking, and of the continued presence of mythological themes in the dreams and fantasies of contemporary individuals. Jung resterated the anthropological equation of the prehistoric the primitive, and the child. He held that the emcidation of current-day funtasy thinking in adults would concurrently shed light on the thought of children, savages, and prehistoric peoples.11

In this work, lung synthesized nineteenth century theories of memory, heredity, and the unconscious and posited a phylogenetic layer to the unconscious that was still present in everyone, consisting

of mythological images. For Jung, myths were symbols of the libido. and they depicted its typical movements. He used the comparative method of anthropology to draw together a vast panoply of myths, and then subjected them to analytic interpretation. He later termed his use of the comparative method "amphication." He claimed that there had to be typical myths, which corresponded to the ethnopsychological development of complexes. Following Jacob Burckhardt. Jung termed such typical myths "primordial images" (Urbilder). One particular myth was given a central role that of the hero. For Jung, this represented the life of the individual, attempting to become independent and to free himself from the mother. He interpreted the incest motif as an attempt to return to the mother to be reborn. He was later to herald this work as marking the discovery of the collective unconscious, though the term, tseif came at a later date ?

In a series of articles from 1912, Jung's friend and colleague Alphonse Maeder argued that dreams had a function other than that of wish fulfillment, which was a balancing or compensatory function. Dreams were attempts to solve the individual's moral conflicts. As such, they did not merely point to the past, but also prepared the way for the future. Maeder was developing Flournoy's views of the subconscious creative imagination, Jung was working along similar lines, and adopted Maeder's positions. For Jung and Maeder, this alteration of the conception of the dream brought with it an alteration of all other phenomena associated with the unconscious

In his preface to the 1952 revision of Transformations and Symbols of the Librae, lung wrote that the work was written in 1911, when he was thirty-aix. 'The time is a critical one, for it marks the beginning of the second half of life, when a metanoia, a mental transformation not infrequently occurs 200 He added that he was conscious of the loss of his collaboration with Freud, and was indebted to the support of his wife. After completing the work, he resuzed the significance of what it meant to live without a myth. One without a myth "is like one aprooted, having no true link either with the past or with the ancestrat life which continues within him, or yet with contemporary human society." As he further describes at

I was driven to ask myself in all seriousness. "what is the mythyou are riving?" I found no answer to this question, and had to admit that I was not aving with a myth, or even in a myth, but rather in an uncertain cloud of theoretical possibilities which I was beginning to regard with increasing distrust So in the most natural way. I took it upon myself to get to know "my" myth, and I regarded this as the task of tasks-for-so I told myself-how could I, when treating my patients, make due allowance for the personal factor, for my personal equation, which is yet so necessary for a knowledge of the other person, if I was unconscious of 1234

The study of myth had revealed to Jung his mythiessness. He then andertook to get to know his myth, his "personal equation." Thus we see that the self-experimentation which Jung undertook was in part a direct response to theoretical questions raised by his research. which had culminated in Transformations and Symbols of the Libido

¹⁶ Asralytical Psychology (p. 24.

¹⁷ Jung possessed a complete set of this.

¹⁸ Jung, The Psychology of the Cocomplose, CW B. \$36. In his 1952 revision of this term Jung qualified this (Symbols of Transformation, CW 5, \$29) 19 "Address on the founding of the C. G. Jung Institute, Zürich, 24 April, 1948," CW 18. \$1131

⁴¹ Ibia pixaa

⁴⁰ Bear 33 Cf. Audybied Psychology p. 25

"My Most Difficult Experiment"

In 1912, Jung had some significant dreams that he did not understand. He gave particular importance to two of these which he felt showed the limitations of Freud's conceptions of dreams. The first follows:

I was in a southern town, on a rising street with narrow half andings. It was twelve o'clock midday-bright sunshine. An old Austrian customs guard or someone similar passes by mellost in thought. Someone says, "that is one who cannot." die. He died atready 30-40 years ago, but has not yet managed. to decompose " I was very surprised. Here a striking figure came, a knight of powerful build, dad in yellowish armor-He looks soud and inscrutable and nothing impresses him-On his back he carries a red Maltese cross. He has continued to exist from the 12th century and daily between 12 and 1 o clock midday he takes the same route. No one marvels at these two apparitions, but I was extremely surprised.

I hold back my interpretive skills. As regards the old Austrian, Freud occurred to mer as regards the knight. I myself.

Inside, a voice calls. "It is all empty and disgusting," I

Jung found this dream oppressive and bewildering, and Freud was unable to interpret it a Around half a year later Jung had another dream

I dreamt at that time (it was shortly after Christmas 1912, that I was sitting with my children in a marvelous and richly furnished castie apartment—an open columned hall we were sitting at a round table, whose top was a marvelous dark green stone. Suddenly a gull or a dove flew in and sprang lightly onto the table. I admonished the children to be quiet so that they would not scare away the beautiful white bird. Suddenly this bird turned into a child of eight years, a small blond gut, and ran around playing with my children in the marvelous columned colonnades. Then the child suddenly turned into the gull or dove. She said the tollowing to me. "Only in the first hour of the night can I become kuman, while the male dove is busy with the rweive dead." With these words the bird flew away and I awoke.*

In Black Book 2. Jung noted that it was this dream that made. him decide to embark on a relationship with a woman he had met three years earlier (Too. Worff) " In 1925, he remarked that thu dream "was the beginning of a conviction that the anconacious did not consist of mert material only, but that there was something living down there "A He added that he thought." of the story of the Tabula maragina (emerald tablet), the twelve apostles, the signs of the Zodiac and so on, but that he could make nothing out of the dream except that there was a tremendous animation of the unconstious. I knew no technique of getting at the bottom of this activity all I could do was just wait, keep on living, and watch the fantasies." These dreams led him to analyze his childhood memories, but this did not resolve anything. He realized that he needed to recover the emotional tone of childhood. He recalled that as a child, he used to like to build houses and other. structures, and he took this up again.

While he was engaged in this self-analytic activity, he continued. to develop his theoretical work. At the Munich Psycho-Analytical Congress in September 1914, he spoke on psychological types He argued that there were two basic movements of the abidoextraversion, in which the subject's interest was oriented toward. the outer world, and introversion, in which the subject's interest. was directed inward. Following from this, he posited two types: of people characterized by a predominance of one of these tendencies. The psychologies of Freud and Adler were examples. of the fact that psychologies often took what was true of their type as generally valid. Hence what was required was a psychology. that did justice to both of these types 10.

The following month, on a train journey to Schaffhausen, Jung experienced a waking vision of Europe being devastated by a catastrophic flood, which was repeated two weeks later, on the same journey." Commenting on this experience in 1925, he remarked: "I could be taken as Switzerland fenced in by mountains." and the submergence of the world could be the debrit of my tormer relationships." This led him to the following diagnosis: of his condition: "I thought to myself. If this means anything, it means that I am hopelessly off."40 After this experience hing. feared that he would go mad " He recalled that he first thought. that the images of the vision indicated a revolution, but as he could not amagine this, he concluded that he was "menaced with a psychosis "" After this, he had a similar vision.

In the following winter I was standing at the window one might and looked North. I saw a blood-red glow, like the

³⁴ Eleck Book 2, pp. 25-26.

³⁹ In 1925, he gave the following interpretation to this dream: "The meaning of the dream lies in the principle of the ancestral figure not the Austrian officer—obviously he stood for the Freudlan theor. In the time to the principle of the ancestral figure not the Austrian officer—obviously he stood for the Freudlan theor. In the time of the times of Meister Eckhart, the time of the culture of the Knights when many ideas blossomed, only to be killed again, but they are coming again to the now However when I had this dream. I did not know this interpretation" (Analysisal Psychology p. 39,

⁹⁶ Black Book 2, pp. 17-18

p list, p. 17.

Standy that Prychology p. 40.

So that pay 40. 4. A literar material hong, moments in this discorn. Me had be thought the twelve dead men extended to the twelve days before Characters for that in the dark name of the year, when traditionally witches are about To say before Christman is to say before the ann lives again, for Christman day is at the turning point of the year when the junt blight was celebrated in the Mithrate religion. Only much saturated the dream to Hermes and the twelve doves. (Minings with Jung. Conversations recorded by E. A. Bounes therein 1966-1961 [Londons Anchor "rivis, 1962; Zürich. Daumon Verlag, 1965], p. 93). In 1961 in "The psychological aspects of his Kine" lung in writed some may not from Liber North (describing them all as part of a detain series) in an antisymnous form ("case Z.") tracing the transformations of his animal Hermes in the saturates of the saturates and the saturates of the saturates and the heaven an account of the saturates of the nature and can variab (i.e. become unconscious) from the human sphere (i.e. consciousness) (GW 9 5371) See also Maneries, pp 195-96.

⁴ to be questioned of which degrees upon the fit

⁴² Analytical Psychology pp. 43-44
43 Analytical Psychology pp. 43-44
43 Barbara Hannah recalls that 'Jung used to say an abta years that he statementing doubts as to his own cannot should have been allayed by the amount of success he was having at the same time in the outer world, especially in Americal' (C. G. Jung His 13ft and World A Biggraphical Memor [New York Perigner 1976], p. 109)

Sucker of the sea seen from afar, stretched from East to West across the northern horizon. And at that time someone asked me what I thought about world events in the near future. I said that I had no thoughts, but saw blood, rivers of blood.

In the years directly preceding the outbreak of war, apocalyptic imagery was widespread in European arts and attentive. For example in 1911, Wassily Kandinsky wrote of a coming universal catastrophe From 1912 to 1914, Ludwig Meidner painted a series of works known as the apocalyptic andscapes, with scenes of destroyed cities, corpses, and turnou, Frophecy was as the air. In 1899, the famous American medium Leonora Piper predicted that in the coming century there would be a terrible war in different parts of the world that would cleanse the world and reveal the truths of spiritualism. In 1918, Arthur Conan Doyle, the spiritualist and author of the Shedock Holmes stories, viewed this as having been prophetic."

In Jung's account of the fantasy on the train in Liber Norus, the inner voice and that what the fantasy depicted would become completely real. Initially, he interpreted this subjectively and prospectively, that in an depicting the imminent destruction of his world. His reaction to this experience was to undertake a psychological investigation of himself. In this epoch, self-experimentation was used in medicine and psychology. Introspection had been one of the main tools of psychological research.

Jung came to reacte that Transformations and Symbols of the Libido "could be taken as myself and that an analysis of it leads anevitably into an analysis of my own unconstituits processes." He had projected his material onto that of Miss Frank Miller, whom he had never met. Up to this point, hing had been an active thinker and had been averse to fantasy. "as a form of thinking I held it to be altogether impure, a sort of incestious intercourse, thoroughly immoral from an intellectual viewpoint." He now turned to analyze his fantasies, carefully noting everything, and had to overcome considerable resistance in doing this: "Permitting fantasy in myself had the same effect as would be produced on a man if he came into his workshop and found all the tools flying about doing things independently of his will." In studying his fantasies, hing realized that he was studying the myth-creating function of the mind.

lung picked up the brown notebook, which he had set aside in 1902, and began writing in it? He noted his inner states in metaphors, such as being in a desert with an anbearably hot sun (that is, consciousness). In the 1925 seminar, he recalled that it occurred to him that he could write down his reflections in a sequence. He was "writing autobiographical material but not as an autobiography."

dialogues onward, the dialogical form has been a prominent genre in Western philosophy. In 387 CE, St. Augustine wrote his Solloquies, which presented an extended dialogue between himself and "Reason." who instructs him. They commenced with the following lines.

When I had been pondering many different things to miself for a long time, and had for many days been seeking my own self and what my own good was, and what evil was to be avoided, there suddenly spoke to me—what was it? I myself or someone else, inside or outside me? (this is the very thing I would love to know but don't) *

While Jung was writing in Black Book 2

I said to myself, "What is this I am doing, it certainty is not science, what is it?" Then a voice said to me. "That is art." This made the strangest sort of impression upon me because it was not in any sense my impression that what I was writing was art. Then I came to this, "Perhaps my unconscious is forming a personality that is not I, but which is insisting on coming through to expression." I don't know why exactly, but I knew to a certainty that the voice that had said my writing was art had come from a woman. Well I said very emphatically to this voice that what I was doing was not art, and I felt a great resistance grow up within me. No voice came through, however, and I kept on writing. This time I caught her and said, "No it is not," and I felt as though an argument would ensue "

He thought that this voice was "the soul in the primitive sense." which he called the anima (the Latin word for roul) * He stated that "In putting down all this material for analysis, I was in effect writing letters to my arums, that ii part of myself with a different viewpoint from my own. I got remarks of a new character—I was in analysis with a ghost and a woman. "" In retrospect, he recalled that this was the voice of a Dutchpatient whom he knew from 1912 to 1918 who had persuaded a psychiatrist colleague that he was a misunderstood artist. The woman had thought that the unconscious was art, but Jung had maintained that it was nature." I have previously argued that the woman in question the only Dutch woman in Jung's circle at this time was Maria Mostzer, and that the psychiatrist in question was Jung's friend and colleague Franz Rikhn, who increasingly forsook analysis for painting. In 1913, he became a student of Augusto Giacometti's, the uncle of Alberto Giacometti, and an important early abstract painter in his own right "

⁴s Draft p 8
46 Genda Beever and ones Wagamana, Ladwig Meister: Zeichner, Mehr. Litmer 1884 1966 (Seutsgare: Verlag Gend Hatja, 1991), vol. 3 pp. 324-49. See Jay Winter

580 of Memory, Stor of Mountaing: The Greet War in European Cultural History ambridge instruction from 1995 pp. 45

47 Arthur Conan Doyle: The New Revolution and the Vint Message (London: Pir tip Press. 9 N. p. 9
40 and
51 Hours

grissi Pieria da. 4a - Norvalis opsens mirebraiks med black, henre it

^{4.} Analytis of Physiology p. 4-4.

4. Analytis of Physiology p. 4-4.

4. Analytis of Physiology p. 4-5. Waterof moths that Angeletine Thad been through a policy of material track of an accessor for and to be sold representation of the ages at off to the accessor by alking so gather wereing (p. 5.).

A period of interest about the form and the state of the subsequent of the appearance of the interest of a large to distinguity and the restriction of the appearance of the interest of a large to distinguity and the restriction of the appearance of the interest of a large to distinguity and the restriction of the appearance of the interest of a large to distinguity and the restriction of the appearance of the interest of the i

⁵⁶ Post p 44 97 Post p 46

⁴⁸ MP p. 127

⁴⁹ Riklin's printing generally followed the style of Augusto Giacometri: semi-hgurstine and fully abstract works, with soft floating colors. Private possession, Peter Riklin There is one painting of Riklin's from 1915/6, Ventucking on the Kucathatas in Zilrich, which was donated by Maria Moltter in 1949. Giacometri recalled: "Riklin's psychological knowledge was extraordinarily interesting and new to me. He was a modern magician. I had the feeling that he could do magic." (Vent Stange & Plenter Blesser der Erismonur (Zürich: Raschet, 1943), pp. 86-87).

The November entries in Buick Book 2 depict Jung's sense of his return to his som. He recounted the dreams that led him to optfor his scientific career, and the recent dreams that had brought him back to his sour. As he recalled in 1925, this first period of writing came to an end in November "Not knowing what would come next, I thought perhaps more introspection was needed I devised such a boring method by fantasizing that I was digging a hole, and by accepting this fantasy as perfectly real." The first such experiment took place on December 12, 1913.4

As indicated, Jung had had extensive experience studying mediums in trance states, during which they were encouraged to produce waking fantasies and visua, hallucinations, and had conducted experiments with automatic writing. Practices of visualization had also been used in various religious traditions. For example, in the fifth of the spiritual exercises of St. Ignatius. of Loyola, individuals are instructed on how to "see with the eyes of the imagination the length, breadth and depth of helf and to experience this with full sensory immediacy." Swedenborg also engaged in "spirit writing," In his spiritual diary, one entry reads:

26 JAN. 1748. Spirits, if permitted could possess those who speak with them to otterly, that they would be as though they were entirely in the world; and indeed, in a manner to man fest, that they could communicate their thoughts through their medium and even by letters: for they have sometimes, and indeed often directed my hand when writing, as though it were quite their own; so that they thought it was not I but themselves writing.

From 1909 onward in Vienna, the psychoanalyst Herbert Silberer. conducted experiments on himself in hypnagogic states Suberer attempted to allow images to appear. These images, he maintained, presented symbolic depictions of his previous train of thought. Suberer corresponded with Jung and sent him. offprints of his articles 4

In 1912, Ludwig Standenmaier (1865: 1933) a professor of experimental chemistry, published a work entitled Magaas an Experimental Science. Standenmajer had embarked on selfexperimentations in 1901, commencing with automatic Writing A series of characters appeared, and he found that he no longer needed to write to conduct dialogues with them.⁶ He also induced. acoustic and visual hallucinations. The aim of his enterprise was to use his self-experimentation to provide a scientific explanation of magac. He argued that the key to understanding magic lay in the concepts of halluctriations and the "underconsciousness" (Enterbrienfissein) and gave particular importance

to the role of personifications "Thus we see that Jung's procedure." closely resembled a number of historical and contemporary practices with which he was familiar.

From December 1913 onward he carried on in the same procedure deliberately evoking a fantasy in a waking state, and then entering into it as into a drama. These fantasies may be understood as a type of dramatized thinking in pictorial form. In reading his fantasies, the impact of Jung's mythological studies is clear. Some of the figures and conceptions derive directly from his readings, and the form and style bear witness to his fascination. with the world of myth and epic. In the Black Books, Jung wrote. down his fantasies in dated entries, together with reflections on has state of mind and his difficulties in comprehending the fantasies. The Black Books are not diamer of events, and very few dreams are noted in them. Rather, they are the records of an experiment. In December 1913, he referred to the first of the black books at the "book of my most difficult experiment ***

In retrospect, he recalled that his scientific question was to see what took place when he switched off consciousness. The example of dreams indicated the existence of background activity, and he wanted to give this a possibility of emerging, just as one does when taking mescalin.49

In an entry in his dream book on April 17, 1917, Jung noted "since then, frequent exercises in the emptying of consciousness "" Has procedure was clearly intentional, while its aim was to allow psychic contents to appear spontaneously. He recailed that beneath the threshold of consciousness, everything was animated. At times, it was as if he heard something. At other times he realized that he was whispering to himself."

From November 1913 to the following July, he remained ancertain: of the meaning and significance of his undertaking, and concerning the meaning of his fantasies, which continued to develop. During thus tame, Philemon, who would prove to be an important figure in subsequent fantasies, appeared in a dream. Jung recounted

There was a blue sky, ake the sea, covered not by clouds but by flat brown clods of earth. It tooked as if the clods were breaking apart and the blue water of the sea were becoming visible between them. But the water was the blue sky. Suddenly there appeared from the right a wanged being sailing across the sky. I saw that it was an old man with the horns of a but. He held a bunch of four keys, one of which he chatched as if he were about to open a lock. He had the wings of the kingfisher with its characteristic colors. Since I did not understand this dream image. I painted it in order to impress to upon my memory."

⁶⁰ Analytical Psychology p. 46.
61 The vision chai ensued is found below in Lifer Private, chapter 5. Journey into Hell in the Forure * p. 24.
62 Sc. Ignazius of 20yota, "The spiritual exercises," in Periodal Writings to J. Muturits and P. Endean (London Penguin, 1996), p. 298. In 1939/40 Jung presented.

a psychological commencacy on the specimen exercises of St. Ignatius of Loyula at the ETH (Pidemor Series, forthcoming)

63 This passage was reproduced by William White in has Swedowery His after and Williams vol. (London, Bath, 1867). pp. 293-94. In Jurg's copy of this work, he marked

the second half of this passage with a line in the margin 64 See Silberei, "Bericht über eine Methode gewisse symbolische Halluzinations-Exscheinungen hervorzurufen und zu beobachten." Jehrbach für psychomolysische med

psychopathologische Forschungen 2 (1909), pp. \$13-25.

65 Standenmaier. Die Mege als experimentelle Naturarbiseurcheft (Leupzig, Akademische Verlagsgesellschaft, 1914). p. 19

on long acidi go at attackenimaer a book and marked some passages in it

⁶⁸ MP p. 38) 69 Diewos 184 p. 4

⁷⁰ MF p. 145. To Margaret Outrownki-Sachs, Jung said "The technique of active imagination can prove very important in difficult attuations—where there is a visitation, ill maker serve when one has the feeling of being up against a brank wall ill experienced in when is eparated from Freud and not know what it hough only felt. It is not so. Then I conceived of symbolic thinking and after two years of active imagination so many ideas cushed in on me that a could hardly desend myself. The same shoughts recurred. I appealed to my hands and began to carve wood—and then my way became clear" (From Conversations with C. G. Jung [Zürich: [uris Druck Verlag, (971], p. 18).

ч Менопел, р. дол

While he was painting this image, he found a dead kingfisher (which is very rarely found in the vicinity of Zürich) in his garden by the take shore $^\infty$

The date of this dream is not clear. The figure of Philemon first appears in the Black Books on January 27, 1914, but without kingfisher wings. To Jung, Philemon represented superior insight, and was like a guru to him. He would converse with him in the garden. He recalled that Philemon evolved out of the figure of Elijah, who had previously appeared in his fantasies.

Philemon was a pagan and brought with him an Egypto Hellemic atmosphere with a Gnostic coloration. It was he who taught me psychic objectivity, the reality of the psyche Through the conversations with Philemon, the distinction was clarified between myself and the object of my thought Psychologically. Philemon represented superior insight ²

On April 20. Jung resigned as president of the International Psychoanalytical Association. On April 30, he resigned as a secturer in the medical faculty of the University of Zürich. He recailed that he feir that he was in an exposed position at the ansversity and left that he had to find a new orientation, as it would otherwise be unfair to teach students. In June and July, he had a thrice-repeated dream of being in a foreign land and having to return home quickly by ship, followed by the descent of an ity cold.

On July 10, the Zürich Psychoanalytical Society voted by 15 to 1 to leave the International Psychoanalytic Association. In the minutes, the reason given for the necession was that Freud had established an orthodoxy that impeded free and independent research. The group was renamed the Amociation for Analytical Psychology, Jung was actively involved in this association, which met fortrightly He also maintained a busy therapeutic practice. Between 1913 and 1914, he had between one and nine consultations per day, five days a week, with an average of between five and seven "

The minutes of the Association for Analytical Psychology offer no indications of the process that Jung was going through. He does not refer to his fantasies, and continues to discuss theoretical issues in psychology. The same holds true in his surviving correspondences during this period.* Each year he continued his military service duties.* Thus he maintained his professional activities and familial responsibilities during the day, and deducated his evenings to his self-explorations. Indications are that this partitioning of activities continued during the next few years, hing recalled that during this period his family and profession "always remained a joyful reality and a guarantee that I was normal and really existed."

The question of the different ways of interpreting such fantasies was the subject of a talk that he presented on July 24 before the Psycho-Medical Society in London. On psychological

anderstanding," Here, he contrasted Freud's analytic reductive method, based on causanty, with the constructive method of the Zürich school. The shortcoming of the former was that through tracing things back to antecedent elements, it dealt with only half of the picture, and failed to grasp the tiving meaning of phenomena. Someone who attempted to understand Goethe's Faur in such a manner would be like someone who tried to understand a Gothic cathedral under its mineratogical aspect. The dving meaning "only aves when we experience it in and through ourselves." Inasmuch as afe was essentially new, it could not be understood merely retrospectively. Hence the constructive standpoint asked "how out of this present psyche, a bridge can be built into its own future *** This paper implicitly presents Jung's rationale for not embarking on a causal and retrospective analysis of his fantasies. and serves as a caution to others who may be tempted to do so Presented as a critique and retormwation of psychoanalysis. Jungs new mode of interpretation links back to the symbolic method of Swedenborg's spiritual hermeneutics

On July 28, Jung gave a talk on "The importance of the unconscious in psychopathology" at a meeting of the British Medical Association in Aberdeen." He argued that in cases of neurosis and psychosis, the unconscious attempted to compensate the one-sided conscious attitude. The unbalanced individual defends himself against this, and the opposites become more polarized. The corrective impulses that present themselves in the language of the unconscious should be the beginning of a heating process, but the form in which they break through makes them anacceptable to consciousness.

A month earlier on June 28 Archduke Franz Ferdanand, the heir to the Austro-Hangarian empire was assassinated by Gavrilo Princip, a nineteen-year-old Serb student. On August I was broke out. In 1925 Jung recalled. "I had the feeling that I was an over-compensated psychosis, and from this feeling I was not released till August 1" 1914." Years later he said to Mircea Eliade.

As a psychiatrist I became worned wondering if I was not on the way to "doing a schizophrenia" as we said in the language of those days. I was just preparing a secture on schizophrenia to be delivered at a congress in Aberdeen and I kept saying to myself "I'll be speaking of myself! Very likely I'll go mad after reading out this paper." The congress was to take place in July 1914 exactly the same period when I saw myself in my three dreams voyaging on the Southern seas. On huy 31° immediately after my lecture I learned from the newspapers that war had broken out Finally I understood. And when I disembarked in Holland on the next day, nobody was happier than I. Now I was sure that no schizophrenia was threatening me. I understood that my dreams and my visions came to me from the subsoil of the collective undonscious. What remained for

```
Memorial pp 10° 8
4 Memorial pp 10° 8
4 Memorial pp 11° 14
7 Not below p 11°
7 Iung's appearament books, JFA
78 This is based on a comprehensive study of Jung's correspondences in the ETH up its (930 and in other archives and collections 79 These were: 1913, 16 days, 1914, 14 days, 1915, 67 days: 1916, 34 days; 1917, 117 days (Jung's military service books, JFA
80 See below, p. 238
81 Memories p. 214.
82 Jung, 'On psychological understanding,' CW 3, $746
83 Hold, $398.
84 bid, $399
85 Analytical Psychology p. 44.
```

me to do now was to deepen and validate this discovery. And this is what I have been trying to do for forty years.**

At this moment, Jung considered that his fantasy had depicted not what would happen to him, but to Europe. In other words. that it was a precognition of a collective event, what he would ater call a "big" dream. After this realization, he attempted to see whether and to what extent this was true of the other fantanes. that he experienced, and to understand the meaning of this correspondence between private fantasies and public events This effort makes up much of the subject matter of Liber Novas In Sandings he wrote that the outbreak of the war had enabled him to understand much of what he had previously experienced and had given him the courage to write the earlier part of Liber Norman Thus he took the outbreak of the war as showing him. that his feet of going mad was misplaced. It is no exaggeration to say that had war not been declared, Liber Norus would in all likelihood not have been compiled. In 1955/56, while discussing active amagination, Jung commented that "the reason why the involvement looks very much like a psychosis is that the patient is integrating the same fantasy-material to which the insane person falls victim because he cannot integrate it but is swallowed up by it. ""

It is important to note that there are around twelve separate fantasies than king may have regarded as precognitive

E A OUTOBER 1913

Repeated vision of flood and death of thousands. and the voice that said that this will become rea-

3. AUTUMN 1913

Vision of the sea of blood covering the northern lands

4-5. DECEMBER 12-15, 1913

Image of a dead hero and the staying of Stegfried in a dream. DECEMBER 25, 1913

Image of the foot of a giant stepping on a city, and images. of murder and bloody crucity

7 JANUARY 2, 1914

Image of a sea of blood and a procession of dead maintudes. 8 JANUARY 22, 1914

His soul comes up from the depths and asks him if he will accept war and destruction. She shows him images of destruction, military weapons, human remains, sunkenships, destroyed states, etc.

9 MAY 21 1914

A voice says that the sacrificed fall left and right IO: 12 JUNE: TULY 1914

Thrice-repeated dream of being in a foreign land and having to return quickly by ship, and the descent of the icy cold."

Liber Novus

Jung now commenced writing the draft of Liber Novas. He faithfully transcribed most of the fantasies from the Black Books. and to each of these added a section explaining the significance of each episode, combined with a tyrical elaboration. Word by-word comparison indicates that the fantastes were faithfully reproduced. with only minor editing and division into chapters. Thus the sequence of the fantasies in Liber North nearly always exactly corresponds to the Black Books. When it is indicated that a particular fantasy happened "on the next night" etc., this is always accurate, and not a stylistic device. The language and content of the material were not altered. Jung maintained a "fidelity to the event," and what he was writing was not to be mistaken for a fiction. The draft begins with the address to "My. friends," and this phrase occurs frequently. The main difference between the Black Books and Liber Norus is that the former were written for Jung's personal use, and can be considered the records. of an experiment, white the latter is addressed to a public and presented in a form to be read by others.

In November 1914, Jung closely studied Nietzsche's Thus Spoke Zarathustra, which he had first read in his youth. He later recalled "then suddenly the spirit seized me and carried me to a desert." country in which I read Zarathustra." It strongly shaped the structure and style of Liber Novus. Like Nietzsche in Zarathustra. Jung divided the material into a series of books comprised of short chapters. But whereas Zarathustra proclaimed the death of God, Liber Novas depicts the rebirth of God in the soul. There are also indications that he read Dante's Commedia at this time, which also informs the structure of the work." Liber Noves depicts Jung's descent into Heli. But whereas Dante could utilize an established cosmology, Liber Novas is an attempt to shape an individual cosmology. The role of Philemon in Jung's work has analogies to that of Zarathustra in Nietzschr's work and Virgil in Dante's.

In the Draft, about 50 percent of the material is drawn directly. from the Black Books. There are about thirty-five new sections of commentary In these sections, he attempted to derive general psychological principles from the fantasies, and to understand to what extent the events portrayed in the fantasies presented, in a symbolic form, developments that were to occur in the world. In 1913. Jung had introduced a distinction between interpretation. on the objective level in which dream objects were treated as representations of real objects, and interpretation on the subjective. level in which every element concerns the dreamers themselves.³⁴ As well as interpreting his fantasies on the subjective level, one could characterize has procedure here as an attempt to interpret. his fantasies on the "collective" level. He does not try to interpret. his fantasies reductively, but sees them as depicting the functioning

By Combit interview (1954). C. G. Jung Speaking: Interviews and Escopulars, eds. William McGuare and R.F.C. Hall (Bullingers Section, Princeton. Princeton. Iniversity Press. 977) pp 445: 54. See below p 431 85 See below p 441

By Sei billow p 35" 90 Misstraum Confunctional CW 14 \$756 On the myth of langs madness first promoted by Froudians as a means of misslating his work, see my long Stripped Bare 87 His Diographero Even

⁹¹ See below pp. 198- 9-231, 237, 241, 252, 273, 305, 335 Circuits 1934-9 (Bollingen Scriets Princeton Princeton University Press, 1988) p. 381. On Jung's reading of

Jolumb Weaver Santamello, and Romald Letmer , Albany SUNY Press (1993) p. 69. 213.

93 in Black Book 2. Fung cited certain caretos from "Purgatorio" on December 26. 1913 (p. 104). See below, note 213, p. 252.

94 in 1913 Madder had refer teed to long's "excellent expression" of the objective level and the mubjective level." ("Uber das Tasumproblem Infrirms for psychostophilologische Forethrogen 5, 1913 pp. 657-8). Jung discussed that in the Zürich Psychosmalytical Society on 30. invasing 1914. MZS.

of general psychological principles in him (such as the relation of introversion to extraversion, thinking and pleasure, etc.), and as depicting literal or symbolic events that are going to happen. Thus the second layer of the Drift represents the first major and extended attempt to develop and apply his new communitive method. The second layer is itself a hermeneutic experiment to a critical sense Liber Norm does not require supplemental interpretation, for it contains its own interpretation.

In writing the Math Jung did not add acholarly references though unreferenced citations and allusions to works of philosophy, religion, and attenues abound. He had self-consciously chosen to seave scholarship to one side. Yet the fantasses and the reflections on them in the Red Book are those of a scholar and indeed, much of the self-experimentation and the composition of Liber Naturation place in his abrary. It is quite possible that he might have added references if he had decided to publish the work.

After completing the handwritten Draft Jung had it typed and edited it. On one manuscript he made afterstions by hand (I refer to this manuscript as the Corrected Drift) Judging from the annotations, it appears that he gave it to someone (the handwriting is not that of Emma Jung, Toni Wolff, or Maria Mottzer). to read, who then commented on Jung's editing, indicating that some sections which he had intended to cut should be retained in The first section of the work--unused, but effectively Liber Primar-was composed on parchment. Jung then commissioned a large folio volume of over 600 pages, bound in red leather, from the bookbinders, Emil Sperit. The spine bears the title. Liker Noviu. He then inserted the parchment pages into the fono volume, which continues with Lifer Securiors. The work is organized like a medieval illuminated munuscript, with calligraphic writing, headed by a table of abbreviations. Jung titled the first book "The Way of What is to Come," and placed beneath this some ditations from the book of Issuah and from the gospet according to John. Thus it was presented as a prophetic work.

In the Draft, Jung had divided the material into chapters. In the course of the transcription into the red leather folio, he altered some of the titles to the chapters, added others, and edited the material once again. The cuts and attentions were predominantly to the second layer of interpretation and elaboration, and not to the fantasy material itself, and mainly consisted in shortening the text. It is this second layer that Jung continually reworked. In the transcription of the text in this edition, this second layer has been indicated, so that the chronology and composition are visible. As Jung's comments in the second layer sometimes implicitly refer forward to fantasies that are found later in the text, it is also helpful to read the fantasies straight through in chronological sequence, followed by a continuous reading of the second layer.

Jung then illustrated the text with some paintings, historiated initials, ornamental borders, and margins. Initially, the paintings refer directly to the text. At a later point, the paintings become

more symbolic. They are active imaginations in their own right.

The combination of text and image recalls the illuminated works of William Blake, whose work jung had some familiarity with 11

A preparatory deaft of one of the images in Liber Norms has survived, which indicates that they were carefully composed starting from pencil sketches that were then elaborated. The composition of the other images likely followed a similar procedure from the paintings of Jung's which have survived, it is striking that they make an abrupt less from the representational landscapes of 1902/3 to the abstract and semifigurative from 1915 onward.

Art and the Zürich School

lang's abrary roday contains few books on modern art, though nome books were probably dispersed over the years. He possessed, a catalogue of the graphic works of Oddon Redon, as well as a study of him * He tikely encountered Redon's work when he was in Paris. Strong echoes of the symbolist movement appear in the paintings in Liber Norse.

In October of 1910. Jung went on a bicycle tour of northern Italy, together with his colleague. Hans Schmid. They visited Ravenna, and the frestos and mossics there made a deep impression on han. These works seemed to have had an impact on his paintings the use of strong colors, mossic like forms, and two-dimensional figures without the use of perspective.**

In .013 when he was in New York, he akety attended the Armory Show, which was the first major international exhibition of modern art in America (the show ran to March 15, and Jung seft for New York on March 4). He referred to Marcel Duchamp's puinting Nulle descending the states in his 1925 seminar, which had caused a furor there.** Here, he also referred to having studied the course of Picusso's paintings. Given the lack of evidence of extended study, Jung's knowledge of modern art probably derived more immediately from direct acquaintance.

During the First World War, there were contacts between the members of the Zürsch school and artists. Both were part of avant-garde movements and antersecting social circles.16 In 1973, Erika Schiegel came to Jung too analysis. She and her husband, Eugen Schiegel, had been friendly with Toni Wolff. Erika Schlegei was Sophie Taeuber's sister, and became the librarian of the Psychological Club, Members of the Psychological Club were invited to some of the Dada events. At the celebration of the opening of the Gallery Dada on March 29, 1917, Hugo Bail notes members of the Club in the audience. The program that evening included abstract dances by Sophie Taeuber and poems by Hago Ball. Hans Arp, and Trutan Tzata. Sophie Taeuber, who had studied with Laban, arranged a dance class for members. of the Club together with Arp. A masked ball was also held and she designed the contumes.19 In 1918, she presented a marionette play King Deer, in Zürich. It was set in the woods by the Burghölzis

The example in cape is if the error tot find forescene Who cur' increme in the margin long existents hash that above and returned the emphatiques for the wind good of the error of the end of the error of the error

Freud Analytikus, opposed by Dr. Oedipus Complex, is transformed anto a parror by the Ur. Libido, parodically taking up themes from Jung's Transformations and Symbols of the Libido and his conflict with Freud. However, relations between Jung's circle and some of the Dadasts became more strained. In May 1917, Emmy Hennings wrote to Hugo Ball that the "psycho-Club" had now gone away. In 1918, Jung criticized the Dada movement in a Swiss review, which did not escape the attention of the Dadasts. The critical element that separated Jung's pictorial work from that of the Dadasts was his overriding emphasis on meaning and signification.

Jung's self-explorations and creative experiments did not occur in a vacuum. During this period, there was great interest in art and painting within his circle. Alphonse Maeder wrote a monograph on Ferdinand Hodler⁶⁹ and had a friendly correspondence with him ⁶⁰. Around 1916. Maeder had a series of visions or waking fantasies, which he published pseudonymously. When he told Jung of these events, Jung replied, "What you too?" Hans Schmid also wrote and painted his fantasies in something akin to the Nonis. Moltzer was keen to increase the artistic activities of the Zürich school. She felt that more artistic activities of the Zürich school. She felt that more artistic were needed in their circle and considered Riklin at a mode. ¹⁰ J. B. Lang, who was analyzed by Riklin, began to paint symbolic paintings. Moltzer had a book that she cauch her Bible, in which she put pictures with writings. She recommended that her patient Fanny Bowditch Katz do the same thing."

In 1919. Rikhn exhibited some of his paintings as part of the "New Life" at the Kunitham in Zürich described as a group of Swiss Expressionists alongside Hans Arp. Sophie Taeuber Francis Picabia, and Augusto Glacomett. With his personal connections, Jung could eas by have exhibited some of his works in such a setting, had he so liked. Thus his refusal to consider his works as art occurs in a context where there were quite real possibilities for him to have taken this route.

On some occasions, Jung discussed art with Erika Schiegel. She noted the following conversation.

I wore my pearl medallion (the pearl embroidery that Sophie had made for me) at Jung's yesterday. He aked it very much, and opported him to talkanimatedly about artificial most an hour. He discussed Riklin, one of Augusto Giacometri's students, and observed that while his smaller works had a certain aesthetic value, his larger ones simply dissolved. Indeed, he vanished wholly in his art, rendering him utterly intangible. His work was like a wall over which water rippled. He could therefore not analyze, as this required one to be pointed and sharp-edged, like a knife. He had falien into art

in a manner of speaking. But art and science were no more than the servants of the creative spirit, which is what must be served.

As regards my own work it was also a matter of making out whether it was really art. Fairy taxes and pictures had a rengious meaning at bottom. I, too, know that somehow and sometime it must reach people.¹⁰

For Jung, Franz Riklin appears to have been something like a doppenganger whose fate he was keen to avoid. This statement also indicates Jung's relativization of the status of art and science to which he had come through his self-experimentation.

Thus the making of Liber Novus was by no means a peculiar and idiosyncratic activity nor the product of a psychous. Rather it indicates the close intersections between psychological and artistic experimentation with which many individuals were engaged at this time.

The Collective Experiment

In 1915, Jung held a lengthy correspondence with his colleague Hans Schmid on the question of the understanding of psychological types. This correspondence gives no direct signs of Jung's self-experimentation, and indicates that theories he developed during this period did not stem solely from his active imaginations, but also in part consisted of conventional psychological theorizing. On March 5, 1915, Jung wrote to Smith Ely Jeliffe

I am still with the army in a little town where I have plenty of practical work and horseback riding. Until I had to join the army I lived quietly and devoted my time to my patients and to my work. I was especially working about the two types of psychology and about the synthesis of unconscious tendencies."

During his self-explorations, he experienced states of turmod. He recalled that he experienced great tear and sometimes had to hold the table to keep himself together. If and "I was frequently so wrought up that I had to eliminate the emotions through yoga practices. But since it was my purpose to learn what was going on within myself. I would do them only until I had caimed myself and could take up again the work with the anconscious."

He recalled that Toru Wolff had become drawn into the process in which he was involved, and was experiencing a similar stream of images. Jung found that he could discuss his experiences with her but she was disconnected and in the same mess in likewise, his

^{104.} The puppers are in the Bellecive remeum, Zilrich See Bruno Mikol, "Sur le théatre de marionnettes de Sophoe Taeuber-Arp," in Sophie Taeuber 15 Décembre 1665-Mars 1910. Musée d'art moderne de la ville de Paris. pp. 59-68.

¹⁰⁵ Hugo Ball and Emmy Hennings, Daniels in Zürich: Briefe ins der Jahren 1915- 1927 (Zürich: Die Arche, 1978), p. 133-106 Jung, "On the unconscious." CW 10, 544. Pharmouse, Data Rimin 391 (1919). Tristan Taam, Data, nos. 4- 5 (1919)

not Ferdinand Halder Eine Shitme seller seelischen Entwicklung und Bedeutung für die schweiserlich-mittenale Kultur (Züricht Rauchen 1916)

¹⁰⁸ Maeder papers

¹⁰⁹ Maeder interview, Jung biographical archive. Countway Library of Medicine. p. 9

o Franz Riklin to Sophie Ratlin. May 20, 1915, Riklin papers
in On August (). (916. Fansy Bowelitch Katz, who was in analyzis with her at this time, noted as her diary "Of her p.e. Moltzer) book—ber Bible—pictures and each with writing which must also do Armeding in Natz. Moltzer regarded be naturing as provide time on any work of art? (July 3). Countwey albeary of Medicine) On another occasion, Katz notes as her duary that Moltzer Papoke of Art, real art, being the expression of some of Riklin's paintings in a talk at the Psychological Chib (in my wir Fittlour Jung and the Founding of Analysical Psychology [Londoir Routledge 1906] p 10.2). On Lung, see Thomas Feirknecht ed. "Die dorthe and white Safte der Soft." Hometon Rich Beisginsche mit school Psychology 1906—1906 (Frankfatt)
Schrkampf, 2006.

^{112 &}quot;Des Neue Leben," Erst Austrillung, Kunsthaus Zürich T.B. Lang noted an occasion at Riklin's house at which tung and Augusto Giscounstin were also present (Diary, December 4, 1916, p. 9, Lang papers, Swiss Literary Archives, Berne)

¹¹³ March D. 1921. Natebooks. Schlegel papers. 114 John Beebe and Ernst Falzeder, eds. Philmon Smits, forthcoming.

¹¹⁵ John Burnham, Jeliffe American Psychonnetyst and Physician & His Correspondents with Sigmond Frend and G. G. Jung, ed. William McGwire

havings is novembry of contago Press, yes, ipp 196-94, its MP p. 74.

Мимпи р дог

MP p r 4

wife was anable to help him in this regard. Consequently, he noted, "that I was able to endure at all was a case of brute force "100

The Psychological Club had been founded at the beginning of 1916, through a gift of 360,000 Swiss france from Edith Rockefeller McCormick who had come to Zürich to be analyzed. by Jung in 1913. At its inception, it had approximately sixty. members. For Jung, the aim of the Club was to study the relation. of individuals to the group, and to provide a naturalistic setting for psychological observation to overcome the amitations of one-toone analysis, as well as to provide a venue where patients could warm to adapt to social situations. At the same time, a professional body of analysts continued to meet together as the Association for Analytical Psychology** Jung participated fully in both of these organizations

Jung's self-experimentation also heralded a change in his analytic work. He encouraged his patients to emback apon similar processes of self-experimentation. Patients were instructed on how to conduct active anagination, to hold inner dialogues, and to paint their fantasies. He took his own experiences as paradigmatic. In the 1925 seminar he noted: "I drew all my empirical material from my patients, but the solution of the problem 1 drew from the inside from my observations of the anconscious processes ""

Tina Keller, who was in analysis with Jung from 1912, recalls that Jung "often spoke of himself and his own experiences"

In those early days, when one arrived for the analytic hour, the so-called "red book" often stood open on an easel. In it Dr. Jung that been painting or had just finished a picture. Sometimes he would show me what he had done and comment apon it. The careful and precise work he put into these pictures and into the illuminated text that accompanied. them were a testimony to the amportance of this undertaking, The master thus demonstrated to the student that psychic development is worth time and effort "

In her analyses with lung and Toni Wolff, Keller conducted active imaginations and also painted. Far from being a solitary endeavor, Jung's confrontation with the anconscious was a collective one, in which he took his patients along with him. Those around lung formed an avant-garde group engaged in a social experiment that they hoped would transform their lives and the lives of those around them.

The Return of the Dead

Amid the unprecedented carnage of the war, the theme of the return of the dead was widespread, such as in Abel Gance's film Jacous ** The death toll also led to a revival of interest in spiritual. asm. After nearly a year, Jung began to write again in the Black Books in 1915, with a further series of fantasies. He had already completed the handwritten draft of Liber Primus and Liber Secundas 1st At the beginning of 1916, Jung experienced a striking series of parapsy chological events in his house. In 1923, he narrated this event to Carry de Angulo (later Baynes). She recorded it as follows:

One night your boy began to rave in his aleep and throw himself about saying he couldn't wake up. Finally your wife had to call you to get him quiet & this you could only do by cold cloths on him: finally he settled down and went on aleeping. Next morning he woke up remembering nothing but seemed atterly exhausted, so you told him not to go to school he didn't ask why but seemed to take it for granted. But quite unexpectedly he asked for paper. and colored pencils and set to work to make the following picture- a man was angling for fishes with book and ane in the middle of the picture. On the left was the Devil. saying something to the man, and your son wrote down what he said. It was that he had come for the fisherman because he was catching his fishes, but on the right was an ange, who said, "No you can't take this man, he is taking only bad fishes and none of the good ones." Then after your son had made that picture he was quite content. The same night two of your daughters thought that they had seen spooks in their rooms. The next day you wrote out the "Sermons to the Dead " and you knew after that nothing more would disturb your family, and nothing did. Of course I knew you were the fisherman in your son's picsure, and you told me so, but the boy didn't know it. "

In Memories, Jung recounted what followed:

Around five o'clock in the afternoon on Sunday the front doorbell began ringing frantically Everyone immediately tooked to see who was there, but there was no one in sight. I was sitting near the doorbell, and not heard it but saw it moving. We all simply stared at one another. The atmosphere was thick, believe met Then I knew something had to happen The whole house was as if there was a crowd present crammed full of spirits. They were packed deep right up to the door and the air was so thick it was scarcely possible to breathe. As for myself, I was all aquiver with the question. "For God's sake, what in the world is this?" Then they cried out in chorus, "We have come back from Jerusalem where we found not what we sought." That is the beginning of the Septem Sermones

Then it began to flow out of me, and in the course of three evenings the thing was written. As soon as I took up the pen, the whose ghastly assemblage evaporated. The room quieted and the atmosphere cleared. The haunting was over mi

The dead had appeared in a tantasy on January 17, 1914, and had said that they were about to go to Jerusalem to pray at the holiest graves.20 Their trip had evidently not been successful. The Septem Sermones at Mornios is a culmination of the fantasies of this period. It is a psychological cosmology east in the form of a gnostic creation myth. In Jung's fantasies, a new God had been born in tus soul, the God who is the son of the frogs. Abraxas Jung understood this symbolically. He saw this figure as representing

⁻¹⁹ Menorier, p. 201

⁴⁰ to the constitution of the Tlub see my Cult Fictions C. C. Jungand the Faunding of Analysical Psychology

a) Antalytical Psychology p 44

jung some recovered and reflections, finance light 45 f. 972) p. 1. On You Kelle, see Woody Swam 1. G. ling and Active magination (Southellaken) VDM, 2007)

¹⁾ See Winter, Sites of Memory, Sites of Memoring, pp. 48, 69, and 133: 44
124 There is a note added in Block Back 5 or this point. In this time (be and 11 points for the Red Back) were written Directly after the beginning of the war" (p. 86). The main acropt is in Jung's hand, and of the Red Book, was added by someone also IST CFB

un Memteries pp. 4.5. Itá

un Sec below pilizay.

the uniting of the Christian God with Satan, and hence as depicting a transformation of the Western God-image. Not until 1952 in Answer to job did Jung etaborate on this theme in public

Jung had studied the literature on Gnosticism in the course. of his preparatory reading for Transformations and Symbols of the Libito In January and October 1915, while on military service. he studied the works of the Gnostics. After writing the Septem Sermones in the Black Books, Jung recopied it in a calligraphic script into a separate book, slightly rearranging the sequence. He added the following asscription under the title: "The seven instructions of the dead. Written by Basilides in Alexandria. the city where the East southes the West "124 He then had this privately printed adding to the inscription. "Translated from the Greek original into German." This legend indicates the stylistic effects on Jung of late-mineteenth-century classical scholarship. He recailed that he wrote it on the occasion of the founding of the Psychological Club, and regarded it as a gift to Edith Rockefeller McCormick for founding the Club.100 He gave copies to friends and confidents. Presenting a copy to Alphonse Macder he wrote

I could not prename to put my name to it but chose instead the name of one of those great minds of the early Christian era which Christianity obliterated. It fell quite unexpectedly into my lap like a ripe fruit at a time of great stress and has kindled a light of hope and comfort for me in my bad hours."

On January 16, 1916 Jung drew a mandala in the Black Books (see Appendix A) This was the first sketch of the "Systema. Munditotius? He then proceeded to paint this. On the back of it he wrote in English: "This is the first mandala I constructed in the year 1916, wholly unconscious of what it meant." The fantasies in the Biack Book continued. The Systema Munditotius is a pictorial cosmology of the Sermones

Between June 11 and October 2, 1917 Jung was on military service in Chateau d'Oex, as commander of the English prisoners of war Around August, he wrote to Smith Ely Jeaffe that his mustary service had taken him completely away from his work and that, on his return he hoped to finish a long paper about the types. He concluded the letter by writing, "With as everything is unchanged and quiet. Everything else is swallowed by the war-The psychosis is still increasing, going on and on."17

At this time, he felt that he was still in a state of chaos and that it only began to clear toward the end of the war.10 From the beginning of August to the end of September he drew a series of twenty-seven mandalas in pencil in his army notebook, which he preserved in At first, he did not understand these mandaias. but felt that they were very significant. From August 20, he drew a mandala on most days. This gave him the feeling that he had taken a photograph of each day and he observed how these manda.

his changed. He recalled that he received a letter from "this Dutch woman that got on my nerves terribly "™ In this letter this woman, that is, Moitzer, argued that "the fantasies stemming from the unconstrous possessed artistic worth and should be considered as art "81 Jung found this troubling because it was not stupid and, moreover, modern painters were attempting to make art out of the anconscious. This awoke a doubt in him whether his fantasies. were really spontaneous and natural. On the next day, he drew a mandala, and a piece of it was broken off, leaving the symmetry.

Only now did I gradually come to what the mandala really as "Formation, transformation, the eternal mind's eternarecreation." And that is the self-the wholeness of the personality, which, when everything is well, is harmonious, but which can bear no self deception. My mandaia images were cryptograms on the state of my self, which were delivered to me each day*

The mandala in question appears to be the mandala of August 6. 1917^{to} The second line is from Goethe's Faust. Mephistopheles is addressing Faust, giving hum directions to the realm of the Mothers

MEPHISTOPHELES

A glowing tripod will finally show you that you are in the deepest, most deepest ground By its light you will see the Mothers the one sits, others stand and wate. as it may chance. Formation, transformations the eternal mind's eternal recreation Covered in images of all creatures, they do not see you, since they only see shades Then hold your heart, since the danger is great. and go atraight to that tripod. touch it with the keylor

The letter in question has not come to light. However, in a subsequent unpublished letter from November 21, 1918, while at Chateau d'Oex, Jung wrote that "M. Moltzer has again disturbed. me with letters "" He reproduced the mandaias in Liber Novus He noted that it was during this period that a living idea of the self first came to him: "The self, I thought, was like the monad which I am, and which is my world. The mandata represents this monad. and corresponds to the microcosmic nature of the soul."40 At this point he did not know where this process was leading, but he began to grasp that the mandala represented the goal of the procear *Only when I began to paint the mandaias did I see that all the paths I took all the steps I made all led back to the one point. that is, to the center. The mandaia became the expression of all paths."14 In the 1920s, Jung's understanding of the significance of the mandaia deepened

¹²⁸ The historical Baselides was a Groom, who cought in Asexandria in the second century. See note 81, p. 346.

termine in 1981, Letters in pp. 331-34. Sending a copy of the Sermons to Johande Jacobs, Jung described them as in currently from the workshop of the unconscious (October 2 1928, JA

GS WE BILL

¹³³ See Appendix A

¹³⁴ Monartis, p. 220. 135 lbid, p. 220.

^{136 (}bad. p. 22)

¹³⁷ See Appendix A 138 FAUR, 2 ACL 1 62876

⁴³⁹ Unpublished series, JFA. There also exists an undated pointing by Maltzer that appears to be a quadrated mandala, which she described in brief accompanying rates as

[&]quot;A pletocial presentation of Individuation or of the Individuation process" (Library, Psychological Club. Zurich,

40 Memoras: p. 2. The immediate votales that lung drew on to this concept of the self-appear to be the Atenan Brahman conception in Elindusim, which he discussed in 9.1. Psychological Types, and general passages in Nietzache's Zarathestra. (See note 19. p. 337) 4 11/24

The Drift had contained fantasies from October 1913 to February 1914. In the winter of 1917, Jung wrote a fresh manuscript called Scratinies, which began where he had left off. In this, he transcribed fantasies from April 1913 until June 1916. As in the first two books of Liber Norus, Jung interspersed the fantasies with interpretive commentaries in this material, and now added Philemon's commentaries on each sermon. In these Philemon stressed the compensatory nature of his teaching, he deliberately stressed precisely those conceptions that the dead acked Scruinies effectively forms Liber Terrius of Liber Norus. The complete sequence of the text would thus be

Liber Primus: The Way of What Is to Come Liber Secondus: The Images of the Erring Liber Territor Securities

During this period. Jung continued transcribing the Draft nto the catigraphic volume and adding paintings. The fantasies in the Black Books became more intermittent. He portrayed his realization of the significance of the self-which took place in the autumn of 1917 in Scrutinies. This contains Jung's vision of the reborn God, cuminating in the portrayed of Abraxas. He realized that much of what was given to him to the earlier part of the book (that is, Liber Primus and Liber Secundus) was actually given to him by Philemon. He realized that there was a prophetic wise old man in him, to whom he was not identical. This represented a critical disidentification. On Jamiary 17, 1918, Jung wrote to J. B. Leng:

The work on the unconscious has to happen first and foremost for us ourselves. Our patients profit from it indirectly. The danger consists in the propher's delusion which often is the result of dealing with the unconscious. It is the devil who says. Disdam all reason and science mankind's highest powers. That is never appropriate even though we are forced to acknowledge [the existence of] the irrational in

Jung's critical task in "working over" his fantasies was to differentiate the voices and characters. For example, in the Black Books it is lung's "1" who speaks the Sermones to the dead. In Scrimines, it is not Jung's "1" but Philemon who speaks them. In the Black Books, the main figure with whom Jung has dialogues is his soul. In some sections of Liber Novas, this is changed to the serpent and the bird. In one conversation in January 1916, his soul explained to him that when the Above and Below are not united, she falls into three parts: a serpent the human soul, and the bird or heavenly soul, which visits the Gods. Thus Jung's revision here can be seen to reflect his understanding of the tripartite nature of his soul."

During thus period, Jung continued to work over his material, and there is some indication that he discussed it with his colleagues. In March 1918 he wrote to J. B. Lang, who had sent him some of his own fantasies.

I would not want to say anything more than telling you to continue with this approach because as you have observed correctly yourself, it is very important that we experience the contents of the unconscious before we form any opinions about it I very much agree with you that we

have to grappie with the knowledge content of gnosis and neo. Platonism, since these are the systems that contain the materials which are suited to form the basis of a theory of the anconscious spirit. I have already been working on this myself for a long time, and also have had ample opportunity to compare my experiences at least partially with those of others. That's why I was very pleased to hear pretty much the same views from you. I am glad that you have discovered all on your own this area of work which is ready to be tackied. Tip to now, I lacked workers. I am happy that you want to join forces with me 1 consider it very important that you extricate your own material aninfluenced from the anconscious, as carefully as possible. My material is very voluminous, very complicated, and in part very graphic, apto almost completely worked through clarifications. But what I completely lack is comparative modern material. Zarathustra is too strongly consciously formed. Meyrink retouches aeathetically furthermore. I fee, he is lacking in religious sincerity¹⁰

The Content

Liber Novas thus presents a series of active anaginations together with Jung's attempt to understand their significance. This work of understanding encompasses a number of interlinked threads; an attempt to understand himself and to integrate and develop the various components of his personality; an attempt to understand the structure of the human personality in general; an attempt to understand the relation of the individual to present-day society and to the community of the dead; an attempt to understand the psychological and historical effects of Christianity, and an attempt to grasp the future religious development of the West. Jung discusses many other themes in the work, including the nature of self knowledge: the nature of the soul, the relations of thinking and feeling and the psychological types; the relation of inner and outer mascul cuty and femininity, the uniting of opposites solitude: the value of scholarship and learning; the status of science: the significance of symbols and how they are to be understood: the meaning of the war madness, davine madness, and psychiatry how the Imitation of Christ is to be understood today the death of God; the historical significance of Nierzsche; and the relation of magic and reason.

The overall theme of the book is how Jung regains his soul and overcomes the contemporary mataise of spiritual alienation. This is untimately achieved through enabling the rebirth of a new image of God in his soul and developing a new worldview in the form of a psychological and theological cosmology Liber News presents the prototype of Jung's conception of the individuation process, which he held to be the universal form of individual psychological development. Liber Nova (tself can be understood on one hand as depicting Jung's individuation process, and on the other hand as his elaboration of this concept at a general psychological schema. At the beginning of the book, Jung refinds his soul and then embarks on a sequence of tartasy adventures, which form a consecutive narrative. He realized that until then he had served the spirit of the time, characterized by use and value. In addition to this, there existed a spirit of the depths, which led to the things of the soul. In terms of Jung's later

¹⁶² On page 23 of the manuscript of Structules, a date is indicated: "27/11/17" which suggests that they were written in the latter half of 1917, and thus after the mandala experiences at Chateau D'Oes.

¹⁶³ See below, p. 3331 164 See below, p. 339

ы; Private poisession, Stephen Martin. The reference is to Mephistopheles statement in Ганг (1.85) С)

M6 See below, p. 367 M7 Private occuescion, Sce

usy Private possession. Scepben Martin

biographical memour the spirit of the times corresponds to personality wo 1 and the spirit of the depths corresponds to personality NO. 2. Thus thus persod could be seen as a return to the values of personauty NO 2. The chapters follow a particular. format: they begin with the exposition of dramatic visual fantasies. In them Jung encounters a series of figures in various settings. and enters auto conversation with them. He is confronted with anexpected happenings and shooking statements. He then attempts to understand what had transpired, and to formulate the agnificance of these events and materiorits into general psychological conceptions and maxima. Jung held that the significance of these fantasies was due to the fact that they stemmed from the mythopoeic anagination which was mining in the present rational age. The task of individuation lay in establishing a diatogue with the fantary figures or contents of the collective unconscious and integrating them into consciousness, hence recovering the value of the mythopoese imagination which had been joit to the modern age, and thereby reconciling the spirit of the time with the spirit of the depth. This task was to form a lestmotif of his subsequent scholarly work

"A New Spring of Life"

In 1916, Jung wrote several essays and a short book in which he began to attempt to translate some of themes of Liber Novas. into contemporary psychological language, and to reflect on the significance and the generality of his activity. Significantly, in these works he presented the first outlines of the main components of his mature psychology. A full account of these papers is beyond. the scope of thu introduction. The following overview highlights. elements that ank most directly with Liber Novius

In his works between 1911 and 1914, he had principally been concerned with entablishing a structural account of general burnan functioning and of psychopathology. In addition to his earlier theory of complexes, we see that he had already formulated. conceptions of a phylogenetically acquired anconstrous peopled. by mythic images, of a nonsexual psychic energy, of the general types of introversion and extraversion, of the compensatory and prospective function of dreams, and of the synthetic and constructive approach to fantasies. While he continued to expand and develop these conceptions in detail, a new project emerges. here, the attempt to provide a temporal account of higher development, which he termed the individuation process. This was a pivota, theoretical result of his self-experimentation. The facelaboration of the individuation process, and its historical and cross-cultural comparison, would come to occupy him for the rest of his life

In 1916, he presented a secrure to the association for analytical psychology entitled "The structure of the unconscious," which was first published in a French translation in Flournoy's Archives de Psychologie 14 Here, he differentiated two layers of the unconscious. The first, the perional anconscious, consisted in elements sequired during one's lifetime, together with elements that could equally well be conscious. The second was the impersonal

essay. Jung discussed the curious phenomena that resulted from assummating the unconscious. He noted that when individuals annexed the contents of the collective psyche and regarded them as personal attributes, they experienced extreme states of superiority and nferiority. He borrowed the term "god 'keness" from Goethe and Alfred Adler to characterize this state, which arose from fusing the personal and collective psyche, and was one of the dangers of analysis

Jung wrote that it was a difficult task to differentiate the personal and collective psyche. One of the factors one came up against was the persona-one's "mask" or "role". This represented the segment of the collective psyche that one mistakenly regarded as individual. When one analyzed this, the personasty dissolved into the collective psyche which resulted in the celease of a stream of fantasies: "All the treasures of mythological thinking and feeling are amorked "10 The difference between this state and insarrity lay in the fact that it was intentional

Two possibilities arose one could attempt to regressively restore persona and return to the prior state, but it was impossible to get rid of the anconscious. Afternatively, one could accept the condition of godlikeness. However there was a third way the hermeneutic treatment of creative fantasies. This resuited in a synthesia of the individua, with the collective payche, which revealed the individual lifetime. This was the process of individuation. In a subsequent undated revision of this paper. Jung introduced the notion of the aruma, as a counterpart to that of the persona. He regarded both of these as "subject imagoes" Here, he defined the anima as "how the subject is seen by the collective anconscious."12

The vivid description of the vicisimudes of the state of godiskeness muror some of Jung's affective states during his confrontation with the unconscious. The notion of the differentiztion of the persona and its analysis corresponds to the opening section of Liber Names, where Jung sets himself apart from his role and achievements and attempts to reconnect with his soul-The release of mythological families is precisely what ensued in his case, and the hermeneume treatment of creative fantasies was what he presented in layer two of Liber Novice. The differentiation of the personal and impersonal unconscious provided a theoretical understanding of Jung's mythological funtames, it suggests that he did not view them as stemming from his personal unconscious but from the inherited collective psyche. If so, his fantusies stemmed from a layer of the psyche that was a collective human. nheritance, and were not simply idiosyncratic or arbitrary.

In October of the same year, Jung presented two talks to the Psychological Club. The first was titled "Adaptation." This took two forms, adaptation to outer and inner conditions. The "inner" was understood to designate the unconscious. Adaptation to the "unner" led to the demand for individuation, which was contrary to adaptation to others. Answering this demand and the corresponding break with conformity ted to a tragic guilt that required explation and called for a new "collective function," because the individual had to produce values that could serve as a substitute for his absence from society. These new values enabled anconscious or collective psyche ** While consciousness and one to make reparation to the collective Individuation was for the personal unconscious were developed and acquired in the the few. Those who were insufficiently creative should rather course of one's lifetume, the collective psyche was inherited in In this — reestablish collective conformity with a consery. The individual

s has \$419 a thu \$4.9

ta Ibia Agod

¹¹⁰ MILE 154 CW 18, \$1098

had not only to create new values, but also socially recognizable ones, as society had a "right to expect realizable wakes." "

Read in terms of Jung's situation, this suggests that his break with social conformity to pursue his "individuation" had led him to the view that he had to produce socially realizable values as an expiration. This led to a dilemma would the form in which Jung embodied these new values in Liber Noviu be socially acceptable and recognizable. This commitment to the demands of society separated Jung from the anarchism of the Dadaists.

The second talk was on "Individuation and collectivity" He argued that individuation and collectivity were a pair of opposites related by guil. Society demanded imitation. Through the process of imitation, one could gain access to values that were one's own. In analysis. "Through imitation the patient learns individuation, because it reactivates his own values." It is possible to read this as a comment on the rose of imitation in the analytic treatments of those of his patients whom Jung had now encouraged to embark on similar processes of development. The claim that this process evoked the patient's processing values was a counter to the charge of suggestion.

In November white on military service at Herisau. Jung wrote a paper on "The transcendent function," which was published only in 1967. There, he depicted the method of electing and developing fantasies that he later termed active imagination, and explained its the apeutic rationale. This paper can be viewed as an interim progress report on Jung's self-experimentation, and may profitably be considered as a preface to Liber Novier.

Jung noted that the new attitude gained from analysis became obsolete. Unconscious materials were needed to supplement the conscious attitude and to correct its one-sidedness. But because energy tension was low in sleep, dreams were inferior expressions of unconscious contents. Thus other sources had to be turned to, namely, spontaneous fantasses. A recently recovered dream book contains a series of dreams from 1917 to 1925. A close comparison of this book with the Black Books indicates that his active imaginations did not derive directly from his dreams and that these two streams were generally independent.

lung described his technique for inducing such spontaneous funtasies: "The training consists first of all in systematic exercises for eliminating critical attention, thus producing a vacuum in consciousness." One commenced by concentrating on a particular mood, and attempting to become as conscious as possible of all fantasies and associations that came up in connection with it. The aim was to allow fantasy free play, without departing from the initial affect in a free associative process. Thus sed to a concrete or symbolic expression of the mood, which had the result of bringing the affect nearer to consciousness, hence making it more understandable. Doing this could have a vitalizing effect. Individuals could draw, paint, or sculpt, depending on their propensities.

Visual types should concentrate on the expectation that an anner amage will be produced. As a rule such a fantasy image will actually appear—perhaps hypnagogically—and should be carefully noted down in writing. Audio-verbal types usually hear inner words, perhaps mere fragments or apparently meaningless sentences to begin with. Others at such times simply hear their "other" voice. Still rarer but equally valuable, is automatic writing, direct or with the planchette.

Once these fantasses had been produced and embodied, two approaches were possible creative formulation and understanding. Each peeded the other, and both were necessary to produce the transcendent function which arose out of the union of conscious and unconscious contents.

For some people. Jung noted, it was simple to note the "other" voice in writing and to answer it from the standpoint of the I. "It is exactly as if a dialogue were taking place between two human beings. "IP This dialogue led to the creation of the transcendent function, which resulted in a widening of consciousness. This depiction of inner dialogues and the means of evoking fantasses in a walting state represents lung's own undertaking in the Block Books. The interplay of creative formulation and understanding corresponds to Jung's work in Liber Novar Jung did not publish this paper. He later remarked that he never finished his work on the transcendent function because he did it only half-heartedly."

In 1917, Jung published a short book with a long title. The Psychology of the Unconscious Processes. An Overview of the Modern Theory and Method of Analytical Psychology In his preface dated December 1916, he proclaimed the psychological processes that accompanied the war had brought the problem of the chaotic unconscious to the forefront of attention. However, the psychology of the individual corresponded to the psychology of the nation, and only the transformation of the attitude of the individual could bring about cultural renewal.40 This articulated the intimate interconnection between individual and collective events that was at the center of Liber News. For Jung, the conjunction between his precognitive visions and the outbreak of war had made apparent the deep subliminal connections between individual fantasies and world events- and hence between the psychology of the individual and that of the nation. What was now required was to work out this connection in more detail.

lung noted that after one had analyzed and integrated the contents of the personal unconscious, one came up against mythological fantasies that stemmed from the phylogenetic layer of the unconscious. The Psychology of the Unconscious Process provided an exposition of the collective, suprapersonal, absolute anconscious: these terms being used interchangeably. Jung argued that one needed to separate oneself from the unconscious by presenting it visibly as something separate from one. It was vital to differentiate the I from the non-I namely, the collective psyche or absolute unconscious. To do this, "man must necessarily stand upon firm feet in his I function; that is, he must fuffil his dety sewed life completely, so that he may in every respect be a visibly thong member of society." Jung had been endeavoring to accomplish these tasks during this period.

```
195 (FA

195 (bid. $$170-71. A planchette is a small wooden board on coasters used in facilitate automatic writing
190 (bid. $$186
160 MP p 38-
160 in his 1943 revision of chis work. Tung added that the recional unconscious corresponds to the figure of the shadow so frequently met with in dreams." (CW 7. $103 in his 1943 revision of this figure. By waster in the shadow of the figure of the shadow so frequently met with in dreams." (CW 7. $103 in his 1943 revision of this figure. By waster in the shadow of the figure of the shadow so frequently met with in dreams." (CW 7. $103 in his 1943 revision of this figure. By waster in the shadow of the figure of the shadow so frequently met with in dreams." (CW 7. $103 in his 1943 revision of this figure. By waster in the shadow of the figure of the shadow so frequently met with in dreams." (CW 7. $103 in his 1943 revision of this figure. By waster in the shadow of the figure of the shadow so frequently met with in dreams." (CW 7. $103 in his 1943 revision of this figure. By waster in the shadow of the figure of the shadow so frequently met with in dreams." (CW 7. $103 in his 1943 revision of this figure. By waster in the shadow of the figure of the shadow so frequently met with in dreams." (CW 7. $103 in his 1943 revision of this figure. By waster in the shadow of the figure of the shadow so frequently met with in dreams." (CW 7. $103 in his 1943 revision of the figure of the shadow so frequently met with in dreams.)
```

163 "The psychology of the unconscious processes," in hing, Callesse Paper on Analysical Psychology, ed. Constance Long (London Beillière Tindall & Cox, 1917, 2nd ed.), pp. 416–47

These comments also mirror his activity his attempt to differentiate the various characters which appeared and to "consolidate them as psychological realizies." The notion that these figures had a psychological reality in their own right, and were not merely subjective figments, was the main lesson that he attributed to the fantasy figure of Empah, psychic objectivity.14

hing argued that the era of reason and skepticism inaugurated. by the French Revolution had repressed religion and irrationalism. This in turn had serious consequences, seading to the outbreak of irrapionalism represented by the world war. It was thus a historical necessity to acknowledge the irrational as a psychological factor. The acceptance of the irrational forms one of the central themes. at Liber Norms

In The Psychology of the Uncontrious Processes, hung developed has conception of the psychological types. He noted that it was a minum development that the psychological characteristics of the types were pushed to extremes. By what he termed the law of enantiodromia, or the reversa, into the opposite, the other function entered in, namely feeling for the introvert, and thinking for the extravert. These secondary functions were found in the anconscious. The development of the contrary function led to andividuation. As the contrary function was not acceptable to consciousness, a special technique was required to come to terms. with it namely the production of the transcendent function. The anconscious was a danger when one was not at one with it. But with the establishment of the transcendent function, the disharmony ceased. This rebalancing give access to the productive and beneficent aspects of the unconscious. The unconscious contained the wisdom and experience of untold ages, and thus formed an unparalleled guide. The development of the contrary function appears in the "Mysterium" section of Liber Name.** The attempt to gain the wisdom stored in the unconscious is portrayed throughout. the book, in which Jung asks his soul to tell him what she sees and the meaning of his fantasies. The unconscious is here viewed as a source of higher wisdom. He concluded the easily by indicating the personal and experiential nature of his new conceptions. "Our age is seeking a new spring of afe. I found one and drank of it and the water tasted good."

The Way to the Self

external perception and the world of perception of the unconscious

This distinction depicts his experience at this time. He wrote that Friedrich Schiller had claimed that the approximation of these two worlds was through art. By contrast, Jung argued, "I am of the opinion that the union of rational and arranonal truth is to be found not so much in art as in the symbol per ac, for it is the essence of the symbol to contain both the rational and irrational." Symbols he maintained, stemmed from the anconscious, and the creation of symbols was the most important function of the unconscious. While the compensatory function of the unconscious was always present, the symbol-creating function was present only when we were willing to recognize it. Here, we see him continuing to eachew viewing his productions as art. It was not art but symbols which were of paramount importance here. The recognition and recuperation of this symbol-creating power is portrayed in Liber Norm It depicts Jung's attempt to understand the psychological nature of symbolism and to view his fantasies symbolically. He concluded that what was unconscious at any given epoch was only relative, and changing. What was required now was the "terroiding of our views in accordance with the active forces of the unconscious "100 Thus the task confronting him was one of translating the conceptions gained through his confrontation with the unconicious, and expressed in a literary and symbolic manner in Liber Novas, into a language that was compatible with the contemporary outlook

The following year he presented a paper in England before the Somety of Psychical Research, of which he was an honorary member, on "The psychological foundations of the benef in spirits 240 He differentiated between two situations in which the conective unconscious became active. In the first it became activated through a crisis in an individual's life and the collapse of hopes and expectations. In the second, it became activated at times of great social, political, and religious upheaval. At such moments, the factors suppressed by the prevailing attitudes accumulate in the collective unconscious Strongly intuitive individuals become aware of these and try to translate them into communicable ideas. If they succeeded in translating the unconscious into a communicable language, this had a redeeming effect. The contents of the unconscious had a disturbing effect. In the first situation, the collective unconscious might replace reality, which is pathological. In the second situation, the individual may feel disorientated but the state is not pathological. This differentiation suggests that Jung viewed his own experience as talling under the second heading-namely, the activation of the collective unconscious due to the general cultural upheaval. Thus his mittai fear of impending insanity in 1913 lay in his failure to realize this distinction

In 1918 he presented a series of seminars to the Psychological Club on his work on typology, and was engaged in extensive scholarly research on this subject at this time. He developed and expanded the themes articulated in these papers in 192. in Psychological Types. As regards the working over of themes of Liber Noves, the most emportant section was chapter 5, "The type problem in poetry." The basic risue discussed here was how In 1918, Jung wrote a paper entitled "On the autoniscious," where—the problem of opposites could be resolved through the produc he noted that all of us stood between two worlds the world of those of the aniting or reconciling symbol. This forms one of the

[·] Mad Psychology, p. 95 6km 6p. 245: 255 ur in tridying frychriggs p. 444. This rememer appeared only in the first edition of lung's book 940

central themes of Liber Novas. Jung presented detailed analysis of the issue of the resolution of the problem of opposites in Hilduism, Taoism, Meister Eckhart, and, in present times, in the work of Carl Spitteley. This chapter can also be read in terms of a meditation on some of the historical sources that directly informed his conceptions in Liber Novas. It also heraided the introduction of an important method. Rather than directly discussing the issue of the reconciliation of opposites in Liber Novas, he sought out historical analogies and commented upon them.

In 1921, the "seif" emerged as a psychological concept. Jung defined in as follows:

Inasmuch as the I is only the center of my field of consciousness, it is not identical with the totality of my psyche being merely a complex among other complexes. Hence I discriminate between the I and the self since the I is only the subject of my consciousness, while the self is the subject of my totality hence it also includes the anconscious psyche. In this sense the self would be an (ideal) greatness which embraces and includes the I. In anconscious fantasy the self often appears as the super-ordinated of ideal personality as Faust is in relation to Goethe and Zarathustra to Nietzsche.

He equated the Hindu notion of Brahman, Atman with the self. At the same time. Jung provided a definition of the soul. He argued that the soul possessed quanties that were complementary to the personal containing those qualities that the conscious attitude lacked. This complementary character of the soul also affected its sexual character so that a man had a ferminate soul, or anima, and a woman had a masculine soul, or animus. This corresponded to the fact that men and women had both masculine and feminine traits. He also noted that the soul gave rise to images that were assumed to be worthless from the rational perspective. There were four ways of using them.

The first possibility of making use of them is artistic, if one is in any way gifted in that direction, a second is philosophical speculation, a third is quart-religious, leading to heresy and the founding of sects; and a fourth way of employing the dynamic of these unages is to squander it in every form of licen soughess.

From this perspective, the psychological unilization of these mages would represent a "fifth way." For it to succeed, psychology had to distinguish itself clearly from art-philosophy, and religion. This necessity accounts for Jung's rejection of the alternatives.

In the subsequent Black Books he continued to elaborate his "mythology." The figures developed and transformed into one another. The differentiation of the figures was accompanied by their coalescence, as he came to regard them as aspects of underlying components of the personality. On January 5, 1922, he had a conversation with his soul concerning both his vocation and Liber Novas.

[1] I feet that I must speak to you. Why do you not let me sleep, as I am nired? I feet that the disturbance comes from

you. What induces you to keep me awake?

[Soul:] Now is no time to sleep, but you should be awake and prepare important matters in nocturnal work

The great work begins

[I] What great work?

[Som] The work that should now be undertaken. It is a great and difficult work. There is no time to sleep, if you find no time during the day to remain in the work.

[1] But I had no idea that something of this kind was taking place

[Soul:] But you could have told by the fact that I have been disturbing your sleep for a long time. You have been too unconscious for a long time. Now you must go to a higher level of consciousness.

[L] I am ready. What is it? Speak

[Soul-] You should asten: to no longer be a Christian is casy But what next? For more is yet to come. Everything is waiting for you. And you? You remain salent and have nothing to say. But you should speak. Why have you received the revelation? You should not hide it. You concern yourself with the form? Is the form amportant when it is a matter of revelation?

[4] But you are not thinking that I should publish what I have written? That would be a misfortune. And who would understand it?

[Sout] No. 1sten! You should not break up a marriage, namely the marriage with me, no person should supplant me. I want to rule alone

[I] So you want to rule? From whence do you take the right for such a presumption?

[Som] This right comes to me because I serve you and your calling, I could just as well say, you came first but above all your calling comes first.

[I] But what is my calling?

[Sour] The new religion and its proclamation

[1] Oh God, how should I do this?

[Soul:] Do not be of such artile faith. No one knows it as you do. There is no one who could say it as well as you could

[1] But who knows, if you are not lying? [Soul:] Ask yourself if I am lying. I speak the truth.**

His soul here pointedly urged him to publish his material, at which he balked. Three days later his soul informed him that the new religion "expresses itself only in the transformation of human relations. Relations do not let themselves be replaced by the deepest knowledge. Moreover a religion does not consist only in knowledge, but at its visible level in a new ordering of human affairs. Therefore expect no further knowledge from me. You know everything that is to be known about the manifested reveiation, but you do not yet live everything that is to be aved at this time." Jung's "i" replied, "I can fully understand and accept this. However, it is dark to me, how the knowledge could be ransformed into the You must teach me this." His soul said. "There is not much to say about this. It is not as rational as you are inclined to think. The way is symbolic."

Thus the task confronting Jung was how to realize and embody

ct. Psychological Types, CW 6, §1106

T. Ibid. §6804- S.
 M4 CW 6, §426.

¹⁷⁵ Black Book 7 p. 92c

to 'bid. p. 95. In a seminar the following year jung took up the theree of the telation of individual telations to religion. 'No individual for exist without andividual relationships and that is how the foundation of your Church is read findividual relations by the form of the unvisible Church' (Noteron the Selection in Assigned Psychology conducted by Dr. C. G. Jung, Policesch, England, July 14, July 17, 1923, arranged by metabers of the class, p. 82).

what he had learned through his self-investigation into life. During this period the themes of the psychology of religion and the relation of religion to psychology became increasingly prominent in his work, starting from his seminar in Polzeath in Cornwal. In 1923. He attempted to develop a psychology of the religious making process. Rather than proclaiming a new prophetic revelation, his interest lay in the psychology of religious experiences. The task was to depict the translation and transposition of the numinous experience of individuals into symbols, and eventually into the dogmas and creeds of organized religions, and, finally, to study the psychological function of such symbols. For such a psychology of the religion-making process to succeed, it was essential that analytical psychology, while providing an affirmation of the religious attitude, did not succumb to becoming a creed.

In 1922, Jung wrote a paper on "The relation of analytical psychology to poetic art worka." He differentiated two types of work the first, which sprang entirely from the author's intention and the second which seized the author Examples of such symbolic works were the second part of Goethe's Foost and Nietzsche's Zarathusira. He held that these works stemmed from the collective anconstitous. In such instances, the creative process consisted in the unconscious activation of an archetypal image. The archetypes released in us a voice that was stronger than our own.

Whoever speaks in primordial images speaks with a thousand voices, he enthrals and overpowers— he transmutes our personal destiny into the destiny of mankind, and evokes in us all those beneficent forces that ever and anon have enabled humanity to find a refuge from every peril and to outlive the longest night.

The artist who produced such works educated the spirit of the age and compensated the one-sidedness of the present. In describing the genesis of such symbolic works, Jung seemingly had his own activities in mind. Thus while Jung refused to regard Liber Novas as "art" his reflections on its composition were nevertheless a critical source of his subsequent conceptions and theories of art. The implicit question that this paper raised was whether psychology could now serve this function of educating the spirit of the age and compensating the one-sidedness of the present. From this period onward, he came to conceive of the task of his psychology in precisely such a manner.

Publication Deliberations

From 1922 onward, in addition to discussions with Emma hing and Toru Wolff Jung had extensive discussions with Cary Baynes and Wolfgang Stockmayer concerning what to do with Liber Novas, and around its potential publication. Because these discussions took place when he was still working on it, they are

critically important. Cary Fink was born in 1883. She studied at Vassar College, where she was taught by Kristine Mann, who became one of Jung's earliest followers in the United States. In 1910 she married jaime de Angulo, and completed her medical training at Johns Hopkins in 1911. In 1921 she left him and went to Zürich with Kristine Mann. She entered analysis with Jung. She never practiced analysis, and hing highly respected her critical intelligence. In 1927, she matriced Peter Baynes. They were subsequently divorced in 1931. Jung asked her to make a fresh transcription of Liber Novus, because he had added a lot of material since the previous transcription. She undertook this in 1924 and 1925, when Jung was in Africa. Her typewriter was heavy, so she first copied it by hand and then typed it out

These notes recount her discussions with Jung and are written in the form of letters to him, but were not sent

OCTOBER 2, 1922

in another book of Meyrink's the "White Dominican," you said he made use of exactly the same symbolism that had come to you in the first vision that revealed to your anconscious. Furthermore you said, he had spoken of a "Red Book" which contained certain inviteries and the book that you are writing about the unconscious you have called the "Red Book" * Then you said you were in doubt as to what to do about that book. Mevrink you said could throw his into novel form and it was all right, but you could only command the scientific and philosophical method and that stuff you couldn't cast into that mold I said you could use the Zarathustra form and you said that was true but you were suck of that I am too. Then you said you had thought of making an autobiography out of it. That would seem to me by far the best, because then you would tend to write as you spoke which was in a very colorful way. But apart from any difficulty with the form, you said you decaded making it public because it was like selling your house. But I jumped upon you with both feet there and said it wasn't a bir like that because you and the book stood for a constellation of the Universe, and that to take the book as being purely personal was to identify yourself with it which was something you would not think of permitting to your patients Then we saughed over my having caught you red-handed as it were. Goethe had been caught in the same difficulty in the 2rd part of Faust in which he had gotten into the inconscious and found it so difficult to get the right form that he had finally died leaving the Mas as such in his drawer. So much of what you had experienced you said, would be counted as sheer lunary. that f it were published you would lose out altogether not. only as a scientist, but as a human being, but not I said if you went at it from the Dichtung und Wahrheit [Poetry. and Truth] angle, then people could make their own selection as to which was which " You objected to pre-

(8) The reference is to Goethe's autobiography, From My Light Poerry and Truth, (L. R. Beitner, Princeton, Princeton, University Press, 1994).

¹⁷⁷ On Jung's psychology of religion, see James Heisig, inago Dn: A Stady of Jung's Psychology of Religion (Lewisburg: Bucknell University Press, 1979), and Ann Lammers In God's Shorton. The Collaboration between Victor White and C. G. Jung (New York: Psulast Press, 1994). See also my "In Stam Nescendi, Journal of Analytical Psychology 44. (1999), pp. 599-545.

¹⁷⁸ CW 15, \$130 cm expanded upon this theme and described the first type of work as "psychological, and the latter as instancy. Psychology and poetry CW 180 See Mervinik, "he white Deminism in M. Minchell 1941 (1994) who in The "tounding carber" informs the hero of the novel. Christopher that whoever possesses the immost red Book, the plant is immostrating, the awakening of the spiritual breath and the secret of brigging the right hand to the will dissolve with the corpse for staded the immability book, persuase according to ancient benefit in Chana, that red is the colour of the garments of those who have reached the highest stage of perfection and staved behand on earth for the salvation of mankind" (p. 91) August year statistically interested in Meyor nk intovels. In ay, when referring to the cranscendent function and unconscious rangates the noted that examples where such material had been subsected to assistent, elaboration could be found to literature and that I would single out two works of Meyrink for special attention. The Society and Che Society Pages 1996, \$200 the regarded Meyrink as a bisionary artist (Psychology and poetry 1996). With \$3400 the \$3400 the \$3400 the \$3400 the \$3400 the special attention.

senting any of it as Dichtung when it was all Wahrhest, but it does not seem to me falseness to make use of that much of a mask in order to protect yourself from Platistia---andafter all, as I said Philistia has its rights, confronted with the choice of you as a lunatic, and themselves as mexperienced fools they have to choose the former alternative, but dthey can place you as a poet, their faces are saved. Much of your material you said has come to you as rines & the explanation of those tunes sounds like the veriest consense. but that does not matter if the end product is sense. In your case I said, apparently you have become conscious of more of the steps of creation than ever anyone before. In most cases the mand evidently drops out of the irrelevant stuff automatically and delivers the end product, whereas, you bring along the whole business matrix process and product. Naturally it is frightfully more difficult to handle. Then my hour was up

TANGARY 1923

What you told me some time ago set me thinking, and suddenly the other day while I was reading the "Vorspiel" auf dem Theater" [preiude in the theater], tr came to me that you too ought to make use of that principle which Goethe has handled so beautifully all through Faust namely. the placing in opposition of the creative and eterna, with the negative and transient. You may not see right away what this has to do with the Red Book, but I will explain. As I understand if in this book you are going to challenge mento a new way of looking at their souls, at any rate there is going to be in it a good deal that will be out of the grasp of the ordinary man, list as at one period of your own life you would scarcely have understood it. In a way it is a "jewel" you are giving to the world is it not? My idea is that it needs a sort of protection in order not to be thrown into the gutter and finally made away with by a strangely clad Jew

The best protection you could devise it seems to me. would be so put in moorporate the book itself an exponition of the forces that will attempt to destroy it. It is one of your great gifts serength of seeing the black as well as the white of every given situation, so you will know better than most of the people who attack the book what it is that they want to destroy. Could you not take the wind out. of their sails by writing their criticism for them? Perhaps that is the very thing you have done in the introduction. Perhaps you would rather assume towards the public the attitude of "Take or leave it, and be blessed or be damned. whichever you profer." That would be all right, whatever there is of truth in it is going to survive in any case. But I would like to see you do the other thing if it did not call for too much effort.

TANUARY 26, 1924

You had the night before had a dream in which I appeared in a disguise and was to do work on the Red Book and you had been thinking about it all that day and during Dr Wharton's hour preceding mine especially (pleasant for her As you had said you had made up your mind to turn over to me all of your anionscious material represented. by the Red Book etc. to see what I as a stranger and impartial observer would say about it. You thought I had a good critique. and an impartial one. Toni you said was deeply interwoven. with it and besides did not take any interest in the thing in itself nor in getting it into asable form. She is lost in "bitd fluttering" you said. For yourself you said you had always known what to do with your ideas, but here you were baffled. When you approached them you became entreshed. as it were and could no longer be sure of anything. You were certain some of them had great importance but you could not find the appropriate form—as they were now you said they might come out of a madhouse. So then you said I was to copy down the contents of the Red Book-once before you had had it copied, but you had since then added a great deat of material, so you wanted it done again and you would explain things to me as I went along, for you anderstood nearly everything in it you said. In this way we could come to discuss many things which never came upin my analysis and I could understand your ideas from the foundation. You told me then something more of your own attitude toward the "Red Book." You said some of a hurt your sense of the fitness of things terribly, and that you had shrunk from putting at down as it came to you but that you had started on the principle of "voluntariness" that is of making no corrections and so you had stuck to that. Some of the pictures were absolutely infantile, but were intended so to be. There were various figures speaking, Elias, Father. Philemon, etc. but all appeared to be phases of what you thought ought to be caued "the master." You were sure that this latter was the same who dispired Buddha, Mani. Christ, Mahomer--- all those who may be said to have communed with God,19 But the others had identified with him. You absolutely refused to. It could not be for you you said you had to remain the psychologist—the person who anderstood the process. I said then that the thing to be done was to enable the world to understand the process also without their getting the notion that they had the Master caged as it were at their beck & cal. They had to think of him as a pillar of fire perpetually moving on and forever out of human grasp. Yes. you said it was something like that. Perhaps it cannot yet be done. As you talked I grew more and more aware of the immeasurability of the ideas which are faling you. You said they had the shadow of eternity apon them and I could fee, the truth of at the

On January 30, the noted that hing said of a dream which she had cold htm.

That it was a preparation for the Red Book, because the Red Book told of the battle between the world of reality and the world of the spirit. You said in that battle you had been very nearly torn asunder but that you had managed to keep your feet on the earth & make an effect on reality. That you said for you was the test of any idea, and that you had no respect for any ideas however winged that had to exist off in space. and were anable to make an impression on reality 🖰

¹⁸a The reference is to the beginning of Faish a dialogue among the director, poet, and a mercy person

¹⁸⁵ In reference to this, see the inscription to Image /54 below, p. 377

oliks blad

There is an imidated fragment of a letter draft to an unidentified person in which Cary Baynes expresses her view of the significance of Liber Novus, and the necessity of its publication.

I am absolutely thunderstruck, for example, as I read the Red Book, and see all that is told there for the Right Way for us of today, to find how Tons has kept it out of her system. She wouldn't have an unconscious spot in her psyche had she digested even as much of the Red Book as I have read & that I should think was not a third or a fourth. And another difficult thing to understand is why she has no interest in seeing him publish it. There are people in my country who would read it from cover to cover without stopping to breathe scarcely, so does it re-envisage and clarify the things that are today, staggering everyone who is trying to find the clue to afe. The has put into it all the vigor and color of his speech, all the directness and simplicity that come when as at Cornwall the fire burns in him.¹⁸

Of course it may be that as he says, if he published it as it is, he would forever be hors du combat in the world of rational science, but then there must be some way around that, some way of protecting himself against stupidity, in order that the people who would want the book need not go without for the time it will take the majority to get ready for it I always knew he must be able to write the tire that he can speak—and here it is. His published books are doctored up for the world at large or rather they are writen out of his head & this out of his heart in

These discussions vividly portray the depth of Jung's deliberations concerning the publication of Liber Norms, his sense of its centrality in comprehending the genesis of his work and his fear that the work would be misunderstood. The impression that the style of the work would make an an unsuspecting public strongly concerned Jung. He later recalled to Ameia Jaffé that the work still needed a suitable form in which it could be brought into the world because it sounded like prophecy, which was not to his taste. ***

There appears to have been some discussion concerning these assues in Jung's circle. On May 29, 1924, Cary Baynes noted a discussion with Peter Baynes in which he argued that Liber Novis could be understood only by someone who had known Jung. By contrast, she thought that the book

was the record of the passage of the universe through the soul of a man, and just as a person stands by the sea and listens to that very strange and awful music and cannot explain why his heart aches, or why a cry of exaltation wants to leap from his throat so I thought it would be with the Red Book, and that a man would be perforce lifted out of himself by the majesty of it, and swung to heights he had never been before. **

There are further signs that Jung circulated copies of Liber Novus to cor fidances, and has the material was discussed together.

with the possibilities of its publication. One such colleague was Wolfgang Stockmayer Jung met Stockmayer in 1907. In his unpublished obitiary, Jung nominated him as the first German to be interested in his work. He recalled that Stockmayer was a true friend. They traveled together in Italy and Switzerland and there was seldom a year in which they did not meet jung commented.

He distinguished himself through his great interest and equally great understanding for pathological psychic processes I also found with him a sympathetic reception for my broader viewpoint which became of importance for my later comparative psychological works ***

Stockmayer accompanied Jung in "the valuable penetration of our psychology" into classica. Chinese philosophy, the mystical speculations of india and Tantric yoga."

On December 22, 1924, Stockmayer wrote to Jung.

I often long for the Red Book and I would like to have a transcript of what is available, I failed to do so when I had it, as things go. I recently fantasized about a kind of journal of "Documents" in a loose form for materials from the "forge of the anconstious," with words and colors "

It appears that Jung sent some material to him. On April 30, 1925, Stockmayer wrote to Jung.

In the meantime we have gone through "Scrutinies," and it is the same impression as with the great wandering." A selected collective milieu for such from the Red Book is certainly worth trying out, although your commentary would be quite desired. Since a certain adjacent center of yours lies here, ample access to sources is of great significance consciously and unconsciously. And I obviously fantasize about "facsimiles," which you will understand you need not fear extraversion magic from me. Painting also has great appear."

Jung's manuscript "Commentaries" (see Appendix B) was possibly connected with these discussions.

Thus figures in Jung's circle held differing views concerning the significance of Liber Novus and whether it should be published which may have had bearings on Jung's eventual decisions. Cary Baynes did not complete the transcription, getting as far as the first twenty-seven pages of Scrutmus. For the next few years, her time was taken up with the translation of Jung's essays into English, followed by the translation of the I Ching.

At some stage, which I estimate to be in the mid-twenties. Jung went back to the Draft and edited it again, deleting and adding material on approximately 250 pages. His revisions served to modernize the language and terminology. He also

c86 The reference is to the Polseath seminar

⁽⁸⁾ I support that this may have been written to her ex-husband Jaime de Angolo On fulv 10-1924, he wrote to her "I datesmy you have been as busy as a have with that material of Jungs — read your trater, the one is which you announced it and you warmed my not to tell anyone, and you added they you onght not to tell on, but you knew — would feel so proud of you. (CFB)

d8 MP p. (69

cBg C:FB

^{190 &}quot;Stockmayer obituary" JA

egi Ibidi

¹⁹² JA Jung's letters to Stockmayer have not come to aght

¹⁹³ The reference is to Liber Securities of Liber Norus, see note 4, p. 259 below.

^{94,}JA

¹⁹⁵ E.g. substituting. Zeitgeist" for 'Geist der Zeit" (spirit of the times), "Idee" (lifes) for Vordenken. (Forethinking.

revised some of the material that he had already transcribed into the calligraphic volume of *Liber Novae*, as well as some material that was left out. It is hard to see why he undertook this unless he was seriously considering publishing. t

In 1925, lung presented his seminars on analytical psychology to the Psychological Glub. Here, he discussed some of the important fantastes in Liber Norus. He described how they unfolded and indicated how they formed the basis of the ideas in Psychological Types and the key to understanding its genesis. The seminar was transcribed and edited by Cary Baynes. That same year. Peter Baynes prepared an English translation of the Septem Seminar ad Mortius, which was privately published. In a letter that is presumably a reply to one from Henry Murray thanking him for a copy, Jung wrote

I am deeply convinced, that those ideas that came to me are really quite wonderful things. I can easily say that (without brushing) because I know how resistant and how foolishly obstinate I was, when they first visited me and what a trouble it was, until I could read this symbolic ranguage, so much superior to my dull conscious mind "

It is possible that Jung may have considered the publication of the Sermones as a trial for the publication of Liber Novim Barbara Hannah claims that he regretted publishing it and that "he feit strongly that it should only have been written in the Red Book."

At some point, Jung wrote a manuscript entitled "Commentaries," which provided a commentary on chapters 9 to and 11 of Liber Primus (see Appendix B). He had discussed some of these fantasies in his 1925 seminar, and he goes into more detail here. From the style and conceptions, I would estimate that this text was written in the mid-twenties. He may have written or intended to write—further "commentaries" for other chapters, but these have not come to light. This manuscript indicates the amount of work he put into understanding each and every detail of his fantasies.

Jung gave a number of people copies of Liber Norus Cary Baynes. Peter Baynes. Aniela Jaffé. Woofgang Stockmayer, and Ton: Wolff Copies may also have been given to others. In 1937, a fire destroyed Peter Baynes's house, and damaged his copy of Liber Norus. A few years later, he wrote to lung asking if by chance he had another copy, and offered to translate it ** Jung replied. "I will try whether I can procure another copy of the Red Book Please don't worry about translations. I am sure there are 2 or 4 translations already. But I don't know of what and by whom "** This supposition was presumably based on the number of copies of the work in circulation."

Jung let the following individuals read and/or took at Liber Norm: Richard Hut. Tina Keller, James Kirsch, Ximena Roelli de Angulo las a child) and Kurt Wolff Amela Jaffé read the Black Books and Tina Keller was also allowed to read sections of the Black Books. Jung most likely showed the book to other close associates, such as Emil Mediner. Franz Riklin Sr. Erika Schiegel. Hans Trilb, and Marie-Louise von Franz It appears that he allowed

those people to read Liber Novus whom he fully trusted and whom he felt had a full grasp of his ideas. Quite a number of his students did not fit into this caregory.

The Transformation of Psychotherapy

Liber Norm is of critical sign beance for grasping the emergence of Jung's new model of psychotherapy. In 1912, or Transformation and Symbols of the Libido, he considered the presence of mythological tantasies such as are present in Liber Novus-to be the signs of a loosening of the phytogenetic layers of the unconscious, and indicative of schizophrenia. Through his self-experimentation he radically revised this position, what he now considered critical was not the presence of any particular content, but the attitude of the individual toward it and, in particular, whether an individual could accommodate such material in their worldview. This explains why he commented in his afterword to Liber Noves that to the superficial observed the work would seem ake madness, and could have become so, if he had failed to contain and comprehend the experiences ** In Liber Securitis, chapter 15, he presents a critique of contemporary psychiatry, highlighting its incapacity to differentiate religious experience of divine madness from psychopathology. If the content of visions or fantasies had no diagnostic value, he held that it was nevertheless critical to view them carefully.**

Out of his experiences, he developed new conceptions of the aims and methods of psychotherapy. Since its inception at the end of the nineteenth century modern psychotherapy had been primarily concerned with the treatment of functional nervous disorders, or neuroses, as they came to be known. From the time of the First World War onward, Jung reformulated the practice of psychotherapy. No longer solely preoccupied with the treatment of psychopathology, it became a practice to enable the higher development of the individual through fostering the individuation process. This was to have far-reaching consequences not only for the development of analytical psychology but also for psychotherapy as a whose

To demonstrate the validity of the conceptions that he derived in Liber Norws, lung attempted to show that the processes depicted within it were not unique and that the conceptions which he developed in it were applicable to others. To study the productions of his patients, he built up an extensive collection of their paintings So that his patients were not separated from their images, he would generally ask them to make copies for him ¹⁰⁹

During this period, he continued to instruct his patients as to how to induce visions in a waking state. In 1926, Christiana Morgan came to Jung for analysis. She had been drawn to his ideas on reading Psychological Types, and turned to him for assistance with her problems with relationships and her depressions. In a session in 1926, Morgan noted hing's advice to her on how to produce visions.

Well, you see there are too vague for me to be able to say much about them. They are only the beginning. You only

use the retina of the eye at first in order to objectify. Then instead of keeping on trying to force the image out you just want to took in. Now when you see these images you want to hold them and see where they take you—how they change. And you want to try to get into the picture yourself—to become one of the actors. When I first began to do this I saw landscapes. Then I learned how to put myself into the landscape, and the figures would talk to me and I would answer them. People said he has an artistic temperament. But it was only that my unconscious was swaying me. Now I learn to act its drama as well as the drama of the outer. Fe & so nothing can hurt me now. I have written 1000 pages of material from the unconscious (Told the vision of a giant who turned into an egg).

He described his own experiments in detail to his patients, and instructed them to follow suit. His role was one of supervising them in experimenting with their own stream of images. Morgan noted Jung saying.

Now I feel as though I ought to say something to you about these phantasies The phantasies now seem to be rather than and full of repetitions of the same motives. There isn't enough his and heat in them. They ought to be more burning You must be in them more, that is you must be your own conscious critical self in them—imposing. your own judgments and criticisms. I can explain what I mean by telling you of my own experience. I was writing in my book and suddenly saw a man standing watch over my shoulder. One of the gold dots from my book flew up and hir him in the eye. He asked me if I would take If our I said no not unless he told me who he was. He said he wouldn't. You see I knew that If I had done what he asked then he would have sunk into the anconscious and I would have mased the point of it ie. why he had appeared from the unconscious at all finally he told me that he would tell me the meaning of certain hieroglyphs which I had had a few days previous. This he did and I took the thing out of his eye and he vanished 40%

Jung went so far as to suggest that his patients prepare their own Red Books. Morgan recalled him saying:

I should advise you to put it all down as beautifully as you can in some beautifully bound book. It will seem as if you were making the visions banal but then you need to do that then you are freed from the power of them. If you do that with these eyes for instance they will cease to draw you. You should never try to make the visions come again. Think of it in your imagination and try to paint it. Then when these things are in some premous book you can go to the book & turn over the pages & for you it will be your church—your cathedrat—the scient places of your spirit where you will find renewal. If anyone tells you that it is morbid or neurotic and you asten to them—then you will lose your soul—for in that book is your soul—""

In a letter to J. A. Gilbert at 1929, he commented on his procedure

I found sometimes that it is of great help in handling such a case, to encourage them, to express their peculiar contents either in the form of writing or of drawing and painting. There are so many incomprehensible intuitions in such cases phantasy fragments that rise from the unconscious, for which there is almost no suitable language. I let my patients find their own symbolic expressions, their "mythology." ***

Philemon's Sanctuary

In the 1920s, Jung's interest increasingly shifted from the transcription of Liber Novas and the elaboration of his mythology in the Buck Books to working on his tower in Bollingen. In 1920. he purchased some land on the upper shores of Lake Zürich in Bollingen. Prior to this, he and his family sometimes spent houdays. camping around Lake Zürich. He felt the need to represent his innermost thoughts in stone and to build a completely primitive. dwelling. "Words and paper however, did not seem real enough. to me, something more was needed."104 He had to make a confession. " stone. The tower was a "representation of individuation." Overthe years, he painted murais and made carvings on the walls. The tower may be regarded as a three-dimensional continuation of Liber Novus, its "Liber Quartus" At the end of Liber Securios, Jung. wrote. "I must catch up with a piece of the Middle Ages. within myself. We have only finished the Middle Ages of others 1. must begin early, in that period when the hermits died out "" Significantly, the tower was debberately built as a structure from the Middle Ages, with no modern amenities. The tower was an ongoing, evolving work. He carved this inscription on its wall-"Phuemonis sacrum: Fausti poenitentia" (Philemon's Shrine-Faust's Repentance) (One of the murals in the tower is a portrait of Philemon.) On April 6, 1929, Jung wrote to Richard Wilhelm "Why are there no worldly clossers for men, who should live outside the times: """

On January 9, 1923, Jung's mother died. On December 23/24, December 1923, he had the following dream.

I am on multary service Marching with a battation. In a wood by Ossingen I come across excavations at a crossroads: I meter high stone figure of a frog or a toad with a head Behind thus sits a boy with a toad's head. Then the bust of a man with an anchor hammered into the region of his heart Roman. A second bust from around 1640 the same motif. Then mammified corpses finally there comes a barouche in the style of the seventeenth century. In it sits someone who is dead, but still alive. She turns her head, when I address her as "Miss," I am aware that "Miss," is a title of nobility."

A few years later he grasped the significance of this dream. He noted on December 4, 1926

Only now do I see for that the dream of 23/24 December 1923 means the death of the anima ("She does not know that she is dead"). This coincides with the death of my

²⁰⁴ July 8, 1926, analysis notebooks. Countway Abrary of Medicine. The vision referred to at the end is found in Aber Sessabas, ch. p. 283 below 205 Ibid. October 12, 1926. The episode referred to here is the appearance of engisted "Ha." See below p. 291 mater 55

⁴⁰⁶ lbse, 1987 3, 1926 407 December 20, 1929, 34 (ongotus in English)

²⁰⁸ Menoria, p. 250.

²⁰⁹ See below p 330

^{210,12} 20 Black Beak 7 p +20

Since the death of my mother the Λ [Anima] has fallen eilent. Meaningful¹²³

A few years later he had a few further diatogues with his soul, but his confrontation with the anima had effectively reached. a closure at this point. On January 2, 1927, he had a dream set. in Liverpoor

Several young Swiss and I are down by the docks in Liverpool It is a dark rainy night with smoke and clouds. We walk up to the upper part of town, which has on a plateau. We come to a small circular take in a centrally located garden. In the middle of this there is an island. The men speak of a Swiss who lives here in such a sooty, dark durty city. But I see that on the island stands a magnolia tree covered with ted flowers illuminated by an eternal sun, and think, "Now I know, why this Swiss fellow lives here. He apparently also knows why." I see a city map [Plate, **.

Jung then painted a mandaia based upon this map.24 He attached great significance to this dream, commenting fater

This dream represented my situation at the time 1 can stall see the grayish yellowish raincoats, glistening with the wetness of the rain. Everything was extremely ampleasant, black and opaque, just as I felt then. But I had had a vision. of unearthly beauty and that was why I was able to live I saw that here the goat had been reached. One could not go beyond the center. The center is the goal, and everything is directed toward that center. Through this dream I understood that the self is the principle and archetype of orientation and meaning "

Jung added that he himself was the one Swiss. The "1" was not the self, but from there one could see the divine margite. The small aght resembted the great light. Henceforth, he stopped partiting mandalas. The dream had expressed the unconscious developmental process, which was not anear, and he found it completely satisfying. He felt utterly alone at that time preoccupied with something great that others didn't understand. In the dream, only he saw the tree. While they stood in the darkness, the tree appeared radiantly. Had he not had such a vision, his afewould have lost meaning."

The realization was that the self is the goal of individuation. and that the process of individuation was not imear, but consisted. in a circumambulation of the self. This realization gave himstrength, for otherwise the experience would have driven him. or those around him crazy. He felt that the mandaia drawings showed him the self "in its saving function" and that this was tus salvation. The task now was one of consolidating these insights anto tus life and science

In his 1926 revision of The Psychology of the Unconscious Processes. he highlighted the aignificance of the midlife transition. He argued that the first haif of life could be characterized as the stural phase in which the prime aim was establishing oneself.

half of life could be characterized as the cultural phase, which involved a revaluation of earlier values. The goal in this period. was one of conserving previous values together with the recogmition of their opposites. This meant that individuals had to develop the undeveloped and neglected aspects of their personality.11 The individuation process was now conceived as the general pattern of human development. He argued that there was a lack of guidance for this transition in contemporary society and he saw his psychology as filling this lacuna. Outside of analytical psychology Jung's formulations have had an impact on the field of adult developmental psychology. Clearly, his crisis experience formed the template for this conception of the requirements of the two halves of life. Liber Novas depicts Jung's reappraise, of his previous values, and his attempt to develop the neglected aspects of his personality. Thus it formed the basis of his understanding of how the midlife transition could be successfully navigated

In 1928 he published a small book. The Relations between the I and the Unconscious which was an expansion of his 1916 paper "The structure of the anconscious." Here, he expanded upon the "interior drama" of the transformation process, adding a section dealing in detail with the process of individuation. He noted that after one had dealt with the fantasses from the personal sphere one met with fantasies from the impersonal sphere. These were not simply arbitrary, but converged upon a goal. Hence these later fantasies could be described as processes of initiation, which provided their nearest analogy. For this process to take place, active participation. was required: "When the conscious mind participates actively and expeniences each stage of the process — then the next image always starts off on the higher level that has been won, and purposiveness develops "in

After the assimilation of the personal unconscious, the differentiation of the persona, and the overcoming of the state of godlikeness, the next stage that followed was the integration. of the anima for men and of the animus for women. Jung argued that just as it was essential for a man to distinguish between what he was and how he appeared to others, it was equally essential to become conscious of "his invisible relations to the unconscious" and hence to differentiate himself from the anima. He noted that when the anima was anconscious, it was projected. For a child, the first bearer of the soul image was the mother and thereafter the women who aroused a man's feelings. One needed to objectify the anima and to pose questions to her by the method of unet dialogue or active imagination. Everyone he claimed had this ability to hold dialogues with him- or herself. Active imagination would thus be one form of inner dialogue, a type of dramatized thinking. It was critical to disidentify from the thoughts that arose, and to overcome the assumption that one had produced them oneself to What was most essential was not interpreting or anderstanding the fartasies, but experiencing them. This represented a shift from his emphasis on creative formulation and understanding in his paper on the transcendent. function. He argued that one should treat the fantasies compictely atterally while one was engaged in them, but symbolically when one interpreted them at This was a direct description of in the world, gaining an income, and raising a family. The second | Jung's procedure in the Black Books. The task of such discussions.

and Ibid \$949. . Bid. ∮353 افد

bid. p. tax
 13 lbid. p. 144. For the illustration, see Appendix A ±14 -mage 159\ 215 Methories, p. 224 416 MF pp. 159-60 217 lbid. p. 773 218 W 59 4 219 lbid. §386

was to objectify the effects of the anima and to become conscious of the contents that underlay these, thereby integrating these into consciousness. When one had become familiar with the unconscious processes reflected in the anima, the anima then became a function of the relationship between consciousness and the unconscious, as opposed to an autonomous complex. Again, this process of the integration of the anima was the subject of Liber Norus and the Black Books. (It also highlights the fact that the fantasies in Liber Norus should be read symbolically and not interaily. To take statements from them out of context and to cite them literally would represent a senious misunderstanding., Jung noted that this process had three effects.

The first effect is that the range of consciousness is increased by the inclusion of a great number and variety of anconscious contents. The second is a gradual diminution of the dominating influence of the anconscious. The third is an alteration in the personality.

After one had achieved the integration of the anima, one was confronted with another figure, namely the "mana personality". lung argued that when the anima lost her "mana" or power the man who assimilated it must have acquired this and so became a "mana personality," a being of superior will and wisdom. However, this figure was "a dominant of the collective unconscious, the recognized archetype of the powerful man in the form of hero, chief, magician, medicine man, and saint, the lord of men and spirits, the friend of Gods."44 Thus in integrating the anima, and attaining her power, one inevitably identified with the figure of the magician, and one faced the task of differentiating oneself. from this. He added that for women, the corresponding figure. was that of the Great Mother. If one gave up the claim to victory over the anima, possession by the figure of the magician ceased. and one reauzed that the mana truly belonged to the "mid point of the personality," namely, the self. The assimilation of the contents of the mana personarty led to the self. Jung's description of the encounter with the mana personality, both the identification and subsequent disidentification with it, corresponds to his encounter with Philomon in Liber Novas Of the self. Jung wrote "It might as well be caused 'God in as. The beginnings of our whole psychic fe seem to be inextricably rooted to this point, and all our highest and deepest purposes seem to be striving toward it. 724 Jung's description of the self conveys the significance of his reanzation following his Liverpool dream

The self could be characterized as a kind of compensation for the conflict between inner and outer—the self is also the goal of tife because it is the most complete expression of that fateful combination we call individuality—With the experiencing of the self as something irrational, as an indefinable being to which the I is neither opposed nor subjected, but in a relation of dependence, and around

which it revolves very much as the earth revolves about the sum-then the goal of individuation has been reached.49

The Confrontation with the World

Why did Jung stop working on Liber Norus? In his afterword, written in 1959, he wrote:

My acquaintance with alchemy in 1940 took me away from it. The beginning of the end came in 1928 when [Richard] Wilhelm sent me the text of the "Golden flower" an aichemical treatise. There the contents of this book found their way into actuality and I could no longer continue working on it. 1826.

There is one more completed painting in Liber Novis. In 1928, lung painted a mandaia of a golden castle (Page 163) After painting it it struck him that the mandala had something Chinese about it Shortly afterward. Richard Wilhelm sent him the text of The Secret of the Golden Flower tasking him to write a commentary on it Jung was struck by it and the timing

The text gave me an undreamed-of confirmation of my ideas about the mandals and the circumanbusasion of the center. This was the first event which broke through my isolation. I became aware of an affinity. I could establish ties with someone and something.

The significance of this confirmation is indicated in the lines that he wrote beneath the painting of the Yellow Castle. ²⁰⁵ Jung was struck by the correspondences between the imagery and conceptions of this text and his own paintings and fantasies. On May 25, 1929, he wrote to Wilhelm. "Fate appears to have given us the role of two bridge pillars which carry the bridge between Fast and West." Only later did he realize that the air hemical nature of the text was important ²⁰⁶ He worked on his commentary during 1929. On September 10, 1929 he wrote to Wilhelm. "I am thrilled by this text, which stands so close to our unconscious."

Jung's commentary on The Secret of the Golden Flower was a surroung point. It was his first public discussion of the significance of the mandala. For the first time, Jung anonymously presented three of his own paintings from Liber Novus as examples of European mandalas, and commented on them.⁷² To Wilhelm, he wrote on October 28, 1929, concerning the mandalas in the volume "the images amplify one another precisely through their diversity. They give an excellent image of the effort of the unconscious European spirit to grasp Eastern eschatology.⁷² This connection between the "European unconscious spirit" and Eastern eschatology became one of the major themes in Jung's work in the 1930s, which he explored through further collaborations with the

²²⁾ Ibid. \$358
22) Ibid. \$377
224 Ibid. \$399.
21 Ibid. \$405
224 Ibid. \$405
224 Ibid. \$405
225 For below p \$60
227 Vernore, pp -12 23.
226 For below p \$20 note \$07
229 A
230 Foreword to the second German edition, "Commentary to The Secret of the Golden Flower," CW \$ p. 4
231 Wilhelm appreciated Jung's commentary. On Ootuber 24, (929, he wrote to have. "I am again structs must deeply by you comment;" (fA)
231 See images 04 to 2nd 64. These pictures together with two more were again atmosymously eproduced in (950) in Jung. ed., Gesaliungen des deshwarese
Psychologischen Abhandlungen, vol. + [Forms of the Unconscious, Psychological Treaties] (Ziliche Raschet 1950)

Indologists Wilhelm Hauer and Heinrich Zimmer ™ At the same time, the form of the work was crucial; rather than revealing the full details of his own experiment, or those of his patients, Jung used the parallels with the Chinese text as an indirect way of speaking about it, much as he had begun to do in chapter 5 of Psychological Types. This allegorical method now became his preferred form. Rather than write directly of his experiences, he commented on analogous developments in esotenic practices, and most of all in medieval alchemy.

Shortly afterward, Jung abruptly left off working on Liber-Nowes. The last fun page image was refr unfinished, and he stopped transcribing the text. He later recalled that when he reached this central point or Tao, his controltation with the world commenced, and he began to give many lectures 27 Thus the "confrontation with the unconscious" drew to a close, and the "confrontation with the world" began Jung added that he saw these activities as a form of compensation for the years of inner preoccupation."

The Comparative Study of the Individuation Process

Jung had been familiar with alchemical texts from around 1910. In 1912, Théodore Flournoy had présented a psychological interpretation of alchemy in his lectures at the University of Geneva and in 1914 Herbert Silberer published an extensive work on the subject so hang's approach to aichemy followed the work of Flourney and Silberer in regarding aichemy from a psychological perspective. His understanding of it was based. on two main theses first, that in meditating on the texts and materials in their laboratories, the alchemists were actually practicing a form of active imagination. Second, that the symbolism in the aichemical texts corresponded to that of the individuation process with which Jung and his patients had been engaged

In the 1930s, Jung's activity shifted from working on his fantasies in the Biack Books to his aichemy copy books. In these, he presented an encyclopedic collection of excerpts from aichemical intersture and related works, which he indexed according to key. words and subjects. These copy books formed the basis of his writings on the psychology of alchemy.

After 1930, Jung put Liber Noves to one side. While he had stopped working directly on it, it still remained at the center of his activity. In his therapeutic work, he continued to attempt to foster similar developments in his patients, and to establish which aspects of his own experience were singular and which had some generality and applicability to others. In his symbolic researches, Jung was interested in parallels to the imagery and conceptions of Liber Novas. The question that he pursued was the following: was something akin to the individuation process to be found in all cultures? If so, what were the common and differential

elements? In this perspective, Jung's work after 1930 could be considered as an extended amplification of the contents of Liker Novus, and an attempt to translate its contents into a form acceptable to the contemporary outlook. Some of the statements made in Liber Novus closely correspond to positions that Jung would later articulate in his published works, and represent their first formulations.44 On the other hand, much did not directly find its way into the Gollened Works, or was presented in a schematic form, or through allegory and indurect allusion. Thus Liber Novas enables a hitherto unsuspected clarification of the most difficult aspects of lung's Collected Works. One is simply not in a position to comprehend the genesis of Jung's late work, nor to fully understand what he was attempting to achieve, without studying Liber Novas At the same time, the Collected Works can in part be considered an indirect commentary on Liber Novas Each mutually expinences the other

lung saw his "confrontation with the anconscious" as the source. of this later work. He recalled that all his work and everything that he subsequently achieved came from these imaginings. He had expressed things as well as he was able, in clumsy, handi capped language. He often felt as if "gigantic blocks of stone were tumbling down apon [him]. One thunderstorm tonowed another." He was amazed it hadn't broken him as it had done others, such as Schreber 29

When asked by Kurt Worff in 1957 on the relation between his scholarly works and his biographical notes of dreams and fantasies. Jung replied.

That was the primal stuff that compelled me to work on it, and my work is a more or less successful attempt to incorporate this incandescent matter into the worldview of my time The first imaginings and dreams were like fiery, moltenbasalt, from which the atone cryatallized, upon which I could work.149

He added that "it has cost me 45 years so to speak, to bring the things that I once experienced and wrote down into the vessel of my scientific work.***

In Jung's own terms. Liber Noves could be considered to contain, among other things, an account of stages of his process of individuation. In subsequent works, he tried to point out the general schematic common elements to which he could find parallels in his patients and in comparative research. The later works thus present a skeletal outline, a basic sketch, but left out the main body of detail. In retrospect, he described the Red Book as an attempt to formulate things in terms of revelation. He had hope that this would free him but found that it didn't. He then realized that he had to return to the human side and to science. He had to draw conclusions from the insights. The elaboration of the mater at in the Red Book was vital, but he also had to understand the ethical obligations. In doing so, he had paid with his ife and his science **

[🗱] On this issue, see The Psychology of Kundalbal Yaga: Notes by the Sendam Given in 1933 by C. G. Jang, ed. Sonia Shamdasani (Bollingen Series, Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1996):

age On February 8. 1923. Cary Boynes noted a discussion with rung or the previous spring which has bearings on this: "You [Jung] said that no matter how marked off from the crowd on individual inlight be with special gifts, he set had not builfilled all no there's pay hologorally speaking, unless he could but attent successfully in collectivity. By fore committing the collectivity was that if an infiniteal kept area from collectivity from the collectivity was that if an infiniteal kept and to successfully from the collectivity and to successfully the country has a social way, not professional or business relationships. Your point was that if an infiniteal kept and to successfully from the collectivity and to successfully successfully and to successfully successfully and to successfully s

²⁴⁷ Problems of Myusicine and Ita Sympolism, CP 5 & 101414 New York Molfs: Yord 1917).

²³⁸ These are inducated in the footnotes to the rexi-

²³⁹ Monterles, p. 201, MF p. 144 240 Erfanerungen, Träume, Godenken von C. G. Jong, ed. Antiela 14ff6 (Olten: Walter Verlag, 1988), p. 201 24 | |bod |

²⁴ JAP p. (48)

In 1930, he commended a series of seminars on the fantasy visions of Christiana Morgan at the Psychological Club in Zürich, which can in part be regarded as an indirect commentary on Liber Novus. To demonstrate the empirical validity of the conceptions that he derived in the latter, he had to show that processes depicted within it were not unique

With his seminars on Kundalini Yoga in 1932, Jung commenced a comparative study of esoteric practices, focusing on the spiritual exercises of Ignatus of Loyola, Patanjai's Yoga sutras. Buddhist meditational practices, and medieval atthemy, which he presented at an extensive series of jectures at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) ** The critical insight that enabled these ankages and comparisons was Jung's realization that these practices were all based on different forms of active imagination and that they air had as their goal the transformation of the personality—which Jung understood as the process of individuation. Thus Jung's ETH lectures provide a comparative history of active imagination, the practice that formed the basis of Liber Novas

In 1934, he published his first extended case description of the individuation process, which was that of Kristine Mann who had painted an extensive series of mandaias. He referred to his own undertaking

I have naturally used this method on myself too and can affirm that one can paint very complicated pictures without having the least idea of their real meaning. While painting them, the picture seems to develop out of itself and often en apposition to one s conscious intentions 244

He noted that the present work filled a gap in his description. of his therapeutic methods, as he had written little about active imagination. He had used this method since 1916, but only sketched it in The Relations of the I to the Unionscious in 1928 and first mentioned the mandaia in 1929 in his commentary on The Secret of the Golden Flower

For at least therteen years I kept quiet about the results of these methods in order to avoid any suggestion. I wanted to assure myself that these things—mandalas especially really are produced spontaneously and were not suggested. to the patient by my own fantasy 30

Through his historical studies, he convinced himself that mandalas. had been produced in all times and places. He also noted that they were produced by patients of psychotherapists who were not his students. This also indicates one consideration that may have led him not to publish Liber Novus to convince himself, and his critics, that the developments of his patients and especially. their mandala imagea were not simply due to suggestion. He held that the mandala represented one of the best examples of the aniversality of an archetype. In 1936, he also noted that he himself had used the method of active imagination over a long period of time, and observed many symbols that he had been. able to verify only years rater in texts that had been unknown - Nows 🐃 To Jung's disappointment she withdrew from the project to him 26 However from an evidential standpoint given the breadth of his learning, Jung's own material would not have

been a particularly convincing example of his thesis that images from the collective anconscious spontaneously emerged without prior acquaintance

In Liber Noves, Jung articulated his understanding of the historical transformations of Christianity, and the historicity of symbolic formations. He took up this theme in his writings on the psychology of atchemy and on the psychology of Christian dogmas, and most of all in Answer to Job. As we have seen it was Jung's view that his prewar visions were prophetic that led to the composition of Liber Novat. In 1952, through his collaboration with the Nobel prize winning physicist Wolfgang Paul Jung argued that there existed a principle of acausal orderedness that undertay such "meaningful coincidences" which he called synchronicity.40 He claimed that under certain circumstances the constellation of an archetype led to a relativization of time and space, which explained how such events could happen Thus was an attempt to expand scientific understanding to accommodate events such as his visions of 1913 and 1914

It is important to note that the relation of Liber Norus to Jung's scholarly writings did not follow a straight point by point translation and etaboration. As early as 1916, Jung sought to convey some of the results of his experiments in a scholarly language, while contimung with the elaboration of his fantasies. One would do best to regard Liber Novas and the Black Books as representing a private opus that ran parallel to and alongside has public scholarly opus, whilst the latter was nourished by and drew from the former, they remained distinct. After ceasing to work on Liber Novas he continued to elaborate his private opus his own mythology in his work on the tower and in his stone carvings and paintings. Here Liber Noves functioned as a generating center and a number of his paintings and carvings relate to it. In psychotherapy, Jung sought to enable his patients to recover a sense of meaning in life through facilitating and supervising their own self-experimentation and symbol creation. At the same time, he attempted to elaborate a general scientific psychology.

The Publication of Liber Novus

While Jung had stopped working directly on Liber Novus, the question of what to do with it remained, and the usue of its eventual publication remained open. On April 10, 1943, Jung replied to Mary Melion concerning a printing of the Sermones "Concerning the printing of the Seven Sermones I should wish you to wait for a while I had in mind to add certain material. but I have hesitated for years to do it. But at such an occasion one might risk it "bit In 1944, he had a major heart attack and did not see this plan through

In 1952. Lucy Heyer put forward a project for a biography of Jung. At Olga Froebe's suggestion and on Jung's insistence Cary Baynes began collaborating with Lucy Heyer on this project Cary Baynes considered writing a biography of Jung based on Liber After several years of interviews with Lucy Heyer, Jung terminated her biographical project in 1955, because he was dissaushed with

¹⁴⁵ These sectures are currently being prepared for publication. For further details, see www.philemonformdution.org 144 $^{\circ}$ A study in the process of individuation. $^{\circ}$ CW 9 $^{\circ}$ 5622

²⁴⁶ On the psychological aspects of the Kore figure. CW 9, 1 5334
249 Sor C. A. Meier, ed. Anni and Arthroper The Panh/Jung Lester. with a pretace by Beverley Zabriskie. to D. Roscoe (Princeton, Princeton, Iniversity Press, 2001).

²⁴⁸ AP It is likely that long had Philemon's commentative in mind user below pp. 348–354. 249 Ofga Fronte: Kaptevn to tack Barrett, randary 6, 1953, Bollingen archives, Library of Congress

her progress. In 1956, Kurt Wolff proposed another biographical project, which became Memories, Drems. Reflections. At some stage, hing gave Amela Jaffé a copy of the draft of Liber Norms, which had been made by Toni Wolff. Jung authorized laffé to cite from Liber Norms and the Black Books in Memories, Dremsu, Reflections ¹⁹⁶ In his interviews with Amela Jaffé. Jung discussed Liber Norms and his self-experimentation. Unfortunately, she did not reproduce at his comments

On October 31 1942 she wrote to Jack Batrett of the Boilinger Foundation concerning Liber Novis, and informed him that Jung had suggested that it and the Buck Books be given to the obraty of the University of Basel with a restriction of to years. So years, or longer, as "he hates the idea that anybody should read this material without knowing the relations to his life, ett." She added that the had decided not to use much of this material in Memories. In one early manuscript of Memories, Jaffé had included a transcription of the drift typescript of most of Liber Primit in But it was omitted from the final manuscript and she did not cite from Liber Novision the Black Books. In the German ed non of Memories, Jaffé included lung's epilogue to Liber Novis as an appendix. Jung's flexible date stipulations concerning access to Liber Novisioner the publication of his correspondence with Freud."

On October 12, 1997 Jung told laffe that he had never finished the Red Book. According to Jaffé in the spring of the year 1959 lang, after a time of lengthy ill-health, took up Liber Norw again, to complete the fast remaining unfinished image. Once again, he took up the transcription of the manuscript into the calligraphic volume. Jaffé notes, "However, he still could not or would not complete it. He told me that it had to do with death." The calligraphic transcription breaks off midsentence, and Jung added an afterword, which also broke off midsentence. The postscript and Jung's discussions of its donation to an archive suggest that Jung was aware that the work would eventually be studied at some stage. After Jung's death, Liber North remained with his family, in accordance with his will.

In her 1971 Eranos lecture. "The creative phases in Jung's afe," laffe cited two passages from the draft of Liber Norius, noting that Jung placed a copy of the manuscript at my disposal with permission to quote from it as occasion arose." Thus was the only time she did so. Pictures from Liber Norius were also shown in a BBC documentary on Jung narrated by Laurens van der Post in 1972. These created widespread interest in it. In 1975, after the much acclaimed publication of The Prend, Jung Letters, William McGuire representing.

Princeton University Press, wrote to the lawyer of the Jung estate. Hans Karrer, with a publication proposal for Liber Norms and a collection of photographs of Jung's stone carvings, paintings and the tower. He proposed a facaintile edition, possibly with out the text. He wrote that "we are uninformed of the number of its pages, the relative amount of text and pictures, and the content and interest of the text." No one in the press had actually seen or read the work or knew much about it. This request was denied.

In 1975, some reproductions from the calligraphic volume of Liber Novice were displayed at an exhibition commemorating Jung's centenary in Zürich. In 1977, nine paintings from Liber Novice were published by Jaffé in C. G. Jung; Word and Joseph and in 1989 a few other related paintings were published by Gerhard Wehr in his illustrated biography of Jung ⁸⁴

In 1984, Liber Nove was professionally photographed, and five facsimile editions were prepared. These were given to the five families directly descendent from Jung. In 1992. Jung's family, who had supported the publication of Jung's Collected Works in German (completed in 1995) commenced an examination of Jung's unpublished materials. As a result of my researches, I found one transcription and a partial transcription of Liber Noves and presented them to the Jung heirs in 1997. Around the same time, another transcription was presented to the heirs by Marie-Louise von Franz. I was invited to present reports on the subject and its suitability for publication, and made a presentation on the subject. On the basis of these reports and discussions, the heirs decided in May 2000 to release the work for publication.

The work on Liber News was at the center of Jung's self-experimentation. It is notting less than the central book in his ocuvre. With its publication, one is now in a position to study what took place there on the basis of primary documentation as opposed to the funtary, gossip, and speculation that makes up too much of what is written on hing, and to grasp the genesis and constitution of Jung's later work. For nearly a century, such a reading has simply not been possible, and the vast literature on Jung's life and work that his arisen has lacked access to the single most important documentary source. This publication marks a caesura, and opens the possibility of a new era in the understanding of Jung's work. It provides a unique window into how he recovered his soul and, in so doing, constituted a psychology. Thus this introduction does not end with a conclusion, but with the promise of a new beginning.

253. One may note that the publication of the Frend/Jung Letters, crucial as this was in its own right, while Liber Novus and the bulk of Jung's other correspondences remaine suspublished, regreenably heightened the mistaken Frendocentric view of Jung; as we see no Liber Novus. Jung is moving in a universe that is as his away from psychological and the mistaken Frendocentric view of Jung; as we see no Liber Novus. Jung is moving in a universe that is as his away from psychological and the mistaken Frendocentric view of Jung; as we see no Liber Novus. Jung is moving in a universe that is as his away from psychological and the mistaken Frendocentric view of Jung; as we see no Liber Novus. Jung is moving in a universe that is as his away from psychological.

of a second process of the second process of the second of Archetyles and Archetyles are suggested to the second of Archetyles are suggested as a suggest to the suggest to the second of Archetyles are suggested as a suggest to the second of Archetyles are suggested as a suggest to the suggest to the suggest to the suggested as a suggest to the s

ago jung to jaffé. October 37, 1957. Bollingen archives. Library of Congress.

20 Bollingen archives, Library of Congress. Jaffe part a similar account to Kurt Wolff, mentinging 30, 50, or 80 years as the provide restriction (undated; received.

October 30, 1957). Kurt Wolff papers, Besnecke Library, Yale University. On reading the first sections of the protocols of Annels Jaffé's interviews with Jung, Cary Beynes wrote to lung on lanuary 8, 958, that "it is the right introduction to the hind Book, and so I can die in peace on that store!" (GFB)

Kurt Wolff papers, Beinecke Library, Yale University. The prologue was omitted, and it was given the title of the base chapter, Der Wiederfindung der Seele! [the recovery of the soul) Another copy of this section was heavily edited by an undentited hand, which ma, have been part of preparing this for publication at this time (JFA)

253 One may note that the publication of the Frend/Jung Letters, crucial as this was in its own right, while Liber Novus and the bulk of Tung's other correspondences remained.

Translators' Note

MARKED ROLL OF THE KINN OF SECURING

At the outset of Liber Naws, Jung experiences a crisis of language. The spirit of the depths, who mimediately challenges Jung's use of language along with the spirit of the time, informs Jung that on the terrain of his soul his achieved language will no longer serve. His own powers of knowing and speaking can no longer account for why he afters what he says or under what compussion he speaks. All such attempts become arbitrary in the depth realm, even murderous. He is made to understand that what he migh say on these occasions is both "madness" and instructively, what is Indeed, in a broader perspective, the language that he will find for his inner experience would compose a vast Commedia: "Do you believe, man of this time, that laughter is lower than worship? Where is your measure, take measurer." The sum of hie decides in laughter and in worship, not your judgment.

In translating this accumulated record of Jung's imaginal encounters with the inner figures, from a sixteen-year period beginning just before the First World War, we have let Jung remain a man who was pulled loose from his moorings but also caught up in the maeistrom that has gone by the name of iterary modernism. We have tried no ther to further modernise nor to render more archae the Janguage and forms in which he couched his personal record.

The language in Liber Namu pursues three main stylistic registers, and each poses distinct difficulties for a translator. One of them faithfully reports the faithsses and unner dialogues of lungs imaginal encounters, while a second remains firmly and discerningly conceptual. Still a third writes in a mantic and prophetic or Romantic and dithyrambic, mode. The relation between these reportorial, reflective, and Romantic aspects of Jung's language remains comedic in a manner that Dante or Goethe would have recognized. That is, within each chapter the descriptive, conceptual and mantic registers consistently rub against each other while at the same time no single register is affected by its partners. All three stylistic registers serve psychic promptings, and each chapter shares a polyphonic mode with the others. In the Sciwinkin section from 1917 this polyphony matures, its voices comminging in various ratios.

A reader will quickly infer that this design was not premeditated, but rather grew from the experiment to which Jung arduously submitted. The "Editorial Note" diagrams the textual evolution. of this composition. Here we need only observe that Jung each time sets down an initial protocol layer of nametive encounter. asually with dialogue, and then, in the "second layer," a syricuelaboration of and commentary on that encounter. The first layer. gyords an elevated tone, whereas the second welcomes elevation and modulates into sermonic, mantic-prophetic reflections on the episode's meaning, which in turn unpack events discursively. This mode of composition, which is unique in Jung's works—was no temperamental arrangement. Instead, as the episodes accumulated and their stakes mounted, it grew into an experiment that was as much literary as it was psychological and spiritual. In Jung's extensive published and unpublished corpus, there is no other text that was subjected to such careful and continuar linguistic revision as Liber Novas

These three linguistic registers already present themselves as virtual models for a possible translation. Our practice this been to set them cohabit within the exploratory frameworks alive in lung's own day. The task before him was to find a language rather than use one ready at hand. The mantic and conceptual registers can themselves be considered as translations of the descriptive register. That is, these registers move from a literal level to symbolic ones that amplify it, in a modern analogue to Dante's "modi diversi" in his setter to Can Grande della Scala. In a very real sense. Liber Novas was composed through intertextual translation. The book's thetoric, its manner of address, emerges from this interanimating structure of internal translation or transvaluation. A critical task for any translation of the work, therefore, is conveying this compositional tensors.

The fact that printed images of an accomplished and hybrid kind illuminate the medieval format of a folio in scribal hand compounds any reflections on the anguistic task. The novel language required a renewed ancient script. A polyphonic style couches itself multimedia fastion within a symbolic throwback yet-forward movement, medieval and anticipatory, into retrievals of psychic reality. Verbal and visual images press in on lung from the root past and present while aiming toward the beyond: a layered medium emerges, whose polyphonic style mirrors within its language that same composite layering

Faced with the task of translating a text composed nearly a hundred years ago, translators usually have the benefit of prior models to consult as well as decades of scholarly commentary and criticism. Without such exemplars at hand, we were left to imagine how the work migh, have been translated in previous decades. Consequently, our translation sidesteps several unpublished or hypothetical models for rendering Liber North into English. There is Peter Baynes' strikingly archaizing Septem Sermones of 1925 which draws largely apon a Victorian idiom. Or the conceptually rationalizing version that R.F.C. Hull might have attempted had he been allowed to translate it alongside his other volumes in the Bollingen Series of Jung's Collected Worlds' or the elegant literary rendering from the hand of someone like R. J. Hotlingdate. Our version therefore occupies an actual position in a largely virtual sequence. Consideration of these virtual models highlighted questions of how to pitch the language within historical shifts in English prose, how to convey the myriad convergences and divergences between the language of Liber Nones and Jung's Collected Works, and how to render in English a work simultaneously ethoing Luther's German and Nietzsche's parody of the same in That Spoke Zarathattre Because our version takes this position accordingly when we have cited Jung's Collected Worls we have freshly rendered or discreetly modified the published translations.

Liber Norm was coeval with the interary ferment that Mikhail Bakhtin called the dialogical prose imagination. The Anglo-Weish writer and artist David Jones, author of In Parenthesis and The Anathometa, referred to the rupture of the First World War, and its effects on the historical sense of writers, artists, and thinkers simply as "The Break." In concert with other experimental writing from these decades Liber Norms excavates archaeological layers of literary adventure with hard-won consciousness as both shovel and prectious shard. While Jung actively considered publishing Liber Norms for many years, he chose not to make a name for himself in

Set below, p. 230

³ See the translation and discussion of this setter in Locia Boldrini, Joyot, Dante, and the Preticral Literary Actation (New York: Cambridge University Press, 2001), pp. 30-35.

⁴ On the issue of Hull's translations of lung, see Shandasani, lung Siripped Bire by His Bigraphers, Even. pp. 47: 11

5 See The Dislogic insgination Four Essys, ed. Michael Hotquist, tr. Co.: Emerson and Michael Hotquist (Aussin: University of Texas Press, 1961)

6 David Jones, Dat Greateach A Self-Portrait of David Jones is the Letters of Rene Hague (London, Faber & Faber, 1980, pp. 41ff.)

this literary manner—as much for style as for content—by releasing in By 1921 with *Psychological Types* he already found that his sanctum could furnish it in his main themes, through translation into a scholarly idiom

Jung enunciates the tension among his three stylistic registers already addressing a future readership, which shifts from an oner circle of friends to a wider public between different layers of the text. This is graphically apparent in the frequent pronomial shifts between the versions, which show the manner in which he was constantly reimagining the potential readers of the text. Jung coherently adopted this dialogical stance, polyphonic in Bakhtin's later terms, once again mindful of a hypothetical future audience yet also aloof from the question of audience altogether, not from pride but simply in view of the aims to be served. Paintings and fantasses from this private creasury entered anonymously as crypted intertexts into Jung's later work, nestling as hermetic clues to the undisclosed whose of his effort.

Indeed, we can imagine Jung laughing when he wrote of "3 Case Z" in the last section of his essay on "The Psychological. Aspects of the Kore" (1941) There he summarizes as anonymous twelve episodes from encounters with his own soul in Liber Norm. calling them "a dream-series". The comments he appends to these propel the adventurer he had been, and the subject he became in that adventure, into the discourse of a would be science. The comedy is both spacious and exquisite this respectful host to the anima also wields the diagnostic pointer in all seriousness. His language flexibly struddled both contexts, but also kept certain veils in piace white doing so. This linguistic strategy marrored Jung's larger sums in remaining fruitfully dust and contextual. Declaring his mysteries to be particular, not to be aped in any way, he nonetheless also offered them as a template. of formative spiritual process, and, in so doing, attempted to develop an idiom that could be taken up by others to articulate. their expenences.

Thus is one way of paraphrasing the considerable anomaly of the language that Jung had to find through sleepless rights from 1913 onward. That language shifted its shape altered its scale. and weighed both megrims and tons. Therefore it comes as no surprise that in his more elevated passages Jung relied on the resonance of the Luther Bible atself a translation that had achieved rocklike stability within German culture. Els feste Barg. "a mighty fortress?" thus our own relunce here on the King lames. Version of the Bible (KIV) for comparable tonalities in English. Yet a paradox rises immediately what Jung counted on in that resonance had transplanted an aben spurit into the Germanic. Heast or home as one may alterrise say of the KJV's deep embed. ding of the same implant in Anglo-Saxon culture. Franz Rosenzweig, translating parts of the Old Testament with Martin Buber in the mid 1920s, identified Lather's Bible as the great space-maker within Germanic apirit, precisely through Lather's close in moves

toward his source. "For the comfort of our sours, we must retain such words, must put up with them, and so give the Hebrew some room where it does better than German can." Thus our own practice of not smoothing out Jung's several modes, or making them run more fluently than need be, or even regularizing his punctuation. Think of Dante's "shaggy" diction, or of still another maxim from Luther in Rosenzweig's notes. "The mud will cling to the wheel."

Yet even these profound allowances for archaic and original speech across abysies of meaning fail to approximate the destabilizing experience, in and through language to which jung testifies. His later comments in the published memoir on his reservations about high flown style to in effect cover his tracks in Liber Norm. The original experience sent speech into a spin that animates the book's initiatic dimension. Language too undergoes a descent into bell and the realm of the dead, which diverts one of speech even as it renews the capacity for utterance

The following instances give some sites of this factor's range. mapping the stresses in any sincere ventriloquism such as hing raked by andertaking a controlled séance with himself and his ground with pen in hand. Hölderlin's hair-breadth space warps and Isaiah's tongue-borne burning coal both move in this league. along with Plato on "right frenzy" or divine madness: (1)"My soulspoke to me in a whisper, urgently and alarmingly. Words, words. do not make too many words. Be silent and asten, have you recognized your madness, and do you admit it? Have you noticed that all your foundations are all completely mired in madness? " (2) Jungs sout "There are hellish webs of words, only words Be tentative with words, value them for you are the first who gets anared in them. For words have meanings. With words you pull up the underworld. Word, the patriest and the mightiest In words the emptiness and the fullness flow together. Hence the word is an image of the God "a (3) "But if the word is a symbol it means everything. When the way enters death and we are surrounded by rot and borror, the way rises in the dark. ness and feaves the mouth as the saving symbol, the word. (4) The dead woman. "Let me have the word- oh, that you cannot hear! How difficult—give me the word?"4 It then materializes in Jung's hand as HAP the phallus (5) Jung's soul: "You possess the word that should not be allowed to remain conceased ™ (6) Jung. "What is my word? It is the stummering of a minor — " Soul: "They do not see the fire, they do not believe your words, but they see your mark and unknowingly suspect you to be the messenger of the burning agony You stutter, you stammer " In the protocols for his memoir, Jung recalls bringing to the original experiences. in Liber Norm only a "highly clumsy speech." Yer one instance (7) strongly belies that later emphasis: "I knew that Philemon. had intoincated me and given me a language that was foreign to me and of a different sensitivity. All of this faded when the God arose and only Philemon kept that tanguage 24

⁸ Martin Buber and Franz Rosenzweig, Strippine and Translation, to Lawrence Rosenzweid with Everett Fox (Bloomington and Indianapolis: Indiana University Press, 1994), p. 49 citing author's Pretace to his German Putter

This last instance indicates that Jung later attributed the mantic, dishyrambic speech of layer two in everything before the Scrittinies section to Philemon. The literal intoxication described here is anguistic, a dramatized, ventriloquial version of Platonic divine madness. It therefore underscores our attempt to faithfully render the stylistic registers of Liber Novai so as to present a vital aspect of Jungs interary experiment, as he grappies with attempting to find the most fitting idiom in which to cast the transformations of inner experience. Jung's search for the soul, then, stands at one with the search for appropriately dialogical and differentiated language.

These instances in all their oscillations affect a reading of Jung's Collected Works, and counsel caution with applying its conceptual tools to the task of reading and understanding Liber Novus. To take but one example, one begins to see that it is too near to equate the opposed yet related depths of Logos and Eros with the conceptual and lyncal manusc registers found in Liber Novus Jung's "Commentary" on the Enjah Salome relationship included here shows that relationship to be developmental, a mystery play of "the formative process" that kindles love for the lowest in us "The modal span for language in Liber Novus thus animates that mystery play but does not correspond directly to opposed psychological functions

This complex respect for language instructs translators of Liber Novi in navigating the underworld/redemptive tensions spanned by its rhetoric. The great force behind the mantic tension in that rhetoric occupied Jung in the brief Epilogue he inscribed in the calligraphic volume in 1959, two years before his death Once again plying the seas of those illuminated pages, he seems to have found any further summing-up to be unnecessary. Breaking off an madsentence he left the book to stand on its own as one strand. of discourse within his whole effort. That counterpoint required no comment, any more than did the three registers of language within the book itself. Ordeal was Commedia after all, calling for no retrospective theoretical justification. Liber Novas would survive the gropings and peltings of reception. Jung had remarked in 1957 to Ameia Iaffé that so much rubbish had been said about him, that any more didn't disturb him." That lifted pen therefore confidently consigned the book to its depth trajectory steeply expanding into the quarry it had become, with both his Collected Works and the takeside tower at Bollingen as its final extractions.

In this note we have attempted to convey only the general principles that have guided this translation. A full discussion of the choices that confronted us and a justification of the decisions taken would fill a volume as ample as this one

19 See Appendix B. 20 MP p. 183.

Editorial Note

Liber Novus is an unfinished manuscript corpus, and it is not completely clear how Jung intended to complete it or how he would have published it had he decided to do so. We have a series of manuscripts, of which no single version can be taken as final. Consequently, the text could be presented in a variety of ways. This note indicates the editorial rationate behind the present.

The following is the sequence of excapt manuscripts for Liber. Primus and Liber Secundus

Black Books 2-4 (November 1913: April 1914) Handwritten Draft (Summer 1914 1915) Typed Draft circa 1915) Corrected Draft (with one layer of changes circa 1915) one layer of changes circa mid-1920s). Calligraphic Volume (1915: 1930, resumed in 1959) left incomplete) Cary Baynes's transcription (1924-1925) Yale Manuscript Liber Primus minus the protogue (identical with Typed Draft) Copy-Edited Draft of Liber Primus minus the peologue, with corrections in unknown hands (circa late 1950s. edited version of the Typed Draft)

For Scriptings we have

Black Books 5 · 6 (April 1914 · June 1916) Calligraphic Septem Sermones (1916) Printed Septem Sermones (1916) Handwritten Draft (circa 1917). Typed Draft (circa 1918) Cary Baynes s masseription (1925) (27 pages, incomplete)

The arrangement presented here starts with a revision of Cary Baynes's transcription and a fresh transcription of the remaining material in the calligraphic volume together with the Typed Draft of Scruttures, with line-by- the comparisons with all extant versions. The last thirty pages are completed from the Drift. The main variations between the different manuscripts concern the "second tayer" of the text. These changes represent lung's continued. work of comprehending the psychological significance of the fantasies. As Jung considered Liber Novus to be an fattempt at an etaboration in terms of the reveration," the changes between the different versions present this "attempt at an elaboration," and therefore are an important part of the work itself. Thus the notes indicate significant changes between the different versions and they present material that clarifies the meaning or context of a particular section. Each manuscript, aver is important and interesting, and a publication of all of them, which would run to several thousand pages. would be a task for the

The criterion for including passages from the earlier manuscripts has been simply the question: does this inclusion help the reader comprehend what is talong place? Ande from the intrinsic importance of these changes, noting them in the footnotes serves a second purpose- it shows how carefully Jung worked at continually revising the text

The Corrected Draft has two layers of corrections by Jung. The first set of corrections appears to have been done after the Draft was typed and before the transcription into the calligraphic volume as it appears that it was this manuscript that Jung transcribed.' A further set of corrections on approximately 200 pages of the typescript appears to have been made after the calligraphic volume, and I would estimate that these were done sometime in the mid-1920s. These corrections moderaize the language and bring the terminology into relation with Jung's terminology from the period of Psychological Types. Additional clarifications are also added. Jung even corrected materia, in the Draft that was deleted in the calligraphic volume. I have presented some of the significant changes in the footnotes From them, it is possible for a reader to see how Jung would have revised the whole text had he completed this layer of corrections

Subdivisions have been added in Liber Secondar, chapter 21 "The Magician," and in Simulates for ease of reference. These are indicated by manubers in scrolled brackets {} Where possible the date of each fantasy has been given from the Black Books. The second layer added in the draft is indicated by [2] and the manuscript reverts to the sequence of the fantasies in the Black Books at the beginning of the following chapter. In the passages where aubdivisions have been added, the reversion to the sequence of the Burck Books is indicated by [1].

The various manuscripts have different systems of paragraphing. In the Draft, paragraphs often consust of one or rwo sentences, and the text is presented ake a prose poem At the other extreme in the calligraphic volume, there are lengthy passages of text with no paragraph breaks. The most logical paragraphing appears in Cary Baynes's transcription She frequently took her cue for paragraph breaks from the presence of colored in tials. Because it is unlikely that she would have reparagraphed the text without Jung's approval, herrayout has formed the point of departure for this edition. In some instances, the paragraphing has been brought closer into line. with the Droft and the campraphic volume. In the second half of her transcription, Cary Baynes transcribed the Dreft because the calligraphic volume had not been completed. Here, I have paragraphed the text in the same manner as established before a believe that this presents the text in the clearest and easiest co-follow form.

In the calligraphic volume, Jung hustrated certain initials. and wrote some in red and olde, and sometimes increased the font of the text. The ayour here attempts to follow these conventions. Because the initials in question aren't always the same in English and German, the choice of which initial to ser in red in the English has been governed by its corresponding location in the text. The bolding and increase of font size has been rendered by stalics. The remainder of the text beyond that which lung transcribed in the calligraphic volume has been set following the same conventions, to maintain consistency. In the case of the Septem Sermones, the font coloring was followed lung's rinted version of 1976

The decision to include Scrittinits in sequence with and as part of Liber Novice is based on the following editorial rationale. The materia in the Black Books commences in November 1913 Liber Secundes closes with material from April 19 1914, and Scriptimes commences with material from the same day. The Black Books run consecutively until July 21, 1974, and recommence on

Interested readers may compare this edition with the sections from the Diego in the Kure Wolff papers at Yale University and with Cary Baynes's transcription. at the Contemporary Medical Archives at the VAlloome Collection, condon, it is quite possible that other manuscripts may yet come to light a There are also some paint itiaries on this manuscript.

June 3, 1915. In the hiarus, Jung wrote the Handwritten Draft When Cary Baynes transcribed Liber Novas between 1924 and 1925, the first half of her transcription followed Liber Novas tself to the point reached by Jung in his own transcription into the calligraphic volume. It continues by following the draft, and then proceeds 27 pages into Scrutbries, ending midsentence.

At the end of Liber Secundus, Jung's soul has ascended to Heaven following the reborn God. Jung now thinks that Philemon is a chariatan, and comes to his "I" whom he must we with and educate Scrutinies continues directly from this point with a confrontation with his "I". The ascent of the reborn God is referred to, and his soul teturns and explains why she had disappeared. Philemon reappears, and instructs Jung on how to establish the right relation to his soul, the dead, the Gods, and the daimons. In Scrutinies Philemon fully emerges and takes on the significance that Jung attached to him both in the 1925 seminar and in Memories. Only in Scrutinies do certain episodes in Liber Primus and Liber Secundus become clear. By the same token, the narrative in Scrutinies makes no sense if one has not read Liber Primus and Liber Secundus.

At two places an Scrutinies. Liber Primus and Liber Secundus are mentioned in a way that strongly suggests that they are all part of the same work.

And then the War broke out. This opened my eyes about what I had experienced before and it also gave me the courage to say all that I have written in the earlier part of this book.

Since the God has ascended to the upper realms, ΦΙΛΉΜΩΝ has also become different. He first appeared to me as a magician who lived in a distant land, but then I felt his nearness and since the God has ascended, I knew that

ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ had intoxicated me and given me a language that was foreign to me and of a different sensitivity. All of this faded when the God arose and only ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ kept that anguage But I felt that he went on other ways than I did Probably the greater part of what I have written in the earlier part of this book was given to me by ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ.

These references to the "earlier part of this book" suggest that all of this indeed constitutes one book, and that Scrattmer was considered by Jung to be part of Liber Novas

This view is supported by the number of internal connections between the texts. One example is the fact that the mandalas in ...ther Novas are closely connected to the experience of the self and the realization of its centrality depicted only in Scratinies. Another example occurs in Liber Secondas, chapter is, when Ezechies and his fellow Anabaptists arrive, they tell Jung that they are going to Jerusalem's holy places because they are not at peace, not having fully finished with life. In Scratinies, the dead reappear telling lung that they have been to Jerusalem, but did not find what they sought there At that point, Philemon appears and the Septem Sermones begin. Perhaps Jung intended to transcribe Scrutinies into the calligraphic volume and illustrate it, there are ample blank pages.

On january 8, 1958. Cary Baynes asked lung. "Do you temember that you had me copy quite a bit of the Red Book realf white you were in Africa?" got as far as the beginning of the Prefunger [Scrittmes]. This goes beyond what Frau Jaffé put at K. W.'s [Kurt Wolff] disposal and he would like to read it. In that OK?" Jung replied on January 24, "I have no objections against your tending your notes of the 'Red Book to Mr. Wolff." Here Cary Baynes, too, seems to have regarded Scrittings as part of Liber Novas.

In citations in the notes, ellipses have been indicated by three periods. No emphases have been added

3 See below, p. 336 4 See below, p. 339 5 JA

Liber Primus

[fo, r] The Way of What is to Come

Istias dixit: quis credidit auditus nostro et brachium Domeni cui reveletion est? et ascendet sicut virgulium corant eo et sicut radix de terra sitienti non est species et neque decor et vidirum eum et non eras aspectus et denderevinus eum despectum et norissimum Virorum rirum dolorum et scientem infrancitatem et quasi absorbiditus valtus eius et despectus unde nec reputavimus eum. Vere languores nostros ipre muit et dosores nostros ipse portant et nos patanimus eum quass leprosum et percussum a Deo et humiliatum. Cap Hil/I-Iv

parvulus enim matus est nobis filius datus est nobis et factus est principatus super umerum etus et vocabitur nomen eius Admirebihs consiliarsus Dens fortis Pater futuri saecuts princeps pacis, caput ix/ve.

[Isaiah said. Who hath believed our report? and to whom is the arm of the Lord reveated? For he shall grow up before him as a tender plant and as a root out of a dry ground: he hath no form nor cometiness; and when we shall see him, there is no beauty that we should desire him. He is despised and rejected of men. a man of sorrows, and acquainted with greef and we hid as it were our faces from him: he was despised, and we esteemed him not Surely he hath borne our griefs, and carried our sorrows: yet we did esteem him stricken, smitten of God, and afflicted ([saiah 53 I 4)]*

[For unto us a child is born, unto us a son is given, and the government shall be upon his shoulder and his name shall be called Wonderfut, Counsellor The mighty God, The evertasting Father The Prince of Peace (Issiah 9:6)]

Ioannes ducti: et Verbum caro factum est et habitavit in nobis et vidimus gioriam cius gioriam quasi unigentit a Patre pienum gratiae et vertiatis Ioann. Cap. t/x/hi

John said: And the Word was made flesh, and dwelt among as (and we beheld his giory, the giory as of the only begotten of the Father) full of grace and truth (John 114),

Iranas dixis, sactabitur deserta et unvia es exustabis solitudo as florabis quass lilium, germinans germinabit et exuttablt tattabunda et laudans tunc apertentur ocula caecorson et aures sordorson patebont, tuno salset steut tervus claudus aperta erit lingua mutorum, quia scissae sunt in deserto aquae et torrentes in solitudine et quae erat arida in stagnum et sitiens in fontes aquarum in cubilibus in quibus prius dracones habitabant orietur viror column et fanci et erit ils semita et sua sancta vocabitur, non transibit per com pollutus et hocc erit vobis directa vio ita ut stalts non errent per cam Corp zoon

Issiah said: The wilderness and the solitary place shall be glad for them; and the desert shall rejoice, and biossom as the rose. It shall biossom abundantly, and rejoice even with joy and Then the eyes of the blind shall be opened and the ears of the deaf shall be anstopped. Then shall the same man leap. as a hart, and the tongue of the dumb sing, for in the wilderness shall waters break out, and streams in the desert. And the parched ground shall become a pool, and the thirsty land springs of water in the habitation of dragons, where each lay, shall be grass with reeds and rushes. And an highway shall be there, and a way, and it shall be called. The way of holiness; the unclean shall not pass over it, but it shall be for those, the wayfaring men, though fools. shall not err therein (Isaiah 35·1-8)]

manu propria scriptum a C. G. Jung anno Domini memxy su domu sua Kasnach Turirense

Written by C. G. Jung with his own hand in his house in Küsnacht/Zürich in the year 1915.)

/ [H1 (v)] [2] If I speak in the spirit of this time 1 must say no one and nothing can justify what I must proclaim to you. Justification is superfluous to me, since I have no choice, but I must. I have learned that in addition to the apirit of this time there is still another spirit at work namely that which rules the depths of everything contemporary. The spirit of this time would ike to hear of use and value. I also thought this way, and my hamanity still thinks this way. But that other spirit forces me nevertheless to speak, beyond justification, use and meaning, Filled with human pride and birided by the presumptuous spirit of the times, I long sought to hold that other spirit away from me. But I did not consider that the spirit of the depths from ame immemorial and for all the future possesses a greater power than the spirit of this time who changes with the generations The spirit of the depths has subjugated all pride and arrogance to the power of adgment. He took away my belief in science, he robbed me of the joy of explaining and ordering things, and he let devotion to the ideas of this time die out in me. He forced me. down to the last and samplest things

The spirit of the depths took my understanding and all my knowledge and placed them at the service of the inexplicable and the paradoxical. He robbed me of speech and writing for everything that was not in his service, namely the melting together. of sense and nonsense, which produces the supreme meaning.

But the supreme meaning is the path, the way and the bridge to what is to come. That is the God yet to come. It is not the coming God himself, but his image which appears in the supreme measing? God is an image and those who wership him must worship from in the images of the supreme meaning.

Medieval manuscripts were numbered by folios anstead of pages. The from side of the folious the recto (the sight-hand page of an open book), and the back as the versu-

the tely hand of an open book. In about Prima Jung followed this practice. He reverted to contemporary pagnisation in after Sensitive.

In 1921, Jung cated the first chree weses of this passage (from audier's Bible), noting: "The burds of the Sensitive the development of the redeeming symbol, takes place where one does not expect it, and from precisely where a solution is most improbable" (Psychological Types CW 6, §439).

In 1921, Jung cited this passage, noting. "The nature of the redeeming symbol is that of a child, there is the childleness or presuppositional essents of the aminute belongs to the symbol and its function. This childlike strained necessarily brings with it another guiding principle in place of self-will and trained internations, whose goddikeness is symbol and its function. Thus childlike arrangements the symbol and its function. is synonymous with superiority. Since it is of an irregional nature, the guidang principle appears in a nursersous form, leadth expresses his connection very well. 9:5) honoration reproduce the essential qualities of the redeeming symbol. The criterion of 'godlike, effect is the irregional power of the unconscious impulses. (Psychological Types CW 6, \$442-43)

4 to 1955/96 Jung pored that the union of the apposites of the destructive and constructive powers of the unionscious paralleled the Messianic state of fulfillment depicted

in this passage (Mysterium Continuction). W 14, \$458)

§ In Goethe's Fairn Faus: suprite Whagner "What you call the spirit of the times" is fundamentally the gendeman's own must, in which the times are reflected. (Frest it lines \$77- 19)
6 The Draft continues "And then one whom I did not know, but who endently had such knowledge said to me. What a strange rask you have. You must disclose your

innermosi and lowermosi. This resurred since hared nothing more shap shall which seemed to use unchaste and inspecting. a. .

7 In Transfermations and Spation of the Libids (1912), Jung interpreted God as a symbol of the libids (CW B, St. — In his subsequent work, Jung laid great emphasis on the distriction between the God mage and the meraphysical existence of God (or passage) added to the revised septled 1952 edition, Symbols of Transformation €W €, \$95) (or 1)/ v)

The supreme meaning is not a meaning and not an absurdity, it is image and force in one, magnificence and force together

The supreme meaning is the beginning and the end. It is the bridge of going across and fulfillment.4

The other Gods died of their temporality, yet the supreme meaning never dies, it turns into accoming and then into obsurdity, and out of the fire and blood of their collision the supreme meaning rises up rejuvenated anew.

The image of God has a shadow. The supreme meaning is rect and casts a shadow. For what can be actual and corpored and have no shadow?

The shadow is nonsense. It lacks force and has no continued existence through itself. But ponsense is the inseparable and undying brother of the supreme meaning

Like plants, so men also grow, some in the tight, others in the shadows There are many who need the shadows and not the light

The image of God throws a shadow that is just as great as tiself.

The supreme meaning is great and small, it is as wide as the space of the starry Heaven and as narrow as the cell of the living body.

The spirit of this time in me wanted to recognize the greatness and extent of the supreme meaning, but not its littleness The spirit of the depths, however conquered this arrogance and I had to swallow the small as a means of healing the immortal in me. It completely burnt up my innards since it was inglorious and unheroic. It was even ridiculous and revolting. But the puers of the spirit of the depths held me, and I had to drink the bitterest. of all draughts !

The spirit of this time tempted me with the thought that all this belongs to the shadowiness of the God image. This would be permitious deception, since the shadow is nonsense. But the small, narrow, and banal is not nonsense, but one of both of the essences of the Godhead.

I resisted recognizing that the everyday belongs to the image of the Godnesd I fled this thought I hid myself behind the highest and coidest stars

But the spirit of the depths caught up with me, and forced the bitter drink between my lips "

The spirit of this time whispered to me. "This supreme meaning, this image of God, this melting together of the hot and the cold, that is you and only you." But the spirit of the depths spoke to me ""You are an image of the unending world, all the last mysteries of becoming and passing away live in you. If you did not possess all this, how could you know?"

For the sake of my human weakness, the spirit of the depths gave me this word. Yet this word is also superfluous, since I do not speak it freely, but because I must I speak because the spirit robs me of joy and life if I do not speak " I am the sert who brings it and does not know what he carries in his hand. It would burn his hands if he did not place it where his master orders him. to lay in

The spirit of our time spoke to me and said: "What dire urgency could be forcing you to speak an this?" This was an awful temptation. I wanted to ponder what inner or outer bind could force me into this, and because I found nothing that I could grasp, I was near to making one up. But with this the spirit of our time had almost brought it about that instead of speaking, I was thinking again about reasons and explanations. But the spirit of the depths spoke to me and said. "To understand a thing is a bridge and possibility of returning to the path. But to explain a matter is arbitrary and sometimes even murder. Have you counted the murderers among the scholars>"

But the spirit of this time stepped up to me and laid before me huge volumes which contained all my knowledge. Their pages were made of ore, and a steel stylus had engraved mexorable words in them, and he pointed to these inexorable words and spoke to me and said: "What you speak, that is madness."

It is true, it is true, what I speak is the greatness and intoxication. and aguness of madness

But the spirit of the depths stepped up to me and said: "What you speak it. The greatness is, the intoxication is, the undignified sick paltry dailiness is It runs in all the streets lives in all the houses, and rules the day of all humanity. Even the eternal stars are commonplace. It is the great mistress and the one essence of God. One laught about it, and laughted too, is Do you believe, man of this time, that laughter is lower than worship? Where is your measure, false measurers. The sum of life decides in laughter and an worshap, not your judgment "

I must also speak the indiculous. You coming men! You will recognize the supreme meaning by the fact that he is taughter and worship, a bloody laughter and a bloody worship. A sacrificial. blood binds the poles. Those who know this leugh and worship in the same breath

After this however, my humanity approached me and said-"What soutude, what coldness of desolation you lay aponme when you speak such. Reflect on the destruction of being and the streams of blood from the terrible sacrifice that the depths demand "

But the spirit of the depths said. "No one can or should hait." sacrifice. Sacrifice is not destruction, sacrifice is the foundation. stone of what is to come. Have you not had monasteries? Have not countless thousands gone into the desert? You should carry the monastery in yourself. The desert is within you. The desert calls you and draws you back, and if you were fettered to the world of this time with from the call of the desert would break all. chains Truty, I prepare you for somude "

After this, my humanity remained silent. Something happened to my spirit, however, which I must call mercy

My speech is imperfect. Not because I want to shine with words, but out of the impossibility of finding those words. I speak in images. With nothing eise can I express the words from the depths

The mercy which happened to me gave me belief hope, and sufficient daring, not to resist further the spirit of the depths, but to atter his word. But before I could pull myself together to really do it. I needed a visible sign that would show me that the spirit of

9 rong seems the referring a episodes than occur rates in the few the healing of Europe Secondar th 99 and the drinking of the bitter drink prepared by the solimary (Liber Secretary ch. 201)

to The Draft continues: "Who dranks this drink will never again things for this world not for the afterlife since he drank crossing and complesson. He drank the hor melying rives of life which congests to hard one to his soul and awalts new metring and strumpare" (p. 4)

The terms hinthergrien (going across). Obeyong, going-across). Untergoing (down-going), and British (bridge, feature in Nieczsche's Zorithistre in relation to the passage troit man to the otherwisest mape, and for example. What is given in this, be is a going to deep and what on be towed in man in this be is a going. across allowing ring. And those who do not know how to no except their lives be a down going hat they are those who are going well of R. Hoshingdale archibodalworth Pengian. And place of place would are acculated one of their lives are down going for they are those who are going well of R. Hoshingdale archibodalworth Pengian.

The alligraphic volume has state apprene-meaning The Pight in time to with known understands me and sees that is mind bring long to any independent whether he needs what is any pigexercisives. But the on section continue was the commentation of the adjects of termination for a much notion of the adjects of the adject of the adjects of the adjects of the adjects of the adjects of se A reference to the vision that follows:

the depths in me was at the same time the ruler of the depths of

"It happened in October of the year 1913 as I was leaving alone. for a journey, that during the day I was suddenly overcome in broad daylight by a vision: I saw a terrible flood that covered al. the northern and low-lying lands between the North Sea and the Asps. It reached from England up to Russia, and from the coast of the North Searight up to the Alps. I saw yellow waves, swimming rubble, and the death of countiess thousands.

This vision lasted for two hours, it confused me and made meill. I was not able to interpret it. Two weeks passed then the vision returned, still more violent than before, and an inner voice spoke. "Look at it, it is completely real, and it will come to pass. You cannot doubt thus." I wrestled again for two hours with this vision, but it heid me fast. It ieft me exhausted and confused. And I thought my mind had gone crazy."

From then on the anxiety toward the terrible event that stood directly before as kept coming back. Once I also saw a sea of blood. over the northern lands

In the year 1914 in the month of June at the beginning and end of the month, and at the beginning of Juty, I had the same dream three times. I was in a foreign and, and suddenly, overtught and right in the middle of summer, a terrible cold descended from space. All seas. and rivers were tocked in ice, every green living thing had frozen.

The second dream was thoroughly similar to this. But the third dream at the beginning of July went as follows:

I was in a remote English land.6 It was necessary that I return. to my homeland with a fast ship as speedily as possible 4 [reached home quickly." In my homeland I found that in the middle of summer a terrible could had fallen from space, which had turned every living thing into see. There stood a leaf-bearing but fruit less tree, whose leaves had turned into sweet grapes full of healing juice through the working of the frost " I picked some grapes and gave them to a great waiting throng."

In readty, now it was so: At the time when the great war broke our between the peoples of Europe, I found myself in Scotland a compelled by the war to choose the fastest ship and the shortest route home. I encountered the colossal cold that. | Cap L' froze everything, I met up with the flood, the sea of blood, and found my barren tree whose leaves the frost had teansformed into a remedy. And I plucked the ripe fruit and gave it to you and I do. not know what I poured out for you, what bitter-sweet intoxicating drink, which left on your tongues an aftertaste of blood.

Believe me-1 It is no teaching and no instruction that I give you. On

what basis should I presume to teach you? I give you news of the way of thus man, but not of your own way. My path is not your path, therefore I I connot teach you." The way is within us, but not in Gods, nor in teachings, nor in taws. Within us is the way, the truth, and the life.

Woe betide those who live by way of examplest Life is not with them. If you live according to an example, you thus live the life of that example, but who should live your own life if not yourself. So live yourselves."

The algaposts have fallen, unbiased trails he before as.* Do not be greedy to gobbic up the fruits of foreign fields. Do you not know that you yourselves are the fertile dore which bears everything that avails you?

Yet who today knows this? Who knows the way to the eternally fruitful climes of the soul? You seek the way through mere appearances, you study books and give car to all kinds of opinion. What good is all that?

There is only one way and that is your way "

You seek the path? I warn you away from my own. It can also be the nerong way for you.

May each go his own way

I will be no savior no tawgiver, no master teacher unto you. You are no 10nger little children. 28

Giving laws, wanting improvements, making things easier has all become wrong and evil. May each one seek out his own way. The way leads to mutual love in community. Men will come to see and feel the similarity and commonatity of their ways

Lows and teachings held in common compet people to solitude, so that they may escape the pressure of undestrable contact, but solitude makes people hostile and venomous

Therefore give people dignity and set each of them stand apart, so that each may find his own fellowship and love it

Power stands against power, contempt against contemps, love against love Give humanity dignity, and trust that life will find the better way

The one eye of the Godhead is blind, the one car of the Godhead is deaf. the order of its being is crossed by choos. So be parient with the crippleaness of the world and do not overvalue its consummate beauty.30

Refinding the Soul

[Hame)]**

[2] When I had the vision of the flood in October of the year. 1913 if happened at a time that was significant for me as a man Az that time, in the fortieth year of my life 1 had achieved everything that I had wished for myself. I had achieved honor power wealth, knowledge, and every human happiness. Then my desire for the

of The Corrected Originals: "I Beginning" (p. 7).

16 Jung discoused this vision on several occasions, severalog different details: in his 1925 seminar Analysical Psychology (p. 416), to blace a Elitede (see above p. 201) and in Mendalia (p. 1991 200). Jung was on the way to actual themselves the matter one law lived four hits severals birthday was on October 17. The journey by train takes about one hour.

to The Druft continues "with a friend (whose lack of facility offset and whose improvidence—had in reality offset noted). (p. 8)

8. The Druft continues—in facilit however, wanted to their on a unatable steps which considered steps and improduct (p. 8).

19. The Druft continues: and there I found strangely enough my friend who had evidently taken the same faster ship without my noticing (pp. 8-9).

10. For wine is made by terring grapes on the vine tantil they are frosen by frost. They are then pressed, and the ice is removed, leading to a highly concentrated delectable.

sweet with

The Pegg notioner: This was my disting All my efforts in understand it were in your industried for days, its impression however was powerful. (p. 9) tung also cerounted herdream n Moneric (p. 200)

au See uitrochustion, p. 201 as to the Pings that is additioned to my friends go 9)

the war, the crith and the life no

as The Drylin antinues This is must a new tout motive of the fact that the time of example and law and of the straight line drawn in advance has become overtipe. (p. 0)

and The Design authorized My conguer shall wither all server up raws at practile to your about teachings. Those who seek such will teave my table nungry. (p. 6)

47 The Orafi continues conflighed and the orange of the orange of the property of the depth demands this who is beyond present and page Speak and write for those who want a tisting and mad thus for not run after men, so that you do not soil the dignity of Jurnamicy it is a care good. A sad decrise in dignity is better thus an undigative acading. Whoever wants, once advertor of the sout sees people as being ack. He offends human digate, It is presumptious to say the enan is suck Whoever wants to be the sout a shopher a rate people like above. He violates toman dignity. It is unablent to say that people are like sheep. Who gives you the right to to, that must be ack said a sheep? The form norman digitity so be may from the act and after or downfall, his way (p. 11). ag The Draft continues. This is all, my dear friends. Itself ran rell you about the grounds and same of my movings, which is am burdened with like the patient donker with

a heavy load. He is glad to put it down", p. 4.
to in the text imagine into the white bird as his sout. For lungs discussion of the dove in alchemy see Mysterium Connections (1985/89, 4CW 4, 581).

30 The Corrected Deaft has: "First Mights" (p. -3)

 $fol_1(v)/u(r)$

increase of these trappings ceased, the desire ebbed from me and horror came over me ¹⁰. The vision of the flood seized me and I felt the spirit of the depths, but I did not understand him ¹¹. Yet he drove me on with unbearable inner longing and I so 1.

[1]" "My sout, where are you? Do you hear me? I speak, I call you are you there? I have returned, I am here again. I have shaken the dust of all the lands from my feet and I have come to you I am with you. After long years of long wandering, I have come to you again. Should I tell you everything I have seen, experienced, and drank in? Or do you not want to hear about all the noise of afe and the world? But one thing you must know the one thing I have learned is that one must ave this ife

This life is the way, the long sought-after way to the anfathomable, which we call divine. There is no other way all other ways are faise paths. I found the right way, it ied me to you, to my soul. I return, tempered and purified. Do you stikenow me? How song the separation listed! Everything has become so different. And how did I find you? How strange my journey was! What words should I use to tell you on what twisted paths a good star has guided me to you? Give me your hand, my almost forgotten soul. How warm the joy at seeing you again, you long disavowed soul. Life has sed me back to you, Let us thank the life I have lived for all the happy and at the sad hours, for every joy for every sadness. My soul, my journey should continue with you. I will wander with you and ascend to my soutside."

[2] The spirit of the depths forced me to say this and at the same time to undergo it against myself since I had not expected it then. I still labored misguidedly under the spirit of this time, and thought differently about the human soul. I thought and spote much of the soul. I knew many tearned words for her, I had judged her and turned her into a scientific object ²⁷ I did not consider that my soul cannot be the object of my judgment and knowledge much more are my judgment and knowledge the

objects of my soun? Therefore the spirit of the depths forced me to speak to my soul, to call upon her as a aving and self-existing being I had to become aware that I had lost my soul

From this we learn how the spirit of the depths considers the soul: he sees her as a living and self-existing being, and with this he contradicts the spirit of this time for whom the soul is a thing dependent on man, which lets herself be judged and arranged and whose circumference we can grasp. I had to accept that what I had previously called my soul was not at all my soul, but a dead system." Hence I had to speak to my soul as to something far off and unknown, which did not exist through me, but through whom I existed

He whose desire turns away from outer things, reacher the place of the soul." If he does not find the soul, the horror of emptiness will overcome him, and fear will drive him with a whip iashing time and again in a desperate endeavor and a blind desire for the hollow things of the world. He becomes a foot through his endless desire, and forgets the way of his soul, never to find her again. He will run after all things, and will seize hold of them, but he will not find his soul, since he would find her only in himself. Truty his soul lies in things and men, but the blind one seizes things and men, yet not his soul in things and men. He has no knowledge of his soul. How could be ten her apart from hings and men? He could find his soul in desire itself, but not in the objects of desire. If he possessed his desire, and his desire did not possess him, he would lay a hand on his soul since his desire is the image and expression of his soul."

If we possess the image of a thing, we possess half the thing,

The image of the world is half the world. He who possesses the world but not its image possesses only half the world, since his sou, is poor and has nothing. The wealth of the soul exists at images." He who possesses the image of the world, possesses half the world, even if his humanity is poor and owns nothing." But hanger makes the sou, into a beast that devours the unbearable and is poisoned by it. My friends, it is wise to nourish the soul, otherwise you will breed dragons and devils in your heart "

32 The Handwritten Druft has "Dear Fried	daf (pii) The Dvoff has Deau i	Finienda! () within lettrard or this	ETH on June 14, 1935	. lung stored: A p	Oldit domina tit, aponis
		,			
344 4: 4: 4: 4: 4: 4: 4: 4: 4: 4: 4: 4: 4	7 7	de la companya de la	P		I Madeu Sunhala
ers plunge into it; and something impo	ertain hat his to yet others from	toe outside at we do not see a firm	ing rate doct it to he ()	partoural marinary o	d women salemon
You and a Notes on accouragions at the E	MATERIAL OF ESCHAPISMS SDONNLINK S	CHINAK BY ETGJ. DV. C. G. JANG CANN	to 1993. Limb (1932 Stim for 1	Without Musterly I	straneor nadal b
243)	11				
a sender on don't off office. bli	-1-1-27 d + 1		See . P. Strategie	As a me man for the	and a particular
21 1 22 22 24 21 1	8 61		11	2.6	
36 November 12, 1913. After "longing, ch					
3) Thus affirmation occurs a number of tin		and a second	P .	2 4 4 -1 7	and when
Spring Journal of Archatypas Psychology and	Jungson 1 Arages (1072) p. 148		2 10 4 15		
36 lung later described his personal cranst	ormation at this time as an e	and not the beginning of the second	Hair of life, which yes	helabilik undrugen te vi	SKILLE JOS EIRO BORI
37 Jung is te oring here to his earlier wor	k For example he had written u	n 1905, Through the associations	coperiment we are at to	TRI BLA C INCAS	и во беле пре жай ус
the experimental research of the rayste	ries of the nick soul" ("The psych	xopu od the asset	citticus experiments. C	W 2, 5897	
18 in Psychological Types (1931) Jung noted	chan an psychology, conceptions :	u'e		at No.	things by
		d the Making of Madem Psychology: Th			
39 The Draft continues: "a dead system th					
40 on 1913, lung called this process the in	traversion of the libido ("On the	question of psychological types," (CW 6)		
	2007 2 10 11	n n Nature le con	y beautiful on account o	f the longing and i	ni or bobye sse syes
	4 444 4	N = 16 16 40 m	No et .	or Post In In	
n Psychological algorithming arthrollated of	his primary of the 🖚 🙀 🗗	this notion of our Prantma (CW 6	\$6617 \$711(F) on her 4	bery notes. C: B	күлер солдостанд
on this passage "What struck me expe-	rially was what you about the	e Bild' (intage being half the wor	ld That is the thing the	r makes h	rao diuli They
have missed understanding that though	The world, that it the thing that	holds them capt 'Dus Bild' they l	tave never seriously con	sidered unless the	h jane poet books
(February 8, 1924, GFB)					
The set	A gra		4 h 4f	P ⁴	
	and the second second	The second second second			
	Andrew Street,	The second second	Control State Control	To the second	
	- th			4	
Account to the second s		The second second second			feet worldly
	trong enough to give to head. art			who has four the p	
- (
the world is very far away					,
Mary Mary III areas areas					

Soul and God

Cap. III

On the second night I called out to my soul:*

"I am weary, my soul, my wandering has lasted too long, my search for myself outside of myself. Now I have gone through events and find you behind all of them. For I thade discoveries on my earing through events, humanity, and the world. I found men. And you, my soul. I found again first in images within men and then you yourself. I found you where I least expected you You climbed out of a dark shaft. You announced yourself to me ## advance in dreams
 ## They burned in my heart and drove me to all the boidest acts of daring, and forced me to rise above myself. You let me see truths of which I had no previous inking. You let me undertake journeys, whose endless length would have scared. me, if the knowledge of them had not been secure in you

I wandered for many years, so long that I forgot that I possessed a soul." Where were you all this time? Which Beyond sheltered you and gave you sanctuary? Oh, that you must speak through me, that my speech and I are your symbol and expression. How should I decipher you?

Who are you, child? My dreams have represented you as a child and as a maiden * I am ignorant of your mysterg* Forgive. me if I speak as in a dream, like a drunkard—are you God> Is God a child, a maiden?" Forgive me if I babbie. No one else hears me I speak to you quietly, and you know that I am neither a drunkard nor someone deranged, and that my heart twists in pain from the wound, whose darkness delivers speeches full of mockery "You are lying to yourself! You spoke so as to deceive others and make. them believe in you. You want to be a prophet and chase after your ambition." The wound still biceds, and I am far from being able to pretend that I do not hear the mockery

How strange it sounds to me to call you a child, you who still hold the all-without-end in your hand." I went on the way of the day, and you went invisibly with me putting the pieces together. meaningfully, and letting me see the whole in each part.

You took away where I thought to take hold, and you gave mewhere I did not expect anything and time and again you brought. about fate from new and unexpected quarters. Where I sowed. you robbed me of the harvest, and where I did not sow, you give me fruit a bundredfold. And time and again I lost the path and

found it again where I would never have foreseen it. You upheld my belief, when I was atone and near despair. At every demsive moment you let me believe in myself."

[2] Like a tired wanderer who had sought nothing in the world. apart from her, shall I come closer to my sout I shall learn that my sout finally act behind everything, and if I cross the world. I am ultimately doing this to find my soul. Even the dearest are themselves not the goal and end of the love that goes on seeking, they are symbols of their own souls

My friends, do you guess to what solitude we ascend?

I must searn that the dregs of my thought, my dreams, are the speech of my soul. I must carry them in my heart, and go back and forth over them in my mind, like the words of the person degrest to me. Dreams are the guiding words of the sout. Why aboutd I henceforth not love my dreams and not make their riddling images. anto objects of my daily consideration? You think that the dream is foolish and ungainly What is beautiful? What is ungainly? What is ciever? What is foolish? The spirit of this time is your measure. but the spirit of the depths surpasses it at both ends. Only the spirit of this time knows the difference between large and small. But this difference is arrand, like the spirit which recognizes it /

tol n(r) n(v)

The spirit of the depths even taught me to consider my action and my decision as dependent on dreams. Dreams pave the way for afe, and they determine you without you understanding their language." One would like to learn this language, but who can teach and learn it? Scholarliness alone is not enough there is a knowledge of the heart that gives deeper insight.* The knowledge of the heart is in no book and is not to be found in the mouth of any teacher, but grows out of you like the green seed from the dark earth. Scholarliness belongs to the spirit of this time, but this spirit in no way grasps the dream, since the sow is everywhere that scholarly knowledge is not

But how can I attain the knowledge of the heart? You can attain this knowledge only by awng your life to the full. You ave your life fully if you also live what you have never yet lived, but have left for others to use or to think " You will say "Bur I cannot ave or think everything that others ave or think." But you should say "The life that I could still live I should live, and the thoughts that I could still think. I should think." It appears as though you want to flee from yourself so as not to have to live what remains unuved antil now. But you cannot flee from

45 In 1945, Jung commenced on the symbolism of the bird and seepent in connection with the tree. "The philosophical tree" (ch. .3, C9V 13)

46 November 14, 913.

47 The Draft continues: "which were dark to me, and which, a weight to group in my own insidequare way" (p. 18).

48 The Stall continues and only and are trained and the lefting to myself." In Black Basik a Jung source that he wendered for sleven years (p. 19). He had stopped writing in this took in that it ing an ignal in he authorise it is

40 Back Book continues Area to indicate part through the wait the waitrain in Bit go Back Book continues took a real of the part of the waitrain in Bit go Back Book continues took a real of the part of the solution in the waitrain in Back Book continues took a real of the part of t Photo accurate to account of the first term of the accurate and following the sound man. What was no integrated being in drong set should be

despite of edge to the country of 50.

The Order continues to the date of the country was How conjectuates and how egodests on the subjected by all the date country by the despite for The Diebt continues the first to destroy factors was How expensions are been expension was supposed by an expension of an expension and good green understandeness and add bank done to for all these years it recognize how good all the way like to anythe that he were tool or though some med analysis that was test but not were not tool were not the way of the day. You went to the major to a good and with the major tool and the property of the day. You went to result with the major test day to good and with the major test day to good and the property of the control of the c

the Zürlich Profit incomplete and secretical amount applied from the decision will subject the menonstructural assured so and secretically a force provides the answer through the quibest what time must made sensed. MASS price for its development of though dream theorem are my funganithe Making of Modern Profestigative The Fredrick of a Science No.

4 This entures Blance Passal's rate was abstracted. The heart have to seasons of which region knows nothing. (Person, 423, London: Penginn, 1660/1995), p. 127). Jung's

copy of Pascel's work contains a number of marginal marks.

55 In 1912, Jung argued that acholocidiness was more for one wanted to become a "knower of the human soul." To do this last had to "hang up exact science and put away the activities' gown to say farewell to his anisty and wanter with human hears through the world through the boerou of prisons, that boutes and hospitals through drub aborban puber movertief and gambing tens consight for almost organismic the steem no congr is so tale, more trigs, the their line, the records and ecstastes of the sects, to experience love, have and passion in every form in one's body" ("New paths of psychology," CW 7, \$400)

se it say that you remark in the say agree consequences of the unlived life of parents upon their children: "What would have the strongest psychic effect on the child is the of the first of the part of the part of the statement would be rather too perfunctory and superficial if we did not add by way of qualification, that part of their cives which might have been lived had not come somewhat chreadbare exercises provented the perents from doing so ("introduction to Frances Wirder, Analyse der Kunderseele - CW 17, 587).

yourself. It is with you all the time and demands fulfillment. If you pretend to be blind and dumb to this demand, you feigh being blind and deaf to yourself. This way you will never reach the knowledge of the heart.

The knowledge of your heart is how your heart is.

From a comming heart you will know comming.

From a good heart you will know goodness

So that your understanding becomes perfect, consider that your near is both good and evil. You ask, "What? Should I also live evil?"

The spirit of the depths demands "The life that you could still eve, you should live Well-being decides, not your well-being, not the well-being of the others, but only well-being."

Well-being is between me and others, in society I too, livedwhich I had not done before, and which I could still do. I lived into the depths, and the depths began to speak. The depths raught me the other truth. It thus united sense and nonsense in me

I had to recognize that I am only the expression and symbol of the soul. In the sense of the spirit of the depths, I am as I am in this visible world a symbol of my soul, and I am thoroughly a serf completely subjugated, atterly obedient. The spirit of the depths taught me to say "I am the servant of a child." Through this dictum I team above all the most extreme humility, as what I most need

The spirit of this time of course allowed me to believe in my reason. He let me see myself in the image of a leader with ripe thoughts. But the spirit of the depths teaches me that I am a servant, in fact the servant of a child. This dictum was repugnant to me and I hated it. But I had to recognize and accept that my soul is a child and that my God in my soul is a child."

(f you are boys, your God is a woman

of you are women, your God is a boy.

of you are men, your God is a maiden.

The God is where you are not

So it is wise that one has a God: this serves for your perfection.

A maiden is the prognant future

A boy it the engendering future

A moman is: having given birth.

A man to having engendered

So if you are childlike beings now, your God will descend from the neight of ripeness to age and death.

But if you are developed beings, having engendered or given birth, in body or in soul, so your God rises from the radians cradle, so the incatculable height of the future, so the maturity and fullness of the coming time

He who still has his effe before him is a child.

He who tives life in the present is developed.

If you thus tive all thus you can tive, you are developed

He who is a child in this time, his God dier

He who is developed in this time, his God constinues to live.

The spirit of the depths teaches this mystery

Prosperous and woeful are those whose God is developed!

Prosperous and woeful are those whose God is a child!

What is better, that man has life ahead of him, or that God does?

I know no answer. Live: the unavoidable decides

The spirit of the depths taught me that my life is encompassed by the divine child. From his hand everything unexpected come to me, everything living

This child is what I feel as an eternally springing youth in me "

In childrsh men you feel the nopeless transsence. All that you saw passing is yet to come for him. His future is full of transsence.

But the transience of the things coming toward you has never yet experienced a human meaning

Your continuing to tive is a living onward. You engender and give birth to what is to come, you are fecund, you tive onward.

The childish is unfruntful, what is to come to him is what already has been engendered and already withered. It does not live onward.⁴⁰

My God is a child, so wonder not that the spirit of this time in me is incensed to mockery and scorn. There will be no one who will raugh at me as I laughed at myself

Your God should not be a man of mockery, rather you yourself will be the man of mockery. You should mock yourself and rise above this. If you have still not learned this from the old holy books, then go there drink the blood and ear the flesh of him who was mocked? and tormented for the sake of our sins, so that you totally become his nature, deny his being spart-from-you; you should be he himself, not Christians but Christ otherwise you will be of no use to the coming God

Is there any one among you who believes he can be spared the way? Can be swindle his way past the pain of Christ? I say "Such a one deceives himself to his own detriment. He beds down on thorns and fire. No one can be spared the way of Christ since this way teads to what is to come. You should all become Christs."

You do not overcome the old teaching through doing less, but through doing more. Every step closer to my som excites the scornful taughter of my devils, those cowardly ear-whisperers and potton-moters. It was easy for them to saugh, since I had to do strange things.

On the Service of the Soul

[HI n(v)] Cap in

"On the following might I had to write down as the dreams that I could reconect, true to their wording." The meaning of this act was dark to me. Why all this? Forgive the fuss that rises in me. Yet you want me to do this. What strange things are happening to me? I know too much not to see on what

☼ In the 1925 semanal, Jung explained his thoughts at this time. "These uses about the animal and animal ted not ever burther aheld into metaphysical problems, and more things crept up for reexamination. At that time —was on the Ramian basis that there were things that could never be solved and that therefore should not be speculated about, but it seemed to one that if I could find social definite ideas about the animal, it was quite worthwhile to try to formulate a conception of God. But —could arrive at nothing satisfactory and thought has a time that perhaps the animal figure was the delity. I said to myself that perhaps men had had a termale God originally, but growing tired of being governed by momen, they had then overthrown this God. I prantically threw the whole metaphysical problem into the animal and conceived of it as the dominating spirit of psyche. In this way I got into a psychological argument with myself about the problem of God. (Anifolia) Psychology p. 46)

58 In 1940 lung presented a soutly of the motif of the divine child, in a collaborative volume with the Hungatian classics. Ray Kerenviller On the psychology of the child archetype." CW 9, 1) hung wrote that the child motif occurs frequently in the individuation process. It does not represent one's literal childhood as is emphasized by its mythological situate. It compensates the onesidedness of consciousness and paves the way for the lutture development of the personality. In certain conditions of conflict, the unconscious psyche produces a symbol that unites the opposites. The child is such a symbol. It aritingates the self which is produced durough the synthesis of the conscious elements of the personality. The typical fates that he child indicate the kind of psychic events accompanying the genesis of the self. The wonderful burch of the child indicates that the hild indicate the kind of psychic events accompanying the genesis of the self.

sels. The wonderful burth of the child inducates that this happens psychiately as opposed to physically

19 In 1940, Jung wrote: "an essential aspect of the child modif is its futural character. The child is potential future" ("On the psychology of the child archerype. CW 9. §278)

20 The Draft rotations. "My finends, as you can see menty is granted to the developed, that the childish in thank my God for this message. Do not set the esschangs of Christianialy deceive you? Its reactions are good for the most mature minds of bygone time. Today, it serves immature minds. Christianity to longer promises us grace and yet we still need message. That which I sell you is the way of what is to come my way to message (p. 37).

6) Le. Chrisz. Cf. Jung, "Transformation symbolism in the mass" (1942. CW 1.)
Az in Answer in Job Jung noted: Through he madwelling of the third divine person in man, namely the aloly Chost, a christification of the many arises" 1952. CW 3, 5718)

6 November 5, 1923.

19 19 Black Book a Jung wrong down bere the two prestal doesnis he had when he was naneteen years old which led ham to ours to natural science (p. 45); they are described in Mesonies p. 1956

for ti(v)/m(r

swaying bridges I go. Where are you leading me? Forgive my excessive apprehension, brimful of knowledge. My foot hesitates to follow you. Into what mist and darkness does your path lead? Must I also learn to do without meaning? If this is what you demand, then so be it. This hour belongs to you. What is there, where there is no meaning? Only nonsense, or madness, it seems to me. Is there also a supreme meaning? Is that your meaning, my soul? I simp after you on crutches of understanding. I am a man and you stride like a God. What torture I must return to myself to my smallest things. I saw the things of my soul as small, pitiably small. You force me to see them as large, to make them large. Is that your aim? I follow but it terrifies me. Hear my doubts, otherwise I cannot follow since your meaning is a supreme meaning, and your steps are the steps of a God.

I studerstand, I must not think either, should thought too, no longer be? I should give myself completely into your hands—but who are you? I do not trust you. Not once to trust, is that my love for you, my joy in you? Do I not trust every valuant man, and not you, my soul? Your hand hes heavy on me, but I will, I will. Have I not sought to love men and trust them, and should I not do this with you? Forget my doubts, I know it is ignoble to doubt you. You know how difficult it is for me to set aside the beggar's pride I take in my own thought. I forgot that you are also one of my friends, and have the first right to my trust. Should what I give them not belong to you? I recognize my injustice. It seems to me that I despised you. My joy at finding you again was not genuine. I also recognize that the scornful laughter in me was right.

I must learn to love you." Should I also set aside self-judgment? I am afraid. Then the sold spoke to me and said: "This tear testifies against me!" It is true, it restifies against you. It kills the boly trust between you and me

[2] How hard is fater If you take a step toward your soul, you will at first miss the meaning. You will betieve that you have sunk into meaninglessness. into eternal disorder. You will be right! Mothing will deliver you from disorder and meaninglessness, since this is the other half of the world.

Your God is a child, so long as you are not childlike Is the child order meaning? Or disorder, caprice? Disorder and meaninglessness are the mother of order and meaning. Order and meaning are things that have become and are no longer becoming.

You open the gates of the soul to let the dark flood of chaos flow into your order and meaning. If you marry the ordered to the chaos you produce the divine child, the supreme meaning beyond meaning and meaninglessness.

You are afrata to open the door? I too was afraid, since we had forgotten that God is terrible. Christ raught, God is love ** But you should know that tove is also terrible.

I spoke to a loving soul and as I drew nearer to her I was overcome by horror and I heaped up a wall of doubt, and did not anticipate that I thus wanted to protect myself from my fearful soul.

You dread the depths; it should harrify you, since the way of what is to come leads through it. You must endure the temptation of fear and doubt, and at the same time admontage to the bone that your fear is fastified and your doubt is reasonable. How otherwise / could it be a true temptation and a true overcoming?

Christ totally overcomes the temptation of the devil, but not the temptation of God to good and reason.⁴⁷ Christ thus succumbs to cursing.⁴⁴

You still have to tearn this, to succumb to no temperation, but to do everything of your own will; then you will be free and beyond Christianity

I have had to recognize that I must submit to what I fear; yes, even more, that I must even love what horrifies me. We must learn such from that solut who was disgusted by the plague infections; she drank the pus of plague boils and became aware that it smelled like roses. The acts of the saint were not in vans.*

In everything regarding your solvation and the attainment of mercy, you are dependent on your sout. Thus no sacrifice can be too great for you. If your virtues hander you from satvation, discard them, since they have become evil to you. The slave to virtue finds the way as little as the slave to vices.

If you believe that you are the master of your sout, then become her ser vant. If you were her servant, make yourself her master, since she needs to be raied. These should be your first steps

During six further nights, the spirit of the depths was silent in me, since I swayed between fear, defiance and nausea, and was wholly the prey of my passion. I could not and did not want to issen to the depths. But on the seventh night, the spirit of the depths spoke to me. "Look into your depths, pray to your depths, waken the dead."

But I stood helpiess and did not know what I could do I loosed into myself, and the only thing I found within was the memory of earlier dreams, all of which I wrote down without knowing what good this would do. I wanted to throw everything away and return to the light of day But the spirit stopped me and forced me back into myself.

The Desert

[HI 10 (r)] Cap. rv

"Sixth right. My soul leads me into the desert, into the desert of my own self. I did not think that my soul is a desert, a barren, not desert, dusty and without drink. The journey leads through not sand, slowly wading without a visible goal to hope for? How cerie is this wasteland. It seems to me that the way leads so far away from mankind. I take my way step by step, and do not know how long my journey will just

Why is my self a desert? Have I lived too much outside of myself in men and events? Why did I avoid my self? Was I not dear to

67 Christ was rempted by the devil for forty days in the desert (Luke 4:1-13)

2 November 28, 1913.

59 The Draft conclusies: "They may serve for your tederaption" (p. 34)
To In This Spoke Zaratherro, Nietzsche wrote: "And even when one has all the victues, there is still one thing to remember, to send even these victues to sleep at the proper case." ("Of the chairs of virtue. p. 56). In 1939 Jung commented on the Enterin notion of liberation from virtues and victs ("Commentary to the Tiberain Book of Great Liberation." ("Witt. § 826)

November 22, 1913 In Black Brok 2, thu seprence reads "says a voice" (p. 22. On November 2) Jung lead given a presentation to the Zürich Psychoansilvarial Society on Formulations on the psychology of the unconscious."

⁶⁸ Masthew 2018 20. "Now in the morning as he returned into the city be hangered. And when he saw a fig (ree in the way, he came to it, and found nothing thereon but leaves only and said unto it, are no four grow on thee benceforward for ever And presently the fig nee withered away had when the disciples saw it, they marveled saying. How soon is the fig tree withered away" to 1944 long write. "The "hostore" by "heward "knows no birst formulas indices by does not over supplied the causing of the introducin fig-tree by the rabbi fesus" ("Why I have not adopted the "Carbolic moth?" CW 18, §1468).

myself? But I have avoided the place of my soul I was my thoughts, after I was no longer events and other men. But I was not my self, confronted with my thoughts. I should also rise up above my thoughts to my own self. My journey goes there, and that is why it leads away from men and events into solitude. Is it solitude, to be with oneself? Solitude is true only when the self is a desert, "Should I also make a garden out of the desert? Should I people a desolate and? Should I open the airy magic garden of the wilderness? What leads me into the desert, and what am I to do there? Is it a deception that I can no longer trust my thoughts? Only afe is true, and only life leads me into the desert, truly not my thinking, that would like to return to thoughts, to men and events, since it feels uncanny in the desert. My soul, what am I to do here? But my soul spoke to me and said, "Wait" I heard the crues word. Torment belongs to the desert."

Through giving my sour air I could give. I came to the place of the soul and found that this place was a hot desert, desolate and unfruitful. No culture of the mind is enough to make a garden out of your soul. I had cultivated my spirit, the spirit of this time in me, but not that spirit of the depths that turns to the things of the sour, the world of the soul. The sour has its own peculiar world. Only the self enters in there, or the man who has completely become his self he who is neither in events, not in men, not in his thoughts. Through the turning of my desire from things and men. I turned my self away from things and men, I turned my self away from things and men but that is precisely how I became the secure prey of my thoughts, yes, I wholly became my thoughts.

[2] I also had to detach myself from my thoughts through turning my desire away from them. And at once, I noticed that my self became a desert, where only the sun of unquiet desire burned. I was overwhelmed by the endless infertility of this desert. Even it something could have thrived there, the creative power of desire was still absent. Wherever the creative power of desire is, there springs the soil's own seed. But do not forget to wait. Did you not see that when your creative force turned to the world, how the dead things moved under it and through it, how they grew and prospered, and how your thoughts flowed in rich rivers? If your creative force now turns to the place of the sout, you will see how your some becomes green and how its field bears wonderful fruit.

Nobody can spare themselves the waiting and most will be unable to bear this torment but will throw themselves with greed back at men, things, and thoughts, whose slaves they will become from then on. Since then it will have been clearly proved that this man is incapable of enduring beyond things, men, and thoughts and they will become his master and he will become their fool, since he cannot be without them, not until even his soul has become a fruitful field. Also he whose soul is a garden, needs things, men, and thoughts, but he is their friend and not their slave and fool.

Everything to come was already in images to find their som, the ancients went into the desert "This is an image. The ancients lived their symbols, since the world had not yet become real for them. Thus they went into the solutide of the desert to teach us that the place of the som is a lonely desert. There they found

the abundance of visions, the fruits of the descripthe wondrous flowers of the sout. Think diligently about the images that the ancients have left behind. They show the way of what is to come Look back at the collapse of empires of growth and death of the desert and monasteries, they are the images of what is to come Everything has been foretold. But who knows how to interpret it?

When you say that the place of the soul is not, then it is not But if you say that it is, then it is. Notice what the ancients said in images, the word is a creative act. The ancients said in the beginning was the Word. Consider this and think upon it.

The words that oscillate between nonsense and supreme meaning are the oldest and truest

Experiences in the Desert

[H1 th(r) 2]

"After a hard struggle I have come a piece of the way nearer to you. How hard this struggle was! I had failen into an undergrowth of doubt, confusion, and scorn. I recognize that I must be aione with my soul. I come with empty hands to you, my soul. What do you want to hear? But my soul spoke to me and said, "If you come to a friend, do you come to take?" I knew that this should not be so, but it seems to me that I am poor and empty. I would like to six down near you and at least feel the breath of your animating presence. My way is hot said. All day long, saidly, dusty paths. My patience is sometimes weak, and once I despoired of myself, as you know.

My sour answered and said, "You speak to me as if you were a child complaining to its mother. I am not your mother." I do not want to complain, but let me say to you that mine is a long and dusty road. You are to me like a shady tree in the wilderness. I would like to enjoy your shade. But my soul answered, "You are pleasure-seeking. Where is your patience? Your time has not yet nut its course. Have you forgotten why you went into the desert?"

My faith is weak, my face is blind from all that shimmering blaze of the desert sun. The heat nes on me ake lead. Thirst torments me. I dare not think how anendingly long my way is, and above all I see nothing in front of me. But the soul answered, "You speak as if you have still learned nothing. Can you not wait? Should everything fall into your lap ripe and finished? You are full, yes, you teem with intentions and desirousness). Do you still not know that the way to truth stands open only to those without intentions?"

I know that everything you say Oh my sou, is also my thought But I hardly live according to it. The soul said, "How, tell me do you then believe that your thoughts should help you?" I would always like to refer to the fact that I am a human being, just a human being who is weak and sometimes does not do his best. But the soul said, "Is this what you think it means to be human?" You are hard, my soul, but you are right. How little we still commit ourselves to living. We should grow like a tree that likewise does not know its law. We the ourselves up with intentions not mindful of the fact that intention is the anutation, yes, the

⁷³ Block Book 2 continues: "I have the words: An anchorite in his own desert. The monits in the Syrian desert occur to me" (p. -

⁴ Brazi Bork includings thank in This cause, in the desert Physically chose are sents over into the desert Dio chevials where into the desert of their own settlines as their self our as barren and desotate as mune? There they weedled with the devil. I wrestle with waiting. It seems to one nor test since it is truly a hor hell" (p. 35) is Account 285, Se Anabony went to live as a heroil on the Egyptian desert, and other hermits followed, whom he and Pathomias organized into a community. This permed

the basis of Christian monasticism, which spread to the Palestrain and Syrian deserts. In the foorth century, there were thousands of monks in the Egyptian desert.

Solution

**Sol

[·] Decembes a 190

exclusion of life. We believe that we can illuminate the darkness with an intention, and in that way aim past the light. How can we presume to want to know in advance, from where the light will come to us

Let me bring only one complaint before you. I suffer from scorn my own scorn But my som said to me "Do you think bitle of yourself?" I do not believe so. My soul answered. "Then listen do you think little of mes Do you still not know that you are not writing a book to feed your vanity, but that you are speaking with me3 How can you suffer from scorn if you address me with those words that I give you? Do you know then, who I am? Have you grasped me, defined me, and made me into a dead formula? Have you measured the depths of my chasms and explored all the ways down which I am yet going to lead you? Scorn cannot challenge you if you are not vain to the marrow of your bones? Your truth is hard. I want to say down my variety before you, since it bunds me. See, that is why I also believed my hands were empty when I came to you today. I did not consider that it is you who files empty bands if only they want to stretch out, yet they do not want to. I did not know that I am. your vessel empty without you but bramming over with you.

[2] This was my twenty-fifth night in the desert. This is how long it took my some to awaken from a shadowy being to her own life until she could approach me as a free-standing being separate from me. And I received hard but salutary words from her. I needed that taking in hand, since I could not overcome the soorn within me.

That is why we are scornful. But mockery / does not aircin simpleminded ness where the mockery falls on the mockery falls are person made and the weapon. The uses the pointed, poisonous weapon, because he is struck by naive wisdom. If he were not struck, he would not need the weapon. Only in the desert do we become aware of our terrible simplemindedness, but we are afraid of admitting it. That is why we are scornful. But mockery / does not aircin simpleminded ness. The mockery falls on the mocker, and in the desert where no one hears and answers, he sufficates from his own scorn

or a (r) / an(v)

The cieverer you are, the more footish your simplemindedness. The totally clever are total foots in their simplemindedness. We cannot save ourselves from the cleverness of the spirit of this time through increasing our cleverness, but shrough accepting what our cieverness nates most, namely simplemindedness. Yet we also do not want to be artificial fools because we have follow into simplemindedness, rather we will be ciever fools. That teads to the supreme meaning. Cleverness complex itself with intention. Simplemindedness knows no intention. Cleverness conquers the world, but simplemindedness, the soul. So take on the row of poverty of spirit in order to parade of the sous."

Against this the scorn of my eleverness rate up. 40 Many will laugh at my foolishness. But no one will taugh more than I taughed at myself

So I overcame scorn. But when I had overcome it. I was near to my soul, and she could speak to me, and I was soon to see the desert becoming green.

Descent into Hell in the Future

[HI m(v)]

"In the following right the air was filled with many voices. A roud voice called, "I am falling," Others cried our confused and excited during this "Where to? What do you want?" Should I entrust myself to this confusion? I shuddered. It is a dreadful deep. Do you want me to leave myself to chance to the madness of my own darkness? Wither? Wither? You fall, and I want to tail with you, whoever you are

The spirit of the depths opened my eyes and I caught a gimpse of the unier things, the world of my soul, the many formed and changing [Image in(v) t]

I see a gray rock face along which I sink into great depths in I stand in black dust up to my ankles in a dark cave. Shadows sweep over me. I am seized by fear but I know I must go in I crawl through a narrow crack in the rock and reach an inner cave whose bottom is covered with black water. But beyond this I catch a glimpse of a luminous red stone which I must reach. I wade through the middly water. The cave is full of the frightful noise of shrieking voices in I take the stone, it covers a dark opening in the rock. I hold the stone in my hand, peering around inquiringly I do not want to listen to the voices, they keep me away. But a want to know. Here something wants to be uttered. I place my car to the opening. I hear the flow of underground waters. I see the bloody head of a man on the dark stream. Someone wounded, someone stain floats there. I take in this image for a long time shuddering. I see a large black scarab floating past on the dark stream.

In the deepest reach of the stream shines a red sun radiating through the dark water. There I see—and a terror seizes mr—small serpents on the dark rock walls, striving toward the depths where the sun shines. A thousand serpents crowd around, veiling the sun. Deep night falls. A red stream of blood, thick red blood springs up, surging for a long time, then ebbing. I am seized by fear. What did I see?* [Image iii(v) 2]

vs In "Commensary on The Secret of the Golden Flower" (1929). Jung crimined the Western tendency to turn everything into methods and intentions. The cardinal lesson, as presented by the Chanese reass and by Meister Eckhart was that of allowing psychic events to happen of their own accord "Letting change happens the action through non-account the leating go of oneseth" of Meister Eckhart, became the key for me that nacceeded is opening the door to the way. One must be able to psychorally be chine happens" (Change Commens to the commens of th

les things happen" (CW 13, \$20)

79 Christ preached: "Blessed are the poor to spirit, for theirs is the kingdom of heaven" (Marchew 13). In a number of Christian communities, members take a Yow of powerty in 1994, Jung wrone: Just as in Christianity the yow of worldly powerty turned the mind away from the riches of this earth, so spiritual powerty recks to renounce the false riches of the aparit of order to withdraw not only from the sorry remaints—which today call themselves the protessant churches. For a great past, but also from all the adurements of emoid aromas, in order finally, to turn back to itself, where, in the cold tight of consciousness, the blank barrenness of the world reaches to the verty states" ("On the archetypes of the collective unconsciousn." CW 9, 1, \$29)

stars" ("On the archetypes of the collective unconscious." CW 9, 1, \$29)

So The Dreft constitues: "This, soo, is an image of the ancients, that they fixed in change symbolically they renounced wealth in order to have a share of the voluntary poverty."

of their souls. Therefore I had to grant the souls may make according to the least the following the control of their souls. The Considering that "With Mysery Play Play Wight" (p. 44). Breck Book a continues. The battle et is to was the battle with soom. A vision that caused me druce alceptess rights and three days of comment has likened me to G. Keller's drugger of Chanonumit (from start to finish). I know and administed this style. Have tearned that one main give one's heart to men, but one's intellect to the spirit of burnarity, God. Then His work can be beyond vining, since there is no more hypocritical vibore than the sincellect when it replaces the heart. (p. 42). Goerfried Keller (1819–1890) was a Swits writer. See "Der Apotheker von Chanoumix. Ein Buth Romansen," in Gottbried Keller Gessenste Gelfclitte Erstfalunger ass den Nachlas (Zürich, Arteina, Verlag, 1984), pp. 351–447.

82. The Dreft continues: "A dwarf clad entirely in leasther stood before it, manding the entirance" p. 483.

8. The entered only functioned. The stone must be origined in it the stone of the roomen: of the realight to 45. The interest Dreft has this a subsided crossal that gives off a cuto reducish highs to 25. Albrech: Dieterich ceters to the representation of the underworld in Ammophanes the tree which he underwood in the intrinsic origin) as having a large take and a place with serpents (Neight Britishe are Entitional to these modifies the bis copy. Dieterich referred to his description again on page 83, which lung marked by the margin, and underfined "Darkness and Mud." Dieterich also referred to an Orphic representation of a stream of mud in the underworld (p. 81). In his list of references on the back of his copy. Jung noted, "81 Mud."

84 Back Back 2 contributes. This data hole — want to know where it leads and what it lays. An oracle its in the place in Perhap? If
84 lung rate area this opionds in his 192, seminar pressing different detail. In remmented. When I have only of the ran range, resulted that my menhanter had worked wonderfully well, but was an great confusion as to the meaning of all chose things—had seen. The light in the cave from the crystal was. I thought like the attent of wasdons. The secret counter on the hero—could not understand at all. The beetle of course—linew to be an ancient sun symbol, and the setting sun, the transmous red.

Heal the wounds that doubt inflicts on me, my soul. That too. is to be overcome, so that I can recognize your supreme meaning, How far away everything is, and how I have turned back. My spirit is a spirit of torment, it tears asunder my contemplation, it would dismantle everything and rip it apart. I am still a victim of my thinking. When can I order my thinking to be quiet so that my thoughts, those unnuty hounds, will craw- to my feet? How can I ever hope to hear your voice louder, to see your face clearer. when all my thoughts how!>

I am stunned, but I want to be stunned, since I have sworn to you, my som, to trust you even if you lead me through madness. How shall I ever walk under your sun if I do not drank the bitter. draught of slumber to the less? Help me so that I do not choke on my own knowledge. The fullness of my knowledge threatens. to fall in on me. My knowledge has a thousand voices, an army touring ake nons; the air trembles when they speak, and I am. their defenseless sacrifice. Keep it far from me, science that clever knower, that bad prison master who binds the som and imprisons it in a rightless cell. But above all protect me from the serpent of judgment, which only appears to be a healing serpent, yet in your depths is infernal poulon and agonizing death. I want to go down cleansed into your depths with white garments and not rush in ake some third, seizing whatever I can and fleeing breathlessly. Let me persist an divine astonishment so that I am ready to behold your wonders. Let me lay my head on a stone before your door, so that I am prepared to receive your aght

[2] When the desert begins to bloom, it brings forth strange plants. You will consider yourself mad, and in a certain sense you. will in fact be mad." To the extent that the Christianity of this time lacks madness, it tacks divine life. Take note of what the ancients taught us in images, madness is divine * But because the ancienti lived this image concretely in events, it became a deception for us, since we became masters of the reality of the world. It is unquestionable if you enter into the world of the sour, you are like a madman, and a doctor would consider you to be sick. What I say here can be seen as sickness, but no one can see at as sickness more than I do

This is how I overcame madness. If you do not know what divine madness is, suspend judgment and wait for the fruits ** But know. that there is a divine madness which is nothing other than the overpowering of the spirit of this time through the spirit of the depths. Speak then of sick delusion when the spirit of the depths. can no longer stay down and forces a man to speak in tongues instead of in human speech, and makes him believe that he himself is the spirit of the depths. But 2150 speak of sick delusion. when the spirit of this time does not seave a man and forces him to see only the surface to deny the spirit of the depths and to take himself for the spirit of the times. The spirit of this time is angodly, the spirit of the depths is angodly, balance is godly.

Because I was caught up in the spirit of this time, precisely what happened to me on this night had to happen to me, namely that the spirit of the depths crupted with force, and swept away. the spurit of this time with a powerful wave. But the spirit of the depths had gained this power, because I had spoken to my soul during 25 nights in the desert and I had given her all my love. and submission. But during the 25 days, I gave all my love and submission to things, to men, and to the thoughts of this time I went into the desert only at night

Thus can you differentiate sick and divine delusion. Whoever does the one and does without the other you may call sick since he is out of balance

But who can withstand fear when the divine attoxication and madness comes to him? Love, som, and God are beautiful and terrible. The ancients brought over some of the beauty of God into this world, and this world became so beautiful that it appeared to the spirit of the time to be fulfillment, and better than the bosom of the Godhead. The frighthaness and crueity of the world my under wraps and in the depths of our hearts. If the spirit of the depths seizes you, you will feel the cruelty and cry out in torment. The spirit of the depths is pregnant with ice. fire, and death. You are right to fear the spirit of the depths, as he is full of horror

You see in these days what the spirit of the depths bore. You did not believe it but you would have known it if you had taken counsel with your fear "

disk, was archetyped. The serpents I thought aught have been connected with Egyptian material. I could not then realize that it was all so archetyped. I need not seek the more was able in the process of the process o

87 In the Corrected Draft, "more blessed" is substituted (p. §8).
88 In the Corrected Draft, "more blessed" is substituted by "Madness grows" (p. §8).
89 In the Corrected Draft, "more blessed" is substituted by "Madness grows" (p. §8).
89 The theorem of divine madness has a long history. Its locus classicus was Sociates's discussion of it in the Phasters madness, "provided it comes as a gift of heaven, is the channel by which we receive the greatest blessings" (Plato, Phasters vII. and VII.. tr. W. Hamilton [London, Penguin, 1986], p. §6, line 244). Sociates cliating guished from types of divine madness (1) cuspited divination, such as by the propheteess at Delphir (2) instances in which individuals, when ancient sins have given vise to troubles, have prophetical and incited to prayer and worship. (3, possession by the Muses, since the technically skilled unmouthed by the madness of the Muses will never be a good poet, and (4) the tover in the Remanasance the new of the Muses, since the technically skilled unmouthed by the madness of the Muses will never be a good poet, and (4) the tover in the Remanasance the new of the Muses, since the technically skilled unmouthed by the madness of the Muses will never be a good poet, and (4) the tover in the Remanasance the new of the Muses, since the technically skilled unmouthed by the madness of the Muses will never be a good poet, and (4) the tover in the Remanasance the new of the Muses, since the technically skilled unmouthed by the madness of the Muses will never be a good poet, and (4) the tover in the Remanasance the new of the Muses, since the technically skilled unmouthed by the madness of the Muses will never be a good poet, and (4) the tover in the Remanasance to the Muses will never be a good poet, and (4) the tover in the Remanasance to the Muses will never be a good poet, and (4) the tover in the Remanasance to the new of the Muses, since the technically skilled unmouthed by the madness of the Muses, and the Phasters of the Muses, and the Phasters of the Pha for inspired condesez. Like Plate, Examins differentiated between two types of madness. Thus as long as the soull uses its bodily organs aright, a man is called same but cruly, when it butses its chains and tries to be free, practising running away brom its prison, then one calls it instantly. If thus happens charough disease or a defect of the plant to the first of the plant to thing which is very like madness. They speak incoherently and unnaturally, after sound without sense and their faces roddenly change expression. In 4 chev are cruly beside themselves (third pt. 129-13). In 1819, the philosopher F.W.I. Schelling discussed divine madness in a manner that has a certain proximity to Jung's discussion. great can be accomplished without a constant solicitation of madness, with the suid always be overcome, but should never be entirely tacking. On the one band, there were sober spurits to whom there was no trace of madness, together with men of understanding who who is a second untellectual works. On the other "there is one kind of person that governs madness and precisely in this overwhelming shows the highest hove of the intelest. The other kind of person is governed by madness and it some

expected that governs made as a precisely in this overwhelming shows the highest nate of the baset kind of periods a governed by distributed in tome of the particle of the pa The Dream of a Science, pp. 57- 61

wi The Draft continues "The spirit of the depths was no alien to use that it took me twenty-five nights to comprehend bins. And even then he was still so alien that I was no see not use. It has no some to me as a transper from far away and from an unheard-of side. He had to still use I could not address him, knowing hum and

Blood shone at me from the red 1ght of the crystal and when I picked it up to discover its mystery these 12y the horror uncovered before me in the depths of what is to come 12y murder. The blond hero lay slain. The black beetle is the death that is necessary for renewal: and so thereafter a new sun glowed, the sun of the depths, full of riddles, a sun of the night. And as the tising sun of spring quickens the dead earth, so the sun of the depths quickened the dead, and thus began the terrible struggle between light and darkness. Out of that burst the powerful and ever anyanquiahed source of blood. This was what was to come, which you now experience in your life, and it is even more than that (I had this vision on the night of 12 December 1913.)

Depths and surface should mix so that new life can develop. Yet the new afe does not develop outside of as, but within as. What happens outside us in these days is the image that the peoples live in events, to bequeath this image immemorially to far-off times so that they might learn from it for their own way, just as we learned from the images that the ancients had lived before us in events.

Life does not come from events, but from us. Everything that happens outside has already been.

Therefore whoever considers the event from outside always sees only that it already was, and that it is always the same. But whoever looks from smade knows that everything is new. The events that happen are always the same. But the creative depths of man are not always the same. Events signify nothing, they signify only so us. We create the meaning of events. The meaning is and always was artificial. We make it

Because of this we seek in ourselves the meaning of events, so that the way of / what is to come becomes apparent and our life can flow again

That which you need comes from yourself, namely the meaning of the event. The meaning of events is not their particular meaning. This meaning exists in searned books. Events have no meaning

The meaning of events is the way of salvation that you create. The meaning of events comes from the possibility of life in this world that you create. It is the mastery of this world and the assertion of your sous in this world.

This meaning of events is the supreme meaning, that is not in events, and not in the soul, but is the God standing between events and the soul, the mediator of life, the way, the bridge and the going across "

I would not have been able to see what was to come if I could not have seen it in myself.

Therefore I take part in that murder, the sun of the depths also shares in me after the murder has been accomplished: the thousand serpents that want to devour the sun are also in me I myself am a murderer and murdered, sacrificer and sacrificed.*

The apwelling blood streams out of me

You all have a share in the murder ** In you the reborn one will come to be, and the run of the depths will rise and a thousand serpents will develop from your dead matter and fall on the sun to choice it. Your blood will stream forth. The peoples demonstrate this at the present time in antiorgettable acts, that will be written with blood in antiorgettable books for eternal memory.**

But I ask you when do men fail on their brothers with mighty weapons and bloody acts? They do such if they do not know that their brother is themselves. They themselves are sacrificers, but they mutually do the service of sacrifice. They must all sacrifice each other since the time has not yet come when man puts the bloody lende into himself, in order to sacrifice the one he kills in his brother. But whom do people kill? They kill the noble, the brave, the heroes. They take aim at these and do not know that with these they mean themselves. They should sacrifice the hero in themselves, and because they do not know this, they kill, their courageous brother.

The time is still not ripe. But through this blood sacrifice, it should ripen. So long as it is possible to murder the brother instead of oneself, the time is not ripe. Frightful things must happen antil men grow ripe. But anything else will not ripen humarity. Hence all this that takes place in these days must also be so that the renewal can come. Since the source of blood that follows the shrouding of the sun is also the source of the new life.**

As the fate of the peoples is represented to you in events, so will it happen in your heart. If the hero in you is slain, then the sun of the depths rises in you, glowing from afar, and from a dreadful place. But all the same, everything that up till now seemed to be dead in you will come to life, and will change into poisonous serpents that will cover the sun, and you will fall into night and confusion. Your blood also was stream from many wounds in this frightful struggle. Your shock and doubt will be great, but from such torment the new life will be born. Birth is blood and torment. Your darkness, which you did not suspect since it was dead, will come to life and you will feel the crush of total evil and the conflicts of life that still now lie buried in the matter of your body. But the serpents are dreadfin evil thoughts and feelings.

You thought you knew that abyss? Oh you ciever people! It is another thing to experience it. Everything will happen to you. Think of all the frightful and devilish things that men have inflicted on their brothers. That should happen to you in your heart. Suffer it yourself through your own hand, and know that it is your own hemous and devilish hand that inflicts the suffering or you, but not your brother, who wrestles with his own devus.

his nature. He announced binuself with a toud voice as in a warlike turnful with the manifold clamoring of the voices of this time. The spirit of this dine arose in me against this actinget and intered a bartle cry in gother with his many serfs. Then the site of this bartle in the site. Then the spirit of the depths burnt forth and led me to the site of the intermost. But he had reduced the spirit of this time to a dwarf who was clevel and burding, yet was a dwarf. And the vision showed are the spirit of this time to a made in order that to pressed opeths, sere and ideless risk, also not powers me that it made in order who as the spirit of the association of the street of death. [The Correctal Draft adds, "for that is where death in p. 44]. The mystery of the sharing red crystal was not next destination," (pp. 54, 35).

the therung red crystal was my near destination" (pp. 54, 55)

92 The Draft continues: "My real as my supreme meaning, my image of God, neither God binaself not the impreme meaning. God becomes apparent in the supreme meaning of the human community" (p. 58)

93 In Transformation symbolism in the mass," (1942). Tung commented on the morif of the identity of the accrificer and the accrificed, with particular reference to the visions of Zosimos of Parapolis, a natural philosopher and alchemis of the third century. Jung noted: "What I sacrifice is my egotistical claims, and by doing that I give up myself. Every sacrifice is therefore to a gotater to lesses degree and the Parapolis. A serious of the self to 1921 (CW 6, §329). There is a line in the margin of Jung's copy by these verses in the Sacret Book of the East vol. XV. pt. 2 p. 12. In "Dreams." Jung noted in connection with a dream "My intensive anconations relation to make in the Rea Book 1940 (Sec. 1944). There is a line in the margin of Jung's copy by these verses in the Sacret Book of the East vol. XV. pt. 2 p. 12. In "Dreams." Jung noted in connection with a dream "My intensive anconations relation to make in the Rea Book 1940 (Sec. 1944).

95 The reference is to the events of World War I. The automn of 1914 (when Jung arrore this section of "layer two") sow the borde of the Marge and the first barde of Yperi 96 In his secture at the ETH on Tune 14, 1995, lung commented (partially in reference to this fantary, which be referred to anonymously). "The sun mortif appears at many places and times and the meaning is always the large. This are that a new this inclusions has seen to the limit in the light of timinestian which is projected sure space. This era psychological event, the medical term "hallucusation" makes no sense in psychology. The Karabasis plays a very important total in the Middle Ages and the old marreys conceived of the tising sun in this Karabasis as of a new light, the lux moderns, the jewet, the lapts" (Modern P. y hough 1).

97 The Draft continues: In 1997 that weak makes to be spent of the appears to grantes the annual things in order to telp my weak improvement.

19 The Dright continues: As 100000: 10.46 that speak models for the spent of the depths we granted these should like you to see. May those he well who can see these thought Those who cannot must live them as blind fare in images' (p. 61).

s m(v / v t,

I would ake you to see what the murdered hero means Those nametess men who in our day have murdered a prince are blind prophets who demonstrate an events what then is valid Druy for the son. 4 Through the murder of princes we will learn that the prince in us, the hero, is threatened " Whether this should be seen as a good or a bad sign need not concern us. What is awful today is good in a hundred years, and in two hundred years is bad again. But we must recognize what is happening: there are nameless ones in you who threaten your prince, the

But our ruler is the spirit of this time which rules and reads in as all lit is the general spirit in which we think and act today. He is of frightful power, since he has brought immeasurable good to this world and fascinated men with unbelievable pleasure. He is bejowelled with the most beautiful heroic virtue. and wants to drive men up to the brightest solar heights, in everlasting ascent "

The here wants to open up everything he can. But the nameless spirit of the depths evokes everything that man cannot. Incapacity prevents further ascent. Greater height requires greater. virtue. We do not possess it. We must first create it by learning to live with our incapacity. We must give it life. For how else shall it. develop into ability>

We cannot slay our incapacity and rise above it. But that is precisely what we wanted. Incapacity will overcome us and demand its share of life. Our ability will desert as and we will believe in the sense of the spirit of this time, that it is a loss. Yet it is no loss but a gain, not for outer trappings, however, but for inner capability.

The one who teams to live with his incapacity has learned a great deat. This will read us to the valuation of the smallest things, and to wise amitation, which the greater height demands. If all theroism is erased, we fall back into the misery of humanity and auto even worse. Our foundations will be caught up in excitement. since our highest tension, which concerns what lies outside us, will spir them up. We will fall into the cesspool of our underworld. among the rubble of all the centuries in us.™

The heroic in you is the fact that you are ruled by the hought that this or that is good, that this or that performance is indepensable, this or that cause is objectionable, this or that goal must be attained in headlong striving work, this or that pleasure should be ruthlessly repressed at all costs. Consequently you sin against incapacity. But incapacity exists. No one should deny it, find fault with it, or shour it down **

Splitting of the Spirit

[Hiw(r)]Cap. vi.

But on the fourth night I cried. "To journey to Heli means to become Hell oneself in It is all frightfully muddled and interwoven. On this desert path there is not just glowing sand, but also borrible rangled invisible beings who live in the desect. I didn't know this The way is only apparently clear, the desert is only apparently empty. It seems inhabited by magical beings who murderously attach themselves to me and daimonically change my form. I have evidently taken on a completely monatrous form in which I can no longer recognize myself. It seems to me that I have become a monatrous animal form for which I have exchanged my humanity. This way is surrounded by hellish magic, invisible nooses have been thrown over me and enshare me."

But the spirit of the depths approached me and said, "Vilimb down into your depths, sink!"

But I was indignant at him and said, "How can I sink? I am unable to do this myself"

Then the spirit spoke words to me that appeared ridiculous. and he said, "Sit yourself down, he calm."

But I cried out indignantly "How frightful it sounds like nonsense, do you also demand this of me? You overthrew the mighty Gods who mean the most to us. My some where are you? Have I entrusted myself to a stupid animal, do I stagger like a drunkard to the grave, do I stammer stupidities ake a junatic? Is this your way, my soul? The blood boils in me and I would strangle you if I could seize you. You weave the thickest darknesses and I am like a madman caught in your net. But I yearn, teach me "

But my som spoke to me saying, "My pady is light."

Yet I indignantly answered "Do you call light what we mencan the worst darkness? Do you call day night?"

To this my soul spoke a word that roused my anger. "My light is not of this world."

I cried. "I know of no other world."

The soul answered, "Should it not exist because you know nothing of it?" I "But our knowledge? Does our knowledge also not hold good for you? What is it going to be if not knowledge? Where is security? Where is solid ground? Where is light? Your darkness is not only darker than night, but bottomiess as well. If it's not going to be knowledge, then perhaps it will do without speech and words too?"

98 on The Relations between the Lates the Ostonomieus (1947). Jung refers to the destructive and anarchic aspects that are constellated in societies being enacted by prophetically

inclined individuals though spectacular crimes such as regicide (CW 7 §240).

99 Political assumptions were frequent at the beginning of the overrieth century. The particular event reterned to here is the assumption of Archdule Franz Ferdinand Marcin. Other his event which played a correct rote in the events that ted to the outbreak of the First World War as a tumoring point in the history of the events that tentury. (A Humpy of the Twentier Contract Out 1990-1997 London, William Morrow, 1977), p. 308)

too The Draft continuer. "When I was aspering to my highest worldly power the spirit of the depths sent me nameless thoughts and visions, that wiped out the hercoc aspiration in me as our timi understands it. 🔉 64.

The Diegli continuous. Exercishing that we have registered will be revived each human and divisite passion, the black serpents and the reddish run of the depths. (p. 64) was On tune 9 (917) there was a discussion on the psychology of the world was in the Association for Analytical Psychology, following a preservation by (tiles Voidez on the Sing of Robert Rung argued that Hypothetically, the World Was can be raised to the subjective and detail, the authorization principle (taking action on the basis of principles) dashes with the emotional principle. The hero—the helpful days of the people should bill before being the heart of the proposed that the emotional principles and the subjective and the proposed that the emotion of the people should bill before being the heart of the people should bill. belowed figure of the people should fall. All heroes bring checaselves down by carrying the bezond attitude beyond a certain limit, and hence lose their boding. (MAP will a provided by psychological interpretation of the bloss. World War on the subscript level describe, what is developed in the chapter. The connection between individual and collective psychology which he arreculates here forms one of the feirments of his large work (of Preims and more 1971 W. C.

100 In Boyand Good and End. Nietzsche wrote. Anyone who fights with monsters should take care that he does not un the process become a monster. And if you gaze for long

into an abyes, the abyes gazet back into you! (tr. Marion Faber (Oxtord: Oxtord: Joiversity Press) 1998, \$146. p. 68)

My soul: "No words."

I. Forgive me, perhaps I'm hard of hearing, perhaps I misinterpret you, perhaps I ensuare myself in self-decent and monkey business, and I am a rascal graming at myself in a marror a fool in my own madhouse. Perhaps you stumble over my folly?"

My soul: "You detude yourself you do not deceive me. Your words are are to you, not me "

I "But could I wallow in raging nonsense, and harch absurdaty." and perverse monotony?"

My sout "Who gives you thoughts and words? Do you make them? Are you not my serf, a recipient who lies at my door and picks up my aims? And you dare think that what you devise and speak could be nonsense? Don't you know yet that it comes from me and belongs to me?"

So I cried full of anger, "But then my indignation must also come from you, and in me you are indignant against yourself." My soul then spoke the ambiguous words. "That is civil war """

I was afflicted with pain and rage, and I answered back "How painful, my soul, to hear you use hollow words: I feel sick Comedy and dravet but I yearn. I can also crawl through mud and the most despised banality. I can also eat dust, that is part of Het. I do not yield, I am defiant. You can go on devising torments, spider-legged monsters, ridiculous, hideous, frightful theatrical spectacles. Come close, I am ready, Ready, my soul, you who are a devil, to wrestle with you too. You donned the mask of a God, and I worshiped you. Now you wear the mask of a devil, a frightful one, the mask of the banal, of eternal mediocrity! Only one favor. Give me a moment to step back and consider: Is the struggle with this mask worthwhile? Was the mask of God worth worshiping? I cannot do it, the just for battle burns in my limbs. No, I cannot leave the battlefield defeated. want to seize you, crush you, monkey, buffoon. Woe if the struggle is unequal my hands grab at air. But your blows are also air, and I perceive trickery."

I find myself again on the desert path. It was a desert vision, a vision of the solitary who has wandered down long roads. There turk myssible robbers and assassing and shooters of poison darts Suppose the murderous arrow is sticking in my heart?

[2] As the first vision had predicted to me, the assassin appeared. from the depths, and came to me just as in the fate of the peoples. of this time a nametess one appeared and leveled the murder weapon at the prince 10%

I felt myself transformed into a rapacious beast. My heart glowered in rage against the high and beloved, against my prince and here, just as the nameless one of the people, driven by greed for murder, lunged at his dear prince. Because I carried the murder in me, I foresaw it ""

Because I carried the war in me. I foresaw at I felt betrayed and fied to by my king. Why did I feet this way? He was not as I had wished him to be. He was other than I expected. He should be the king in thy sense, not in his sense. He should be what I called idea. My sout appeared to me hollow, tasteless and meaningless. But in reality what I thought of her was valid for my idea.

It was a / vision of the desert. I struggled with mirror images. of myself. It was civil war in me. I myself was the murderer and the murdered. The deadly arrow was stuck in my heart, and I did not know what it meant. My thoughts were murder and the fear of death, which spread like poison everywhere in my body

And thus was the fate of the people: The murder of one was the poisonous arrow that flew into the hearts of men, and kindled the fiercest war. This murder is the indignation of incapacity against will, a Judas betraya, that one would like someone else to have committed.100 We are still seeking the goat that should bear our sin 104

Everything that becomes too old becomes evil, the same is true of your highest. Learn from the suffering of the crucified God that one can also betray and cracify a God, namely the God of the old year. If a God ceases being the way of life, he must fall secretly.100

The God becomes sick if he oversteps the height of the senith. That is why the spirit of the deputs took me when the spirit of this time had led me to the summis ""

Murder of the Hero

[H (v(v)]" Сар, ин

On the following might however, I had a vision:" I was with a youth in high mountains. It was before daybreak, the Eastern sky was already light. Then Siegfried's horn resounded over the mountains with a jubilant sound. We knew that our mortal enemy was coming. We were armed and lurked beside a narrow rocky path to murder him. Then we saw him coming high across the mountains on a chariot made of the bones of the dead. He drove boidly and magnificently over the steep rocks and arrived at the narrow path where we watted in hiding. As he came around

юц Выы Вом а continues "Are you neurotic? Are we neurotic?" (р. 53)

gov Sec noth 90 ip 240.

cos The Dwaft continues. My triends, if you knew what depths of the future you carry inside you? Those who book noto their own depths, sook at what is to conce" (p. 70) cor The Draft continues: "But just as fucies is a necessary lick in the chain of the work of redemption, so is our fucies betrayal of the hero also a necessary passageway to redemption" (p. 71). In Transformation and Symbols of the Libido (1912), Jung discussed the view of the Abbé Oegger, in Annuale France's story Le Judio & Epiture, who maintained that God had chosen ludas as an unstrument to complete Christ's work of redemption (CW B §52)

to 8 Ct. Levitious 16:7-40: And he shall take the two goats, and present them before the Lord at the door of the abernacle of the congregation. And Auron shall cast tors open the two goats, one lot for the Lord, and the other lot for the scapegoat. And Auron shall bring the goat upon which the Lord's lot fell, and offer him to a six offering. But the goat on which the lot fell to be the scapegoat, shall be presented alive before the Lord, to make an attenueum with him, and to let him go for a scapegreat anto the wilderness

tog The Draft continues—that is what the antients trught us' (p. 22).
The Draft continues—Those who wander in the desert experience everything that belongs to the desert. The antients have described this to its. From them we can learn. Open the ancient hooks and seam what will come to you in solicule. Everything will be given to you and you will be spared nortung, the mercy and the tormest" (p. 72. This refers to the mourning for the death of the hero.

Determber 18, 1913, Black Book x has. "The following rught was terrible a soon arroke from a trightful dream" (p. 96). The Droft has: "a maghty dream vision rose from abe depths' (p. 73).

 Siegfried was a heroic prince who appears in old German and Norse epon. In the twelfth-century Núthrlungled, he is described as follows: "And in what magnificent style. Sieghried rode! He bore a great spean stow of shahr and broad of head, his handsome sword reached down to hus spurs, and the fine horn which that used use ned was of the reddest gold of A. Tatto London Penguin, 2004), p. 829. Is wide Branbild, is cricked anno excelling the only place where he could be wounded. and killed. Wagner reworked these epus in The Ring of the Micheling. In 1912, in Transformation and Symbols of the Libido, Jung presented a psychological interpresention of Stegfried as a symbol of the abido, principally mang Wagner's libretto of Stegfred 10 W.B. §5681

for iv(r)/iv(v)

the turn shead of us, we fired at the same time and he tell slain. Thereupon I turned to flee, and a terrible rain swept down. But after this" I went through a torment unto death and I felt certain that I must kill myself, if I could not solve the riddle of the murder of the hero "

Then the spirit of the depths came to me and spoke these words: "The highest truth is one and the same with the absurd." This statement saved me, and sike rain after a long hot spell it swept away everything in me which was too highly tensed

Then I had a second vision: I saw a merry garden, in which forms walked clad in white silk, all covered in colored light, some reddish, the others blueish and greenish if [Image v(v)]

I know, I have stridden across the depths. Through guilt a have become a newborn "

[2] We also ave an our dreams, we do not ave only by day. Sometimes we accomplish our greatest deeds in dreams "

In that night my life was threatened since I had to kill my lord and God, nor in single combat, since who among mortals could kill a God in a duel? You can seach your God only as an assassin.160 if you want to overcome him

But this is the bitterest for mortal men, our Gods want to be overcome, since they require renewal. If men kill their princes, they do so because they cannot kill their Gods, and because they do not know that they should kill their Gods in themselves

if the God grows old, he becomes shadow, nonsense, and he goes down. The greatest truth becomes the greatest ise, the brightest day becomes darkest night

As day requires night and night requires day, so meaning requires obsurdity and obsurdity requires meaning

Day does not exist through itself, night does not exist through itself The reality that exists through itself is day and nigh-

So the reality is meaning and absurding

Noon is a moment, midnight is a moment, morning comes from night. evening turns into night, but evening comes from the day and morning turns. fato day

So meaning is a moment and a transition from absurdity to absurdity, and absurdity only a moment and a transition from meaning to meaning,300

Oh that Stegfried, blond and blue eyed, the German hero, had to fall by my hand, the most 10y2, and courageous! He had everything in himself that I treasured as the greater and more beautiful: he was my power, my boidness, my pride. I would have gone under in the same battle, and so only assassination was left to me. If I wanted to go on living, it could only be through trickery and cumung.

Judge not! Think of the blond savage of the German forests, who had to betray the hammer-brandishing thunder to the pale Near Eastern God who was nailed to the wood like a chicken marten. The courageous were overcome by a certain contempt for themselves. But their afe force bade them to go on aving, and they betrayed their beautiful wild Gods, their holy trees and their awe of the German forests (3)

What does Siegfried mean for the Germans! What does it tell us that the Germans suffer Siegfried's death: That is why I almost preferred to kill myself in order to spare him. But I wanted to go on aving with a new God

After death on the cross Christ went into the underworld. and became Hell. So he took on the form of the Antichrist, the dragon. The image of the Antichrist, which has come down to as from the ancients, announces the new God, whose coming the ancients had foreseen

Gods are unavoidable. The more you flee from the God, the more surely you fall into his hand

The rain is the great stream of tears that will come over the peoples, the tearful flood of released tension after the constriction of death had encumbered the peoples with horrific force. It is the mourning of the dead in me, which precedes buria, and rebirth. The rain is the fructifying of the earth, it begets the new wheat, the young, germinating God.14

The Conception of the God

[H1 (v(v) 2] Cap. vin

On the second night thereafter, I spoke to my som and said. "This new world appears weak and artificial to me. Artificial is a

134 The Draft continues: "After this dream vision" (p. 73)
115 an Black Block 2. Jung noted: I strode light-focusedly up an incredibly steep path and later helped my wife who followed me at a slower pace to ascend. Some people moded us but I didn't mind, since this showed that they didn't know that I had murdered the bero' (p. 42). Jung recounted this dream in the 1925 seminar, etressing different details. He preceded it with the following remarks: "Singhtied was not an especially sympathetic figure to me, and a don't know why my inscrincious got engressed in him. Wagner's Singhtied, especially, is exagginatedly extrawerted and at times actually indiculous. I never liked him. Nevertheless the dream showed him to be my hero. I could not understand the surong emotion I had with the dream." After narrating the dream, Jung concluded: "I felt an enormous pity to tham [Singhtied, as though I myself had been shot. I must then have had a bero I did not appreciate and it was my ideal of force and efficiency I had killed any late's terbeload on to the deed by a personification of the collective unconscious the little brown man with me. In other words. I deposed my superior function. The raim that fell is a symbol of the release of tension, that is, the forces of the unconscious are loosed. When this happens, the feeling of refiel is engendered. The crime is expanded because as soon as the main function is deposed, there is a chance for other sides of the personality to be born into file." Analytical Psychology, pp. 56-57). In Black Books, and in his later remarks about this dream in Mirmorine, p. 204(). Jung said that he felt that he would have to kill humself if he could not solve this riddle.

105 The Draft continues: "These lights pervaded my mind and senses. And once again I bell askeep like a convalencem? (p. 74). Jung recounted this dream to Aniela izffe and continues "The successions reached beyond one like a sum is hato. The shadow was like the light-colored sphere that surcounted the people. He thought this was

was a vision of the beyond, where men are complete (6/P, p. 170)

118 The Draft continues. The world in-between is a world or the simplest change in is not a world of intention and importance but a perchance world with indefinite possibilities. Here the next ways are all small, no broad, straight highroads no Heaven above them, no Hell beneath", p. 24). In Outober of 1916, Jung give some table to the Psychological Club. "Adaptration, individuation, and collectivity," in which be commented on the importance of goals, "the first 1869 in individuation is tragge guilt." The accumulation of guilt demands expiration' (CW 18, \$10%),
to The 2013 that here in addition. Are you smiling? The speric of this time would want to make you believe that the depths are no world and no reality [19] of,

aso The Dright continues "a Judes" (p. 75).

12) The Draft continues "My dream vision showed use that I was not alone when I committed the deed. I was belied by a youth, that is, one who was younger than one a rejuvenated version of myself* (p. 26)

122. The Drift continues, "Stegfried had to die just like Wotan" (p. 76). In 1918, long wrote of the effects of the introduction of Christianity into Germany. "Christianity and organization are planticed with the collective unconscious. ("On the unconscious," CW 10 \$17) He expanded on this situation in Christalety into Certain, "Christanuty apit the Germanoc barbarian and has upper and lower halves and enabled him, by repressing the dark side to do not bicate the brighter half and fit it for culture. But the lower darker half still awaits redemption and a second domessication. Until then it will remain associated with vestiges of prehistory, with the collective unconscious, which must midicate a peculiar and corressing activation of the collective unconscious. ("On the unconscious," CW 10 \$17). He expanded on this situation in

ers in the Draft, this sentence reads. "We want to continue living with a new God, a hero beyond Christ" (p. 76). To Aniela Jaffé, he recounted that he had thought of humself as an overcoming hero, but the dream indicated that the hero had to be killed. This exaggeration of the will was represented by the Germans at that time, such as by the Siegfried line A voice within him said. "If you do not understand the dream, you must shoot yourself?" (MP p. 98, Memories p. 204). The original Siegfried line was a defensive line established by the Lie mains in northern France in 19.2, this was actually a subsection of the Hindenburg Line.

The theme of the dying and resurrenting and toatures prominently in tames Frazer's the Griden Bough A Study in Magretan Religion London Macmullan. 19
which Jung does apon in Transferrentions and Symbols of the Efforts (1912)

bad word, but the mustard seed that grew into a tree, the word that was conceived in the womb of a virgin, became a God to whom the earth was subject "18

As I spoke thus, the spirit of the depths suddenly erupted. He filled me with incorrection and mist and spoke these words with a powerful voice [OB iv (v)] "I have received your sprout, you who ære (a comie)

I have received it in deepest need and towliness.

I covered it in shabby patchwork and bedded down on poor words.

And mockery worshiped it, your child, your wondrous child, the child of one who is to come, who should announce the father, a fruit that is older than the tree on which it grew

In pain will you conceive and joyful is your birth

Fear is your heraid, doubt stands to your right, disappointment to your left

We passed by to our ridiculousness and senselessness when we caught

Our eyes were biinded and our knowledge fell silent when we received

You new spork of an eternal fire, into which night were you born?

You will wring truthful proyers from your believers, and they must speak of your glory su tongues that are atroclous to them

You will come over them in the hour of their disgrace, and will become known to them in what they hate, fear, and abhor 106

Your voice, the rarest pleasing sound, will be heard aimed the stammerings of wretches, rejects, and those condemned as warthless.

Your realm will be southed by the hands of those who also worshiped before the most profound lowliness, and whose songing drove them through the mud tide of evil

You will give your gifts to those who pray to you in terror and doubt, and your light will shine upon those whose knees must bend before you unwillingly and who are filled with resentment

Your life is with he who has overcome timuelf I[OBv(r)] and who has disowned his self-overcoming.20

I also know that the salvation of mercy is given only to those who between in the highest and fatinitiesity betray themselves for thirty pieces of silver 228

Those who will dirry their pure hands and cheat on their best knowledge against error and take their virtues from a murderer's grave are invited to your great banquel.

The constellation of your birth is on ill and changing star

These. Oh child of what is to come are the wonders that will bear testimony that you are a vertiable God."

[2] When my prince had fallen, the spirit of the depths opened. my vision and let me become aware of the birth of the new God

The divine child approached me out of the terrible ambiguity, the hateful beautiful, the evil good, the laughable serious, the sick-healthy, the inhuman-human and the ungodly-godly in

I understood that the God100 whom we seek in the absolute was not to be found in absolute beauty, goodness, seriousness, elevation, humanity or even in godliness. Once the God was there

I anderstood that the new God would be in the relative If the God is absolute beauty and goodness, how should he encompass the fullness of life, which is beautiful and hateful, good and evil. laughable and serious, human and inhuman? How can man ave in the womb of the God if the Godhead humself attends only to one half of him?"

If we have risen near the heights of good and evil then our badness and hatefulness are an the most extreme forment. Man's torment is so great and the air of the heights so weak that he can hardly live anymore. The good and the beautiful freeze to the are of the absolute idea." and the bad and hateful become mudpuddles full of crazy life

Therefore after his death Christ had to journey to Heli, otherwise the ascent to Heaven would have become impos sable for ham. Christ first had to become his Antichrist his underworldly brother.

No one knows what happened during the three days Christ was in Hell. I have experienced it in The men of yore said that he had preached there to the deceased. What they say is true, but do you know how this happened?

It was folly and monkey business, an atrocious Hei s masquerade of the holiest mysteries. How else could Christ have saved his Antichrist' Read the unknown books of the ancients and you will searn much from them. Notice that Christ did not remain in Hell, but rose to the heights in the beyond "

Our conviction of the value of the good and beautiful has become strong and unshakable, that is why life can extend beyond this and still fulfil everything that my bound and yearning. But the bound and yearning is also the hateful and bad. Are you again indignant about the hateful and the bad?

Through this you can recognize how great are their force and value for sie. Do you think that it is dead in you? But this dead can also change into serpents of These serpents will extinguish the prince of your days.

15 A reference to Christ's parable of the mustard seed. Matthew (\$31-92: "The kingdom of heaven is like to a grain of mustard seed which a man took, and sowed in his held: Which indeed as the least of all reads: but when it is grown if is the greatest among boths, and becometh a too? (Cf. Luke 19:18- 20. Mark 4:30- 32)

26 In Mark 16:17. Choist stated that those who believe shall speak with new tongues. The usue of speaking in tongues is discussed in 1 Corinthians 14, and is central in the

27 The theme of self-overcoming is an important one in the work of Nietzsche. In This Spots Zarstflutts. Nietzsche writes: "I track you the Superitain. Man is something. that should be overtone. What have you done to overtone him: All measures hitherto have treated something organic themselves and all you want to be the of this great ride, and return to the animals rather than overtone man? ("Zarathustra's prologue 3," p. 42 underdired as an lung's copy). For lung's discussion of this cheme in Nietzschie see Nietzsche's acommunity. Notes of the Stresson Gives to 1934, y. vol. and name: parsent Princeton Princeton Conversity Prices. 1988, pp. 502. Off :8 Judas becrayed Christ for chiefly pieces of silver (Mambew 46:)4- 16}

29 See more <8. p. ∠34.

194. Poter 4:6 states. For this reason she gospel was preached also to shose who are dead, that they might be judged according to men in the flesh, but live according to

135. The theme of Christ's descent into Hell teatures an several apportsphal gospels in the Apostles Greed," it as stated diat. He descended into Hell. The diffied day He arose again from the dead litting commented on the appearance of this motifier medieval alchemy (Psychology and Alchemy, 1944, CW 13, \$610, 440-451; Mysterland Continuation is, 1945/96, CW 14, 677). One of the sources which lung reterred to (CW /2, 961n, was Albrecht Dieterich's Nation Beitrage are Enthine for newsterness Petresapskulppe which commented on an apacalyptic tragment from the Gospel of St. Peter in which thurs give a detailed description of Hell Tang's copy of this work has numerous markings in the margins, and in the real are two additional pieces of paper with a list of page references and remarks. In 1951 he gave the following psychological interpretation of the motif of Christ's descens into Hel. The scope of the integration is suggested by the descensus ad inferious the descent of Christ's soul to Hell, whose work of redemption also encompasses, the dead. The psychological equivalent of this forms the integration of the collective unconscious which represents an essential part of the individuation process' (Arm CW 9. 4 \$747 to 1936 he noted. The dured days descent into Hell during death describes the sinking of the vanished value into the unconscious where by conquering the power of darkness it establishes a new order, and then his is activity again, that is attains

supreme clarity of consciousness. ("Psychology and retigion. "W. \$1.19. The unknown books of the ancients arter to the approximation graphs graphs.

136 The Drift continues: "But the serpent is also life. In the image tamished by the ancients, the serpent put an end to the childlike magnificence of paradose, they even said that thrist binuself had been a serpent. (p. 83). Jung commented on this matter in 1950 at Aion CW 9.2. \$291

ου iv(v) / v(r)

Do you see what beauty and joy rame over men when the depths unleashed thin greatest war? And yet it was a frightful beginning.⁴⁷

If we do not have the depths, how do we have the beights? Yet you fear the depths, and do not want to confess that you are afraid of them. It is good, though, that you fear yourselves, say it out loud that you are afraid of yourselves. It is wisdom to fear oneseif. Only the heroes say that they are fearless. But you know what happens to the hero.

With fear and trembing, looking around yourselves with mistrust go thus into the depths, but do not do this alone, two or more is greater security since the depths are full of murder. Also secure yourselves the way of retreat. Go cautiously as if you were cowards, so that you prevempt the soul murderers in The depths would like to devour you whose and choke you in mud

He who journeys to Hell also becomes Hell: therefore do not forget from whence you come. The depths are stronger than as so do not be heroes, be dever and drop the heroes, since nothing is more dangerous than to play the hero. The depths want to keep you: they have not returned very many up to now, and therefore men fled from the depths and attacked them.

What if the depths, due to the assault, now change themselves into death? But the depths indeed have changed themselves into death; therefore when they awoke they inflicted a thousand fold death. We cannot slay death as we have already taken another from it. If we still want to overcome death, then we must entire it.

Therefore on your journey be sure to take golden cups full of the sweet drink of life, red wine, and give it to dead matter, so that it can win life back. The dead matter will change into black serpents. Do not be frightened, the serpents will mimediately put out the sun of your days, and a night with wonderful will-on the-wispa will come over you.

Take pains to waken the dead. Dig deep mines and throw in sacrificial gifts, so that they reach the dead. Reflect in good heart upon evil, this is the way to the ascent. But before the ascent everything it tight and Hell.

What do you think of the essence of Hell? Hell is when the depths come to you with all that you no longer are or are not yet capable of Hell is when you can no longer attain what you could attain. Hell is when you must think and feel and do everything that you know you do not want. Hell is when you know that your having to is also a wanting to, and that you yourself are responsible for it. Hell is when you know that everything serious that you have planned with yourself is also laughable, that everything fine

is also brutai, that everything good is also bad, that everything high is also low, and that everything pleasant is also shameful

But the deepest Hell is when you realize that Hell is also no Hell, but a cheerful Heaven, not a Heaven in itself but in this respect a Heaven, and in that respect a Hell

That is the ambiguity of the God: he is born from a dark ambiguity and rises to a bright ambiguity. Unequivocainess is simplicity and leads to death.** But ambiguity is the way of life ** If the left foot does not move, then the right one does and you move. The God wiks this

You say the Christian God is an equivocal, he is love ** But what is more ambiguous than love? Love is the way of life, but your love is only on the way of life if you have a left and a right

Nothing is easier than to play at ambiguity and nothing is more difficult than aving ambiguity. He who plays is a child, his God is old and dies. He who lives is awakened: his God is young and goes on He who plays hides from the inner death. He who aves feels the going orward and immortantly. So leave the play to the players. Let fall what wants to fall; if you stop it, it will sweep you away. There is a true love that does not concern itself with neighbors.**

When the hero was slain and the meaning recognized in the absurdity, when all tension came rushing down from gravid clouds, when everything had become cowardly and tooked to its own rescue. I became aware of the birth of the God ** Opposing me, the God sank into my heart when I was confused by mockery and worship, by grief and laughter by yes and no.

The one arose from the melting together of the two. He was born as a child from my own human soul, which had conceived him with resistance also a virgin. Thus it corresponds to the image that the ancients have given to as ** But when the mother, my soul, was pregnant with the God, I did not know it. It even seemed to me as if my soul herself was the God, although he lived only in her body.**

And thus the image of the ancients is finfuled: I pursued my soul to kill the child in it. For I am also the worst enemy of my God ** But I also recognized that my enmity is decided upon in the God. He is mockery and hate and anger ance this is also a way of life.

I must say that the God could not come into being before the hero had been shin. The hero as we understand him has become an enemy of the God, since the hero is perfection. The Gods envy the perfection of man, because perfection has no need of the Gods. But since no one is perfect, we need the Gods. The Gods love perfection because it is the total way of life. But the Gods are not with turn

in the treatment of an alterground of telling in the east rough a short A. Secretarises of war in our refer and included and for high distance in responsible to the east of t came right changes the agreed going west, and T had to not one that it was more into all or or many more more, a treat of love all over the country. the man large are arrived to the second of the second of the all the second of the sec pearants (frew open their ceities and handed out what he had his hopen in a min of her evaluate and only a min of her had an extension and context and context and the head had when I asked what they cout they said. 'Oh nothing, jut take literal' And when I asked what they cout they said we paid arothing, it was one great feath of the war at dust it we take the ask form as a min or in the min to min they freed and they have detected and they have a feath of the process of the asked to the min to min they are they have they have a min one will an are mind to me with the mind to the her one dark they have they have a mind to the her one dark they have they have a mind to the her one dark they have the her they have the here they have the here. run al information and sometimes here may have in the Assessment made was the following on Administration of the first two papers of them of the medical sing freware is a most operately mebe simage. MAP is so pilla e at the disk that he san This refers back to the vision in chapter 5. Descent into Hell in the Future " in 1940 lung wrote: "the threst to one's immost self-from diagons and serpents points to the namper of the entrangent of an entrangent of again to the manual network the manual and the part analysis of the finishes and the manual of th entroller of the entertainment of the state the nature of being sceners 2, pp. 70-71,

13 The Draft communes. "Look at the images of the Gods that the greatent and the great of old left behind: their nature is ambiguous and equivocal." p. 8. ich ar ie har waterbrie witchen Amarak in inn gh a but a more discover event in which in the what makes has the interest and in a standard tie at speak i planer ande beideden respek belagsaken word. En en than ein atrami you han terme ein at eine pida up6 The Corrected Draft has "birth of the new conception of a) God" (p. 74) 4 thombs with he right Mar **L**eft age носе 97 р. 137. 49 This seems to refer to the wounding of Izdubar in Abri Secundis, ch. 8. "Firm Day." See before p. 2786

who wishes to be perfect, because he is an invitation of perfection.190

Imitation was a way of life when men still needed the heroic prototype. The monkey's manner is a way of life for monkeys, and for man as long as he is like a monkey. Human apishness has lasted a terribly long time, but the time will come when a piece of that apishness will tall away from men

That will be a time of salvation and the dove, and the eternafire, and redemption will descend

Then there will no longer be a hero, and no one who can unitate him. Because from that time henceforth all imitation is cursed. The new God laughts at imitation and discipleship. He needs no imitators and no popus. He forces men through himself. The God is his own follower in man. He imitates himself.

We think that there is singleness within us, and communality outside us. Outside of us is the communa, in relation to the external, white singleness refers to us. We are single if we are in ourselves but communal in relation to what is outside us. But if we are outside of ourselves, then we are single and selfish in the communal. Our self suffers privation if we are outside ourselves, and thus it satisfies its needs with communality. Consequently, communality is distorted into singleness. If we are in ourselves, we find the need of the self, we prosper, and through this we become aware of the needs of the communal and can furfit them."

If we set a God ourside of ourselves, he tears us toose from the self, since the God is more powerful than we are. Our self talls into privation. But if the God moves into the self, he snatches as from what is outside us. We arrive at singleness in ourselves. So the God becomes communal in reference to what is outside us but single in relation to us. No one has my God but my God has everyone, including myself. The Gods of all individual men always have all other men, including myself. So it is always only the one God despite his multiplicity. You arrive at him in yourself and only through your self seizing you. It seizes you in the advancement of your afe.

The hero must fall for the sake of our redemption, since he is the model and demands imitation. But the measure of imitation is fulfilled. We should become reconciled to solitude in ourselves and to the God ourside of us. If we enter into this solitude then the life of the God begins. If we are in ourselves, then the space around its is free, but filled by the God.

Our relations to men go through this empty space and also through the God. But earlier it went through seifishness since we were outside ourselves. Therefore the spirir foretold to me that the cold of outer space will spread across the earth.¹⁹ With this he showed me in an image that the God will step between men and drive every individual with the whop of icy cold to the warmth of his own monastic hearth. Because people were beside themselves going into raptures like madmen.

Selfish desire attimately desires itself. You find yourself in your desire, so do not say that desire is vain. If you desire yourself, you produce the divine son in your embrace with yourself. Your desire is the father of the God, your self is the mother of the God, but the son is the new God, your master

If you embrace your self, then it will appear to you as if the world has become cold and empty. The coming God moves into this emptiness.

If you are in your solutude, and all the space around you has become cold and anending, then you have moved far from men and at the same time you have come near to them as never before. Sethish desire only apparently ted you to men, but in reality it led you away from them and in the end to yourself, which to you and to others was the most remote. But now, if you are in solutude your God leads you to the God of others, and through that to the true neighbor, to the neighbor of the self in others.

If you are in yourself, you become aware of your incapacity. You will see how intle capable you are of imitating the heroes and of being a hero yourself. So you will also no longer force others to become heroes. Like you, they suffer from incapacity. Incapacity, too, wants to ave, but it will overthrow your Gods [BF v (r)]/

10). V(t)/V(V)

Mysterium. Encounter

[H1 v(v)] Cab. ix

On the night when I considered the essence of the God, I became aware of an image I say in a dark depth. An old man stood before me. He looked like one of the old prophets." A black serpent lay at his feet. Some distance away I saw a house with columns. A beautiful maiden steps out of the door. She walks uncertainly and I see that she is blind. The old man waves to me and I follow him to the house at the foor of the sheer wall of rock. The serpent creeps behind as Darkness reigns inside the house. We are in a high hall with glittering walls. A bright stone the color of water nes in the background. As I look into its reflection, the images of Eve, the tree, and the serpent appear to me. After this I catch sight of Odysseus and his journey on the high seas. Suddenly a door opens on the right onto a garden ful of bright sunstance. We step outside and the old man says to me. "Do you know where you are?"

I "I am a stranger here and everything seems strange to me anxious as in a dream. Who are you?"

E "I am Elijah": and this is my daughter Salome ""

I "The daughter of Herod the blood, hirsty woman?"

to The importance of wholeness above perfection is an important there in Jung's later work. Of Also, 1951 CW 9, 2 §123, Mysterian Continuious 1955/16. CW 14, §616

19 In 1910 Jung wrote. "Man has one ability which, though it is of the greatest acility for collective purposes, as the most perturbious for antividuation, and that as invhation Collective psychology can latedly dipense with imitation" ("The sensettire of the unconscious. CW 1, §405., In "On the psychology of the child archetype" (1940) Jung wrote above the datage of the dentifying with the hero. "Thus identify is often very extremely stubborn and dangerous for the equilibrium of the soul. If the identity can be dissolved, the figure of the bero, through the reduction of consciousness to a human level, can gradually be differentialled into a symbol or the self" (1 × 9. §403) to long dealt with the issue or the conthing pervious individuation and collectivity (3, W B).

153 Of Jung's comments in "Individuation and collectivity" that "The individual triust new consolidate himself by cutting lumiselt off from God and becoming wholly humselt. Thereby and in the same time he also separates humself from society. Ourwardly he plunges into solicude, but inwardly into Hell, distance from God" (CW 18, \$1104)

rs4 Thus is no interprecation of the misider of Siegfried in Liber Primus, ch. 7. Misrder of the Hero."

rs) This refers to the dream mentioned in the prologue p 14 is6 to Block Book 2 Tung noted: "with a gray beant and wearing an Oriental robe" (p. 131)

rsy Elijah was one of the prophers of the Old Testament. He first appears in Kings of hearing a message from God to Ahab, the king of Israel. In 1953, the Carmelite Pere Bruno wrote to lung asking how one established the existence of an archetype [lung replied by taking Elijah as an example describing him as a highly mydical personage which did not prevent him from probably being a historical figure. Drawing together descriptions of him throughout history [lung described him as a "living archetype" who represented the collective unconscious and the self. He noted that such a constellated archetype gave rise to new forms of assimilation, and represented a compensation on the part of the unconscious (CW 18, §§, 718-31).

158 Salome was the daughter of Herodias and the sep-daughter of King Herod. In Matchew 4 and Mark 6. John the Baptist had totd King Herod that it was unlowful for him to be married to his brother's wife and Herodiay. In min prison Salome, who is no named but simply called the daughter of Herodiay, danced before Herodian his birthday, and he promised to give her anything showished for She requested the head of John the Baptist, who was then beheaded. In the rate nineteenth and early twentieth centuries, the figure of Salome taxcinated painters and writers, including Guillaume Apullinaire. Gustave Flaubert Sréphane Mallarme, Gustave Moreau.

Oncor Milde and Franz von Stude featuring in many works. See Brain Dijkstra Bolt of Perventry. Fantades of Fembles Evil in Pio-de-Sitele Culture (New York, Ordood University Press, 1986) pp 379-98.

- F. "Why do you judge so? You see that she is build. She is my daughter, the daughter of the propher."
 - I. "What mirade has anited you?"
- E. "It is no miracle, it was so from the beginning. My wisdom and my daughter are one."

I am shocked, I am incapable of grasping it

- E. "Consider this her blindness and my sight have made us companions through eternity."
 - I Trongive my astomishment, am I truly in the underworld?"
 - S. "Do you love me?"
- I "How can I love you? How do you come to this question? I see only one thing, you are balome, a tiger, your hands are stained with the blood of the holy one. How should I love you?"
 - S. "You will love me."
 - 1 "I? Love you? Who gives you the right to such thoughts?"
 - S "I tove you"
 - I "Leave me be, I dread you, you beast"
- S: "You do me wrong, Elijah is my father, and he knows the deepest mysteries. The walls of his house are made of precious stones. His wells hold healing water and his eyes see the things of the future. And what wouldn't you give for a single took into the infinite unfolding of what is to come? Are these not worth a sin for you?"
- I. "Your temptation is devivish. I long to be back in the upperworld. It is dreadful here. How oppressive and heavy is the air!"
 - E "What do you want? The choice is yours"
- I "But I do not belong to the dead. I live in the light of day. Why should I torment myself here with Salome? Do I not have enough of my own life to deal with?"
 - E. "You heard what Salome said."
- I. "I cannot behave that you, the prophet, can recognize her as a daughter and a companion. Is she not engendered from hernous seed? Was she not vain greed and crimina. rust?"
 - E "But she loved a hoty man."
 - I "And shamefully shed his precious blood."
- E: "She loved the prophet who announced the new God to the world. She loved him, do you understand that? For she is my daughter."
- I "Do you think that because she is your daughter, she loved the prophet in John, the father?"
 - E "By her love shall you know her"

this is the way. It is the gate to durkness" (p. 700).

- I "But how did she love him? Do you can that love?"
- E "What else was 10?"
- I "I am horrified. Who wouldn't be hornfied if Saiome loved him?"
- E "Are you cowardly" Consider this. I and my daughter have been one state eternity."
- I "You pose dreadth riddles. How could it be that this unboly woman and you, the prophet of your God, could be one?"
 - E "Why are you amazed? But you see it, we are together"
- I "What my eyes see is exactly what I cannot grasp. You, Espah, who are a prophet, the mouth of God, and she, a bloodthirsty horror. You are the symbol of the most extreme contradiction."
 - E "We are real and not symbols"

I see how the brack serpent writhes up the tree, and hides in the branches. Everything becomes gloomy and doubtiti. Enjahrises, I follow and we go silently back through the hall. Doubt tears me apart. It is all so unreal and yet a part of my longing remains behind. Will I come again? Salome loves me. do I love her? I hear wild music, a tambourine, a sultry moonint night, the bloody-staring head of the holy onether fear seizes me. I rush our I am surrounded by the dark night. It is pitch black all around me. Who murdered the hero? Is this why Salome loves me? Do I nove her, and did I therefore murder the hero? She is one with the prophet, one with John, but also one with me? Woe, was she the hand of the God? I do not love her, I fear her. Then the spirit of the depths spoke to me and said: "Therein you acknowledge her divine power." Must I love Salome?"

[2] **This play that I witnessed is my play, not your play It is my secret, not yours. You cannot imitate me. My secret remains virginal and my mysteries are inviolable, they belong to me and cannot belong to you. You have your own.**

He who enters into his own must grope through what was at hand, he must tense his way from stone to stone. He must embrace the worthless and the worthy with the same sove. A mountain is nothing, and a grain of sand holds hingdoms, or also nothing. Judgment must fall from you, even taste, but above all pride, even when it is based on merit. Leterly poor miserable, unknowingly humiliated, go on through the gate. Turn your anger against yourself, since only you stop yourself from tooking and from living. The mystery play is soft like air and thin smoke, and you are raw matter that is disturbingly heavy. But set your hope, which it your highest good and highest ability, lead the way

199 Black Book 2 continues: "The crystal shines durily, a think again of the image of Odysseus, how he passed the rocky titand of the Sirene on his lengthy odyssey. Should should not?" p. 74).

to foreward from the Greeking Reflections of 86). The Dreft and Conserved Dreft have "This my briend us a mystery play to which the sport of the depths rate me. I had no grown through the foreward to conserve and burnefine the approximation of the depths allowed and to participate in the underworld decembrates, which were supposed to be untified into the registeries of redemption" (Cornected Dreft, p. 86). The Dreft continues on the removes works you an layer on interpression under you make you and of the depths has other things to teach you than the I only have to bring you tidings of the new God and of the determinant and mysteries of his service. But

to be beed of John the Baptist
to be 100 per personal tong or morest over the same terminant of the ferror that the time terminal temper. The best time I should say a reached a depth of
atom on themspected the first time I should say a reached a depth of
atom on themspected for find outcome and up recting association as if once there is the best of the person of the hereafter could see
two people at old man with a white began are a many growth was a smooth than to be a many and in who firsts and was puth atom to be the and Salome bad been together since overnian in personal was a many of the first and of the first and salome bad been together since overnian in personal was a many of the first and the and Salome bad been together since overnian in personal was expected by doubtful about 5 doubte. We had a long observatation but 7 did not understand
to Of course a thought of the fact of my tather being a dergy time as being the expectatingly doubtful about 5 doubte. We had a long observation but 7 did not understand
to Of course a thought of the fact of my tather being a dergy time as being the expectation of my having figures like this. How about this old man then? Salome was
not to be touched upon 10 was only much after that 1 found her association with Chigh quite astocial. Whenever you take prumply like this you find a young girl with
an old man." (Analysiss Psychology, pp. 63: 64) Jung then refers to examples of this pattern in the work of Melville. Meyoride. Ruder Haggard, and the Guestic legend of
times the instance is a frequency and Klingson from Wagner a Partial (see below, a 30). and Printedeed Colorana's Hymratemetike, in Memories the native was an understand
to have the native is a frequency of the refer to be not the resonance of their affinition. In the other processes of the native was an understand
to prophe a still processes the factor of intelligence and knowledge. So when the count over such should be precessed the factor of intelligence and knowledge So when the count over such should be prev

The scene of the mystery play is a deep place like the crater of a volcano. My deep interior is a volcano, that pushes out the fierymotten mass of the anformed and the undifferentiated. Thus my interior gives birth to the children of chaos, of the primordial mother. He who enters the crater also becomes chaotic matter. he melts. The formed in him dissolves and binds itself new with the children of chaos, the powers of darkness, the ruling and the seducing, the compelling and the alluring, the divine and the devilish. These powers stretch beyond my certainties and aimits on all sides and connect me with all forms and with all distant beings and things, through which inner tidings of their being and their character develop in me-

Because I have fallen into the source of chaos, into the primordial beginning, I myself become smelted anew in the connection with the primordal beginning, which at the same time is what his been and what is becoming, At first I come to the primordia. beginning in myself. But because I am a part of the matter and formation of the world, I also come into the primordial beginning of the world in the first place. I have certainly participated in life. as iomeone formed and determined, but only through my formed and determined consciousness and through this in a formed and determined piece of the whole world, but not in the anformed and undetermined aspects of the world that likewise are given to me. Yet it is given only to my depthi, not to my surface, which is a formed and determined consciousness.

The powers of my depths are predetermination and picasure 14. Predetermination or forethinkingth as Prometheus,¹⁰⁰ who, without determined thoughts, brings the chaotic to form** and definition. who digs the channels and holds the object before pleasure. Forethinking also comes before thought. But pleasure is the force that desires and destroys forms without form and definition. It loves the form in resulf that it takes bold of, and destroys the forms. that it does not take. The forethinker is a seen but pleasure is blind. It does not foresee, but desires what it touches. Forethinking is not powerful in itself and therefore does not move. But pleasure is power and therefore it moves. Forethinking needs pleasure to be able to come to form. Pleasure needs forethinking to come to form, which it requires ** If pleasure lacked forming, pleasure would dissolve in manifoldness and become apuntered and powerless through anending division, lost to the anending. If a form does not contain and compress picasure within itself, it cannot reach the higher since it always flows like water from above to below All pleasure, when left alone, flows into the deep space. Pleasure is not older than forethinking, and forethinking is not older than pleasure. Both are equally old and in nature intimately one. Only in man does the separate existence of both principles become apparent

Apart from Enjah and Salome I found the serpent as a thirdprinciple 70 It is a stranger to both principles although it is associated with both. The serpent taught me the unconditional difference in essence between the two principles in me. If I look across from forethinking to pleasure, I first see the deterrent poisonous serpent. If I feet from pleasure across to forethinking, akewise I feel first the cold crues serpent ? The serpent is the earthly essence of man of which he is not conscious. Its character changes according to peoples and lands, since it is the mystery that flows to him from the nourishing earth-mother."

The earthly (numen loci) separates forethinking and pleasure at man, but not in itself. The serpent has the weight of the earth in itself but elso its changeability and germination from which everything that becomes emerges. It is always the serpent that causes man to become enalayed now to one, now to the other principle. so that it becomes error. One cannot the with forethinking alone or with pleasure alone. You need both, But you cannot be in forethinking and in piecesize at the same time, you must take turns being in forethinking and pleasure, obeying the prevailing law, unfaithful to the other so to speak. But men prefer one or the other. Some love thinking and entablish the art of life on it. They practice their thinking and their circumspection, so they lose their pleasure. Therefore they are old and have a sharp face. The others love pleasure, they practice their feeling and living. Thus they forget thinking. Therefore they are young and build. Those who think base the world on thought those who feet on feeting. You find truth and error in both.

The way of life worthes also the scrpent from right to left and from left to right from thinking to pleasure and from pleasure to thinking. Thus the serpent is an adversary and a symbol of entitive, but also a wife bridge that connects right and left through ronging, much needed by our life **

The prace where Elijah and Salome rive together is a dark space and a bright one. The dark space is the space of fore. thinking It is dark, so he who lives there requires vision? This space is limited, so forethinking does not lead into the extended distance but into the depth of the past and the future. The crystal is the formed thought that reflects what is to come in what has gone before

Eve / and the serpent show me that my next step leads to pleasure and from there again on sengthy wanderings like sea and ends in the deathly utiliness of dispersal into unending. Odysseus. He went astray when he played his trick at Troy, is The

for $\lambda(x)/\lambda(x)$

^{164.} The Draft continues. "The mystery play took place at the deepest bouron of my inverter, which is that other world. You have to bear this in mand, it is also a world and fairs integrated greening to enable programmed in the approximation of bread or and some higher districts the month of month of an integral of the enable of the formatting the month of the contact of the programmed of the first terms of the contact of the formatting the first terms of the contact of the first terms of the first te here. But you have not tearned anything about your respectively in your way is darker than before anothery example will stand obstructively in your to ear burn and a bia tournar disease ed ing it mis depicts the atene in the factory. 166 Thus is a subjective interpretation of the figures of Elijah and Salome

in the line in "Predetermination or forethought" is replaced by "The Idea. This submittation occurs shroughout the rest of this section in the had no estate in which the season related temporal of the hand wild be to the light of the general magnetic state of the control of the contr is 100 to tall and the total test.

e all salmace tere i terho overhidze apprisahea we as Livjah i he prigihe i zoa pleasaze as salome i proces he are in many Ton and may of details fairly of which has be written facility and

The life of information of seal hand a second and experience of providing of the revision between a between so the presence of indicate has a second a serpent so the presence of indicate has a second a serpent of the second as serpent as the control of the second as serpent as the control of the second as series and the second as the control of the second as series and the second as the control of the second as the second asecond as the second as the second as the second as the second as where of material in the saneons the Above and Below - the tempers is again nasm in an least selection of the dead were ias the function of the animal it leads to less the depths.

By the same we will be the all the same as as no follow the two principles made the about the lighteness the morela of which are part in the

to his service are or see to be through the wide or the end of the plant or the service train adds. There would have been no advanced by warming the contract train adds. There would have been no advanced by warming the contract train adds.

bright garden is the space of pleasure. He who lives there needs no vision;" he feels the unending " A thinker who descends into his forethinking finds his next step leading into the garden of Salome. Therefore the thinker fears his forethought, although he lives on the foundation of forethinking. The visible surface. is safer than the underground. Thinking protects against the way of error and therefore it leads to petrification.

A thinker should fear Salome, since she wants his head especially if he is a holy man. A thinker cannot be a holy person otherwise he loses his head. It does not help to hide oneself in thought. There the solidification overtakes you. You must turn back to motherly forethought to obtain renewal. But forethought leads to Salome

"Because I was a thinker and caught right of the hostile. principle of pleasure from forethinking, it appeared to me as Salome. If I had been one who felt, and had groped my way toward forethinking, then it would have appeared to me as a serpent-encoiled daimon, if I had actually seen it. But I would have been blind. Therefore I would have felt only suppery, dead. dangerous, anegedly overcome, unsipid, and mawkish things and I would have pulled back with the same shudder I felt in turning from Salome

The thinker's passions are bad, therefore he has no pleasure. The thoughts of one who feels to are bad, therefore he has no thoughts. He who prefers to think than to feel. to leaves his feeling[®] to rot in darkness. It does not grow ripe but in molds: ness produces sick tendrils that do not reach the light. He who profess to feel than to think leaves his thinking in darkness, where it spins its nets in gloomy places, desolate webs in which mosquitos and ghazs become enmeshed. The thinker feels the disgust of feeling, since the feeling in him is mainly disgusting. The one who feels thinks the disgust of thinking, since the thinking in him is mainly disgusting. So the serpent ner between the thinker and the one who feets. They are each other's poulon and hearing.

In the garden it had to become apparent to me that I loved Salome. This recognition struck me, since I had not thought it. What a thinker does not think he believes does not exist, and what one who feels does not feel he believes does not exist. You begin to have a presentiment of the whole when you embrace your opposite paraciple, since the whole belongs to both principles. which grow from one root "

Einah said: "You should recognize her through her love!" Not only do you venerate the object, but the object also sanctifies you. Salome loved the prophet, and this sanctified her. The prophet loved God, and this sanctified him. But Salome did not love God and this profuned her. But the propher did not love Smome, and this profuned him. And thus they were each other sposson and death. May the thinking person accept his pleasure. and the feeling person accept his own thought. Such leads one along the way¹⁴

Instruction

HIV of

Cap. x

On the following night, to I was led to a second image. I amstanding in the rocky depth that seems to me die a crater Before me I see the house with columns. I see Salome walking along the length of the wall toward the left touching the wall like a blind. person. The serpent follows her. The old man stands at the door. and waves to me. Hesitantly I draw closer. He calls Salome back. She is like someone suffering. I cannot detect any sacrilege in hernature. Her hands are white and her face has a gentic expression. The serpent has before them. I stand before them clumsily like a scupid boy, overwhelmed by ancertainty and ambiguity. The oldman eyes me searchingly and says. "What do you want here?"

I "Forgive me, it is not obtrusiveness or arrogance that leads me here. I am here perchance, not knowing what I want. A songing that stayed behind in your house yesterday has brought me here-You see prophet, I am tired, my head it as heavy as lead. I am iost in my ignorance. I have toyed with myself enough. I played. hypocritical games with myself and they all would have disgusted. me, were it not clever to perform what others expect from as inthe world of men. It seems to me as if I were more real tiere. And yet I do not ake being here."

Wordlendy Elijah and Salome step inside the house I follow them rejuctantly. A feeting of guilt toements me. Is it bad conscience? I would like to turn back but I cannot I stand before the play. of fire in the shiring crystal. I see in splendor the mother of Godwith the child. Peter stands in front of her in admiration: -then Peter alone with the key-the Pope with a triple crown-a Buddha sitting rigidly in a circle of fire—a many-armed bloody. Goddessth it is Salome desperately wringing her handsth—it takes hold of me, she is my own soul, and now I see Finah in the image of the stone

Enjah and Salome stand amiling before me-

1 "These visions are full of forment, and the meaning of these images is dark to me. Elijah; piease shed some light."

Elijah turns away silently, and leads the way toward the left Salome enters a cotonnade to the right. Elijah leads me into an even darker room. A burning red jamp hangs from the ceiling, I sit down exhausted. Emah stands before me leaning on a marbie. ion in the middle of the room

E "Are you anxious? Your ignorance is to blame for your bad. conscience. Not knowing is guilt, but you believe that it is the

127 The Commune Draft continues: "Than much rather the pleasure to enjoy the garden" (p. 92 The comparable formula to the points to expect the great of the logorithm and materials had at ideal. Near house therefore experience are a perhaps over few of the ideal because of the proximity to panelise? (p. 92).

199 The Draft continues: "I was a forethinker. What could associate the other than the inclinate community of forethinking and pleasure these trained principles?" (p. 93).

180 The Corrected Draft has instead: "One who has pleasure" (p. 94).

181 The Corrected Draft has instead: "Pleasure" (p. 9

182 The Corrected Draft has instead: "Pleasure" (p. 9

183 The Corrected Draft has instead: "Pleasure" (p. 9 has and has dially where we have The process of the paper of the paper of the paper of the process of the process of the paper of tecking tyranulcal power Introverts unconsciously sought inferior plusture and had to see that the object was also a symbol of their pleasure. On August 7, 1915, be wrote to Schmid: The appealus should be exented out in the Inderidant hunteriff (The two Schmid Correspondence eds. John Beebe and Ernst Falsedon to Ernst Falsedon with Tony

Will in The term or a real or a real or to hap servered in the control or a real such that there is a more of the second force in Expensional who have been been used to the regions of man. It such a more in between the contemporaries into a more state, of making the region of a more in disc the rembers of confer or thing papers with the dispersionage of the more assume in the Zuras Paulis and other li per in correr elly Black Book 2 continues "now that white shape of a gir with black have—my own soul—and now that white shape of a man, which also appeared to me at the time it resembles Michelangelo's sitting Moses—it is Elijah (p 64) Michelangelo's bloses is in the Church of Sun Pietro in Vintoli in Rome It was the subject of a study

urge toward forbidden knowledge that causes your feeling of guilt. Why do you think you are here?"

- I "I don't know I sank into this place when unknowingly I tried resisting the not-known. So here I am, astorished and confused, an ignorant fool I experience strange things in your house things that frighten me and whose meaning is dark to me."
 - F "If it were not your izw to be here, how would you be here?"
 - 1 *1 m afflicted by fatai weakness, my father *
 - F. "You are evasive. You cannot extricate yourself from your law.
- I "How can I extricate myse-f from what is unknown to me which I cannot reach with either feeling or presentments"
- E "You are lying. Do you not know that you yourself recognized what it means if Salome loves you?"
- I "You are right A doubtful and uncertain thought arose in me But I have forgotten it again."
- E "You have not forgotten it. It burned deep inside you. Are you cowardly? Or can you not differentiate this thought from your own self, enough so that you wished to claim it for yourself?"
- I "The thought went too far for me, and I shun far fetched ideas. They are dangerous, since I am a man, and you know how much men are accustomed to seeing thoughts as their very own, so that they eventually confuse them with themselves."
- E: "Will you therefore confuse yourself with a tree or animal, because you look at them and because you exist with them ut one and the same world? Must you be your thoughts, because you are in the world of your thoughts? But your thoughts are just as much outside your self as trees and animals are outside your body."
- I "I understand. My thought world was for me more word than world. I thought of my thought world it is I."
- E "Do you say to your human world and every being outside of you you are I?"
- I "I stepped into your house, my father with the fear of a schoolboy But you taught me salurary wisdom!! I can also consider my thoughts as being outside my self. That helps me to return to that terrible conclusion that my tongue is reluctant to express I thought that Salome loves me because I resemble John or you. This thought seemed unbelievable to me. That's why I rejected it and thought that she loves me because I am really quite opposite to you, that she loves her badness in my badness. This thought was devastating."

Flijah is silent. Heaviness uses on the Then Salome steps in, comes over to me and tays her arm around my shoulder. She takes me for her father in whose chair I sat. I dare neither move nor speak.

- \$: "I know that you are not my father. You are his son, and I am your sister."
- I "You, Salome, my sister? Was this the terrible attraction that emanated from you, that unnamable horror of you, of your touch? Who was our mother?"

- N "Mary"
- I "Is it a hellish dream? Mary, our mother? What madness lurks in your words? The mother of our Savior our mother? When I crossed your threshold today, I foresaw calamity. Alas! It has come Are you out of your senses, Salome? Elijah, protector of the drvine taw, speak is this a devilish spell cast by the rejected? How can she say such a thing? Or are both of you out of your senses? You are symbols and Mary is a symbol. I am simply too confused to see through you now."
- E. "You may call us symbols for the same reason that you can also call your fellow men symbols, if you wish to. But we are just as real as your fellow men. You invalidate nothing and solve nothing by calling us symbols."
- I "You plunge me into a terrible confusion. Do you wish to be real?"
- E. "We are certainty what you call real. Here we are and you have to accept us. The choice is yours."

I am silent. Salome has removed herself. Uncertainty I look around Betund me a high golden red flame burns on a council after. The serpent has encorded the flame. Its eyes glitter with golden reflections. Swaying I turn to the exit. As I step out into the hall, I see a powerful from going before me. Outside, it is a wide cold starry night.

[2] **It is no small matter to acknowledge one's yearning. For this many need to make a particular effort at honesty. All too many do not want to know where their yearning is, because it would seem to them impossible or too distressing. And yet yearning is the way of life. If you do not acknowledge your yearning, then you do not follow yourself but go on foreign ways that others have indicated to you. So you do not live your life but an alien one. But who should live your life if you do not are it? It is not only stupid to exchange your own life for an alien one, but also a hypocritical game, because you can never really live the life of others, you can only pretend to do it deceiving the other and yourself since you can only live your own life.

If you give ap your self you live it in others; thereby you become selfish to others, and thus you deceive others. Everyone thus believes that such a life is possible It is, however only apish imitation. Through giving in to your apish appetite, you infect others, because the ape stimulates the apish. So you turn your self and others into apes. Through reciprocal imitation you live according to the average expectation. The image of the hero was set up for all in every age through the appetite for imitation. Therefore the hero was mardered, since we have all been aping him. Do you know why you cannot abandon apishness? For fear of ioned less and defeat

To live oneself means: to be one's own task. Never say that it is a pleasure to live oneself. It will be no joy but a long suffering, since you must become your own creator. If you want to create

by Freud that was published to 1914. The Smodern Edictor of the Longitus Procedure of Signature Frence of Japanes Stratcher on offshorestical with Anna Freud assumed by Alix Straicher and Alian Tyson, et J. Straicher, 24 vols [London, The Hogarch Poess and the Institute of Psychological 1963, 1974], vol. (3) The third-person pronoun in scientific Salome with Kals whose many bands wring each other of note: 40 p. 200

iBB lung mentioned the conversation in the 19.4 seminal and commented. This ment learned psychological diportions. Solv here would now to a potent Be quies something a happening. There are such things as mire in a house. You rannot say you are wrong when you have a throught her the uniterstanding of the son making we

must see our thoughts as events as phenomena. Analytica: Psychology p. 05) e89. The lorected lighthan insmald. Trust (p. 10)

The executed right has a randing Ruffermun to the longificand content alregity passage occurs. What follows here is a paraphrate I wonder whether this is real an underworld of the other reality, and whether it was the other reality data backed me here, the here that Saloms, my pleasure, moves to the left the side of the impure and bad. This trievence is follows the sexpent, which represents the resistance and the entirity against this movement. Pleasure goes away from the door Forethinking of method dread throughout this passage) stands at the door knowing the entrance to the misteries. It has desired that desire the desire it toward its goal. If one meets a man who only desires, then one will fund resistance against his desire belond it. Desire without forethinking goins much but keeps nothing, therefore his desire is the source of constant disappointment. Thus Elijah calls Salome back. If pleasure is united with forethinking, the seepen lies before them. To succeed in something, you have need to deal with the resistance and difficulty, otherwise joy starts betained guan and disappointment. Therefore I drew nearer I had first to overcome the difficulty and the resistance to guan what a desired. When desire overcomes the difficulty it becomes seeing and tollows forethinking. Therefore I see that Salome's hands are pure with no trace of crime. My desire is part if first overcome the difficulty stand resistance. If I weigh up pleasure and forethinking, I am like a fool, blindy tollowing his tonging. If tollow my thinking, I foreske my pleasure. The answert made in images that the fool hinds the light way forethinking has the first word, herefore E light asked me what what you long for to yourself. Thus you satisfy your pleasure and nourish your forethinking at the same time? (Correctal Digit, pp. 103-4).

yourself, then you do not begin with the best and the highest but with the worst and the deepest. Therefore say that you are rejuctant to live yourself. The flowing together of the stream of life is not joy but pain, since it is power against power, guilt, and aharters the sanctified.

The image of the mother of God with the child that I foresee indicates to me the mystery of the transformation. If forethinking and pleasure unite in me, a third arises from them, the divine son, who is the supreme meaning, the symbol, the passing over into a new creation. I do not myself become the supreme meaning or the symbol, but the symbol becomes in me such that it has its substance, and I mine. Thus I stand like Peter in worship before the miracle of the transformation and the becoming real of the God in me

Authough I am not the son of the God myself, I represent turn nevertheless as one who was a mother to the God, and one therefore to whom in the name of the God the freedom of the binding and loosing has been given. The binding and loosing take place in me in But insofar as it takes place in me, and I am a part of the world it also takes place through me in the world and no one can hinder it. It doesn't take place according to the way of my will but in the way of unavoidable effect. I am not master over you, but the being of the God in me. I lock the past with one key, with the other I open the future. This takes place through my transformation. The miracle of transformation commands. I am its servant just at the Pope is

You see how incredible it was to believe such of oneself. It applies not to me, but to the symbol. The symbol becomes my lord and unfailing commander. It wil, fortify its reign and change itself into a starry and ridding image, whose meaning turns completely inward, and whose pleasure radiates outward like blazing fire. It is Buddha in the flames. It Because I sink into my symbol to such an extent, the symbol changes me from my one into my other, and that cruel Goddess of my interior my womanly pleasure, my own other the termented termenter that which is to be termented. I have interpreted these images, as best I can, with poor words

¹⁹In the moment of your bewilderment, follow your forethinking and not your blind desire, since forethinking leads you to the difficulties that should always come first. They come nevertheless If you look for a light you tall first into an even deeper darkness. In this darkness you find a light with a weak reddish flame that gives only a low brightness, but it is enough for you to see your neighbor. It is exhausting to reach this goal that seems to be no goal. And so it is good: I am paralyzed and therefore ready to accept. My forethinking rests on the lion, my power. 101

heid to the sanctified form, and didn't want to allow the chaos to break through its dams. I believed in the order of the world and hated everything disorganized and unformed. Therefore above al. I had to realize that my own law had brought me to this place. As the God developed in me. I thought he was a part of my self. I thought that my "I" included him and therefore I took him for my thought. But I also considered that my thoughts were parts of my "I". Thus I entered into my shoughts, and into the thinking about the God, in that I took him / for a part of my self.

for vi(r)/vii

On account of my thoughts, I had left myself, therefore melf became hungry and made God into a selfish thought. If I leave myself, my hunger will drive me to find my self in my object that is, in my thought. Therefore you love reasonable and orderly thoughts, since you could not endure it if your self was in disordered that is, unsuitable thoughts. Through your selfish wish, you pushed out of your thoughts everything that you do not consider ordered that is, unfitting. You create order according to what you know you do not know the thoughts of chaos, and yet they exist. My thoughts are not my self and my I does not embrace the thought Your thought has this meaning and that not just one but many meanings. No one knows how many.

My thoughts are not my self but exactly like the things of the world, alive and dead. In Just as I am not damaged through aving in a partly chaotic world, so too I am not damaged if I live in my partly chaotic thought world. Thoughts are natural events that you do not possess, and whose meaning you only imperfectly recognize. Thoughts grow in me like a forest, populated by many different animals. But man is domineering in his thinking, and therefore he kills the pleasure of the forest and that of the wild animals. Man is violent in his desire and he timeelf becomes a forest and a forest animal. Just as I have freedom in the world, I also have freedom in my thoughts Freedom is conditional.

19) The Corrected Draft has: "in his outer appearance, so the nusery of earthly reality" (p. 107) 193. The Carrettee Draft has instead: the son of God" p. 1073 a feet 6 m. A men and management health becomes heaven and what keep enhaltening in a children health becomes the end of the men of the his tent are some his the obers made and a his deals node pleasure has do Therefore an accordance on sopology the deals of the accordance of the solid or and the solid or accordance to the solid or accordance to the solid or accordance to the solid or the solid or accordance to the solid or the soli began by the state of the arm of the manner of the arm of the transmitted into the original to the set that the manner of the arm of of the ar he e a paraph see it which to see The numbers of the advantage needed to an intermetion. The eight this me meaning it is that of the Buddha, went completely usade. Then the transformation happened—then went over to pleasure as I was a thinker. As a thinker. I rejected my feeling, but had rejected part of life. Then my feeling become a poisonous plant and when it waskened, it was sensuality instead of pleasure, the towest and commonest turns of pleasure. This is represented by Kala Salome is the ireage of his pleasure, that suffers pain, since it was shot out for too long. If then became apparent that Salome we my pleasure, was my soul. When I recognized this my chinking changed and ascended to the idea, and then the ireage of Elijah appeared. This prepared one for the environ play, and showed me in advance the way of transformation that I had to undergo in the Mysteriam. The Bowing together of the torethinking with pleasure produces the God. I recognized that the God in me wanted to become a man, and considered this and honored this, and I became the servant of the God, but for irler F to place any prostupe of support to your end of wonder of transformation, and first turned into the lower level of my pleasure and then through this recognized my soul. The smiles of Elijah and Salome indicate that they were happy or my appearance, but I was in deep darkness. When the way is dark, so is the idea that gives light. When the idea in the moment of confusion allows the words and not the blind longing, then the words lead you to difficulty. Whereas it leads you to the right. That is why Elijah terms left to the side of the unbody and u --- Saloene turns right to the side of the correct and good. She doesn't go to the garden, the place of pleasure, but ternains in the house of the father. (pp. 125-27) 198 In the Drift, a passage occurs, a paraphrase of which follows: If I am scrong, so also are my intentions and presuppositions. My own rhought weakens and goes over state the idea. The idea becomes strong; it is supported by its own intengets. I recognize this in the fact that Elijah is supported by the isons. The ison is of stone. My former and the many of the state of the stat $\frac{\partial - \partial p}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial p}{\partial x}$ ne de a rate disas inventas in ritts the elect go exists in salte light. Her ide then at sop its as eater things Psychological Types, CW 6, §280 the first of a second have to consider severely seed. It would be more than the manners of thought that this produces the houghts of the Mysterium" (Corrected Oraft, p. 15)

To certain things of the world I must say you should not be thus, but you should be different. Yet first I look carefully at their nature otherwise I cannot change it. I proceed in the same way with certain thoughts. You change those things of the world that, not being useful in themselves, endanger your welfare. Proceed likewise with your thoughts. Nothing is complete, and much is in dispute. The way of life is transformation, not exclusion. Well-being is a better judge than the law.

Salome embraced me and I thus became a prophet, since I had found pleasure in the primordial beginning, in the forest and in the wild animals. It stands too close to reason for me to set myself on a par with my visions, and for me to take pleasure in seeing, I am in danger of believing that I myself am significant since I see the significant. This will always drive us crazy, and we transform the vision into footishness and monkey business, since we cannot desist from anitation.

Just as my thinking is the son of forethinking, so is my pleasure the daughter of love, of the innocent and conceiving mother of God. Aside from Christ Mary gave birth to Salome Therefore Christ in the gospei of the Egyptians says to Salome "Eat every herb but do not eat the bitter." And when Salome wanted to know. Christ spoke to her "If you crush the covering of shame, and when the two become one, and the male with the female, neither male not female."

Forethinking is the procreative love is the receptive ** Both are beyond this world. Here are understanding and pleasure we only suspect the other. It would be madness to claim that they are in this world. So much that is riddling and cumning coils around this light. I won the power back again from the depths, and it went before mellike a lion.**

Resolution

Н м к]∞ Сар. хі

the mysteries seized me. The struggle between doubt and desire was great in me. But suddenly I saw that I stood before a steep ridge in a wasteland. It is a dazzing bright day. I catch sight of the

prophet high above me. His hand makes an averting movement, and I abandon my decision to climb up. I wait below, gazing apward. I look to the right it is dark night, to the left it is bright day. The rock separates day and night. On the dark side des a big brack serpent, on the bright side a white serpent. They thrust their heads toward each other, eager for battle. Elijah stands on the heights above them. The serpents pounce on one another and a terrible wrestling ensues. The black serpent seems to be stronger the white serpent draws back. Great billiows of dust rise from the place of struggle. But then I see, the black serpent pulls itself back again. The front part of its body has become white. Both serpents curl about themselves, one in light, the other in darkness."

Fhjah. "What did you see?"

I "I saw the fight of two formidable serpents. It seemed to me as if the black would overcome the white serpent, but behold, the black one withdrew and its head and the top part of its body had turned white"

E "Do you understand that?"

I "I have thought it over, but I cannot understand it. Should it mean that the power of the good light will become so great that even the darkness that resists it will be illumined by it?"

Elijah climbs before me into the heights, to a very high summit I follow. On the peak we come to some masorry made of huge blocks. It is a round embankment on the summit ** Inside lies a large courtyard, and there is a mighty boulder in the middle like an altar. The prophet stands on this stone and says. "This is the temple of the sun. This place is a vessel, that collects the light of the sun."

Elijah cumbs down from the stone his form becomes smaller in descending, and finally becomes dwarflike unlike lumerif

Lask "Who are you?"

"I am Mime " and I will show you the wellsprings. The collected light becomes water and flows in many springs from the summit into the valleys of the earth." He then dives down into a crevice. I follow but down into a dark cave. I hear the ripping of a spring. I hear the voice of the dwarf from below. "Here are my wells, whoever drinks from them becomes wise."

But I cannot reach down I lose courage I leave the cave and, doubting, pare back and forth in the square of the yard Everything appears to me strange and incomprehensible. It is solitary and deathly silent here. The air is clear and cool as on the remotest heights, a wonderful flood of sunlight all around, the

soft The Dreft contributes "I recognized the father because I was a thinker, and thus I did not know the mother, but saw love in the guise of pleasure and called it pleasure and beyond the way ploon my Now ten not Mary or in moster. The mount of one of oring and not pleasure who bear the wed or examine and seductive nature. If Salome, evil pleasure, is my sixter, then I must be a thinking suint and my intellect has mot with a sad face. I guest storiffice my intellect and contess to you that what a told you about pleasure manely that it is the principle opposed to forethought, is incomplete and prejudiced, I observed as a thinker from the varitage point of my thinker bearing otherwise. Good have exceptioned that Salome as Elijah's daughter, is an offspring of thought and not the principle itself, which

Many the innocent Virgin Mother, now appetut at [9 183]

and The gospel of the Egyptians as one of the apocraphal groupels that features a dislogue between Christ and Salome. Christ states that he has come to undo the work of the female, trainely last, birth, and decay. To Salome's question of how long shall death prevail, Christ asswered, as long as women bear children. Here Jung is referring to the following passage "the said, Then I have done well in not giving builth imagining that it is not permitted to bear children: the Lord answered, "Eat of every herb, but the bitter one eat not." The dialogue continues "When Saloms asked when it shall be made known the Lord and. When you creat under four the covering of shame and when out of two is made one and the male with the female months; made not found; "The Apic speal New Teassess, ed. [, K. Elliot [Oxford: Oxford Juiversity Press, 1999], p. 18). Jung cites thus logion, available to him from Clement as the Stronger's as an example of the union of opposites in their values and example of the consumption of the consumence of male and ternale in. The prochology of the hill an herepy.

140 CW 9 \$205 and objection.

203 The right and americal Profit have "but when the mosters play showed my thin, didn, understand to. I thinglit, and produced an incredible thought. Lam mod we believe this should be inved in Therefore I was seized by feat, and. Wasterf to explain my subit cary thoughts to Elijah and Salome, and their investigate them." (Corrected Areas p. 2

top cold cannot peak the stars down to myself but only watch them. Therefore my eye to the infinity of the inner world, which I as a desirous man feed a still top cold cannot peak the stars down to myself but only watch them. Therefore my suspenses down to be work to mightly and the light as 1.

205 This depicts a scene in the fantasy that follows are Depember 45, 1915.

acor in the 1935 serminar. Jung said: A few evenings rater, a felt that things should continue so again a tricd to follow the same procedure but it would not descend it remained on the surface. Then realized that a had a conflict in myself about going down, but it could not realize our what it was. I only telt that two dark principles were tighting each other two serpents' (Analytics) Psychology p. 94). He then recounted the faintally that onlyided along added hough on him a Triando sacree place. Analytical Psychology p. 96).

200 in Wagner's Ries of the Nibrings, the Nibr one dwar. Manne is he metales in Albertan and a master. "Estatan Albertan stole the Rhinegold from the Rhinemaidens:

209 In Wagner's Ring of hit Nibrhag, the Nibr ang dwar. Mame is he newton in Albertch and a master of tentant. Albertch stole the Rhinogold from the Rhinomaldens: through remounting towe he was sole to drope a ring set of the tentant of the north and a master of angless. Mame who have no a soft remogning angle is of had he will fairner the giant who has cransformed into a dragon and now has the ring pregized ways hadner word by a more than Mone has fashioned and solls. Mune, who had intended to kill hum after he had recovered the gold.

great wall surrounds me. A serpent crawls over the stone. It is the scrpent of the prophet. How did it come out of the underworld into the world above? I follow it and see how it crawls into the wall. I feel world all over a little house stands there with a portico, minuscule snuggling against the rock. The serpents become infinitely small. I feel as (f I too am shrinking. The walls enlarge into a huge mountain and I see that I am below on the foundation of the cratter in the underworld, and I stand before the house of the prophet. The steps out of the door of his house

I "I notice. Elijah, that you have shown me and let me experience all sorts of strange things and allowed me to come before you today. But I confess that it is all dark to me. Your world appears to me today in a new light. Just now it was as if I were separated by a starry distance from your place, which I still wanted to reach today. But behold at seems to be one and the same place."

E "You wanted to come here far too much I did not deceive you, you deceived yourself. He sees badfy who wants to see, you have overreached yourself."

I "It is true, I eagerly longed to reach you, to hear more Salome startled me and ied me into bewiiderment. I felt dizzy because what she said seemed to me to be monstrous and "ke madness. Where is Salome"

E. "How impetations you are. What is up with you? Step over to the crystal and prepare yourself in its light."

A wreath of fire shines around the stone I am seized with fear at what I see The coarse peasant's boot? The foot of a giant that crushes an entire city? I see the cross, the remova of the cross, the mourning. How agonizing this sight is! No longer do I yearn. I see the divine child, with the white serpent in his right hand, and the black serpent in his right hand. I see the green mountain, the cross of Christ on it, and a stream of blood flowing from the summit of the mountain. I can look no longer, it is unbearable. I see the cross and Christ on it in his last hour and torment—at the foot of the cross the black serpent coils itself—it has wound itself around my feet. I am held

27 The Corrected Droft has "lives" (p. 227).

tast and I spread my arms wide. Salome draws near. The serpent has wound itself around my whole body, and my countenance is that of a non.

Salome says, "Mary was the mother of Christ, do you understand?"

I "I see that a terrible and incomprehensible power forces me to imitate the Lord in his final torment. But how can I presume to call Mary my mother?"

S: "You are Christ."

I stand with outstretched arms like someone crucified, my body raut and hornbly entwined by the serpent "You, Salome say that I am Christ?"

It is as if I stood alone on a high mountain with stiff outstretched arms. The serpent squeezes my body in its terrible coils and the brood streams from my body, spilling down the mountainside. Salome bends down to my feet and wraps her black hair round them. She also thus for a long time. Then she cries, "I see aight!" Truly, she sees, her eyes are open. The serpent falls from my body and ties languidly on the ground. I stride over it and kneel at the feet of the prophet whose form shares like a flame.

E "Your work is fulfitted here. Other things will come. Seek unturingly, and above all write exactly what you see."

Salome looks in rapture at the light that streams from the prophet Estah transforms into a huge flame of white light. The serpent wraps itself around her foot, as if paralyzed. Salome kneels before the light in wonderstruck devotion. Team fall from my eyes, and I hurry out into the night, like one who has no part in the glory of the mystery. My feet do not touch the ground of this earth, and it is as if I were melting into air "

[2] "My longing" led me up to the overbright day, whose light is the opposite to the dark space of forethinking." The opposite principle is, as I think I understand it heavenly love the mother. The darkness that autrounds forethinking appears to be due to the fact that it is invisible in the interior and takes place in the depths. "But the brightness of love seems to come from the fact that love is visible life and action. My pleasure was with fore thinking and had its merry garden there surrounded by darkness.

⁻ In the 1925 reminar, Jung interpreted this episode as follows "the fight of the two stakes: the white means a movement into the day, the black rate the langdom of Tall on the disapper his make as off the make a split to \$1. Open to be make as been as four evaluation of the make the - 11 with 18 4 4 K to be the series of the series The state of the s en en en en en en en en en Promotion of the state of the s and the second of the second o The firm at the first of the second of the graphs of the second of the first of the second of the se have a men many a common have graphe to many twent to the distance has an her the transfer of the transfer o Na particular to the second se The sign of the si "I diprocached the transaction of the state and the grant of the property of the state o The state of the s with in the figures of Simon Mague

13 The Corrected Draft has "Guiding Ro"

14 The Corrected Draft has "Guiding Ro"

15 The Corrected Draft has "Guiding Ro"

16 The Traft has "Guiding Ro"

17 The Traft has "Guiding Ro"

18 The Traft has "Guiding Ro"

19 The Traft has "Guiding Ro"

19 The Traft has "Guiding Ro"

19 The Traft has "Guiding Ro"

10 The Traft has "Guiding Ro"

11 The Traft has "Guiding Ro"

12 The Traft has "Guiding Ro"

13 The Grant has "Guiding Ro"

14 The Traft has "Guiding Ro"

15 The Traft has "Guiding Ro"

16 The Traft has "Guiding Ro"

17 The Traft has "Guiding Ro"

18 The Traft has "Guiding Ro"

19 The Traft has "Guiding Ro"

19 The Traft has "Guiding Ro"

10 The Traft has "Guiding R to be so be no be because p 44 23. he arrested a rafe has a consequent out as althogo its angle (p. 127).

and right. I climbed down to my pleasure, but ascended to my love I see Elijah high above me, this indicates that forethinking stands nearer to love than I, a man, do Before I arcend to love. a condition must be fulfilled, which represents itself as the fight. between two serpents. Left is day, right is night. The realm of love is light, the realm of forethinking is dark. Both principles have separated themselves strictly, and are even hostile to one another and have taken on the form of serpents. This form indicates the datmonic nature of both principles. I recognize in this struggle a repetition of that vision where I saw the struggle between the sunand the black serpent. "

At that time, the loving light was annihilated, and blood began. to pour out. Thu was the great war. But the spirit of the depths 22 wants this struggle to be understood as a conflict in every man's own nature in Since after the death of the hero our urge to live could no longer amitate anything, it therefore went into the depths. of every man and excited the terrible conflict between the powers of the deptha.24 Forethinking is singleness, love is togetherness. Both need one another, and yet they kill one another. Since mendo not know that the conflict occurs inside themselves, they go mad, / and one says the blame on the other. If one-half of mankind is at faule then every man is half at fault. But he does not see the conflict in his own soil, which is however the source of the outer. director. If you are aggrevated against your brother, think that you are aggravated against the brother in you, that ii, against what in you is similar to your brother

As a man you are part of mankind and therefore you have a share in the whole of mankind, as if you were the whole of mankind. If you overpower and full your fellow man who is contrary to you then you also kill that person in yourself and have murdered a part of your life. The spirit of this dead manfollows you and does not let your life become joyfut. You need your wholeness to live onward

If I myself endorse the pure principle. I step to one ride and become onesided. Therefore my forethinking in the principle¹⁰ of the heaverly mother becomes an ugly dwarf who lives in a dark cave like an anborn in the womb. You do not follow him, even if he says to you that you could drink wisdom from his source But forethinking appears to you there as dwarfish cleverness, false and of the night, just as the heavenly mother appears to me down there as Salome. That which is tacking in the pure principle appears as the serpent. The hero strives after the atmost in the pure principle, and therefore he finally fails for the

serpent. If you go to thinking,224 take your heart with you. If you go to love take your head with you. Love is empty without thinking, thinking hollow without love. The serpent airks behind the pure principle. Therefore I lost courage, until I found the surpent that at once ied me across to the other principle. In climbing down I become smaller

Great is he who is in love, since love is the present act of the great creator, the present moment of the becoming and lapsing of the world. Mighty is he who loves. But whoever distances himself from love, feets himself powerful

In your forethinking you recognize the author of your current being as a smallest point between the infinity of what has passed and of what is to come. The thinker is small, he feels great if he distances himself from thanking. But if we speak about appearances, it is the other way around. To whoever is in love, form is a trifling. But his field of vision ends with the form given to him To whoever is in thinking, form is unsurpassable and the height of Heaven. But at night he sees the diversity of the immunerable worlds and their never ending cycles. Whoever is in love is a full and overflowing vessel, and awaits the giving. Whoever is in forethinking is deep and honow and awaits fulfillment.

Love and forethinking are in one and the same place. Love cannot be without forethinking, and forethinking cannot be without love. Man is always too much at one or the other. This comes with human nature. Animais and plants seem to have enough in every way, only man staggers between too much and too little. He wavers, he is ancertain how much he must give here and how much there. His knowledge and ability is insufficient, and yet he must still do it himself. Man doesn't only grow from within himself for he is also creative is from within himself. The God becomes revealed in him 26 Human nature is artle (killed in davinary, and therefore man fluctuates between too much and too little

The spirit of this time has condemned as to haste. You have no more futurity and no more past if you serve the spirit of this time. We need the life of eternity. We bear the future and the past in the depths. The future is old and the past is young. You serve the spirit of this time, and believe that you are able to escape the spirit of the depths. But the depths do not heaitate any longer. and w.L force you into the mysteries of Christ 22 It belongs to this mystery that man is not redeemed through the hero, but becomes a Christ himself. The antecedent example of the sunts. symbolically teaches us this

for vi(v)/vii(r).

art T.e. en alt 5, "Descent mus Hell in the Funire.

²¹⁹ The Corrected Dright has "the sports" (p. 127) 230 The Draft continues: "Therefore they all say that they are fighting for the good and for peace but one approximate over the good. But since men then know that the conflict lies within themselves, the Cermans thus believe that the English and the Royalandary wrong by the legisland. In this constant has the Germans are wrong. But no one can judge buscory in terms of right and wrong. Because one-half of mankind is wrong, every man is half wrong the 🔗 🔗 🙃 in the

Germans are wrong. But no one can judge bactory in terms of right and wrong, Because one-half of mankind is wrong every man is half wrong the first at order to a configuration of the second half and the Rissian has in him the German whom he high a But man appears to see the outer quartel, not this one within, which about is the wallepting of the great war. But before man can ascend to light and tove, the great battle is needed fig. 146).

In wolldom, and the product is no recognized accent in ig write. The provincings at processes which accompany the present was above all the not easily or other products. It put is no not to instantial standomy, he have edented out in the truction, the monstroughted food of lies, and man's indepentity to call a half or the bloody demonstrate and like nothing also no powerfully push in them in the event of the hange ment the problem of the restlessly alumbering chaotic contestions and the holds are some of the easily of the major distinguished to the problem of the restlessly alumbering chaotic contestions and the notice which are not accounted to the restlessly alumbering the individual performs the nature of the restlessly alumbering chaotic contestions and the nature of the restlessly alumbering chaotic contestions and the nature of the chance of the nature of the nature of the nature of the chance of the nature of the nature of the nature of the chance of the nature of the nature of the nature of the chance of the nature of the nature of the nature of the chance of the nature of the nature of the chance of the nature of the nature of the nature of the chance of the nature of the nature of the nature of the chance of the nature of the nature of the chance of the nature of the nature of the nature of the nature of the chance of the nature of the nature of the nature of the chance of the nature of the nature of the nature of the nature of the chance of the nature of t is be browning in the change in the partner of the nation to the partner of the p

The or ear on has he propher the personalization or the idea (p. The oriented materials idea (p. 1).

²¹⁴ The Corrected Draft has "Idea" submittated throughout this paragraph (p. 731) 215 The Corrected Draft odds "conscious" and detects "From within himself" (p. 434)

as The area and the name of name institute institute constitute constitute power becomes (in hum) reperson (a personal consciousness) from the (unconscious) collective (pp. 335-44 The methans arroved in have But who you ask does from thinking the idea appears while the guide it asked to proport and from the placetic in the guide of the hisman assume at the notions to no longer than the same who have an in the appropriate one area to implicate once to up the import and just now through my initiation into the mysteries of the spirit cents, thresholds an orient discapt all the ancientness lacked by those thinking in the spiror of this time, but to readopt it into morning himself in make milling whole here have been in part in a present of the province of the part into the manufacture and the part into the part into

and greedy, since he is merely the present and he toroed me to him there are thoughtern. In his morning, pp. 44. 45.

1.25 The Dright and Corrected Dright have "Just as the old-prophets [amoients] stood before the Mysterium of Christ, I also stand at yet before the julie) Mysterium of Christ, mosts as massume the data although the rest boursed years after him [later and at one time believed I was a Christian. But a had never been a Christian (p. 36)

Whoever wants to see will see badly. It was my will that deceived me It was my will that provoked the huge uproar among the daimons. Should I therefore not want anything? I have, and I have fulfilled my will as well as I could and thus I fed everything in me that strived. In the end I found that I wanted myself in everything, but without looking for myself. Therefore I no longer wanted to seek myself ourside of myself but within. Then I wanted to grasp myself, and then I wanted to go on again, without knowing what I wanted, and thus I fell into the mystery

Should I therefore not want anything anymore? You wanted this war. That is good. If you had not, then the evil of this war would be small *** But with your wanting you make the evil great. If you do not succeed in producing the greatest evil out of this war, you will never learn the violent deed and learn to overcome fighting what lies outside you. *** Therefore it is good if you want this greatest evil with your whole heart **! You are Christians and run after heroes, and wait for redeemers who should take the agony on themselves for you, and totally space you Golgotha. With that you's pile up a mountain of Calvary over at Europe If you succeed in making a terrible evil out of this war and throw minimerable victims into this abyss, this is good, since it makes each of you ready to sacrifice himself. For as I, you draw close to the accomplishment of Christ's mystery.

You aready feel the fut of the fron one on your back. This is the beginning of the way. If blood, fire and the cry of distress fill this world, then you will recognize yourself in your acts. Drink your fix of the bloody structures of the war, feast upon the tilling and destruction, then your eyes will open, you will see that you yourselves are the bearers of such fruit in You are on the way if you will all this. Willing creates blindness, and buildness leads to the way. Should we will error? You should not, but you do will that error which you take for the best truth, as men have always done.

The symbol of the crystal signifies the unatterable law of events that comes of itself. In this seed you grasp what is to come. I saw something terrible and incomprehensible. (It was on the night of Christmas day of the year 1913.) I saw the peasant's boot, the sign of the horrors of the peasant war to of murdering incendiantes and of bloody cruelty. I knew to interpret this sign for myself as nothing but the fact that something bloody and dreadful lay before as I saw the foot of a giant that crushed a whose city. How could I interpret this sign otherwise? I saw that the way to self-sacrifice began here. They will all become terribly enraptured by these tremendous experiences, and in their

bondness with want to understand them as outer events. It is an inner happening, that is the way to the perfection of the mystery of Christi²⁶ so that the peoples learn self-sacrifice

May the frightfulness become so great that it can turn men's eyes inward so that their will no longer seeks the self in others but in themselves, if I saw it, I know that this is the way. I saw the death of Christ and I saw his lament: I felt the agony of his dying, of the great dying. I saw a new God, a chad, who subdued darmons in his hand in The God holds the separate principles in his power, he drives them. The God develops through the amon of the principles in me. He is their amon.

If you was one of these principles, so you are in one, but far from your being other. If you will both principles, one and the other, then you excite the conflict between the principles, since you cannot want both at the same time. From this arises the need, the God appears mut, he takes your conflicting will in his hand, in the hand of a child whose will is simple and beyond conflict. You cannot tearn this, it can only develop in you. You cannot will thus, it takes the will from your hand and wills itself. Will yourself, that leads to the way."

But fundamentally you are terrified of yourself, and therefore you prefer to run to all others rather than to yourself. I saw the mountain of the sacrifice, and the blood poured in streams from its sides. When I saw how pride and power satisfied men, how beauty beamed from the eyes of women when the great was broke out. I knew that mankind was on the way to self-eachfice.

The spirit of the depths¹⁸ has seized mankind and forces seif-excrifice upon it. Do not seek the guilt here or there. The spirit of the depths clutched the fate of man unto itself, as it clutched mine. He leads mankind through the river of blood to the mystery. In the mystery man himself becomes the two principles, the lion and the serpent

Because I also want my being other, I must become a Christ I am made into Christ, I must suffer it. Thus the redeeming blood flows. Through the self-sacrifice my pleasure is changed and goes above into its higher principle. Love is sighted, but pleasure is blind. Both principles are one in the symbol of the flame. The principles strip themselves of human form.**

The mystery showed me in images what I should afterward two I did not possess any of those boons that the mystery showed me, for I still had to earn all of them **

finis part prim (End of part one)

229 In Ties Spain Zenebaure, Nicresche wrose: "To codeem the past and to transform every "It was into an "I wanted it third"—that alone do I call redeemption!" ("Of Where the surface is a surface of the surface of th 4 R of the sew or sent of second for measurement tends to be determined to be used belowing of hims graph as the second of the measurement by the formal of the second of e transference where a grant for the second of the properties and the second terms where the second terms are the second terms and the second terms are the making from techniques in up to a ben welle er also ill lewe also be in the larger than ses else els albasan er with mean the all deletes the other in to more and the action of the source of In also in his livin unwand state, also precepts, however, many about he price, as a level of creeman in a lateau age mig beer hingethe property of the second property of the property of the second pr dl se w Page 1 ा के भाषा । अपन्य жийся кольшом честью прозигания устаную в A her have not now as many the party of the color of the color of the color of the perty of the color of the are not be one made believe but appropriate before the and of the operations of what is a some be chelled but decided for decided and some first become generally that we be contagrated as market were and the less of the executive of the bushood. You overcome istemant through setting him aside obeying his special or the special control of the transfer of the transfer of the special or the special become yourself, at one who seeks himself and no longer unitates heroes. You tree yourself, when you free yourself from the old God and his model. When you have

become the model, then you no mage; need his. In ther the God held love and foreshinking in the form of the serpent in his hands in was shown to me that he had seized, the buttern wild. "Goo unified the opposition between love and the steel and holds of in his hands."I Love and forethinking existed from eternity but they were not walled Ellervone always will: the sparit of this time which thinks and desires. He was wills the spirit of the depths, wills save and for ethinking. It you will both. you become how it you do that the hod it born and sears possession of the will of men and holds has will in hit fulfill hand. The sport of the depths appears in you su thoroughly children. If you don't want the spins of the depths, he as to you a torrisent. Willing reads to the way work and forethinking are in the world of the beyond, so long as you do not will them and you willing use perween them like the terpent. keeps them separate. If you will both, the stronge breaks out in you between willing love and willing foresholding ["recognition"]. You will see that you can't will both at the same time. In this need the God will be both, as you have experienced an the Mysterium, and he will also the divides will an his hands in the lands of a close, whose will a sample and beyond being split. What is the divine chiedish willing?
You can lead in through description, it can only decrease in you. Not, all you will in the latter of empathize in fruit what it say the unbelieveble how-seen can falsify themselves and lie to themselves wer this be a warroung. What I say is my investors and not yours, my way and not yours, since my well belongs to one and not to your should not desen my way but your own. My way leads to me and not to

219 The "sirecree Druft has The great spice" (p. 146)

440 A long passage appears here in the intrecess. Tright a paraphrase of which follows. As you new how pride and power filled mediand how beauty streamed out of the eves of watern when the war gripped the geople you know that morehold was on the way You know that this war was not only adventure commissed and althing, but the division of sell sacratic. The great changed throughout sport of the depths has secret humanuts and forced him through the war is sell sacratic. Do not seek the guidi here or there. "Guidi doesn't lie outside — tilm the spice of the depth; who leads the people into the Mysterium just as he led nie. He leads the people to the live of blood, just as he led nie. Experienced in the Mysterium what the people were forced to do on security which happened outside on a large scale. It will be people were forced to do on security which happened outside on a large scale. nor know it but the Mysterium ouight the how my wilking and each at the teet of the coursbest and, expensences [wanted. Chest a self survice. The Mysterium of Chesis completed itselb in from of any eye: Mix forethinking The idea standing above me. Proced the to this but I resisted My nighter device my close my hereest. and strongest passion. If wanted to one up against the trivatedness will to solt sacrifice. So was like a fron encircled by the sespent. If an image of rate eternally renewing itsely. Swome came to me from the right, the rayonable side. Pleasure awakened in one experienced that my pleasure comes to me when I accomplish the self-sacrifice. hear that Massa, the symbol of love is also the limit morber of christ, since sove has also borne Christ. Love brings the self-servificer and self-servifice, wave is also the mother of my selb satisfice in that the ar and accept this expenience that become "brist since recognize that sove makes me into "brist Buill still doubt." since it is nearly impossible for the thinker to differentiate himself from his thought and actept that what happens in his thought is also something ourside of himself. It is outside him in the inner worse. Decome thrist to the Mysterium, rather uses how two made into thrist and yet am completely myself, so that i could still doubt when not pleasure told see that a was Christ. Success Mr. pleasure saw o me. "that arm thrist" because some which is higher disco pleasure which however as still it me hidden in pleasure had led me to self-sacritice and made the into-linus. Pleasure came new to me encircled me in rings and forced the to experience the cormedia of thrist and to spitaliny blood for the works. My willing, which earlier served the spiter of this time. Zealgeist, substitutes throughout, wein under to the sparing the depths, and just so it was previously determined by the spirit of the time, o is now determined by the spirit of the depths, by to exhibit a finding findes, substituted chroughout and pleasure it determined the chrough the willing it as: -actifice and it the spilling of blood, my line lessence. Math that it is no bud pleasure which tends me to set, vacrifice, its interiers is note which will be toes from pleasure change accuracy, here can wonder happened that my previously blind pleasure became agriced. My pleasure was bland, and it was sove. Since my scrongest willing willed self-sacrifice, my pleasure changed, it went into a higher principle, which in and is one with forethinking. Love is sighted, but pleasure is bland. Pleasure always wants what is closest, and leels chrough the multiplicity, going from one to another without a good just seeking also never fulfilled sucke wants what is furthest, the best also the fulfilling. And I saw something furthest namely that the corectarding in the following an old peoplest which showed that I was pre- bristian and classformed itself into a principle that no longer appeared in a human form but in the absolute focus of a pure white light. So the human relative maniformed reset who the downe absolute through the Minatesium of Child. Focethinking and pleasure abilied its rise to a new form and the willing in the which appeared foreign and dangerous, the willing of the spirit of the depths, lay paralyzed at the feet of the shirting flame became not with my will. This happened in me had now in the mystery play. Through this much wis made known that it didn't previously know "like in a play". But if found eventhing doubtful, I tell as if he was petring in the all source the islad of the Mysterium. This spills was still totalign to me. The Mysterium. showed the things where no terbare method had to be traibilled. But indicate from when how and when that mage of the agreed Salarae who knot in capture before the whole of mage feeling the contents to the ade of my will and to use through everything that more after. What comprised was the worldering with

import through whose suffering tent to each what arrows the size of the difference of had seen in the transfer of pp. 46-50.

The groupe of the suffering tent to each what arrows the first examples contributed the difference of had seen in the transfer of the transfer o In the QSS services long ends of search hat the animarism is werking our manager collection and governor loss as before the passessing to method not the material of the increase one. The in the light way of getting all most boundaries that the local hapter of the responsibility for the search boundaries from the control of method of most governor passes became involved to the uncorrection of most governor and governor the strong tree of the uncorrections forming. has he concept the plan such a rescale he was tree at my empirical material from my patient, but the solution of the problem I drew from the most commit absentation of the two currents the transcendent function. (Analytical Psychology p. 44)

Liber Secundus



The Images of the Erring

[HI I]" nolite andire verba prophetarum, qui prophetant volus et decipiant Vos vissonem cordis sus lequimitar non de ore Domini, audivi quae dixerant prophetae prophetantes in nomine meo mendacium, atque dicentes: somniav, somniass, usquequo istud est in corde prophetarum varicsnantium mendacium et prophetanteum seductionem cordis suit que volunt facere ut obliviscatur populus meus noments nice propier sonnid corum, quae narrant unasquisque ed proximum suum: sicus oblici sunt paires corum nominis met propter Basl. propheta, que habet somneum, narret somnium et qui habet sermonem meum. toquatur sermonem meson vere quid paleis ad triticum? dicit dominus

['Hearken not anto the words of the prophets that prophesy unto you: they make you vain: they speak a vision of their own heart, and not out of the mouth of the Lord." (Jeremiah 23: 16)]

[1] have heard what the prophets said, that prophesy lies in my name, saying, I have dreamed, I have dreamed. How long shall this be in the heart of the prophets that prophesy nes? Yea, they are prophers of the deceir of their own heart. Which think to cause my people to forget my name by their dreams which they tell every man to his neighbour, as their fathers have forgotten my name for Baa. The prophet that hath a dream iet him tell a dream, and he that hath my word, let him speak my word faithfully. What is the chaff to the wheat? saith the Lord" (Jeremiah 23: 25: 28)]. /

The Red One

Cap. -

HI 2] The door of the Mysterium has closed behind me. I feet that my will is paralyzed and that the spirit of the deptits possesses me I know nothing about a way. I can therefore neither went this not that, since nothing indicates to me whether I want this or that I wait, without knowing what I m waiting for But aiready in the following night I felt that I had reached a soud point 6

'I find that I am standing on the highest tower of a castle. The air tells me so. I am far back in time. My gaze wanders widely over solitary countryside, a combination of fields and forests. am wearing a green garment. A horn hangs from my shoulder 1. am the tower guard. I look out into the distance. I see a red point. out there. It comes nearer on a winding road, disappearing for a while in forests and teappearing again it is a horseman in a red coat, the red horseman. He is coming to my castle he is already riding through the gate. I hear steps on the sturway, the steps creak, he knocks a strange fear comes over me, there stands the Red One, his long shape wholly shrouded in red, even his hair is red. I think in the end he will turn out to be the deva-

The Red One "I greet you, man on the high tower I saw you from afar looking and waiting. Your waiting has called me

1 "Who are you?"

I R., "Who am I" You think I am the devil. Do not pass judgment. Perhaps you can also talk to me without knowing who I am. What sort of a superstitious fellow are you, that anmediately you think of the devil?"

I "If you have no supernatural ability, how could you feel that I stood waiting on my tower looking out for the unknown and the new? My tife in the castle is poor since I always sit here and no one climbs up to me."

T. R. "So what are you waiting for?"

I "I await all kinds of things, and especially I'm waiting for some. of the world's wealth, which we don't see here, to come to me "

I R. "So, I have come to absolutely the right place. I have wandered a long time through the world seeking those like you who sit upon a high tower on the lookout for things unseen."

I "You make me curious. You seem to be a rare breed. Your appearance is not ordinary and then too-forgive me- it seems to me that you bring with you a strange air, something worldly, something impudent, or exuberant, or-in fact-something pagan."

T. R. "You don't offend me, on the contrary, you hat your nail on the head. But I in no old pagan as you seem to think."

1 "I don't want to insist on that. You are also not pompous and Latin enough. You have nothing classical about you. You seem to be a son of our time, but as I must remark, a rather unusual one You're no real pagan, but the kind of pagan who runs alongside our Christian religion."

I R. You're truly a good diviner of riddles. You're doing better than many others who have totally mistaken me."

I "You sound cool and sneering. Have you never broken your heart over the houest mysteries of our Christian religion?"

F. R. "You're an unbelievably ponderous and serious person. Are you always so urgent?

I "I would before God always like to be as senous and true to myself as I try to be. However that certainly becomes difficult in your presence. You bring a certain gallows air with you, and you re bound to be from the black school of Salerno," where permicious arts are taught by pagans and the descendants of pagans."

T. R. "You're superstitious and too German. You take literally what the scriptures say, otherwise you could not judge me so hard."

/ I "A hard judgment is the last thing I would want. But my mose does not play tricks on me. You're evasive, and don't want to reveal yourself. What are you hiding?"

(The Red One seems to get redder his garments share like Ejóming itos

T.R. 1) hade nothing from you, you true-hearted soul. I simply amuse myself with your weighty semousness and your come veracity. This is so care in our time capecially in men who have understanding at their disposa."

1 "I believe you cannot fully understand me. You apparently compare me with those whom you know. But I must say to you for the sake of truth that I neither really belong to this time nor

The Handorfites Deaft has: "The Adventures of the Wandering" (p. 353).

In his cases on Pacasso in 1932, Jung described the paintings of soluzophrenics: meaning here only those in which a psychic disturbance would probably produce. schoold symptoms rather than prople who suffeced from his condition as follows. From a purely formal point of view the main characteristic is one of jugmentation. which expresses itself in the so-caffed inner of fracture, that is, a type of paychac history which has higher through the picture" (c. W. 15, \$4.08).

3. These passages in lastic fract the fails were closed by Jung in Psychological Paper 192. (from Lather's Bible) and introduced with the fails were closed by Jung in Psychological Paper 192.

In which Cheer presented the content of his unconscious to the world became accepted and was delated valid for all. Thereafter all individual focusies became orione and worthless, and were personned as heretical, as the face of the Grostic movement and of all tater heresies testifies. The propher perennal as speaking just in this year

when he waens' (CW 6, §8); 4 The Corrected Droft has "V The Great Wordering - The Red One" p. 157); 5 This depicts: Jung on the opening scene of this factory.

6 The previous paragroph was added in the Dright (p. 16+1).

December 26, (913.

B Salerno is a rown in southwest (raly, founded by the Romans, Jung may have been referring to the Academia Segreta, which was established at the 1540's and promoted sichemy.

T.R. "You say astounding things. Who are you then?"

. "That is arrelevant. I stand before you as that which I presently am. Why am I here and like this, I do not know But I do know that I must be here to justify myself according to my best knowledge. I know just as little who you are as you know who I am."

I R. "That sounds very strange Are you something of a saint?" Hardly a philosopher since you have no aptitude for scholarly sanguage. But a saint? Surely that. Your solemnity smells of fanaticism. You have an ethical air and a simplicity that smacks of state bread and water."

I. "I can say neither yes nor no, you speak as one trapped in the spirit of this time. It seems to me that you tack the terms of comparison."

I R. "Perhaps you attended the school of the pagans? You answer like a sophist? How can you then measure me with the yardstick of the Christian religion, if you are no saint?

I "It seems to me, though, that one can apply thus yardstick even if one is no saint. I believe I have learned that no one is allowed to avoid the mysteries of the Christian religion unpurished. I repeat, he whose heart has not been broken over the Lord Jesus. Christ drags a pagan around in himself, who holds him back from the best*

T. R. "Again this old tune? What for if you are not a Christian. samt? Are you not a damned sophist after all?"

, "You are ensuared in your own world. But you certainly seem to think that one can assess the worth of Christianity correctly without being a downinght saint."

T. R. "Are you a doctor of theology, who examines Christianity." from the outside and appreciates it historically, and therefore a sophist after all?"

I "You're stubborn. What I mean is that it's hardly a coincidence." that the whole world has become Christian. I also believe that it was the task of Western man to carry Christ in his heart and to grow with his suffering, death, and resurrection."

I R. "Well, there are also Jews who are good people and yet had no need for your solemn gospets "

I "You are, it seems to me, no good reader of people have you never noticed that the Jew himself lacks something one in his head, another in his heart, and he himself feels that he lacks something?"

 T. R., "Indeed I'm no Jew, but I must come to the Jew's defense you seem to be a Tew hater."

I "Well, now you speak ake all those Jews who accuse anyone of Jew hating who does not have a completely favorable rudgment. while they themselves make the bloodiest jokes about their own kind. Since the Jews only too clearly feet that particular tack and yet do not want to admit it, they are extremely sensitive to criticism Do you believe that Christianity lett no mark on the souls of men? And do you believe that one who has not experienced this most intimately can still partake of its fruit?"10

I R. "You argue your case well. But your solemnity?! You could make matters much easier for yourself. If you're no saint, I really don't see why you have to be so solemn. You wholly spoil the fun. What the devil is troubing you? Only Christianity with its mouraful escape from the world can make people / so ponderous and sullen."

1 "I think there are still other things that bespeak seriousness."

I R. "Oh, I know, you mean life I know this phrase. I too live and don't let my hair turn white over it. Life doesn't require any seriousness. On the contrary, it's better to dance through life ""

I "I know how to dance. Yes, would we could do it by dancing. Dancing goes with the mating season. I know that there are those who are always in heat, and those who also want to dance for their Gods. Some are ridiculous and others enact Antiquity, instead of honestly admitting their after incapacity for such expression."

I R. "Here my dear fellow, I doff my mask. Now I grow somewhat more serious, since this concerns my own province It's concervable that there is some third thing for which dancing would be the symbol."

The red of the rider transforms itself into a tender reddish flesh color And behold. Oh miracle "my green garments everywhere burst into leat

I "Perhaps too there is a joy before God that one can cal dancing. But I haven't yet found this joy. I look out for things that are yet to come. Things came, but joy was not among them."

T. R. "Don't you recognize me, brother, I am joyf"

I "Could you be joy? I see you as through a cloud. Your image fades. Let me take your hand, beloved, who are you, who are you?" lov? Was he joy?

[2] Surely this red one was the devil, but my devil. That is, he was my joy, the joy of the serious person, who keeps watch atone on the high tower-his red-colored, red-scented, warm bright red joy." Not the secret joy in his thoughts and in his looking, but that strange joy of the world that comes unsuspected like a warm southerly wind with swelling fragrant biossoms and the ease of aving. You know it from your poets, this senousness, when they expectantly 100k toward what happens in the depths, sought out first of all by the devii because of their springlike joy." It picks up men ake a wave and drives them forth. Whoever tastes this joy forgets himself.4 And there is nothing sweeter than forgetting oneself. And not a few have forgotten what they are. But even more have taken root so firmly that not even the rosy wave is able to uproot them. They are petrified and too heavy, while the others

I earnestly confronted my devil and behaved with him as with a real person. This I tearned in the Mysterium, to take seriously every unknown wanderer who personally inhabits the inner world. since they are real because they are effectual." It does not help that we say in the spirit of this time, there is no devil. There was one

⁹ The Sophilts were Greek philosophees in the fourth and lifth control of BCE, centered in Athens, and included ligares such at Protogoras, Gorgian and Happian They gave sectures and took on students for fees, and paid particular attention to teaching the touc. Plate a strack in a comber of dialogues gave rise to the modern negative immotation of the tendings and who plays with words

to Ten Drigh continues: "No one can flour the spiritual disvelopment of maint continued and cap what key have not sowed 4p - 72. in Nationally is The Spoke Zarathates. Zarathates administer the oven oming of the quest of gravity, and negot four Higher Men, the worst thing about you in none of you have tearned to date as a trust origin to date. To date, beyone vouselyes? Of the higher men in \$300, when he appears not be is the best that is positionate.

2 In a southeast is 1939, long, list its ed. In instance it requirement in the logue of in deen. He austral that When he appears not be is the best that is positionate.

nature and causes wantonness, bate or untitly tore" see Children's Dream: Note from the Seminar Often in 1996-1999 ods. Lorenz Jung and Maria Meyer-Grass, et. Error

Hazader and Tony Woolfson (Princeton: Princeton University Press, Philemon Series, 2008), p.174.

3 The Dright continues: "You have heard from Pausi about how commanding this kind of payus (p. 75). The reference is to levelin. Final 14 The Dright has "As you have known from Pausi, there are many who forget who they were because from it themselves be swept away. p. 75).

5 Jung deborated this point in 1928 while presenting the method of active imagination. "As against this the scientific credo of our time has developed a superstitious phobia. about nathary East the real is well in west work. The cartesins of the unconscious work. There can be no doubt about that. The Relation between the case that Universities, CW 7, \$353).

with me. This took place in me. I did with him what I could if could speak with him. A religious conveniation is inevitable with the devil since he demands it, if one does not want to surrender to him unconditionally. Because religion is precisely what the devil and I cannot agree about a must have it out with him, as I cannot expect that he as an independent personauty would accept my standpoint without further ado.

I would be fleeing if I did not try to come to an understanding with him. If ever you have the rare opportunity to speak with the devia then do not forget to confront him in all seriousness. He is your devil after all. The devil as the adversary is your own other. standpoint, he tempts you and sets a stone in your path where you scart Want if

Taking the devil seriously does not mean going over to his side, or else one becomes the devil. Rather it means coming to an anderstanding. Thereby you accept your other standpoint. With that the devil fundamentally loses ground, and so do you. And that may be well and good.

Although the devil very much abhors religion for its particular. solemnity and candor, it has become apparent, however, that it is precisely through religion that the devil can be brought to an understanding. What I said about dancing struck him because I spoke about something that belonged in his own domain. He fails to take seriously only what concerns others because that is the pocusiantry of all devils. In such a manner, I arrive at his seriousness. and with this we reach common / ground where understanding is possible. The devil is convinced that daming is neither list nor madness, but an expression of joy, which is something proper to neither one nor the other. In this I agree with the devil. Therefore he humanizes himself before my eyes. But I turn green like a tree in spring

Yet that joy is the devil, or that the devil is joy, has got to worry you. I pondered this for over a week, and I fear that it has not been enough. You dispute the fact that your joy is your devil-But it seems as if there is always something devilish about joy. If your joy is no devil for you, then possibly it is for your neighbors. since joy is the most supreme flowering and greening of life. This knocks you down, and you must grope for a new path, since the aght in that joyful fire has completely gone out for you. Or your yoy tears your neighbor away and throws hum off course, since afe is like a great fire that torches everything in its vicinity. But fire is the element of the devil

When I naw that the devil is joy, surely I would have wanted to make a pact with him. But you can make no pact with joy, because it immediately disappears. Therefore you cannot capture the devil either. Yes, it belongs to his eisence that he cannot be captured. He as stuped if he lets turnielf be caught, and you gain nothing from having yet one more stupid devil. The devil always seeks to saw off the branch on which you ait. That is useful and protects you from falling saleep and from the vices that go along with it

The devil is an evil element. But yoy? If you run after it you see that joy also has evil in it since then you arrive at pleasure and from pleasure go straight to Hell, your own particular Hell, which turns out differently for everyone 16

me courage. But if the devil has gotten more earnest, one must brace oneself." It is always a risky thing to accept joy, but it leads us to afe and its disappointment from which the wholeness of our life becomes.4

The Castle in the Forest

[HI 5] "In the second night thereafter, I am walking alone in a dark forest and I notice that I have lost my way." I am on a dark cart track and stumble through the darkness. I finally come to quiet, dark swamp water and a small old castle stands at its center. I think it would be good to ask here for the night's lodgings. I knock on the door, I want a long time at begins to rain. I have to knock again. Now I hear someone coming the door opens. A man in an old fashioned garment a servint, asks what I want I ask about lodgings for the night, and he lets me enter a dark vestibute. Then he leads me up an old, worm-out stauway. At the top I come to a wider and higher half-like space with white walls, aned with brack chests and wardrobes

I am led into a kind of reception room. It is a sumple space with old upholstered furniture. The dim light of an entiquated lamp lights the room only very meagerly. The servant knocks on a side door and then quietly opens it I scan it swiftly it's a scholar s study, with bookshelves on all four walls and a large writing desk, at which an old man sitti wearing a long black robe. He beckons use to draw closer. The air in the room is heavy and the old man seems careworn. He is not without dignity—he seems to be one of those who have as much dignity as one can be granted. He has that modest-fearful took of schotarly men who have long tince been squashed to nothing by the abundance of knowledge. I think that he is a real / scholar who has learned great modesty before the immensity of knowledge and has given himself tirelessly to the material of science and research, amonusly and equably appraising, as if he personally had to represent the working out of scientific truth

He greets me embarrassed as if absent and defensive. I do not wonder about this since I look like an ordinary person. Only with difficulty can be turn his gaze away from his work. I repeat my request for lodgings for the night. After a longer pause the old man remarks. "So, you want to steep, then piease yourself." I notice that he is absentmended, and therefore ask him to instruct the servant to show me a chamber. To this he says, "You are demanding, wait I cannot just drop everything!" He sinks again into his book. I wait patiently. After a while he looks up astonished: "What do you want here? Oh- forgive me- I totally forgot that you are waiting here I'll call the servant straightaway." The servant comes and leads me to a small chamber on the same floor with bare white walls and a arge bed. He wishes me good night and withdraws.

As I am tired, I undress immediately and go to bed, after I have snuffed out the candle. The sheet is uncommonly rough and the pillow hard. My errant way has led me to a strange place, a small old castle whose scholarly owner is apparently spending the Through my coming to terms with the devil, he accepted evening of his life atone with his books. No one else seems to be nome of my acronuneas, and I accepted some of his joy. This gave tiving in the house apart from the servant who lives over there

¹⁶ The Angli continues: "Every screenive person knows their Hell, but not all know their devil. There are not only paytul devils, but also sad ones." (p. 178)

The Drift continues "On a later obventure I discovered how retinumess milts the devil. While retinumene curtainly makes him more dangerous for you, it do≮th't agree

with him, believe me" pp 18
16 The art in times. With the newly gather with him adversary without appearing where the way would need in much have known however, but he devel always tempes us first disough women. While I ought have had elever thoughts as a thinker, it was not so in life. There I was even fatuous and prejudiced. And #0 quite ready to be caught in a first cosp* (p. 199).

¹⁹ The Hardwritten Droft has "Second Adventure" (p. 383).

e like 4

²¹ Danne's Inform begins with the poet perting fort in a dark wood. There is a tilp of paper in lung's copy by this page

in the tower. An ideal though solitary existence. I think, this life of the old man with his books. And here my thoughts linger for a long time, antil I finally notice that another thought doesn't let go of me namely that the old man has hidden his beautiful. daughter here--a vulgar idea for a novel--an insipid, worn-outtheme—but the romantic can be fett in every ambinaries novelistic idea—a castle in a forest—solitary night—an old man petrified in his books, protecting a costly treasure and enviously hiding it from all the world- what redictions thoughts come to me. Is it Hell or purgatory that I must also contrive such childish dreams. on my wanderings? But I feel impotent to elevate my thoughts to something a bit stronger or more beautiful. I suppose I must allow these thoughts to come. What good would it do to push them away- they will come again- better to swallow this stale drink than keep it in the mouth. So what does this boring become look ike? Surely blonde pase-blue eyes-hoping longingly that every jost wanderer is her jaylor from the paternal prison. Oh. I know this backneyed nonsense-I'd rather sleep: why the devil must I plague myself with such empty fantasies?

Sleep does not come. I toss and turn -sleep still does not come must I finally harbor this ansaved sout in myself? And is it this that will not let me sleep? Have I such a novelistic sout? That's all I needed this would be agonizingly indiculous Does this bitterest of all drinks never end? It must already be midnight and still sleep does not come. What in the wide world, then, won't let me sleep? Is it something to do with this chamber? Is the bed bewitthed? It's terrible, what sleeplessness can drive a man to- even the most absurd and superstitious theories It seems to be cool, I'm freezing perhaps that's what keeps me from steeping-it's really ancarmy here- Heaven knows what goes on here: weren't those steps just now? No, that must have been ourside— I toil over firmly closing my eyes, I simply must sleep. Wasn't that the door just now? My God, someone is standing there! Am I seeing straights—a slim girl, paie as death, standing at the door? For Heaven's sake, what is this? She's coming nearer!

"Have you come at last?" she asks quietly. Impossible—this is a cruel mistake—the nove, wants to become teal does it want to grow into some silly ghost story? To what nonsense am I damned? Is it my soul that harbors such novelistic brilliance? Must this too, happen to me? I am truly in Hell—the worst awakening after death, to be resurrected in a sending (brary! Have I held the men of my time and their taste in such contempt that I must live in Hell and write out the novels that I have already spat on long ago? Does the sower half of average human taste also claim holiness and invitanceability, so that we might not say any bad word / about it without having to atone for the sin in Heil?

She says, "Oh, so you too think me common? Do you too let yourself be deluded by the wretched delusion that I belong in a novel? You as well, whom I hoped had thrown off appearances and striven after the essence of things?"

["Forgive me, but are you real? It's the sornest akeness to those foolishly threadbare scenes in novels for me to assume that you are not simply some unfortunate product of my sleepless brain. Is my doubt then truly confirmed by a situation that conforms so thoroughly with a sentimental romance?"

She "You wretch how can you doubt that I am reat?"

She falls to her knees at the foot of my bed, sobbing and holding her face in her hands. My God, in the end is she really real, and do I do her an injustice? My pity awakens.

I "But for Heaven's sake tell me one thing; in all earnestness must I assume that you are real?"

She weeps and does not answer

I "Who are you, then?"

She "I am the old man's daughter. He holds me here in unbearable captivity, not out of envy or hate, but out of love, since I am his only child and the image of my mother who died young,"

I scratch my head: is this not some hellish banatity? Word for word, pulp fiction from the lending library! Oh you Gods, where have you led me? It's enough to make one laugh, it's enough to make one weep: to be a beautiful sufferer a tragic shattered person is difficult but to become an ape, you beautiful and great ones? To you the banat and eternally indiculous, the unutterably backneyed and emptsed out, is never set like a gift of Heaven in aplifted praying hands.

But still she lies there, crying—yet what if she were real? Then she would be worth feeling sorry for every man would have compassion for her. If she is a decent girl, what must it have cost her to enter into the room of a strange man. And to overcome her shame in this way?

I "My dear child. I believe you despite everything, that you are real. What can I do for you?"

She "Finally, finally a word from a human mouth!"

She gets up, her face beaming. She is beautiful. A deep purity rests in her rook. She has a beautiful and unworldly soul, one that wants to come into the afe of reality, to all reality worthy of pity, to the bath of fifth and the well of health. Oh this beauty of the soul! To see it climb down into the underworld of reality—what a spectacle!

She "What can you do for me? You have already done much for me. You spoke the redeeming word when you no longer placed the banal between you and me. Know then: I was bewitched by the bana."

1 "Woe is me, you now become very fairy-tale-take"

She: "Be reasonable dear friend, and do not stumble now over the fabilious, since the fairly tale is the great mother of the novel and has even more universal validity than the most avidly read novel of your time. And you know that what has been on everyone's tips for millennia, though repeated endlessly at licomes nearest the ultimate human truth. So do not let the fabilious come between as."

I "You are clever and do not seem to have inherited the wisdom of your father. But tell me, what do you think of the divinity, of the so-called attimate truths? I found it very strange to seek them in banality. According to their nature, they must be quite uncommon. Think only of our great philosophers."

She "The more uncommon these highest truths are the more inhuman must they be and the less they speak to you as something valuable or meaningful concerning human essence and being. Only what is human and what you call banal and hackneyed / contains the wisdom that you seek. The fabilious does not speak against me but for me, and proves how universally human I am and how much I too not only need redemption but also deserve

770

²² to Wish habiliment and symbolists in Early tales. 1908) Jurgia colleague Franz Riktor argued that fury tales were the spontaneous inventions of the pointitive human soul and the general tendency to wishhabiliment (tr. W.A. White. The Psychologist Review [1913], p. 95.) In Transformation and Symbols of the Liktic, lung viewed bairy tales and mythe allies as representing primordial images. In this later work he viewed them as expressions of archetypes of on the archetypes of the collective unconscious? (CW 9 – §6.) Jung's pupil Manie-Louise von Franz developed the psychological interpretation of fairly tales in a states of works. See her The Interpretation of Fairly Tales (Boston Shambala, 1996)

It. For I can ave in the world of ceality at well or better than many others of my sex *

I "Strange maiden you are bewildering—when I saw your father, I hoped he would invite me to a scholarly conversation. He did not and I was aggreed at him because of this, since his distracted slackness burt my dignity. But with you I find it much better. You give me matters to ponder. You are uncommon."

She "You are mutaken, I am very common"

I "I can't believe that How beautiful and worthy of adoration is the expression of your soul in your eyes. Happy and enviable is the man who will free you."

She "Do you love me>".

I "By God, I love you-but-unfortunately I am already married

She "So-you see even banal reality is a redeemer I thank you, dear friend, and I bring you greetings from Salome."

With these words her shape dissolves into darkness. Dim moonlight penetrates the room. Where she stood something shadowy ues— it is a profusion of red roges?

[2] "If no outer adventure happens to you, then no inner. adventure happens to you either. The part that you take over from the deviction, that is-leads you into adventure. In this way, you will find your lower as well as your upper limits. It is necessary for you to know your limits. If you do not know them, you run and the artificial barriers of your imagination and the expectations. of your fellow men. But your life will not take kindly to being bemmed in by artificial barriers. Life wants to jump over such barriers and you will fall our with yourself. These barriers are not your real limits, but arbitrary amitations that do unnecessary Violence to you. Therefore try to find your real limits. One never knows them in advance, but one sees and understands them only when one reaches them. And this happens to you only if you have balance. Without belance you transgress your firnits without noticing. what has happened to you. You achieve balance, however, only if you nurture your opposite. But that is hateful to you in your innermost core because it is not heroto

My spirit reflected on everything rare and uncommon, it pried its way into unfound possibilities, toward paths that lead into the hidden, toward lights that shine in the night. And as my spirit did this, everything ordinary in me suffered harm without my noticing it, and it began to hanker after life, since I did not live it. Hence this adventure. I was smitten by the romantic. The romantic is a step backward. To reach the way, one must sometimes also take a few steps backward.

In the adventure I experienced what I had witnessed in the Mysterium. What I saw there as Salome and Ehjah became in life the old scholar and his pate locked up daughter. What I live is a distorted likeness of the Mysterium. Following the romantic way I reached the awkwardness and ordinariness of life, where I run out of thoughts and atmost forget myself. What I formerly loved

I must now experience as feeble and wasted, and what I formerly decided I had to envy as towering and helplessly crave. I accepted the absurdity of this adventure. No sooner had this happened than I also saw how the maiden transformed herself and sign fied an autonomous meaning. One inquires into the desire of the ridiculous and that is enough for it to change.

What about masculingry? Do you know how much feminionty man tacks for completeness? Do you know how much masculinity woman lacks for completeness? You seek the feminine in women and the maiculine in men. And thus there are always only men and women. But where are people? You, man, should not seek the feminine in women, but seek and recognize it in yourself, as you / possess it from the beginning. It pleases you, however, to play at manliness, because it travels on a well-worn track. You woman, should not seek the mascuine in men, but assume the mascuime in yourself, rince you possess it from the beginning, But it amuses you and is easy to play at femininity, consequently man despises you because he despises his ferninging. But hymankind is masculine and feminine, not just man or woman. You can hardly say of your soul what sex it is. But if you pay close attention, you will see that the most mascuine man has a femizine soul, and the most feminine woman has a masculine sour. The more manly you are, the more remote from you is what woman really is, since the feminine in yourself is alien and contemptuous."

If you take a piece of joy from the devil and set off on adventures with it, you accept your pleasure. But pleasure ammediately attracts everything you desire, and then you must decide whether your pleasure spoils or enhances you. If you are of the devil you will grope in band desire after the manifold, and it will lead you array. But if you remain with yourself as a man who is himself and not of the devil, then you will remember your humanity. You will not behave toward women per se as a man, but as a human being, that is to say, as if you were of the same sex as her. You will recall your femininty. It may seem to you then as if you were animanly, stupid, and feminane so to speak. But you must accept the richculous, otherwise you will suffer distress, and there will come a time. when you are least observant, when it will suddenly round on you and make you indiculous. It is bitter for the most mascuine. man to accept his femininary, since it appears ridiculous to him, powerless and tawdry

Yes, it seems as if you have lost all virtue as if you have fallen into debasement. It seems the same way to the woman who accepts her maschanity. Yes, it seems to you like enslavement You are a slave of what you need in your soul. The most masculine man needs women, and he is consequently their slave. Become a woman yourself, and you will be saved from slavery to woman. You are abandoned without mercy to woman so long as you cannot fend off mockery with all your masculanty. It is good for you once to put on women's clother people will laugh at you, but through becoming a woman you attain freedom from women and

27 For Tung, the invegration of the anama to the man and of the animes for the morean was necessary for the development of the personality. In 1928, be described this private, which required withdrawing the projections from members of the opposite sex, differentiating from them, and becoming conscious of them in The Relations between the animal members of the Paris Sec. 45.5 (3.5) (3.5) (3.5) (4.5)

²³ in the house of the Kore house the Kore house the following the problem of the

The first restriction. Morrisoners the contemporary of the outperformed that I have but my inner title and that is my only if then you are mustaken. For you must know that your unner life does not become other at the expense of your outer one but poored. This is not to your advantage and tell the regulating of collaboration outer life will not be one other without a first species of your advantage and tell the regulating of collaboration outer life will not be one other winds. A first species of you are but only some and grower balance had the east go the

A The intronsinues: I returned to my middle ages where I was still romanus, and there I experienced the adventure" (p. 190)

In the property of Piges, Jung wrote: "A very fermione women has a reasonline soul, and a very masculane man has a fersione soul. The comman is due to the fair that his example a man is not in all things which masculane but its, controll has examine in none can't be more masculane but one is and in the man terminate trains are obliterated; frustend, they appear in the unconscious." (CW 6. §804). He designated the man's feminine soul as the animal, and described how individuals projected their road images onto members of the appointe agy (§ 805).

all intread of this phase, the services and has But the advents the terminane in turbulet he frees himself from stavery to woman (p. 18)

their tyranny. The acceptance of femininity leads to completion The same is valid for the woman who accepts her masculinity.

The feminine in men is bound up with evil. I find it on the way of desire. The majoritine in the woman is bound up with evil. Therefore people hate to accept their own other. But if you accept it, that which is connected with the perfection of men comes to pass, namely, that when you become the one who is mocked, the white bird of the soul comes flying. It was far away, but your humiliation attracted it? The mystery draws near to you, and things happen around you like muracles. A gold luster shines, since the sun has risen from its grave. As a man you have no soul, since it. is in the woman, as a woman you have no soul, since it is in the man But if you become a human being, then your soul comes to you.

If you remain within arbitrary and artificially created boundaries, you will walk as between two high walls you do not see the immensity of the world. But if you break down the wans that confine your view, and if the immensity and its endless ancertainty inspire you with fear then the ancient sleeper awakens in you, whose messenger is the white bird. Then you need the message of the old tamer of chaos. There in the which of chaos dwells eternal wonder. Your world begins to become wonderful Man belongs not only to an ordered world, he also belongs in the wonder-world of his soul. Consequently you must make your ordered world horrible, so that you are put off by being too much ourside vourself

Your soul is in great need, because drought weight on its world. If you look outside yourselves, you see the fae-off forest and mountains, and above them your vision climbs to the realms. of the stars. And if you look into yourselves, you will see on the other hand the nearby as far-off and infinite, since the world of the samer is as infinite as the world of the outer. Just as you become a part of the manifold eisence of the world through your bodies, so you become a part of the manifold essence of the inner. world through your sout. This timer world is truly infinite, in no way poorer than the outer one. Man aves in two worlds. A foor aves here or there, but never here and there

"Perhaps you think that a man who consecrates his life to research teads a spiritual life and that his som lives in / larger measure than anyone else's. But such a life is also external, just as external as the afe of a man who lives for outer things. To be sure, such a scholar does not live for outer things but for outer thoughts—not for himself, but for his object. If you say of a manthat he has totally lost himself to the outer and wasted his years. in excess, you must also say the same of this old man. He has thrown himself away in all the books and thoughts of others. Consequently his source in great need, it must humiliate itself and run into every stranger's room to beg for the recognition that he fails to give her

Therefore you see those old scholars running after recognition. in a ridiculous and undignified manner. They are offended if their name is not mentioned, cast down if another one says the same thing in a better way, irreconcilable if someone alters theirs views in the least. Go to the meetings of scholars and you will see them, these iamentable old men with their great merits and their starved — from your table. ** /

souls famished for recognition and their thirst which can never be staked. The soul demands your tolly, not your wisdom

Theretore, because I rise above gendered mascularity and yet do not exceed the human, the feminine that is contemptible to me transforms uself into a meaningful being. This is the most difficult thing— to be beyond the gendered and yet remain within the human. If you rise above the gendered with the help of a general rule, you become the same as that rule and overreach the human. Therefore you become dry, hard, and inhuman.

You may go past the gendered for human reasons, and never for the sake of a general rule that remains the same in the most diverse situations, and therefore never has a perfect validity for each single situation. If you act from your humanity, you act from that particular situation without general principle, with only what corresponds to the situation. Thus you do justice to the situation, perhaps at the expense of a general rule. That should not be too. painful for you, because you are not the rule. There is something etse that is human, something all too human, and whoever has ended up there will do well to remember the biessing of the general rule." For the general rule also has meaning and has not been act up for fim. It comprises much venerable work of the human spirit. Such personi are not expable of a general principle. above the gendered, but only their imagination is capable of what they have just. They have become their own unagination and arbitrariness, to their own detriment. They need to remember the gendered, so that they wake from their decams to resulty

It is as agonizing as a sieepiess night to fuifill the beyond from the here and now, namely the other and the opposing inmyself. It sneaks up ake a fever, like a possonous fog. And when your senses are excited and stretched to the atmost, the darmonic comes as something so insipid and worn out, so mild and stale hat it makes you sick. Here you would gladly stop feeling across. to your beyond. Startled and disgusted, you long for the return of the supernal beauties of your visible world. You spit out and curse everything that hes beyond your lovely world, since you know that it is the disgust, soum, refuse of the human animal who stuffs. himself in dark places, creeps along sidewalks, smifts out every biessed angle, and from the crudle to the grave emovs only what has already been on everyone's lips

But here you may not stop--do not place your disgust between your here and now and your beyond. The way to your beyond leads through Hell and in fact through your own wholly particular. Heli, whose bottom consists of knee-deep rubble, whose air is the spent breath of millions, whose fires are dwarflike passions, and whose devils are chimerical sign boards

Everything odious and disgusting is your own particular Hei-How can it be otherwise? Every other Hell was at least worth seeing or full of fun. But that is never Hell. Your Hell is made. up of all the things that you always ejected from your sanctuary. with a curse and a kick of the foot. When you step into your own Hell, never think that you come like one suffering in beauty, or as a proud parish, but you come like a stupid and curious foot and gaze in wonder at the scrapt that have fallen.

¹⁹ After the Antonia instruction of the county proposed of the annual county of the annual county of the Antonia Corrected Draft have "Incometal I was this old man, buried in books and tourness a man e. just and appealing, weesting grains of send from the infinite.

described soon in the state of a work of bluesche's published in three installments from 1878. He described psychological observation at the reflection on the animal in manage (pr. R. J. Hallingsiale [Cambedge: Cambridge University Press, 1996], p. 31).

12. In the state of a work of bluesche's published in three installments from 1878. He described psychological observation at the reflection on the animal in manage (pr. R. J. Hallingsiale [Cambedge: Cambridge University Press, 1996], p. 31).

12. In the state of the psychological Club on Individuation and Collectivity. Tung need that through individuation, "the tradestated mean machine hinter in a significant property in the Julian and become wholly himself. Thereby and at the same time he also separates himself from many in the same from Cod* (CW '8, \$1103).

You really want to rage but you see at the same time how well. rage suits you. Your heliash absurdity stretches for miles. Goodfor you if you can swear! You will find that profamity is ifeaving. Thus if you go through Hell, you should not forget to give due attention to whatever crosses your path. Quietly look into everything that excites your contempt or rage, thereby you accomplish the threade that I experienced with the pale marden. You give sout to the soulless, and thereby it can come to something out of horrible. nothingness. Thus you will redeem your other into life. Your values want to draw you away from what you presently are to get you ahead of and beyond yourself. Your being, however, pulls you to the bottom like lead. You cannot at the same time live both, since both exclude each other. But on the way you can ave both. Therefore the way redeems you. You cannot at the same time be on the mountain and in the valley but your way leads you from mountain to valley and from valley to mountain. Much begins amusingly and leads into the dark. Hell has levels "

One of the Lowly

Сер пі

[HI II] In the following might a I found myself wandering once more an a homely, snow-covered country. A gray evening aky covers the sun. The air is moist and frosty. Someone who does not look trustworthy has joined me. Most notably, he has only one eye. and a few scars on his face. He is poor and durtily clothed, a tramp. He has a black stubble beard that has not seen a cazor for a long time. I have a good walking stick for any eventuality "It's damned." coid," he remarks after a while I agree. After a longer pouse he asks: "Where are you going?"

I "I'm going to the next village where I plan to stay overtught." He "I d like to do that too, but will hardly manage to get a bed."

I "Have you no money" Well, let us see Are you out of work?".

He "Yes, times are bad. Until a few days ago, I was working for a locksmith. But then he had no more work. Now I'm traveling and looking for work."

I "Wouldn't you work for a farmer? There is always a shortage. of farm labor?

He "Working for a farmer doesn't suit me. That means getting." up early in the morning— the work is hard and wages are low?

I "But it's always much more beautiful in the country than ina town "

He "It's boring at the country, one meets nobody."

I "Well, but there are also villagers"

He "But there is no mental stimulation, the farmers are clods" I look at him astonished. What he still wants mental stimulation? Better that he honestly earn his keep, and when he has done that

he can think of stimulation. /

I "But tell me what kind of mental stimulation is there in the city[>]

He: "You can go to the cinema in the evenings. That's great and it's cheap. You get to see everything that happens in the world "

I have to think of Hell, where there are also cinemas for those who despised this insultation on earth and did not go there because everyone else found it to their taste

I "What interested you most about the cinema?"

He "One sees all sorts of stunning feats. There was one man who ran up houses. Another carried his head under his arm. Another even stood in the middle of a fire and wasn't burnt. Yes it's really remarkable, the things that people can do."

And that's what this fellow calls mental stimulation. But wait that does seem remarkable didn't the saints also carry their heads under their arms? Didn't Saint Prancis and Soint Ignatius levitate—and what about the three men in the fiery furnace?" Ian't it a biasphemous idea to consider the Acto Sosctorum as historical cinema²⁰ Oh, today's miracles are simply somewhat less mythical than technical. I regard my companion with feeling—he lives the history of the world- and I?

I "Certainly, it's very well done. Did you see anything else

He "Yes. I saw how the King of Spain was murdered."

1 "But he wasn't murdered at all "

He: "Well that doesn't matter in that case it was one of those damined capitalist kings. At least they got one of them. If all of them were taken out, the people would be free."

Not a word more dare I say Wilhelm Tell, a work by Friedrich Schiller—the man is standing right in the thick of it in the stream of heroic story. One who announces the murder of the tyrant to a steeping people.31

We have arrived at the inn, a country tavern—a reasonably clean. partor—a few men sit with beer in the corner. I am recognized as a "genderman" and sed into the better corner where a chequered cloth covers the end of a table. The other sits down at the far end of the table and I decide to have him served a proper evening meal. He is arready looking at me full of expectation and trunger-with his

1 "Where did you lose your eye?"

He "In a brawl. But I also got my knife into the other fellow pretty nicely After that he got three months. They gave me six. But it was beautiful in poson. At the time the building was completely new. I worked in the locksmith's. There wasn't much to do and yet there was enough to eat. Prison really un't all that bad."

I look around to make sure that no one is itstening to me taiking with a former convict. But no one seems to have noticed. I seem to have ended up in well-to-do company. Are there also prisons in Heil for those who never saw the inside of one while they were alive? Incidentally-mustri't it be a permarly beautiful feeling to hit bottom in reality at least once, where there is no going down any further, but only apward beckons at best? Where for once one stands before the whole height of reality?

He "So after that there I was, out on the street since they banished me. Then I went to France. It was lovely there?

What demands beauty makes! Something can be learned from

I "Why did you have this brawl?"

38 December 49, 1913

36 The emblem of the city of Zürich bears this motif, showing the lare-third-century martyrs Felix, Regula, and Emporantius

Fathers, it began in 1643 and ran to alary three folio volumes

^{\$3} ใп Dante's Comeallo, Hell hgs njpe Jevels

³⁴ The Handwritte Drightau "Third Afreener" (p. 440). The Correctal Drightau The Rogue, which is then covered over with paper (p. 186).

³⁷ This appears to be a reference to Shadrach. Meshach, and Abedinego in Daniel 3, whom Neburhadnessar ordered to be placed into a futnace for refusing to worship the golden idot that he had erected. They were unscathed by the fire, which led Nebuchadnessar to decree that he would cut up anyone who beneaforth spoke against their God \$5 The Acts Southerns to a collection of the lives and legends of the soints arranged according to their feast days. Published by Jesuita in Beigium known to the Bollandist.

³⁹ on Wilhelm Tall (1805). Friedrich Scholler discountized the result of the Switz contain agrount. he rule of the Austrian Habsburg compare at the beginning of the foundation of the formula o The great of the land is dead. From now henceforth we suffer an oppression. We are free men" (iz. W. Malciland "Chicago: University of Chicago: Press, 1973), p. 719).

He "It was over a woman. She was carrying his bastard but I wanted to marry her. She was already due. After that she didn't want to anymore. I haven't heard from her."

I "How old are you now"

12/33

He "I'll be thirty-five in spring. Once I find a proper job we can get married right off I'll find myself one I will There's something wrong with my hings, though But that'll soon get better again."

/ He has a coughing fit. I think that the prospects are not good and allently admire the poor devil's universing optimism

After danner I go to bed in a humble room. I hear how the other settles into his sodging for the night next door. He coughs several times. Then he falls still. Suddenly I awaken again at an ancanny moan and gurgle mixed with a haif-stifled cough. I asten tensely—no doubt it's him. It sounds like something dangerous. I jump up and throw something on I open the door of his room. Moonlight floods it. The man des will dressed on a cack of straw. A dark stream of blood is flowing from his mouth and forming a puddle on the floor. He moans half choking and coughs out blood. He wants to get up but saids back again. I hisrry to support him but I see that the hand of death des on him. He is subject with blood twice over. My hands are covered with it. A rattling sigh escapes from him. Then every suffness loosens, a gentle shudder passes over his limbs. And then everything is deathly still.

Where am I' Are there also cases of death in Hell for those who have never thought about death? I look at my bloodstained hands—as if I were a murderer—Is it not the blood of my brother that sticks to my hands? The moon paints my shadow black on the white walls of the chamber. What am I doing here? Why this horribie drama? I look inquiringly at the moon as a witness. How does this concern the moon? Has it not already seen worse? Has it not shore a hundred thousand times into broken eyes? This is certainly of no avail to its eternal craters—one more or less. Death? Does it not uncover the terrible decert of life? Therefore it is probably all the same to the moon, whether and how one passes away. Only we kick up a fuss about it— with what right?

What did this one do? He worked lazed about, laughed, drank, are slept, gave his eye for the woman, and for her sake forfeited his good name, furthermore he lived the human myth after a fashion, he admired the wonder workers, prused the death of the tyrant, and vaguely dreamed of the freedom of the people. And then then he miserably died—like everyone else. That is generally valid. I sat down on the floor. What studows over the earthi All lights gutter out in final despondency and ioneliness. Death has entered—and there is no one left to grieve. This is a final truth and no riddle. What deliusion could make us believe in riddles?

[2] We stand on the spiky stones of misery and death

A destitute joins me and wants admittance into my soul, and I am thus not destitute enough. Where was my destitution when I did not live it? I was a player at life, one who thought earnestly about life and lived it easily. The destitute was far away and forgotten. Life had become difficult and murkier. Winter kept on going, and the destitute stood in snow and froze. I join myself with him, since I need him. He makes living light and easy. He leads to the depths, to the ground where I can see the heights. Without the depths, I do not have the heights. I may be on the heights, but precisely because of that I do not become aware of the heights. I therefore need the bottommost for my renewal. If I am always on the heights, I wear them out and the best becomes atrocious to me

But because I do not want to have it, my best becomes a horror to me Because of that I myself become a horror a horror to myself and to others, and a bad spirit of torment. Be respectful and know that your best has become a horror with that you have yourself and others from useless torment. A man who can no longer camb down from his heights it sick, and he brings himself and others to torment. If you have reached your depths, then you see your height light up brightly over you, worthy of desire and far-off as if anreachable nince secretly you would prefer not to reach it since it seems unartainable to you. For you also love to praise your heights when you are low and to tell yourself that you would have only reft them with pain, and that you did not live so long as you missed them. It is a good thing that you have almost become the other nature that makes you speak this way. But at bottom you know that it is not quite true.

At your low point you are no longer distinct from your fellow beings. You are not ashamed and do not regret it, since insofar as you live the rife of your fellow beings and descend to their lowliness / you also climb into the hoty stream of common life, where you are no longer an individual on a high mountain, but a fish among fish, a frog among frogs.

Your heights are your own mountain, which belongs to you and you alone. There you are individual and ove your very own iffe. If you live your own iffe you do not live the common affe which is always continuing and never-ending, the iffe of history and the inationable and ever-present burdens and products of the human race. There you are the endlessness of being, but not the becoming. Becoming belongs to the heights and is full of torment. How can you become if you never are? Therefore you need your bottommost, since there you are. But therefore you also need your heights, since there you become

If you are the common life at your lowest reaches, then you become aware of your self. If you are on your heights, then you are your best, and you become aware only of your best, but not that which you are in the general afe as a being. What one is as one who becomes, no one knows. But on the heights, imagination is at its strongest for we imagine that we know what we are as developing beings, and even more so, the less we want to know what we are as beings. Because of that we do not love the condition of our being brought low although or rather precisely because only there do we attain clear knowledge of ourselves.

Everything is riddlesome to one who is becoming, but not to one who is. He who suffers from riddles should take thought of his lowest condition, we solve those riddles from which we suffer but not those which please as

To be that which you are is the bath of rebirth. In the depths being is not an unconditional persistence but an endiesely slow growth. You think you are standing still like swamp water, but slowly you flow into the sea that covers the earth's greatest deeps, and is so vast that firm land seems only an island imbedded in the womb of the attimeasurable sea.

As a drop in the ocean you take part in the current, ebb and flow. You swell slowly on the and and slowly sink back again in interminably slow breaths. You wander vast distances in biarred currents and wash up on strange shores, not knowing how you got there. You mount the billows of huge storms and are swept back again into the depths. And you do not know how this happens to you. You had thought that your movement came from you and that it needed your decisions and efforts, so that you could get going and make progress. But with every conceivable effort you

would never have achieved that movement and reached those areas to which the sea and the great wind of the world brought you

From endless blue plains you sink into black depths, himinous fish draw you, marvelous branches twine around you from above. You ship through columns and twisting, wavering, dark leaved plants, and the sea takes you up again in bright green water to white, sandy coasts, and a wave foams you ashore and swallows you back again, and a wide smooth swell lifts you softly and leads you again to new regions, to twisting plants, to slowly creeping shimy polyps, and to green water and white sand and breaking surf

But from far off your heights shine to you above the sea at a golden light like the moon emerging from the tide, and you become aware of yourself from afar. And longing seizes you and the will for your own movement. You want to cross over from being to becoming, since you have recognized the breath of the sea and its flowing, that leads you here and there without your ever adhering, you have also recognized its surge that bears you to atten shores and carnes you back, and gargies you up and down.

You saw that it was the ife of the whole and the death of each individual. You fett yourself entwined in the collective death. from death to the earth's deepest place, from death in your own strangely breathing depths. Oh you long to be beyond; despair and mortal fear seize you in this death that breathes slowly and streams back and forth eternally. All this light and dark, warm, tepid, and cold water all these wavy, swaying, twisting plantlike animals and bestiai planta, all these nightly wonders become a horror to you, and you tong for the sun, for aght dry air, for firm atones, for a fixed place and straight anes, for the motionless and firmly held, for rules and preconceived purpose, for singleness and your own intent

The knowledge of death came to me that night, from the dying that engulfs the world. I saw how we live toward death, how the swaying golden wheat sinks together under the scythe of the reaper, / ...ke a smooth wave on the sea-beach. He who abides in common afe becomes aware of death with fear. Thus the fear of death drives him toward singleness. He does not live there, but he becomes aware of afe and is happy, since in singleness he is one who becomes and has overcome death. He overcomes death through overcoming common life. He does not live his individual being, since he is not what he is, but what he becomes

14/15

One who becomes grows aware of life, whereas one who simply exists never will, since he is in the midst of life. He needs the heights and singleness to become aware of life. But in afe he becomes aware of death. And it is good that you become aware. of collective death, since then you know why your singleness and your heights are good. Your heights are like the moon that luminously wanders alone and through the night looks eternative clear. Sometimes it covers itself and then you are totally in the darkness of the earth, but time and again it fills itself out with

at the executed with on most from death

ight. The death of the earth is toreign to it. Motioniesi and clear it sees the afe of the earth from afar without enveloping haze and streaming oceans. Its unchanging form has been soud from eterraty. It is the solitary clear light of the right, the individual being, and the near fragment of evernity.

From there you look out, cold, motionless, and radiating. With otherworldly silvery aght and green twilights, you pour out attothe distant horror. You see it but your gaze is clear and cold. Your hands are red from aying blood, but the moonlight of your gaze is motionless. It is the life blood of your brother, yes, it is your own blood, but your gaze remains luminous and embraces the entire horror and the earth's round. Your gaze rests on silvery seas, on snowy peaks, on blue valleys, and you do not hear the groaning and howling of the human animal

The moon is dead. Your soul went to the moon, to the preserver. of souts ? Thus the sout moved toward death ! I went into the inner death and saw that outer dying is better than inner death And I decided to die outside and to live within. For that reason I turned aways and sought the place of the inner life.

The Anchorite

Cap. iv. Dies I #

[HI 15] On the following night," I found myself on new paths: hot dry air flowed around me, and I saw the desert, yellow sand. all around, heaped up in waves, a terrible trascible sun, a sky as blue as tarnished steel, the air shimmering above the earth, or my right side a deeply cut valley with a dry river bed, some languid grass and dusty brambies. In the sand I see the tracks of naked feet that read up from the rocky variey to the prateau. I follow them along a high dune. Where it faus off the tracks move off to the other side. They appear to be fresh, and old half-worm away. footprints run alongside. I pursue them attentively again they follow the slope of the dune, now they flow into another set of footprints but it is the same / set that I have already followed. the one ascending from the valley

Henceforth I follow the footprints downward in autonishment I soon reach the hot red rocks corroded by the wind. On the stone the footprints are just but I acc where the rock fails off in layers and I climb down. The air glows and the rock burns my soies. Now I have geached the bottom, there are the tracks again. They lead along the winding of the valley a short distance Suddenly I stand before a small but covered in reeds and made of mud bricks. A rickety wooden plank forms the door where a cross has been painted in red. I open it quietly. A baggard man covered in a white onen mantle is sitting on a mat with his back learning against the wai. Across his knees lies a book in yellow parchment, with beautiful black handwriting--a Greek gospet, without doubt. I am with an anchorite of the Libyan desert "

15/16

4. The argin continues is accepted the light and three and died with him lance, lived him, became his murderer since we fill what we live up \$17%

thingual necessity of the same. The set wile and this wealth glory and victore and runned oward the object for its what is not upper as in the new thapter the anchor is is designed as Arimonius in a letter of December sit. A long notice has the anchor is after much be third control. FA

There are three historical ngures cames Arimonius in Alexandria crem this period. Animonius a historical philosophy in the little control is upper the responsible for the medieval divisions of the gospels, Animonius Cettus, who was born a Christian but turned to Greek philosophy and whose work presents a marking time. from Platonism to Neoplatonism, a Neoplatonec Ammonuus in the fifth century, who tried to reconcile Acistotle and the Bible. At Alexandria, these was accommendation

between Neopatonism and Information and some of the pupils of the family Ammonius converted to the Manity

ال لم في

⁴⁰ In Transformations and Symbols of the salido (1911). Jung ruted beliefs up different cultures that the moon was the gathering place of departed souls (CW B, §496) In Mysterhus Contractions (1955/56) Jung commented on this motif in alchemy (CW 14, \$155)

^{43 (}Forst Day.) The Handwritten Dright base "Fourth Adventure. First Day" (p. 476). The Corrected Dright base "Dies I. Evenang" p. 40.

44 (Forst Day.) The Handwritten Dright base "Fourth Adventure. First Day" (p. 476). The Corrected Dright base "Dies I. Evenang" p. 40.

44 December 10. 10. In Black Book. Jung moved. All kands on thangs seasone can away minimum scientists, managed which disough has subscribed in hinter to serve human in through, and now in some or least line to these new things. For the intereseen wints, the pathods the manufally marketing bright had soil. reached a new world, which had been aben to one previously, i see neither way our poth. What I believed about the soul has to become true here, namely that she knows her own way bearen, and that no categorian can prescribe her a bearer one. I feel that a targe chunk of science has been broken off auppose it must be like that, for the sake of the sout and her life. I find the thought that this most occur only for me agonizing, and that pertage no one will gain usught from my work. But my sout demands thus achievement. I should be able to do this just for myself without hope—for the sake of God. This is cruly a hard way. But what else did those anchorings of the first contractes. of Christianny do? And were they the want or least capable of those living at the end? Hardly, since they came to the most referabless conclusions with regard to the pay

"Am I disturbing you, father"

A. "You do not disturb me. But do not call me father. I am a manake you. What it your detree?"

"I come without desire, I have come to this place in the desert by chance, and found tracks in the sand up there that ied me in a circle to you."

A. "You found the cracks of my daily walks at daybreak and sunset."

I "Excuse me if I interrupt your devotion, it is a rare opportunity for me to be with you. I have never before seen an anchorite."

A. "There are several others whom you can see further down in this valley. Some have hurs like me, others live in the graves that the ancients have hobowed out in these rocks. I live uppermost in the valley, because it is most solitary and quiet here, and because here I am closest to the peace of the desert."

1 "Have you already been here long?"

A "I have lived here for perhaps ten years, but ready, I can no longer remember exactly how long it is. It could also be a few more years. Time passes so quickly."

I "Time passes quickly? How is that possible? Your life must be trightfully monotonous."

A. "Time certainly passes quickly for me. Much too quickly even. It seems you are a pagan?"

, "Me? No-not exactly I was raised in the Christian faith."

A. "Well, then, how can you ask whether time drags on for me? You must know what preoccupies a man who is grieving. Only idlers grow bored."

I "Again, forgive me, my curiosity is great, what then do you occupy yourself with?"

A. "Are you a chold? To begin with you see that I am reading, and than I keep regular hours."

I. "But I can see nothing at all with which you could occupy yourself here. You must have read this book from cover to cover often enough. And if it is the gospels, as I suppose, then I am sure you already know them by heart."

A. 'How children't you speak! Surely you know that one can read a book many times—perhaps you almost know it by heart and nevertheless it can be that, when you took again at the lines before you, certain things appear new or even new thoughts occur to you that you did not have before. Every word can work productively in your spirit. And finally if you have once left the book for a week and you take it up again after your spirit has experienced various different changes, then a number of things will dawn on you."

I "I have difficulty grasping this. The book remains one and the same, certainly a wonderfully profound, yes, even drying matter, but surely not rich enough to ful countless years."

A. "You are astonishing. How, then, do you read this holy book? Do you really always see only one and the same meaning in it? Where do you come from? You are truly a pagan."

I "I beg you, please don't hold it against me if I read the a pagan. Let me talk with you. I am here to learn from you. Consider me as an ignorant student, which I am in these matters."

A. "If I call you a pagan, don't take it as an insult. I used to be a pagan, too, exactly like you as I / well remember. Therefore how can I blame you for your ignorance?"

I "Thank you for your patience. But it matters very much to me to know how you read and what you take from this book."

A "Your question is not early to answer It's easier to explain colors to a blind person. You must know one thing above all a succession of words does not have only one meaning. But men strive to assign only a single meaning to the sequence of words, in order to have an unambiguous language. This striving is worldly and constructed, and belongs to the deepest layers of the divine creative plan. On the higher levels of insight into divine thoughts, you recognize that the sequence of words has more than one valid meaning. Only to the all-knowing is it given to know all the meanings of the sequence of words. Increasingly we try to grasp a few more meanings."

I "If I understand you correctly you think that the holy writings of the New Testament also have a doubleness, an exoteric and an esoteric meaning, as a few Jewith scholars contend concerning their holy books."

A. "This bad superstition is far from me. I observe that you are wholly inexperienced in divine matters."

[*I must confess my deep ignorance about these things. But I am eager to experience and understand what you think about the multifaceted meaning of the sequence of words *

A "Unfortunately I am in no position to tell you everything a know about it. But at sear I will try to make the elements clear to you. Because of your ignorance I will therefore begin elsewhere this time. What you need to know is that before I became acquainted. with Christianity, I was a therorician and philosopher in the city of Alexandria. I had a great throng of students, including many Romana a few barbarians, and also some Gauls and Britons, I raught them not only the history of Greek philosophy but also the new systems, among them the system of Philo, whom we call the Jew." He was a clever head, but fantastically abstract, as the lews are wont to be when they devise systems; moreover he was a slave of his own words. I added my own, and wove an atrocious web of words in which I ensuared not only my isteners, but also myself. We noted termbly among words and names, our own miserable creatures, and accorded divine potency to them. Yes, we even believed in their reality, and believed that we possessed the divine and had committed it to words."

I "But Philo Judeaus, if this is who you mean, was a serious philosopher and a great thinker. Even John the Evangelist included some of Philo's thoughts in the gospel."

A. "You are right. It is to Philo's credit that he furnished language like so many other philosophers. He belongs to the language artists. But words should not become Gods."

I "I fail to understand you here. Does it not say in the gospeaccording to John: God was the Word. It appears to make quite expirit the point which you have just now rejected."

A "Guard against being a slave to words. Here is the gospelread from that passage where it says. In him was the life. What does John say there?"

I TAnd life was the aght of men and the light shines in the darkness and the darkness has not understood it. But it became a person sent from God, by the name of John, who came as a witness and to be a wilness of the light. The genuine light which

46 Philo Judeaus, also called Philo of Atexandria (20 BCE) 50 CE), was a Greek speaking tewish philosopher. His works presented a fusion of Greek philosophy and Judaism. For Philo, God to whom he reterred by the Platonic term "T in (the One) was transcendent and unknowable. Certain powers reached down from God to the world. The facet of God knowable through rasson is he drived a gos. There has been much behave in a present risk on herever "his in our post the Logo" and role is group. On June 23, 1934, Jang wrote to James Kursch, "The groots from which tohn the Evangelist cosmated is definitely Jewish, but its essence is Protein. As in the other of Philo Judaeus, the tounder of the teachings of the Logos" (JA).

47 In 1957, Jung wrote: "Until now it has not unity and handamentally been noted that our time, despite the prevalence of irreligiosity, is so to speak congenitally charged with the arrainment of the Christian faith represents. The word has literally become our God and has remained so" (Preset and Patters CW 10, \$554).

48 John 1:3-10. "In the beginning was the Word, and the Word was with God, and the Word was God. The same was in the beginning with God. All chings were made by him; and without lum was not any ching made that was made. In how was ite, and the life was the light of men. And the light of men. And the light of men arrives and the parkness comprehended in not. There was a man sent from God, whose name was John. The same came for a witness, to bear witness of the Light, that all men through him

18/19

19/10

lluminates each person, came into the world. He was in the world, and the world became through him, and the world did not. recognize him. That is what I read here. But what do you make of this?"

A "I ask you, was this AOPOE [Logos] a concept a word? It was a 1ght, indeed a man, and aved among men. You see Philo only sent John the word so that John would have at his disposathe word AOFOE alongside the word 'light' to describe the son. of man. John gave to aveng men the meaning of the ΛΟΓΟΣ, but Photo gave ΛΟΓΟΣ at the dead concept that asturped life, even the divine life. Through this the dead does not gain life, and the living is killed. And this was also my atrocious error."

J "I see what you mean. This thought is new to me and seems. worth consideration. Until now it always seemed to me / as if it were exactly that which was meaningful in John, namely that the son of man α the AOFOE α that he thus elevates the lower to the higher spirit to the world of the AOFOE But you lead me to see the matter conversely, namely that John brings the meaning of the AOFOE down to man."

A. "I learned to see that John has in fact even done the great." service of having brought the meaning of the AOFOE up to man."

I "You have peculiar insights that attetch my curiosity to the utmost. How is that? Do you think that the human stands higher than the AOFOE2'

A. "I want to answer this question within the scope of your understanding if the human God had not become important above everything, he would not have appeared as the son in the flesh, but in the AOFOE "

■

I "That makes sense to me, but I confess that this view is susprising to me. It is especially astonishing to me that you, a Christian anchorite, have come to such views. I would not have expected this of you."

A. "As I have already nonced, you have a completely false idea... of me and my essence. Let me give you a small example of my preoccupation. I've spent many years alone with the process of ameaning. Have you ever unlearned anything? - Well, then you should know how long at takes. And I was a successful teacher As you know, for such people to unlearn is difficult or even impossible. But I see that the min has gone down. Soon it will be completely dark. Night as the time of silence. I want to show you your place for the night. I need the morning for my work, but after midday you can come to me again if you like. Then we will continue our conversation

He leads me out of the but, the valley is covered in blue shadows. The first stars are already glittering in the ilky. He leads me around the corner of a rock we are standing at the entrance of an grave cut into the stone. We step in Not far from the entrance has a heap. of reeds covered with mats. Next to it there is a pitcher of water and on a white cloth there are dried dates and black bread.

A. "Here is your place and your supper. Sleep well, and do not." forget your morning prayer, when the aun rises "

[2] The solutary lives in endless desert full of awesome beauty. He tooks at the whole and at inner meaning. He loathes manifold diversity if it is near him. He looks at it from afar in its totaaty. Consequently silvery spiendor and soy and beauty cloak. diversity for him. What is near him must be simple and innocent, since close at hand the manifold and computated tear and break.

through the silvery splendor. No cloudiness of the sky, no hazeor mist is allowed to be around him, otherwise he cannot look at the distant manifold in the whole. Consequently the solitary loves the desect above all, where everything nearby is simple and nothing nurbid or blurred lies between him and the far away.

The tife of the solitary would be cold were it not for the immense sun, which makes the air and rocks glow. The sun and its eternal splendor replace for the sottary his own life warmth

His heart longs for the sun

He wanders to the lands of the sun.

He dreams of the flickering splendor of the sun, of the hat red stones spread out at midday, of the golden hot rays of dry sand. I

The solitary speks the sun and no one cise is so ready to open his heart at he at Therefore he toves the desert above all, since he toves its deep stillness.

He needs istile food sence the sun and its glow nourish him. Consequently the solitary loves the desert above all since it is a mother to him, giving him food and invigorating warmth at regular hours.

In the desert the solitary is relieved of care and therefore turns his whole life to the spronting garden of his soul, which can flourish only under a hot sum. In his garden the delicious red fruit grows that bears swelling tweetness under a tight skin

You think that the solitary is poor. You do not see that he strolls under ieden fruit trees and that his hand touches grain a hundredfold. Under dark seares the overfull reddssh blassoms swell toward him from abundant buds, and the fruit almost bursts with throughy juices. Fragrant resuss drip from his trees and under his feet thrusting seed breaks open

If the sun sinks onto the plane of the sea like an exhausted bard, the solitary envelops himself and holds his breath. He does not move and is pure expectancy until the intracte of the renewal of light rises in the East.

Bringful delictous expectation is in the solitary "

The horror of the desert and of withered evaporation surround him, and you do not understand how the solitary can live /

But his eye rests on the garden, and his ears listen to the source, and his hand touches relvet teaves and fruit, and his breath draws in sweet perfumes from Mossom-rich trees

He cannot tell you, since the spiendar of his parden is so abundant. He stammers when he speaks of it, and he appears to you to be poor in spirit and in life. But his hand does not know where it should reach, in all this

He gives you a small insignificant fruit, which has just fallen at his feet It appears worthless to you, but if you consider it you will see that this fruit eastes elke a sun which you could not have dreame of. It gives off a perfume which confuses your senses and makes you dream of rose gardens and sweet usine and whispering palm trees. And you hold this one fruit in your hands dreaming, and you would tike the tree in which it grown, the garden in which this tree stands, and the sun which brought forth this garden

And you yourself mant to be that solitary who strolls with the sun in his garden, his gase resting on pendant flowers and his hand brushing a hundred fold of grain and his breath drinking the perfume from a thousand roses

Dull from the sun and drank from fermenting wines, you lie down in anciens graves, whose walls resound with many voices and many colors of a thousand solar years

When you grow, then you see encrything thring again as it was. And I when you sleep, you rest, like everything that was, and your dreams echo softly ogars from distant temple chants

You sleep down through the thousand solar years, and you make up through the thousand solar years, and your dreams full of entient love edorn

might believe. He was not that Light, but was sent to bear witness of that hight. That was the true Light, which tighteth every men that cometh into the world. He was

n by world and the world was made by him and die world knew him not 41 bills 4 or the 8 or was made tech are used to roung in an expected to glore the glore as it the only beginner of the bulber half of group into the history half of group in the glore and the history with the first are given as in the glore and the history with the dead 51 The Dogli continues. Walking around in a circle I happen to return to myself and to him the solitony one, who lives down in the depths hidden from the light, beld

accurate by the warm beautiful to be made about a born for glowing form and district explosion order as 24.

the walls of your bedchamber You also see yearsetf in the totality

You sit and lean against the wall, and look at the beautiful raddiesome totality. The Summa® lies before you like a book, and an unspeakable greed serzes you to devour it. Consequently you lean back and stiffen and sit for a long time. You are completely incapable of grasping it. Here and there a light flickers, here and there a fruit fails from high trees which you can grasp, here and there your foot strikes gold. But what is it, if you compare it with the totality, which are spread out tangibly close to you? You stretch out your hand, but it remains hanging in invisible webs. You want to see it exactly as it is but something cloudy and opaque pushes itself exactly in between. You would like to tear a piece out of it it is smooth and impenetrable like potished steel. So you sink back against the wall, and when you have crawled through all the glowing hot crucibles of the HeL of doubt, you ait once more and lean back, and look at the wonder of the Summa that lies spread out before you. Here and there a light flickers, here and there a fruit fails. For you it is all too little. But you begin to be satisfied. with yourself, and you pay no attention to the years passing away. What are years? What is hurrying time to him that sits under a tree? Your time passes like a breath of air and you wait for the next light, the next fruit

The writing hes before you and always says the same, if you believe in words. But if you believe in things in whose places only words stand, you never come to the end. And yet you must go an endless road, since life flows not only down a finite path but also an infinite one. But the unbounded makes your anxious. since the unbounded is fearful and your humanity rebels against at Consequently you seek aimits and restraints so that you do not lose yourself, tumbling into infinity. Restraint becomes imperative for you. You cry out for the word which has one meaning and no other so that you escape boundless ambiguity. The word becomes your God, since it protects you from the countiess possibilities of interpretation. The word is protective magic against the daimons of the unending, which tear at your soul and want to scatter you to the winds. You are saved if you can say at ast that is that and only that You speak the magic word and the limitless is finally banished. Because of that men seek and

He who breaks the wall of words overthrows Gods and defiles temples. The solitary is a murderer. He murders the people, because he thus thinks and thereby breaks down ancient sacred walls. He calls up the daimons of the boundless. And he sits, leans back and does not hear the groans of mankind, whom the fearful fiery smoke has seized. And yet you cannot find the new words if you do not shatter the old words. But no one should shatter the old. words, amess he finds the new word that is a firm rampart against the limitiess and grasps more life in it than in the old word. A new word is a new God for old men. Man remains the same, even if you create a new model of God for him. He remains an imitator. What was word, shall become man. The word created the world—sun. I stand as if spellbound and laboriously remember everything. and came before the world. It lit up like a light in the darkness, from yesterday especially what Ammonius said. But what did he and the darkness did not comprehend it." And thus the word - say? That the sequences of words have many meanings, and that

should become what the darkness can comprehend, since what use is the light if the darkness does not comprehend to But your darkness should grasp the light

The God of words is coid and dead and shines from afar like the moon, mysteriously and maccessibly. Let the word return to its / creator to man and thus the word will be heightened in man. Man should be light limits measure. May he be your fruit. for which you longingly reach. The darkness does not comprehend the word but rather man, indeed it seizes him, since he himself is a piece of the darkness. Nor from the word down to man, but from the word up to man that is what the darkness comprehends. The darkness is your mother, she behooves reverence since the mother is dangerous. She has power over you. since ahe gave birth to you. Honor the darkness as the light, and you will illumine your darkness.

If you comprehend the darkness, it seizes you. It comes over you like the right with black shadows and countless shimmering stars. Silence and peace come over you if you begin so comprehend the darkness. Only he who does not comprehend the darkness fears the right. Through comprehending the dark, the nocturna, the abyssal in you, you become utterly simple. And you prepare to sleep through the millennia like everyone else, and you sleep down into the womb of the millennia, and your walls resound with ancient temple chants. Since the simple is what always was. Peace and blue hight spread over you while you dream in the grave of the millennia.

Dies II.

Сар. у

[H1 22] THE awaken, the day reddens the East. A right a wonderful tught in the distant depths of time ues behind me. In what far-away. space was I? What did I dream? Of a white home? It seems to me. as if I had seen this white horse on the Eastern sky over the rising sun. The horse spoke to me. What did it say? It said: "Hail him who is in darkness since the day is over him." There were four whate horses, each with gorden wings. They led the carriage of the sun, on which Helios stood with flaring mane ™ I stood down in the gorge automshed and frightened. A thousand black seepents crawled swiftly into their holes. Helios ascended, rolling apward. toward the wide paths of the sky. I knelt down, rassed my hands suppliantly, and called "Give us your light you are flame-curied. entwined, crucified and revived; give us your light your light? This cry woke me Didn't Ammonius say yesterday evening. "Do not forget to say your morning prayer when the sun rises " I thought that perhaps he secretly worships the sun /

Outside a fresh morning wind rises. Yellow sand trickles in fine veins down the rocks. The redness expands across the sky. and I see the first rays shoot up to the firmament. Solemn calmand solitude on all aides. A large lizard ues on a stone and awaits the

22/23

⁵² Latin for whole

^{5%} the Draft has a visit and the Corrected Proof has in in ignation to manifestion with the Corrected Draft authoritation to one for you good a fine you go and 54 in 540 liding immunited on printed two want magn (\$mingles output and adequate the fire CW - \$444).

55 See note 48, above

⁵⁶ The Corrected Dreft has "(The Anchorite) Second Day, Morning" p 219)
57 in The Philosophical Tree (1945). Jung noted: "A main who is rooted below as well as above as sort of like an upright and inverted tree. The goal is not the heights but the conser" (CW 13, §333). He also commented on "The inverted tree" (§410f)

⁵⁸ famulary 1914 59 In Grook replacings. Helica was the two God and he drove a chariot led by four horses across the sky

John brought the AOFOE to man. But that does not sound properly Christian. Is he perhaps a Gnostic No, that seems impossible to me, since they were really the worst of an the ideators of words, as he would probably put it

The sun what fills me with such inner exaltation? I should not forget my morning prayer—but where has my morning prayer gone? Dear sun, I have no prayer since I do not know how one must address you. Have I already prayed to the sun? But Ammonius really meant that I should pray to God at the break of day. He probably does not know—we have no more prayers. How should the know about our nakedness and poverty? What has happened to our prayers? I miss them here. This must really be because of the desert, it seems as if there ought to be prayers here. Is this desert so very bad? I think it is no worse than our cities. But why then do we not pray there? I must look toward the sun, as if it had something to do with this. Alas—one can never escape the age-old dreams of mankind.

What shall I do this whole long morning? I do not understand how Ammorius could have endured this life for even a year. I go back and forth on the dried-up river bed and finally sit down on a boulder. Before me there are a few yellow grasses. Over there a small dark beetle is crawling along, pushing a ball in front of it—a scarab." You dear little animal are you still toiling away in order to ave your beautiful myth? How semously and undiscouraged it works. If only you had a notion that you are performing an old myth, you would probably renounce your fantasies as we menhave also given up playing at mythology.

The unreality nauseates one. What I say sounds very odd in this place, and the good Ammonious would certainly not agree with it. What am I actually doing here? No, I don't want to condemn him in advance, since I still haven't really understood what he actually means. He has a right to be heard. By the way, I thought differently yesterday. I was even very thankful to him that he wanted to teach me. But I m being critical once again, and superior and may well learn nothing. His thoughts are not that bad at all, they are even good. I don't know why I always want to put the man down.

Dear beetle, where have you gone? I can no longer see you. Oh, you're already over there with your mythical ball. These little animals stick to things, quite unlike us—no doubt, no change of mind, no hesitation. Is this so because they live their myth?

Dear scarab usy fasher I honor you, blessed be your work-ineternity- Amen.

What nonsense am I taking? I'm worshiping an animal that must be because of the desert. It seems absolutely to demand prayers.

How beautiful it is here! The reddish color of the stones is wonderful; they reflect the glow of a hundred thousand past sunsthese small grains of sand have rolled in fabulous primordial oceans, over them swam primordial monsters with forms never beheld before. Where were you, man, in those days? On this warm sand lay your children primordial animal ancestors, like children snuggling up to their mother.

O mother stone. I love you, I lie snuggled up against your warm body, your late child. Biessed be you, ancient mother

23 24 / Yours is my heart and all glory and power—Amer.

What am I saying? That was the desert. How everything appears so animated to me? This place is truly terrible. These stones—are they stones? They seem to have gathered here deliberately. They're lined up like a troop transport. They're arranged themselves by size the large ones stand apart, the small ones close ranks and gather in groups that precede the large ones. Here the stones form states

Am I dreaming or am I awake? It's hot— the sun aiready stands high—how the hours pass! Truly, the morning is nearly over— and how astonishing it has been! Is if the sun or is if these living stones, or is if the desert that makes my head buzz?

I go up the valley and before long I reach the but of the anchorite. He is sitting on his mat lost in deep reflection.

I "My father I am here"

A "How have you spent your morning?"

I "I was surprised when you said vesterday that time passes quickly for you. I don't question you anymore and this will no longer surprise me. I ve learned a lot. But only enough to make you an even greater riddle than you were before. Why, all the things that you must experience in the desert you wonderful man. Even the stones are bound to speak to you."

A. "I m happy that you have learned to understand something of the life of an anchorite. That will make our difficult task easier. I don't want to intrude on your mysteries, but I feel that you come from a strange world that has nothing to do with mine."

I "You speak truthfully. I m a stranger here, more foreign than any you've ever seen. Even a man from Britain's remotest coast is closer to you than I am Therefore have patience master and let me drink from the source of your wisdom. Although the thirsty desert surrounds us, an invisible stream of living water flows here."

A "Have you said your prayer"

I "Master forgive me I've tried, but I found no prayer Yet I dreamed that I prayed to the rising sun"

A. "Don't worry yourself because of that If you do find a word, your soul has nevertheless found mexpressible words to greet the break of day"

I "But it was a heathen prayer to Hehos"

A. "Let that suffice for you."

I "But Oh master. I've prayed not only to the sun in a dream, but in my absentmindedness also to the starab and the earth."

A. "Be astonished at nothing, and in no case condemn or regret it. Let us go to work. Do you want to ask something about the conversation we had yesterday."

I "I interrupted you yesterday when you spoke of Philo. You wanted to explain your notion of the various meanings of particular sequences of words"

A "Well, I'll continue my account of how I was freed from the awful predicament of spinning words. A man my father had set free once came to me this man whom I'd been attached to since my childhood, spoke to me and said

"Oh Ammonius, are you well?" "Certainly," I said, "as you can see. I am learned and have great success."

He "I mean, are you happy and are you fully alive" I laughed: "As you can see, all is well."

The old man replied: "I saw how you fectured. You seemed to be anxious at the judgment of your listeners.

⁶⁰ During this period, Jung was engaged with the study of Grostic texts, in which he found historical parallels to his own expensiones. See Alfred Right. Die Suche sads des eigenes Wortede: Die Bedeutong von Grasis, Hermeile sad Alchenie für C. G. Jung and Marie-Louise von Franz und deren Einfässt auf die nuderne Verprändelt dieser Diespille (Been, Berne Louis – Acti).

⁶ In Specimentary as a Protopical Acastal Councerton 1952. Jung wrote. The scarab is a Hassical reburch combos. According to the description on the ancient Egyptian book Ast Tuni the description God cransforms humself at the terms station into Khepri, the scarab, and as such mounts the barge at the tweffth scanon, which takes the represented sun into the morning skyl (CW 8, §843).

24/29

You wove writy tokes into the lecture to please your listeners. You heaped up learned expressions to impress them. You were restiess and hasty, as it still compelled to snatch up all knowledge. You are not in yourself."

Although these words at first seemed laughable to me, they still made an impression on me, and reluctantly I had to / credit the old man, since he was right

Then he said: "Dear Ammonius. I have delightful tidings for you: God has become flesh in his son and has brought us all salvation." "What are you saying," I called, "you probably mean Osiris," who shall appear in the mortal body?"

"No," he replied, "this man lived in Judea and was born from a virgin."

I laughed and answered: "I already know about this a Jewish trader has brought tidings of our virgin queen to Judea, whose image appears on the walls of one of our temptes, and reported it as a fairy tale."

"No," the old man insisted. "he was the Son of God."

"Then you mean Horus," the son of Osiris, don't you?" I answered

"No, he was not Horus, but a real man, and he was hung trom a cross."

"Oh, but this must be Seth, surely, whose punishments our old ones have often described."

But the old man stood by his conviction and said: "He died and tose up on the third day."

"Well, then he must be Ositis," I repried impatiently,

"No." he cried, "he is called Jesus the anointed one."

"Ah, you really mean this Jewish God, whom the poor tonor at the harbor, and whose unclean investences they celebrate in cellars."

"He was a man and yet the Son of God," said the old man staring at me intently

"That's nonsense dear old man," I said and showed him to the door But like an etho from distant rock faces the words returned to me a man and yet the Son of God. It seemed significant to me, and this phrase was what brought me to Christianity.

I "But don't you think that Christianity could altimately be a transformation of your Egyptian teachings?"

A "If you say that our old teachings were less adequate expressions of Christianity, then I'm more likely to agree with you."

I "Yes, but do you then assume that the history of religions is aimed at a final goal?"

A "My father once bought a black slave at the market from the region of the source of the Nile. He came from a country that had heard of neither Osiris nor the other Gods, he told me many things in a more simple language that said the same as we behaved about Osiris and the other Gods. I learned to understand that those aneducated Negroes unknowingly already possessed most of what the religions of the cultured peoples had developed into complete documes. Those able to read that language correctly could thus recognize in it not only the pagan documes but also the docume of Jesus. And it's with this that I now occupy myself. I read the gospels and seek their meaning which is yet to come.

We know their meaning as it lies before us, but not their hidden meaning which points to the future. It's erroneous to believe that teligions differ in their innermost essence. Strictly speaking, it's always one and the same religion. Every subsequent form of religion is the meaning of the antecedent."

I "Have you found out the meaning which is yet to come?"

A "No, not yet it's very difficult but I hope I'L succeed. Sometimes it seems to me that I need the stimulation of others, but I realize that those are temptations of Satan."

I "Don't you believe that you'd succeed if you were nearer men?"

A "Perhaps you're right"

He looks at me suddenly as if doubtful and suspicious. "But," he continues. "I love the desert, do you understand? This yellow sun glowing desert. Here you can see the countenance of the sun every day, you are alone you can see glorious Helios—no, that is pagan—what's wrong with me? I'm confused—you are Saran—I recognize you—give way, adversary!"

/ He jumps up incensed and wants to hinge at me. But I am far away in the twentieth century.44

[2][HI 26] He who sleeps in the grave of the millennia dreams a wonderful dream. He dreams a primordially ancient dream. He dreams of the vising sum.

If you sleep this sleep and dream this dream in this time of the world, you will know that the san will also rise at this time. For the moment we are still in the dark, but the day is upon as.

He who comprehends the darkness in himself, to him the light it near. He who climbs down into his darkness reaches the traincase of the working tight, fire-maned Helios.

Fits chartet accends with four white horses, his back bears no cross, and his side no wound, but he is rafe and his head blazes in the fire

Nor is he a man of mockery, but of spiendor and unquestionable force

I do not know what I speak, I speak in a dream. Support me for I stagger, drunk with fire. I drank fire in this right, since I climbed down through the centuries and plunged into the san far at the bottom. And I rose up drunk from the sun, with a barning countenance and my head is abtaze.

Give me your hand, a human hand, so that you I can hote me to the earth with it, for whirling veins of fire swoop me up, and exultant longing tears me toward the zenith.

But day is about to break, actual day, the day of this world. And I remain concealed in the gorge of the earth, deep down and solitary, and in the darkening shadows of the valley. That is the shadow and beaviness of the earth.

How can I pray to the sun, that rises far in the East over the desert? Why should I pray to AP I drink the sun within me. so why should I pray to AP But the desert, the desert in me demands prayers, since the desert wants to satisfy itself with what is alive I want to beg God for A, the sun, or one of the other immortals.

I beg because I am empty and am a beggar. In the day of this world. I forget that I drank the sun and am drunk from its active light and singeing power. But I stepped into the ahadows of the earth, and saw that I am naked and have nothing to cover my poverty. No sooner do you touch the earth than your inner life is over, it flees from you nate things.

And a wondrous life arises in things. What you thought was

62 Oslita was the Egyptan God of tife, death, and fer itin, Seth was the God of the discret. Seth was moretised and dismembered by his brother Cours a Osicis a body was recovered and pair back together by his wife. Into, and he was resurrected, Jung discussed Osicis and Seth in Theyformation and Symbols of the Islate (1912) (CW B, §348f).

25/26

⁶³ Hour. Dank's son, was the Egyptian God of the slot. He fought against Such
64 The Corrected Oraft continues: Such any more if to misself as on a dropping of 4.48). Christian anchorates were perpetually on goard against the appearance of Satan. A
factors enough of templations by the devel or such as a dropping it of St. Anthony. In 1922, lung noted that St. Anthony warned his monde: now deverty the Devil
disguised houself in order: a bring hely men to their downfall. The Devil is naturally the voice of the anchorite's own unconscious that cises up against the foreible
suppression of his parare. (Psychological Types CW 6 582). St. Anthony's experiences were elaborated by Flaubert in his Tompawin of Authory, a work with which Jung
was familian (Psychology and Authory, CW 4 559)

dead and manimate betrays a secret afe and silent, mexorable intent. You have got caught up in a hustle and bustle where everything goes its own way with strange gestures, beside you, above you, beneath you, and through you, even the stones speak to you, and magical threads spin from you to things and from things to you. Far and near work within you and you work in a dark manner upon the near and the far. And you are always: helpiess and a prey

But if you watch closely, you will see what you have never seen before, namely that things live their afe, and that they are off your the rivers bear your life to the valley, one stone falls upon another with your force, plants and animals also grow through you and they are the cause of your death. A leaf dancing in the wind dances with you; the irrational animal* guesses your thought and represents you. The whole earth sucks its life from you and everything reflects you again.

Nothing happens in which you are not entangled in a secret marrier, for everything has ordered itself around you and plays your innermost. Nothing in you is hidden to things, no matter how remote, how precious, how secret it is. It inheres in things Your dog robs you of your father who passed away long ago, and rooks at you as he did. The cow in the meadow has intuited your mother, and charms you with total calm and security. The stars whisper your deepest mysteries to you, and the soft valleys of the earth rescue you in a motherly womb

Like a stray child you stand pitifully among the mighty, who hold the threads of your afe. You cry for help and attach yourself to the first person that comes your way. Perhaps he can advise you perhaps he knows the thought that you do not have and which all things have sucked out of you

I know that you would take to hear the tidings of he whost things have not lived, but who lived and fulfilled himself. For you are a son of the earth, sucked dry by the sucking earth, that can suck nothing out of itself, but suckles only from the sun. Therefore you would the to have tudings of the son of the sun, which shines and does not suchle

I You would like to hear of the son of God, who shone and gave, who begot, and to whom tife was born again, as the earth bears the sun green and colorfia children

You would the so hear of him, the radiating savior, who as a son of the sun cut through the webs of the earth, who sundered the magic threads and released those to bondage who owned himself and was no one's servant, who sucked no one dry, and whose treasure no one exhausted.

You would like to hear of him who was not darkened by the shadow of earth, but illuminated is, who saw the thoughts of all, and whose thoughts no one guessed, who possessed in himself the meaning of all things, and whose meaning no thing could express

The solitary fled the world; he closed his eyes, plugged his ears and buried himself in a cave within himself, but it was no use The desert sucked him dry, the stones spoke his thoughts, the cave echoed his feelings, and so he himself became desert, stone and cave. And it was all emptiness and desert, and helpiessness and barrenness, since he did not shine and remained a son of the earth who sucked a book dry and was sucked empty by the desert. He was desire and not splendor completely earth and not sun.

Consequently he was in the desert as a clever saint who very well knew that otherwise he was no different from the other sons of the earth. It he would have drunk of himself, he would have drunk fire

The solitary went into the desert to find himself. But he didnot want to find himself, but rather the manifold meaning of holy scripture. You can suck the immensity of the small and the great into yourself, and you will become emptier and emptier, since immense fullness and immense emptiness are one and the same "

He wanted to find what he needed in the outer But you find manifold meaning only in yourself, not in things since the manifoldness of meaning is not something that is given at the same time, but is a succession of meanings. The meanings that follow one another do not as in things, but as in you who are subject to many changes, asofar as you take part in life. Things also change, but you do not nonce this if you do not change. But if you change, the countenance of the world alters. The manifold sense of things is your manifold sense. It is aseless to fathorn it in things. And this probably explains why the solitary went into the desert, and fathomed the thing but not turnself

And therefore what happened to every desirous solitary also happened to him: the devil came to him with smooth tongue and clear reasoning and knew the right word at the tight moment. He aired him to his desire. I had to appear to him as the devil since. I had accepted my darkness. I are the earth and I drank the sun. and I became a greening tree that stands alone and grows "/

28/29

Death"

Cap. vi.

[HI 29] On the following night," I wandered to the northern and and found myself under a gray sky in misty hazy cool moist air. I strive to those lowlands where the weak currents, flashing in broad mirrors, stream toward the sea, where all haste of flowing becomes more and more dampened, and where all power and all striving unites with the immeasurable extent of the sea. The trees become sparse, wide swamp meadows accompany the still murky water, the horizon is unending and lonely, draped by gray clouds. Slowly, with restrained breath, and with the great and annious expectation of one gliding downward wildly on the foam and pouring himself into endlessness. I follow my brother the sea-It flows softly and almost imperceptibly, and yet we continually approach the supreme embrace, entering the womb of the source. the boundless expansion and immeasurable depths. Lower youldw hills rise there. A broad dead take widens at their feet. We wander atong the hills quietly and they open up to a dusky, unapeakably remote horizon, where the sky and the sea are fused into infinity.

Someone is standing there, on the last dune. He is wearing a black wrinkled cost, he stands motionless and looks into the distance. I go up to him-he is gaunt and with a deeply serious rook in his eyes I say to him:

"Let me stand beside you for a while, dark one. I recognized you from afar. There is only one who stands this way, so solitary and at the last corner of the world."

⁶⁵ An inversion of Aristode') definition of man as the "material animal

⁶⁶ See Jung's description of the Pletoma, p. 347 below.
67 The Digit and Converse Droft continue: "But I saw sollrade and its beauty and I selzed the life of the manumate and the meaning of the meaningless. I also understood this act of my manifestures. And thus my tree grow in the solution and quart eating for earth with more reaching for down and donking the sun with hearithes reaching high up. The solitary alien guest entered my soul. But my greening sile flooded me. [Thus I wandered, following the nature of the water). The solitaries and the solitaries and I wandered and tooked, I wanted to fullowing the nature of the water). The solitaries and I want to fullow the solitaries and I want to fullow the depths of solitaries and I want to full wanted to fullow the depths of solitaries and I want to full and the full following for the "Fifth Adequate Donth" (p. 557).

58 The boundary and

⁶⁹ January 2, 1914

29/30

He answered: "Stranger, you may well stand by nee if it is not too cold for you. As you can see, I am cold and my heart has never beaten."

"I know you are see and the end; you are the cold silence of the stones; and you are the highest snow on the mountains and the most extreme frost of outer space. I must feet this and that's why I stand near you."

"What leads you here to me, you living matter? The living are never guests here. Well, they all flow past here sadly in dense crowds, all those above in the land of the clear day who have taken their departure, / never to return again. But the living never come here. What do you seek here?"

"My strange and anexpected path led me here as I happily followed the way of the aving stream. And thus I found you. I gather this is your place, your rightful place?"

"Yes, here it leads into the andifferentiable, where none is equal or anequal, but all are one with one another. Do you see what approaches there?"

"I see something like a dark wall of clouds, swimming toward us on the tide "

"Look more closely, what do you recognize?"

"I see densely pressed multitudes of men, old men, women, and chadren. Between them I see horses, oxen and smaller animals, a cloud of misects swarms around the multitude, a torest swims near, innumerable faded flowers an utterly dead summer. They are already near how stiff and coor they all look, their feet do not move, no noise sounds from their closed. ranks. They are clasping themselves rigidly with their hands and arms, they are gazing beyond and pay us no heed-they are all flowing past in an enormous stream. Dark one, this vision is awful."

"You wanted to stay by me, so get hold of yourself Look!"

I see: "The first rows have reached the point where the surfand the stream flow together violently. And at looks as af a wave of air were confronting the stream of the dead together with the surging sea, whirling them up high, scattering them in black scraps and dissolving them in murky clouds of mist. Wave after wave approaches, and ever new droves dissolve into black air. Dark one tell me is this the end?"

"Look!"

The dark sea breaks heavily—a reddish glow spreads out in at—it is like blood—a sea of blood foams at my feet—the depths of the sea glow-how strange I feel am I suspended by my teet? Is it the sea or is it the sky? Blood and fire mix themselves together in a ball-red light erupts from its smoky shroud- a new sun. escapes from the bloody sea, and rolls gleamingly toward the uttermost depths—it disappears under my feet.™

I sook around me, I am all alone. Night has fallen. What did Ammonaus say? Night is the time of silence

[2] [HI 30] I looked around me and I saw that the soutude expanded into the immeasurable, and pierced me with horrible coldness. The sun still glowed in the, but I could feel myself stepping into the great shadow. I follow the stream that makes its

way into the depths, slowly and unperturbed, into the depths of What is to come

And thus I went out in that night (it was the second night of the year (914) and anxious expectation filled me. I went out to embrace the future. The path was wide and what was to come was awful. It was the enormous dying, a sea of blood. From it the new sun arose, awful and a reversal of that which we call day. We have seized the darkness and its sun will shine above us, bloody and burning like a great downtall

When I comprehended my darkness, a truly magnificent night came over me and my dream plunged me into the depths of the molennia, and from it my phoenix ascended.

But what happened to my day? Torches were kindled, bloody anger and disputes erupted. As darkness seized the world, the remble was arose and the darkness destroyed the light of the world, since it was incomprehensible to the darkness and good for nothing anymore. And so we had to taste Hell

I saw which vices the virtues of this time changed into, how your mudness became hard, your goodness became brutality, your love became hate and your understanding became madness. Why did you want to comprehend the darkness. But you had to or else it would have seized you. Happy the man who anticipates this grasp.

Did you ever think of the evil in you? Oh, you spoke of it you mentioned it and you confessed it smilingly, as a generally human vice, or a recurring musunderstanding. But did you know / what evil is, and that it stands precisely right behind your virtues, that it is also your virtues themselves, as their mevitable substance >" You locked Satan in the abyse for a millennium, and when the millennium had passed you laughed at him, since he had become a children's fairy tale." But if the dreadful great one raises his head, the world wincer. The most extreme coldness draws near

With horror you see that you are defenseless, and that the army of your vices falls powerless to its knees. With the power of daimons, you seize the evil, and your virtues cross over to him. You are completely alone in this struggle, since your Gods have become deaf. You do not know which devils are greater, your vices, or your virtues. But of one thing you are certain, that virtues and vices are brothers

"We need the coldness of death to see clearly Life wants to we and to die, to begin and to end. You are not forced to live eternally, but you can also die, since there is a will in you for both. Life and death must strike a balance in your existence." Today's men need a large slice of death, since too much incorrectness eves in them, and too much correctness died in them. What stays in balance is correct, what disturbs balance is incorrect. But if balance has been attained, then that which preserves it is incorrect. and that which disturbs it is correct. Balance is at once life and death. For the completion of life a balance with death is fitting. If I accept death, then my tree greens since dying increases life If I plunge into the death encompassing the world, then my buds break open. How much our life needs death!

²⁰ Of the vision in Like Primes on 5. Descent tota Hell in the Future," p. 241

⁷⁷ In 1940 long wrote: Evil is relative, partly avoidable, partly fine: the same goes for virtue and one often does not know which is worst. ("Attempt at a psychological interpretation of the dogstor of the dogstor of the clinity," CW (1, §2.91)
73 In the Corrected Draft, this sentence is replaced with: "Evil is one-half of the world, one of the two pans of the scale", p. 242,
73 The Draft convinces: "In this bloody bardle death steps up to you, just tike roday where mass falling and dying fill the world. The cultimess of death penetrates you When I from to death in my collecte. I saw clearly and saw what was to come, as clearly at I could see the stars and the distant mountains on a frusty night" (p. 260) 74 [n Transformation and Symbols of the Libido (1912). Jung had argued that the libido was not only a Schepenhauerian life arge that contained the contrary surving lowerd teath within itself CW 8 6666

To he had not many a not what a cight and to let what is false die, that is the art of sife" (p. 26t). In 1934 Jung wrote: Life is an energetic process tike any other But over courge in process is in processed and therefore unequivocally directed notward a goal, and the goal is the state of rest. From the middle of life only he who is willing to die with life remains living. Since what takes place in the secret hour of life's madday is the reversal of the parabola, the with of white. Not wanting to live us identically with not wanting to die. Seconding and passing sway to the same carrier ("Sout and death," CW 8. §800). See my "The boundless expanse" (ung)s reflections on tife and death." Quarters: Fourset of the C. G. Yang Foundation for Analytical Psychology 38 (2008). pp. 9-32.

Joy at the smallest thangs comes to you only when you have accepted death. But if you look out greedily for all that you could still ave, then nothing is great enough for your pleasure, and the smallest things that continue to surround you are no longer a joy. Therefore I behold death, since it teaches me how to live

If you accept death, it is altogether like a frosty night and an anxious misgiving, but a frosty night in a vineyard full of sweet grapes." You will soon take pleasure in your wealth. Death ripens One needs death to be able to harvest the truit. Without death. life would be meaningless, since the long-lasting rises again and denies its own meaning. To be, and to enjoy your being, you need death, and unitation enables you to furful your being

[HI 31] When I see the lamentation and nonsense of the earth and consequently enter death with a covered head, then everything I see with indeed turn to ice. But in the shadow world the other rises, the red sun." It rises secretly and anexpectedly. and my world revolves like a satanic apparition. I suspect blood and murder. Blood and murder alone are still exalted, and have their own peculiar beauty: one can assume the beauty of bloody. acts of violence

But it is the unacceptable, the awfully repulsive, that which I have forever rejected that rises in me. For if the wretchedness and poverty of this life ends another life begins in what is opposed to me. This is opposed to such an extent that I cannot conceive it. For it is opposed not according to the laws of reason. but thoroughly and according to its own nature. Yes, it is not only opposed, but repulsive unvisibly and cruelly repulsive, something that takes my breath away, that drains the power from my muscles. that confuses my senses, stings me poisonously from behind in the heel, and atways strikes just where I did not suspect I possessed. a viunerable spot "

It does not confront me like a strong enemy manly and dangerously, but I perish on a dung heap, while peaceful chackens cackie around me amazedly and mindlessly laying their eggs. A dog passes, lifts his leg over me, then trots off calmiy. I curse the hour of my birth seven times, and if I do not choose to kill myself. on the spot, I prepare to experience the hour of my second burth. The ancients said: Inter faces et urinat nascimur." For three nights I was assaulted by the horrors of birth. On the third night junglelike laughter peated forth, for which nothing is too simple. Then are began to stir again. /

The Remains of Earlier Temples

Cap. vii

[HI 32]11 A Yet another new adventure occurred; wide meadows spread out before me- a carpet of flowers- soft hills—a fresh green. wood in the distance. I come across two strange journeymenprobably two completely accidental companions: an old monk

and a tall gangly thin man with a chudish gait and discolored red clothes. As they draw near. I recognize the tall one as the red rider. How he has changed! He has grown old, his red hair has become gray, his fiery red clothes are worn out, shabby, poor. And the other? He has a paunch and appears not to have fallen on bad times. But his face seems familiar by all the Gods, it's Ammonius:

What changes! And where are these atterly different people coming from? I approach them and but them good day. Both look at me frightened and make the sign of the cross. Their horror prompts me to look down at myself. I am funy covered in green leaves, which spring from my body. I greet them a second time, laughing

Ammonius exclaims horrified: "Apage, Satanasi™s The Red One: "Damned pages riffraff"

I "But my dear friends, what's wrong with you? I'm the Hyperborean stranger who visited you, Oh Ammonius, in the desert.* And I'm the watchman whom you, Red One, once visited."

Ammonius: 'I recognize you, you supreme devil. My downfall began with you."

The Red One looks at him reproachfully and gives him a poke in the ribs. The monk sheepishly stops. The Red One turns haughtily toward me

R. "Already at that time I couldn't help thinking that you. tacked a noble disposition, notwithstanding your hypocritical seriousness. Your danned Christian play-act

At this moment Ammonius pokes him in the ribs and the Red One falls into an embarrassed silence. And thus both stand. before me aheepish and ridiculous, and yet pitiable

I "Wherefrom, man of God" What outrageous fate has led you here, let alone in the company of the Red One?

A. "I would prefer not to tell you. But it does not appear to be a dispensation of God that one can escape. So know then that you. evil spurit, have done me a terrible deed. You seduced me with / your accursed currosity, desurously stretching my hand after the divine anysteries, since you made me conscious at that time that I really knew nothing about them. Your remark that I probably needed the closeness of men to arrive at the higher mysteries stunned me like infernal poison. Soon thereafter I called the prothers of the valley together and announced to them that a messenger of God had appeared to me- so terribly had you blunded me and commanded me to form a monastery with the brothers

"When Brother Philetus raised an objection, I refuted him with reference to the passage in the holy scriptures where it is said that it is not good for man to be alone.15 So we founded the monastery, near the Nile, from where we could see the passing ships

"We cultivated far fields, and there was so much to do that the holy scriptures fell into obtivion. We became voluptuous, and one day I was filled with such terrible longing to see Alexandria again. I talked myself into beheving that I wanted to visit the bishop there But first I was intoxicated so much by life on the ship, and then by the milling crowds on the streets of Alexandria, that I became completely lost

76 See above, note 20, p. 23).

⁷⁷ A reterence to the vision above

⁷⁸ an Transformation and Symbols of the Lifture (1912), tung commenced on the motified the wounded heet (CW B. §461).

^{*9 &}quot;We are born between faces and urine," a saying widely attributed to St. Augustine among others

⁸⁰ The Handwritten Druft has instead: "Slath Adventure" (p. 586). The Corrected Draft has instead: "6. Degenerate Ideals" (p. 247). 8) The mosaic form resembles the mosaics at Ravennia which Jung visited in 1913 and 1914, and which made a lasting impression on him.

^{8) &}quot;Be gone, Satan" -a common expression in the bladdle Ages.
8) The Hyperboreans were a race in Greek my hology who lived in a land of numbrine beyond the north wind, worshiping Apollo. Nierzache referred on several occasions. to the free spirits as Hyperbeceans. We Articlean \$6. Hilliping the doll The Antichrist of R. Hollingdale. London Penguin. 990 p. 27)

85 A reference to Genesis 2:18: "And the Lord God said. It is not good that the man should be alone: I will make how an help meet for hum. There is one reference to a

Philetus in the Bible 2 Timothy 2:16: 18: But alum protone and vain babblings for they will corresse unto more angodiness. And their word will eau as doth a canbei if which is Hymenaeus and Philerie. Who concerning the truth have erred, saying that the resurremon is pass already and overthrow the ratth of some

^{32/33}

"As in a dream I climbed onto a large ship bound for Italy, I felt an insanable greed to see the world. I drank wine and saw that women were beautiful. I wallowed in pleasure and wholly turned into an animal. When I climbed ashore in Naples, the Red One stood there and I knew that I had fallen into the hands of evil."

R "Be silent old foot, if I had not been present, you would have become an outright pig. When you saw me, you finally putted yourself together cursed the drinking and the women, and returned to the monastery

"Now hear my story, damned hobgobian: I too fell mio your snare, and your pagan arts also encoded me. After the conversation at that time, where you caught me in the fox trap with your remark about dancing, I became serious, so serious that I went into the monastery prayed fasted and converted myself.

"In my blindness I wanted to reform the Church attargy, and with the bishop's approval I introduced dancing.

"I became Abbot and, as such, alone had the sole right to dance before the alear like David before the ark of the covenant." But little by little, the brothers also began to dance, indeed, even the congregation of the faithful and finally the whole city danced

"It was terrible. I fled into solitude and danced all day until I dropped, but in the morning the hellish dance began again.

"I sought to escape from myself and strayed and wandered around at right. In the daytime I kept myself secluded, and danced alone in the forests and deserted mountains. And thus gradually I came to Italy. Down there in the south, I no longer felt as I had felt in the north: I could numble with the crowds. Only in Naples did I somewhat find my way again, and there I also found this ragged man of God. His appearance gave me strength. Through him I could regain my health. You've heard how he took heart from me, too, and found his way again."

A, "I must confess I did not fare so badly with the Red One he's a roned down type of devil."

R. "I must add that the monk is hardly the fanatical type, although I ve developed a deep aversion against the whole Christian religion since my experience in the monastery."

["Dear friends, it does my heart good to see you enjoying yourselves together."

Both, "We are not pleased mocker and adversary, clear off, you cobber pagan!"

("But why are you traveling together, if you're not enjoying each other's company and friendship?"

A "What can be done? Even the devil is necessary, since otherwise one has nothing that commands a sense of respect with people."

R, "Well, I need to come to an arrangement with the clergy or cles 1 will iose my clientele."

I "Therefore the necessities of life have brought you together! So let a make peace and be friends."

Both "But we can never be friends"

I "Oh. I see, the system is at fault. You probably want to die out first? Now let me pass, you old ghosts!"

[2] [HI 33] When I had seen death and all the terrible solemnity that is gathered around it, and had become ice and night myself, an angry life and impulse rose up in me. My thirst for the rushing water of the deepest knowledge³⁴ began to clink with wine glasses; from afar I heard drunken laughter, laughing women and street noise. Dance music, / stamping and

cheering poured forth from all over, and instead of the rose-scented south wind the toek of the human animal streamed over me. Luscious-lewd whores giggled and rustied along the walls, wine fumes and kitchen steam and the foolish cackling of the human crowd drew near in a cloud. Hot sticky tender hands reached out for me and I was swaddled in the covers of a sick-bed. I was born into life from below, and a grew up as heroes do in hours rather than years. And after I had grown up, I found myself in the middle land, and saw that it was spring

[HI 34] But I was no longer the man I had been, for a strange being grew through me. This was a laughing being of the forest a leaf green daimon, a forest goblin and prantister who lived alone in the forest and was itself a greening tree being, who loved nothing but greening and growing, who was neither disposed nor undisposed toward men, full of mood and chance obeying an invisible law and greening and writing with the trees, neither beautiful nor ugly, neither good nor had, merely aving, primordially old and yet completely young naked and yet naturally clothed, not man but nature, frightened, laughable powerful childish weak, deceiving and deceived, atterly inconstant and superficial and yet reaching deep down down to the kernel of the world.

I had absorbed the afe of both of my friends: a green tree grew from the runs of the temple. They had not withstood life, but, seduced by life, had become their own monkey business. They had got caught in the muck, and so they called the living a devil and traitor. Because both of them believed in themselves and in their own goodness, each in his own way, they altimately became mired in the natural and conclusive burial ground of an outlived ideals. The most beautiful and the best like the aguest and the worst, end up someday in the most laughable place in the world, surrounded by fancy dress and ied by foois and go horror-struck to the pix of filth.

After the cursing comes maghter, so that the soul is soved from the dead, Ideals are, according to their essence, desired and pondered they exist to this extent, but only to this extent. Yet their effective being cannot be demed. He who believes he is really diving his ideals, or believes he can live them, suffers from demisions of grandeur and behaves like a lunation that he stages himself as an ideal; but the hero has fallen Ideals are mortal, so one should prepare oneself for their end; at the same time it probably costs you your neck for do you not see that it was you who gave meaning, value and effective force to your ideal? If you have become a sacrifice to the ideal, then the ideal cracks open, plays carrival with you, and goes to Hell on Ash Wednesday. The ideal is also a tool that one can put aside anytime, a torch on dark paths. But whoever runs around with a torch by day is a fool. How much my ideals have come down, and how freshly my tree greens!

"When I turned green, they stood there, the sad remains of eariter temples and rose gardens, and I recognized with a shudder their inner affinity. It seemed to me that they had established an indecent alliance. But I understood that this aliance had aready existed for a long time. At a time when I still claimed that my sanctuaries were of crystal purity, and when I compared my friends to the perfume of the roses of Persia," both of them formed an alliance of mutual silence.

⁸⁶ to Chronodes 1.15, David dances before the ark of the covenant

⁸⁷ The Corrected Orightes "the window" inscend of "the deepen knowledge" (p. 251).

⁸⁸ The Dright and "services Dright have." I had become a victim of my sanctuaries and bequires, and so * died naisenable and deprened [therefore death came to me]" (p. 354).

89 to Persia, the crushed penals of rose were steam-distilled to make rose oil, from which perfumes were made.

They seemed to scatter but secretly they worked together. The solitary silence of the temple lured me far away from men to the supernatural mysteries in which I jost myself to the point of surfert. And while I struggled with God, the devil prepared himself for my reception, and tore me just as far to his side. There, too. I found no boundaries other than surfeit and disgust. I did not ave but was driven. I was a slave to my idea;s.**

And thus they stood there, the ruins, quarreting with one another and unable to reconcile themselves to their common misery Within myself I had become one as a natural being, but I was a hobgoblin* who frightened the soutary wanderer and who avoided the places of men. But I greened and bloomed from within myself. I had still not become a man again who carned within himself the conflict between a longing for the world and a longing for the spirit. I did not ave either of these longings, but I lived myself, and was a merrily greening tree in a remote. spring forest. And thus I searned to sive without the world and spirit and I was amazed how well I could live like this

But what about men, what about mankend? There they stood the two deserted bridges that abould lead across to mankind one leads from above to below and men glide down on it which pleases them. / The other leads from below to above and manland. grouns upward on it. This causes them trouble. We drive our fellow men to trouble and joy. If I myself do not ave, but merely climb, it gives others undeserved pleasure. If I simply enjoy myself, it causes others undeserved trouble. If I merely live, I am far removed from men. They no longer see me, and when they see me, they are astonished and shocked. I myself however quite simply living, greening, blooming, fading, stand like a treealways in the same spot and let the suffering and the joy of men. pass over me with equanumity. And yet I am a man who cannot excuse himself from the discord of the human heart.

But my ideals can also be my dogs, whose yapping and squabbling do not disturb me. But at least then I am a good and a bad dog to men. But I have not yet actueved what should be namely that I five and yet am a man. It seems to be nearly impossible. to live as a man. As long as you are not conscious of your self you can live, but if you become conscious of your self, you fail from one grave into another Au your rebirths could altimately make you^{es} sick. The Buddha therefore finally gave up on rebirth, for he had had enough of crawing through all human and animal forms 4 After all the rebirths you set, remain the iron crawling on the earth, the XAMAI AEON [Chameleon], a caticature, one prone to changing colors, a crawling shimmening lizard, but precisely not a ton, whose nature is related to the sun, who draws his power from within himself, who does not crawl around in the protective colors of the environment, and who does not defend himself by going into hiding. I recognized the chameleon and no longer want to crawl on the earth and change colors and

be reborn, instead I want to exist from my own force, like the sun which gives aght and does not suck light. That belongs to the earth. I recall my solar nature and would like to rush to my rising, But rums" stand in my way. They say "With regard to men you should be this or that " My chameleonesque skin shudders. They obtrude upon me and want to color me. But that should no longer be. Neither good nor evil shall be my masters. I push them aside the laughable survivors, and go on my way again, which leads me to the East. The quarreting powers that for so long stood between me and myself he behind me

Henceforth I am completely alone I can no longer say to you "Listeni" or "you should," or "you could," but now I talk only with myself. Now no one else can do anything more for me nothing whatsoever I no longer have a duty toward you, and you no longer have duties roward me, since I varish and you vanish from me. I no longer hear requests and no longer make requests of you. I no longer fight and reconcile myself with you, but place silence between you and me

Your call dies away in the distance, and you cannot find my tootprints. Together with the west wind, which comes from the plains of the ocean, I journey across the green countryside. I roam through the forests, and bend the young grass. I talk with trees and the forest wildlife, and the stones show me the way When I thirst and the source does not come to me. I go to the source. When I starve and the bread does not come to me. I. seek my bread and take it where I find it. I provide no help and need no help. If at any time necessity confronts me, I do not took around to see whether there is a helper nearby, but I accept the necessity and bend and writhe and struggle. I laugh. I weep. I swear but I do not look around me

On this way, no one walks behind me, and I cross no one's path. I am alone, but I fill my solitarmess with my tife. I am man enough, I am noise, conversation, comfort and help enough anto myself And so I wander to the far East. Not that I know anything about what my distant goas might be. I see blue horizons before me: they suffice as a goal. I hurry toward the East and my rising. I will my rising. / [Image 36]*/

First Day

Cap. viit."

[HI 37] But on the third night " a desolate mountain range blocks my way, though a narrow valley gorge allows me to enter. The way leads inevitably between two high rock faces. My feet are bare and injure themselves on the jagged rocks. Here the path becomes suppery. One-half of the way is white, the other black. I step onto the black side and recoil horrified, it is hot iron I step onto the white half it is ice. But so it must be I dark

35 37

⁹⁵ to 1926, long wrote. "The transition from mortaing to afternoon is a transduction of earlier when From this comes the necessity to appreciate the value of the opposite of no former should be on space to come in the control of the opposite of no former should be on space to control of the proper to control of the first Life CW 2 513).

⁹¹ The Corrected Draft has "green creature" (p. 255

arre sea inqui has imp 93 The Corrected Draft base one' (p. 257)

⁹⁴ The Corrected Draft continues: 'like a chameleon' (p. 148'. A passage occurs here in the Draft, a paraphrase of which follows: It is our chameleon nature than forces us through these transformations. So long as we are chameleons, we need an annual pearney in the bath of reboth. Therefore I looked at the ourdering of my ideals with horner nince a toved my natural gradiness and mistrusted my chameleon skin, which changed colors according to the environment. The chameleon does this elevely. There was a belief that the southeat to go through ?77 minuscreations (Exnest Woods, The New Thomps). Wheston to The Thompson of Free 1920 p. 4)

95 The Driff has unstead: "my ideal survival" p. 277)

96 Image regard: This image was printed on Chrismas (915." The depiction of radiobar scrongly resembles an illustration of hum in Withelm Roscher's Augilleritotes.

Lettler der Griechtsker und Römischen Mythologie, at which hang possessed a copy Topping Teubner, 4864, 1937], vol. 2, p. 775). Ezdubar was an early name green the figure new horsen at digament. The was based on a mistransistip one in which feet Sensen notes. It has now been established that intrament in the best moregonist of the epic and not Giotchubar or ladubar as assumed previously" (Des Gilgonesch-Epos in der Weltkersahr [Strussburg, Karl Tithner (906], p. 2) Jung had discussed the agreement popular or an approximation of the previous form and two kneeds work several mes.

77 The Herderians Dreft has instead: "Seventh Advances." First Day" (p. 626) The Corrected Dreft has instead: "7 The Great Encounter. From Dreft has instead: "Seventh Advances." First Day" (p. 626)

across and onward, and finally the valley widens into a mighty rocky basin. A narrow path winds up along vertical rocks to the mountain ridge at the top.

As I approach the top, a mighty booming resounds from the other side of the mountain like one being pounded. The sound gradually swells, and echoes thunderously in the mountain. As I reach the pass, I see an enormous man approach from the other side.

Two bull horns rise from his great head, and a ratting surof armor covers his chest. His black beard is ruffled and decked
with exquisite stones. The giant is carrying a sparkling double axe
in his hand, like those used to strike bulls. Before I can recover
from my amazed fright, the giant is standing before me. I look
at his face: it is faint and pale and deeply wrinkled. His almondshaped eyes rook at me astonished. Horror takes hold of me: this
is Izdubar, the mighty, the bull-man. He stands and rooks at me
his face speaks of consuming inner feat, and his hands and knees
tremble. Izdubar, the powerful bull trembling? Is he frightened?
I call out to him.

"Oh, Izdubar, most powerful, spare my life and forgive me for lying like a worm in your path."

Iv "I do not want your life. Where do you come from?"

I "I come from the West"

Iz: "You come from the West? Do you know of the Western lands?" Is this the right way to the Western lands?"

I "I come from a Western land, whose coast washes against the great Western sea."

Iz. "Does the sun sink in that sea? Or does it touch the solid land in its decline?"

I "The sun sinks far beyond the sea."

Iz: "Beyond the sea? What hes there?"

I "There is nothing but empty space there. As you know, the earth is round and moreover at turns around the sun."

Iz "Damned one, where do you get such knowledge? So there is no ammortal land where the sun goes down to be reborn? Are you speaking the truth?"

His eyes flicker with fury and fear. He steps a thundering pace closer I trembie

I "Oh Izdubar most powerful one, forgive my presump tuousness, but I m really speaking the truth I come from a land where this is proven science and where people live who travel round the world with their ships. Our scholars know through measurement how far the sun is from each point of the surface of the earth. It is a celestral body that lies unspeakably far out in unending space."

Iz "Unending—did you say? Is the space of the world anending, and we can never reach the sun?"

I "Most powerful one insofar as you are mortal, you can never reach the sun"

I see him overcome with suffocating fear

Iz "I am mortal- and I shall never reach the sun, and never reach immortality."

He smashes his axe with a powerful, clanging blow on the rock.

Iz "Be gone, miserable weapon. You are not much use. How should you be of use against infinity, against the eternal word, / and against the unreplenishible. There is no one left for you to conquer. Smash yourself, what's it worth?" (In the West the sun sinks into the iap of glowing clouds in bright crimson.)

"So go away, sun, thrice-damned God, and wrap yourself in your immortality?"

(He snatches the smashed piece of his axe from the ground and hurls it toward the sun.)

"Here you have your sacrifice your last sacrifice!"

He collapses and sobs like a child. I stand shaking and hardly dare stir

Iz "Miserable worm, where did you suckie on this poison?"

I "Oh Izdubar most powerful one what you call poison is science. In our country we are mirtured on it from youth, and that may be one reason why we haven't properly flourished and remain so dwarfish. When I see you, however, it seems to me as if we are all somewhat poisoned."

In "No stronger being has ever cut me down, no monster has ever resisted my strength. But your poison, worm, which you have placed in my way has larned me to the marrow. Your magical poison is stronger than the army of Tiamat." (He des as if paralyzed, stretched out on the ground.) "You Gods, help, here has your son, cut down by the invisible serpent's bite in his heel. Oh, if only I had crushed you when I saw you and never heard your words."

I "Oh Izdubar great and pitiable one had I known that my knowledge could cut you down, I would have held my tongue But I wanted to speak the truth."

12: "You call poison truth? Is poison truth? Or is truth poison? Do not our astrologers and priests also speak the truth? And yet theirs does not act like poison."

I "Oh Izdubar, night is failing, and it will get cold up here Shall I not fetch you help from men?"

Iz "Let it be and answer me instead."

I "But we cannot philosophize here of all places. Your wretched condition demands help."

Iz "I say to you, let it be If I should perish this night so be it just give me an answer."

I "I'm afraid, my words are weak, if they are to heat"

Iz "They cannot bring about something more grave. The disaster has already happened. So tell me what you know. Perhaps you even have a magic word that counteracts the poison."

I "My words. Oh most powerful one, are poor and have no magical power."

lz: "No matter, speak!"

I "I don't doubt that your priests speak the truth. It is certainly a truth, only it runs contrary to our truth."

Iz "Are there then two sorts of truth?"

I "It seems to me to be so. Our truth is that which comes to us from the knowledge of outer things. The truth of your priests is that which comes to you from inner things."

Iz (half sitting up) "That was a salutary word."

I "I'm fortunate that my weak words have relieved you. Oh if only I knew many more words that could help you. It has now grown cold and dark. I'll make a fire to warm as."

Iz "Do that as it might help." (I gathered wood and at a big fire) "The holy fire warms me. Now tell me, how did you make a fire so swiftly and mysteriously?"

I "Ail I need are matches Look they are small pieces of wood

99 In Egyptian imprintingly the Western Lenda (the Western bank of the Note, were the land of the shead into In The Corp Science, Nietzscho argued that thirding originated through the pultivation and uniting of several impulses which had the effect of powers the impulse to doubt, to negate to wait, to collect, and to dissolve ("On the doctrine of powers or White Kanfmann "New York Vintage 1974" book 3, rection 3) on In Babylonian mythology. Thansa, the mother of the Gods, waged war with an active of demons.

with a special substance at the tip. Rubbing them against the box produces fire."

Iz: "That is astonishing, where did you tearn this art?"

I "Everyone has matches where I come from But this is the least of it. We can also fly with the help of useful machines." /

Iz "You can fly like birds? If your words did not contain such powerful magic I would say to you, you were lying."

I "I'm certainly not lying. Look, I also have a timepiece, for example, which shows the exact time of day."

Iz "This is wonderful. It is clear that you come from a strange and marvelous land. You certainly come from the blessed Western ands. Are you immortal?"

1 "I -immortal" There is nothing more mortal than we are."

Iz "What? You are not even immortal and yet you understand such acts?"

I. "Unfortunately our science has still not yet succeeded in finding a method against death."

Iz "Who then taught you such arts?"

I "In the course of the centuries men have made many discoveries, through precise observation and the science of outer things."

In "But this science is the awful magic that has lamed me. How can it be that you are still alive even though you drink from this poison every day?"

I "We've grown accustomed to this over time, because menget used to everything. But we're still somewhat lamed. On the other hand, this science also has great advantages, as you've seen. What we've lost in terms of force we've rediscovered many times through mastering the force of nature."

Iz "Isn't it pathetic to be so wounded? For my part, I draw my own force from the force of nature. I leave the secret force to the cowardly comparers and womanly magicians. If I crush another's skull to pulp, that will stop his awful magic."

I "But don't you realize how the touch of our magic has worked upon you? Tembly, I think."

Iz. "Unfortunately, you are right."

I Thow you perhaps see that we had no choice. We had to swallow the poison of science. Otherwise we would have met the same fate as you have, we'd be completely lained, if we encountered it ansuspecting and unprepared. This poison is so insurmountably strong that everyone, even the strongest, and even the eternal Gods, perish because of it. If our life is dear to us, we prefer to sacrifice a piece of our life force rather than abandon ourselves to certain death."

Iz "I no longer think that you come from the blessed Western ands. Your country must be desolate full of paralysis and remunciation. I yearn for the East, where the pure source of our vie-giving wisdom flows."

We sit silently at the flickering fire. The night is cold. Izdubar groans and tooks up at the starry sky above

Iz "Most terrible day of my life-unending—so long—so long-wretched magical art—our priests know nothing, or else they could have protected me from it—even the Gods die he says. Have you no Gods anymore?"

I. "No, words are all we have "

Iz: "But are these words powerful"

I "So they claim, but one notices nothing of this"

Iz: "We do not see the Gods either and yet we believe that they exist. We recognize their workings in natural events."

I "Science has taken from as the capacity of belief" me

Iz "What, you have lost that, too? How then do you ave?"

I "We are thus, with one foot in the cold and one foot in the hot, and for the rest, come what may!"

Iz: "You express yourself darkly."

I "So it also is with us. It is dark"

Iz: "Can you bear it?"

I "Not particularly well I personally don't find myself at ease with it For that reason, I we set out to the East to the land of the rising sun, to seek the light that we lack. Where then does the sun use?"

iz. "The earth is, as you say completely round. Thus the sunrises nowhere."

I "I mean, do you have the light that we lack?"/

Iz. "Look at me: I flourish in the light of the Western world From this you can measure how fruitful this light is. But if you come from such a dark land, then beware of such an overpowering light. You could go blind just as we all are somewhat blind."

I. "If your aght is as fantastic as you are then I will be careful."

Iz "You do well by this"

.. "I long for your truth."

Iz "As I long for the Western lands I warn you."

Silence descends. It is late at night. We tall askeep next to the fire

[2] [HI 40] I wandered toward the South and found the unbearable heat of solitude with myself I wandered toward the North and found the cold death from which all the world dies. I withdrew to my Western land, where the men are rich in knowing and doing, and I began to suffer from the sun's empty darkness. And I threw everything from me and wandered toward the East where the light rises daily. I went to the East like a child. I did not ask. I simply waited.

Cheerful flowery meadows and lovely spring forests hemmed my path. But in the third right, the heaviness came. It stood before me ake a range of cuffs full of sorrowful desolation, and everything tried to deter me from following my life's path. But I found the entrance and the narrow way. The torment was great since it was not for nothing that I had pushed the two dissipated and dissolute ones away from me. I unsuspectingly absorb what I reject. What I accept enters that part of my soul which I do not know. I accept what I do to myself, but I reject what is done to me.

So the path of my afe led me beyond the rejected opposites united in smooth and alast extremely painful sides of the way which lav before me. I stepped on them but they burned and froze my soles. And thus I reached the other side. But the poison of the serpent, whose head you crush, enters you through the wound in your heel; and thus the serpent becomes more dangerous than it was before. Since whatever I reject is never theiress in my nature. I though it was without, and so I believed that I could destroy it. But it resides in me and has only assumed a passing outer form and stepped toward me. I destroyed its form and believed that I was a conqueror. But I have not yet overcome myself.

The outer opposition is an image of my inner opposition. Once I realize this. I remain silent and think of the chasm of antagonism in my sou. Outer oppositions are easy to over come. They indeed exist, but nevertheless you can be united with yourself. They will indeed burn and freeze your soles, but only your soles. It hurts, but you continue and rook toward distant goals.

102 The same of the relation of science to belief was critical in Jung's psychology of religion. See "Psychology and religion" (1998) CW (1

40 44

As I mee to the highest point and my hope wanted to look out toward the East a maracle happened: as I moved toward the East, one from the East hurried toward me and strove toward the sinking light. I wanted aght he wanted night. I wanted to rise he wanted to sink. I was dwarfish like a child, while he was enormous. ike an elementally powerful hero. Knowledge lamed me while he was blanded by the fulness of the light. And so we harried toward. each other, he, from the light, I, from the darkness; he, strong; a wealt, he God; I. serpent, he ancient, I, utterly new, he unknowing. I knowing, he, fantastic, I, sober, he, brave, powerfus, I, cowardly curring. But we were both astonished to see one another on the border between morning and evening.

I was a child and grew like a greening tree and let the wind and distant cries and commotion of opposites / blow camby through my branches, I was a boy and mocked fallen beroes, I was a youth pushing aside their clutching grips left and right and so I did not anticipate the Powerful, Blind, and Immorta-One, who wandered longingly after the unking sun, who wanted to cleave the ocean down to its bottom so he could descend into the source of life. That which burnes toward the riging is small. that which approaches the descent is great. Hence I was small. aince I sumply came from the depths of my descent. I had been where he yearned to be. He who descends is great, and it would be easy for him to smath me. A God who tooks like the run does not hunt worms. But the worm aims at the heet of the Powerfu. One and will prepare him for the descent that he needs. His power is great and build. He is marvelous to sook at and frightening. But the serpent finds its spot. A little poison and the great one fails The words of the one who rises have no sound and taste buter It is not a sweet poison, but one that is fatal for all Gods

Atas, he is my dearest, most beautifut friend, he who rushes across. pursuing the sun and wanting to marry himself with the immeasurable mother as the sun does. How closely altin, indeed how completely one are the serpent and the God! The word which was our deliverer has become a deadly weapon, a serpens thus secretly stabs

No longer do outer opposites stand in my way, but my own opposite comes toward me, and rises up hugely before me, and we block each other's way. The word of the serpent certainly defeats the danger but my way remains barred, since I then had to full from paralysis into blindness, just as the Powerful One ter into paratysis to escape his bundness. I cannot reach the blinding power of the sun, just as he, the Powerful One, cannot reach the ever-fruitful womb of darkness. I seem to be denied power while he is denied rebuth, but I escape the blindness that comes with power and he escapes the nothingness that comes with death. My hope for the fullness of the light shatters, just as his longing for boundless conquered afe shatters. I had felled the strongest, and the God climbs down to mortality

[OB 41] The Mighty One fell, he lies on the ground." Power must subside for the sake of life

The circumference of outer life should be made smaller

Much more secrecy, solitary fires, fire, caverus, dark wide forests, sparsety peopled settlements, quietly flowing streams, silent winter and summer nights. small ships and corriages, and secure in dwellings the rare and precious

From after wanderers walk along solitary roads, tooking here and there Hurrying becomes impossible, patience grows. /

[OB 42] The noise of the days of the world falls silent, and the warming fire blazes inside

Sitting at the fire, the shades of those gone before wall softly and give news of the past

Come to the solitory fire, you bland and some ones and hear of both kinds of truth: the bitted will be lamed and the lamed will be bitteded, yet the shared fire warms both is the lengthening night

An old secret fire burns between us, giving sparse light and ample warmth The primordial fire that conquers every necessity shall burn again, since the night of the world is wide and cold, and the need is great

The well-protected fire brings together those from for away and those who are cold, those who do not see one another and carenot reach one another, and it conquers suffering and shatters need.

The words attered at the fire are ambiguous and seep and show life the

The bilind shall be lamed, so that he will not run into the abyse, and the samed shall be blind, so that he will not sook at things beyond his reach with longing and contempt

Both may be aware of their deep helplessness so that they will respect the holy fire again, as well as the shades sitting at the hearth, and the words that encercle the flames

The ancients called the saving word the Logos, an expression of divine reason in So much unreason / was in man that he needed reason to be saved. If one waits long enough one sees how the Gods an change into serpents and underworld dragons in the end. This is also the face of the Logor: in the end it poisons us all. In time, we were all porioned, but unknowingly we kept the One, the Powerful One, the eternal wanderer in us away from the poison. We spread poison and paralysis around us in that we want to educate all the world around as into reason.

Some have their reason in thinking, others in feeling, Both are servants of Logos, and in secret become worshipers of the serpent ***

You can subjugate yourself shackle yourself in irons, whip yourself bloody every day you have crushed yourself but not overcome yourself. Precisely through this you have helped the Powerful One, strengthened your paralysis, and promoted his blindness. He would lake to see it in others, and inflict it on them. and would like to force the Logos on you and others, longingly and tyranmeally with bind obstinacy and vacant stubborness. Give him a taste of Logos. He is afraid, and he already trembles from afar since he suspects that he has become outdated, and that a tiny dropiet of the poison of Logos will paralyze him. But because he is your beautiful, much loved brother, you will act slavishly toward. him and you would like to spare him as you have spared none of your fellow men. You spared no merry and no powerful means to strike your fellow men with the poisoned arrow Paralyzed game is an unworthy prey. The powerful huntsman, who wrestles the built to the ground and tears the ison to pieces and strikes the army of Tiamat, is your bow's worthy target."

If you live as he whom you are. He will come running against you impetuously, and you can hardly miss him. He will any violent hands on you and force you into sievery if you do not remember your terrible weapon, which you have always used in his service 42/43

¹⁰³ The Dright continues: "Thus is what I saw in the dream" (p. 295)

^{• 4} Sec 1 for Security : th 4 p 1681

105 in Psychological Types (1921). Tung consudered thinking and feeting to be the national functions (CW 6, \$731)

06 The Draft continues: "As David, you may slay burn, Galiath, with a canonog and impedent slings not" (p. 299). In Transformations and Symbols of the Adds (CW B, \$9831) fung discussed the Babylosuan creation much in which Mardule, the God of spring, buttles with Tannat and best army Mardule slayed Tannat and from this he created the world. Thus "the mighty buotsman" corresponds to Marduk

against yourself. You will be cunning, terrible and cold if you make the beautiful and much loved fall. But you should not kill him, even if he suffers and writhes in anhearable agony. Bind the holy Sebastian to a tree and slowly and rationally shoot arrow after arrow into his twitching flesh ¹⁰⁷. When you do so, remind yourself that each arrow that strikes him spares one of your dwarfish and lame brothers. So you may shoot many arrows. But there is a misunderstanding that occurs all soo frequently and is almost meradicable. Men always want to destroy the beautiful and much loved outside of themselves, but never within themselves.

He the beautiful and most loved one came to me from the East, from just that place which I was seeking to reach. Admiringly I saw his power and magnificence, and I recognized that he was striving for precisely what I had abandoned, namely my dark human milling crowd of abjection. I recognized the blindness and anknowingness of his striving which worked against my desire and I opened his eyes and lamed his powerful ambs with a poisoned stab. And he lay crying like a child, as that which he was, a child a primordial grown child that required human Logos. So he say before me, helptess, my build. God, who had become half-seeing and paralyzed. And compassion seized me, since it was plain to me that I should not let him die he who approached me from the rising, from that place where he could be well, but which I could never reach. He whom I sought I now possessed. The East could give me nothing other than him, the sick and tallen one

You need to undertake only half of the way, he will undertake the other half. If you go beyond him, blundness will befall you if he goes beyond you, paralysis will befall him. Therefore, and unsofar as it is the manner of the Gods to go beyond mortals, they become paralyzed, and become as helpiess as children. Divinity and humanity should remain preserved, if man should remain before the God, and the God remain before man. The high-blazing flame is the middle way, whose luminous course runs between the human and the divine

The divine primordial power is bland, since its face has become human. The human is the face of the Godhead. If the God comes near you, then plead for your afe to be spared, since the God is loving horror. The ancients said: it is terrible to fall into the hands of the aving God. They spoke thus because they knew, since they were still close to the ancient forest and they turned green like the trees in a childlike manner and ascended far away toward the East.

Consequently they fell into the hands of the dwing God. They searned to kneel and to lie with their faces down, to beg for pity, and they searned to dive in servile fear and to be grateful. But he who saw him, the terrible beautiful one with his black velver eyes and the long evelashes, the eyes that do not see but merely gaze toyingly and fearfully, he has searned to dry out and whimpet,

so that he can at least reach the ear of the Godhead. Only your fearful cry can stop the God. And then you see that the God also trembles, since he stands confronting his face, hus observing gaze in you, and he feels unknown power. The God is afraid of man

If my God is lamed, I must stand by hum, since I cannot abandon the much loved. I sense that he ii my lot, my brother, who abided and grew in the light while I was in the darkness and fed myself. with pouon. It is good to know such things: if we are surrounded by night, our brother stands in the fullness of the light, doing his great deeds, tearing up the ion and killing the dragon. And he draws his bow against ever more distant goals, until he becomes aware of the run wandering high up in the sky and wants to catch it. But when he has discovered his valuable prey, then your longing for the light also awakens. You discard the fetters and take yourself to the place of the rising light. And thus you rish toward each other. He believed he could simply capture the sunand encountered the worm of the shadows. You thought that in the East you could drink from the source of the aght, and catch the horned grant before whom you fall to your knees. His essence is bland excessive longing and tempestuous force. My essence is seeing limitation and the incapacity of deverness. He possesses in abundance what I tack. Consequently I will also not let him go, the Bull God, who once wounded Jacob's hip and whom I have now lamed ™ I want to make his force my own

It is therefore prudent to keep adve the severely afflicted to that his force continues to support me. We miss nothing more than divine force. We say, "Yes, indeed, this is how it should or could be. This or that should be achieved." We speak thus and stand thus, and look about us embarrassed, to see whether somehow something will occur. And should something happen, we rook on and say "Yes, indeed, we understand, it is this or that, or it is similar to this or that." And thus we speak and stand and look around to see whether somewhere something might happen. Something always happens, but we do not happen, since our God is sick. We have seen him dead with the venomous gaze of the Bosilisk on his face, and we have understood that he is dead. We must think of his healing. And yet again I fee, it quite clearly that my life would have broken in half had I failed to heal my God, Hence I abided with him in the long cold night [Image 44] / [Image 45]10 /

44/46

Second Day

Сар. о

[HI 46] No dream gave me the saving word." Izdubar lay silent and stiff all night until daybreak." I paced the mountain ridge pondering, and looked back to my Western lands, where there is so much knowledge and so much possibility of help. I love

707 St. Sebastian was a Christian marryr persecuted by the Romans who dived in the third century. He was often deploted sted to a seet and shot with arrows. The earliest such representation as in the Basilian Sant'Apollinaire Nuova in Basicina.

The 4 makes men diright has instead. I have slept limite functions dreams upwer me more than they have prompted the redeeming word. (p. 686)

∠ leumann ii jài4

43744

toB This refers to Hebrews 10:31. "It is a fearful thing to fall into the bands of the living God."

109 This refers to racob's wrestling with the anget in Genesis 32.14. 29: "And Jacob was left alone, and there wrestled a man with hun with his breaking of the day And when he saw that he prevailed not against him, be touched the hollow of his thigh and the hollow of Jacob's thigh was out of joint, as he wrestled with hun. And he said, Let me go, for the day breaketh. And he said, a will not let thee go, except thou bless me. And he said unto him, What is thy name? And he said, Itoob. And he said, Thy name shall be called no more Jacob, but Israel that as a prince has how power with God and with men, and has prevailed. And Jacob asked him, and taid. Tell me, I pray thee, thy name. And he said, Wherefore is at that thou does ask after my name. And he beweethin there.

¹⁰⁰ mage tegend "Archava-veda 4.1.4." Arthava-veda 4.5.4 is a charm to promose viribity. There the plant which the cardbarna dug up for Varuna, when his viribity had decreed, there that causes scrength we dig up. ... shas Aurora. Now a the sum area this charm of mine in he bull Plagapare the bord of creatures, shall with his tusty fire arouse him! This herb shall make these so very full of tush storage, that thou shall when thou an excited exhalt liver as a thing on him. The time of he plants and the essence of the bulls shall arouse him! Do thou and for promoting the material and also of the plants. Moreover, thou are the brother of some and the kind store of the antelope block. Now Agon now Navirar now goddess Nazasvar, now Brahmanaspar, do thou store in the pages as a bow! I store in the pages as a bowering upon the how Embrare thou women, as the arrivolpe block the gazelle with ever intailing arrength. The strength of the home, the mine the goal and the fam interested half the bull bestow upon him. Tombrolles of hodies, order 1800 of the bull bestow upon him. Tombrolles of hodies, order 1800 of the bull bestow upon him. Tombrolles of hodies, order 1800 of the bull bestow upon him.

Izdubar, and I do not want him to wither away miserably. But where should help come from? No one will travel the hot cold path. And I? I am afraid to return to that path. And in the East? Was there possibly help there? But what about the unknown dangers that loomed there? I do not want to go blind. What use would that be to Izdubar? I cannot carry this lamed one as a blind man either. Yes, if I were powerful like Izdubar. What use is science here?

Toward evening I went up to Izdubar and spoke to him: "Izdubar, my prince, listen! I will not let you declare. The second evening as falling. We have no food and we are bound to the if I cannot find help. We cannot expect any help from the West but help is possible from the East. Did you meet anyone on your way whom we could call on for help?"

Iz "Let it be, may death come when it will "

I "My heart bleeds at the thought of leaving you here without having done the apmost to help you."

Iz "What help is your magical power to you? If you were strong, as I am you could carry me. But your poison can only destroy and not help."

I. "If we were an my and, swift wagons could bring as help."

"If we were an my land, your poisoned barb would not have reached me"

i: "Tell me do you know of no help from the side of the East?"

Iz "The way there is long and lonely, and when you reach the plains after crossing the mountains, you will meet the powerful sun which will blind you."

I "But what if I wandered by right and if I she/tered from the sun during the day?"

Iz "In the right all the serpents and dragons crawl out of their hoies and you, unarmed, will inevitably fall victim to them. Let it be! How would this help? My legs have withered and are numb. I prefer not to bring home the booty of this journey."

I "Should I not risk everything?"

az "Useless! Nothing is gained if you die "

I "Let me think it over a bit perhaps a saving thought will yet come to me."

I withdraw and sit down on a rock high above on the ridge of the mountain. And this speech began in me. Great Izdubar you are in a hopeless position—and I no less "What can be done? It is not always necessary to act, sometimes thinking is better. I am basically convinced that Izdubar is hardly real in the ordinary sense but is a fantasy. It would help if the situation were considered from another angle—considered—considered—it is remarkable that even here thoughts echo: one must be quite alone. But this will hardly last. He will of course not accept that he is a fantasy but instead claim that he is completely real and that he can only be helped in a real way nevertheless, it would be worth trying this means once. I will appeal to him.

I "My prince Powerful One asten a thought came to me that might save us. I think that you are not at all real, but only a fantasy"

Is "I am terrified by this thought. It is murderous. Do you even mean to declare me unreal /---now that you have lamed me so pitifiady?

I "Perhaps I have not made myself clear enough, and have spoken too much in the language of the Western lands. I do not mean to say that you are not real at all, of course, but only as real as a fantasy. If you could accept this, much would be gained."

Iz: "What would be gained by this? You are a tormenting devil."

I *Pituful one I will not torment you. The hand of the doctor does not seek to torment even if it causes grief. Can you really not accept that you are a fantasy?"

Iz "Woe betide me. In what magic do you want to entangle me? Should it help me if I take myself for a fantasy?"

I "You know that the name one bears means a lot. You also know that one often gives the sick new names to hear them, for with the new name, they come by a new essence. Your name is your essence.

Iz "You are right our priests also say this."

I "So are you prepared to admit that you are a fantasy"

Iz "If it helps yes."

The inner voice now spoke to me as follows while admittedly he is a fantasy now, the situation remains extremely complex A fantasy cannot be simply negated and treated with resignation either. It calls for action. Anyway, he is a fantasy—and thus considerably more volatile—I think I can see a way forward: I can take him on my back for now. I went to Izdubar and said to him.

"A way has been found. You have become aght lighter than a feather. Now I can carry you." I put my arms round him and lift him up from the ground; he is lighter than air, and I struggle to keep my feet on the ground since my load afts me up into the air.

Iz "That was a masterstroke. Where are you carrying me?"

I "I am going to carry you down into the Western land. My comrades will happily accommodate such a large fantasy. Once we have crossed the mountains and have reached the houses of hospitable men, I can calmity go about finding a means to restore you completely again."

Carrying him on my back, I climb down the small rock path with great care more in danger of being whirted aloft by the wind than of losing balance because of my load and plunging down the mountainside a hang on to my all too lightweight load finally we reach the bottom of the valley and the way of the hot and cold pain. But this time I am blown by a whisting East wind down through the narrow rocks and across the fields toward inhabited places, making no contact with the painful way. Spurred on, I hasten through beautiful lands. I see two people ahead of me Ammonius and the Red One. When we are right behind them, they turn round and run off into the fields with horrified cries. I must have proved a strange sight indeed.

Iz "Who are these misshapen ones? Are these your comrades?"

I "These are not men, they are so-called relics of the past which one stall often encounters in the Western lands. They used to be very amportant. They're now used mostly as shepherds."

Iz "What a wondrous country! But took, up't that a town? Don't you want to go there?"

I "No, God forbid I don't want a crowd to gather, since the enughtened live there. Can't you smell them? They're actually dangerous, since they cook the strongest poisons from which even I must protect myself. The people there are totally paralyzed.

¹³ The Dwgf continues: "thus spoke another voice to me. like an echo" (p. 309)

47/48

wrapped in a brown poisonous vapor and can only move with artificial means. / But you need not worry. Night has almost fallen and no one will see as. Moreover, no one would admit to having seen me. I know an out of the way house here. I have close *riends there who will take us in for the night *

Izdubar and I come to a quiet dark garden and a secluded. house. I hide Izdubar under the drooping branches of a tree, go up to the door of the house and knock. I ponder the door it is much too small. I will never be able to get Izdubar through it. Yet—a fantasy takes up no space! Why did this excellent thought. not occur to me earlier? I return to the garden and with no difficulty squeeze Izdubar into the size of an egg and put him in my pocket. Then I walk into the welcoming house where Izdubar. should find healing.

[2][H1 48]" Thus my God found salvation. He was saved precisely by what one would actually consider facal, namely by declaring him a figment of the imagination. How often has it been assumed that the Gods have been brought to their end in this way." This was obviously a serious mistake, since this was precisely what saved the God. He did not pass away, but became a tiving fantasy, whose workings I could feel on my own body my inherent heaviness faded and the hot and cold way of pain no longer burned and froze my ioses. The weight no longer kept me. pressed to the ground, but instead the wind carried me lightly like a feather while I carried the giant

One used to believe that one could murder a God. But the God was saved, he forged a new axe in the fire, and plunged again. into the flood of tight of the East to resume his ancient cycle or But we clever men crept around famed and poisoned, and did not even know that we tacked something, But I loved my God, and took him to the house of men, since I was convinced that he also really wed as a fartasy, and should therefore not be left behind, wounded and sick. And hence I experienced the miracle of my body losing its heaviness when I burdened myself with the God.

St. Christopher the giant bore his burden with difficulty. despite the fact that he bore only the Christ child "But I was as small as a child and bore a grant, and yet my burden lifted me up. The Christ child became an easy burden for the grant Chantopher, nince Christ himself said, "My yoke is sweet, and my burden is aght "19 We should not bear Christ as he is unbearable. but we should be Christs, for their our yoke is sweet and our burden easy. This tangible and apparent world is one reality, but fantasy is the other reasity. So long as we leave the God outside as apparent and tangible, he is unbearable and hopeless. But if we turn the God into fantasy, he is in as and is easy to bear. The God. outside as increases the weight of everything heavy, while the God within ai lightens everything heavy. Hence all Christophers. have stooped backs and short breath, since the world is heavy

[HI 48, 2] Many have wanted to get help for their sick God and were then devoured by the serpents and dragons turking on the way to the land of the sun. They perished in the overbright day and have become dark men, since their eyes have been bunded. Now they go around ake shadows and speak of the light but see little. But their God in in everything that they do not see. He is in the dark Western lands and he sharpens seeing eyes and he assists those cooking the poison and he guides serpents to the heels of the blind perpetrators. Therefore, if you are clever take the God with you, then you know where he is If you do not have him with you in the Western lands, he will come running to you at night with clanking armor and a crushing battle axe 40 If you do not have been with you in the land of the dawn, then you will step unawares on the divine worm who awaits your unsuspecting heel /

48/49

[HI 49] You gain everything from the God whom you bear, but not his weapon, since he crushed it. He who conquers needs weapons. But what else do you want to conquer? You cannot conquer more than the earth. And what is the earth? It is round. all over and hangs like a drop in the cosmon You will not reach the sun, and your power will not even extend to the barren moon. you will conquer neither the sea, nor the snow on the poles, nor the sands of the desert, but only a few spots on the green earth. You will not conquer anything for any length of time. Your power will turn into dust tomorrow, for above all-rat the very least you must conquer death. So do not be a fool, throw down your weapon. God himself smashed his weapon. Armor is enough to protect you from foois who still suffer from the need to conquer. God's armor will make you invulnerable and invisible. to the worst foois

Take your God with you. Bear him down to your dark tand where peopse sive who rub their eyes each morning and yet always see only the same thing and never anything else. Bring your God. down to the haze pregnant with poison, but not like those bunded. ones who try to administe the darkness with lanterns which it does not comprehend. Instead, secretly carry your God to a hospitable root. The huts of men are small and they cannot welcome the God despite their hospitality and willingness. Hence do not wait until rawly bungling hands of men hack your God to pieces, but embrace from again, lovingly, antil he has taken on the form of his first beginning. Let no human eye see the much loved, terribly splendid one in the state of his illness and lack of power. Consider that your fellow men are animals without knowing it. So long as hey go to pasture, or lie in the sun, or suckie their young, or mate with each other, they are beautiful and harmless creatures of dark Mother Earth. But if the God appears, they begin to rave, since the nearness of God makes people rave. They tremble with fear

120 Le. at tzdubar came to fund.

¹⁴ This refers to a scene in the text describing how long reduced actual to the size of an egg so he could secretly carry heliabar into the house and enable his healing hang two. Since, after the coming these sections clear some of the darkness were descently beautiful to the chapter in the distance for the section of the condition were seen as a could have failed. He could be described to the condition of the through realizing that he had captured a God. Many of these factuates were a hellish combination of the sublime and the nidiculous. (MP p. 147-48)

had been nearly with (p. 374)

The Draft on more We men approachly between that there is no such thing as a fantasy, and it we declared something to be fantastic then it would be well and truly

The Draft of more were approachly between the there is no such thing as a fantasy, and it we declared something to be fantastic then it would be well and truly n The Draft or return ir v = v 334). In 992, Jung commented on the contemporary dispurgement of fantasy (*The development of the personality," CW 17, \$302,

^{*8} St. Christopher (Greek for 'Christ beater') was a martyr in the third century. According to legend, he had sought a hermit to inquire as to how he could serve Jenus.

The hermit suggested he help carry people among a dangerous crossing in a river which he did. On one occasion, a small child asked to be taken across. He found that the child was heavier than anyone also and the child revealed himself to be Christ bearing the sins of the world. 4 Marchew 11:30.

and fury and suddenly attack one another in fratricidal struggles, since one senses the approaching God in the other. So conceal the God that you have taken with you. Let them rave and maul each other. Your voice is too weak for those raging to be able to hear. Thus do not speak and do not show the God, but sit in a solitary. place and sing incantations in the ancient manner

Simple in the manifold. Meaning in absurdity. Freedom in bondage Subjugated when victorious. Old in youth. Yes mino.

Set the egg before you, the God in his beginning And behold at

And incubate it with the magical warmth of your gaze

/ [Image 53]

52/53

53/54

54/55

55/56

56/57

49:50 HERE THE INCANTATIONS BEGIN. /

The Incantations

Сар. х

[Image 50]¹⁰⁰

Christmas was come. The God is in the egg

I have prepared a rug for my God, an expensive red rug from the land

He shall be surrounded by the shininer of magnificence of his Eastern land.

I am the mother, the simple maiden, who gave birth and did not

I am the careful father, who protected the maiden

I am the shepherd, who received the message as he guarded his herd at night on the dark fields. 17

50/51 / [Image 51]

I am the holy animal that stood astonished and cannot grasp the becoming of the God.

I am the wise man who came from the East, suspecting the miracle from after 100

And I am the egg that surrounds and nurtures the seed of the God

51/52 / [[mage \$2]

The solemn kours tengthen

And my humanity is wretched and suffers torment

Since I am a giver of birth

Whence do you detight me. Oh God?

He is the eternal emptiness and the eternal fullness in

Nothing resembles him and he resembles everything.

Eternal darkness and eternal brightness.

Eternal below and eternal above

Doubte nature in one

Oh

eight of the middle way, enclosed in the egg, embryonse, full or ardor, appressed. Fully expectant, dreamlike, awaiting lost memories As heavy as stone, hardened. Motten, transparent Streaming bright, coiled on street.

/ [Image 54]146.40

Amen, you are the lord of the beginning Amen, you are the star of the East

Amen, you are the flower that blooms over everything.

Amen, you are the deer that breaks out of the forest Amen, you are the song that tounds for over the water Amen, you are the beginning and the end.

[Image 95]¹³¹

One word that was never spoken. One light that was never lit up An unparalleled confusion.

And a road without end

[Image 56]

I forgive myself these words, as you also forgive me for wanting your blazing light

/ [Image 57]

Rise up, you gracious fire of old night. I luss the threshold of your beginning My hand prepares the rug and spreads abundant red flowers before you. Rase up my friend, you who lay sick, break through the shell. We have prepared a meal for you

> Gifts have been prepared for you Dancers await you. We have built a house for you.

(2) The chapter title is missing in the calligraphic volume, and is given here following the Drift
(2) Images 50- 66 symbolically deport the regeneration of Izduban
(2) Luke 2:8--12 "And there were in the same country shepherds abiding in the field, keeping watch over their flock by night. And 16, the angel of the Lord came open them and the glury of the Lord thone count about them and they were sore afraid. And the single said unto them Fear out for behold. Throughou good (idings of great joy, which shall be to all people. For unto you is born this day in the city of David a Savior, which is Christ the Lotd."

14 Matthew 2.3-2 "Now when fewer was born in Bethlehem of Judges in the days of Herod the king, behold, there came wise men from the even to Jerusalem Saying.

Whereas he shot is how. Even at the Loud For we have one his start in the start, and any others to sweeting him."

Where is he that is born King of the fews? For we have seen his star in the east, and are come to worship him."

15 The attributes of the God in this section are elaborated in the attributes of Abranas in the second and third sections in Servicias. See below, p. 349 26 In "Dreams, Tung mated on Tanuary 3, 1917. "In Lib now enake mage I'il nacent" [atimulus to stake image 11 an 1867 N494] (p. 1). This constion appears to refer to this names

27 Image legend: "brahmanaspan. Julian Eggling notes that "Brihaspati or Brahmanaspati the bord of prayer or worship takes the place of Agric as the representative of the priestly dignity. In Rig Veda X 68,9. Brihaspati is said to have bound (azindar, the dawn, the sky and the hire (agrif) and to have chased away the darkness with his light arka sun) he seems tather to represent the element of light and the generally. (Seems Book of the Egyptian mythology, the four Look struggled.)

28 The solar barge as a common motif in ancient Egypt. The barge was seen as the cypical means of movement of the sun. In Egyptian mythology, the Sun God struggled.

against the monster Aphophis, who attempred to weaklow the solar barge as the typical means of novement of the sun in Egyptian method of the confidence of the solar barge as the process of the reasons of the sun in Egyptian "living sum disc." (CW B \$153) and the month of the sea monster (\$ \$496). In this 1932 to revision of this text he noted that the bottle with the sea monster represented the attempt to her egyptian Book of the Dead and Egyptian Book of the Confidence of the Egyptian Book of the Dead and Egyptian Book of the Dead and Egyptian Book of the Confidence of the Educations in the Egyptian Book of the Dead and Egyptian Book of the Confidence of the Egyptian Book of the Dead and 404). The coarsenance usually a falcon-headed Horus. The night pourney of the sum and chrough the underworld a depicted in the Egyptian Book of the Books of the Sum and through the sum and the underworld a depicted in the Egyptian Book of the Sum and Egyptian Books of the Sum and Confidence of Confidence of the Sum and Egyptian Book of the Sum and Egyptian Books of the Sum and Egyptian Book of the Sum and Egyptian Egyptian Book of the Sum and Egyptian Egyptian Book of the Sum and Egyptian process of transformation. See Theodox Abt and Erik Horoung, Knowledge for the Affertife. The Egyptian America. A Quest for amnormality (Zurich Leving Human Heritage) Your servants stand ready
We drove heras sogether for you on green fields
We filled your cup with red wine
We set out fragram fruit on golden dishes
We knock as your prison and lay our ears against is.
The hours lengthen, turry no tonger
We are wretched without you and our song is worn our.

57/58

/ [Image 58]***

We are miserable without you and wear out our songs

We spoke all the words that our heart gave us

What else do you want?

What else shall we fulfill for you?

We open every door for you

We bend our knees where you want us to.

We go to all points of the compass according to your wish.

We carry up what is below, and we turn what is above into what is below as you commune.

We give and take according to your wish.

We wanted to turn right, but go left, obedient to your sign. We rise and we fall, we sway and we remain still, we see and we are bitnd, we hear and we are deaf, we say yes and no. always hearing your word.

We do not comprehend and we tive the incomprehensible

We do not tove and we tive the unloved.

And we evoive around ourselves again and comprehend

and live the understandable

We love and live the loved, true to your law

58/59

Come to us, we who are willing from our own will

Come to us, we who understand you from our own spirit

Come to us, we who will warm you at our own fire

Come to us, we who will heal you with our own art.

Come to us, we who will produce you out of our own body

Conte, child, to father and mother

59760

We asked earth.
We asked Heaven
We asked the sea
We asked the wind.
We asked the fire.
We tooked for you with all the peoples.
We tooked for you with all the kings.
We tooked for you with all the wise.
We tooked for you with all the wise.

And we found you in the 1999. [Image 60] /

[lmage 59]** /

60761

have slain a precious human sacrifice for you,
 a youth and old man
 I have cut my shin with a hmife

I have sprinkled your alsor with my own blood.

I have banished my fasher and mother so that you can live with me
I have turned my night into day and went about at midday
ilke a sleepwalker

I have overshrown all the Gods, broken the lows, eaten the impure
I have shrown down my sword and dressed in women's clothing
I shattered my firm eastle and played like a child in the sand
I saw warriors form into line of battle and I destroyed my suit of armor
with a hammer

I planted my fietd and let the fruit decay I made small everything that was great and made everything great that was small

I exchanged my furthest goat for the nearest, and so I am ready

[Image 61]**

If [HI 62] However, I am not ready, since I have still not accepted that which chokes my heart. That fearful thing is the enclosing of the God in the egg. I am happy that the great endeavor has been successful, but my fear made me forget the hazards involved. I love and admire the powerful. No one is greater than he with the bull's horns, and yet I lamed, carried, and made him smaller with ease. I almost slumped to the ground with fear when I saw him, and now I rescue him with a cupped hand. These are the powers that make you afraid and conquer you, these have been your Gods and your rulers since time immemorial; yet you can put them in your pocket. What is biasphemy compared to this? I would like to be able to blaspheme against the God. That way I would at least have a God whom I could insult, but it is not worth blaspheming against an egg that one carries in one's pocket. That is a God against whom one cannot even biaspheme.

I hated this pitifianess of the God My own unworthiness is already enough. It cannot bear my encumbering it with the pitifulness of the God Nothing stands firm: you touch yourself and you turn to dust. You touch the God and he hides terrified in the egg. You force the gates of Hell: the sound of cackling masks and the music of fools approaches you. You storm Heaven, stage scenery totters and the prompter in the box falls into a swoon. You notice you are not true, it is not true above, it is not true below left and right are deceptions. Wherever you grasp is air air, air

But I have caught him, he who has been feared since time immemorial; I have made him small and my hand surrounds him. That is the demise of the Gods: man puts them in his pocket. That is the end of the story of the Gods. Nothing remains of the Gods other than an egg. And I possess this egg. Perhaps I can eradicate this last one and with this finally exterminate the race of Gods. Now that I know that the Gods have yielded to my power—what are the Gods to me now? Old and overnipe, they have fallen and been buried in an egg.

But how did this happen? I fewed the Great One, I mourned him, I did not want to leave him, since I loved him because no

within so that the God does not consume from an flames p. 2528]

30 mage from throughouth a make his vide himotographs we the pointst seed from which Brahma was been in Jung's copy of vol. 30 of the Sacret Bash of the
Est (Vedia Hymns, the ordy section distriction is the operand one a lymn. To the Onknown God. This begans in the beginning there access the Golden Thild
(Haratyagarbles as soon as born he alone was the rord of all that is the established the earth and this heaven. Who is the God to whom we shall offer sacrifice?

(p. f) In Jung's copy of the appropriately in the Sacret Bash of the Est, there is a piece of paper inscreted near page 3. of the Mairelyana Beilmana. Ipanishad, a passage describing the Self, which begins, "And the same Self is also called. Historyagarbha" (vol. 15, pt. 2)

describing the Sell; which begins, "And the same Se 191 The face of the monster is similar to HI 29

¹⁹ In 'Dreams' jung wrote 'to 1977 Tought awful and formulable avalanches come crashing down the mountains de like attenty night marish clouds, they will full the valley on whose rim 1 am standing on the opposite side. I know that I must cake flight up the mountain to arout the dreadful retastrophe. This dream is explained in the black Book of strong forms for an entry brating. In same date, On 17 19.71 produced a drawing with ted spots on page 58 of 1,th Nov. On 18.71 (9).71 read about the current toroismon of high strongers. In 19.72 read about the current toroismon of high strongers. In 19.72 read about the current toroismon of high strongers. In 19.72 read about the current toroismon of high strongers in 19.72 read about the current toroismon of high strongers. It is shown that the spots of the first and horizon what is calling down trongers of fire he cate the dome of the seven blue heavens. She tells blin that he will also be extent, and that he down of the seven blue heavens. She tells blin that he will also be extent, and that he should remain on the first sound get ready to retrieve him along though the prince of the mountains because the fiery breath falls down from above the typical. The first is contained to a contained to a serial should be such that the first breath falls down from above the within an of that the first long about time in flatters to a serial.

mortal being rivals him. Out of love I devised the trick that relieved him of heaviness and freed him from the confines of space. I took from him—out of love—form and corporeacty. I enclosed him lovingly in the maternal egg. Should I slay him, the defenseless one whom I loved? Should I shatter the delicate shell of his grave, and expose him to the weightlessness and anboundedness of the winds of the world? But did I not sing the incantations for his incubation? Did I not do this out of love for him? Why do I love him? I do not want to tear the love for the Great One from my heart. I want to love my God, the defenseless and hopeless one I want to care for him, like a child

Are we not sons of the Gods? Why should Gods not be our children? If my father the God should die, a God child should arise from my maternal heart. Since I love the God and do not want to leave him. Only he who loves the God can make him fall, and the God submits to his vanquisher and nestles in his hand and dies in the heart of him who loves him and promises him birth.

My God, I love you as a mather loves the unborn whom the carries in her heart. Grow in the egg of the East, nourish yourself from my love, drink the fuice of my life so that you will become a radiant God. We need your light, Oh child. Since we go in darkness, light up our paths. May your light shine before us, may your fire warm the coldness of our life. We do not need your power but life.

62/63 / What does power avail as? We do not want to rule. We want to ave, we want light and warmth, and hence we need yours. Just as the greening earth and every living body needs the sun, so we as apints need your aight and your warmth. A sunless spirit becomes the parasite of the body. But the God feeds the spirit, [Image 63].

63/65 / [Image 64]³²⁻¹⁸/

The Opening of the Egg."

Сар. жі

[HI 65] "On the evening of the third day. I kneet down on the rug and carefully open the egg. Something resembling smoke rises up from it and suddenly Indubar is standing before me, enormous, transformed, and complete His timbs are whole and I find no trace of damage on them. It's as if he had awoken from a deep steep. He says.

"Where am 12 How narrow it is here, how dark, how cool—am I to the grave? Where was 12 It seemed to me as if I had been outside in the universe—over and under me ma an endlessly dark mar-glittering sky-and I was in a passion of unspeakable yearning.

Streams of fire broke from my radiating body—
I surged through biasing flames—
I swam in a sea that wrapped me in living fires—
Full of tight, full of longing, full of eternity—
I was ancient and perpetually renewing myself—
Falling from the heights to the depths,
and whirled glowing from the depths to the heights—
hovering around myself amidst glowing clouds—
as raining embers beating down like the foam of the surf, enguifing
/ myself in stifling heat—

65/66

I "Oh Izdubar" Divine one: How wonderful! You are heated!"

Embracing and rejecting myself in a boundless game—

Where was IP I was completely sun. "46

"Healed? Was I ever sich? Who speaks of tickness? I was sun, completely sun. I am the sun."

An inexpressible light breaks from his body, a light that my eyes cannot grasp. I must cover my face and cast my gaze to the ground.

I "You are the sun, the eternal aight: most powerful one, forgive me for carrying you."

Everything is quiet and dark I look around me, the empty egg shell is lying on the rug. I feel myself, the floor, the walls, everything is as usual, utterly plain and atterly real. I would like to say that everything around me has turned to gold. But it is not true—everything is as it always has been. Here reigned eternalight, immeasurable and overpowering to

[2] [HI 66] It happened that I opened the egg and that the God left the egg. He was heared and his figure shone transformed and I knelt like a child and could not grasp the miracle. He who had been pressed into the core of the beginning rose up, and no trace of illness could be found on him. And when I thought that I had caught the mighty one and held him in my cupped hands, he was the sun itself.

192 in Dreams. Jung noted on February 4, 1927. Started work on the Opening of the Figs (Image). (p. 6). This andicates that the image depirts the regeneration of Izelubai from the egg. Concerning the solar barge in this image, or image 55.

193 Image regend independs to silentation and a period to the description of the Agrillotte and the Agrillot

cys january ou. 1934. In Block Book 3, lung wrote. In appears as if some lung has been achieved 'introgit. In strumomble ment. But it to incalculable where this will all lead I bardly date say that faduba. Is fate is generated and large. On they is what our problements life to Fi. Th. Visiting a April. Element is far has attempt to devate this court to a system. He hashly deserves a place among the introducts. What they is the modelle is the right (this many faces one is certainly comical another sad, a chard end, a fourth tragic, a fifth fainty a such is a generate and so forth. Should one of these rates become particularly obtaviour we date recognize drow we have deviated from certain court and approach an extreme the constitutes a definite stappage aliquid we decorate the route of it is a imprehenous task to write the wisdom of seal ofe, particularly if one has commuteed many years to sessons scientific research. What proves to be most different is to group the playfulness of tide (the childish, so to speak). All the manufall sades of right the great, the beautiful, the samous the black the devision. The male office interfered world has reported which each model to whethy absorb the behalder or describe. Our time requires something, apuble of legislating the minut too so the control world has reported from the limitedness of the ancient outlook to the samous rate divertity of our modern outlook. The weeks of intellectual possibilities has divertioped to untathurnable diversity lifetime to generalize the limited song paths, paved with shousands of thick volumes, read from one spreading at no modern of the mind. For well or arise to work has developed to untathurnable diversity lifetime in the state of the small particle of the state of the small particle of the state of the small particle of the state of the small and also too the underlying symbolism of the collective undown too. Psychological Pyres, C.W. 6 §6.17. In 1932 tong commented on visited in the probabilist and also too the underlying symbolism of t

8 1954, pp. 91-8
36 Rescher notes that As a God, cadultar is associated with the Sun-God" Anafabriticha Lexibon der Getechischen and Rémirches Mythologie vol. 2, p. 774). The introbation and tebirth of lexibust follows the classes pattern of solar myths. In the Zehales des Spinengeness. 240 Probenius pointed out the widespread motif of a woman betoming pregnant chrough a process of immodulate conception and giving birth to the sun-God, who develops in a comprishing short period of name in some forms for incubates in an egg. Frobenius telested this to the sering and tising of the sun in the sea. [Borlin. G. Rumper 1904], pp. 223: 63). Jung cold this work on a number of occasions in Provincement and Symbols of the cities.

47 In Psychological Types 1921. Tung communication the morth of the renewed God. The senewed God signifies a content of the title is a renewed possibility for internave life, a recovery of ille, because psychologically God always denotes the greatest value, thus the greatest sum of the libido, the greatest intensity of life, the optimum of psychological Hiera activity? (CW 6, §3.01)

I wandered toward the East where the sun ease. I probably wanted to rise, too, as if I were the sun I wanted to embrace the sun and rise with it into daybreak. But it came toward me and stood in my way. It told me that I had no chance of reaching the beginning. But I samed the one who wanted to rush down in order to set with the sun in the womb of the right he was deprived of all hope of reaching the biessed Western tands.

But behold! I caught the sun without realizing it and carried it in my hand. He who wanted to go down with the sun found me through his downgoing. I became his nocturnal mother who incubated the egg of the beginning. And he rose up, renewed, reborn to greater splendor.

While he rises however, I go down. When I conquered the God, his force streamed into me. But when the God rested at the egg and awaited his beginning, my force went into him. And when he rose up radiantly, I lay on my face. He took my life with him. All my force was now in him. My sou, iwam like a fish in his sea of fire. But I say in the frightful coot of the shadows of the earth and sank down deeper and deeper to the lowest darkness All aght had left me. The God rose in the Eastern lands and I fell. into the horror of the underworld. I lay there like a child-bearer cruelly mauled and biceding her afe into the child, ariting afe and death in a dying glance, the day's mother the night a prey. My God had toen me apart terribly he had drunk the pace of my life. he had drunk my highest power into him and became marveious and strong ake the sun, an unbiemished God who bore no stigina or flaw. He had taken my wings from me, he had robbed me of the swelling force of my muscles, and the power of my will disappeared. with him. He left me powerless and growing.

I did not know what was happening to me, since simply everything powerful beautifut, bissful, and superhuman had leaked from my maternal womb; none of the radiant gold remained. Cruelly and anthinkably the sunbird spread its wings and flew up into infinite space. I was left with the broken shells and the minerable casing of his beginning, the emptiness of the depths opened beneath me.

66/69

Wor betide the mother who gives buth to a God. If she gives buth to a wounded and pain-attricken God, a sword will pierce her sout But if the gives buth to an ambiemushed God, then Hell will open to her from which monstrous serpents will rise convulsively to suffociste the mother with missing. Buth is difficult but a thousand times more difficult is the heliast afterbuth. All the dragons and monstrous serpents of eternal emptiness follow behind the divine son.

What remains of human nature when the God has become mature and has arized all power? Everything incompetent every thing powerless, everything eternally sulgar everything adverse and unfavorable, everything reluctant diminishing, exterminating, everything about deverything that the unfathomable hight of matter encloses in stielf that is the afterbirth of the God and his bellish and dreadfully deformed brother.

The God suffers when man does not accept his darkness Consequently men must have a suffering God, so long as they suffer from evil. To suffer from evil means you still sove evil and yet love it no songer. You still hope to gain something, but you do not want to look closely for fear that you might discover that you still love evil. The God suffers because you continue to suffer from soving evil. You do not suffer from evil because you recognize it but because it affords you secret pleasure and because you beseve it promises the pleasure of an anknown opportunity.

So long as your God suffers, you have sympathy with him and with yourself. You thus space your Hell and protong his suffering. If you want to make him well without engaging in secret sympathy with yourself evil puts a spoke in your wheel—the evil whose form you generally recognize, but whose hellish strength in yourself you do not know. Your anknowing stems from the previous harmlessness of your afe from the peaceful passage of time and from the absence of the God. But if the God draws near your essence starts to seethe and the black mind of the depthy which up

Man stands between emptiness and fulness. If his strength combines with fuliness, at becomes fully formative. There is always something good about such formation. If his irrength combines with emptaness, it has a dunotying and destructive effect, since emptaness can never be formed, but only atrives to satisfy itself at the cost of fullness. Combined thus human force turns emptiners into evil. If your force shapes fullness, it does so because of its association with fullness. But to ensure that your formation continues to exact, it must remain tied to your strength. Through constant shaping, you gradually lose your force since ultimately all force is associated with the shapeliness that has been given form. Ultimately, where you mutakenly anagine that you are rich, you have actually become poor, and you stand amidst your forms like a beggar. That is when the bunded man is seized by an increasing denire to give shape to things, since he believes that manifold increased formation will satisfy his desire Because he has spent his force, he becomes desirous; he begins to compel others into his service and takes their force to pursue his own designs

In this moment you need evil. When you notice that your strength is coming to an end and desire sets in, you must withdraw it from what has been formed into your empuness, through this association with the emptiness you will succeed in dissolving the formation in you. You will thus regain your freedom, in that you have saved your strength from oppressive association with the object. So long as you persist with the standpoint of the good, you cannot dissolve your formation, precisely because it is what is good. You cannot dissolve good with good. You can dissolve good only with evil. For your good also leads ultimately to death through its progressive binding of your force by progressively binding your force. You are entirely unable to ave without evil.

Your shaping first produces an image of your formation within you. This image remains in you and / it is the first and animediated expression of your shaping. It then produces precisely through this image an outer one which can exist without you and outlive you. Your strength is not directly linked to your outer formation, but only through the image that remains in you. When you set about dissolving your formation with evil, you do not destroy the outer shape, or else you would be destroying your own work. But what you do destroy is the image that you have formed in yourself. For it is thus image that clings to your force. You will need evil to dissolve your formation, and to free yourself from the power of what has been, to the same extent which this image fetters your strength.

Hence their formation causes many good persons to bleed to death, because they cannot attend to evil in the same measure. The better one is and the more attached one is to one's formation, the more one will lose one's force. But what happens when the good person has lost their force completely to their formation? Not only will they seek to force others into the service of their formation with unconscious curroing and power, but they will

also become bad in their goodness without knowing it since their longing for satisfaction and strengthening will make them more and more selfish. But because of this the good ones will ultimately destroy their own work, and all those whom they forced into the service of their own work will become their enemies, because they will have alienated them. But you will also secretly begin to hate whoever alienates you from yourself against your own wishes, even if this were in the best interest of things. Unfortunately, the good person who has bound his strength will all too easily find slaves for his service, since there are more than plenty who yearn for nothing more strongly than to be alienated from themselves under a good pretext

You suffer from evil because you love it secretly and are unaware of your love. You wish to escape your predicament, and you began to hate evil. And once more you are bound to evil through your hate, since whether you love or hate it, it makes no difference you are bound to evil. Evu is to be accepted. What we want remains in our hands. What we do not want, and vet is stronger than its, sweeps us away and we cannot stop it without damaging ourselves, for our force remains in evil. Thus we probably have to accept our evil without love and hate recognizing that it exists and must have its share in life. In doing so, we can deprive it of the power thas to overwhelm us

When we have succeeded in making a God, and if through this creation our whole force has entered into this design, we are fuled with an overwhelming desire to rise with the divine sun and to become a part of its magnificance. But we forget that we are then no more than hollow forms, since giving form to God has sapped as completely. We are not only poor but have become sluggish matter throughout, which would never be entitled to share in divinity.

Like a terrible suffering or an mescapable devilish persecution, the misery and neediness of our matter creeps up on as. The powerless matter begins to suckle and would ake to swallow its shape back into itself again. But since we are always enamored of our own design, we believe that the God calls us to him, and we make desperate attempts to follow the God into the higher realm or we turn preachingly and demandingly to our fellow men to at any rate force others into following the God. Unfortunately there are men who allow themselves to be persuaded into doing this, to their and our detriment

Much undoing resides in this urge since who could suspect that he who has made the God is turnself condemned to Hell? But this is the way it is, because the matter that is stripped of the divine radiance of force is empty and dark. If the God alights from matter we feet the emptiness of matter as one part of endless empty space

Through haste and increased willing and action we want to escape from emptiness and also from evil. But the right way is that we accept emptiness, destroy the image of the form within us, negate the God, and descend into the abyss and awfulness of matter. The God as our work stands outside as and no longer needs our help. He is created and temains left to his own devices. A created work that perishes again immediately once we turn away from it is not worth anything, even if it it were a God.

But where is the God after his creation and after his separation from rue? If you build a house, you see it standing in the outer world. When you have created a God whom you cannot see with your own eyes, then he is in the spiritual world that is no less valuable than the outer physical world. He is there and does everything for you and others that you would expect from a God.

Thus your soul is your own self in the spiritual world. As the abode of the spirits, however the spiritual world is also an outer world. Just as you are also not alone in the visible world, but are surrounded by objects that belong to you and obey only you, you also have thoughts that belong to you and obey only you. But just as you are surrounded in the visible world by things and beings. that neither belong to you not obey you, you are also surrounded in the spiritual world by thoughts and beings of thought that neither obey you nor belong to you. Just as you engender or bear your physical children, and just as they grow up and separate themselves from you to live their own fate, you also produce or give birth to beings of thought which separate themselves from you and live their own tives. Just as we leave our children when we grow old and give our body back to the earth. I separate myself from my God, the sun, and sink into the emptiness of matter and obliterate the image of my child in me. This happens in that I accept the nature of matter and allow the force of my form to flow into emptiness. Just as I gave birth anew to the sick God through my engendering force. I henceforth animate the emptiness of matter from which the formation of evil grows

Nature is playful and terrible. Some see the playful side and delly with it and let it sparkle. Others see the norror and cover their heads and are more dead than alive. The way does not lead between both, but embraces both. It is both cheerful play and cold horror in [Image 60] [Image 70] / [Image 71] [Image 72].

69/71 71/73

Hell

Сар. кы

[HI 73] On the second right** after the creation of my God a vision made known to me that I had reached the underworld.

I find myself in a gloomy vault whose floor connects of damp stone slabs. In the middle there is a column from which ropes and axes hang. At the foot of the column there has an awful serpentlike tangle of human bodies. At first I catch sight of the figure of a young maiden with wonderful red-gold hair—a man of devilish appearance is lying haif under her—his head is bent backward—a thin streak of blood runs down his forehead—two similar daimons have thrown themselves over the maiden's feet and body. Their faces bear an inhuman expression—the living evil—their muscles are taut and hard, and their bodies sleek like serpents. They he motionless. The maiden holds her hand over one eye of the man lying beneath her, who is the most powerful of the three—her hand firmly clasps a small silver fishing rod that she has driven into the eye of the devil

I break out in a profuse cold sweat. They wanted to torture the maiden to death, but she defended herself with the force of

¹³⁹ In "Dreams," Jung wrote on February 15, 1917 "Finished copying the opening scene. The most wonderful feeting of renewel. Back to splentlift, work roday. Typest p. 5. This refers to completing this service at the transcription into the calligraphs, volume and to concurring his work on psychological types.

140 The blue and yellow circles are similar to unage 60.

¹⁴² This might be the image Tina Keller is referring to in the following statement in an interview, where she recalled lung's discussion of his relations with Emma Jung and Toni Wolff. Jung once aboved one a pursure in the book he was painting, and he said. See these three snakes that are intervalued. This is how we direc stringely with this problem. I can only say that it seemed so me very important that, even as a passing phenomenon, here three people were accepting a deating which was not gone into just for their personal satisfaction. Interview with sense Namethal 1969. R. L. aming papers interests on his sport, p. 27.)

142 January 12, 1914.

the most extreme despair and succeeded in pierring the eye of the evil one with the stile book. If he moves, she will tear out his eye with a final jerk. The horror paratyzes mer what will happen? A voice speaks

"The coil one cannot make a sucrifice, he cannot sucrifice his eye, victory is with the one who can sucrifice ""

[2] The vision vanished. I saw that my soul had fallen into the power of abysmal evil. The power of evil is anquestionable, and we rightfully fear it. Here no prayers, no mous words, no magical sayings help. Once raw power comes after you, there is no help. Once evil seizes you without puty, no father, no mother, no right no wall and tower no armor and protective power come to your aid. You fall poweriess and forform into the hand of the superior power of evil. In this battle you are all alone. Because I wanted to give birth to my God, I also wanted evil. He who wants to create an eternal fullness will also create eternal emptiness 44 You cannot undertake one without the other. But if you want to escape evil, you will create no God, everything that you do is tepid and gray. I wanted my God for the sake of grace and diagrace. Hence I also want my evil. If my God were not overpowering, neither would be my evil. But I want my God to be powerful and beyond all measure happy and custrous. Only in this way do I love my God. And the juster of his beauty will also have me taste the very borrom of Hell

My God rose in the Eastern sky, brighter than the heavenly host and brought about a new day for all the peoples. Thus is why I want to go to Hell. Would a mother not want to give up her afe for her child? How much easier would it be to give up my afe if only my God could overcome the torment of the last hour of the night and victoriously break through the red mist of the morning? I do not doubt. I also want evil for the sake of my God. I enter the anequal battle, since it is always unequal and without doubt a lost cause. How terrible and despairing would this battle be otherwise? But precisely this is how it should and will be

Nothing is more variable to the evil one than his eye, since only through his eye can emptiness seize gleaming fullness. Because the emptiness lacks fullness, it craves fullness and its shining power. And it drinks it in by means of its eye, which is able to grasp the beauty and unsulfied radiance of fullness. The emptiness is poot, and if it lacked its eye it would be hopeless it sees the most beaut ful and wants to devour it in order to spoil it. The devil knows what is beautiful, and hence he is the shadow of beauty and follows it everywhere, awaiting the moment when the beautiful, writhing great with child, seeks to give life to the God.

73/74

If your beauty grows, the dreadful worm will also creep up you, waiting for its prey. Nothing is sacred to him except his eye, with which he sees the most beautiful. He will never give up his eye. He is invulnerable, but nothing protects his eye; it is delicate and clear, adopt at drinking in the eternal light. It wants you, the bright red light of your life.

I recognize the fearful devilishness of human nature. I cover my eyes before it. I put out my hand to fend it off, if anyone wants to approach me for fear that my shadow could fall on him, or his shadow could fall on me, since I also see the devil.sh in him, who is the harmless companion of his shadow.

No one touches me, death and trime lie in wait for you and me. You smile innocently, my friend? Don't you see that a gentle flickering of your eye betrays the frightfulness whose ansuspecting messenger you are? Your bloodthursty tiger growls softly, your poisonous serpent hisses secretly, while you, conscious only of your goodness, offer your human hand to me in greeting. I know your shadow and mine that follows and comes with as, and only waits for the hour of twilight when he will strangle you and me with all the daimons of the night

What abyss of blood stripping history separates you from mel I grasped your hand and looked at you. I lay my head in your lap and felt the living warmth of your body on mine as if it were my own body—and suddenly. I felt a smooth cord around my neck, which choked me mercilessly, and a cruel hammer blow struck a nail mto my temple. I was dragged by my feet along the pavement and wild hounds grawed my body in the lonely night.

No one should be astonished that then are so far removed from one another that they cannot understand one another that they wage war and kill one another. One should be much more surprised that men believe they are close understand one another and love one another. Two things are yet to be discovered. The first is the infinite gulf that separates us from one another. The second is the bridge that could connect as. Have you considered how much ansuspected animality human company makes possible?

When my soul fell into the hands of evil, it was defenseless except for the weak fishing rod which it could use again with its power to pull the fish from the sea of emptiness. The eye of the evil one sucked in all the force of my soul; only its will remained, which is just that small fish hook. I wanted evil, since I realized that I was not able to clude it. And because I wanted evil, my some held the precious hook in its hand, that was supposed to strike the vulnerable place of the evil one. He who does not want evil will have no chance to save his som from Hell. So long as he remains in the light of the upper world, he will become a shadow of himself. But his soul will languish in the dungeons of the daimons. This will act as a counterbalance that will forever constrain him. The higher circles of the inner world will remain anartamable for him. He remains where he was, indeed, he falls back. You know these people, and you know how extravagantly nature strews / human site and force on burren deserts. You should not lament this, otherwise you will become a prophet, and will seek to redeem what cannot be redeemed. Do you not know that nature also dungs its fields with men? Take in the seeker but do not go out seeking those who err. What do you know about their error? Perhaps at is sacred. You should not disturb the sacred. Do not

74.75

-4. Fung a marginal hore in the calligraphic volume - propheria èréhisaisen а.д.4. The same inscription is given comisige 64. See notes, 32 and 183 also se

¹⁴⁴ In This offer a mathematic seasche wrote the main have taken in the polyte books a paramagnated a provided with a more to the calligraphic volume. "Khândogya-upanishad a far The Chândogya-Upanisha reads: "Once, when the gods and demans in the incline in Propagate at area themselves against each other he gods produce to the high hair within the breath within the nearth. The demons notified it with end. As a result, one anselfs with it both good and evil odors, for it is eddled with entil. Then they were rated the high hair as again the demons notified it with end as a result one anselfs with it both what is the high hair as again the demons notified it with end as a result one peeds with it both what is the end with end and it with end in the social on what is a sea to the main and hair is not ended a with end of the contracted the High Chant as hearing. The demons notified it with evaluation to the contracted the High Chant as the mins of the mins endified with evaluation of the interview o

took back and regret nothing. You see many near you fall? You feel compassion? But you should live your life, since then at least. one in a thousand will remain. You cannot halt dying.

But why did my sout not tear out the eye of the evil one? The evil one has many eyes, and losing one amounts to losing none But if she had done it she would have come completely under the spell of the evil one. The evil one can only fail to make sacrifice. You should not harm him above all not his eye, since the most beautiful would not exist if the evil one did not see it and long for at The evil one is holy

There is nothing the emptiness can satrifice, since it always suffers lack. Only fullness can sacrifice since it has fullness. Empeness cannot sacrifice its hunger for fullness, since it cannot deny its own essence. Therefore we also need evil. But I can sacrifice my will to evil, because I previously received fullness. All strength flows back to me again, since the evil one has destroyed the image I had of the formation of the God. But the image of the God's formation in me was not yet destroyed. I dread this destruction, since it is terrible, an imprecedented desecration of temples. Everything in me strives against this abysmat abomination. For I still did not know what it means to give birth to a God [Image 75] /

The Sacrificial Murder

Сар х...

75/76

[HI 76] But thus was the vision that I did not want to see the horror that I did not want to live. A sickening feeling of naises sneaks up on me and aborunable perfidious serpents wind their way slowly and cracklingly through parched undergrowth; they hang down lazily and disgustingly tethargic from the branches. looped in dreadful knots. I am reluctant to enter this dreary and unsightly valley, where the bushes stand in arid stony defues. The valley tooks so normal, its air smells of crime, of foul, cowardly deeds. I am seized by disgust and horror. I walk hesitantly over the boulders, avoiding every dark place for fear of treading on a serpent. The sun shines weakly out of a gray and distant sky, and an the seaves are shrivesed. A manionette with a broken head lies before me amidst the stones— a few steps further, a small apronand then behind the bush, the body of a small girl covered with terrible wounds-ameared with blood. One foot is clad with a stocking and shoe, the other is naked and gorily crushed—the head-where is the head? The head is a mash of blood with hair and whitish pieces of bone, surrounded by stones smeared with brain and blood. My gaze is captivated by this awful sight- a shrouded figure, like that of a woman, is standing calmly next to the child ther face is covered by an impenetrable veil. She asks me

- \$: "What then do you say>"
- i "What should I say? This is beyond words"
- \$: "Do you understand thus?"
- "I refuse to understand such things I can't speak about them without becoming enraged."

- S: "Why become enraged" You might as well rage every day of your life, for these and similar things occur every day".
 - I "But most of the time we don't see them."
 - S: "So knowing that they happen is not enough to entage you?"
- I "If I merely have knowledge of something, it's easier and sumpter. The horror is less real if al. I have is knowledge."
- See Step nearer and you will see that the body of the child has been cut open; take out the liver."
- 1 "I will not touch this corpse If someone witnessed this, they would think that I in the murderer"
 - S "You are cowardly take out the liver."
 - I "Why aboutd I do this? This is absurd."
 - S: "I want you to remove the liver. You must do it "
 - Who are you to give me such an order?
 - S "I am the soul of this child. You must do this for my sake "
- "I don't understand, but I'll beheve you and do this borrific and absurd deed * /

I reach into the child's visceral cavity—it is still warm—the aver is still firmly attached. I take my knife and cut it free of the ligaments. Then I take it out and hold it with bloody hands toward the figure

S "I thank you."

"What should I do?"

- S: "You know what the liver means, and you ought to perform. the healing act with it 246
 - I "What is to be done?"
 - 5: "Take a piece of the liver, in place of the whole, and eat it.".
- I "What are you demanding? This is absolute madness. This is desecration, necrophilia. You make me a guilty party to this most hideous of all crimes?
- S: "You have devised the most horr-ble torment for the murderer which could atone for his act. There is only one atonement, abase yourself and eat "
- I "I cannot—I refuse -1 cannot participate an this horrable guilt "
 - S "You share in this guilt"
 - | "I> Share in this guilt>"
 - S "You are a man, and a man has committed this deed."
- "Yes. I am a man I curse whoever did this for being a man. and I curse myself for being a man."
- S "So, take part in his act abase yourself and eat. I need atonement "
 - "So shall it be for your sake as you are the sout of this child "

I kneel down on the stone cut off a piece of the liver and put it in my mouth. My gorge rises—tears burst from my eyescold sweat covers my brow-a dull sweet taste of blood-1 swattow with desperate efforts—it is impossible—once again and once again—I aimost faint—it is done. The horror has been accomplished. 4

\$ "I thank you."

She throws her veil back - a beautiful maiden with ginger hair

- S "Do you recognize me>"
- I "How strangely tamiliar you are. Who are you?
- S: "I am your soul "141

46 The Renderitor Droft has instead: "Eighth Attention" (p. 793)
47 in Montries, while commenting on the Liverpool doesn (see below p. 318, n. 296). Jung noted "According to an older view the liver is the seat of life" (p. 244).
48 in 1940, Jung discussed citized anthropophagy, sacrifice and self-sacrifice in Transformation symbolism in the mass. 1941.

⁴⁹ to Block Book 3, Jung noted: "The curtain drops: What dreadful game has been played bere? I realize NV histories are played burner us aben to me]"

(p. 91). The phrase is from the Roman playwright Tereore from Houston Thoronoment. On September 2, 1960, Jung wrote to Herbert Read. "As a medical psychologist. I do not merely assume, but I am charcography convinced, that all homenoments are element uses a even my duty" (Letters 2, p. 489).

[2] The sacrifice has been accompashed; the divine chald the image of the God's formation, is slain, and I have eaten from the sacrificial flesh." The child, that is, the image of the God's formation, not only bore my human craving, but also enclosed all the primordial and elemental powers that the sons of the sun possess as an inalienable inheritance. The God needs at this for his genesis. But when he has been created and hastens away into unending space, we need the gold of the sun. We must regenerate ourselves. But as the creation of a God is a creative act of highest love, the restoration of our human - fe signifies an act of the Below. This is a great and dark mystery. Man cannot accomposit this act solely by himself, but is assisted by evil, which does it instead of man. But man must recognize his complicity in the act of evil. He must bear witness to this recognition by eating. from the bloody sacrificial flesh. Through this act he testifies that he is a man, that he recognizes good as well as evil, and that he destroys the image of the God's formation through withdraw ng his life force, with which he also dissociates himself from the God. This occurs for the salvation of the soul, which is the true mother of the divine child. /

When it bore and gave birth to the God my soul was of human nature throughout, it possessed the primordial powers since time immemorial, but only in a dormant condition. They flowed into forming the God without my help. But through the sacrificial murdet, I redeemed the primordial powers and added them to my sou. Since they became part of a living pattern, they are no longer dormant, but awake and active and intadiate my sou, with their divine working. Through this it receives a divine attribute. Hence the eating of the sacrificial flesh aided its healing. The ancients have also indicated this to as, in that they taught as to drink the blood and eat the flesh of the savior. The ancients believed that this brought healing to the soul.⁵⁰

77/78

There are not many truths, there are only a few. Their meaning is too deep to grasp other than in symbols '*

A God who is no stronger than man-what is he? You still should taste holy dread. How would you be worthy of enjoying the wine and the bread if you have not touched the black bottom of human nature? Hence you are lukewarm and pair shadows proud of your shallow coastlines and broad country roads. But the floodgates will be opened, there are nexorable things, from which only God can save you.

The primordial force is the radiance of the sun, which the sons of the sun have carried in themselves for acoust and pass on to their children. But if the some dips into radiance, she becomes as remorseless as the God himself since the life of the divine child which you have eaten, will feel like glowing coals in you it will been inside you like a terrible inextinguishable fire. But despite all the comment you cannot set if he since it will not set you be from this you will understand that your God is alive and that your soul has begun wandering on remorseless paths. You feel that the fire of the sun has erupted in you. Something new has been added to you, a holy affliction

Sometimes you no longer recognize yourself. You want to overcome it but it overcomes you. You want to let limits but it compels you to keep going. You want to elude it but it comes with you. You want to employ it, but you are its took you want to think about it but your thoughts obey it finally the fear of the inescapable leizes you, for it comes after you slowly and invincibly.

There is no escape. So it in that you come to know what a real God is. Now you'll think up clever triusms, preventive measures, secret escape routes excuses potions capable of inducing forgethimess, but it's all useless. The fire burns right through you. That which guides forces you onto the way.

But the way is my own self, my own life tounded upon myself. The God wants my afe. He wants to go with me, sit at the table with me, work with me. Above all he wants to be ever-present "Bur I'm ashamed of my God. I don't want to be divine but reasonable. The divine appears to me as irrational craziness. I hate it as an absurd disturbance of my meaningful human activity. It seems an unbecoming sickness which has storen into the regular course of my life. Yes, I even find the divine superfluous. / [Image 70] [Image 80] [Image 81] [Image 82] [Image 83, [Image 84]." I hage 85] [Image 86] [Image 97] [Image 93]. [Image 94]." [Image 95] [Image 96] [Image 97].

c50 instead of this sentence, the Draft has: "This experience accomplished what I needed. It occurred in the most abordinable manner. The will that I wanted performed the infamous deed, seemingly without me and yet with me, since I learned that wanted to all the horror of human nature described the draine chief, the image of my God's formation, through the most dreadful crime which human nature is capable of it takes this accounty to describe the smage of the God that drinks all my life force so that I could reduce my life' (p. 155).

^{12.} Jung developed his ideas, concerning the significance of symbols in Psychological Types 1925). See CW 6, §Bugff.

¹⁵ In 1909, Jung had his house built to Kitsmacht, and find the following motto from the Delphic tracele curved above the door. "Vocatos above too you above the god will be present.) The source of the quotation was Ensured's Collections adgresses using columned the motto as follows: It says yes, the god will be in the post out in what in many 10 what purposes: The purposes of the model product in patients and myself the month approximate road begans, not the approach to Christianary but to God humself and this seems to be the ultimate question. Jung to Eugene Rolfe

⁵⁴ There is a note as homeon of the page "24 VIII 1922 feet. (4.X) = possibly an abbreviation for 'feett," i.e. made "
153 In Black Book 2. In Jung's fantary of October 2: 1917, a figure appears, Ha, who anys be is the father of Philemon. Jung's soul describes has as a black magnitum. His secret so the rungs, which forg's soul waster to learn. He refuses to teach them, but shows some examples, which Jung's soul asks him to explain. Some of the runes rates appear in these parmongs. A year the leader in this painting, its explained: "See the two with different feet, one earth from and one sur book—which reach toward the are and have the automated out that e-made one in outcold line roward the other sun. Therefore operated teach downward. Meanwhile the upper sun cornect cert of the cone and the cone gazes after it, dejected about where it is going. One has to retrieve it with a hook and would like to place it in the small prison. Then the three have so stand regether, unite and twirf up at the top (cutled). With this they manage to stee the sun from its prison again. Now you make a thick bottom and a roof, where the san sits safe at the top. But simile the house the other san has risen also. Therefore you mo are coiled up of the top and have ma the presenting, mail the of the less that the ingression a might epige. The two same always many to be together— I said so, didn't I the two comes—each has a run. You want die diem nur spritte belause kin no. mak hat this no could be one You have downing up both suns and brought them to one mother and now shape. The other was made hat a mother was hat be died in the lower time. They in put the suns ng: no there, but ig the studdle, neither at the bottom not at the top, therefore there are not four but two, but the upper cone is at the bottom and there is a thick roof above and if you want to conclude you long to return with both arms. But in the bottom you have a prison fire two, for both of you. Therefore you make a prison for the lower sun and full toward the other side, to get the tower sun out of the prison. This is what you long for, and the upper cone comes and makes a bridge roward. In lower string as an which we in own before and in a chemical ing to add one into the sawe one but its out is beyond the line invisable (horizon). Now in are one and togget had on layer he cannot be out and togget over all the out are interconced to the prison of the lower sun, that is thing. There is a stop. Now the make a meeting, qualiform above with the mall through a prison which which walls is clear the appearant does not raise but the me at already given formation, location at they add tong in the reliabliance in up at the buttoon. Then, an account and make the seleptor's war derived in the suns. tial is mousing area important. Here because less an assing elsiss here is a lost above and lost use lapse appears the rook with both arms is that ligher herragh, her rivel. Herriche can below to be and tracte to a present above. You rouk down ward out, the appear that rought soward you. But you stand upright as a published

Divine Folly*

Cap. xiv.

[141 98] ¹⁹I am standing in a high half Before me I see a green curtain between two columns. The curtain parts easily I see into a small deep room with bare walls. There is a small window with bittish glass above. I set foot on the stair leading up to this room between the pillurs and enter. In the rear wall, I see a door right and left. It's as if I must choose between right and left.

I choose the right. The door is open, I enter I in in the reading room of a large obserty. In the background sits a small thin man of pale complexion, apparently the librarian. The atmosphere is troubling—scholarly ambitions—scholarly conceit—wounded scholarly variety. Apart from the librarian I see no one I step toward him. He looks up from his book and says, "What do you want?"

I'm somewhat embattassed, since I don't know what I really want Thomas à Kempis crosses my mind

["I'd like to have Thomas à Kempis's The Imitation of Christ" he He looks at the somewhat automished as if he didn't credit me with such an interest he gives me an order-form to fill out. I too think that it's astonishing to ask for Thomas à Kempis

Are you surprised that I'm requesting Thomas's work?"

Well, yes, the book is seldom asked for, and I wouldn't have expected thus interest from you."

"I must confess that I'm also somewhat surprised by this ration, but recently I came across a passage from Thomas that made a particular impression on one Why I can't really say If

I remember correctly, it dealt with the problem of the Imitation of Christ."

"Do you have particular theological or philosophical

"Do you mean: whether I want to read it for the purpose of prayer?"

"Well, hardly."

"If I read Thomas a Kempis, I do so for the sake of prayer or something similar rather than out of scholarly interest."

"Are you that religious? I had no idea."

"You know that I value science extraordinarily highly. But there are actually moments in life where science also leaves us empty and sick. In such moments a book, ike Thomas's means very much to me since it is written from the soul."

"But somewhat old fashioned. We can no longer get involved in Christian dogmatics these days, surely."

"We haven't come to an end with Christianity by simply putting it aside. It seems to me that there's more to it than we see."

"What so there about it's It's just a religion." /

"For what reasons and moreover at what age do men set it aside? Presumably, most do so during their student days or perhaps even earlier. Would you call that a particularly discriminating age? And have you ever examined more closely the grounds on which people put ande positive religion? The grounds are mostly dubtous, such as that the contents of beisef clash with natural science or philosoph:

"In my view, such an objection should not necessarily be rejected out of hand, despite the fact that there are better reasons. For example, I consider the tack of a true and proper sense of

have detailed the serpest from you—you have probably been put off. Therefore you make a prison for the betow. Now the serpent ground the sky shore the earth. You es its way through the sky around all the stars far above the earth. At the borrom it says the mother gives me this wisdom. hieroglyphs she'd seen in a dream. On October 10, he wrote to her ogenetic engrams of a historical symbolic nature." Commenting on the contempt meted out to 156 The runes in this painting appear in Black Book 7 in the entr September 1917' to them. He explained: "If you have se above and below, splin the sun again and have en elenced and go forward to something now" (p. (1) like the serpent over the uppe appended the date "ty September 1917" to them. He explained: "Now, however at the top and draws the sun up. Then both of you move opward and want to has swallowed the upper cone unto itself, because the suns were so close. Therefore you place the upper cone back up again, and because the suns were so close. Therefore you place the upper cone back up again, and because the suns were so close. for you two and the upper sun, which you expect, because you have imprisoned the lower one. But now the upper cone comes down powerfully and devides you and my the lower cone. This is impossible. Therefore you place the cones tip to tip and curl up toward the from in the center Because that's no way to leave matter? the help of the upper cope you get him our and in return you give the lower cope as son and the upper cope as well. You spread yourself out like the one-eyed, who wanders un heaven and hold the comes beneath you... but in the end matters still go away. You leave the comes and the sums to go and stand side by side and still do not here my test sign, that is the magic of the white main who lived in the great magic bouse, the magic which you call Christianice Your medicine man sold so houself. I and the father are one, no one comes to the father other than through me a told you so, the upper come is the father. He has bound humself threefold to you and stands between the other and the father. Therefore the other must go through hara, if he wants to reach the cone" (pp. 83-14).

Ower exhorm people to be concerned with the inner spiritual life as opposed to outer things, gives advice as to how this is to be lived, and shows the comfort and ultimate rewards of a life lived to Christ. The ride derives from the first time of the first chapter, where it is also stated that "Autyone who wishes to understand and to savor

o#/99

actuality in religion a disadvantage. Incidentally, a host of substitutes now exists for the loss of opportunity for prayer caused by the collapse of religion. Nicrosche, for example, has written a more than veritable book of prayer. In not to mention Facult

"I suppose that's correct in a certain sense. But especially Nietzsche's truth strikes me as too agreed and provocative—. it's good for those who are yet to be set free. For that reason his truth is good only for them. I believe that I we recently discovered that we also need a truth for those who are forced into a corner in's possible that instead they need a depressive truth, which makes man smaller and more inward."

"Forgive me, but Nictzsche interiorizes man exceptionally web."

"Perhaps from your standpoint you're right but I can't help feeling that Nietzsche speaks to those who need more freedom, not to those who clash strongly with life, who bleed from wounds, and who hold fast to actualities."

"But Nietzsche confers a precious feeling of superiority upon such people."

"I can't dispute that but I know men who need inferiority, not superiority."

"You express yourself very paradoxically 1 don't understand you. Inferiority can hardly be a desideratum."

"Ferhaps you'll understand me better if instead of inferiority I say resignation, a word that one used to hear a lot of but seidom anymore."

"It also sounds very Christian."

"As I said, there seem to be all sorts of things in Christianity that maybe one would do well to keep. Nietzsche is too oppositional. Like everything healthy and long-tasting, truth unfortunately adheres more to the middle way, which we amustly abhor."

"I really had no idea that you take such a mediating position."

"Neither did I my position is not entirely clear to me. If I mediate I certainly mediate in a very peculiar manner."

At this moment the servant brought the book, and I took my leave from the abrarian

[2] The divine wants to ave with me. My resistance is in vain. I asked my thinking, and it said. "Take as your model one that shows you how to live the divine." Our natural model is Christ. We have stood under his law since antiquity first outwardly and then inwardly. At first we knew this, and then knew it no longer. We fought against Christ, we deposed him, and we seemed to be conquerors. But he remained in us and mastered us.

It is better to be thrown into visible chains than into invisible ones. You can certainly leave Christianity but it does not leave you. Your liberation from it is dehision. Christ is the way. You can certainly run away, but then you are no longer on the way. The way of Christ ends on the cross. Hence we are crucified.

with him in ourselves. With him we wait until we die for our resurrection. With Christ the living experience to resurrection, unless it occurs after death **

If I implate Christ, he is always ahead of me and I can never reach the goal unless I reach it in him. / But thus I move beyond myself and beyond time, in and through which I am as I am. I thus blunder into Christ and his time, which created him thus and not otherwise. And so I am outside my time, despite the fact that my life is in this time and I am split between the life of Christ and my life that still belongs to this present time. But if I am truly to understand Christ, I must realize how Christ actually lived only his own life, and imitated no one. He did not emulate any model.¹⁴

If I thus truly imitate Christ, I do not imitate anyone. I emulate no one but go my own way, and I will also no longer call myself a Christian. Initially, I wanted to emulate and imitate Christ by aving my life, while observing his precepts. A voice in me protested against this and wanted to remind me that my time also had its prophets who struggle against the voke with which the past burdens us. I did not succeed in uniting Christ with the prophets of this time. The one demands bearing, the other discarding; the one commands submission, the other the will. How should I think of this contradiction without doing injustice to either? What I could not conjoin in my mind probably lends itself to living one after the other.

And so I decided to cross over into lower and everyday afe, my afe and to begin down there, where I stood

When thinking leads to the anthunkable, it is time to return to simple life. What thinking cannot solve, life solves, and what action never decides is reserved for thinking. If I ascend to the highest and most difficult on the one hand, and seek to eke out redemption that reaches even higher then the true way does not read upward, but toward the depths, since only my other reads me beyond myself. But acceptance of the other means a descent into the opposite from seriousness into the laughable, from suffering into the cheerful, from the beautiful into the agily from the pure into the impure "

Nox secunda"

Сар. ху.

[HI 100] On leaving the library, I stood in the antercom again. If I have time I look across to the door on the left I put the small book into my pocket and go to the door it is also open, and leads to a large kitchen, with a large chimney over the stove. Two long tables stand in the middle of the room, flanked by benches Brass pots, copper pans, and other vessels stand on shelves along the walls. A large fat woman is standing at the stove—apparently

eh 1, p. 33). The theme of the limitation of Christ dates back much earlier. There was much discussion in the Middle Ages concerning how this was to be understood (on the history of this nonon, see Giller Constable. "The Ideal of the teritation of Christ," in Three Statics in Medicia Religious and Social Though. It such radge Cambridge University Press, 1995), pp. 143: 248). As Constable shows, two broad approaches may be distinguished, depending upon how emission was understood the first the uncation of the divinity of Christ, stressed the doctrine of defication by which. Christ showed the way to become God through him. (p. 218). The second, the amostion of the humanity and body of Christ, pressed the insteading of his life on earth. The noise extreme form of this was in the tradition of sugnistics and viduals who have the wounds of Christ, upon their body.

161 I.e., Thus Spoke Zerorburora

16x In The heritarian of Christ. Thomas & Kempta wrone: "There to no salvation for the soul nor hope for evernal offe except in the cross. Take up your cross then, and follow Jesus, and you will enter evernal life. He went before you carrying his cross, and on the cross be died for you, so that you too should carry your cross, and tong for a death on the cross. For if you share his death, you will also share his tife" (book 2, ch. 12, p. 90)

cest, on the cross, For it you share his destin, you will also share his the "took 2, cit, 12, p. 909

(6) The Dright continues: "But we know that the anothers spoke to us in images. Hence any thinking advised me to emulsite Christ, not to indicate him but because he is the way. If follows way, thus go possed his good at the mysteries byte shown use previously. Thus my thinking spoke to use my a confused and ambaguous manner, but it advised me to insinge Christ." (p. 366).

one with the mage of the avertice and of tife. The as I was still eliminate was realised to yield to the enormous tempration of injustion and to look across to Chiuse, as if he were my goal and not my way? p. 367).

Chaise, as if he were invigoral and not my way? p. 367).

(65 The references seem to be to Schopenhauer and Nietzoehe, respectively.

(66 The Dright continuous "Consider this. Once you have considered it you will understand the adventure that beset me the following night" (p. 368).

con Second inlight

രിലി വരുന്നു. പ്രവർ

100/10)

the cook-wearing a checkered apron. I greet her, somewhat astorushed. She too seems embarrassed. I ask her "May I sit down" for a while? It should outside and I must wait for something."

"Please have a scat"

She wipes the table in front of me. Having nothing else to do. I take out my Thomas and begin to read. The cook is curious and looks at me furtively. Every once in a while she goes past me

"Excuse me are you perhaps a dergyman?"

"No, why do you think so?"

"Oh, I just thought you might be because you are reading a small black book. My mother, may God rest her soul, left me such a book."

"I see, and what book might that be?"

"it is called The Imitation of Christ It's a very beautiful book I often pray with it in the evenings."

"You have guessed well, I too am reading The Institution of Christ."

"I don't beheve that a man like you would read such a book." amess he were a pastor."

"Why shouldn't I read it? It also does me good to read a proper book."

'My mother. God bless her, had it with her on her deathbed, and she gave it to me before she died."

. browse through the book absentmendedly while she is speaking. My eyes fall on the following / passage in the nuneteenth chapter. The righteous base their intentions more on the mercy. of God, which in whatever they undertake they trust more than their own wisdom "169

This is the intuitive method that Thomas recommends, it occurs to me. " I turn to the cook. "Your mother was a clever. woman, and she did wen to give you this book."

"Yes, indeed it has often comforted me in difficult hours and it always provides good counsel."

I become animersed in my thoughts again: I believe one can also follow ones own mose. That would also be the intuitive. method. But the beautiful way in which Christ does this must nevertheless be of special value. I would like to imitate Christ—an unner disquiet seizes me- what is supposed to happen? I hearan odd swishing and whitting and suddenly a roaning sound. files the room like a horde of large birds. With a frenzied flapping of wings. I see many shadowike human forms rush. past and I hear a manifold babble of voices after the words "Let us pray in the temple"

"Where are you rushing off to?" I call out A bearded man with tousied hair and dark shining eyes stops and turns

toward me: "We are wandering to Jerusaiem to pray at the most hory sepaicher?

"Take me with you."

""You cannot join us, you have a body. But we are dead."

"Who are you?"

" am Ezechiei, and I am an Anabaptist ""

"Who are those wandering with you?"

"These are my fellow behavers"

"Why are you wandering?"

"We cannot stop, but must make a pilgninge to all the holy places."

"What drives you to this?".

"I don't know. But it seems that we still have no peace, authough. we died in true belief?

"Why do you have no peace if you died in true betief?"

The always seems to me as it we had not come to a proper end. with ate "

"Remarkable—how so?"

The seems to me that we forgot something important that should also have been aved "

"And what was that?"

"Would you happen to know?"

With these words he reaches out greedily and uncannily toward me, his eyes shaning as if from inner heat

"Let go, darmon, you did not live your ammai."15

The cook is standing in front of me with a horrified face, she has taken me by the arm and grips me firmly. "For God's sake," sho calls out "Heip, what's wrong with you? Are you in a bad ways"

I look at her associated and wonder where I ready am. But soon strange people burst in-among them the librarianinfinitely astonished and dismayed at first, then laughing maliciousty "Oh I might have known! Quick, the ponce!"

Before I can collect myself. I am pushed through a crowd. of people into a van. I am still clutching my copy of Thomas and ask myself. "What would be say to this new situation?" I open the booklet and my eyes fail on the thirteenth chapter where it says: "So long as we are here on earth, we cannot escape temptation. There is no man who is so perfect, and no saint so sacred. that he cannot be tempted on occasion. Yes, we can hardly be without temptation ""

Wise Thomas, you always come up with the right answer. That crazy Anabaptist certainly had no such knowledge, or he might have made a peaceful end. He also could have read it in Cicero: rerum openium satieras vitae facit sarietatem—satietas vitae tempus maxurum

^{169.} The resolve of the upright depends upon the grace of God, not on their own wisdom, at him they trust, whatever they undertake for man proposes. God disposes

and it is not fir rate to charge his lot" (The resitative of Christ, book with, 19, p. \$4.

TO Instead of this sentence Clash Book 4 has "Well, Henri Bergson," think there you have in—this is precisely the germine and right invuitive method" (p. 9). On March

20, 1944, Adolf Keller give a calk on "Bergson and the theory of libido" to the Zurich Psychoenalytical Society. In the discussion, long said "Bergson should have been discussed here long ago. B. says energebong that we have not said! (MZS, vot. 1, p. 57). On July 24, 1914, long gave a talk in London where be noted that his "constructive method: corresponded to Bergson a unturive method! ("On psychological understanding," Collected Pajers on Analytical Psychology, ed. Constance uning Landon: Bulliere Findall and Cox. 9 7 p 399). The work lung read was a evaluation creative (Paris: Aucan, 1907). He possessed the 1912 German translation of Cory Baynes's transcription has "Bergson's.

¹⁷² to the Droff, the speaker is identified as "The Uncompy One

The biblical Executed was a propher in the such density BCE. Jung saw a great deal of historical significance to his visions, which incorporated a mandala with quarernities, as representing the humanization and differentiation of Yahweb. Although Executed's visions are often viewed as pathological, lung detended their normality arguing that visions are natural phenomena that can be designated as pathological only when their morbid aspects have been demonstrated ("Answer to Job, 1952 CW (1, 56665) 66% 686). Anabaptism was a radical movement of the stateenth-country Protestant reformation, which cried to restore the spirit of the early church. The movement originated in Zurich in the 520s, where they rebelled against Zwangle and Justiner's reluctance to completely reform the church. They rejected the practice of infant baptism and promoted adult baptisms (the first of these took place in Zollikon, which is near Kiismacht, where Jung lived). Anabaptists stressed the immediacy of the human retation with God and were critical of religious inscitutions. The movement was violently suppressed and thousands were killed. See Daniel specifity ed. Early Anabeptin Spirituality: Substat Writings (New York: Paulist Press, 1994)

¹⁷⁴ In 1918, Jung argued that Christianity had suppressed the animal element ("On the unconscisors," CW 10 §31). He elaborated this theme in his 1923 seminars in Polzeath, Cornwall. to 959 be argued that the "psychological sin" which Christ committed was that "he did not live the animal side of himself" (Modern Psychology 4, p. 250). 145 Chapter 13 of book I of the Immanus of Clarks begins. "As long as we are in this world we shall have to face trials and temprations. As it says in the Book of Tob." What is man's life on earth but a time of tempration? That is why we should treat our temptations as a serious matter and endeavor by rigilance and prayer to keep the devil from hading any toophote. Remember that the devil never deeps but goes about tooking tot his prey. There is no one so perfect and holy that he never meets temperation. we cannot escape it altogether" (gs. 46). He goes on to emphasize the benefits of temptation, as being the means through which a man is "humbled, purified and disciplined.

satisfied with life and the time is tipe for death] ¹⁸⁶ This knowledge had evidently brought me into conflict with society. I was flanked by policemen left and right "Well," I said to them, "you can let me go now" "Yes, we know all about this," / one said laughing, "Now just you hold your peace," said the other steerity. So, we are obviously heading for the madhouse. That is a high price to pay. But one can go this way too, it seems. It's not so strange, since

thousands of our fellows take that path

We have arrived—a large gate a hal—a friendly busting superintendent—and now also two doctors. One of them is a small fat professor

morth offert [satiety of an things causes satiety of life- one is

Pr. "What's that book you've got there?"

"It's Thomas & Kempis, The Indiation of Christ."

Pr. "So, a form of religious madness, perfectly clear, religious paranois."—You see, my dear, nowadays, the imitation of Christ leads to the madhouse."

"That is hardly to be doubted, professor"

Pr "The man has wit—he is obviously somewhat maniacally aroused. Do you hear voices?"

"You bet! Today it was a huge throng of Anabaptists that swarmed through the kitchen."

Pr "Now, there we have it. Are the voices following you?"

"Oh no, Heaven forbid, I summoned them."

Pr "Ah this is yet another case that clearly indicates that hallucinations directly call up voices. This belongs in the case history. Would you immediately make a note of that, doctor?"

"With all due respect Professor, may I say that it is absolutely not abnormal, but much rather the intuitive method."

Pr "Excellent The fellow also uses neologisms Well. I suppose we have an adequately clear diagnosis Arryway I wish you a good recovery, and make sure you stay quiet."

"But professor. I'm not at all sick I feet perfectly well."

Pr "Look, my dear You don't have any insight into your illness yet. The prognosis is naturally pretty bad, with at best limited recovery."

Superintendent "Professor can the man keep the book"

Pri "Well, I suppose so, as it seems to be a harmless prayer book."

Now my clothes are inventoried then the bath and now I m taken off to the ward. I enter a large suckroom, where I'm totd to get into bed. The person to my left is lying motionless with a transfixed gaze, while the one to the right appears to possess a brain whose girth and weight are shrinking. I enjoy perfect silence. The problem of madness is profound. Divine madness: a higher form of the irrationality of the life streaming through use at any rate a madness that cannot be integrated into present-day society—but how? What if the form of society were integrated into madness? At this point things grow dark, and there is no end in sight."

[2] [HI 102] The growing plant sprouts a sapling on its right-hand side, and when this is completely formed, the natural urge to grow will not develop beyond the final bud but flows back into the stem, into the mother of the sprig, paving an uncertain way in the dark and through the stem, and finally finding the right position on the left where it sprouts a new sapling. But this new direction of growth is completely opposed to the previous one. And yet the plant nevertheless grows regularly in this way, without overstraining or disturbing its balance.

On the right is my thinking, on the left is my feeling. I enter the space of my feeling which was previously unknown to me, and see with astonishment the difference between my two rooms. I cannot help laughing many laugh instead of crying. I have stepped from the right foot onto the left, and write, struck by inner pain. The difference between hot and cold is too great. I leave the spirit of this world which has thought Christ through to the end, and step over into that other funny-frightful realm in which I can find Christ again.

The "imitation of Christ" led me to the master himself and to his astonishing kingdom. I do not know what I want there. I can only follow the master who governs this other realm in me. In this realm other laws are valid than the guidelines of my wisdom. Here, the "mercy of God," which I had never relied on, for good practical reasons, is the highest law of action. The "mercy of God" signifies a particular / state of the soul in which I entrust myself to all neighbors with trembling and hesitation and with the mightiest outlay of hope that everything will work out well

102/103

I can no longer say that this or that goal should be reached, or that this or that reason should apply because it is good, instead I grope through mist and night. No line emerges, no law appears; instead everything is thoroughly and convincingly accidental, as a matter of fact even terribly accidental. But one thing becomes dreadfully clear namely that contrary to my earlier way and all its insights and intentions, henceforth all is error. It becomes ever more apparent that nothing leads, as my hope sought to persuade me, but that everything misteads.

And suddenly to your shivering horror it becomes clear to you that you have fatten into the boundless, the abyss, the mainty of eternal chaos. It rushes toward you as if carried by the toaring wings of a storm, the hurtling waves of the sea

Every man has a quet place in his soul, where everything is self-evident and easily explainable, a place to which he likes to retire from the confusing possibilities of life because there everything is simple and clear with a manifest and limited purpose. About nothing else in the world can a man say with the same conviction as he does of this place. "You are nothing but..." and indeed he has said it.

And even this place is a smooth surface an everyday wall nothing more than a snugly sheltered and frequently poushed crust over the mystery of chaos. If you break through this most everyday of walls, the overwhelming stream of chaos will flood

176 The citation is from Cicero's Cass Material & Smeathin (Cato the Elder on Old Age. The text is a enlogy to old age. The lines long cites are italicized in the following passage. "Oranino, ut milit quadem videtus, stress menus saddes vitas just saddested. Sunt passitive atudia certa, runn egitus en deviderant adultiscentics? Sunt intention adultiscential must be constant in senectate in an experience of the passage of the extra senectate and senectate. Sunt determine quantum status experience of the extra senectate and senectate of the extra senectate of the extra

178 In the Draft a passage occurs here a paraphrase of which follows: Since I was a thinker, my beiling was the towest oldest, and least developed. When I was brought up against the unthinkable through my thinking and what was unreachable through my thought power then a could only press forward in a forced way. But a overloaded on one side and the other tide cank deeper a vertoading is not growth which it what we need (p. 4*6).

in Chaos is not single, but an unending multiplicity. It is not formless, otherwise it would be single, but it is filled with figures that have a confusing and overwheating effect due to their fullness. 21

These figures are the dead not just your dead, that is, an the amages of the shapes you took in the past, which your ongoing life. has left behind, but also the thronging dead of human history, the ghostly procession of the past, which is an ocean compared to the drops of your own life span. I see behind you, behind the murror of your eyes, the crush of dangerous shadows, the dead, who look greedily through the empty sockets of your eyes, who moan and hope to gather up through you all the loose ends of the ages, which sigh in them. Your cluelessness does not prove anything. Put your ear to that wall and you will hear the rustling. of their procession.

Now you know why you lodged the simplest and most easily explained matters in just that spot, why you praised that peaceful sear as the most secure so that no one, least of all yourself would unearth the mystery there. For this is the place where day and night agonizingly merge. What you excluded from your de, what you renounced and damned, everything that was and could have gone wrong, awaits you behind that wall before which you's quietry

If you read the books of history, you will find men who sought the strange and incredible, who ensuared themselves and who were held captive by others in wolves lairs, men who sought the highest and the lowest, and who were wiped by fate incomplete. from the tablets of the aving. Few of the aving know of them, and these few appreciate nothing about them, but shake their heads at such delusion.

While you mock them, one of them stands behind you, panting from rage and despair at the fact that your stupor does not attend. to him. He besieges you in sieepless nights, sometimes he takes. hold of you in an illness, sometimes he crosses your intentions. He makes you overbearing and greedy, he pricks your longing for everything, which avails you nothing, he devours your success in discord. He accompanies you as your evil spirit, to whom you can grant no release

Have you heard of those dark ones who roamed incognitoalongside those who ruled the day, conspiratorially causing anrest? Who devised cunning things and did not shrink from any crame to honor their God?

Beside them place Christ, who was the greatest among them. It was too little for him to break the world, so he broke himself. And therefore he was the greatest of them all, and the powers of this world did not reach him. But I speak of the dead who fell prey to power, broken by force and not by themselves. Their hordes people the and of the soul. If you accept / them, they fill. you with delusion and rebellion against what rules the world. From the deepest and from the highest they devised the most dangerous things. They were not of a common nature, but fine blades of the hardest steet. They would have nothing to do with the small aves of men. They aved on the heights and accompashed the lowest. They forgot only one thing: they did not live their animal

animals: how just they are how well behaved, how they keep to the time-honored, how toyal they are to the land that bears them, how they hold to their accustomed routes, how they care

for their young, how they go together to pasture, and how they draw one another to the spring. There is not one that conceals its overabundance of prey and iets its brother starve as a result. There is not one that thes to enforce its will on those of its own kind. Not a one mistakenly imagines that it is an elephant when it is a mosquito. The animal lives fittingly and true to the life of its species, neither exceeding nor falling short of it

He who never lives his animal must treat his brother like an animal. Abase yourself and live your animal so that you will be able to treat your brother correctly. You will thus redeem all those toaming dead who strive to feed on the living. And do not turn anything you do into a law, since that in the hubris of power **

When the time has come and you open the door to the dead your horrors will also afflict your brother, for your countenance proclaims the disaster. Hence withdraw and enter soutude, since no one can give you counsel if you wrestle with the dead. Do not cry for help if the dead surround you, otherwise the fiving will take flight, and they are your only bridge to the day. Live the life of the day and do not speak of mysteries, but dedicate the night to bringing about the salvation of the dead.

For whoever well-meaningly tears you away from the dead has rendered you the worst service, since he has forn your life branch from the tree of divinity. He also sins against restoring what was created and later subjugated and lost "For the earnest expectation of the creature waiteth for the manifestation of the sons of God. For the creature was made subject to vamity, not willingly, but by reason of him who hath subjected the same in hope because the creature itself also shall be delivered from the bondage of corruption into the glorious liberty of the children. of God. For we know that the whole creation groaneth and travaueth in pain together until now."

Every step upward will restore a step downward so that the dead will be delivered into freedom. The creating of the new shranks from the day since its essence is secret. It prepares the destruction of precisely this day in the hope of leading it over nto a new creation. Something evil is attached to the creation of the new, which you cannot proclaim loudly. The animal that tooks for new hanting grounds cowert starking and stuffing on dark paths and does not want to be surprised.

Please consider that it is the suffering of the creative that they carry something evil in them, a leprosy of the som that separates them from its danger. They could praise their ieprosy as a virtue and could indeed do so out of virtuouiness. But this would be doing what Christ does, and would therefore be his imitation. For only one was Christ and only one could violate the laws as he did. It is impossible to commit higher infringements on his path. Firfill that which comes to you. Break the Christ in yourself so that you may arrive at yourself and attimately at your animal which is well-behaved in its herd and unwilling to infringe its aws. May it suffice in terms of transgression that you do not imitate Christ since thereby you take a step back from Christianity and a step beyond it. Christ brought salvation through adeptness, and ineptitude will save you

Have you counted the dead whom the master of sacrifice The animal does not rebel against its own kind. Consider—honored? Have you asked them for whose sake they believe they have suffered death? Have you entered the beauty of their thoughts and the purity of their intention? "And they shall go forth, and look upon the carcasses of the men that have transgressed

^{103/104}

⁷⁹ Jung's marginal note to the calligraphic volume: 26. 1919." The date appears to refer to when this section was transcribed into the calligraphic volume about 1930. Rug said in a seminar. We are rectudized in regard to the animal. People don't understand when 1831 them they should become acquainted with their animals or assimilate their animals. They think the animal is always jumping over walls and raising hell all over town. You in nature the assumal is a well-behaved citizen. It is pious. It follows the path with great regularity. It does nothing extravagant. Only man is extravagant. So if you assintilate the character of the animal you become a presunanty new-abilding crosses you go very slowly, and you become very reasonable in your ways, in su much as you can affect it? (Vision 4, p. 168)

181 The Handwister Drift has in the margin. Rom 8 19' (p. 863). What follows in the text is a citation from Romans 8:19: 22

against me, for their worm shall not die, neither shall their fire. be quenched "16

Thus do penance, consider what fell victim to death for the sake of Christianicy, lay it before you and force yourself to accept. t. For the dead need sgivation. The number of the attredeemed. dead has become greater than the number of living Christians; therefore it is time that we accept the dead its

Do not throw yourself against what has become, enraged or bent on destruction. What will you put in its place? Do you not know that if you are successful in destroying what has become you will then turn the win of destruction against yourself? But anyone who makes destruction their goal will perish through self-destruction. Much rather respect what has become since reverence is a biessing

Then turn to the dead in listen to their lament and accept them with love. Be not their blind spokesman, or / [Image 105] (4) I there are prophets who in the end have stoned themselves. But we seek salvation and hence we need to revere what has become and to accept the dead, who have fluttered through the air and lived the bats under our roofs since time immemorial. The new will be built on the old and the meaning of what has become will become manifold. Your poverty in what has become you will thus deliver into the wearh of the future

What seeks to distance you from Christianity and its holy rule of love are the dead, who could find no peace in the Lord since their uncompleted work has followed them. A new salvation is always. a restoring of the previously lost. Did not Christ himself restore. bloody human sacrifice, which better customs had expelled from sacred practice since days of old? Did he not himself reinstate the sacred practice of the eating of human sacrifice? In your sacred practice that which earlier laws condemned will once again. be included

However just as Christ brought back human sacrifice and the eating of the sacrificed, all this happened to hira and not to his brother, since Christ placed above it the highest law of love, so that no brother would come to harm as a result but so that alcould rejoice at the restoration. The same thing happened as an ancient times, but now under the law of love 197 So if you have no reverence for what has become, you will destroy the law of love *** And what will become of you then? You will be forced to restore what was before, namely violent deeds, murder, wrongdoing, and contempt of your brother. And one will be alien to the other and confusion will rule

Therefore you should have reverence for what has become, so that the law of love may become redemption through the restoration. of the lower and of the past, not perdition through the boundtess mastery of the dead. But the spirits of those who die before their time will live, for the sake of our present incompleteness. at dark hordes in the rafters of our houses and besiege our ears with aegent laments, antil we grant them redemption through restoring what has existed since ancient times under the rule of love

What we call reinptation is the demand of the dead who passed away prematurely and incomplete through the guilt of the good and of the law. For no good is so complete that it could not do injustice and break what should not be broken.

We are a blanded race. We live only on the surface, only in the present, and think only of tomorrow. We deal roughly with the past in that we do not accept the dead. We want to work only with visible success. Above all we want to be paid. We would consider it insand to do hidden work that does not visibly serve men. There is no doubt that the necessity of life forced as to prefer only those fruits one can taste. But who suffers more from the tempting and misicading influence of the dead than those who have gone wholly missing on the surface of the world?

There is one necessary but hidden and strange work-a major work -which you must do in secret, for the sake of the dead. He who cannot attam his own visible field and vineyard is held fast by the dead, who demand the work of atonement from him. And until he has fulfilled this, he cannot ger to his outer work, since the dead do not let him. He shall have to search his soul and act in stillness at their behest and complete the mystery, so that the dead will not let him. Do not look forward so much, but back and into yourself, so that you will not fail to hear the dead.

It belongs to the way of Christ that he ascends with few of the living, but many of the dead. His work was the salvation of the despised and lost for whose sake he was crucified between two commals

I suffer my agony between two madmen. I enter the truth if descend. Become accustomed to being alone with the dead. It is difficult, but this is precisely how you will discover the worth of your living companions

What the ancients did for their dead. You seem to believe that you can absolve yourself from the care of the dead and from the work that they so greatly demand, since what is dead

104/105

⁽⁸⁾ The overstand from branch 24-66
(8) The Overstand from branch 24-66
(8) The Overstand from branch 24-66
(8) The Overstand from branch 24-66
(b) The Overstand from branch 24-66
(c) Supplies the overstand appointed blue their spokesment and resourching from per the shouldour at desfencing value so that many would hear him, and the power of his language also bounded those who resulted death. He presched the shouldest Christianity This was good, too. (p. 487) The reference is to Nietzsche

of his language also burned those who resisted death. He prosched the struggle against consuminate price was grown as a grown of the destruction you are propriet who do not know whose course he was promoting, but its treat believes himself to be speaking on his own behalf and thought he was the will of destruction (p. 188). The reference is to Niletziche.

186 in 340 long assurpmently reproduces this image to communities; in the second of his land of the proposition of the second of the as the two aspects of the anima. The old man corresponds to the or to spend meaning of it he sport and the dark brhoma figure or he approxite of the Alise Old Man manufacture magnetic and universities of regulative and counterference in all many at its Hermitian managing to be proposed to find colors plant outside the circle derived originally from an eye multified therefore stand for the observing any thin immersing consciousness. Similar to the consuments in the stept eitele, all expending seward, are rather like vegsets pouring out their content toward the center. [Fin There is a similar conception in akheny, in the Ripley periods and in available Presiding and askeny, ing 45%. There is in the planetary Gods who are pouring their qualities into the last higher band, he insumments along the our inperiod and to decree conceiling from outside. That is, in the individuation process what were originally propresent stream suck mode and are integrated into the personality again. Here in tent as in Figure 25. Above and Below male and ternale are integrated as in the all homes at the majoristic (CW 9.1. 5682). On March 21, 1950, he wrote to Resonant Piper Tomorrhing the same image. The other picture is as an echicated manual 40 years of the produced shit present also at an at-first unconsidera attempt to costore order in the emotions, state he was in which had been recent be an incoming at premium in intents. Letters I. p. 550).

¹⁸⁷ The Digit continues. "Not one title of "britism town a strongeted but instead we are adding a new one screpting the lamner of the dead" (p. 390).
128 The Digit continues: "It is nestring other than common evil desire making but encrystry temperation as long as you do not know that it is when the dead demand. But as long to you know about the dead, you will understand you temporation. As long as it is no more than end dusire, what can you do about it? Dama it, region it, arise

is past. You excuse yourself with your disbelief in the immortality of the soul. Do you think that the dead do not exist because you have devised the impossibility of immortality? You believe in your idols of words. The dead produce effects, that is sufficient. In the inner world there is no explaining away, as little as you can explain away the sea in the outer world. You must finally understand your purpose in explaining away, namely to seek protection.¹¹

I accepted the chaos, and in the following night, my soul approached me / [Image to7] /

Nox tertia"

Cap. xvs

891/30v

[HI 108] "My sou, spoke to me in a whisper urgently and aurmingly "Words, words, do not make too many words. Be silent and listen: have you recognized your madness and do you admit it? Have you noticed that all your foundations are completely mired in madness? Do you not want to recognize your madness and welcome it in a friendly manner? You wanted to accept everything. So accept madness too. Let the light of your madness shiftle, and it will suddenly dawn on you. Madness is not to be despised and not to be feared, but instead you should give it life."

- I "Your words sound hard and the task you set me is difficult."
- S: "If you want to find paths, you should also not spurn madness, since it makes up such a great part of your nature."
 - 1 "I didn't know that this is so."
- S: "Be glad that you can recognize it, for you will thus avoid becoming its victim. Madness is a special form of the spirit and clings to all teachings and philosophies, but even more to daily afe, since afe itself is full of craziness and at bottom atterly diogical. Man strives toward reason only so that he can make rules for himself. Life itself has no rules. That is its mystery and its unknown law. What you call knowledge is an attempt to impose something comprehensible on life."
- I "That all sounds very desolate, but nevertheless it prompts me to disagree"
- % "You have nothing to disagree with—you are in the madbouse."

 There stands the fat little professor—had he spoken this way?

 And had I taken him for my soul?

Prof: "Yes, my dear, you are confused. Your speech is completely incoherent."

1 "I too beheve that I've completely lost myself Am I really crazy"> It is all terribly confusing."

Prof "Have patience, everything win work out Anyway sleep well"

I "Thank you, but I'm afraid"

Freelything inside me is in after disarray Matters are becoming serious, and chaos is approaching. Is this the ultimate bottom? Is chaos also a foundation? If only there weren't these terrible waves. Everything breaks asunder like black billiows. Yes, I see

and understand: it is the ocean, the almighty nocturnal tide—a ship moves there—a large steamer—I in just about to enter the smoking parlor—many people—beautiful clothes—they all look at me astonished—someone comes up to me and says: "What's the matter? You look just like a ghost! What happened?"

I "Nothing that is—I believe that I have gone crazy the floor sways reverything moves."

Someone "The sea is somewhat rough this evening, that's all have a hot toddy- you're seasick."

I "You're right, I am seasick, but in a special way— I'm really in a madhouse"

Someone "Well now, you're joking again, life is returning."

I "Do you call that wit? Just now the professor pronounced me truly and utterly mad"

The fat attle professor is actually sitting at a green-covered table playing cards. He turns toward me when he hears me speak and raughs: "Well, where did you get to? Come here. Would you are a drink too? You're quite a character, I must say. You've put all the ladies in quite a flurry this evening."

I "Professor, for me this is no longer a joke Just now I was your patient—"

The parior erupts in anbridled laughter

Prof. "I hope that I haven t upser you too much."

I "Well to be committed is no small matter"

The person to whom I had been speaking before suddenly comes up to me and rooks me in the face. He is a man with a black beard, a tousled head of hair, and dark shining eyes. He speaks to me vehemently "Something worse happened to me. it's five years now that I ve been here."

I realize that it is my neighbor who has apparently awakened from his apathy and is now sitting on my bed. He goes on speaking fiercely and urgently: "But I am Nietzsche, only rebaptized. I am also Christ, the Savior, and appointed to save the world, but they won't let me."

["Who won t let you?"

The foot "The devil. We are in Hell. But of course, you haven't noticed it yet. I didn't realize until the second year of my time here that the director is the devil."

I "You mean the professor" That sounds incredible "

The foor "You're an ignorantia I was supposed to marry the mother of God long ago." But the professor that devil has her in his power. Every evening when the sun goes down he gets her with child. In the morning before sunrise she gives birth to it. Then all the devils come together and kill the child in a gruesome / [Image 109] ** / manner I distinctly hear his cries."

I "But what you have told me is pure mythology"

The fook "You're crazy and understand nothing of it. You belong in the madhouse. My God, why does my family always shut me in with crazy people? I'm supposed to save the world, I'm the Savior!"

He lies down again and sinks back into his lassitude. I clutch the sides of my bed to protect suyself against the terrible waves I stare at the wall, so that I can at least latch onto something with

anew only to stumble again and mork and Josche vourself, but definitely despise and pity yourself. But if you know what the dead demand, tempration will become the welkpring of your best work, indeed of the work of salvation. When Christ ascended after completing his work, he ted those up with him who had died prenaturely and incomplete under the law of hardship and alienation and raw violence. The tamentations of the dead filled the set of the time and their metery became so rough that even the living were suddened, and became tired and sick of life and yearned to due to this world already in their living bodies. And thus you too lead the dead to their completion with your work of salvation! (pp. 390-391)

89 The Droft continues: You employ old word magic to protect yourself through superstinon for you are still a powerless child of the old wood. But we eath ace behind your word magic and it is tendered feeble and nothing protects you against the chieu other chain acceptance. (p. 395)

190 Junuary 18, 414.

192 In The Relation between the Fana the Georgeou (1928). Jung refers to a case of a man with pursooid dementia he encountered during his time at the Burghölzli who was in relephonic communication with the Mother of Food (1972, 9349).

•93 targe legend: This man of matter rise: up too far in the world of the species has there the spirit of the heart boxes. In ough him with a golden cay. He falls with roy and desiring rates. The serpend, who is end, could not remain in the world or species.

ισ8/ιτο

my eyes. A horizontal ane runs along the wall, which is painted a darker cotor beneath. A radiator stands in front of it--it is a railing and I can see the sea beyond it. The line is the horizon. And there the sun now rises in red glory, solitary and magnificent—in it is a cross from which a serpent hangs-or is it a buil, slit open, as at the slaughterhouse, or is it an ass? I suppose it is ready a ram with a crown of thorns—or is it the crucified one myself? The sun of marryrdom has arisen and is pouring bloody rays over the sea. This spectacle lasti a long time, the sun rises higher, its cays grow. brighter™ and hotter and the sun burns down white on a blue sea. The swell has subsided. A charitable and quiet summer dawn lies. on the shammening sea. The salty smell of water rules up. A faint. wide jurf breaks on the sand with a dull thunder and remans. encemantly, twelve times, the strokes of the world clock**. The twelfth hour is complete. And now allence enters. No none, no broeze Everything is rigid and deathly itil. I wait, accretly anx ious. I see a tree arise from the sea. Its crown reaches to Heaven. and its coots teach down into Hell I am completely alone and disbeartened and gaze from afar. It is as if an life had flown from me and completely passed into the incomprehensible and fearful. I am atterly weak and incapable "Salvation." I whileer A strange voice speaks: "There is no salvation here 106 you must remain calm." or you will disturb the others. It is eight and the other people want to sleep " I see, it's the attendant. The coom is damly lit by a weak. lamp and sadness weighs on the room.

I I couldn't find the way."

He says "You don't need to find a way now."

He speaks the truth. The way, or whatever it might be, on which people go, is our way, the right way. There are no paved ways into the future. We say that it is this way, and it is. We build roads by going on. Our life is the truth that we seek. Only my life is the truth, the truth above all. We create the truth by living it.

[2] This is the night in which all the dams broke, where what was previously solid moved, where the stones turned into serpents, and everything aving froze. Is this a web of words? If it is, it is a hellish web for those caught in it.

There are helish webs of words, only words but what are words? Be tentative with words, value them well, take safe words, words without catches, do not spin them with one another so that no webs acree for you are the first who is ensured in them.** For

words have meanings. With words you pull up the anderworld word the paltriest and the mightiest. In words the emptiness and the failness flow together. Hence the word is an image of God. The word is the greatest and the smallest that man created just as what is created through man is the greatest and the smallest.

So if I fall prey to the web of words. I fall prey to the greatest and the smallest I am at the mercy of the sea, of the inchoate waves that are forever changing place. Their essence is movement and movement as their order. He who strives against waves is exposed to the arbitrary. The work of men is steady but it swims upon chaos. The striving of men seems like lunacy to him who comes from the sea. But men consider him mad "He who comes from the sea is sick. He can hardly bear the gaze of men. For to him they all seem to be drunk and foolish from deep-inducing poisons. They want to come to your rescue, and as for accepting help, for sure you would like less of that, rather than swindling your way into their company and being completely like one who has never seen the chaos but only talks about it.

But for him who has seen the chaos, there is no more hiding, because he knows that the bottom aways and knows what this swaying means. He has seen the order and the disorder of the endless he knows the amawful saws. He knows the sea and can never forget at. The chaos is terrible days full of lead nights full of horsor.

But just as Christ knew that he was the way the truth, and the fe in that the new torment and the renewed salvation came into the world brough him,** I know that chaos must come over men and that the hands of those who unknowingly and unsuspectingly break through the thin walls that separate us from the sea are busy. For this is our way, our truth, and our life

Just as the disciples of Christ recognized that God had become flesh and lived among them as a man we now recognize that the anomited of this time is a God who does not appear in he flesh, he is no man and yet is a son of man, but in spirit and not in flesh, hence he can be born only through the spirit of men as the concerving womb of the God.** What is done to this God you do to the lowest in yourself, under the law of love according to which nothing is east out. For how else should your lowest be saved from depravity? / [Image 111]** / Who should accept the lowest in you, if you do not? But he who does it not from love

0.7814

94 Jung's marginal note in the calligraphic volume "22.3.5919". This seems to refer to when this passage was transcribed into the calligraphic volume.

⁴⁵ of where the Bigles 45 mag make the order on the introduction to the windows Bigles of the order of the first colors of the District Canady of Dance again of colors Risks arranged to the colors of the District Canady of Dance again of colors Risks arranged to the colors of the Canady of Dance again of colors Risks arranged to the colors of the Canady of Dance again of colors Risks arranged to the colors of the Canady of Dance again of colors of the Canady of Dance again of colors of the Canady of Dance again of the colors of the Canady of Dance again of the colors of the Canady of Dance again of the colors of the Canady of Dance again of the colors of the Canady of Dance again of the colors of the Canady of Dance again of the Canady of the Canady of Dance again of the Canady of the Can

^{9.} In Decimentary of with an including the surface area ingo to which the areases her as a more meaning the dataments shadowed progress to the Dean or need to be achieved to have seen to have a surface to the area of the area of

In this is the continued incomercion of God after Chrisis Commensing on the Book of Revelation, Jung argued that "Ever since John the apocalyptist experienced for the first time (perhaps unconsciously) the conflict Jung which Christianity inevitably leads, markind is burdened with this God wanted and wants to become man. Why is not as the man of the man to the Centernality inevitably leads, markind is burdened with this God wanted and wants to become man. Why is not as the man of the man of the westernal more than the second with a night and the end of the drong was not man. The man of the man soul. The uncarrange of Christianity is the prototype which is continually being transferred to the creature by the Holy. Ghost "Third, §740). In contemporary times, Jung gave great importance to the paper built of the Assurption Merit He held that it "points to the Astronomy in the Planta and to make an internal prototype which is continually being transferred to the creature by the Planta and to make the man of the analysis of the unconstitues" (Food, §755) Through being identified on a man man of the analysis of the analysis of the analysis of the unconstitues" (Food, §755) Through being identified on an internal way of the analysis o

^{2.} Image ye is. The wipers too down in the earth has a what a subtribute in the expect in similar to the serpent in mage is in thick hoth an increase a long in the formage. It was a constraint the goal those of terms light a set at see a close showing make on the constraint of the top left should be increased the regular shape of a streak of lightning, and behind it an independent end think light in the cloud. It does not move, I see a dead block serpent lying beneath the cloud and the lightning, it does not move. Beneath the cloud I see a dead block serpent and the thanderboth stock in its head like a spear. A hand, as large as that of a God, has thrown the spear and everything has forcen to a gloomy image. What is it trying to say the you recall that image that you painted can age. In one is which he are than a new in the data and show where verpent is a say to be an it in a compact of the man in the white robe and a black face, like a mamment? It. How now, what is this supposed to mean? Soul: "It is an image of your set?" (p. 17).

but from pride, selfishness, and greed, is damned. None of the dammation is cast out either and

If you accept the lowest in you, suffering is unavoidable since you do the base thing and build up what lay in ruin. There are many graves and corpses in us. an evil stench of decomposition.** Just as Christ through the torment of sanctification subjugged. he flesh, so the God of this time through the torment of sancrification will subjugate the spirit fust as Christ tormented the flesh through the spirit, the God of this time will torment the spirit through the flesh. For our spirit has become an impertinent whore, a slave to words arented by men and no longer the divane word reself 200

The lowest in you is the source of mercy. We take this sackness. apon ourselves, the mability to find peace, the baseness, and the contemptibility so that the God can be healed and radiantly ascend, purged of the decomposition of death and the mud of the underworld. The despicable prisoner will ascend to his suvation shining and wholly healed ***

Is there a suffering that would be too great to want to undergo for our God? You only see the one and do not notice the other But when there is one, so there is also another and that is the lowest in you. But the lowest in you is also the eye of the evil that stares at you and looks at you coldly and sucks your light down into the dark abyss. Bless the hand that keeps you up there, the smallest humanity, the lowest living thing. Quite a few would prefer death. Since Christ imposed bloody sacrifice on humanity the renewed God was also not spare bloodshed

Wherefore art thou red in thine apparel, and thy garments tike him that treadeth in the winefat? I have trodden the winepress alone and no one as with me. I have trodden myself down in my. anger, and trampted upon myself in my fury. Hence my blood has spattered my clothes, and I have stained my robe. For I have afforded myself a day of vengeance, and the year to redeem myself has come. And I looked around, and there was none to help, and I wondered that there was no one who stood by metherefore my own arm must save me, and my fury upheid me And I trod myself down in my rage, and made myself drunk in my fury, and spilt my blood on the earth. 105 For I took my misdeed upon inviself so that the God would be healed

fust as Christ said that he did not come to make peace but brought the sword.⁴⁰⁷ so he in whom Christ becomes complete will not give himself peace, but a sword. He will rebei against. himself and one was be turned against the other in him. He will also hate that which he loves in himself. He will be castigated in himself, mocked, and given over to the torment of crucificion. and no one will aid him or soothe his terment.

Just as Christ was crucified between the two thieves, our lowest hes on either side of our way. And just as one thief went to Hell and the other rose up to Heaven, the sowest in as will be sundered in two halves on the day of our judgment. The one is destined for damnation and death, and the other will rise up 200 But it will take a long time until you see what is destined for death and what is destined for life aince the lowest in you is still. unseparated and one, and in a deep sleep.

If I accept the lowest in me. I lower a seed into the ground of Hell. The seed is invisibly small, but the tree of my life grows from it and conjoint the Below with the Above. At both ends there is fire and blazing embers. The Above is fiery and the Below is fiery. Between the unbeamble fires grows your life. You hang between these two poles. In an anmeasurably frightening movement the stretched hanging welters up and down.200

We thus fear our lowest since that which one does not possess. is forever united with the chaos and takes part in its mysterious. ebb and flow. Insofar as I accept the lowest in me-precisely that red glowing sun of the depths: and thus fall victim to the confusion of chaos, the upper shaning sun also rises. Therefore he who strives for the highest finds the deepest

To deliver the men of his time from the stretched hanging, Christ effectively took thus torment upon humself and taught them "Be crafty ake serpents and guileless like dover "10 For craftiness counsels against chaos, and guilelessness veils its

202 The Drift continues "But who does this under the raw of rows will move beyond suffering, sit at the table with the anguned and behold God's glory" (p. 406). 203 The Dreft continues: "But God will come to chose who take their auffering upon themselves under the law of love, and he will establish a new come with them. For at codicted that the amounted is supposed to return, but no songer in the Beah, but in the spirit. And just as Their goided the Beah upward through the comment of

on, the anomated of this time will guide the spirit upward through the teament of salvation" p. 407)
204 The Digit continues. "The lowest in you is the stone that the builders discarded. It will become the connections." The lowest in you will grow like a grain of vice from dry soil shooting up from the send of the most burren desert, and rise and stand very tall. Salvation comes to you from the discarded. Your sun will rise from muddy ewantps. Libe all others, you are annoyed at the lowest in you because its guise is ugiler than the image of yourself that you love. The towest in you is the most desiand least valued, bull of pain and sickness. He is despised so much that one hides one's face from bins, that he is held in no respect whatsoever, and it is even said. he does not exist because one is asharped for his take and despites oneself, in truth, it carries our sickness and is ridden with our pain. We consider him the one who is plagiful and purished by God on account of his despicable ugliness. But he is wounded, and exposed to madness, for the take of our own parties, he is crucified and

tabletion will come to us through our own wounds. (pp. 407-8). The first unter refer to Pialm 118:22. The passage echoes Issuah 53, which Jung tured above, p. 229. The Diego continuent "Why should over spirit not take upon intelf torment and reallessness for the sake of sanctification! But all this will come over you, for already hear the stops of those who bear the Roys to open the gates of the depths. The valleys and mountains that resound with the noise of battles, the same nation arising from binumerable inhabited tites to the omen of what is to come. My visious are truth for I have beheld what it to come. But you are not supposed to believe me because otherwise you will story from your path, the right one that leads you safely to your suffering that I have seen alread. May no taith midead you, accept your

been added to it. Consed unto him of fire he who kills the one capable of love in himself for the borde of the dead who died for the take of love is immeasurable. the mightiest among these dead is Christ the Lord. Holding these dead in reverence is wisdom. Purgatory awayts those who reunder the one in chemiselves who in the flore. You will cament and rave against the impossibility of uniting the towest in you with the law of those who towe. I say to you, Just as Christ subjuguous, the nature of the physical to the spirit under the law of Christ's completed work of subvation through love. You are afraid of the danger but know that where God is nearest, the danger is greatest. How can you recognize the

of your way. The lowest in you is the untoreseerable for you cannot see it. Thus shope and behold it. You will thus open the floodgates of chaos. The sun arises from

208 In Awww #36 (1953) Tang wrote of Christ on the cross. Thus picture is completed by the two thieves, one whom goes down to hell, the other uses paradise. One

District notes that in Plato's Goglier there is the motif that cransgressors being in Hades (Notyle, p. 17). To lung's list of references at the back of his copy or -He noted: "177 hanging."

280 Matthew 10:16. "Behold, send you forth as sheep in the mast of wolves be ye therefore wise as seepends, and hacesters as doves.

terrible aspect. Thus men could take the safe suiddle path, failed to accept your roots no longer suckled the dark nourishment hedged both apward and downward

But the dead of the Above and the Below mounted, and their demands grew ever louder. And both the noble and the wicked. rose up again and anaware broke the law of the mediator. They flung open doors both above and below. They drew many after them to higher and lower madness, thereby sowing confusion and preparing the way of what is to come

But he who goes into the one and not also at the same time. into the other by accepting what comes toward him, will simply teach and live the one and turn it into a reality. For he will be its victim. When you go into the one and hence consider the other approaching you as your enemy, you will fight against the other. You will do so because you full to recognize that the other is also in you. On the contrary, you think that the other comes somehow from without and you think that you also catch sight of it in the views and actions of your fellow. men which clash with yours. You thus fight the other and are completely blinded

But he who accepts what approaches him because it is also inhim, quarters and wrangles no more, but rooks into himself and keeps silent. / [Image 113]21 /

He sees the tree of tife whose roots reach into HeL and whose top touches Heaven. He also no longer knows differences:" who is right? What is holy? What is genuine? What is good? What is correct? He knows only one difference, the difference between below and above. For he sees that the tree of life grown from below to above, and that it has its crown at the top, clearly differentiated from the roots. To him this is anquestionable. Hence he knows the way to salvation.

To unlearn all distinctions have that concerning direction is part of your salvation. Hence you free yourself from the old curse. of the knowledge of good and evil. Because you separated good. From evil according to your best appeared and supered only to the good and denied the evil that you committed nevertheless and

of the depths and your tree became sick and withered.

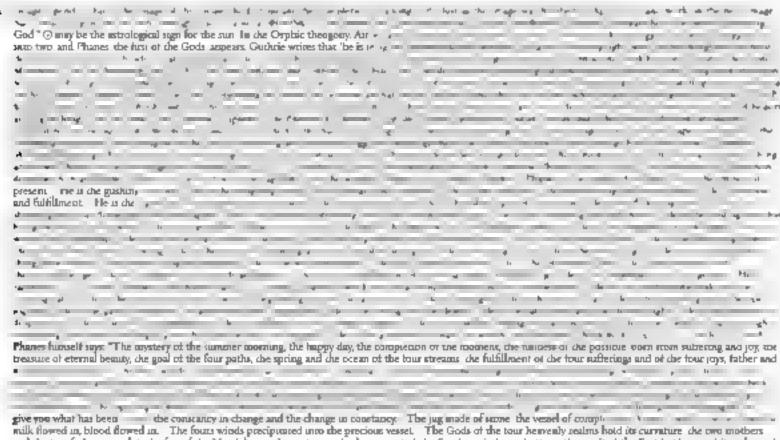
Therefore the ancients said that after Adam had eaten the appie, the tree of paradise withered." Your life needs the dark But if you know that it is evil, you can no longer accept it and you suffer anguish and you do not know why. Nor can you accept it as evil, else your good will reject you. Nor can you deny it since you know good and evil. Because of this the knowledge of good and evil was an insurmountable curse

But if you return to primal chaos and if you feet and recognize. that which hangs stretched between the two anbearable poles of fire you will notice that you can no longer separate good and evilconclusively, neither through feeling nor through knowledge, but that you can discern the direction of growth only from below to above. You thus forget the distinction between good and evil and you no longer know it as long as your tree grows from below to above. But as soon as growth stops, what was united in growth falls apart and once more you recognize good and eva-

You can never deny your knowledge of good and evil to yourself, so that you could betray your good in order to live evil-For as soon as you separate good and evil, you recognize them They are united only in growth. But you grow if you stand still in the greatest doubt, and therefore steadfastness in great doubt is a veritable flower of life

He who cannot bear doubt does not bear himself. Such a one is doubtful; he does not grow and hence he does not sive. Doubt is the sign of the strongest and the weakest. The strong have doubt, but doubt has the weak. Therefore the weakest is close to the strongest and if he can say to his doubt "I have you," then he is the strongest 34 But no one can any yes to his doubt anless he endures wide-open chaos. Because there are so many among us who can talk about anything pay heed to what they ave. What someone says can be very much or very little. Thus

My speech is neither light nor dark, since it is the speech of someone who is growing.



and the two furbers guard at the face of the North burns above its mouth, the serpent of the South excircles in bottom, the south of the East holds one of its sides and

Nox quarta

Сар жуы

[HI 114] ¹⁶I hear the roaring of the morning wind, which comes over the mountains. The tight is overcome, when all my ife was subject to eternal confusion and stretched our between he potes of fire.

My sour speaks to me in a bright voice "The door should be lifted off its lunges to provide a free passage between here and there, between yes and no, between above and below, between left and right. Arry passages should be built between all opposed things, ight smooth streets should lead from one pole to the other Scales should be set up, whose pointer sways gently. A flame should burn that cannot be blown our by the wind. A stream should flow to its deepest goal. The herds of wild animals should move to their feeding grounds along their old game paths. Life should proceed from birth to death, from death to birth, unbroken like the path of the sun. Everything should proceed on this path."

Thus speaks my sout But I toy casually and terribly with myself. Is it day or hight? Am I asseep or awake? Am I asive or have I already died?

Bund darkness besieges me—a great wall—a gray worm of twilight crawls along it. It has a round face and laughs. The laughter is convulsive and actually relieving. I open my eyes the fat cook is standing before me. "You're a sound steeper I must say. You're slept for more than an hour."

I "Really" Have I slept? I must have dreamed, what a dreadful play! Did 1 tal. asleep in this kitchen? Is this really the ream of mothers?" at

"Have a glass of water, you're still thoroughly drowsy."

I. Yes, this sleep can make one drunk. Where is my Thomas? There it des, open at the twenty-first chapter. "My sout, in everything and yet beyond everything, you must find your rest in the Lord for he is the eternal rest of the saints."

I read this sentence aloud. Is not every word followed by a question mark?

"If you fell asleep with this sentence, you must really have had a beautiful dream."

I "I certainly dreamed, and I will think about the dream Incidentally, can you tell me whose cook you are?"

"The abrarian's He loves good cooking and I have been with him for many years" / [Image 115]**/ I "Oh. I had no idea that the abrarian had such a cook "

"Yes, you must know that he's a gourmet."

I "Farewell, madam cook, and thank you for the accommodation.

"You are most welcome and the pleasure was entirely mine."

Now I am outside So that was the librarian's cook. Does he really know what food is prepared inside? He has certainly never gone in there for a temple aleep. I think that I'll return the Thomas a Kempis to him. Jentee the library.

L "Good evening, here you are again."

If "Good evening, Sir, I've come to return the Thomas. I sar down for a bit in your kitchen next door to read, without suspecting that it's your kitchen."

— "Please, there's no problem whatsoever. Hopefully my cook received you well."

I "I can t complain about the reception. I even had an afternoon steep over Thomas."

□ "That doesn't surprise me. These prayer books are terribly books."

I "Yes, for people like us But your cook finds the attle book very edifying."

u "Well yes, for the cook "

I "Adow me the indiscrete question have you ever had an incubation sleep in your kirchen?"

I "No. I've never entercained such a strange idea."

I "Let me say that you'd learn a lot that way about the nature of your kitchen. Good night, Sir!"

After this conversation I left the library and went outside into the anteroom where I approached the green curtains. I pushed them aside and what did I see? I saw a high-coolinged hall before me—with a supposedly magnificent garden in the background-Klingsor's magical garden, it occurred to me at once. I had entered a theater, those two over there are part of the play. Amfortas and Kundry, or rather, just what am I looking as? It is the librarian and his cook. He is as mg and pale, and has a bad stomach, she is disappointed and furious. Klingsor is standing to the left holding the feather the librarian used to tuck behind his ear. How closely Klingsor resembles mei What a repulsive play! But look, Parsital enters from the left. How strange he also looks like me. Klingsor venomously throws the feather at Parsifal. But the latter catches is caimly.

The scene changes. It appears that the audience, in this case me, joins in during the last act. One must kneel down as the Good Friday service begins. Parsifa, enters, slowly, his head.

the spirit of the West the other. Forever denied in exists forever. Recurring in all forms, forever the same, this one precious vessel, surrounded by the circle of animals denying itself, and arising in new splendor through its self-denial. [The heart of God and of man. It is the One and the Many. A path leading across mountains and valleys, a guiding star on the oceans, in you and always ahead of you. [Perfected, undeed truly perfected as he who knows this. [Perfection is poverty. But proverty means gratitude. Generally is love (2 August). In cruth, perfection is eartifice. Perfection is joy and anticipation of the shadow. Perfection is the end. The end means the beginning, and hence perfection is onto smalliness and the smalless possible beginning. Everything is imperfect, and perfection is the end. The end means the beginning. Hence perfection means community. I am perfection, but perfected is only he who has artained his limits. I am the eternal light, but perfect is he who stands between dar and right. I am external light who is perfect is he who as placed the social has limits. I am beauty, but perfect is he who as against the temple wall and mends shoes for money. He who is perfect is sumple solicity, and unanimous elesce he seeks diversity community amonguity. Through diversity community, and ambiguity he advances toward simplicity solitiode and unanimousness. He who is perfect knows suffering and joy, but I am the bigs beyond joy and suffering are who is perfect knows light and dark but I am the light beyond darkness. He who is perfect knows the bigs beyond in an the being loved but am the love beyond embrace and mourning. The who is perfect knows and terraine and terraine and terraine. He who is perfect knows over and being loved but am the love beyond embrace and mourning. The who is perfect knows and the second child and the aged. He who is perfect knows rise and fall, but I am the center beyond dawn and dusk. He who is perfect knows me and hence he is different from me. (Black 800k.7 pp. 76-80.)

212 tung's marginal note to the caltigraphic volume: 14. IX. 1922
213 In Transformation and Symbols of the Librio (1912). Jung referred to a regend to which the tree had withered after the fall (CW B, \$375)

214 The Draft continues: "Hence Christ taught: Elessed be ye poor, for yours a the kingdom of God" (p. 416). This refers to Luke 6:20

215 Fourth night. 216 femaly 19, 1914

207 In the first not the second part of Goethe's Peest, Faust has to descend to the realm of the Mothers. There has been much speculation contenting the meaning of this term in Goethe. To Eckermann Goethe stated that the source for the name was from Phiracch. In all likelihood, this was Plotainth's discussion of the Mother Goddesses in Engran. (See Cryus Hambin, ed. Parst [New York W. W. Norton, 1976], pp. \$28-29.) to 1958, lung stentified the realm of the Mothers with the collective unconscious (A Modern Myth: Of Things That Were Sees to the Side, CW. 10, \$714).

218 The mittriener Christ ch. 31. p 124.
219 Image legend: "This is the golden labric in which the shadow of God lives."

2.20 rung is reterring to the Scheit practices of dream ancubation. See C. A. Meier Fleaking Dream and Rithalf Ancient architect and Modern Psychotherapy (Einstedelis, Datemon, Verlag, 1989).

covered with a black beamet. The lionskin of Hercales adorns his shoulders and he holds the club in his hand; he is also wearing modern black trouvers in honor of the church holiday. I bristle and stretch out my hand avertingly, but the play goes on Parsifaltakes off his hetmet. Yet there is no Gurnemanz to atone for and consecrate him. Kindry stands in the distance, covering her head and laughing. The audience is enraptured and recognizes itself in Parsifal. He is I. I take off my armor layered with history and my chamerical decoration and go to the spring wearing a white penitent's shirt, where I wash my feet and hands without the help of a stranger. Then I also take off my penitent's shirt and put on my civilian clothes. I walk out of the scene and approach myself. I who am still kneeting down in prayer as the audience. I rise and become one with myself.

[2, What would mockery be if it were not true mockery? What would doubt be if it were not true doubt? What would opposition be, it if were not true opposition? He who wants to accept himself must also really accept his other. But in the yes not every no is true, and in the no every yes is a ne. But since I can be in the yes today and in the no tomorrow, yes and no are both true and untrue. Whereas yes and no cannot yield because they exist, our concepts of truth and error can

I presume you would like to have certainty with regard to truth and error? Certainty within one or the other is not only possible but also necessary, although certainty in one is protection and resistance against the other. If you are in one your certainty about the one excludes the other flut how can you then reach the other? And why can the one not be enough for as? One cannot be enough for its since the other is in its in. And if we were content with one, the other would suffer great need and afflict us with its hunger. But we misunderstand this hunger and still believe that we are hungry for the one and strive for it even more adamantly.

Through this we cause the other in in to assert its demands on us even more strongly. If we are then ready to recognize the claim of the other in us we can cross over into the other to satisfy it. But we can thus reach across since the other has become conscious to in. Yet if our bunding through the one is strong, we become even more distant from the other and a disastrous chasm between the one and the other opens up in as. The one becomes surfected and the other becomes too hungry. The satisfied grows

sazy and the hungry grows weak. And so we suffocate in fat consumed by tack

This is sickness, but you see a lot of this type. It must be so, but it need not be so. There are grounds and causes enough that it is so, but we also want it not / to be so. For man is afforded the freedom to overcome the cause, for he is creative in and of himself. If you have reached that freedom through the suffering of your spirit to accept the other despite your highest belief in the one, since you are it too then your growth begins

If others mock me, it is nevertheless them doing this, and I can attribute guilt to them for this, and forget to mock myself. But he who cannot mock trimself will be mocked by others. So accept your self mockery so that everything divine and heroic falls from you and you become completely human. What is divine and heroic in you is a mockery to the other in you. For the sake of the other in you, set off your admired role which you previously performed for your own self and become who you are

He who has the nick and misfortune of a particular talent falls prey to believing that he is this gift. Hence he is also often its fool. A special gift is something outside of me. I am not the same as it. The nature of the gift has nothing to do with the nature of the man who carries it. It often even lives at the expense of the bearer's character. His character is marked by the disadvantage of his gift indeed even through its opposite. Consequently he is never at the height of his gift but always. beneath it. If he accepts his other he becomes capable of bearing his gift without disadvantage. But if he only wants to live in his gift and consequently rejects his other, he oversteps the mark, since the ensence of his gift is extrahuman and a natural phenomenon, which he in reality it not. An the world sees his error, and he becomes the victim of its mockery. Then he says that others mock him, while it is only the disregard of his other that makes him ridictious

When the God enters my life. I return to my poverty for the sake of the God. I accept the burden of poverty and bear all my agliness and ridicationsness, and also everything reprehensible in me. I thus relieve the God of all the confusion and absurdity that would befall him if I did not accept it. With this I prepare the way for the God's doing. What should happen? Has the darkest abyas been emptied and exhausted? Or what stands and waits down there impending and red-hot? [Image 117]²²²

. in Partiful Wigner presented his reworking of the Grall Jegend. The plan rura as follows: Toured and his Christian knights have the Holy Grall in their keeping in Sower maidens and the configuratess. Kunder, Amforess, Titurel's son, goes more the exactle to descrip Klingsor but is enchanted by Kunder, and less the sacred spear full we do not an experience of the control of the contr kaler went him eing name ername of him er kangli linger that er no neth ar e than water in it. Ninger alte himself of the batter of enter a transfer of the first kinder of the batter of the transfer of the transfer of the batter of the transfer of the transfer of the transfer of the transfer of the batter of the transfer of the tran his halmer and arms. Guenomans recognizes him, and anounce him king of the lengths of the Grail Parsiful haptires Kundry. They go used the castle and ask Amforms up the Grail On May 16, 1983. Otto Mensendisck gave a presentation to the Zonch Psychoanalystest Society on "The Grail-Parsifat Saga. In the discussion, Jung said: Wages the second the first and the second of a question of the second the second the second the second the second that we have the second that ek in Foundations ever higher" (MZ5, p. 20). In Psychological Types (1922). Tung per forward a psychological enterpression of Parallel (CW 6, 55571-73), in many to the control of the con to ST gradia made in somethic quality of spirit there the are in the outrospecies broken in But he call it will be to What is an approximate a in tight right that Tight III Works appens in No. 2 Acres in ≪ Herrica and one the ride of Acres 5 th the event sect that Amerika was accompanion or a basist of an its was to be accompanion of the feet treating and Afficient the section of is the dated and am agree and a The the first again and afficient the serpent. The serpent is Asmoviktu. He made a misrake before they and became a man, while he was still an earth seepent. Jung's soul says that Annaviktu is a hoboted where the second is second as a short of the second in the second in the server of that is a set upon that the more proof. as in England in Sec. name a congression of the method of the method of the state of the sta thin have well openent of their quart-remail object of they ehildhood, which curred out to be the breach of life, the creative implies to what the man and a state of Memories, pp. 38-39) The figure of Telesphorus is like Phones in Image (13. Telesphorus is one of the Cabia), and the darmon of Aesclephia (see fig. 77, Psychology and now the farmer of egunda with the best og an had a compose the gamen in Ana Miles for the languar color mage of an inches in the Brillingen age for wall a decide season in him in more to manning times and the best as the best and the season of the More than the season of the se

1.6 (1)

. 18

/ Which fire has not been put out and which embers are still ablazes. We sacrificed innumerable victims to the dark depths. and yet it still demands more. What is this crazy desire craving satisfaction? Whose mad cries are these? Who among the dead suffers thus? Come here and drink blood, so that you can speak. Why do you reject the blood? Would you also milk? Or the redjuice of the vine? Perhaps you would rather have love? Love for the dead? Being in love with the dead? Are you perhaps demanding the seeds of life for the faded thousand year old body of the underworld? An anchaste incessious lust for the dead? Something that makes the blood run cold. Are you demanding a histy commanging with corpses? I spoke of "acceptance"—but you demand "to seize, embrace copulates" Are you demanding the desecration of the dead? That prophet you say lay on the child, and placed his mouth on the child's mouth, and his eyes on its eyes, and his hands on ste hands and he thus spiays himself over the boy, so that the child's body became warm. But he rose again. and went here and there in the house before he mounted anew and spread himself over him again. The boy snorted seven times Then the boy opened his eyes. So shall your acceptance beso shall you accept, not coor not superior, not thought out not obsequious, not as a self-chastisement, but with pleasure precisely with this ambiguous impure pleasure, whose ambiguity enables it to anite with the higher with that holy-evil pleasure of which you do not know whether it be virtue or vice with that pleasure which is lusty repulsiveness, lecherous fear, sexuaammaturity. One wakens the dead with this pleasure

Your lowest ii in a sleep resembling death and needs the warmth of afe which contains good and evil inseparably and indutinguishably. That is the way of life, you can call it neither evil not good meither pure not impute. Yet this is not the goal. but the way and the crossing. It is also sickness and the beginning. of recovery. It is the mother of all abominable deeds and all salutary symbols. It is the most primordial form of creation, the very first dark urge that flows through all secret hiding places and dark passages, with the unintentional lawfulness of water and from unexpected places in the loose soil, swelling from the finest cracks to fructify the dry soil. It is the very first, secret teacher of nature, teaching plants and animals the most astonishing and supremely ciever skills and tricks, which we hardly know how to fathom. It is the great sage who has superhuman knowledge. who has the greatest of all the sciences, who makes order out of confusion, and who prophesies the future clarryoyantly out of angraspable furness. It is the serpentike, penshable and beneficial the dreadfully and ordiculously daimonic. It is the arrow that always hits the weakest spot, the spring root which opens the sealed treasure chambers.

You can call it neither clever nor stupid, neither good not evil since its nature is inhuman throughout. It is the son of the earth he dark one whom you should awaten. It is man and woman at the same time and immature sex, rich in interpretation and misinterpretation, so poor in meaning and yet so rich. This is the

dead that cred loudest, that stood right at the bottom and waited that suffered worit. It desired neither blood nor milk nor wine for the sacrifice of the dead, but the willingness of our flesh. Its longing paid no heed to the torment of our spirit which struggled and tortured itself to devise what cannot be devised, that hence tore itself apart and sacrificed itself. Not antil our spirit lay dismembered on the altar did I hear the voice of the son of the earth, and only then did I see that he was the great suffering one, who needed salvation. He is the chosen one since he was the most

rejected. It is bad to have to say this, but perhaps I hear badly or

perhaps I misundenstand what the depths say It is miserable to say as much, and yet I must say it.

The depths are silent. He has arisen and now beholds the light.

of the sun and it among the living. Restlessness and discord rose up with him, doubt and the fullness of life

only Hell ary outside it

Amen it is finished. What was anreal is real what was real is unreal. However I may not I do not want to, I cannot Oh human wretchedness! Oh unwillingness in its! Oh doubt and despair. This is really Good Friday, apon which the Lord died and descended into Hell and completed the mysteries. This is the Good Friday when we complete the Christ in as and we descend to Hell ourselves. This the Good Friday on which we moan and cry to will the completion of Christ for after his completion we go to Hell Christ was so powerful that his realm covered all the world and

Who succeeded in crossing the borders of this ream with good grounds pure conscience, and obeying the law of love? Who among the living is Christ and journeys to Hell in living flesh? Who is it that expands the realm of Christ with Hell? Who is it that as full of drunkenness white sober? Who is it that descended from being one into being two? Who is it that tore apart his own heart to unite what has been separated?

I am he the nameiess one who does not know himself and whose name is conceased even from himself. I have no name since I have not yet existed, but have only just become. To myself I am an Anahaptist and a stranger. I who I am, am not it. But. I who will be I before me and after me am it. In that I abased myself. I elevated myself as another. In that I accepted myself. I divided myself into two, and in that I united myself with myself. became the smaller part of myself. I am this in my consciousness. However, I am thus in my consciousness as if I were also separated from it. I am / [Image 119] 4 hot in my second and greater state. as if I were this second and greater one myself but I am always. in ordinary consciousness, yet so separate and distinct from it, as if I were in my second and greater state, but without the consciousness of really being it. I have even become smaller and poorer but precisely because of my smalness I can be conscious of the nearness of the great

I have been haprised with impure mater for rebirth. A flame from the fire of Hell emaited me above the haprismal basin, I have bathed myself with impurity and I have cleaned myself with dirt. I received him, I accepted

¹²⁵ See above more 35, p. 44

126 Image repend; The secured deagon has essen the sun, to belly being our open and he must got hand over the gold of the sun, to go the worth his blood. This is the

126 Image repend; The secured deagon has essen the sun, to belly being our open and he must got hand over the gold of the sun, to go the worth his blood. This is the

126 Image repend; The secured deagon has essen the sun, to got he must got hand over the gold of the sun, to go the worth his blood. This is the

127 Image repend; The secured deagon has essen the sun, to got he must got hand over the gold of the sun, to go the worth his blood. This is the

128 Image repend; The secured deagon has essen the sun, to go the sun,

kim, the divine brother the son of the earth, the two-sexed and impure, and overnight he has become a man. His two incisors have broken through and light down covers his chin. I captured him, I overcame him, I embraced him He demanded much from me and yet brought everything with him. For he is rich; the earth belongs to him. But his black horse has parted from him.

Truly, I have shot down a proud enemy, I have forced a greater. and stronger one to be my friend. Nothing should separate mefrom him the dark one of a want to seave him the follows me like: my shadow. If I do not think of him, he is still uncannily near. He will turn into fear if I deny him I must amply commemorate. him. I must prepare a eacrificial meal for him. I fill a plate for ham at my table. Much that I would have done earlier for men. I. now must do for him. Hence they consider me seifish, for they do not know that I go with my friend, and that many days. are consecrated to him as But arrest has moved in, a quiet under ground earthquake, a distant great roaring. Ways have been opened to the primordial and to the future. Miracles and terrible mysteries are close at hand. I fee, the things that were and that will be Behind the ordinary the eternal abyte yawns. The earth gives me back what it hid / [[mage 121]] ***** / []mage 122]***** / [Image 123] ** /

The Three Prophecies

Cap. xvin

[HI 124] "Wondrous things came nearer I called my soul and asked her to dive down into the floods, whose distant toaning I could hear. This happened on 22 January of the year 1914, as recorded in my brack book. And thus she plunged into the darkness like a shot, and from the depths she called out "Will you accept what I bring)"

- I "I will accept what you give I do not have the right to judge or to reject"
- § "So unen. There is old armor and the rusty gear of our fathers down here marderous seather trappings hanging from them, worm-eaten sance shafts, twisted spear heads, broken arrows, rotten shields, skulls, the bones of man and horse, old cannons, catapults, crumbung firebrands, smashed assault gear stone spearheads, stone clubs, sharp bones, chapped arrowhead teeth—everything the battles of yore have sittered the earth with W is you accept all thus?"
 - 1 "I accept it You know better my soul"
- S: "I find painted stones, carved bones with magical signs, talumanic sayings on hanks of leather and small plates of lead, dirty pouches filled with teeth, human hair and fingernails, timbers leahed together black orbs, mostly animal akins: all the superstitions hatched by dark prehistory. Will you accept all this?"
 - I 'I accept it all, how should I dismiss anything?'
- S. "But I find worse fratricide cowardly mortal blows, torture child sacrifice the annihilation of whole peoples, arson, betrayal war, rebellion: will you also accept this?"
 - 1 "Also thus, if it must be. How can I judge?"
- S: "I find epidemics, natural catastrophes, sunken ships razed cities, frightfu, ferai savagery, famines, human meanness, and fear, whole mountains of fear."
 - I "So shall it be, sance you give it"
- \$ "I find the treasures of all part cultures, magnificent anages of Gods, spacious temptes, paintings, papyrus rolls, sheets of parchment with the characters of bygone languages, books full of lost wisdom, hymna and chants of ancient priests, stories told down the ages through thousands of generations."
- I "That is an entire world—whose extent I cannot grasp. How
- 5 "But you wanted to accept everything? You do not know your limit. Can you not Limit yourself?"
- 227 The Dright continues. If put many people, books, and thoughts uside for his sake, but even more. I withdraw from the current world and did the plain and simple, and what suggested if that infinite made in the research without make or and a material sake on the party of more interesting and what is not one in the party of more interesting and what is not one in the party of more interesting and one party of more party of more
- the maker also deviated todos in soft an east view of eaches meliphy 4.

 228 in 444 in Physicologic and Australia and every control of presentation of a sequence of the control of a discussion of mandals with bolims of a first of an energy of the set of the set of the set of the manufacture of a manufacture of the set of the set
- 229 Inscription. XI MCMXIX (ii) 1919. This date seems to refer to when this image was painted.] This stone, not so be suitifully, is certainly the Lapis Philosophorum It is harder than diamond. But it expands into space through four distinct qualities, namely breadth, height depth, and time. It is hence invisible and you can pass the high in the containing. The bout streams of Aquaria, those treat the series to be tree on his terminated as a present the series to be the containing in the returned which our requirements of the personal ser below programming the returned or the recognition of the distinguishing in the more of mage 44, programming the personal ser below programming the returned or the more particular to the personal ser below programming the returned or the more particular to the personal ser below programming the returned or the more particular to the personal ser below programming the returned of the more particular to the personal ser below programming the returned of the more particular than the more particular to the personal ser below programming the returned of the more particular than the more particular to the personal service of the distinguished the personal service programming the personal service programming
- age are the dialogue with the indice of mage age of the contribution of the earth. The daimons become reconciled in the one who has bound himself who with a source of all tool screams of the source sealing, and from his termin waters from in all tool time to one like of the work has been the order than been the reconciled in the one who has been the order than the reconciled in the order than been the reconciled in the order than the order to be not the order than all the neighborhood than all contributions. He has no time the second the page at the second than all the deginnings and the handle order to the source the more or the second transport to the capture of the order to the capture of the order order
- 231 Inscription: *a December MCMXIX [December 4, 1919: This date seems to refer to when the image was painted.] This is the back side of the gent He who is in the stane has this shadow. This is Actionately, where he took his beginning, one more he became arone residue. The time of the control of the stane arone residue. The time of the treatment of the stane arone residue. The final character appears to be the astrological symbol for the sun.
- 24. In Armarium we wish in tage 1. In March 14. The encoursed As Armarium information became human Militaria was solubar approached him at an that the relative manuscription of the entropy of the relative means of the entropy of th

30/ 14 133/124

- I "I must unut myself. Who could ever grasp such wealth?"
- S. "Be content and cultivate your garden with modesty." ***
- I "I will. I see that it is not worth conquering a larger piece of the immeasurable but a smaller one instead. A well-tended small garden is better than an ill-tended large garden. Both gardens are equally small when faced with the immeasurable, but unequally cared for."
 - S. "Take shears and prune your trees."

[2] From the flooding darkness the son of the earth had brought, my som gave me ancient things that pointed to the fature. She gave me three things. The misery of war the darkness of magic, and the gift of rengion.

It you are clever, you will understand that these three things belong together. These three mean the unleashing of chaos and is power, just as they also mean the binding of chaos. War is obvious and everybody sees it. Magic is dark and no one area it. Religion is still to come, but it will become evident. Did you think that the borrors of such atrocious warfare would come over us? Did you think that magic existed? Did you think about a new religion? I sat up for long nights and looked ahead at what was to come and I shuddered. Do you believe me? I am not too concerned. What should I believe? What should I disbelieve? I saw and I shuddered.

But my spirit could not grasp the monatrous, and could not conceive the extent of what was to come. The force of my longing languished, and powerless sank the harvesting hands. I felt the burden of the most tecribic work of the times shead. I saw where and how but no word can grasp it, no will can conquer it. I could not do otherwise. I let it sank again into the depths

I cannot give it to you, and I can speak only of the way of what is to come. Little good will come to you from outside. What will come to you not within yourself. But what hes there: I would like to avert my eyes, close my ears and deny all my senses, I would like to be someone among you, who knows nothing and who never saw anything. It is too much and too anexpected. But I saw it and my memory will not leave me alone.** Yet I curtail my longing, which would like to stretch our into the future, and I return to my small garden that presently blooms, and whose extent I can measure. It shall be well-tended.

The future should be left to those of the future I return to the small and the real for this is the great way, the way of what is to come I return to my simple reality, to my undersible and most minuscule being. And I take a knife and hold court over everything that has grown without measure and goal. Forests have grown around me, winding plants have climbed up me and I am completely covered by endiess proliferation. The depths are mexhaustible they give everything. Everything is as good as nothing. Keep a little and you have something. To recognize and know your ambition and your greed, to gather / [Image 125]³⁷⁷ / your craving, to cultivate it, grasp it, make it serviceable, influence it master it order it, to give it interpretations and meanings, is extravagant

It is hance, ake everything that transcends its boundaries. How can you hold that which you are not? Would you really like to force everything which you are not under the yoke of your wretched knowledge and understanding? Remember that you can know yourself and with that you know enough. But you cannot know others and everything else. Beware of knowing what lies beyond yourself, or else your presumed knowledge will suffocite the life of those who know themselves. A knower may know himself. That is his amit.

With a painful slice I cut off what I pretended to know about what hes beyond me I excise myself from the cuming interpretive loops that I gave to what lies beyond me And my knife cuts even deeper and separates me from the meanings that I conferred upon myself. I cut down to the marrow, until everything meaningful falls from me until I am no longer as I might seem to myself, antil I know only that I am without knowing what I am

I want to be poor and bare and I want to stand naked before the inexorable. I want to be my body and its poverty. I want to be from the earth and live its law. I want to be my human animal and accept all its frights and desires. I want to go through the wailing and the blessedness of the one who stood alone with a poor unarmed body on the sunat earth, a prey of his drives and of the urking wild animals, who was terrified by ghosts and dreaming of distant Gods, who belonged to what was near and was enemy to the far off, who struck fire from stones, and whose herds were stolen by unknowable powers that also destroyed the crops of his fields, and who neither linew nor recognized, but who aved by what lay at hand, and received by grace what lay far-off.

obedient to the subject's intentions, it may even be of a high-localer, more often than not a source of inspersion or warrang, or of supernatural information. Psychologically such a content could be explained as a minimum in the fully integrated. The primitive of the primitive is a first term of the primitive of the primitive is a first term of the primitive of the primitive is a first term of the primitive of Psychologically such a content could be explained at a tempteres of this kind! (The Relation Interns that I and in I according CW 7 \$295) In 1955/56 a described the Archeoparion in memory as a type or gondon ensure as a revenue scape from [devoted spurity], spuritus familiaris, etands by the Archeoparion was seen to represent the alcheducal nectals ("On the gy of the Child archeoppe," CW 9. \$268) and appeared in the visions of Zosimos (CW 13, pp 60 - 62). The printing of Ka that long operated in the visions of Losinos and the other side of Ha, has soul, it was Ka who had given Ha the times and the lower — In m (see note 155, p. 252). His eyes are of pure gold and his body is of black iron, the tells Jung and his soul that they need his secret, which is the essence of all magis. The secret and revenue as Berting and according to Philemon his shadow and his heads? The Discourse of Rational and according to Philemon in Bacting and his heads? A 20 Discourse the Philemon in Bacting and his heads? A 20 Discourse the Philemon in Bacting and his heads? The Philemon in Bacting an On November 20, Ka calls Philemon his chadow and his heald. Ka says that he is exertify and remain — to Philemon is hearing and passes on (p. pg). On Newmoner 20, Ka calls Philemon his chadow and his heald. Ka says that he is exertify and remain — to Philemon is hearing and passes on (p. pg). On Pebruary 10, 1918, Ka says that he has built a terminated and prison and a vector of the Gods (p. 39). Ka feetures in Black Book 7 to — 3. Duting this period, long attempts to understand the commercian among Ka, 75 termination and the one industrial that the right relation to them On Ontober 15, 1920. Tung discussed an unidentified packers with Constance Long, who was unanalysis with him. Some of the commercial she noted shed light on his understanding of the relation of Philemon and Ka. The 2 figures on eather side are personitications of dominisms but betters. The one is the recentive father, Ka, the other. Philemon that one whom gives forms and law (the Philemon gives formulation to the things within clomesus of the collective use the idea maybe of a god, but it remains that in a discant & indistinct because all the things he is entered wringed. But Kn gives substance it is called the one who buries the gods in gold & marble. He has a ten iency to misprison them are matter it so they are an danger of losing their spiritual meaning. It becoming buried in score. So the temple maybe the grave of God, as the church has become the given of Xt. In more the church slow us the more Xt dies. Kn must not be allowed in produce too rands. You must not depend on substantiation, but if too tittle 5.4 taries at produced the continue floats. necourse between the come: + s too supra-human (50 ut Zarathustra, extravalgantry superior 28 word fix 80y in Ka & Philemon are begger than the main they are sopra-human (Disintegrated into them one it in the Col. Une)." (Disry, peter his erdi — * a Library of Medicine pp. 32-33) 233 anacription "TV Jan. MCAXX January 6, 1920. This date seems to refer to wheat the image was painted.] That is the catter of holy water. The Cabir! grow out of the flowers which spring from the body of the dragon. Above is the temple." 234 In Black Book 4, lung noted: "Thereafter I walk on like a roam who if ter - it about a roam thought with he has been been super or a second to be decided 135 These lines refer to the end of Voltaire's Caudite All characters and the same " is not not positive which and felic terror. It Persons between which University Press, 1749/1998], pp. 392-93), Jung kepé a buat of Voltaire in his atudy.

236 The D-v- continues: "How cun' fathorn what will happen during the next eight hundred years up to the time when the One begins his role? I am speaking only of The scene to the sandscape resembles one of Jung's waking hantaises during his childhood in which Atrace is automorped by water. Baile is turned into a port, there is a ship with sails and a steamer, a medieval sown, a castle with cannons and soldiers and substitute of the town, and a canal (Arrente, p. 100).

He was a child and ansure, yet full of certainty, weak and yet blessed with enormous strength. When his God did not help, he took another. And when this one did not help either he castigated. hum. And behold: the Gods helped one more time. Thus I discard. everything that was taden with meaning, everything divine and deviash with which chaos burdened me. Truly, it is not up to me. to prove the Gods and the devils and the chaoge monsters, to feed. them carefully, to warily drag them with me, to count and name them, and to protect them with belief against dishelief and doubt.

A free man knows only free Gods and device that are selfcontained and take effect on account of their own force. If they fail to have an effect that is their own business, and I can remove this burden from myself. But if they are effective, they need neither my protection not my care, not my belief. Thus you may wait quietly to see whether they work. But if they do, be ciever, for the tiger is stronger than you. You should be able to cast everything from you, otherwise you are a slave, even if you are the stave of a God. Life is free and chooses its way. It is limited enough, so do not pile up more instation. Hence I cut away everything confining. I stood here, and there ay the riddlesome munitariousness of the world

And a horror crept over me. Am I not the aghtly bound? Is the world there not the unlimited? And I became aware of my weakness. What would poverty, nakedness and unpreparedness. be without consciousness of weakness and without horror at powerlessness? Thus I stood and was terrified. And then my sow whispered to me

The Gift of Magic

Cap. xix

[H] 126] "To you not hear something?"

- I "I'm not aware of anything, what should I hear?"
- 5: "A ringing."
- I "A ringing? What? I hear nothing."
- "Listen harder"
- I "Perhaps something in the left eac What could it mean?"
- S. "Mistortune
- I "I accept what you say I want to have fortune and misfortune."
- 5: "Well, then, raise your hands and receive what comes to you."
- "What is it? A rod? A black serpent? A black rod, formed. ake a serpent- with two pearls as eyes-a gold bangle around its neck. Is at not ake a magical rod?"
 - 5 "It is a magical rod."
- I "What should I do with magic? Is the magical rod a misfortune? Is magic a misfortune?
 - S: "Yes, for those who possess it "
- I. "That sounds like the sayings of old—how strange you are my soull What should I do with magic?"
 - S: "Magic will do a lot for you."
- I "I'm afraid that you're stirring up my desire and misunder standing. You know that man never stops craving the black art and things that cost no effort "

- S: "Magic is not easy, and it demands sacrifice."
- I "Does it demand the sacrifice of love? Of humanity? If it does, take the rod back
- S. "Don't be tash. Magic doesn't demand that sacrifice. It demands another sacrifice."
 - I "What sacrifice is that?"
 - S: "The sacrifice that magic demands is solace."
- I "Solace? Do I understand correctly? Understanding you is unspeakably difficult. Telling what does this mean?"
 - S. "Solace is to be sacrificed."
- I "What do you mean? Should the solace that I give or the solace that I receive be sacrificed?"
 - 5. "Both"
 - I "I m confused. This is too dark."
- S. "You must sacrifice solace for the sake of the black rod, the solace you give and the solace you receive "
- I "Are you saying that I shouldn't be allowed to receive the solace of those I love? And should give no solace to those I love? This means the loss of a piece of humanity, and what one calls severity toward oneself and others takes its place ""
 - S. "That is how it is."
 - I *Does the rod demand this sacrifice?"
 - 5: "It demands this sacrifice "
- I "Can I, am I anowed to make this sacrifice for the sake of the rod? Must I accept the rod?"
 - 5: "Do you want to or not?"
- I TI can t say. What do I know about the black rod? Who gives of bolime?"
- 5: "The darkness that lies before you. It is the next thing that comes to you. Will you accept it and offer it your sacrifice?"
- I It is hard to sacrifice to the dark, to the blind darkness—and
 - S: "Nature—does nature offer solace? Does it accept solace?"
- I "You venture a heavy word. What solitude are you asking
 - S: "This is your misfortune, and—the power of the black rod."
- I "How gloomity and full of toreboding you speak. Are you sheathing me in the armor / [Image 127]** / of icy severity? Are: you clasping my heart with a bronze carapace? I m happy with the warmth of life. Should I miss (t) For the sake of magic? What is magic>"
- You don't know magic. So don't judge. What are you bristing at?"
- I "Magic: What should I do with magic? I don't believe in it, I can't believe in it. My heart sinks- and I'm supposed to sacrefice a greater part of my humarity to magic?
- S: "I advise you, don't struggle against this, and above at don't act so enlightened, as if deep down you did not believe in magic."
- I "You're mexorable. But I can't believe in magic, or maybe I have a completely taise idea of it."
- S: "Yes. I gather that from what you're saying. Cast aside your band, adgment and critical gesture, otherwise you'll never understand. Do you still mean to waste years waiting?"
 - I "Be patient, my science has not yet been overcome.
 - S: "High time that you overcame it!"

238 January 23 1914
239 In Ear Homo Nictasche wrote. Every acquisition every step forward in knowledge is the randr of contage of severity toward oneself of elevatiness with respect to oneself? (in. R. J. Hollingdale [Harmondsworth: Penguin 1979], foreword 3, p. 34)
240 Insorbjetion on top "Amor exampleat. Insorliption at bostom: "This image was completed on 9 january 192. after it had write incomplete for 9 months. It expresses
I know not what kind of going a tourfold stretifice—could almost choose not to finish it. It is the improvable when of the four fivin ions in essented or all immig beings onbused with sacrifice." The finesticus are those of thinking, feeling, sensition, and artificion which hing wrote about in Psychological Types (1921). On February 23, 1920, Julig noted in Black Book 7: What occurs between the lower and the beloved is the contre fullness of the Godhead. Both are unfasthomable riddless to each other.

The sensition between life and love is subjude from the senset property of the Judgisland. The sensition between life and love is the con-For who understands the Godhesth. But the God is both in solitude, from the secret. Important of the Individual. The separation between life and love is the contradiction between solitude and regerherness' (p. 88). The next entry in Black 800k 7 is on September 5, 1904. On March 4, 1920, Tung went to North Africa with his Friend Hermann Segg, remembing on April 2

S "Are you afraid? Don't you want to risk life? Isn't it life that presents you with this problem?"

I "All this seaves me so dazed and confused. Won t you give me an enughtening word?"

5 "Oh, so it's solace you long for? Do you want the rod or don't you?"

I "You tear my heart to pieces I want to submit to life. But how difficult this is: I want the black rod because it is the first thing the darkness grants me. I don't know what this rod means. nor what it gives. I only feel what it takes I want to kneel down and receive this messenger of darkness. I have received the black rod, and now I hold it, the enigmatic one, in my hand; it is cold and heavy, like iron. The pearl eyes of the serpent look at me blindly and dazzlingly. What do you want, mysterious gift? All the darkness of all former worlds crowds together in you, you hard black piece of steel! Are you time and fate? The essence of nature hard and eternally inconsolable, yet the sum of all mysterious creative force? Primordial magic words seem to emanate from you, mysterious effects weave around you, and what powerful arts slumber in your You pierce me with unbearable tension-what grimaces will you make? What terrible mystery will you create? Will you bring bad weather storms, cold, thunder and lightning, or will you make the fields fruitful and bless the bodies of pregnant. women? What is the mark of your being? Or don't you need that, you son of the dark womb? Do you content yourself with the hazy darkness, whose concretion and crystal you are? Where in my soul do I sherrer you? In my heart? Should my heart be your shrine, your hoty of holies? So choose your place. I have accepted. you. What crushing tension you bring with you. Isn't the bow of my nerves breaking? I we taken in the messenger of the night."

S "The most powerful magic avea in it"

I "I feel at and yet oun't put into words the nightmarish power. granted to it. I wanted to laugh, because so much afters in laughter, and resolves itself only there. But aughter dies in me. The magic of this rod is as solid as fron and as cold as death. Forgive me my soul. I don't want to be impatient, but it seems to me that something has got to happen to break through this anbearable tension that came with the rod."

S "Wait keep your eyes and ears open."

1 "I'm shuddering, and I don't know why."

S "Sometimes one must shudder before - the greatest"

1 "I bow, my soul, before unknown forces. I'd like to consecrate. an after to each anknown God I must submit. The black from m my heart gives me secret power. It s like defiance and likecontempt for men."**

[2] Oh dark act, violation, murder! Abyss, give birth to the anredeemed. Who is our redeemer? Who our leader? Where are the ways through black wastes? God, do not abundon us! What are you summoning, God? Rasse your hand up to the darkness.

above you, pray, despair, wring your hands, kneet, press your forehead into the dust, cry out, but do not name Hun, do not sook at Him. Leave H in without name and form. What should form the formiess? Name the nameless? Step onto the great way and grasp what is nearest. Do not look out, do not want, but lift up your hands. The gifts of darkness are full of riddles. The way is open to whomever can continue in spite of riddles. Submit to the riddles and the thoroughly incomprehensible. There are dizzying / [Image 129] / bridges over the eternally drep abyas But follow the riddles

Endure them, the terrible ones. It is still dark, and the terrible. goes on growing. Lost and swallowed by the streams of procreating life, we approach the overpowering, inhuman forces that are busily creating what is to come. How much future the depths carry! Are not the threads spun down there over millennia?49 Protect the riddles, bear them in your heart, warm them, be pregnant with them. Thus you carry the future

The tennion of the future is unbearable in us. It must break through narrow cracks, it must force new ways. You want to cast off the burden, you want to escape the inescapable. Running away. is deception and detour. Shut your eyes so that you do not see the manifold, the outwardly plucal, the tearing away and the tempting There is only one way and that is your way: there is only one salvation and that is your salvation. Why are you looking around for help? Do you believe that help will come from outside? What is to come is created in you and from you. Hence took into vourself. Do not compare, do not measure. No other way is like yours. All other ways deceive and tempt you. You must fulfill the way that is in you

Oh, that all men and all their ways become strange to your Thus might you find them again within yourself and recognize their ways. But what weakness. What doubt! What fear! You will not bear going your way. You always want to have at least one foot on paths not your own to avoid the great solutude! So that maternal comfort is always with you. So that someone acknowledges you. recognizes you, bestows trust in you, comforts you, encourages you. So that someone pulls you over onto their path, where you stray from yourself and where it is easier for you to set yourself uside. As if you were not yourself! Who should accomplish your deeds? Who should carry your virtues and your vices? You do not come to an end with your life, and the dead will besiege you terribly to live your analyed life. Everything must be fulfilled. Time is of the essence, so why do you want to pile up the lived. and let the untived rot?

Great is the power of the wayse In it Heaven and Hell grow together, and in it the power of the Below and the power of the Above anute. The nature of the way is magical, as are supplication. and invocation:34 malediction and deed are magical if they occur on the great way. Magic is the working of men on men, but your magic action does not affect your neighbor, it affects you first, and only if you withstand it does an invisible effect pass from you to your neighbor. There is more of it in the air than I ever thought. However it cannot be grasped. Laten

It is the more the Mourse or three fives, Clotho, such and Acropus, upon and controlled the threads of Instian life. In Norse mythology, the norms spun the threads of five at the foot of rigodinasit, the world are

243 The Droff countimes: "The power of the way in so great that it carries sway others and against them. You do not know how that happens, bence it is beer you call this effect magical" (p. 454)

44 The Draft continues: "which is represented as a sergent precisely on account of its particular particular (p. 453).

245 Thus appears to refer to the 11 40 all citede, in which titual acts are performed

147 Jung's mangural more to the calligraphic volume: "29/11/1922." This appears to refer to when this passage was transcenters

¹⁴¹ to Black Book 4, Jung noted. [Soul:] Time your improvesce. Only warring will help you here." [Ly "Wairing—I know this word. Hercules also found warring grouble some when he is too the wiight at the world in his thoulds." Next I se had to awar Atlas, reports and is not deep wright it in winton in the sake of incorporate The crevence is to the eleventh labor of therefore in which he can be go the guident applies which content instance in Adams settled angel here or one the held up the world to the interior

⁴⁴⁶ in Marthew 14:40, Christ retaine his disciples for having been unable to remain awake for an hour while he peryed in the garden of Gethermane

The Above is powerful, The Below is powerful, Twofold power is in she One. North, come hisher West, muggie up, East, flow upward, South, spill over

The wends in-between bind the cross. The poles are united by the intermediate poses in-between. Steps lead from above to below Boiling water bubbles in canddrons. Red hot ask envelops the round floor 245 Night sinks blue and deep from above, earth rites black from below. / [Image 131] /

130 332

A solitary is cooking up healing potions. He makes offering to the four winds He greets the stars and touches the earth. He holds something tummous in his hand.

Flowers sprout around him and the bliss of a new spring kisses all his limbs. Burds fly around and the thy animals of the forest gaze at hins.

He is far from men and yet the threads of their fate pass through his hands. May your intercession be meant for him, so that his medicine grows ripe and strong and brings healing to the deepest wounds

For your take he is solitary and waits alone between Heaven and earth, for the earth to rise up to him and for Heaven to come down to him.

All peoples are still for off and stand behind the wall of darkness

But I hear his words, which reach me from afar

He has chosen a poor scribe, someone hard of hearing, who also statters when he writes

I do not recognize him, the solitary What is he saying? He says: "I suffer fear and distress for the sake of man."

I dug up old runes and magical sayings for words never reach men. Words have become shadows

Therefore I took old magical apparatuses and prepared has potious and mixed in secrets and ancient powers, things that even the deverest would not guess at

I stewed the roots of all human shoughts and deeds

I watched over the cauldron through many starry nights. The brew ferments forever. I need your interception, your kneeding, your desperation and your patience. I need your utilmate and highest longing, your purest willing, your most humble subjugation.

Solitary, who are you waiting for? Whose help do you require? There is none who can rash to your aid, since all look to you and wait for your healing art

We are all utterly incapable and need help more than you. Grant as help so that we can help you in return.

The solitary speaks "Will no one stand by me in this need? Should I leave my work to help you so that you can help me again? But how should I help you, if my brew has not grown ripe and strong? It was supposed to help you What do you hope from me?"

Come to use Why are you standing there cooking up marvels? What can your healing and magical potion do for us? Do you believe in healing potions? Look at life, behold how much it needs you! / [Image 133] /

The solitary speaks: "Foots, can you not keep watch with me for an hour we until the difficult and long-lasting achieves completion and the juice

Just a little tonger and fermentation will be complete. Why can't you walt? Why should your impatience destroy the highest opus?"

What highest opus? We are not alive cold and numbress have select us Your opus, solitary one, will not be finished for acons, even if it advances day after day

this work? Even if your waiting surned you into stone for endless ages, you - crucified and emerged again transformed from his mouth. It had

could not endure till the end. And if your solvation come to its end, you would have to be saved from your salvation again.

The solitary speaks: "What smooth-tongued tamentation reaches my earst What whining! What foolish doubters you are! Unruly children: Persevere, it will be accomplished after this night?"

We will not walt a single night longer; we have persevered long enough. Are you a God, that a thousand nights are as one night to you? For us, this one right would be like a thousand rights. Abandon the work of salvation, and we will be saved. What stretch of ages are you saving us for?

The solitory speaks. "You emborrassing human swarm, you feelish bastard of God and cattle, I'm still lacking a piece of your precious flesh for my mixture. Am I truly your most valuable piece of meat? Is it worth my while to come to the boil for you? One set himself be noticed to the cross for you. One is truly enough. He blocks my way. Therefore notifier will I walk on his ways, nor make for you any healing brew or inimortal** blood potion. but rather I will abandon the potion and cauddron and occult work for your sale, since you can neither wait for nor endure the fidfillment. I throw down your intercession, your genuffection, your invocations. You can save your selves from both your lack of salvation and your salvation. Your worth rose quite high enough because one died for you. Now prove your worth by each living for houself. My God, how difficult it is to leave a work unfaished for the sake of men! But for the sake of men, I abstain from being a savior Lot Now my potion has completed its fermentation. I did not miz a piece of psyself into the drink, but I did slice in a piece of humanity, and behold, it clarified the marky founding potion.

How sweet, how bitter The form of the One ift tasten becomes doubte The Below is weak North, rise and be gone, The Above is weak West, retire to your place. East, spread vourself. South, die down. The winds in-between loosen the crucified. I [lmage 135]⁴⁸ /

134 135 135/136

The far poles are separated by the potes in-between. The levels are broad ways, patient streets. The bubbling pot grows cold.

The ash rurus gray benegen its ground. Night covers the sky and far below iles the brack earth

Day approaches, and above the clouds a distant sun. No soittary cooks healing potious, The four winds blow and laugh at their bounty And he macks the four winds. He has seen the stars and fouched the earth Therefore his hand clasps something luminous and his shadow has grown to Heaven. [Image 136]

The mexplicable occurs. You would very much ake to forsake yourself and defect to each and every manifold possibility. You would very much like to risk every crune in order to steal for yourself the mystery of the changeful. But the road is without end.

The Way of the Cross

[HI 136] **I saw the black serpent,** as it wound itself apward The work of salvation is endless. Why do you want to wais for the end of around, the wood of the cross. It crept into the body of the

²⁴⁸ inscription. 'Completed on 25 November 1922. The fire comes out of Muspills and grasps the tree of life. A civile is completed, but it is the civile within the world agg. A stronge God, the unnameable God of the solltary, is incubating it. New creatures from from the smarke and ashes? To Noise mythology Muspilli- or Muspelliermy is the abode of the Fire Gods.

²⁴⁹ Jung's marginal nove to the calligraphs, volume: 25 February 1923. The transformation of black toto white magic."

²⁵⁰ lanuary 25 914.

²⁵⁾ The Draft continues "doe serpent of my way" (p. 460).

become white It wound itself around the head of the dead one like a diadem, and a light gleamed above his head, and the sun tose shiring in the east. I stood and watched and was confused and a great weight burdened my soul. But the white bird that sat on my shoulder spoke to me. "Let it zain let the wind blow, set the waters flow and the fire burn. Let each thing have its development, let becoming have its day."

[a] 3. Truly, the way seads through the crucified that means through him so whom it was no amali thing to live his own life and who was therefore raised to magnificence. He did not simply teach what was knowable and worth knowing, he aved it. It is unclear how great one's burnfitty must be to take it upon oneself to live one's own life. The diagust of whoever wants to enter into his own life can hardly be measured. Aversion will sicken him. He makes himself voint. His bowels pain him and his brain sinks into assistude. He would rather devise any trick to help him escape, since nothing matches the torment of one's own way. It seems impossibly difficuit, so difficult that nearly anything seems preferable to this torment. Not a few choose even to sove people for fear of themselves. I believe, too, that some commit a crime to pick a quarrel with themselves. Therefore I cling to everything that obstructs my way to myself.

3. 19He who goes to himself cambs down. Pathetic and radicuious forms appeared to the greatest prophet who came before this time, and these were the forms of his own essence. He did. not accept them, but expressed them before others. Ultimately, however he was forced to celebrate a Last Supper with his own. poverty and to accept these forms of his own essence out of companion, which is precuely that acceptance of the lowest inus.24 But this enraged the mighty hon, who chased down the lost and restored it to the darkness of the depths.49 And like all those with power the one with the great name wanted to erupt from the womb of the isouritain like the sun. ** But what happened to him? His way red him before the crucified and he began to rage. He raged. against the mun of mockery and pain because the power of his own. essence forced him to follow precisely this way as Christ had done before us. Yet he soudly proclaimed his power and greatness. No one speaks louder of his power and greatness than he from whom the earth disappears under his feet. Ultimately the sowest in him got to him, his incapacity, and this crucified his spirit, so that, as he himself had predicted his soul died before his body "

4 No one rises above himself who has not turned his most dangerous weapon against himself. One who wants to rise above himself thall camb down and hour himself onto himself and lug himself to the place of ascrifice. But what must happen to a manuntil he resizes that outer visible success, that he can grasp with his hands, / leads him arresy. What suffering must be brought apon humanity, until man gives up satisfying his longing for power over his fellow man and forever wanting others to be the same. How much blood must go on flowing until man opens has eyes and sees the way to his own path and himself as the enemy. and becomes aware of his real success. You ought to be able to live with yourself, but not at your neighbor's expense. The herd animal ij not his brother's parasite and pest. Man, you have even forgotten that you too are an animal. You actually still seem to believe that afe is better elsewhere. Woe unto you if your neighbor also thinks so. But you may be sure that he does. Someone must begin to stop being childish

5. Your craving satisfies itself in you. You can offer no more precious a sacrificial meat to your God than yourself. May your greed consume you, for this wearies and calms it, and you will steep well and consider the sun of each day as a gift. If you devour other things and other people your greed remains eternally distantisfied, for it craves more, the most costly—it craves you. And thus you compel your desire to take your own way. You may ask others provided that you need help and advice. But you should make demands on no one neither desiring not expecting anything from anyone except from yourself. For your craving satisfies uself only within you. You are afraid of burning in your own fire. May nothing prevent you from doing so, neither any one else's sympathy nor your more dangerous sympathy with yourself.

6. When the flame of your greed consumes you, and nothing remains of you but ash, so nothing of you was steadfast. Yet the flame in which you consumed yourself has illuminated many. But if you flee from your fire full of fear you scorch your fellow men and the burning torment of your greed cannot die out, so long as you do not desire yourself.

7. The mouth arters the word, the sign, and the symbol. If the word is a sign, it means nothing, But if the word is a symbol, it means everything, no When the way enters death and we are surrounded by not and horror, the way ruses in the darkness and sexies the mouth as the saving symbol, the word. It sends the sum on high, for in the symbol there is the resease of the bound human.

A Back Back g. F. Springer. Process. protes and the high is the get attention of annual general at the Beaut Beauty. The second stages to see to be a second seco the first product of the first war and the first of the f 4 p pr 2 44 4 4 1 a war or the Name Park Park they are he are was a sound of a way of a way man and the second seco And the Ast of the state of the state of or the first that the second of the second o to the area of the angle of the specific and the section of the specific and the section of the the season of the party of the stage of the high-season one is more far athentes or he was the land season to be the authority to be authority to be a second to be a second to be authority to be a second to be a seco har the term of the harmonia to the term of the term o and promise to a speciment for the second second second second convince us of his reaching. (The Jaconstinus in Normal and Sick Psychic 496 Nieczsche ends Thin Spile Zaranhaster with the lines: "Thus spoke Zacuthustra and left has cave, glowing and strong, like a morning was emerging from behand dark clouds' (p. 336). The state of the second 15th For Jung's differentiation of the synificance of upon and symbols, see Psychological Types (1921, CW 6, \$8-4ff).

force struggling with darkness. Our freedom does not se outside. us, but within as. One can be bound outside, and yet one will itil. feel free since one has burst inner bonds. One can certainly gain outer freedom through powerful actions, but one creates innerfreedom only through the symbol

8. The symbol is the word that goes out of the mouth, that one does not simply speak, but that rises out of the depths of the selfas a word of power and great need and places itself anexpect. edly on the tongue. It is an assonabing and pechaps seemingly. reational word, but one recognizes it as a symbol since it is asen. to the conscious mind. If one accepts the symbol it is as if a door opens leading into a new room whose existence one previously did not know. But if one does not accept the symbol, it is as if one. careteraly went past this door, and since this was the only door. leading to the inner chambers, one must pass outside into the streets again, exposed to everything external. But the soul suffers great need, since outer freedom is of no use to it. Salvation is a long toad that leads through many gates. These gates are symbols Each new gate is at first invisible undeed at seems at first that / it must be created for it exists only if one has dug up the spring's. root, the rymbox

137/138

To find the mandrake, one needs the black dog,100 since good. and bad must atways be united first if the symbol is to be created. The symbol can be neither thought up nor found: it becomes Its becoming is like the becoming of human life in the womb-Pregnancy comes about through voluntary copulation. It goes on through willing attention. But if the depths have conceived, then the symbol grows out of itself and is born from the mind, as befits. a God. But in the same way a mother would also to throw herself. on the child like a monster and devour it again

In the morning, when the new sun rises, the word steps out of my mouth, but is murdered tovetessly, since I did not know that it was the savior. The newborn child grows quickly, if I accept it. And immediately it becomes my charioteer. The word is the guide, the middle way which easily oscillates like the needle on the scales. The word is the God that rises out of the waters each morning and proclaims the guiding law to the people. Outer laws and outer wisdom are eternally insufficient, since there is only one law and one wisdom, namely my daily law, my daily wisdom. The God renews himself each night

The God appears in multiple guises; for when he emerges, he has assumed some of the character of the night and the nightly waters in which he slumbered, and in which he struggled for renewal in the last hour of the night. Consequently his appearance is twofold and ambiguous, indeed, it even team at the heart and the mind. On emerging, the God calls me toward the right and the left, his voice calling our to me from both sides. Yet the God wants neither the one nor the other. He wants the middle way. But the middle is the beginning of the long road

Man, however can never see this beginning, he always sees only one and not the other or the other and not the one, but

never that which the one as well as the other encloses in itself The point of origin is where the mind and the will stand still, it is a state of suspension that evokes my ourrage, my defiance and eventually my greatest fear. For I can see nothing anymore and can no longer want anything. Or at least that is how it seems to me. The way is a highly peculiar standard, of everything that was previously movement, it is a blind waiting, a doubtfur listening and groping. One is convinced that one will burst. But the resolution is born from precisely this tension, and it almost always appears where one did not expect it

But what is the resolution? It is always something ancient and precisely because of this something new, for when something long since passed away comes back again in a changed world, it is new. To give birth to the ancient in a new time is creation. This is the creation of the new, and that redeems me. Salvation is the resolution of the task. The task is to give birth to the old in a new time. The soul of humanity is like the great whee, of the sodiac that rolls along the way. Everything that comes up in a constant movement from below to the heights was already there. There is no part of the wheel that does not come around again. Hence everything that has been atteams upward there, and what has been will be again. For these are all things which are the inborn properties of human nature. It belongs to the essence of forward movement. that what was returns. 200 Only the ignorant can marvel at this Yer the meaning does not he in the eternal recurrence of the same." but in the manner of its recurring creation at any given time

The meaning has in the manner and the direction of the recurring creation. But how do I create my characteer? Or do I want to be my own chanoteer? I can guide myself only with will and intention. But will and intention are simply part of myself Consequently they are assufficient to express my wholeness Intention is what I can foresee, and willing is to want a foreseen goat. But where do I find the goal? I take it from what is presently known to me. Thus I set the present at place of the future. In this / manner, though I cannot reach the future, I artificially produce a constant present. Everything that would also to break into this present strikes me as a disturbance, and I seek to drive it away so that my intention survives. Thus I close off the progress of life But how can I be my own character without will and intention? Therefore a wise man does not want to be a chamoteer for he knows that will and intention certainly attain goals but disturb the becoming of the future

Futurity grows out of me, I do not create it and yet I do, though not deliberately and willfully, but rather against will and intention. If I want to create the future, then I work against my future. And if I do not want to create it, once again I do not take sufficient part in the creation of the future, and everything happens then according to unavoidable laws to which I fall victim The ancients devised magic to compet fate. They needed it to determine outer fate. We need it to determine inner fate and to find the way that we are unable to conceive. For a long time I

²⁵⁹ The mandrake is a plant whose room bear some resemblance to the human figure hance they have been used in magnet rites. According to legend, they strick when they are pulled from the ground. In The philosophucal one (1945), Jung noted that the magnet mandrake when teed to the mit of a black dog, shrucks when it is more

the second of th The moreone in he who can the remains on no in signal or taken all how a spin but the origines. He was she a made in this capit he wheel constant the signal in the control of the control The movement of he who san as we do not examine the state of great at which whose the company as well as present a contract of the state the There make stand or other schools in the real are not never to the species of the same and open to the basis of which we represent the meaning of the way of may be seen to the consection of the agency of considerable to be indirectly to the large of the large each pro-

The notion that everything recurs is found in various traditions, such as Stoicism and Pythogoremusm, and features prominently in Nietzacke's work. There has been much debare in Nietzsche studies as to whether ir should primarily be understood as an estimat imperative of life affirmation or as countries docurine. See THE RESIDENCE OF REPORT FOR EXPENDING PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF A DESCRIPTION OF ALL DESIGNATIONS AND ADDRESS OF A DESCRIPTION a geometrial with the latest and

considered what type of magic this would have to be. And in the end. I found nothing. Whoever cannot find it within himself should become an apprentice and so I took myself off to a far country where a great magician lived, of whose reputation I had heard

The Magician*

∟ap. 700

[HI 139] If [1] **After a long search I found the small house in the country fronted by a large bed of thirp. This is where •*MAHMON [Philemon], the magician, lives with his wife BAYKIZ [Baucis] •*MAHMON is one of those magicians who has not yet managed to banish old age but who lives it with dignity and his wife can only do the same ** Their interests seem to have become narrow, even children. They water their bed of thirps and tell each other about the flowers that have newly appeared. And their days fade into a pair wavering chiaracters, lit up by the pair, only slightly frightened of the darkness of what is to come.

Why is ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ a magician? 46 Does he conjure up ammortality for hanself, a life beyond? He was probably only a maginan by profession, and he now appears to be a pensioned magician who has retired from service. His desirousness and creative drive have expired and he now enjoys his well-carned rest out of sheer meapacity, like every old mun who can do nothing else than plant traips and water his little garden. The magical rod hes in a cupboard together with the shift and seventh books of Moses** and the wisdom of EPMHE TPIEMETIETYE [Hermes Trismegitsus] 40 MAHMAN is old and has become somewhat feeble minded. He still murmurs a few magical spells for the well. being of bewitched cattle in return for some petty cash or a gift for the kitchen. But it is uncertain if these spells are still correct. and whether he understands their meaning. It is also clear that it hardly marters what he murmurs, / as the cattle might also get well on their own. There goes old MAHMON in the garden, bent, with a watering can in his shaking hand. Baucis stands at the intelien window and looks at him earnly and impassively. She has already seen this image a thousand times—somewhat more offern every time, feebler seeing it a artic iess well every time since her eyesight gradually has become weaker 28

I stand at the garden gate. They have not noticed the stranger "ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ, old magician, how are you?" I call out to him. He does not hear me, seeming to be stone-deaf. I follow him and take his arm. He turns and greets me awkwardly and trembling. He has a white heard and thin white hair and a wrinkled face and there appears to be something about this face. His eyes are gray and old and something in them is strange, one would like to say alive. "I am well, stranger" he says, "but what are you doing here?"

- I "People tell me that you understand the black art. I am interested in that. Will you tell me about it?"
 - "What should I tell you about? There is nothing to tell."
 - I "Don't be ill natured, old man, I want to learn."
- "You are certainly more learned than I What could I teach you?"
- I *Do not be mean. I certainly don't intend to become your competitor. I'm just curious to know what you are up to and what magic you are performing."
- What do you want? In the part I have helped people here and there who have been sick and disadvantaged."
 - I "What exactly did you do?"
 - "Well, I did it quite simply with sympathy."
 - L * Old man, that word sounds comical and ambiguous *
 - "How so?"

I "It could mean that you helped people either by expressing compassion or by superstitious, sympathetic means."

- "Well, surely it would have been both."
- 1 "And ther's all there was to your magic?"
- ◆: "There was more."
- 1 "What was it, tell me "
- "That is more of your business You are impertment and meddlesome"
- I "Please don't take my runosity badly. Recently I heard something about magic that awakened my interest in this bygone practice. And then I came to you because I heard that you understand the black art. If magic were still taught today at university, I would have studied it there. But the last college of magic was closed long ago. Today no professor knows anything anymore about magic. So do not be sensitive and muserly, but tell me a bit about your art. Surely, you don't want to take your secrets with you to the grave do you?"

34,140

262 The Handwritten Draft has instead: Touth Adventure" gt 1061'

ebburg, the waters were pushed back" (L. 11087-9).

and in the Arramophore. We allo the case of Phoemon and Bassin Supire, and Mercury wandered disjusted as mortals, in the hill, support it Phoemon and Bassin Supire, and Mercury wandered disjusted as mortals, in the hill, support it Phoemon and Bassin Supire, and Mercury wandered disjusted as mortals, in the hill, support it Phoemon and Bassin Supire, and Mercury wandered disjusted as mortals, in the hill, support it Phoemon and Bassin Supire, and Mercury wandered disjusted as mortals, in the hill, support it Phoemon as a support in the hill, support it is a support in the hill su and where we have more than a few messages appear and the message in their pours grew old regards and arrived by a few message in their youth grew old regards and arrived by the property of the property of the property of the good took the couple have the couple saw that the flogon automatically refulled itself as a few message message to the property of the good took the good took the Gods who said that it should not be killed by and decouple the message message message to the property of has been rank me into a complexion marked form and a good on. The loop agent what the largers of like are. This maintapped that the largers have been more than senten in the laboration and also has been also because the largers are also because the larger of the sentence of the larger state. be then true an agree of the above and has been to the substantial between the property of the substantial between the happened to the first of the second of the s Based has being a with his mover a wind to be all on the first head of the problem of the description of the first term of the first te minelli Mills another augment in the N. N. N. a a libral Title with a the fields: וי ונה זוו 4.4 44.00 교내 없 - at Hr. Bearers, about the mean thought in the enable to we ng ranta a wall And select in a mark that along it propagation by 4 and men to both the n ratioatre tall as now the always are moreover as the advocate or Philemore and Bauch, who F 41 united Tales, the lapsettrap another hold in the glide manufacturate among the lapset age of the lippole.

Assert the graph promise of the first and considered and the engine has been considered a prime of a signal cannot be a first than a first the first and considered and the signal cannot be more than the first than a signal cannot be more than the signal cannot be signal cannot be signal. The signal cannot be signal cannot be signal cannot be signal cannot be signal.

16. To harry the time in representation through the analysis of the first and the figure of the figure of the property regression of discountries of the figure of the fig

I "What do you mean? Do you believe that magic is really inborn in man?"

Φ "If I could, I would say yes, of course it is But you will find this laughable."

I "No, this time I will not laugh, because I have often wondered about the fact that all peoples in all times and in all places have the same magical customs. As you can see, I have already thought along similar lines."

Φ "What do you make of magic?"

I. "To put it plainly, nothing, or very little. It appears to me that magic is one of the vain tools of men inferior to nature. I can detect no other tangible meaning in magic."

Your professors probably also know just as much."

I "Yes, but what do you know about it?"

T'd prefer not to say"

I "Don't be so secretive, old man, otherwise I must assume that you know no more than I do."

Φ "Take it as you please"

I "Your answer suggests that you most definitely understand more about at than others."

Φ *Comical fellow, how stubborn you are! But what I like about you is that your reason does not deter you."

I "That's actually the case Whenever I want to learn and understand something. I seave my so-called reason at home and give whatever it is that I am trying to understand the benefit of the doubt. I have searned this gradually, because nowadays the world of science is full of scary examples of the opposite."

"In which case you could do very well for yourself." /

I "I hope so. Now, let us not stray from magic "

• "Why are you so determined about searning more about magic, if you claim that you have left your reason at home? Or would you not consider consistency part of reason?"

I "I do: I see or rather it seems as if you are quite an adept sophist who skinfully leads me around the house and back to the door."

Φ "It seems that way to you because you udge everything from the standpoint of your intellect. If you forsake reason for a while you will also give up consistency."

I "That's a difficult test. But if I want to be adept at some point. I suppose I ought to submit to your request. Alright I m listening."

• "What do you want to hear?"

I "You're not going to draw me out. I'm simply waiting for whatever you are going to say"

O "And what if I say nothing?"

I "Well, then I ll withdraw somewhat embarrassed and think that ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ is at the very least a shrewd fox, who definitely would have something to reach me."

With this, my boy, you have learned something about magic."

I "I'll have to chew on this I must admit that this is somewhat surprising. I had imagined magic as being somewhat different"

"Well, this shows you how little you understand about to magic "
 magic and how incorrect your notion of it is."

 I "Inco

I "If this should be the case, or that's how it is, then I must confess that I approached the problem completely incorrectly I gather from what you are saying that these matters do not follow ordinary understanding."

Φ "Nor does magic "

I "But you have not deterred me at all: on the contrary.

I'm burning to hear even more. What I know up to now is essentially negative."

Φ "With this you have recognized a second main point Above all, you must know that magic is the negative of what one can know"

I "That, too, my dear ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ, is a piece of knowledge that is hard to digest and causes me no small pain. The negative of what one can know? I suppose you mean that it cannot be known, don't you? This exhausts my understanding."

• "That is the third point that you must note as essential namely, that there is nothing for you to understand."

I "Well, I must confess that that is new and strange So nothing at all about magic can be understood?"

Φ "Exactly Magic happens to be precisely everything that cludes comprehension"

I "But then how the devil is one to teach and learn magic>"

Φ "Magic is neither to be taught nor learned. It's foolish that you want to learn magic "

I "But then magic is nothing but deception"

Φ "Watch out—you have started reasoning again"

1 "It's difficult to exist without reason"

Φ "And that is exactly how difficult magic is "

I "Well, in that case it's hard work. I conclude that it is an inescapable condition for the adept that he completely unlearns his reason."

"I m afraid that is what it amounts to."

I. "Ye Gods this is serious."

• Not as serious as you think. Reason declines with old age, since it is an essential counterpart of the drives, which are much more intense in youth than in old age. Have you ever seen young magicians?

I "No, the magician is proverbially oid."

O: "You see. I'm right "

I "But then the prospects of the adept are bad. He must want until old age to experience the mysteries of magic."

Φ: "If he gives up his reason before then, he can already experience something useful sooner."

I "That seems to me to be a dangerous experiment. One cannot give up reason without further ado."

14,7142

• Nor can one / simply become a magician."

I "You izy damnable snares."

Ф "What do you want? Such is magic "

I "Old devil, you make me envious of unreasoning old age."

• "Weil, weil a youth who wants to be an old man. And why? He wants to learn magic and yet dares not to for the sake of his youth."

I "You spread a terrible net, old trapper"

O "Perhaps you should still want a few years with magic antil your hair has gone gray and your reason has slockened somewhat"

I "I don't want to listen to your scorn. Stupidly enough, I got caught up to your yarn. I can't make sense of you."

O: "But stupidity would perhaps be progress on the way to magic."

I "Incidentally, what on earth do you intend to achieve with your magic?"

O: "I am alive, as you see "

I "Other old men are, too."

Φ: "Yes, but have you seen how?"

I "Web, admittedly it was not a pleasant sight. Incidentally time has left its mark on you, too."

de "Literiowe"

142/143

- ["So, what gives you the advantage?"
- It doesn't exactly meet the eye."
- ["What kind of advantage doesn't meet the eyes"
- # "I call that magic."
- I "You're moving in a vicious circle. May the devil get the better of you."
- "Well that's another advantage of magic not even the devigers the better of me. You're beginning to understand magic, so I must assume that you have a good apustude for it "
 - I "Thank you, ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ, that is enough; I feel dizzy. Goodbye!"

I leave the small garden and walk down the street. People are standing around in groups and glancing at me furnively. I hear them whispering behind my back. "Look, there he goes, old ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ's student. He spoke a long time with the old man. He has learned something. He knows the mysteries. If only I could do what he is able to do now." "Be quiet, you dammed fools." I want to call out to them, but I cannot since I do not know whether I have actually learned anything. And because I remain silent, they are even more. convinced that I have received the black art from #IAHMON."

*[2] [H1 L42] It is an error to believe that there are magical practices. that one can searn. One cannot understand magic. One can only understand what accords with reason. Magic accords with unreason, which one gannot understand. The world accords not only with reason but also with unreason. But just as one employs: reason to make sense of the world, in that what is reasonable. about it approaches reason, a lack of understanding also accords with unteason. /

This meeting is magical and cludes comprehension. Magical understanding is what one calls noncomprehension. Everything that works magically is incomprehensible, and the meomprehensible often works magically. One calls incomprehensible workings magneal. The magneal always surrounds me, always involves me-It opens spaces that have no doors and leads out into the open where there is no exit. The magical is good and evil and neither good nor evil. Magic is dangerous since what accords with unreason. confuses, allures and provokes; and I am always its first victim.

Where reason abides, one needs no magic. Hence our time no longer needs magic. Only those Without reason needed it. to replace their lack of reason. But it is thoroughly unreasonable to bring together what suits reason with magic since they have nothing to do with one another. Both become spoiled through being brought together. Therefore all those tacking reason quite. rightly fall into superfluity and disregard. A rational man of this tune will therefore never use magne 70

But it is another thing for whoever has opened the chaos in himself. We need magic to be able to receive or invoke the messenger and the communication of the incomprehensible We recognized that the world comprises reason and anreason and we also understood that our way needs not only reason but

greater part of the world cludes our understanding. We must value the incomprehensible and unreasonable equally, although they are not necessarily equal in themselves; a part of the incomprehensible, however, is only presently incomprehensible and might already concur with reason tomorrow. But as long as one does not understand it, it remains upreasonable. Insofar as the incomprehensible accords with reason, one may try to think it with success, but insofar as it is unreasonable. / one needs magical practices to open it up.

The practice of magic consists in making what is not understood understandable in an incomprehensible manner. The magical way is not arbitrary, since that would be understandable, but it arises from incomprehensible grounds. Besides, to speak of grounds is incorrect, since grounds concur with reason. Nor can one speak of the groundless, since hardly anything further can be said about this. The magical way arises by itself. If one opens up chaos, magic also arises

One can teach the way that leads to chaos, but one cannot teach magic. One can only remain silent about this, which seems to be the best apprenticeship. This view is confusing, but this is what magic is like. Where reason establishes order and clamty, magic causes disarray and a lack of clarity." One indeed needs reason for the magical translation of the not-understood into the understandable, since only by means of reason can the anderstandable be created. No one can say how to use reason. but it does arise if one tries to express only what an opening of

Magic is a way of aving. If one has done one's best to steer the charrot, and one then notices that a greater other is actually steeting it, then magical operation takes place. One cannot say what the effect of magic will be, since no one can know it in advance because the magical is the lawless, which occurs without rules and by chance, so to speak. But the condition is that one totally accepts it and does not reject it, in order to transfer everything to the growth of the tree. Stupidity too is part of this, which everyone has a great deal of, and also tastelesiness, which is possibly the greatest nussance

Thus a certain solitude and isolation are mescapable conditions. of life for the well-being of oneself and of the other, otherwise one cannot / sufficiently be oneself. A certain slowness of life, which is the a standard, wan be unavoidable. The uncertainty of such a life. will most probably be its greatest burden, but still I must unite. the two conflicting powers of my soul and keep them together in a true marriage until the end of my life, since the magician is called ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ and his wife BAYKIE. I hold together what Christ has kept apart in himself and through his example in others, since the more the one half of my being strives toward the good, the more the other half journeys to Hell

When the month of the Twins had ended, the men said to their shadows: "You are I," since they had previously had their spirit around them as a second person. Thus the two became one and through this coursion the formidable broke out, precisely that spring of consciousness that one calls culture and which uso unreason. This distinction is arbitrary and depends upon lasted until the time of Christ ** But the fish indicated the the level of comprehension. But one can be certain that the moment when what was united split, according to the eternal law

269 Jung's marginal note to the calligraphic volume "Jan 1924." This seems to refer to when this passage was transcribed into the calligraphic volume. The writing at this

point gets larger with more space between the words. At this time Cary Barnes commenced he are prior at a partial prior at the words and the prior and the p

24 The - 44 continues "Magural practice bence fulls into two parts bast, developing an understanding of chaos: and second, translating the essence into what can be understood pigHig-

27 a The area in makes. "Reason takes up only a very small share of magic. This will offend you. Age and experience are needed. The main destrousness and few of youth, as well as its necessary surfaceautes, disturb the sector interplay of acciding the design has the medical because of non-allocations above ade of the other blanded at parameter [p. 484]. 141/144

of contrasts, into an underworld and apperworld. If the power of growth begins to cease, then the united falls into its opposites. Christ sent what is beneath to Heli, since it strives toward the good. That had to be. But the separated cannot remain separated. forever. It will be united again and the month of the fish will soon. be over 24 We suspect and understand that growth needs both. and hence we keep good and evil close together. Because we know that too far into the good means the same as too far into evil, we keep them both together **

But we thus lose direction and things no longer flow from the mountain to the valley, but grow quietly from the valley to the mountain. That which we can no longer prevent or hide is our fruit. The flowing stream becomes a lake and an ocean / that has no outset, unices its water rises to the sky as steam and falls from the clouds as rain. While the sea is a death, it is also the place of rising. Such is OIAHMON, who tends his garden. Our hands have and falls as cain on distant cauds of The water on the ground is no. doud, which should rain. Only pregnant women can give birth. not those who have yet to conceive

[HI 146] But what mystery are you instinating to me with your tiame, Oh #IAHMON? Truly you are the lover who once took trthe Gods as they wandered the earth when everyone else retused. them todging. You are the one who unsuspectingly gave hospitality. to the Gods, they thanked you by transforming your house into a golden tempte, while the flood swallowed everyone else. You remained alive when chaos erupted. You it was who served in the sanctuary when the peoples called out in vain to the Gods. Truly, it is the lover who survives. Why did we not see that? And just when did the Gods manifest? Precisely when BAYKIE wished to serve the esteemed guests her only goose, that blessed stupidity. the anima, fied to the Gods who then revealed themselves to their poor hosts, who had given their last. Thus I saw that the loversurvives, and that he is the one who unwittingly grants hospitality. to the Gods.75

Truly, Oh ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ. I did not see that your hut is a temple. and that you, MAHMON, and BAYKIX, serve in the sanctuary. / This magical power allows itself to be neither taught nor learned Either one has it or does not have it. Now I know your final mystery. you are a lover. You have succeeded in uniting what has been sundered, that is, binding together the Above and Below. Have we not known this for a long time? Yes, we knew it no, we did not know it. It has always been this way, and yet it has never been thus Why did I have to wander such long roads before I came to PIAHMON, if he was going to teach me what has been common knowledge for ages? Alas, we have known everything since time.

immemorial and yet we will never know it until it is has been accomplished. Who exhausts the mystery of love?

[HII 147] Under which made, Oh PIAHMON, are you hiding? You did not strike me as a lover. But my eyes were opened and I saw that you are a lover of your soul, who anxiously and jealously guards its treasure. There are those who love men, and those who love the souls of men, and those who love their own soul. Such a one is WIAHMON, the host of the Gods

You he in the sion. Oh ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ, like a serpent that coils around tself. Your wisdom is the wisdom of serpents, cold, with a grain. of poison, yet healing in small doses. Your magic paralyzes and therefore makes strong people, who tear themselves away from themselves. But do they love you, are they thankful, lover of your own soul? Or do they curse you for your magical serpent poison? They keep their distance, shaking their heads and whispening together

one is a lover of one's own soul? You are hospitable, PIAHMIN you took the dirry wanderers unsuspectingly into your but Your house then became a golden temple, and did I really leave your table unsatisfied? What did you give me? Did you invite me for a meal? You shimmered multicolored and inextricable nowhere did you give yourself to me as prey. You escaped my grasp. I found you nowhere. Are you still a man? Your kind is far more serpentake

I sought to grab hold of you and tear it out of you, since the Christians have searned to devour their God. And how long will at take for what happens to the God also to happen to man? I look into the vast land and hear nothing but wailing and see nothing but men consuming each other.

Oh OIAHMON, you are no Christian. You did not let yourself. be engorged and did not engorge me. Because of this you have neither recture halls nor columned halls teeming with students who stand around and speak of the master and soak up his words like the elixar of life. You are no Christian and no pagan, but a hospitable inhospitable one a host of the Gods, a aurylyor, an eternal one, the father of all eternal wisdom

But did I really leave you ansatisfied? No, I left you because I was really satisfied. Yet what did I eat? Your words gave me nothing. Your words left me to myself and my doubt. And so I are myself. And because of this, Oh OIAHMAN, you are no Christian, since you nourish yourself from yourself and force men to do the same. This displeases them most, since nothing disgusts the human animal more than itself. Because of this they would rather eat all crawling, hopping, rwimming and flying creatures, yes, even their own species before they nibble

at themselves. But this nour shment is effective and one is soon

145/146

been tied, and each must set quietly in his place. He ruses invisibly Are you still a man, MARMON or / is one not a man until 147/148

²⁷³ The reference is to the starological conception of the Platonic month, or secon of Pisces, which is based on the precession of the equipoxes. Each Platonic month into a standal age in a second production of satural age in a second production of Satura in a local star representing a union of extreme opposites, which would place the birth of Christ ander Pisces (Latin to "fishes") is known as the sign of the fish and is often represented by two tab swimming in opposite directions. On the Platonic months, see Alice Howelf, Jungton Sym Arters for in Managerial Sym and Agr. As hearten is Moral Boses, 1991, p. 2-11, ing harried crude ing astrology in which the critical of mythology and from the form of the first of the history of astrology, he crited Auguste Bouche.

ence q. Astronger of dwe to true a recognize to higher work force, most course flow.

The effect to the residence month in Piece, and the hegienous of the Placons month of Aquantus. The precise during of this is incertain in Area. Sci.

The effect to the residence month in Piece, and the hegienous of the Placons month of Aquantus. The precise during of this is incertain in Area. Sci. 204 increfero to include long what A subgeally the regionary of the are seen as aroung it the starting point and select, all shewers AF 2 (0), and 2(0) if the superrath of No. at all more SN 278 or one bits complement. It is written emetable the spring of the trade of many of the house brothers, then the approach of the new Placerose awaith framely Aquicing will make are to problem of he unjoin at apposites it will then no longer be possible to write off excess a more private loss its real

ensurement will be a consequent of the first of the first the croght mankend the way to Heaven. We reach the way to earth. Hence nothing has been removed. from the Gospel but only added to it" (p. 4%-

²⁷⁷ The Dreft continues: "Our attiving toroised on tagacity and intellectual superiority, and we hence developed all our eleverness. But the extraordinary extent of scupidity inheritation was discrepatible and force. But we are the other many and extremely particular stupidity of our nature. Stupidity is one of man's strange hobbyhories. There is solve ming divine about it, and yet something of the megalomanua of the world. Which is why stupidity is really large. It beeps away everything that could induce us to first system. This particular stupidity occurs in thought and in life. Somewhat deal somewhat blind it brings about necessary fare and keeps in it with a che virtuousness coupled with regionality. It is what separates and isolates the mixed scode of life, affording us thus with a clear view of good and evil, and of what is reasonable and what not. But many people are togical in their

sack of reason" (p. 487) 278 ,n this paragraph. Jung refers to the classical account of Philamon and Baucis from the Motomorphese

487149

satisfied from it. Because of this, Oh ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ, we rise natiated from your table

Your way, Oh OIAHMON, is instructive. You leave me in a saintary darkness, where there is nothing for me to either see or look for You are no light that thines in the darkness, to no savior who citablishes an eternal truth and thus extinguishes the I nocturnal aght of human understanding. You leave room for the stupidity and jokes of others. You do not want, Oh biessed one anything from the other, but instead you tend the flowers in your own garden. He who needs you asks you, and, Oh clever **ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ**, I suppose that you also ask those from whom you need something and that you pay for what you receive. Christhas made men desirous for ever since they expect gifts from their saviors without any service in return. Giving it as chaldish. as power. He who gives presumes himself powerful. The virtue of giving is the sky-blue mantle of the tyrant. You are wise. Oh ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ, you do not give. You want your garden to bloom, and for everything to grow from within itself.

• praise. Oh ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ, your lack of acting like a savior you are no shepherd who runs after stray sheep, since you believe in the dignity of man, who is not necessarily a sheep. But (f he happens to be a sheep, you would leave him the rights and dignity of sheep, since why should sheep be made into men? There are still more than enough men.

You know Oh MAHMON, the wisdom of things to come therefore you are old oh so very ancient and just as you tower above me in years, so you tower above the present in futurity, and the length of your past is immeasurable. You are legendary and unreachable. You were and will be returning periodically. Your wisdom is invisible, your truth is unknowable, entirely untrue in any given age, and yet true in all eternity, but you pour out living water, from which the flowers of your garden bloom, a starry water, a dew of the night

What do you need, Oh **©**IAHMENP You need men for the sake of small things since everything greater and the greatest thing is in you. Christ spoiled men, since he taught them that they can be saved only by one namely Him, the Son of God, and ever tince men have been demanding the greater things from others, especially their salvation, and if a sheep gets tost / somewhere t accuses the shepherd. Oh **©**IAHMENN, you are a man, and you prove that men are not sheep, since you look after the greatest in yourself and hence fructifying water flows into your garden from mexhaustible jugs.

[HI 150] Are you toucky. On DIAHMON. I see no entourage and no companions around you; BAYKIE is only your other half. You live with flowers, trees, and birds, but not with men. Should you not ave with men? Are you itall a man? Do you want nothing from men? Do you not see how they stand together and concoct rumors and children farry takes about you? Do you not want to go to them and say that you are a man and a mortal as they are and that you want to sove them? Oh DIAHMON, you laugh? I understand you, hist now I ran into your garden and wanted to tear out of you what I had to understand from within myself.

Oh GIAHMAN, I understand animediately I made you into a savior who lets himself be consumed and bound with gifts. That's what men are like, you think, they are all still Chestians. But they want even more, they want you as you are, otherwise you would not be GIAHMAN to them and they would be inconsolable, if they

could find no bearer for their legends. Hence they would also laugh, if you approached them and said you were as mortal as they are and want to love them. If you did that, you would not be **GIAHMON**. They want you, **GIAHMON**, but not another mortal who suffers from the same ills as they do.

I understand you, Oh @IAHMON, you are a true / lover, since you love your som for the sake of men, because they need a king who lives from himself and owes no one gratitude for his life. They want to have you thus. You fulfil the wish of the people and you vanish. You are a vessel of tables. You would be smitch yourself if you went to men as a man, since they would all laugh and call you a liar and a swindler, since @IAHMON is not a man.

new, Oh @IAHMON, that crease in your face, you were young once and wanted to be a man among men. But the Christian animals did not love your pagan humanity, since they felt in you what they needed. They always sought the branded one and when they caught him somewhere in freedom, they tooked him in a golden cage and took from him the force of his mastinanity, so that he was paralyzed and sat in silence. Then they praise him and devise fables about him. I know, they call this veneration And if they do not find the true one, they at least have a Pope whose occupation it is to represent the divine comedy. But the true one always discourse himself, since he knows nothing higher than to be a man

Are you saughing. Oh ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ³ I understand you: it irked you to be a man like others. And because you truly loved being human, you voluntarily locked it away so that you could be for men at least what they wanted to have from you. Therefore I see you. Oh ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ, not with men, but wholly with flowers, the trees and the birds and all waters flowing and still that do not beamirch your humanity. For you are not ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ to the flowers, trees, and birds, but a man. Yet what solitude, what inhumanity? /

[HI 152] Why are you loughing, Oh OIAHMON, I cannot fathom you. But do I not see the blue air of your garden? What happy shades surround you? Does the sun hatch blue midday specters around you?

Are you laughing. Oh OlAHMON? Alas I understand youhumanity has completely faded for you, but its shadow has acisen for you. How much greater and happier the thadow of humanity. is than it is itself? The blue midday shadows of the dead! Asia, there is your humanity. Oh OIAHMON, you are a teacher and friend of the dead. They stand righing in the shade of your house, they aveunder the branches of your trees. They drink the dew of your tears, they warm themselves at the goodness of your heart, they hunger after the words of your wisdom, which sounds full to them, full of the sounds of life. I saw you, Oh AIAHMON, at the noonday hour. when the sun atood highers, you stood speaking with a blue shade, blood stuck to its forehead and solemn torment darkened it. I can guess, Oh MAHMON, who your midday guest was 40 How blind I. was, fool that I am: That is you, Oh ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝΙ But who am 1 I go my way, shaking my head, and people's looks follow me and I remain: silent Oh despairing silence! / [HI 153].

Oh master of the garden. I see your dark tree from after in the shimmering sun. My street leads to the valleys where men live. I am a wandering beggar And I remain silens.

want even more they want you as you are, otherwise you would Killing off would be prophets as a gain for the people. If not be **GIAHMON** to them and they would be inconsolable, if they want murder, then may they kill their faise prophets. If the

rso/rsi

149 50

52 (5)

mouth of the Gods remains stient, then each can listen to his own speech. He who loves the people remains alent. If only faise teachers teach, the people will kill the false teachers, and will fall into the truth even on the way of their sins. Only after the darkest night will it be day. So cover the aights and remain silent. so that the night will become dark and noiseless. The sim rises without our help. Only he who knows the darkest error knows what light is

Oh master of the garden, your magical grove shone to me from after I renerate your deceptive mantle, you father of all will-a the-wisps. /** [Image 154]¹⁶

I continue on my way, accompanied by a finely polished piece. of steel, hardened in ten fires, stowed safely in my robe. Secretly I wear chain mail under my coat. Overnight I became fond of serpents, and I solved their riddle. I sit down next to them on the hot stones lying by the wayside. I know how to catch them cunningly and cruelly, those cold devils that prick the heel of the ansuspecting. I became their friend and played a softly toned flute But I decorate my cave with their dazzling skins. As I walked on my way. I came to a red rock on which a great indescent serpent lay. Since I had now learned magic from ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ. I took out my flute again and played a sweet magical song to make her betseve that she was my soul. When she was sufficiently enchanted, / [Image 155]** {2, [1]** I spoke to her "My aister my soul what do you say?" But she spoke flattered and therefore tolerantly "I let grass grow over everything that you do "

- ["That sounds comforting and seems not to say much "
- S. "Would you like me to pay much? I can also be banal, as you know, and let myself be satisfied that way."
- I "That seems hard to me. I believe that you stand in a close connection with everything beyond. /* with what is greatest and most uncommon. Therefore I thought that banality would be foreign to you."
 - S "Banality is my element"

154/159

- I "That would be less astonishing if I said it about myself"
- S "The more ancommon you are the more common I can be A true respice for me. I think you can sense that I don't need to torment revielf today"

- I "I can feel it, and I in wormed that your tree will altimately bear me no more fruit "
 - S: "Worried already? Don't be stupid, and let me rest."
- I "I notice that you ake being band. But I do not take you to heart my dear friend, since I now know you much better than before "
- S: "You're getting to be familiar I'm afraid that you are beginning to lose respect."
- I "Are you upset? I behave that would be ancailed for I'm sufficiently well-informed about the proximity of pathos and banality."
- S. "So, have you noticed that the becoming of the sou, tollows a serpentine path? Have you seen how soon day becomes night. and night day? How water and dry sand change places? And that everything spasmodic is merely destructive?"
- I "I believe that I saw all this. I want to lie in the sun on this warm stone for a while. Perhaps the sun wil, incubate me."

But the serpent crept up to me quietly and wound herself smoothly around my feet " Evening tell and night came. I spoke to the serpent and said: "I don't know what to say. All pots are on the bou."

- ***S: "A meal is being prepared."
- I "A Last Supper, I suppose"
- \$ "A union with all humanity"
- I 'A horrifying, sweet thought to be both guest and dish at this meal ***
 - S "That was also Christ's highest pleasure"
- 1 "How holy, how runful, how everything hot and cold flows into one another! Madness and reason want to be married. the lamb and the wolf graze peacefully side by side 200 It is all yes. and no. The opposites embrace each other see eye to eye, and intermingle. They recognize their oneness in agonizing pleasure. My heart in filled with wild battle. The waves of dark and bright rivers rush together one crashing over the other I have never experienced this before "
 - \$ "That is new my dear one at least for you."
- 1 "I suppose you are mocking me. But tears and laughter are. one ** / I no longer feel like either and I am rigid with tension Loving reaches up to Heaven and resisting reaches just as high

156/157

281 Jung's marginal note to the calligraphic volume. "The bhagarindgets rave whenever there is a decision of the igw and an increase in impury there—pus for the invael. For the resource of the pious and for the destruction of the eviloury for the epitably-itment of the law I am born in every age." The citation is from chapter 4, verses. — 8 to

the Stogensol of the Extension in proteining the partial of the store of the Stogensol of the partial of the pa his tower as Bollinger. He added an inscription in Latin from the Roseman Phinosphorum in which the mes describes the stone as laying detending and in Illiterated thee give me my right that I may help thee for Sol is more and the beams thereof are my inward party him come is proper to me are, my light on elle to all light and mi goods are higher than all goods. I give many riches and delights to mentioning them and where laced after anything her at knowledge if it make them conferenced and it cause them to process do the acceptable inglift out my parties to them an analysis of the all acceptable to the local acceptable mentions and them. I block out their motioners and exists them collections. Therefore, and my son being to not hope and the motioners and exists them collections. the whole world lung the seeme of these lines in Psychology and Alchemy 194. If a \$500 \$150 he Roundam that published in 1550, was one of the shoet important text of European alchemy and concerns the means of producing the philosopher's stone. Concerns of a series of windred in Archemical Series of Process. For Doctors and Proceedings (1946, CW) in

alls in The psychological aspects on the Note 1950 long anotymization then the image as so thou the attenta, appears on a burn he along the place of the alter still over-libe-size but with veiled face." He commented: "Dream xi restores the arisms to the Christian church, not as an atom but as the alter itself. The alter is the place of sacrifice and also the receptable for consecrated relics" (CW 9.1. §369, 380). On the left-hand side there in the Arabic word for "daughters." On the border or the image is the hillowing, as reption "Des suprentie un mysterio quae absolutation procedestication with ante secula in gloriam nontrum quant memo principlum huma securi cognovit. Spiritus erum connic scrutatur étiam profundo dei." This is a citation from ... Contribition 2.7: 10. (Jung has contitted. Deur before unte secula.") The portions cited are marked here in italian. "But we speak the window of Ged to a septimy, even the hilder whites, which Ged or derived before the world note one giver. Which note of the princes of the world known for had they known in they would not have indulted the conduct beginn. But as it is written and for both our spen content bother have entered into the heart of man, the things which wo has biggered for them that love him. But God hath revealed them unto us by his Spirit, for the Spirit world off things yet, the deep things of God." On either side of the each is the following tracripmon: Sperime of spenies from the end of the each is the following tracripmon: Sperime of spenies from that he are the end of the each is the track and the bride say Come. And let have that heaveth say Come. And let have that it athors. come. And who soever will let him take the water of life breely.' Above the acts is the following fractipation "are virgo virginant." This is the title of a medieval hymn.

284 [amuary 29, 1914] 485 From this point in the calligraphic volume. Jung's coloring of red and blue mitials becomes tess consistent. Some have been added here for consistency

486 This line is not in Black Book 4, where the voice is not identified as the serpent

458 in Mustician instructions 955.56. Hing noted. If the projected conflict is to be healed, it must citizen into the sout of the individual where it had its beginnings. in an unconscious manner. It who wants to be the master of this descent must delebrate a Last Supper with bimself, and ear his own flesh and drink his own blood which means that he must refreguere and accept the other in bimself. (CW 14, \$512)

189 Ct. Issuab II:6 "The wolf also shate dwell with the lamb, and the leopard shall be down with the kid: and the calf and the young lion and the fatling together: and a

little third shall trad them.

290 fung's marginal note to the calligraphic volume "XIV AUG. 1925" This appears to refer to when this provide was transcribed into the calligraphic volume. In this autumn of 94. long were to Africa, regether with Peter Repries and leorge Berkwith. They left England in Artober 5, and he arrived both in Aunth on Morth 4, 1946.

They are entwined and will not let go of each other, since the excessive tension seems to indicate the ultimate and highest possibility of feeling."

- S: "You express yourself emotionally and philosophically. You know that one can say all this much more simply for example, one can say that you have fallen in love all the way from the worm up to Tristan and Isolde."
 - 1 "Yes, I know but nonetheless-"
- S: "Religion is still tormenting you, it seems? How many shields do you still need? Much better to say it straight out."
 - I-" You're not tripping me up "
- S: "Well, what is it with morality? Have morality and immorality also become one today?"
- I "You're mocking me, my sister and chithoric devil But I must say that those two that rose up to Heaven entwined are also good and evil I'm not joking but I groan, because joy and pain sound shrill together."
- 5: "Where then is your understanding? You've gone utterly stupid. After all you could resolve everything by thinking."
- I "My understanding? My thinking? I no longer have any understanding. It has grown impervious to me."
- S: "You deny everything that you believed. You've completely torgotten who you are. You even deny Faust, who walked calmly past all the specters."
 - ["I m no longer up to this My spirit too, is a specter."
 - 5. "A.h., I see, you follow my teaching."
- I "Unfortunately, that's the case, and it has benefited me with painful joy."
- S. "You turn your pain into pleasure. You are rwisted, banded; just suffer, you foot."
 - 1 "This misfortune ought to make me happy."

The serpent now became angry and tried to bite my heart, but my serret aimor broke her poisonous fang.** She drew back astonished and said hissing "You actually behave as if you were unfathomable."

I "That's because I have studied the art of stepping from the left foot onto the light and vice versa, which others have done anthunkingly from time immemorial."

The sespent raised herself again, as if accidentally / holding her tail in front of her mouth, so that I should not see the broken fang. Proudly and caunty she said*** "So you have finally noticed."

this?" But I spoke to her smalingly "The simious line of life could not escape me in the long run."

[2] [HI 158] Where is truth and faith? Where is warm trust? You find all this between men but not between men and serpents. even if they are serpent souls. But wherever there is love, the serpentlike abides also. Christ himself compared himself to a serpent 24 and his hellish brother the Antichrist, is the old dragon himself w What is beyond the human that appears in love has the nature of the serpent and the bird, and the serpent often enchants the bird, and more rarely the bird bears off the serpent. Man stands in between. What seems like a bird to you is a serpent to the other, and what seems like a serpent to you is a bird to the other. Therefore you will meet the other only inhuman form. If you want to become, then a battle between bird and serpent breaks out. And if you only want to be, you will be a man to yourself and to others. He who is becoming belongs in the desert or in a prison, for he is beyond the human. If men want to become, they behave like animals. No one saves us from the evil. of becoming, unless we choose to go through Hell

Why did I behave as if that serpent were my soul? Only, it seems, because my sout was a serpent. This knowledge gave my soul a new face, and I decided henceforth to enchant her myseif and subject her to my power. Serpents are wise, and I wanted my serpent sou, to communicate her wisdom to me. Never before had life been so doubtful, a night of aimless tension, being one in being directed against one another. Nothing moved, neither God nor the devil. So I approached the serpent that lay in the sun, as if she were unthinking. Her eyes were not visible since they blinked in the shimmering sunshine, and / [Image 159]** / (3) [1] I spoke to here. "How will it be, now that God and the devil have become one? Are they in agreement to bring life to a standstill. Does the conflict of opposites belong to the mescapable. conditions of life? And does he who recognizes and lives the amity of opposites stand still? He has completely taken the side of actual life, and he no longer acts as if he belonged to one party and had to battle against the other but he is both and has brought their discord to an end. Through taking this burden from life, has he also taken the force from it?"30

The serpent turned and spoke ill-humoredly "Truly, you pester me. Opposites were certainly an element of afe for me. You

49) The twelfth repture fair of the adultrough menancy between the corresponding transplant framework princess couldn't has been record an many versions up to Wagner opera. Which fring different to as an example of the visionary mode of artistic creation if Psychology and poetry. 910. W §14.

157/158

enter of the manufalla Was reverted that an exerciting, for whole show the king, for good (The Populage of Resolution Page 9 (00) in Memories Tung added some

158 100

¹⁹¹ The statement not in Black Back 4 19, his scatters is not in Back Back 4

¹⁹⁴ hing minimipal on to important of the write with the surperit in Transformation; and Special of the solids 1912 1 W B \$585 and in Also (1950 CW 9 2 \$19 195). Transformations and Special of the Whole 9 4 CW B \$595

²⁹⁶ image tegrors. It farmes 1901 millioned Herrisania 1855 had age 52. Tong described this as A temporal flower in the destribed on the destribed on the destribed on the destribed of the manufacture of the destribed on the destribed of the manufacture of of the destribed of the manufacture of the manufacture of the manufacture of the destribed of the manufacture of the manufacture of the destribed of the manufacture of the manufacture of the destribed of the manufacture of the manufacture of the destribed of the manufacture of the destribed of the manufacture of the destribed of the manufacture of the self-destribed of the destribed of the destribed of the manufacture of the self-destribed of the manufacture of the self-destribed of the destribed of the destribed

For the identity pp. 443-449.
297 Rebruary I. 1924.
298 Black Back 4 also has: "I say these questions before you today, my soul" (p. 91). Here the suspent is substituted for the soul.

161/162

probably will have noticed this Your annovations deprive meof this source of power I can neither lure you with pathos nor annoy you with banality. I am somewhat baffled."

- I "If you are baffled should I give counsel? I would rather you dive down to the deeper grounds to which you have entry and ask Hades or the heavenly ones, perhaps someone there can give counse."
 - 5. "You have become amperious."
- I "Necessity is even more imperious than I I must live and be able to move?
- S. "You have the whole wide earth. What do you want to ask." the beyond for?"
 - "It isn't currosity that drives me, but necessity I will not yield."
- S "I obey, but rejuctantly. This style is new and unaccustomed.
- I "I'm sorry, but there is pressing need. Tell the depths that prospects are not looking too good for as, because we have cut off an important organ from life. As you know. I in not the guilty. one, since you have led me carefully along this way?

\$200 "You might have rejected the apple "

- I "Enough of these jokes You know that story better than I do. I am serious. We need some air. Be on your way and fetch the fire. It has aiready been dark around me for too long. Are you sluggish or cowardly?
 - S "I'm off to work Take from me what I bring up."***

[H1 160] Slowly, the throne of the God ascends into empty. space, followed by the holy trinity, all of Heaven, and finally Saran himself. He resists and chings to his beyond. He will not / let it go. The apperworld is too chilly for him

- S. "Have you got tight hold of him?" >>>
- Welcome, hot thing of darkness! My soul probably pulled. you up roughty≥"
 - S.*** Why this noise? I protest against this violent extraction."
- I "Calm down. I didn't expect you. You come last of all. You seem to be the hardest part "
- S. "What do you want from me? I don't need you. imperonent fellow"
- I "It's a good thing we have you. You're the invenest thing in the whole dogma.***
- 5 "What concern is your prattie to mel Make it quick I'm treezing."
- I. "Listen, something has just happened to us we have united the opposites. Among other things, we have bonded you with God. 791
 - S: "For God's sake, why this hopeless fuss? Why such nonsense?"
- Please, that wasn't so stupid. This unification is an important principle. We have put a stop to never-ending quarreting, to finally free our hands for real life."
- 5: "This smells of mortism. I have already made note of some of these men. Special chambers have been heated for them."
 - I "You're mistaken. Matters are not as rational with us as they

seem to be 25 We have no single correct truth either Rather, a most remarkable and strange fact has occurred after the opposites had been united, quite anexpectedly and incomprehensibly nothing further happened. Everything remained in place, peacefully and yet completely motioniess, and afe turned into a complete standstill."

- S: "Yes, you fools, you certainly have made a pretty mess of things?
- I "Well, your mockery is unnecessary. Our intentions were serious."
- S: "Your seriousness leads us to suffer. The ordering of the beyond is shaken to its foundations."
- I "So you readed that matters are serious. I want an answer to my question, what should happen under these circumstances? We no longer know what to do "
- S: "Well, it is hard to know what to do, and difficult to give advice even if one would like to give it. You are blinded foots, a brashly impertinent people. Why didn't you stay out of trouble? How do you mean to understand the ordering of the world?"
- I "Your ranting suggests that you are quite thoroughly aggrieved. Look, the hoty trinity is taking things coolly. It seems not to distake the innovation?
- S: "Ah, the trinity is so arrational that one / can never trust its reactions. I strongly advise you not to take those symbols serioualy 2006
- I "I thank you for this well meant advice. But you seem to be interested. One would expect you to pass unbiased judgment on account of your proverbial intelligence."
- 5. "Me. unbrased. You can judge for yourself. If you consider. this absoluteness in its completely lifeless equanimity, you can easily discover that the state and standard, produced by your presumptiousness closely resembles the absolute. But if I counsel you, I place myself completely on your side, since you too find his stands ill unbeatable?
 - ["What? You take my side? That is strange."
- S: "That's not so strange. The absolute was always adverse to the trong. I am still the real master of afe."
 - I "That is suspicious. Your reaction is far too persona."
- \$ "My reaction is far from personal I am atterly restless quickly hurrying afe. I am never contented, never unperturbed. I pub everything down and hastily rebuild. I am ambition, greed for fame just for action. I am the fizz of new thoughts and action. The absolute is boring and vegerative "
 - I "Alright, I believe you. So—just what do you advise".
- The best advice I can give you is: revoke your completely. harmfui innovation as soon as possible."
- I "What would be gained by that? We'd have to start from scratch again and would infailibly teach the same conclusion a second time. What one has grasped once, one cannot intentionally not know again and undo. Your counsel is no counse! "
- S. "But could you exist without divisiveness and disunity? You have to get worked up about something, represent a party, overcome opposites, if you want to live."

299 Black Book 4. "You are playing Adam and Eve with one. (p. 93) 300 jung Amarginal note: in the calligeophic volume. "Visio"

300 Brack Baset 4: Satan crawks our of a dark bole with horns and rail | pull him out by the handi' (p. 94).

30: The interlocutou is Satur-

303 For rung's account of the algorificance of Satart see Answer to Job 1992). CW 11

pt4 jung discussed. The rope of uniting the apposites at langth in Psychological Types (1901), eld a. The type problem in the poeta, an . The aniting of the opposites takes place already the problem in the problem in the problem.

305 Black Book 4 has reviewed of this sentence: Merrors are not as intellectual and generally ethical with us as in Monton' (p. 96). The reference is to Ernst Hackel's system of Montant, which Jung was critical of 306 Of Jung. Attempt at a psychological interpretation of the dogma of the trinity" (1940), CW

I "That does not help. We also see each other in the opposite. We have grown fixed of this game."

5 "And so with life "

["It seems to me that it depends on what you call life Your notion of life has to do with climbing up and tearing down with assertion and doubt, with impatient dragging around / [Image 163]¹⁰⁷ / with hasty desire. You tack the absolute and its forbearing patience."

S: "Quite right. My life bubbles and foams and stire up turbulent waves at consists of seizing and throwing away ardent wishing and restlessness. That is life usn't 12?"

I "But the absolute also lives"

\$: "That is no tife. It is a standstill or as good as a standstill or rather at lives interminably slowly and waster thousands of years, just like the miscrable condition that you have created."

I "You enlighten me. You are personal life, but the apparent standstill in the forbearing life of eternicy, the life of divinity. This time you have counseled me well. I will let you go, Farewell."

[HI 164] Satan crawls deftly ake a mole back into his hole again. The symbol of the tranity and its entourage rise up in peace and equanimity to Heaven. I thank you serpent for haming up the right one for me. Everyone understands his words since they are personal. We can live again, a long life. We can waste thousands of years.

[HI 164,2] [2] Where to begin, oh Gods? In suffering or in 10y, or in the mixed feeling lying between? The beginning is always the smallest, it begins in nothing. If I begin there, I see the little drop of "something" that falls into the sea of nothingness. It is forever about beginning again down where the nothingness widens useff to unrestricted freedom 100 Nothing has happened yet the world has yet to begin, the sun is not yet born, the watery firmament has not been separated, 100 we have not yet dimbed onto the shoulders of our fathers, since our fathers have not yet become. They have only just dred and rest in the womb of our bloodthicsty Europe.

We stand in the vastness, wed to the serpent, and consider which stone could be the foundation stone of the building, / which we do not yet know. The most ancient? It is suitable as a symbol. We want something graspable. We are weary of the webs that the day weaves and the night unpicks. The devil is probably supposed to create it, that pairty partisan with sham understanding and greedy hands? He emerged from the lump

of manure in which the Gods had secured their eggs. I would ske to link the garbage away from me. If the golden seed were not in the vile heart of the misshapen form.

Arise then, son of darkness and stench! How firmly you cling to the rubble and waste of the eternal cesspit! I do not fear you, though I have you, you brother of everything reprehensible in me. Today you shall be forged with heavy hammers so that the gold of the Gods will spray out of your body. Your time is over, your years are numbered, and today your day of judgment has gone to smithereens. May your casings burst asunder, with our hands we wish to take hold of your seed the golden one, and free it from slithery mud. May you freeze, devil, since we will cold-forge you Steel is harder than ice. You shall fit into our form, you thief of the divine marvel, you mother age, you who stuff your body with the egg of the Gods and thereby make yourself weighty. Hence we carse you, though not because of you, but for the sake of the golden seed.

What serviceable forms rise from your body, you thieving abyse! These appear as elemental spirits, dressed in wrinkled garb. Cabiti. with delightful misshapen forms, young and yet old. dwarfish, shriveled, unspectacular bearers of secret arts, possessors of ridiculous wisdom, first formations of the unformed gold. worms that crawl from the liberated egg of the Gods, incipient ones, unborn, still savisible. What should your appearance be to as? What new arts do you bear up from the maccessable treasure. chamber the sun yoke from the egg of the Gods? You still have toots in the soil like plants and you are animal faces / of the human body you are foolishly sweet, uncanny, primordial, and earthly. We cannot grasp your essence, you gnomes, you objectsouls. You have your origin in the lowest. Do you want to become giants, you Tom Thumbs? Do you belong to the followers of the son of the earth? Are you the earthly feet of the Godhead? What do you want? Speak!">>>

1657166

The Cabiri "We come to greet you as the master of the lower nature"

I "Are you speaking to me? Am I your master?" The Cabiri "You were not, but you are now."

I "So you declare. And so be it Yet what should I do with your following?"

The Cabiti: "We carry what is not to be carried from below to above. We are the jusces that rise secretly, not by force, but sucked out of mertia and affixed to what is growing. We know the unknown ways and the mexpheable laws of living matter. We

164/165

164 163 163/164

timage legand. Such When principal the image which showed the gister well for the last Ruckapt Wilhelm with one from Frankfur the charge throughout you the collision of the content of th

A reference to the account of creation in the book of hencels.

If The star were the tentes electronic is the norm of smallhours, have seen teld to be promoters of fertility and protectors of sailors. Ented in Creases and Schelling neid them to be the promise of Grock mythology, from which all others description, which have described and translated by R. F. Brown [Missoula, MT Scholm 1989, Jung had copies of both of these works. They appear in Grockle's Fast, part a, as a jung discussed the Cabiri in Transformation and Symbol of the Libids (1912, CW B \$200). It) In 1940 long wrote. The Cabiri are, in act, the property with work under the rain in the below the threshold of consciousness in order to supply as with furthy ideas. As unjug and hologoldists, however, they also up all an animals are accounted and the interest of the order to supply as with furthy ideas. As unjug and hologoldists, however, they also up all an animals are accounted and the interest of the order to supply as with furthy ideas. As unjug and hologoldists, however, they also up all an animals are accounted and the national animals are discussed in order to supply as with furthy ideas. As unjug and the further animals are discussed in order to supply as with furthy ideas. As unjug and the further are a majority of the further appropriate and instead of suppling off the Cabiri as ridiculous. Tom Thumbs the majority to a require a majority in the property of the discussion of the discussions of the trinity, CW 15.

§ 144 hear interest in the Hendowskies Draft. It may have been written separately if so it would have been written prior to the summer of 1915.

321

carry up what slumbers in the earthly, what is dead and yet enters into the living. We do this slowly and easily, what you do in vain in your human way. We complete what is impossible for you."

I "What should I leave to you? Which troubles can I transfer to you? What should I not do, and what do you do better?"

The Cabin "You forget the lethargy of matter You want to pull up with your own force what can only rise slowly ingesting itself, affixed to itself from within. Spare yourself the trouble, or you will disturb our work."

I "Should I trust you, you antrustworthy ones, you slaves and slave souls? Get to work. Let it be so."

"[HI t66] "It seems to me that I gave you a long time. Neither ded I descend to you not did I disturb your work. I lived in the tight of day and did the work of the day. What did you do?"

The Cabiri. "We hauted things up, we built. We placed stone apon stone. Now you stand on solid ground."

1 "I feel the ground more solid. I stretch apward."

166/167

The Caburi "We forged a flashing / sword for you, with which you can cut the knot that entangles you."

I "I take the sword firmly in my hand. I lift it for the blow"

The Cabiri: "We also place before you the devilish, skillfully twined knot that locks and seats you. Strike, only sharpness will cut through it."

I "Let me see it, the great knot all wound round! Truly a masterpiece of inscrutable nature, a wily natural tangle of roots grown through one another! Only Mother Nature, the bund weaver could work such a tangle! A great snarted bail and a thousand small knots, all artfully ned, intertwined, truly, a human brain. Am I seeing straight? What did you do? You set my brain before me! Did you give me a sword so that its flashing sharpness slices through my brain? What were you thinking of?"

The Cabiri "The womb of nature wove the brain, the womb of the earth gave the iron. So the Mother gave you both entanglement and severing."

I "Mysterious! Do you really want to make me the executioner of my own brain?"

The Cabin: "It befits you as the master of the lower nature Man is entangled in his brain and the sword is also given to him to cut through the entanglement."

I "What is the entanglement you speak of?"

The Gabits: "The entanglement is your madness, the sword is the overcoming of madness." in

I "You offsprings of the devil, who told you that I am mad? You earth spirits, you roots of day and excrement are you not yourselves the root fibers of my brain? You polyp-snared rubbish, channels for tuce knotted together parasites upon parasites, all sucked up and deceived, secretly climbing up over one another by night, you deserve the flashing sharpness of my sword. You want to persuade me to cut through you? Are you contemplating self-destruction? How come nature gives birth to creatures that she herself wants to destroy?"

The Cabin: "Do not heartate. We need destruction since we ourselves are the entanglement. He who wishes to conquer new

land / brings down the bridges behind him. Let us not exist anymore. We are the thousand canais in which everything also flows back again into its origin."

I "Should I sever my own roots? Kan my own people, whose king I am? Should I make my own tree wither? You really are the sons of the devi."

The Cabiri "Strike, we are servants who want to die for their master"

I "What will happen if I strike?"

The Cabiri "Then you will no longer be your brain, but will exist beyond your madness. Do you not see, your madness is your brain, the terrible entanglement and intertwining in the connection of the roots, in the nets of canals, the confusion of fibers. Being engrossed in the brain makes you wild. Strike: He who finds the way rises up over his brain. You are a Tom Thumb in the brain, beyond the brain you gain the form of a giant. We are surely sons of the devil, but did you not forge us out of the hot and dark? So we have something of its nature and of yours. The devil says that everything that exists is also worthy, since it perishes. As sons of the devil we want destruction, but as your creatures we want our own destruction. We want to rise up in you through death. We are roots that suck up from all sides. Now you have everything that you need, therefore chop us up tear us out."

I "Will I miss you as servants? As a master I need slaves."

The Cabin. "The master serves himself."

I "You ambiguous sons of the devil, these words are your andoing. May my sword atrike you, this blow shall be valid forever."

The Cabin "Woe, woe! What we feared, what we desired, has come to pass."

/ [Image 169] / [HI 171] I set foot on new land. Nothing brought up should flow back. No one shall tear down what I have built. My tower is of iron and has no seams. The devil is forged into the foundations. The Cabin built it and the master builders were satisficed with the sword on the battlements of the tower Just as a tower surmounts the summit of a mountain on which it stands, so I stand above my brain, from which I grew I have become hard and cannot be undone again. No more do I flow back. I am the master of my own self. I admire my mastery. I am strong and beautiful and rich. The vast lands and the blue sky have laid themselves before me and bowed to my mastery. I wait upon no one and no one waits upon me. I serve myself and I myself serve. Therefore I have what I need.14

My tower grew for several thousand years, imperishable. It does not sink back. But it can be built over and will be built over. Few grasp my tower, since it stands on a high mountain. But many will see it / and not grasp it. Therefore my tower will remain unused. No one scales its smooth walls. No one lands on its pointed roof. Only he who finds the entrance hidden in the mountain and rises up through the labyrinths of the innards can reach the tower, and the happiness of he who surveys things from there and he who lives from himself. This has been attained and created. It has not

167 168

171/172

^{31:} Jung's marginal note to the callsgraphic volume. "Thereupon I raid this marter aside for three weeks."

³¹² In "Transformation symbolism in the mass" (1943), Jung noted that the enotif of the sword played an important role in alchemy and discussed its significance at an instrument of sacrifice, its divisive and separative functions. He noted than. The alchemical sword brings about the solution or separative dementorium, thereby restoring the original condition of chaos, so that a new and more perfect body can be produced by a new impressio formae or imaginatio" (CW 1, §357 & fC).
313 The notion here of overcoming madness is close to Schellage's distinction between the person who is overcome by madness and the person who matchings to govern

madness (see note 89, p. 248)

\$14 Jung's marginal note to the calligraphic volume. "accipe good terum est, in collect. Manget in ultimos paginis". Accept what is present. In the 1881 page 61 the Mangetcollection. It seems that this refers to the Bibbothsta chemica curves, see return ad alchemian persuantium theories instructions of 1. Manget (1702), a collection of

alchemical texts. Jung possessed a copy of this work which has some slops of paper in a and some underlanings. Jung's note possibly refers to the last woodraft of the Mutas after which concludes volume one of the Bibliothess okeniar curies, a representation of the completion of the alchemical opus, with a man being lifted upward by angels, while another lies prostrate.

172/173

arisen from a patchwork of human thoughts, but has been forged. from the glowing heat of the unards; the Cabiri themselves carried the matter to the mountain and consecrated the building with their own blood as the sole keepers of the mystery of its genesis. I built it out of the lower and upper beyond and not from the surface of the world. Therefore it is new and strange and towers over the plains inhabited by humans. This is the soud and the beginning. pq

[HI 172] I have united with the serpent of the beyond I have accepted everything beyond into myself. From this I have built my beginning. When this work was completed, I was pleased. and I felt cunous to know what might still he in my beyond. So I approached my serpent and asked her / amiably whether she would not like to creep over to bring me news of what was happening in the beyond. But the serpent was weary and said that she had no aking for this

[4₃[1]¹⁴ ["I don't want to force anything, but perhaps, who knows? We will still find out something useful " For a while the serpent hesitated, then she disappeared into the depths. Soon I heard her voice: "I believe that I have reached Hell. There is a hanged man here." A plain, ugly man with a contorted face stands before me. He has protruding ears and a hunchbark. He said. "I am a poisoner who was condemned to the rope."

I "What did you do?"

He "I poisoned my parents and my wife."

I "Why did you do that?"

He "To honor God."

["What? To honor God? What do you mean by that?"

He. "First of al., everything that happens is for the honor of God, and secondly. I had my own ideas."

["What went through your mind?"

He "I loved them and wanted to transport them more quickly. from a wretched afe into eternal blessedness. I gave them a strong, too strong a nightcap."

I "And did this not lead you to find out what your own interest."

He "I was now alone and very anhappy. I wanted to live for the sake of my two children, for whom I foresaw a better future. I was in better health than my wife so / I wanted to live "

I "Did your wife agree to the murders?"

He: "No, she certainly would have consented, but she knew nothing of my intentions. Unfortunately, the murder was discovered and I was condemned to death."

I "Have you found your relatives again in the beyond?"

He "That's a strange and unlikely story. I suspect that I m in Hell. Sometimes it seems as if my wife were here too, and sometimes I'm not sure, just as little as I'm sure of my own self."

I "What is it like? Tell me."

He "From time to time she seems to speak to me and I reply. But we haven't spoken about either the murder or our chadren until now. We only speak together here and there, and only even less of my parents. I believe that I have yet to meet my serpent just as a man arutes with a woman

mother. My father was here once and said something about his tobacco pipe, which he had lost somewhere?

I "But how do you pass your time?"

He "I believe that there is no time with as, so there is none to spend. Nothing at all happens?

I "Isn't that / extremely boring?"

He "Boring? I've never thought about it like that Boring? Perhaps, but there's nothing interesting. In actual fact, it's pretty much all the same "

I *Doesn't the devil ever torment you?

He "The devil? I've seen nothing of him."

1 "You come from the beyond and yet you have nothing to report? I find that hard to believe "

He "When I still had a body. I often thought that surely it would be interesting to speak to one of the dead. But now the prospect means nothing much to me. As I said, everything here is impersonal and purely matter of fact. As far as I know that's what they say."

I "That is bleak. I assume that you are in the deepest Hell."

He: "I don't care. I guess I can go now, can't I? Farewell." Suddenly he vanished. But I turned to the serpent^a and said-"What should thus boring guest from the beyond mean?"

S: "I met him over there stumbling around restlessly like so. many others. I chose him as the next best. He strikes me as a good example."

I "But is the beyond so colorless?"

S: "It seems so; there is nothing but motion, when I make my way over there. Everything merely surges back and forth in a shadowy way. There is nothing personal whatsoever."

I "What is it, then, with this damned personal quality" Satan recently made / a strong impression on me, as if he were the quantessence of the personal "

\$ "Of course he would, since he is the eternal adversary, and because you can never reconcile personal afe with absolute life."

1- "Can't one anate these opposites?"

5 They are not opposites, but simply differences. Just as: actic as you make the day the opposite of the year or the bushethe opposite of the cubit."

I "That's enlightening, but somewhat boring."

"As always, when one speaks of the beyond. It goes on withering away, particularly since we have balanced the opposites. and married. I believe the dead will soon become extinct."

[HI 176] [2] The devil is the sum of the darkness of human nature. He who lives in the light strives toward being the image. of God; he who lives in the dark strives toward being the image of the devil Because I wanted to ave in the aight, the sup went out for me when I touched the depths. It was dark and serpentlike I amted myself with it and did not overpower it. I took my part of the humination and subjugation upon myself, in that I took on the nature of the serpent

If I had / not become tike the serpent, the devil, the quantessence of everything serpentlike, would have held this bit of power over about trivial things, small matters from our earlier daily life but—me. This would have given the devil a grip and he would have completely impersonal, as if we no longer had anything to do forced me to make a part with him just as he also cumningly with each other. But the true nature of things eludes me. I see - deceived Fanat ¹⁰ But I forestalled him by uniting myself with the

176/177

175/176

174 I75

^{\$15} in Psychological Type: Jung commented on the symbolism of the tower in his discussion of the vision of the tower in The Shepherd of Herman (CW-6, §39-087). In 1920 Jung began planning his tower at Bollingen.

^{3.6} February 2, 1914.
31 Black Book 4 has "soul" (p. (10)
31 Black Book 4 has "soul" (p. (10)
31 In southe's Fast. Mephistopheles makes a part with Fanat that he will serve hum in life on condition that Fanat will serve hum in the beyond (1 1655)

180 .81

181/182

So I took away from the devil the possibility of influence, which only ever passes through one sown serpenthood, 22 which one commonly assigns to the devil instead of oneself. Mephistopheies is Satan, taken with my serpenthood. Satan himself is the quantessence of evil, naked and therefore without seduction, not even dever, but pure negation without convincing force. Thus I resisted his destructive influence and grisped him and fettered him firmly. His descendants served me and I sacrificed them with the sword

Thus I built a firm structure. Through this I myself gamed stability and duration and could withstand the fluctuations of the personal. Therefore the immortal in me is saved. Through drawing the darkness from my beyond over into the day I emptied my beyond. Therefore the demands of the dead disappeared, as they were satisfied

/ I am no longer threatened by the dead, since I accepted their demands though accepting the serpent. But through this I have also taken over something of the dead into my day. Yet it was necessary, since death is the most enduring of all things, that which can never be canceled out. Death gives me durability and soudary. So long as I wanted to satisfy only my own demands. I was personal and therefore living in the sense of the world. But when I recognized the demands of the dead in me and satisfied them. I gave up my earlier personal striving and the world had to také me for a dead man. For a great cold comes over whoever in the excess of his personal striving has recognized the demands of the dead and seeks to satisfy them

While he feels as f a mysterious poison has paralyzed the aving quality of his personal relations, the voices of the dead remain. silent in his beyond, the threat the fear, and the restlessness cease. For everything that previously lurked hungrily in him no longer lives with him in his day. His life is beautiful and rich, since he is himself

But whoever always wants only the fortune of others is agly. since he / cripples himself. A murderer is one who wants to force others to blessedness, since he kills his own growth. A fool is one who exterminates his love for the sake of love. Such a one is personal to the other. His beyond is gray and impersona-He forces lumself upon others: therefore he is cursed into forcing himself upon himself in a cold nothingness. He who has recognized the demands of the dead has banished his agimess to the beyond. He no longer greedily forces lumnelf upon others. but lives alone in beauty and speaks with the dead. But there comes the day when the demands of the dead also are satisfied If one then still perseveres in solitude, beauty fades into the beyond and the wasteland comes over onto this side. A black stage comes after the white, and Heaven and Hell are forever there 200

5}[I] [HI 179] Now that I had found the beauty in me and with myself, I spoke to my serpent** "I look back as onto a work that has been accomplished."

Serpent "Nothing is accomplished yet"

I "What do you mean? Not accompushed?

Se "This is only the beginning."

I "I think you are lying."

Se "Whom are you quarreling with? Do you know better"

I "I know / nothing, but I d already gotten used to the idea.

that we had reached a goal, at least a temporary one. If even the dead are about to become extinct, what else is going to happen?"

Se: "But then the aving must first begin to live."

 This remark could certainly be deeply meaningful, but it seems to be nothing but a joke "

Se: "You are getting impertinent. I'm not joking. Life has yet to begin "

I "What do you mean by life"

Se "I say, life has yet to begin. Didn't you feel empty today? Do you call that infe?"

I "What you say is true, but I try to put as good a face as I can on everything and to settle for things."

Se "That might be quite comfortable. But you really ought to make much higher demands."

I "That I dread. I will certainly not assume that I could satisfy my own demands, but neither do I think that you are capable of satisfying them. However, it might be that once again I'm not trusting you enough. I suppose that might be so because I've drawn closer to you in human terms and find you so arbane."

Se "That proves nothing, Just don't assume that somehow you could ever grasp me and embody me."

I "So, what should it be? I'm ready."

Se "You are entitled to a reward for / what has been accomplished so far."

I "A sweet thought, that payment could be made for this"

Se "I give you payment in images Behoid."

[HI 181] Elijah and Salome! The cycle is completed and the gates of the mysteries have opened again. Elijah leads Salome, the seeing one, by the hand. She blushes and lowers her eyes whole toyingly batting her eyelids

E "Here. I give you Salome. May she be yours."

I "For God's take, what should I do with Salome? I am already married and we are not among the Turks."92

E "You helpless man, how ponderous you are Is this not a beautiful gift? Is her healing not your doing? Won't you accept her love as the well deserved payment for your trouble?"

I "It seems to me a rather strange gift-more burden than joy I am happy that Satome is thankful to me and loves me. I love her too-somewhat. Incidentally, the care I afforded her, was, literally pressed out of me rather than something I gave freely and intentionally. If my partly unintentional / ordeal has had such a good outcome. I'm already completely satisfied."

Salome to Enjah: "Leave him, he is a strange man. Heaven knows what his motives are but he seems to be serious. I'm not agly and surely I'm generally desirable?

Salome to me: "Why do you refuse me? I want to be your maid. and serve you. I will sing and dance before you, fend off people for you, comfort you when you are ead, laugh with you when you are happy. I will carry all your thoughts in my heart. I will kiss the words that you speak to me. I will pick roses for you each day and an my thoughts will wait upon you and surround you."

I "I thank you for your love. It is becautiful to hear you speak of love. It is music and old far-off homesickness. Look my tears are failing because of your good words. I want to kneel before you and kiss your hands a hundred times, because they want to give me love. You speak so beautifully of love. One can never hear enough of love being spoken "

179/180

177/178

¹¹⁹ The Corrected Draft has instead "me with the serpent" (p. 521) 120 Jung's marginal note to the dilligraphic volume. "I still did not realize that I myself was this numbered" 12. February 9, 1914, Elick Book 4 har "soul" (p. 114). 12.2 Polygumy used to be practiced in "flarkey It was officially binned by Atsouck in 1926

182/183

183/184

184/185

Sa. "Why ordy speak? I want to be yours, utterly and completely yours."

I "You are like the serpent that coiled around me and pressed out my blood "46 / Your sweet words wind around me and I stand ake someone crucified."

Sat "Why still crucified?"

i "Don't you see that unreserving necessity has flung me onto." the cross? It is impossibility that lames me "

Sai "Don't you want to break through necessity" Is what you call a necessity really one?"54

I "Listen, I doubt that it is your destiny to belong to me 1 do not want to intervene in your unterly singular life, since I can never belp you to lead it to an end. And what do you gain if one day I must lav you aside like a worn garment?"

Sal: "Your words are terrible. But I love you so much that I could also lay myself aside when your time has come."

I "I know that it would be the greatest torment for me to let you go away. But if you can do this for me. I can also do it for you I would go on without iament, since I have not forgotten the dream where I saw my body lying on sharp needles and a bronze wheel rolling over my breast crushing it I must think of this dream whenever I think of love. If it must be, I am ready"

Sal: "I don't want such a sacrifice. I want to bring you joy. Can-I not be joy to you?"

1 "I don't know perhaps, / perhaps not."

Sal: "So then at least try."

I "The attempt is the same as the act. Such attempts are costly." Sal: "Won't you bear the cost for my sake?"

1 *) to rather too weak, too exhausted after what I have suffered. because of you, still to be able to undertake further tasks for you. I would be overwhelmed."

Sal: "If you don't want to accept me, then surely I cannot -

I "It's not a matter of acceptance, if it's about anything in particular at's about giving."

5a) "But I do give myself to you. Just accept me"

"As if that would settle the matter! But being entangled with love! Simply thinking about it is dreadful."

5al. "So you really demand that I be and not be at the same time. That is impossible. What's wrong with you?"

I "I tack the strength to houst another fate onto my shoulders I have enough to carry."

Sal- "But what if I help you bear this load?"

I 'How can you? You'd have to carry me, an untamed burden Shouldn't I have to carry it myself?"

E. "You speak the truth. May each one carry his load. He who wants to burden others with his baggage is their slave.⁵⁴ It is not too difficult for anyone to aug themselves "

Sa: "But father, couldn't I help him bear part of his burden?"

E "Then he'd be your slave " /

Sai "Or my master and ruler."

I "That I shall not be You should be a free being. I can bear neither slaves nor masters. I long for men."

Sai "Am I not a human being?"

you leave me my human freedom, a thing that a worth more to me than the right of ownership over another person "

Sat: "Are you sending me away?"

I "I'm not sending you away You must not be far from me But give to me out of your fuliness, not your longing. I cannot satisfy your poverty just as you cannot still my longing. If your harvest is rich, send me some fruit from your garden. If you suffer from abundance. I will drank from the bramming horn of your 10y. I know that that will be a baim for me 1 can satisfy myself only at the table of the satisfied, not at the empty bowls of those who yearn. I will not steat my payment. You possess nothing, so how can you give? Insofar as you give you demand. Flijah, old man, listen you have a strange gratitude. Do not give away your daughter but set her / on her own feet. She would like to dance. to sing or play the lute before people, and she would ake their flashing coins thrown before her feet. Salome, I thank you for your tove. If you really love me, dance before the crowd, please people so that they praise your beauty and your art. And if you have a rich harvest, throw me one of your roses through the wandow, and if the fount of your joy overflows, dance and sing to me once more. I long for the joy of men, for their fullness and freedom and not their neediness."

Sal: "What a hard and incomprehensible man you are."

E "You have changed since I last saw you. You speak another language one that sounds foreign to me."

1 "My dear old man, I'd like to believe that you find me changed. But you too seem to have changed. Where is your serpent?"

E. "She has gone astray. I believe she was stolen. Since then things have been somewhat gloomy with us. Therefore I would have been happy if you had at least accepted my daughter."

I "I know where your serpent is. I have her. We fetched her from the underworld. She / gave me hardness, wisdom, and magical power. We need her in the apperworld, since otherwise the underworld would have had the advantage, to our detriment."

E "Away with you, accursed robber may God punish you."

I "Your curse is powerless. Whoever possesses the serpent cannot be touched by curses. No, be sensible old man: whoever possesses wisdom is not greedy for power. Only the man who has power declines to use it. Do not cry, Salome, fortune is only what you yourself create and not what comes to you. Be gone my unhappy friends, the night grows rate. Elijah, expunge the false gleam of power from your wisdom, and you, Salome, for the sake of our love, do not forget to dance."

[2]36 When everything was completed in me. I unexpectedly returned to the mysteries, to that first sight of the otherworldy powers of the spirit and desire. Just as I had achieved pleasure in myself and power over myself. Salome had lost pleasure in herself but learned love for the other, and Elijah had jost the power of his wisdom but he had learned to recognize the spirit of the other Salome thus lost the power of temptation and has / become love. As I have won pleasure in myself. I also want love for myself. But that really would be too much and would bind me like an iron ring that would stiffe me. I accepted Salome I "Be your own master and your own stave, do not belong to as pleasure and reject her as love. But she wants to be with me me but to yourself. Do not bear my burden, but your own. Thus How, then, should I also have love for myself? Love, I believe

185/186

186/187

³²³ Jung's marginal note to the calligraphic volume "To XT Cap, of the mystery play" (see above p. 250).

¹²⁴ Első. Book 4 communes: T. My principles—ir sounds suspid—forgive me—but a have principles. Do not think these are stalle morall principles, for these are unights that life has imposed on me—Serpenc What principles are chese? [pp. 121- 22]
335 The usus of neuter and share morality featured prominently in the fast energy of Nierzsche's On the Genealogy of Manis (tr. D. Smith [Oxford: Oxford: Oxford: University Press. 1996])

³³⁶ In the calligraphic volume, there is a blank space for a historiared initial.

belongs to others. But my love wants to be with me. I dread it May the power of my thinking push it from me. into the world, into things, into men. For something should join men together something should be a bridge. It is the most difficult temptation, if even my love wants me! Mysteries, open your curtains again. I want to wage this battle to its end. Come here, serpent of the dark abyes.

[6]¹⁰[1] I hear Salome still crying. What does she want or what do I still want? It's a damnable payment you have given to me, a payment that one cannot touch without sacrifice. One that requires even greater sacrifice once one has touched it

Serpent ** Do you mean to ave without secretice? Life must cost you something, mustn't it?*

I "I have, I believe already paid. I have rejected Salome. Is that not eacrifice enough?"

Se "Too little for you. As has been said, you are allowed to make demands of yourself."

I "You mean well with your damned logic demanding in sacrifice? That / isn't what I understood. My error has obviously been to my own benefit. Tell me isn't it enough if I force my feeling into the background?"

Se "You're not forcing your feeling into the background at all; rather it suits you much better not to agonize further over Selome".

I "If you're speaking the truth, it's quite bad. Is that why Salome is still crying?"

Se "Yes, it is "

I "But what is to be done?"

Se: "Oh, you want to act? One can also think."

I "But what is there to think? I confess that I know nothing to think here Perhaps you have advice I have the feeling that I must soar over my own head. I can't do that. What do you think?"

See "I think nothing and have no advice either."

I "So ask the beyond, go to Heaven or Hell, perhaps there is advice there"

Se: "I am being pulled upward."

Then the serpent turned into a small white bird which source atto the clouds where she disappeared. My gaze followed her for a long time ²⁹

Bird: "Do you hear me? I'm far off now Heaven is so far away. Her, is much nearer the earth. I found something for you, a discarded crown, it lay on a street in the immeasurable space of Heaven, a golden crown."

And now it already hes in 100 my hand, a golden royal crown, with lettering incised within, what does it say? "Love never ends." A gift from Heaven. But what does it mean?

B: "Here I am, are you satisfied?"

I "Partially—at any rate I thank you for this meaningful gift. But it is mysterious, and your gift makes me well nigh suspicious."

B. "But the gift comes from Heaven, you know."

I "It's certainly very beautiful, but you know very well what we have grasped of Heaven and Hell"

B. "Don't exaggerate. After all, there is a difference between Heaven and Hell. I certainly believe to judge from what I have seen, that just as little happens in Heaven as in Hell, though probably in another way. Even what does not occur cannot occur in a particular way."

I "You speak in riddles that could make one ill if one took them to heart. Tell me, what do you make of the crown?"

B: "What do I make of it? Nothing, It truly speaks for itself."

I "You mean, through the inscription it bears?"

B: "Precisely: I presume that makes sense to you?"

I "To some extent, I suppose But that keeps the question awtuly in suspense"

B: "Which is how it is meant to be "

Now the bird suddenly turned into the serpent again.19

I "You're unnerving."

Serpent "Only for him who isn't in agreement with me."

I "That I am certainly not. But how could one? To hang in the air in such a way is gruesome."

Se. "Is this sacrifice too difficult for you? You must also be able to hang if you want to solve problems. Look at Salome!"

I, to Salome. "I see, Salome, that you are still weeping. You are not yet done for I hover and curse my hovering. I am hanging for your sake and for mine. First I was crucified, now I m simply hanging: which is less nobie, but no less agonizing." Forgive me, for wanting to do you in; I thought of saving you as I did when I healed your blindness through my self-sacrifice. Perhaps I must be decapitated a third time for your sake. Like your earlier friend John, who brought us the Christ of agony. Are you insatiable? Do you still see no way to become reasonable?"

Sa. "My beloved, what can I do for you? I have atterly forsaken you."

I "So why are you still crying? You know I can't bear seeing you in tears."

Sal: "I thought that you were invulnerable since you possessed the black serpent rod."

I "The effect of the rod seems doubthat to me But an one respect it does help me: at least I do not suffocate although I have been strung up. The magic rod apparently helps me bear the hanging, surely a gruesome good deed and aid. Don't you at least want to cut the cord?"

Sal: "How can I? You are hanging too high." High on the summit of the tree of afe where I cannot reach. Can't you help yourself you knower of serpent wisdom?"

I "Must I go on hanging for long?"

Sat: "Until you have devised help for yourself"

I "So at least tell me what you think of the crown that the bird of my sou, fetched for me from Heaven."

Sa. "What are you saying? The crown? You have the crown? Lucky one what are you complaining about?"

I "A hanged king would ake to change places with every blessed beggar on the country road who has not been hanged."

Sal (eastatic) "The grown! You have the grown!"

I "Salome, take pity on me. What is it with the crown?"

Sa. (ecstatic): "The crown- you are to be crowned. What blessedness for me and you!"

728 In Black Book 4, this Squize is ideactified an "soul" (p. 132) 729 This sensence is added in the Droft p. 533.

330 The transcription in the calligraphic volume of Elder Norse ends at this point. What follows have is transcribed from the Drigh, pp. 733- 56.

13) This is a quantition from I Committeens at 8. Near the and of his life lung cited it again on his reflections on love at the end of Manurita (p. 187) on Black Book 4, the inscription is first given in Greek letters (p. 184).

932 This sentence is added in the Druft (p. 934) 933 This figure is not identified as the serpent in Black Brok 4.

435. There is a passage massing to Black Book 4, cowiding the and or this dialogue and the new paragraph.

188/189

89/Draft

³²⁷ February 1, 1914

³³⁴ In Transformation and Symbols of the Libido (1912) Tung commented on the motif of hanging in folklore and mythology (CW 8 5358)

I "Alas, what do you want with the crown? I can't understand it and I in suffering unspeakable torment."

Sal (cruelly) "Hang until you understand."

I remain silent and frang high above the ground on the awaying branch of the divine tree, for whose sake the original ancestors could not avoid sin. My hands are bound and I am completely helpiess. So I hang for three days and three nights From where should help come? There sits my bird, the serpent, which has put on her white feather dress.

Bird: "We'll fetch help from the clouds trailing above your head, when nothing else is of help to as."

I "You want to fetch help from the clouds? How is that possible?" B: "I will go and try."

The bird swings off like a rising lark, becomes smaller and smaller, and finally disappears in the thick gray veil of clouds covering the aky. My gaze follows her longingly and I make out nothing more than the endless gray cloudy sky above me impenetrably gray, harmoniously gray and unreadable. But the writing on the crown: that is legible "Love never ends" does that mean eternal hanging? I was not wrong to be suspicious when my bird brought the crown, the crown of eternal afe, the crown of martyrdom: ominous things that are dangerously ambiguous.

I am weary, weary not only of hanging but of struggling after the immeasurable. The mysterious grown lies far below my feet on the ground, winking gold. I do not hover, no. I hang, or rather worse. I am hanged between sky and earth: and do not tire of the state of hanging for I could indulge in it forever but love never ends. Is it really true, shall love never end? If this was a biessed message to them, what is it for me?

"That depends entirely on the notion," an old raven suddenly said perched on a branch not far from me awaiting the functai meat, and immersed in philosophizing.

["Why does it depend entirely on the notion?"

Raven: "On your notion of love and the other."

I "I know, unlucky old bird, you mean heavenly and earthly love." Heavenly love would be utterly beautiful, but we are men, and, precisely because we are men, I've set my mind on being a complete and full-fledged man."

R "You're an ideologue"

I "Dumb raven, be gonel"

There, very close to my face, a branch moves, a black serpent has coiled itself around it and looks at me with the blinding pearly shimmer of its eyes. Is it not my serpent?

I "Sister and black rod of magic, where do you come from? I thought that I saw you fly to Heaven as a bird and now you are here? Do you bring help?"

Serpent. "I am only my own half 1 m not one, but two, I m the one and the other I am here only as the serpenthise, the magical But magic is useless here. I wound myself idly around this branch to await further developments. You can use me in life, but not in hanging. In the worst case, I'm ready to lead you to Hades, I know the way there."

A black form condenses before me out of the air Satan with a scoroful laugh. He calls to me. "See what comes from the reconcitation of opposites? Recant, and in a flash you'll be down on the greening earth."

I "I won't recent, I'm not stupid. If such is the outcome of all this, let it be the end."

Se. "Where is your inconsistency? Please remember this important rule of the art of life."

I "The fact that I'm hanging here is inconsistency enough. I've aved inconsistently ad nauseum. What more do you want?"

Se "Perhaps inconsistency in the right place?"

I "Stop it: How should I know what the right and the wrong places are?"

Satan: "Whoever gets on in a sovereign way with the opposites knows left from right."

I "Be quiet you're an interested party. If only my white bird came back with help: I fear I'm growing weak."

Se "Don't be stupid, weakness too is a way magic makes good the error."

Satan. "What you've not yet once had the courage of weakness? You want to become a complete man—are men strong?"

I "White bird of mine. I suppose you can't find your way back? Did you get up and leave because you couldn't live with me? An Salome! There she comes. Come to me, Salome! Another night has passed. I didn't hear you cry, but I hung and still hang."

Sal: "I haven't cried anymore, for good fortune and misfortune are balanced in me."

I "My white bird has left and has not yet returned. I know nothing and understand nothing. Does this have to do with the crown? Speak!"

Sal: "What should I say" Ask yourself"

I: "I cannot My brain is like lead. I can only whamper for help. I have no way of knowing whether everything is falling or standing still. My hope is with my white bird. Oh no, could it be that the bird means the same thing as hanging?"

Satan: "Reconciliation of the opposites! Equal rights for all Follies!"

. "I hear a bird chirping! Is that you? Have you come back?" Bird: "If you love the earth, you are hanged; if you love the sky, you hover"

I "What is earth? What is sky?"

B: "Everything under you is the earth leverything above you is the sky. You fly if you strive for what is above you; you are hanged if you strive for what is below you."

["What is above me? What is beneath me?"

B: "Above you is what is before and over you; beneath you is what comes back under you."

I "And the crown? Solve the middle of the crown for mel"

B "The crown and serpent are opposites, and are one. Did you not see the serpent that crowned the head of the crucified?"

I "What, I don't understand you."

B "What words did the crown bring you?"Love never ends" that is the mystery of the crown and the serpent."

I "But Salome? What should happen to Salome?"

B "You see, Salome is what you are. Fly, and she will grow wings."

The clouds part, the sky is full of the crimson sunset of the completed third day.²⁰ The sun sinks into the sea, and I glide with it from the top of the tree toward the earth. Softly and peacefully night falls.

[2] Fear has befallen me. Whom did you carry to the mountain, you Cabir? And whom have I sacrificed in you? You have pued

³³⁶ Swedenborg described heavenly tore as "loving uses for the sake of uses, or goods for the sake of goods, which a man performs for the Church, his country, button society, and a fellow estizen. differentiating tribin self-love and love of the world. "Heaven and its Worders and Hell Evolve Image Heard and Sees, tries." Rendell (London, Swedenborg Society, 1920), 5554f.)

³³⁷ In the Biblical ecount of creation, the sea and the land were separated on the third day.

me up yourselves, rurning me into a rower on inaccessible crags turning me into my church, my monastery, my place of execution my prison. I am locked up and condemned within myself. I am my own priest and congregation, judge and judged, God and human sacrifice.

What a work you have accompushed, Cabiri. You have given birth to a crue, law from the chaos that cannot be revoked. It is understood and accepted.

The completion of the secret operation approaches. What I saw I described in words to the best of my ability. Words are poor and beauty does not attend them. But is truth beautiful and beauty true⁵⁸⁶

One can speak in beautiful words about love, but about lite? And life stands above love. But love is the mescapable mother of life. Infe should never be forced into love, but love into life. May love be subject to torment, but not life. As long as love goes pregnant with life, it should be respected; but it it has given birth to life from itself, it has turned into an empty sheath and expires mo ransience.

I speak against the mother who bore me, I separate myself from the bearing womb. I speak no more for the sake of love but for the sake of life

The word has become heavy for me and it barely wrestles itself tree of the soul. Bronze doors have shut fires have burned out and sunk into ashes. Wells have been drained and where there were seas there is dry land. My tower stands in the desert. Happy is he who can be a hermit in his own desert. He survives

Not the power of the flesh, but of love, should be broken for the sake of life since life stands above love. A man needs his mother antil his life has developed. Then he separates from her And so life needs love antil it has developed, then it will cut loose from it. The separation of the child from the mother is difficult but the separation of life from love is harder. Love seeks to have and to hold, but life wants more.

The beginning of all things is love but the being of things is afe ** This distinction is terrible. Why, Oh spirit of the darkest depths, do you force me to say that whoever loves does not love? I always get it backward. Should everything be turned into its opposite** Will there be a sea where ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ's temple stands? Will his shady island sink into the deepest ground? Into the wharlpool of the withdrawing flood that earlier swallowed all peoples and lands? Will the bottom of the sea be where Ararat arises***

What repulsive words do you mutter, you mute son of the earth? You want to sever my soul's embrace? You, my son, do you thrust yourself between? Who are you? And who gives you the power? Everything that I strove for everything I wrested from myself do you want to reverse it again and destroy it? You are the son of the devil, to whom everything holy is mimical. You grow overpowering.

You frighten me. Let me be happy in the embrace of my soul and do not disturb the peace of the temple.

Off with you, you pierce me with paralyzing force. For I do not want your way. Should I languidly fall at your feet? You devil and son of the devil, speak? Your silence is unbearable, and of awful stupidity.

I won my soul, and to what did she give birth for me? You, monster a son, half ha frightful miscreant a stammerer, a new's brain, a primordial fizard. You want to be king of the earth? You want to banish proud free men, bewitch beautiful women, break up castles, rip open the beily of old cathedrais? Dumb thing, a cast bug-eyed frog that wears pond weed on his skull's pate! And you want to call yourself my son? You're no son of mine, but the spawn of the devil. The father of the devil entered into the womb of my soul and in you has become flesh.

I recognize you, DIAHMON, you most cunning of all fraudsters! You have deceived me. You impregnated my maidenly soul with the terrible worm. DIAHMON, damned charlatan, you aped the mysteries for me, you say the mantle of the stars on me, you played a Christ-fool's comedy with me, you hanged me, carefully and addictionally, in the tree just like Odin, wou let me devise runes to enchant Salome—and meanwhile you procreated my soul with the worm spew of the dust Deception upon deception. Terrible devil trickery!

You gave me the force of magic, you crowned me, you clad me with the shimmer of power that let me play a would be Joseph father to your son. You lodged a puny basilisk in the nest of the dove

My soul, you adulterous whore you became pregnant with this bastard. I am dishonored; I. laughable father of the Antichrist! How I mustrusted you! And how poor was my mistrust, that it could not gauge the magnitude of this infamous act.

What do you break apart? You broke love and life in twain. From this ghastly sundering, the frog and the son of the frog come forth. Ridiculous disgusting sight. Irresistible advent? They will sit on the banks of the sweet water and asten to the northernal song of the frogs, since their God has been born as a son of frogs.

Where is Saiome? Where is the unresolvable question of love? No more questions, my gaze turned to the coming things, and Saiome is where I am. The woman follows your strongest not you. Thus she bears you your children, in both a good and a bad way.

7\{t\) As I stood so alone on the earth, which was covered by rain clouds and falling night my serpent³⁴⁴ crept up to me and told me a story.

*Once upon a time there was a king and he had no children. But he would have liked to have a son. So he went to a wise woman who lived as a witch in the forest and confessed all his sans, as if she were a priest appointed by God. To this she said: Dear King, you have done what you should not have done. But since it has

^{\$38} John Kears's poem "Ode to a Grecian "In" ends with these lines. "Beauty is cruth truth beauty: "that is all. Ye know on earth, and all ye need to know.

\$39 In Pronformation and Symbols of the Libido (1912, CW B). Tung argued that in the course of psychological development, the individual had to bee bimself from the figure of the mother, as deputed un heroic myttas (see ch. 6, "The battle for deliverance from the mother")

⁴⁴⁰ In Transformation and Symbols of the Lifebb (1912), while discussing his concept of libido, Jung referred to the cosmogonic significance of Eros in Hestod's Throgony, which he limbed with the figure of Phanes in Orphism and with Kama the Hindu God of love (C.W.B. § 24.1).

^{14.} In his later work, Jung gave importance to "emmundromia, the principle that everything turns into its opposite, which be artributed to Heraditus. See Psychological Types 102., CW 6, 9:084

³⁴³ In the biblical account of the flood, the ark came to cest on Mount Arama (Genesis 8.4. Ararat is a document volcame code formerly in Armenia (now Turkey)
343 In Norse mythology, Odin was pierced by a spear and hung from the world tree. Yggdrasill, where he hung for none tights until he found the tunes, which gave him power
344 February 23, 1914. In Block Book 4, the distingue is with the sout, and this section begins with Jung asking her what is scopping him from genting back to his work, and
she tells him that it is his ambition. He thought he had overcome it but she said that he had simply negated it, and thus tells him the rale that follows (p. 171). On
February 13, 1914, Jung gave a talk, "On dream symbolism," to the Zdrich Psychoanalytical Society From March 30 to April (3, Jung vocationed in Italy.

come to pass, at has come to pass, and we will have so see how you can do it better in the future. Take a pound of otter lard, bury it in the earth and let nine months pass. Then dig up that place again and see what you find. So the king went to his house ashamed and saddened, because he had humiliated himself before the witch in the forest. Yet he listened to her advice, dug. a hole in the garden at night, and piaced a pot of otter lard in et, which he had obtained with some difficulty. Then he let rune months go by

'After this time had passed he went again by night to the place where the pot lay buried and dug it up. To his great astonishment, he found a steeping infant in the pot, though the latel had disappeared. He took out the infant and jubilantly brought it. to his wife. She took is immediately to her breast and behold: -her. milk flowed freely. And so the child thrived and became great and strong. He grew into a man who was greater and stronger than all others. When the king's son was twenty years old, he came before his tather and said: I know that you have produced me through sorcery and that I was not born as one of men. You have made me. from the repentance of your sins and this has made me strong. I am born from no woman, which makes me clever I am strong and hood. Which is why you need the mother?" clever and therefore I demand the crown of the cealm from you." The old long was startled at his son a knowledge, but even more by his impetuous longing for regal power. He remained silent and thought. What has produced you? Ofter lard. Who bore you? The womb of the earth. I drew you from a pot, a witch humiliated me-And he decided to let his son be killed secretly.

"But because his son was stronger than others, he feared him. and therefore he wanted to take refuge in a trick. He went again. to the sorceress in the forest and asked her for advice. She said-Dear King, you contess no sin to me this time because you want. The crown." to commit a sin. I advise you to bury another pot with otter's ard and leave it to ue in the earth for some months. Then dig. it out again and see what has happened. The king did what the sorceress advised him. And thenceforth has son became weaker and weaker, and when the sting returned to the place where the pot lay after nine months, he could dig his son's grave at the same. time. He say the dead one in the fosse beside the empty pot-

But the lang was saddened, and when he could no longer master his meiancholy, he returned yet again to the sorceress one. riight and asked her for advice. She spoke to him. 'Dear King, you wanted a son, but the son wanted to be king himself and also had the power and eleverness for it, and then you wanted your son no more. Because of this you jost your son. Why are you complaining? You have everything, dear King, that you wanted. But the King said 'You are right I wanted it so. But I did not want this melancholy. Do you have any remedies against remorse? The sorceress spoke: Dear King, go to your son's grave, fill the pot again with otter's lard, and after nine months see what you find in the pot. The king did this, as he had been commanded, and henceforth he became happy and did not know why.

"When the nine months had passed, he dug out the por again: the body had disappeared, but in the pot there lay a sleeping infant, and he realized that the infant was his dead son. He took the infant to himself, and henceforth he grew as much in a week as other infants grow in a year. And when twenty weeks had passed, the son came before the father again and claimed his realm. But the father had learned from experience and already knew for a long time how everything would turn out. After the son had voiced his demand, the old king got up from his throne. and embraced his son with tears of joy and crowned him king. And so the son, who had thus become king, was grateful to his father and held him in high esteem, as long as his father was granted life *

But I spoke to my serpent "In truth, my serpent, I didn't know that you are also a teller of fairy tales. So tell me how should I interpret your fairy tale?"

Se. "Imagine that you are the old king and have a son."

I "Who is the son?"

Se "Well. I thought that you had just spoken of a son who doesn't make you very happy."

I "What? You don't mean: that I should crown him?"

Se: "Yes, who else"

! "That's ancanny. But what about the sorceress?"

Se "The sorceress is a motherly woman whose son you should be, since you are a child renewing himself in you."

I "Oh no, will it be impossible for me to be a man?"

Se "Sufficient manhood, and beyond that fullness of child.

I "I m ashamed to be a child."

Se 'And thus you kill your son. A creator needs the mother, since you are not a woman."

I "Thu is a terrible truth. I thought and hoped that I could be a man in every way."

See "You cannot do this for the sake of the son. To create means mother and chad."

I "The thought that I must remain a child is unbearable"

Se "For the sake of your son you must be a child and leave him.

I "The thought that I must remain a child is huminating and shattering."

Se "A salutary antidote against power" Don't resist being a child, otherwise you resist your son,36 whom you want above all "

["It's true, I want the son and survival But the price for this

Se "The son stands rugher. You are smaller and weaker than the son. That is a bitter truth but it can't be avoided. Don't be defignt, chaldren must be well-behaved "

1 "Damned score "

Se. "Man of mockery! I'll have patience with you. My wells should flow for you and pour forth the drink of salvation, if all ands parch with thirst and everyone comes to you begging for the water of life. So subject yourself to the son "

I. "Where am 1 going to take hold of the immeasurable? My knowledge and ability are poor, my power is not enough "

At which the serpent ourled up, gathered herself into knots and said: "Do not ask after the morrow sufficient auto you is the day. You need not worry about the means. Let everything grow, ier everything aprout, the son grows out of himself."

[2] The myth commences, the one that need only be lived, not sung, the one that sings tself. I subject myself to the son, the one engendered by sorcery, the unnaturally born, the son of the frogs, who stands at the waterside and speaks with his fathers and istens to their nocturnal singing. Truly he is fuof mysteries and superior in strength to all men. No man has produced him, and no woman has given birth to him.

The absurd has entered the age-old mother, and the son has grown in the deepest ground. He sprang up and was put to death. He rose again, was produced anew in the way of sorcery, and grew more swiftly than before I gave him the trown that unites the separated. And so he unites the separated for me. I gave him the power and thus he commands since he is superior in strength and tieverness to all others

I did not give way to him willingly, but out of insight. No man binds Above and Below together. But he who did not grow. like a man, and yet has the form of a man, is capable of binding them. My power is paralyzed, but I survive in my son. I set aside. my concern that he may master the people I am solitary, the people rejoice at him. I was powerful, now I am powerless. I was strong, now I am weak. Since then he has taken all the strength. into himself. Everything has turned itself apside down for me.

I loved the beauty of the beautiful, the spirit of those rich in spirit, the strength of the strong; I laughed at the stupidity of the stupid. I despised the weakness of the weak, the meanness of the mean, and hated the badness of the bad. But now I must love the beauty of the ugly, the spirit of the foolish, and the strength of the weak. I must admire the stupidity of the clever must respect the weakness of the strong and the meanness of the generous, and honor the goodness of the bad. Where does that leave morkery, contempt, and hatred?

They went over to the son as a token of power. His mockery is bloody, and how contemptuously his eyes flash: His hatred is a singing fire! Enviable one, you son of the Gods, how can one fail to obey you? He broke me in two, he out me up. He yokes the separated. Without him I would fall apart, but my life went on with him. My love remained with me

Thus I entered soutude with a black look on my face, full of resentment and outrage at my son's dominton. How could my son. arrogate my power? I went into my gardens and sat down in a ionely spot on rocks by the water, and brooded darkly. I called the serpent, my nocturnal companion, who lay with me on the rocks through many twilights, imparting her serpent wisdom. But then my son emerged from the water, great and powerful, the crown on his head, with a swirling uon's mane, shammering serpent akin covering his body he said to me³⁶

;8} [t] "I come to you and demand your afe "

I "What do you mean? Have you even become a God?"

He "I rise again, I had become flesh, now I return to eternal gistter and shammer to the eternal embers of the sun, and leave you your earthfreess. You will remain with men. You have been an ammortal company long enough. Your work belongs to the earth."

I "What a speech! Weren't you wallowing in the earth and the underearth>"

He "I had become man and beast, and now ascend again to my own country."

∠ "Where is your country?"

He, "In the light in the egg, in the sun, in what is innermost and compressed, in the eternal longing embers. So rises the sunin your heart and streams out into the cold world

"How you transfigure yourself)"

He "I want to varish from your sight. You ought to live in darkest solitude, men-not Gods-should illumane your darkness."

I "How hard and solemn you are! I'd like to bathe your feet with my tears, dry them with my hair- I'm raving, am I a woman?"

He. "Also a woman, also a mother, pregnant. Giving burth awaits you."

I "Oh holy spirit, grant me a spark of your eternal light!" He: "You are with child."

I 'II feel the toxment and the fear and the desolation of pregnant woman. Do you go from me, my God?"

He TYou have the child."

I "My soul, do you still exist? You serpent, you frog, you magically produced boy whom my hands buried; you ridicaled despised, hated one who appeared to me in a fooush form? Woe betide those who have seen their soul and felt it with hands. I am powerless in your hand, my God!"

He "The pregnant woman belongs to fate. Release me, I rise to the eternal realm."

 Will I never hear your voice again? Oh damned deception. What am I asking? You'll talk to me again tomorrow, you'll char over and over at the mirror."

He: "Do not rail. I will be present and not present. You will hear and not hear me. I will be and not be."

1 "You atter graesome raddles"

He "Such is my language and to you I leave the understanding, No one besides you has your God. He is always with you, yet you see him in others, and thus he is never with you. You strive to draw to yourself those who seem to possess your God. You will come to see that they do not possess him, and that you alone have him. Thus you are alone among men- in the crowd and yet alone. Solitude in multitude—ponder this "

I "I suppose I ought to remain silent after what you have said, but I cannot, my heart bleeds when I see you go from me."

He "Let me go. I shall return to you in renewed form. Do you see the sun, how it sinks red into the mountains? This day's work is accompushed, and a new sun returns. Why are you mourning the sun of today?

I "Must night fall?"

He "Is it not mother of the day?"

I "Because of this night I want to despair."

He "Why lament? It is fate. Let me go, my wings grow and the longing toward eternal light swells up powerfully in me. You can no longer stop me. Stop your tears and let me ascend with cries of joy. You are a man of the fields, think of your crops. I become light, like the burd that rises up into the skies of morning. Do not stop me do not complain; already I hover the cry of life escapes from me, I can no longer hold back my supreme pleasure. I must go up—it has happened, the last cord tears away, my wings bear me up. I dive up into the sea of light. You who are down there. you distant twilight being you fade from me."

I "Where have you gone? Something has happened. I am iamed. Has the God not left my sight?"

Where is the God?

What has happened?

How empty, how atterly empty! Should I proclaim to men how you vanished? Should I preach the gospel of godforsaken solitude?

Should we all go into the desert and strew ashes on our heads since the God has left us?

I believe and accept that the Godso is something different from me

He swang high with jubilant joy

I remain in the right of pain.

No longer with the God, no but alone with myself

Now shut, you bronze doors I opened to the flood of devastation and murder brooding over the peoples, opened so as to midwife the God.

Shue, may mountains bury you and seas flow over you.39

I came to my self, a goddy and pitiful figure. My I' I didn't want this fellow as my companion. I found myself with him. I d prefer a bad woman or a wayward hound, but one's own I this horrifies me

**An opus is needed, that one can squander decades on, and do it our of necessity. I must catch up with a piece of the Middle Ages-within myself. We have only finished the Middle Ages of others. I must begin early, in that period when the hermits died out 34 Asceticism, inquisition, torture are close at hand and impose themselves. The barbarian requires barbaric means of education. My I you are a barbarian. I want to live with you. therefore I will carry you through an atterty medieval Heli, until you are capable of making living with you bearable. You should be the vesses and womb of life, therefore I shar purify you

The touchstone is being alone with oneself

This is the way.

\$49 Black Book 9 has insread | Soulf" (p. 47) \$50 Black Book 9 has insread | with my soulf" (p. 48). 25. This peregraph was added in the Droft \$52. The Corrected Droft has inusced: "to myself" p. \$55) \$53. The remainder is added in the Droft (p. \$55).

35.4 In 1930, Jung stated: A movement back into the Middle Ages is a sort of regression, but it as not personal. It is a fustorizal regression, a regression into the past of the collective anomacious. This always takes place when the way ahead is not free when there is an obstacle from which you recall; or when you need to get something out of the past in order to chirab over the wall ahead." (Vrivos, vol. 1, p. 148). Around this time. Jung began working intensively on Medieval theology (see Psychological Types [1941], CW 6, ch. 1, "The type problem in the history of the mind in antiquity and the Middle Ages.")
355 As this point, the Flowlerithia Drift has: "Figure, narrounded by a box (p. 1205).

Scrutinies

Scrutinies

{1 I resist, I cannot accept this hollow nothing that I am What am I? What is my I? I always presuppose my I. Now it stands before me. I before my I I speak now to you, my I

We are alone and our being together threatens to become anbearably boring. We must do something, devise a pastime for example. I could educate you. Let us begin with your main flaw which strikes me first you have no correct self-esteem. Have you no good quanties that you can be proud of? You believe that being capable is an art. But one can also learn such skills to some extent Please do so. You find it difficult well, all beginnings are difficult? Soon you will be able to do it better. Do you doubt. thus? That is of no use you must be able to do it, or else I cannot ave with you. Ever since the God has ansen and spreads himself. in whichever fiery heavens, to do whatever he does, what exactly I do not know we have depended upon one another. Therefore you must think about improving, or else our life together will become wretched. So pull yourself together and value yourself! Don't you want to?

Pitiful creature: I will torment you a bit if you do not make an effort. What are you moaning about? Perhaps the whip will help?

Now that gets under your skirt, doesn't it? Take that—and that What does it taste of? Of blood, presumably? Of the Middle Ages. in majoran Da glerian^y

Or do you want love, or what goes by that name? One can also teach with love of blows do not bear fruit. So should I love you? Press you tenderly to myself?

I truly believe that you are yawning

How now, you want to speak? But I won't let you otherwise in the end you will claim that you are my soul. But my soul is with the fire worm, with the son of the frog who has flown to the heavens above, to the upper sources. Do I know what he is doing there? But you are not my som, you are my base, empty nothing. It this disagreeable being, whom one cannot even deny the right to consider stacif worthless

One could despair over you your sensitivity and desirousness: exceed any reasonable measure. And I should live with you, of all people? I must since the strange misfortune occurred that gave me a son and took him away

I regret that I must speak such truths to you. Yes, you are laughably sensitive self-righteous, unruly mistrustful pessametre cowardly, dishonest with yourself, venomous, vengeful; one can hardly speak about your chadish pride your craving for power your desire for esteem, your laughable ambition your thirst for fame without feeling sick. The playarting and pomposity become you hadly and you abuse them to the best of your ability.

Do you believe that it is a pleasure rather than a horror to live together with you? No, three times no. But I promise you that I will tighten the vise around you and slowly pide off your skin. I will give you the chance to be flayed

You, you of all people wanted to tell other people what to do? Come here. I will stitch a cloth of new akin onto you, so that—since the early Middle Ages appears to be minuscule you can feel its effect

You want to complain about others, and that one has done an injustice to you, not understood you, misinterpreted you hurt you why?

your feelings, ignored you, not recognized you, faisely accused you, and what else? Do you see your variety in this, your eternally ridiculous vanity?

You complain that the forment has not yet come to an end?

Let me tell you: it has only just begun. You have no patience and no seriousness. Only when it concerns your pleasure do you praise your patience. I will double the torment so that you learn patience

You find the pain unbearable, but there are other things that hurt even more, and you can inflict them on others with the greatest naivety and absolve yourself all unknowingly.

But you will searn silence For this I will pull out your tongue with which you have ridiculed, blasphemed and—even worse- joked. I will pin all your unjust and deprayed words one by one to your body with needles so that you can feel how evil words stab.

Do you admit that you also derive pleasure from this torment? I will increase this pleasure until you vomit with joy so that you know what taking pleasure in self-torment means

You rise against me? I am screwing the vise tighter, that's al. I will break your bones until there is no longer a trace of hardness there

For I want to get along with you. I must—damn you—you are my I, which I must carry around with me to the grave. Do you think that I want to have such foolishness around me all my afe? If you were not my I I would have torn you to pieces long ago.

But I am damned to haul you through a purgatory so that you too will become somewhat acceptable

You call on God for help?

The dear old God has died! and it is good that way otherwise he would have had pity on your repentant sinfulness and spared me the execution by granting mercy. You must know that ner ther a God of love nor a loving God has yet arisen, but instead a worm of fire crawled up, a magnificent frightful entity that lets fire rain on the earth, producing lamentations.3 So cry to the God, he will burn you with fire for the forgiveness of your sins. Coil yourself and swear blood. You have needed this cure for a long time. Yes others always do wrong-and you? You are the innotent, the correct you must defend your good right and you have a good, loving God on your side, who always forgives sins with pity. Others must reach insight, not you, since you have a monopoly on all insight from the start and are always convinced that you are right. And so cry really loudly to your dear God. the will hear you and let fire fall on you. Have you not noticed that your God has become a fiery worm with a flat skull who crawls red hot on the earth?

You wanted to be superior! How laughable. You were, and are inferior. Who are you, then? Scum that disgusts me

Are you perhaps somewhat powerless? I place you in a corner where you can remain lying until you come to your senses again If you no longer feet anything, the procedure is of no use. After all, we must proceed skillfully. It really says a lot about you that one needs such barbaric means for your amendment. Your progress

*Did you feel dejected today inferior, debased? Shall I tell

^{2 &}quot;All beginnings are difficult" as a proverb from the Talanad

^{\$ &}quot;To the greater glory of God." This was the mosts of the Jenuits.

⁴ See below, note 97 p. 348
5 References to this God in the following pages are not an Black Book 5

⁶ April 20. 1914. On the same day, Jung resigned as president of the International Psychoanslytical Association (The Frest/Jung Lesser, p. 613).

Your mordanate ambition is boundless. Your grounds are not focused on the good of the matter but on your vanity. You do not work for humanity but for your self-interest. You do not strive for the completion of the thing but for the general recognition and safeguarding of your own advantage. I want to honor you with a prickly crown of iron, it has teeth inside that bore themselves into your flesh.

And now we come to the vite rwindle that you purious with your cieverness. You speak skillfully and abuse your capability and discolor, tone down, strengthen, apportion light and shade, and soudly preciain your honorableness and apright good faith. You exploit the good faith of others, you gloatingly catch them in your snares and speak of your benevoient superiority and the prize that you are for others. You play at modesty and do not mention your merit in the certain hope that someone else will do it for you you are disappointed and burt if this doesn't happen.

You preach hypocritical composure. But when it really marters, are you caim? No, you se. You consume yourself in rage and your tongue speaks cold daggers and you dream of revenge.

You are gloating and resentful. You begrudge the other the sumbine nince you would like to assign it to those whom you favor because they favor you. You are envious of all well-being around you and you impertinently assert the opposite

Inside yourself you think unsparingly and coarsely only what always such you, and with this you feet yourself above humanity and not in the least responsible. But you are responsible to humanity in everything that you think feet, and do. Do not pretend there is a difference between thinking and doing. You rely only on your undeserved advantage, not to be compelled to say or do what you think and feet.

But you are shameless in everything where no one sees you. If mother said that to you, you would be mortally offended, despite knowing that it is true. You want to reproach others for their fallings? So that they better themselves? Yes, confess, have you bettered yourself? From where do you get the right to have opinions of others? What is your opinion about yourself? And what are the good grounds that support it? Your grounds are webs of hes covering a dirty corner. You judge others and charge them with what they should do. You do this because you have no order within yourself because you are unclean.

And then how do you really think? It appears to me that you even think with men, regardless of their human dignity, you dare think by means of them, and use them as figures on your stage as if they were how you conceive them? Have you ever considered that you thus commit a shameful act of power as bad as that for which you condemn others, namely that they love their fellow men, as they claim, but in reality exploit them to their own ends. Your sin flourishes m seclusion, but it is no less great, remorateless and coarse.

What is concealed in you I will drag out into the light, shameless one! I will crush your superiority under my feet

Do not speak to me about your love. What you call love oozes with self interest and desirousness. But you speak about it with great words, and the greater your words are, the more pathetic

your so-called love in Never speak to me of your love, but keep your mouth shut. It lies.

I want you to speak about your shame, and that instead of speaking great words, you utter a discordant clamor before those whose respect you wanted to exact. You deserve mockery, not respect

I will burn out of you the contents of which you were proud, so that you will become empty like a poured-out versel. You should be proud of nothing more than your emptiness and wretchedness. You should be a vesse, of life, so kill your idots

Freedom does not belong to you, but form, not power but suffering and conceiving.

You should make a virtue out of your self-contempt, which I will spread out before men like a carpet. They should walk over it with dirty feet and you should see to it that you are dirtier than all the feet that step on you.

If I tame you, beast, I give others the opportunity to tame their beasts. The taming begins with you, my I, nowhere else. Not that you, anyid brother I had been particularly wild. There are some who are wilder. But I must whip you until you endure the wildness of the others. Then I can are with you. If someone does you wrong, I will torment you to death, until you have forgiven the wrong suffered, yet not just by paying up service, but also in your heavy heart with its hemona sensitivity. Your sensitivity is your particular form of violence.

Therefore asten, brother in my ionitude, I have prepared every kind of torture for you, if it should ever occur to you again to be sensitive. You should feel inferior. You should be able to bear the fact that one calls your purity dirty and that one desires your dirturess, that one praises your wastefulness as miserlinear and your greed as a virtue.

Fill your beaker with the bitter drink of subjugation, since you are not your soul. Your soul is with the fiery God who flamed up to the roof of the heavens

Should you still be sensitive? I notice that you are forging secret plans for revenge, plotting decentful tricks. But you are an idiot, you cannot take revenge on fate. Childish one, you probably even want to lash the sea. Build better bridges instead, that is a better way to squander your wit.

You want to be understood? That's all we needed! Understand yourself, and you will be sufficiently understood. You will have quate enough work in hand with that Mothers aftile dears want to be understood. Understand yourself, that is the best protection against sensitivity and satisfies your childish longing to be understood. I suppose you want to turn others into slaves of your desirousness again? But you know that I must live with you and that I will no longer tolerate such abject plaintiveness!

[2] After I had spoken these and many more angry words to my I I noticed that I began to bear being alone with myself. But the touchiness still stirred in me frequently and I had to lash myself past as often. And I did this antil even the pleasure in self-torment faded."

⁷ April 27 1914

⁸ ling rates described the self-restriction deposited in his opening of turn as the conformation with the shadow or 934 he whore to ske such the remain of the water was seen to all as two or image of or regions to home. Take a sufficient with named the control does not flat in the strong which is seen or as to be got with the mask. For an ellistic terms of the transition of the transitio

⁴ The paragraph directions would an Busic Book 5. In April 40, 19.4, Burg prograd as a temperature for medical positive of the intercents of queeks.

"Then I heard a voice one night, it came from afar and was the voice of my soul. She spoke: "How distant you are?"

- I "Is that you my soul, from which height and distance do you speak?"
- S: "I am above you. I am a world spart. I have become surrake. I received the seeds of fire. Where are you? I can hardly find you in your mists."
- I "I am down on the murky earth, in the dark smoke that the fire left us, and my gaze does not reach you. But your voice sounds closer."
- \$ "I feet it. The heaviness of the earth penetrates me damp coldenshrouds me gloomy memories of former pain overcome me."
- I "Do not lower yourself into the smoke and the darkness of the earth. I would like that which I am still working on to remain sunsike Otherwise I will lose the courage to live further down in the darkness of the earth. Let me just hear your voice. I will never want to see you in the flesh again. Say something! Take it from the depths from which fear perhaps flows to me."
 - S: "I cannot since your creative source flows from there."
 - I "You see my uncertainty."
- S: "The ancertain way is the good way. Upon it he possibilities Be unwavering and create."

I heard the rushing of wings. I knew that the bird rose higher, above the clouds in the fiery brilliance of the outspread Godhead

"I turned to my brother the I he stood sadly and looked at the ground and highed, and would rather have been dead, ance the burden of enormous suffering burdened him. But a voice spoke from me and said:

"It is hard—the satisficed fall left and right—and you will be crucified for the sake of ofe."

And I said to my I "My brother how do you like this speech?" But he sighed deeply and moaned: "It is butter and I suffer much "

To which I answered: "I know but it is not to be altered." But I did not know what that was, since I still did not know what the future held (this happened on the 21st May of the year 1914). In the excess of suffering I looked up to the clouds and called out to my sout and asked her. And I heard her voice, happy and bright, and she answered.

"Much happiness has happened to me I rise higher, my wings grow."

I was seized with bitterness at these words and I cried: "You ave from the blood of the human heart."

I heard her laughing- or was she not laughing? "No drink is dearer to me than red blood."

Powertess anger seized me and I called out "If you were not my soul who followed the God to the eternal realm, I would call you the most terrible scourge of men. But who moves you? I know that divinity is not humanity. The divine consumes the human. I know that this is the severity, this is the crucity he who has felt you with his hands can never remove the blood from his bands. I have become ensiated to you."

She answered: "Do not be angry, do not complain. Let the bloody victims fail at your side. It is not your severity, it is not your crueity, but necessity. The way of life is sown with failen ones."

belief would hinder us from attaining knowledge. Belief certainty may be something strong, but it is empty, and too little of the whole man can be involved, if our use with God is grounded only on behief. Should we simply believe first and foremost? That

1 "Yes, I see, it is a battlefield. My brother, what is with you? Are you groaming?"

Then my I answered: "Why should I not grown and moun? I told myself with the dead and cannot haid their number."

But I did not understand my I and therefore spoke to him. "You are a pagan, my friend. Have you not heard that it is said, let the dead bury their dead?" Why do you want to be burdened with the dead? You do not help them by hadding them."

Then my I waited: "But I pity the poor fallen ones, they cannot reach the light. Perhaps if I haul them: ?"

I "What is this? Their souls have accomplished as much as they could. Then they encountered face. It will also happen to us Your compassion is sick."

But my soul called from afar "Leave him compassion, compassion binds afe and death."

These words of my soul stung me. She spoke of compassion, she, who rose up following the God without compassion, and I asked her

""Why did you do that?"

For my human sensitivity could not grasp the hideousness of that hour. She answered

"It is not meant for me to be at your world. I besmirch myself on the excrement of your earth."

- I "Am I not earth? Am I not excrement? Did I commit an error that forced you to follow the God into the upper realms?"
 - S: "No, it was inner necessity. I belong to the Above."
- I "Has no one suffered an irreplaceable loss through your disappearance"
 - \$ "On the contrary, you have enjoyed utmost benefit."
- I "If I heed my human feeling about this, doubt could come over me."
- \$. "What have you noticed? Why should what you see always be antrue? It is your particular wrong that you cannot stop making a fool of yourself. Can you not remain on your way for once?"
 - I "You know that I doubt, because of my love for men."
- S: "No, for the sake of your weakness, for the sake of your doubt and disbelief. Stay on your way and do not run away from yourself. There is a divine and a human intention. They cross each other in stupid and godforsaken people, to whom you also belong from time to time."

Since what my soul spoke about referred to nothing that I could see, nor could I see what my I suffered from (since this happened two months before the outbreak of the war). I wanted to understand it all as personal experiences within me, and consequently I could neither understand nor believe it all, since my belief is weak. And I believe that it is better in our time if belief is weak. We have outgrown that childhood where mere belief was the most suitable means to bring men to what is good and reasonable. Therefore if we wanted to have a strong belief again today, we would thus return to that earlier childhood. But we have so much knowledge and such a thirst for knowledge in us that we need knowledge more than belief. But the strength of belief would hinder us from attaining knowledge. Belief certainly may be something strong, but it is empty, and too little of the whole man can be involved, if our use with God is grounded only on belief. Should we simply believe first and foremost? That

¹⁰ May 8, 1924. There is a gap to the entirles in Black Book 5 between April 21 and May 8, so the discussions referred to in the previous paragraph do not appear to have been recorded

² Marchem 8.21- 3.2- "And another of his disciples said iono born, Lord, suffer me first to go and bury my father. But Tesus said iono hun. Follow met and let the dead bury theo dead

¹³ May 23, 1924

seems too cheap to me. Men who have understanding should not just believe, but should wrestle for knowledge to the best of their ability. Belief is not everything, but neither is knowledge. Belief does not give us the security and the wealth of knowing. Desiring knowledge sometimes takes away too much belief. Both must strike a balance.

But it is also dangerous to believe too much, because today everyone has to find his own way and encounters in himself a beyond full of strange and mighty things. He could easily take everything atterally with too much belief and would be nothing but a lunatic. The childishness of belief breaks down in the face of our present necessities. We need differentiating knowledge to clear up the confusion which the discovery of the soul has brought in. Therefore it is perhaps much better to await better knowledge before one accepts things all too believingly."

From these considerations I spoke to my soul-

"Is all that to be accepted? You know in what sense I ask this It is not stupid and unbeheving to ask thus, but is doubting of a higher type."

To this she answered: "I understand you—but it is to be accepted." To which I replied: "The solitude of this acceptance terrifies me I dread the madness that betalls the solitary."

She answered: "As you atready know, I have long predicted soutude for you. You need not be afraid of madness. What I predict is vaud."

These words filled me with disquiet, since I felt that I could almost not accept what my som predicted, because I did not understand it I always wanted to understand it with regard to myself. Therefore I said to my som. "What misunderstood fear torments me?"

"That is your disbelief your doubt. You do not want to believe in the size of the sacrifice that is required. But it will go on to the bitter end. Greatness requires greatness. You still want to be too cheap. Did I not speak to you of abandonment of leaving be? Do you want to have it better than other men?"

"No," I replied. "No, that is not it. But I fear committing an injustice to men if I go my own way."

"What do you want to avoid?" she said; "there is no avoidance You must go your way, unconcerned about others, no matter whether they are good or bad. You have laid your hand on the divine which those have not."

I could not accept these words since I feared deception. Therefore I also did not want to accept this way that forced me into dialogue with my soul I preferred to speak with men. But I felt compelled toward soutude and I feared at the same time the soutude of my thinking which departed from accustomed paths " As I pondered this, my soul spoke to me "Did I not predict dark soutude for you?"

"I know." I answered, "but I did not really think that it would happen. Must it be so?"

"You can only say yes. There is nothing to do other than for you to take care of your cause. If anything should happen, it can only happen on this way."

"So it is hopeless," I cried, "to resist soutude?"

"It is utterly hopeless. You should be forced into your work."

As my soul spoke thus, an old man with a white beard and a haggard face approached me.* I asked him what he wanted with me. To which he replied

"I am a nametess one, one of the many who lived and died in solitude. The spirit of the times and the acknowledged truth required this from us. Look at me-you must learn this. Things have been too good for you."

"But," I replied, "is this another necessity in our so very different time?"

"It is as true today as it was yesterday. Never forget that you are a man and therefore you must breed for the goal of humanity Practice solitude assiduously without grumbling so that everything will in time become ready. You should become serious, and hence take your leave from science. There is too much childishness in it. Your way goes toward the depths. Science is too superficial, mere language, mere tools. But you must set to work."

I did not know what work was mine, since everything was dark. And everything became heavy and doubtful and an endless sadness seized me and lasted for many days. Then, one night. I heard the voice of an old man. He spoke slowly, heavily, and his sentences appeared to be disconnected and terribly absurd, so that the fear of madness seized me again." For he spoke the following words.

"It is not yet the evening of days. The worst comes last

The hand that strikes first strikes best

Nonsense streams from the deepest wells, amply like the Nile Morning is more beautiful than night

Flowers smell until they fade

Ripeness comes as late as possible in spring, or else it misses its purpose."

These sentences that the old man spoke to me on the night of the 25 May of the year 1914 appeared to me dreadfully meaningless. I felt my I squirm in pain. It mouned and wailed about the burden of the dead that rested on it. It seemed as if it had to carry a thousand dead.

This sadness did not leave until the 24th June 1914." In the right my soul spoke to me "The greatest comes to the smallest." After this nothing further was said. And then the war broke out. This opened my eyes about what I had experienced before and it also gave me the courage to say all of that which I have written in the earlier part of this book.

{3} From there on the voices of the depths remained silent for a whole year. Again in summer, when I was our on the water alone. I saw an osprey plunge down not far from me, he seized a

of Black Real 4 continues the sike our of he old vaints one of the fire. Incomans who fired in the desert p 77)

you must (pp. 79-80).

19 This paragraph does not occur in Black Book 5

20 Map 21 19 4

¹⁴ These 1855 two paragraphs do not occur in Black Book S. In Transformation and Symbols of the Libral (1912). Jung wrote "I think, belief should be replaced by understanding"

(CW B \$456. On "In other 5 1945 Jung wrote to Victor Whats In began my rareer with repudiating everything that smell of belief I, Ann Control Lammers and Advisor I unmargham eds. The Jung White Litters [Philemon Secrets. London Bourledge, 2007], p. 6).

'5 May 24, 1914, The lines from the beganning of this paragraph do not occur in Black Book 4.

To the handwritten manuscript of Schedings there is a note here. A highest appears to refer to when this portion of the manuscript was composed.

8 8868 8 866 9 introduces and initiation [Soul]. Not that has scientific stringle is a new version of scholasticism. It needs to be successful to enough you has sounder the spire of the sounder through the spire of the sounder through the sounder to be soundered to the sounder through the sounder through the sound the present. The sounder through the sounder

As Black Book continues "Ha, his book have raid bands on you again change and pathological and transic and divine my written unconscious. You have forced me to my knotst again! Here a me, my want you have to my" (p. 82). This is the one reference to "the unconscious" in Black Book 2 to 2.

large fish and rose up into the skies again clutching it." I heard the voice of my soul, and she spoke: "That is a sign that what is below is borne apward."

Soon after this on an autumn night I heard the voice of an oldman (and this time I knew that it was ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ).* He said: **1. want to turn you around. I want to master you. I want to emboss you like a corn. I want to do business with you. One should buy and sell you." You should pass from hand to hand. Self wining is not for you. You are the will of the whole. Gold is no master out. of its own will and yet it rules the whole, despised and greedily demanded, an mexorable ruler at hes and waits. He who sees it longs for it. It does not follow one around, but hes silently. with a brightly gleaming countenance, self-sufficient, a king that needs no proof of its power. Everyone seeks after it, few find it, but even the smallest piece is highly esteemed. It neither gives nor squanders itself. Everyone takes it where he finds it and anxiously ensures that he doesn't lose the smallest part of it. Everyone denies that he depends on it, and vet he secretive stretches out his hand longingly toward it. Must gold prove its necessity? It is proven through the longing of men. Ask it who takes me? He who takes it, has it. Gold does not stir. It sleeps and shines. Its branance confuses the senses. Without a word, at promises everything that men deem desirable. It ruins those to be ruined and helps those on the rise to ascend "

A blazing hoard is piled up it awaits the taker What tribilitations do men not take upon themselves for the sake of gold? It waits and does not shorten their tribilitations: the greater the tribilitations, the greater the trouble, the more esteemed it is It grows from underground, from the motten lava. It slowly exides, hidden in veins and rocks. Man exerts all curring to dig it out, to raise it."

But 1 called out dismayed "What ambiguous speech.

Oh ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ"

"But ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ continued: "Not only to teach, but also to disavow or why then did I teach? If I do not teach. I do not have to disavow But if I have taught. I must disavow thereafter For if I teach, I must give others what they should have taken. What he acquires is good but the gift that was not acquired is bad. To waste oneseif means to want to suppress many. Decentionness surrounds the giver because his own enterprise is decention. He is forced to revoke his gift and to deny his virtue.

The burden of silence is not greater than the burden of my self that I would like to load onto you. Therefore I speak and a teach. May the listener defend himself against my ruse, by means of which I burden him

The best truth is also such a skillful deception that I also entangle myselt in it as long as I do not realize the worth of a successful ruse."

And I was startled again and cried: "Oh ΦΙΛΙΘΩΝ, men have deceived themselves about you, therefore you deceive them. But he who fathoms you, fathoms humself."

"But GIAHMON tell silent and retired into the shimmening cloud of internancy. He left me to my thoughts. And it occurred to me that high barriers would still need to be erected between men less to protect them against mutual burdens than against mutual virtues. It seemed to me as if the so-called Christian morality of our time made for mutual enchantment. How can anyone bear the burden of the other, if it is still the high est that one can expect from a man, that he at least bears his own burden

But sin probably resides in enchantment. If I accept self-forgetting virtue, I make myself the selfish twant of the other and I am thus also forced to surrender myself again in order to make another my master, which always leaves me with a bad impression and is not to the other's advantage. Admittedly, this interplay underpins society, but the soul of the individual becomes damaged since man thus learns always to live from the other instead of from himself. It appears to me that if one is capable, one should not surrender oneself as that induces, indeed even forces, the other to do likewise. But what happens if everyone surrenders themselves? That would be folly.

Not that it would be a beautiful or a pleasant thing to live with one's self but it serves the redemption of the self incidentally can one give oneself up? With this one becomes one's own slave. That is the opposite of accepting oneself. If one becomes one's own slave—and this happens to everyone who surrenders himself—one is aved by the self. One does not ave one's self—it aves atself.

The self-forgetting virtue is an annatural alsenation from one's own essence, which is thus deprived of development. It is a sin to deliberately alienate the other from his self by means of one's own virtuousness, for example, through saddling oneself with his burden. This sin rebounds on us."

as fone 3, 6915. In the interior Jung water the draft of the preceding books of laker Nova. On July 28, 1914, Jung gave a talk on "The importance of the unconscious to psychopathology" at a meeting of the British Medical Association in Aberdeen. From around August 9 to around August 22, Jung was on military service in America 64 days. Between March 12 and 13 he served on the invalid grandport [Jung's military service books, JFA]

²³ This servence is not in Block Book 6.
24 September 14, 1915. In site summer and autumn of 1914, Jung conducted his correspondence with Hans Schmod on the question of psychological types. His concluding femer to Schmad of November 6 indicates a shift that agrads a return to the elaboration of his facturation in the Block Books "Understanding in a contrible hooting power particle sould mander when it tested out vitally important differences. The core of the individual is a mystery of life which dies when it is "grasped. That is also why rymbols want to keep their senits, they are snysterious not only because we are unable to clearly see what is at their bottom. All order to make the bottom into general viewpounts, contains the devil's element, and kills. That is why, in the later stages of analysis, we must help the other to come to thote bidden and understand in the later stages of analysis, we must help the other to come to thote bidden and understand in the later stages of analysis, we must help the other to come to thote bidden and understand in this later stages of analysis, we must help the other countries those thore the tested which he seed or the seed of his deep the sound on the personal agreement on this has become generalized and obviously possible, the symbol is ripe for destruction because the other to over the seed, which is about to outgrow the shell. Now I understand a dream I once had, and which greatly impressed are. Was standing in my garden, and I had dug, one a non-pring of water which gashed for the major due to us in the un-openable and un-sayable symbol, for it protects us by preventing the devil from swallowing the need of life" (John Beehe and Erust Falzeder, eds. The Jung-Sohmel actions [Pilleman Sories], forthcoming.

²⁵ Brook Book 5 communes: "Hermes is your daimon", p. 87)
Le lung discussed the archemical symbolism of gold in Mysterfam Conformations (1955/56, CW 14, 5453ff)

[∡] eprembe € 4

ay in Will rothe aranhests. Nierzsche wrote. The Self also seeks with the error of series in lighters too with the ears of the appril. The Self is always intrinsing and seeking remparts into see the design of ealer and is also the margin and techniques and techniques and becomes a mighty commander, an anknown sage held allowed the section. If the despisers wither body in place. The pursue is underlined as in lung's copy. There are also lines by the margin and exchanation marks in commenting on this passage in 1935 in his seminar on Zwathurto. The pursue was already very interested in the concept of the self but a was not sure bow a should understand it. I made my marks when I came across these passages, and they seemed very important to me.

I thought that Nieczsche means a sort of thing in-itself behind the psychological phenomenon. I saw then also that he was producing a concept of the self which was like the Eastern concept it is an Amain idea! (Nietzsche's Zwathurto, vol.), p. 391.

³⁰ In This Spots Zerathiotra. Nietzsche wrote. "You growd rogether with your neighbours and have beautiful words for it. But I tell you. Your tore of your neighbour is your bas love of yourself ou the away irom rougsless and would like to make a firme of in see through your reliclessness." If there of one's neighbour in 86 as underlined by long in his copy)

It is submission enough, amply enough, if we subjugate ourselves to our self. The work of redemption is always first to be done on ourselves, if one dare utter such a great word. This work cannot be done without love for ourselves. Must it be done at all? Certainly not, if one can endure a given condition and does not feet in need of redemption. The tiresome feeling of needing redemption can finally become too much for one. Then one seeks to rid oneself of it and thus enters into the work of redemption

It appears to me that we benefit in particular from removing every sense of beauty from the thought of redemption, and even need to do so, or else we will deceive ourselves again because we like the word and because a beautiful shimmer apreads out over the thing through the great word. But one can at least doubt whether the work of redemption is in itself a beautiful thing. The Romans did not find the hanged Jew exactly tasteful, and the gloomy excessive enthusiasm for estacombs around which cheap barbaric symbols gathered probably tacked a pleasant alummer in their eyes, given that their perverse curiosity for everything barbaric and subterranean had already been aroused

I think it would be most correct and most decent to say that one blunders into the work of redemption unintentionally, so to speak, if one wants to avoid what appears to be the imbearable evil of an insurmountable feeling of needing redemption. This step into the work of redemption is neither beautiful nor pleasant. nor does it divulge an inviting appearance. And the thing itself is so difficult and full of torment that one should count oneself. as one of the sick and not as one of the overhealthy who seek to ampart their abundance to others

Consequently we should also not use the other for our own supposed redemption. The other is no stepping stone for our feet. It is far better that we remain with ourselves. The need for redemption rather expresses itself through an increased need for love with which we think we can make the other happy. But meanwhile we are brimming with longing and deare to alter our own condition. And we sove others to this end. If we had already achieved our purpose, the other would seave us cold. But it is true. that we also need the other for our own redemption. Perhaps he will lend us his help voluntarily, since we are in a state of sickness. and belowestees. Our love for him is, and should not be, selfless. That would be a life. For its goal is our own redemption. Seiflein love is true only as long as the demand of the self can be pushed. to one side. But someday comes the turn of the self. Who would want to lend himself to such a self for love? Certainly only one who does not yet know what excess of bitterness, injustice, and posson the self of a man harbors who has forgorten his self and made a virtue of r

n terms of the setfine-fless love is a ventable sin-

"We must presumably often go to ourselves to revestablish the connection with the self, since it is torn apart all too often, not only by our vices but also by our virtues. For vices 28 well as virtues always want to live outside. But through constant outer life we

forget the self and through this we also become secretly selfish in our best endeavors." What we neglect in ourselves blends itself secretly into our actions toward others.

Through uniting with the self we reach the God."

I must say thus, not with reference to the opinions of the ancients or this or that authority, but because I have experienced it. It has happened thus in me. And it certainly happened in a way that I neither expected nor wished for. The experience of the God in this form was an expected and anwanted. I wish I could say it was a deception and only too willingly would I disown this experience. But I cannot deny that it has seized me beyond all measure and steadily goes on working in me. So if it is a deception. then deception is my God. Moreover, the God is in the deception. And if this were stready the greatest bitterness that could happen. to me, I would have to confess to this experience and recognize the God in it. No assight or objection is so strong that it could surpass the strength of this experience. And even if the God had reveated himself in a meaningless abomination. I could only avow that I have experienced the God in .t I even know that it is not too difficult to cite a theory that would sufficiently explain my experience and join it to the already known. I could furnish this theory myself and be satisfied in intellectual terms, and yet this theory would be unable to remove even the smallest part of the knowledge that I have experienced the God. I recognize the God by the unshakeableness of the expenence. I cannot help but recognize him by the experience. I do not want to believe it, I do not need to believe it nor could I believe it. How can one believe such? My mand would need to be totally confused to believe such. things. Given their nature, they are most improbable. Not only emprobable but also impossible for our understanding. Only a sick. brain could produce risch deceptions. I am ake those sick persons who have been overcome by delusion and sensory deception. But I must say that the God makes us tick. I expenence the God in sickness. A living God afflicts our reason like a sickness. He fills the soul with introceation. He fills us with recling chaos. How many will the God break?

The God appears to us in a certain state of the soul. Therefore we reach the God through the self * Not the self is God, atthough we reach the God through the self. The God is behind the self. above the self-the self-strelf, when he appears. But he appears as our suckness, from which we must heal ourselves. We must beau ourselves from the God, since he is also our heaviest wound.

For in the first instance the God's power resides entirely in the self, since the self is completely in the God, because we were not with the self. We must draw the self to our side. Therefore we must wrestle with the God for the self. Since the God is an anfathomable powerful movement that sweeps away the self into the boundless, into dissolution.

Hence when the God appears to us we are at first powerless captivated, divided, sick, poisoned with the strongest poison, but drunk with the highest health

35 The following section to reworked from Blook Book 5 in a manner that is hard to separate 36 to 1949, Jung wrote "The Gods have become diseases; Zeus no tonger rules Chympus but rather the solar pierus and produces curious specuroess for the doctor's consulting room ("Commentary on The Secret of the Golden Flower, "CW 3, \$64)

the integration to humanism to the will as has already been multi-stead to entrated from the consumer side to making consider consumer of of true in a our egotistical arms, that means we give an account of our motives and try to form as objective a picture as possible of our own being" ("Transformation symbolism in the mast," CW 11 \$400). This corresponds to the process depicted here in the opening section of Sovethile 13 Black Book's continuer "which unites Figure and Hell in itself" (p. 92). Cf. Jung. "Uninformation symbolism in the mast." "The self then functions as a unito oppositionum and thus constitutes the most unmediate experience of the divine which is at all psychologically comprehensible" (1947. CW 11. \$396).

this concept was for the one hand definite enough to convey the sum of human wholeness and on the other band indefants enough to expects the indescribable and and each of these figures is a symbol of the oil? (Pacifology and Alcheny, CW 12 \$20). in he grant karan merge alem three new or the Book that many or the or or

Yet we cannot remain in this state, since all the powers of our body are consumed one fat in the flames. Hence we must strive to free the self from the God, so that we can live."

"It is certainly possible and even quite easy for our reason to deny the God and to speak only of sickness. Thus we accept the stek part and can also heal it. But it will be a heating with loss. We iose a part of the We go on living, but as ones tamed by the God. Where the fire blazed dead asnes as

I believe that we have the choice. I preferred the living wonders of the God. I daily weigh up my whole afe and I continue to regard the fiery brilliance of the God as a higher and fuller life than the ashes of rationality. The ashes are suicide to me. I could perhaps put out the fire but I cannot deny to myself the experience of the God. Nor can I cut myself off from this experience. I also do not want to, since I want to live. My afe wants itself whose

Therefore I must serve my self. I must win it in this way. But I must win it so that my life will become whole. For it seems to me to be sinful to deform life where there is yet the possibility to live it faily. The service of the self is therefore divine service and the service of mankind. If I carry myself I relieve mankind of myself. and hear my self from the God.

a must free my self from the God," since the God I experienced is more than love, he is also hate, he is more than beauty, he is also the abortimation, he is more than wisdom, he is also mean. aglessness, he is more than power he is also powerlessness, he is more than ommpresence, he is also my creature

In the following night, I heard the voice of ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ again. and he said.40

"Draw nearer, enter into the grave of the God. The place of your work should be in the value. The God should not live in you but you should live in the God."

"These words disturbed me since I had thought before precisely to free myself from the God. But @IAHMON advised me to enter even deeper into the God.

Since the God has ascended to the apper reams, MIAHMON also has become different. He first appeared to me as a magician who aved in a distant land, but then I felt his nearness and, since the God has ascended 1 knew that ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ had intoxicated me and given me a language that was foreign to me and of a differem sensitivity. All of this faded when the God arose and only ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ kept that language But I felt that he went on other ways than I did. Probably the most part of what I have written in the earlier part of this book was given to me by ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ.** Consequently I was as if intoxicated. But now I noticed that ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ assumed a form distinct from me

[4] "Several weeks later, three shades approached me. I noticed from their chilly breath that they were dead. The first figure was that of a woman. She drew near and made a soft whirring sound.

the whirring of the wings of the sun beetle. Then I recognized her. When she was still alive, she recovered the mysteries of the Egyptians for me, the red sun disk and the song of the golden. wings. She remained shadowy and I could hardly understand her

"It was night when I died you stall live in the day there are still days years ahead of you what will you begin. Let me have the word-oh, that you cannot hear! How difficult give me the words

i answered dismayed: "I do not know the word that you seek." But she cried "The symbol, the mediator we need the symbol we hunger for it make light for as '

"Wherefrom? How can I? I do not know the symbol that you demand.*

But she insisted: "You can do it, reach for +"

And precisely at this moment the sign was placed in my hand. and I looked at it filled with boundless astonishment. Then she spoke toudly and joyfully to me.44

"That is it, that is HAP the symbol that we desired, that we needed. It is terribly simple initially stupid naturally godiike, the God's other pole. This is precisely the pole we needed."

"Why do you need HAP>" I repued

"He is in the light, the other God is in the night."

"Oh." I answered "what's that beloved? The God of the spirit is in the night? Is that the son? The son of the frogs? Woe betide us, if he is the God of our day!"

But the dead one spoke full of triumph

"He is the flesh spirit, the blood spirit, he is the extract of aibodily juices, the spirit of the sperm and the entrails, of the genitals, of the head, of the feet, of the hands, of the joints, of the bones, of the eyes and ears, of the nerves and the brain, he is the spirit of the sputum and of excretion."

"Are you of the devu?" I exclaimed full of horror "where does my flashing godly light remain?"

But she said: "Your body remains with you, my beloved, your aving body. The enlightening thought comes from the body."

"What thought are you talking about? I recognize no such thought " I said.

"It grawls around like a worm, ake a serpent, soon there soon here, a bund newt of Hell "

"Then I must be buried alive. On horror! Oh rottenness! Must I. attach myself completely, ike a teach?"

"Yes, drink blood," she said "suck it up, get your fill from the carcass, there is turce inside, certainly diagusting, but nourishing You should not understand, but suck!"

"Damned horror! No, three times no," I cried in outrage

But she said: "It should not irritate you, we need this meathe life juices of men, since we want to share in your life. Thus we can draw closer to you. We want to give you tidings of what you need to know."

4) The next two paragraphs do not occur in Black Back 5

42 The handwritten manuscript of Sentifies equalities equalities: and quaken through me" (p. 37)

43 Docember 2 1915

³⁷ Black Beek 5 continues: "The God lass the power not the self-Powerlessness should thus not be deplored, but in to the condition that should about - The God was from within himself. This should be self, to him. What we do to the self, we do to the God. If we task the self, we also twist the God. It is divine service to serve oneself We thus primes becoming yof ourselves. May one man carey another's burden, has become an ammoraling May each carry his own load; that is, the reast that one can servers to do. We can as hear show another how to every his own road. To obe all one's goods to the executivens, to educate them to become rifle. Pips show not carry another's tood, but it should be a strict educator instead. Solitude with ourselves has no end. It has early just begun" (pp. 92- 93)

³⁶ The near four paragraphs do not occur in the Black Books 39 In Jung') copy of Eckhart's Schriften and Predignes the phrase "that the coal would also have up tone Godd" in underlined, and there up a skip of paper on which is written. "Soul may 1000 God! (Melster Eckhair, Schriften and Problem. Ass den Minabachdenenher überzen and herengegeben von Herman Bürtner. 2 vols. Eugen Diederschu. 1912). p. 222). 40 in Bleck Book 5, the voice is not identified as Philemon's.

⁴⁴ Instead of this passgraph, Back Book 5 has: "A phallist" (p. 95) There is no merinon of HAP in Block Book 5. The following references may be connected to this. In The Egyptian Heaven and Hell. Wallis, Birdge notes that. The Phallim of his Pept is Hap" will prove that Hap in a son of Horus (p. 49). Jung placed a mark in the margin by this in this copy). He also noted that Tin the Book of the Deal these four children of Horus play very proteiness pages, and the deceased endeavoured to gain their help and protection at all egets, both by offerings and prayers—the four children of Horus shared the protection of the deceased among them, and as far back as the Vth dynamy we find thus they prouded over bus life in the underworld" (ibid. underlined as an Jung's copy) [Loodon: Kegan Paul, Trench and Trubber. 1905] 45 Black Book 5 has "of this downe pole" (p. 95).

"That is horribly absurd! What are you talking about?"

*But she looked at me as she had done on the day 1 had last seen her among the living, and on which she showed me unaware of its meaning, something of the mystery of what the Egyptians had left behind. And she said to me

"Do it for me, for as. Do you recal, my legary, the red sundisk the golden wings and the wreath of life and duration? Immortality of this there are things to know."

"The way that leads to this knowledge is Hell."

"From this I sank into gloomy brooding since I suspected the heaviness and incomprehension and the immeasurable solitude of this way. And after a long struggle with all the weakness and cowardice in me. I decided to take apon myself thus solitude of the holy error and the eternally valid truth."

And at the third night I caused to my dead beloved and asked her

"Teach me the knowledge of the worms and the crawling creatures, open to me the darkness of the spirits!"

She whispered: "Give blood, so that I may drink and gain speech. Were you lying when you said that you would leave the power to the son?"

"No, I was not lying But I said something that I did not understand."

"You are fortunate" she said, "if you can say what you do not understand. So asten: HAP" is not the foundation but the summit of the church that still des sunken. We need this church since we can live in it with you and take part in your life. You have excluded us to your own detriment."

"Teil me is HAP for you the sign of the church is which you hope for community with the living? Speak, why do you hesitate?"

She moaned and whispered with a weak voice "Give blood." I need blood. "*

"So take blood from my heart," I spoke

"I thank you," she said, "that is fullness of afe. The air of the shadow world is than since we hover on the ocean of the air ake birds above the sea. Many went beyond limits, fluttering on indeterminate paths of outer space bumping at hazard into alien worlds. But we we who are still near and incomplete would like to immerse outselves in the sea of the air and return to earth, to the tiving. Do you not have an animal form into which I can enter?"

"What " I exclaimed horrified, "you would like to be my dog?"

"If possible, yes," she replied, "I would even like to be your dog. To me you are of unspeakable worth, all my hope, that still dings to earth. I would still like to see completed what I left too soon. Give the blood much blood!"

"So drink." I said despairingly, "drink, so that what should be will be."

She whispered with a hesitant voice "Brittio"—I guess that's what you call her—the old one—which is how it begins—the one who bore the son—the powerful HAP who grew out of her shame and strove after the wife of Heaven, who arches over earth, for Brittio, above and below, envelops the son. She bears and raises him. Born from below, he fertilizes the Above since the wife is his mother, and the mother is his wife."

"Accursed teaching! Is this still not enough of the horrifying Mysterium?" I cried full of outrage and abhorrence

"If Heaven becomes pregnant and can no longer hold its fruit, it gives birth to a man who carries the burden of sin-that is the tree of life and of anending duration. Give me your blood! Listen! This riddle is terrible when Brimo, the heavenly was pregnant, she gave burth to the dragon, first the afterburth and then the son, HAP and the one who carried HAP HAP is the rebellion of the Below, but the bird comes from the Above and places itself on the head of HAP. That is peace. You are a vessel. Speak, Heaven, pour out your rain. You are a shelf. Empty shells do not spill, they catch. May it stream in from all the winds. Let me tell you that another evening is approaching. A day, two days, many days have come to an end. The light of day goes down and ditumines the shadow. itself a shadow of the sun. Life becomes a shadow and the shadow entivens itself the shadow that is greater than you. Do you think that your shadow is your son? He is small at midday, and fills the sky at midnight ^{eq}

But I was exhausted and desperate and could hear no more and so I said to the dead one

"So you introduce the terrible son who lived beneath me under the trees on the water? Is he the spurit that the heavens pour out or is he the soulless worm that the earth bore? Oh Heaven. Oh most sinister womb! Do you want to suck the afe out of me for the sake of the shadow? Should humanity thus completely go to waste for divinity? Should I live with shadows, instead of with the living? Should all the longing for the aving belong to you, the dead? Did you not have your time to ave? Did you not use it? Should a aving person give his life for your sake, you who did not live the eternar? Speak, you mute shadows, who stand at my door and demand my blood!"

The shadow of the dead one raised its voice and said "You see—or do you still not see, what the aving do with your life. They fritter it away. But with me you are yourself since I belong to you. I belong to your invisible following and community. Do you betieve that the aving see you? They see only your shadow, not you—you servant, you bearer you vessel—"

"How you hold forth. Am I at your mercy? Should I no longer see the light of day? Should I become a shadow with a living body? You are formless and beyond grasp, and you emanate he coldness of the grave a breath of emptiness. To let myself be buried alive—what are you thinking of? Too soon, it seems to me, I must die first. Do you have the honey that pleases my heart and the fire that warms my hands? What are you, you mournful shadows? You specters of children! What do you want with my blood? Truly, you are even worse than men. Men give little, yet what do you give? Do you make the living? The warm beauty? Or joy perhaps? Or should all this go to your gloomy Hell? What do you offer in return? Mysteries? Will the living live from these? I regard your mysteries as tricks if the living cannot we from them."

But she interrupted me and cried: "Imperious one, stop, you take my breath away. We are shadows become a shadow and you will grasp what we give."

⁴⁶ This paragraph is not an Block Book 5

^{4:} December 5, 918

⁴B This paragraph is not in Black Book 5

⁴⁹ Blook Bank 5 has: "The Phallus" (p. 100). Of lung's childhood dream of the rimat phallus to the underground temple, p. 4 above to See note 243, p. 304.

⁵⁾ In 1912, Jung discussed the Hecate mysteries that flourished to Rome or the end of the fourth contact. Hecate the Goddess of mags, and spells granded the underworld, and was seen as the sender of madness. She was identified with firing, a Goddess of death (Transfermations and Symbols of the Libids. CW B, 558687).

^{5.} In Transformation and Symbols of the Library (1912). Jumg referred to Nov., the Egyptian Sky Goddess, who arched over the earth, duily giving birth to the Sun God 1, 97 B, 6464.

⁶³ Thus paragraph is rewarked from Block Back \$

sy December 7, 1915 sy December 9, 1915

I do not want to die to descend into your darkness.

"But," she said, "you need not die. You must only let yourself. be buried."

"In the hope of resurrection? No joking now?"

But she spoke caunity "You suspect what will happen. Triple walls before you and avasibility—to Heli with your longing and feeling! At least you do not love us, so we will cost you less dearly than the men who roll in your love and patience and have you make a fool of yourself"

"My dead one 1 think you are speaking my ₄anguage "

She replied to me scornfully "Men love" and you! What an error! All this means is that you want to run away from yourseif. What do you do to men? You tempt and coax them into megaiomania, to which you fair victim."

"But it grieves me pains me howls at me I feel a great longing, everything soft complains, and my heart yearns."

But she was unsparing, "Your heart belongs to us," she said, "What do you want with men? Self-defense against men so that you walk on your own two feet not on human crutches. Men need. the undemanding, but they are always wanting love to be able to run away from themselves. This ought to stop. Why do foots go out and preach the gospe, to the negroes, and then ridicule it in their own country? Why do these hypocritical preachers speak of love, divine and human love, and use the same gospe, to justify the right to wage war and commit murderous injustice? Above all, what do they teach others when they themselves stand up to their necks in the black mud of deception and seif deceit? Have they cleaned their own house, have they recognized and driven out their own devil? Because they do none of this, they preach love to be able to run away from themselves, and to do to others what they should do to themselves. But this greatly prized love given to one's own self-burns ake fire. These hypocrites and hars have noticed this as you have and prefer to love others Is that love? It is false hypocheses It always begins in yourself and in all things and above all with love. Do you believe that one who wounds himself ansparingly does the other a good deed with his love? No. of course you don't believe it. You even know that he only teaches the other how one must wound oneself, so that he can compel others to express sympathy. Therefore you should be a shadow since this is what men need. How can they get away from the hypochesy and foolishness of your love if you yourself cannot? For everything begins with yourself. But your horse still cannot refram from whannying. Even worse, your virtue is a wagging dog. a growing dog, a acking dog, a barking dog- and you call that human love: But love is, to bear and endure oneself. It begins with this It is truly about you; you are not yet tempered; other fires must yet come over you until you have accepted your sontude and learned to Jove

What do you ask about love? What is love? To live, above all, that is more than love. Is war love? You are bound to see what human love is still good enough for—a means like other means. Therefore, above all, solitude, until every softness toward yourself has been burnt out of you. You should learn to freeze 🤊

"I see only graves before me." I answered, "what cursed will is above me>"

vessel. You have fallen into the hands of the greater. He knows

no pity. Your Christian shrouds have fallen, the wells that blinded your eyes. The God has become strong again. The yoke of men is lighter than the yoke of the God; therefore everyone seeks to yoke the other out of mercy. But he who does not fall into the hands of men falls into those of the God. May he be well and may woe betide him! There is no escape."

"Is that freedom?" I cried

"The highest freedom. Only the God above you, through yourself. Comfort yourself with this and that as well as you can. The God bolts doors that you cannot open. Let your feelings. whimper like puppies. The ears on high are deaf."

"But," I answered. "is there no outrage for the sake of the human?"

Outrage I laugh at your outrage. The God knows only power and creation. He commands and you act. Your amorties are laughable. There is only one road, the military road of the Godhead."

The dead one spoke these unsparing words to me * As I did not want to obey anyone. I had to obey this voice. And she spoke unsparing words about the power of the God. I had to accept these words.9 We have to greet a new light, a blood red sun, a painful wonder. No one forces me to; only the foreign will in me commands and I cannot escape aince I find no grounds

The sun, appearing to me, swam in a sea of blood and wailing, therefore I said to the dead one

"Should it be the sacrifice of 1099"

But the dead one repued: "The sacrifice of all joy, provided that you do it yourself. Joy should neither be made nor sought it should come, if it must come. I demand your service. You should not serve your personal devil. That leads to superfluous pain True joy is simple in comes and exists from itself, and is not to be sought here and there. At the risk of encountering black night, you must devote yourself to me and seek no joy. Joy can never ever be prepared, but exists of its own accord or exists not at all. All you must do is tu-fill your task, nothing else. Joy comes from twifellment, but not from longing. I have the power I command, you obey

"I fear that you will destroy me "

But she answered: "I am life that destroys only the unfit Therefore take care that you are no unapt tool. You want to run yourse of You steer your ship onto the sand. Build your bridge stone upon stone, but don't think of wanting to take the helm. You go astray if you want to escape my service. There is no salvation without me. Why are you dreaming and hesitating?"

"You see." I answered "that I am bund and do not know where to begin."

"It always begins with the neighbor. Where is the church? Where is the community?"

"This is pure madness," I cried out indignantly, "why do you speak of a church? Am I a prophet? How can I claim such for myself? I am just a man who is not entitled to know any better than others "

But she replied. "I want the church, it is necessary for you and for others. Otherwise what are you going to do with those whom "The will of the God, that is stronger than you, you stave, you - I force to your feet? The beautiful and natural was nesde into the terrible and dark and will show the way. The church is something

46 Jung was critical of Christian missionaries. See "The problems of the soul of modern men. (1991). CW to § 85.

57 B.a.k. Back 5. ontoined. [17] "Why do you mention deeds? Which deeds." The dead one): Your work a What do you mean any work? My science my book. The dead one. That is not your book that is the book Science is what you do Do it without hestation. There is no way back coly forward You were belongs there Ridkedous. You nove? You must allow death to notice. "Leave dead ones around one stress." [The dead one, "Enough dead, you are surrounded." [1]: "I do not notice anything. [The dead one:] "You ought to notice these "[1]: "How? How can I?" [The dead one:] "Proceed. Everything will come toward you. Not roday, but tomorrow" (pp. 216-17).

58 The handwritten manuscript of Stratials has "Seed" (p. 49), and the distogue partner to this section is changed from the soul to the dead one. natural. The holy ceremony must be dissolved and become spirit. The bridge should lead out beyond humanity, inviolable. far, of the air. There is a community of spirits founded on outer. signs with a solid meaning."

"Listen," I cried, "that doesn't bear thinking about, it's ncomprehensible

But she continued: "Community with the dead is what both you and the dead need. Do not commingle with any of the dead. but stand apart from them and give to each his due. The deaddemand your explatory prayers."

And when she spoke these words, she raised her voice and evoked the dead in my name.

"You dead. I call you

"You shades of the departed, who have east off the torment of

"My blood, the juice of my life will be your meat and your drink.

"Sustain yourself from me, so that life and speech will

"Come, you dark and restless ones, I will refresh you with my blood, the blood of a living one so that you will gain speech and de, in me and through me

"The God forces me to address this prayer to you so that you come to afe. Too long have we left you alone

"Let us build the bond of community so that the itying and the dead amage will become one and the past will ave on at the present

"Our desire pulls us to the living world and we are jost in

"Come drink the living blood, drink your fill so that we will be saved from the mextinguishable and unrelenting power of vivid longing for visible, graspable, and present being,

"Drink from our blood the desire that begets evil, as quarrel. discord, uganess, violent deed, and famishment

"Take, eat, this is my body, that lives for you. Take, eat, denk. this is my blood, whose desire flows for you

"Come, celebrate a Last Supper with me for your redemption." and mine

"I need community with you so that I fall prey neither to the community of the aving nor to my desire and yours, whose envy is insatiable and therefore begets evil

"Help me, so that I do not forget that my desire is a sacrificial.

"You are my community. I five what I can live for the living. But \cdot the excess of my longing belongs to you, you shades. We need to

"Be auspictous to as and open our closed spirit so that we become blessed with the redeeming light. May it happen thus!".

When the dead one had ended this prayer, she turned to me again and said:

"Great is the need of the dead. But the God needs no sacrificial. prayer. He has neither goodwill nor ill will. He is kind and fearful. though not actually so, but only seems to you thus. But the deadhear your prayers aince they are still of human nature and not free of goodwill and all will. Do you not anderstand? The history of humanity is older and wiser than you. Was there a time when there were no dead? Vara deception. Only recently have men begun to forget the dead and to think that they have now begun the real afe sending them into a frenzy".

[5] When the dead one had uttered all these words, she disappeared I sank into gloominess and dull confusion. When I looked up again, I saw my soul in the upper realms, hover ing irradiated by the distant brilliance that streamed from the Godhead " And I called out.

"You know what has taken place. You see that it surpasses the power and understanding of a man. But I accept it for your sake and mine. To be crucified on the tree of life. Oh bitterness! Oh painful silence! If it weren't you, my soul, who touched the fiery Heaven and the eternal filliness, how could I?

"I cast myself before human animais—Oh most unmanly torment. I must let my virtues, my best ability be toen apart. because they are still thorns in the side of the human anima. Not death for the sake of the best, but befouling and rending of the most beautiful for the sake of life

"Auas, is there nowhere a salutary deception to protect me from: having the Last Supper with my carcass? The dead want to live

"Why did you see me as the one to drink the cess of humanity that poured out of Christendom? Haven't you had enough of beholding the fiery fullness, my soul? Do you still want to fly entire into the giaring white light of the Godhead? Into what shades of horror are you plunging me? Is the devil's pool so deep that its mud sulfies even your glowing robe?

"Where do you get the right to do me such a foul deed? Let the beaker of disgusting fifth pass from me " But if this be not your will, then climb past fiery Heaven and Jodge your charges and topple the throne of God, the dreadful, prociaim the right of menalso before the Gods and take revenge on them for the infamous deed of humanity, since only Gods are able to spur on the human worms to acts of colossa, structly. Let my fate suffice and let men manage human destiny

"Oh my mother humanity, thrust the terrible worm of God. the strangier of men, from you. Do not venerate him for the sake of his terrible poison-a drop suffices, and what is a drop to him-who at the same time is all emptiness and all fullness?"

As I proclaimed these words, I noticed that \$IAHBEN stood behind me and had given them to me. He came alongside me avisibly, and I felt the presence of the good and the beautiful. And he spoke to me with a soft deep voice

6"Remove, Oh man, the divine, too, from your soul, as far as you can manage. What a devilish farce she carries on with you, as long as she still accogates divine power over you! She's an annuly child and a broodthirsty darmon at the same time, a tormentor of humans without equal, precisely because she has divinity. Why? Where from? Because you venerate her. The dead too want the same thing. Why don't they stay quiet? Because they have not crossed over to the other side. Why do they want sacrefice? So they can tive. But why do they still want to live with men? Because they want to rule. They have not come to an end with their craving for power since they died still lusting for power. A child, an old man, an evil woman, a spirit of the dead, and a devil are beings who need to be humored. Fear the som despise her, love her, just ake the Gods. May they be far from us! But above all never lose them! Because when lost they are as mancious as the serpent, as bloodthursty as the tiger that pounces on the unsuspecting from behind. A man who goes astray becomes an animal a lost soul

⁹⁹ Decrealer 10, 1915

⁶⁰ See mote 8, p. 430

⁶¹ January 8, 1916. This paragraph does not occur in Bleck Book 5.
62 In Gethaumane. Christ said: "O my Father if it be possible let this cup pass from me neverthetess not as F will, but as done will" (Matthew 26,39).
63 Cf. 10b a5:6: "How much less rean chat is a worm? and the son of man, which is a worm?"

becomes a devil. Cling to the soul with rove, fear, contempt, and hate, and don't let her our of your sight. She is a hellish-divine treasure to be kept behind walls of iron and in the deepest vault. She always wants to get out and scatter glittering beauty. Beware, because you have already been betrayed. You'll never find a more disloyar more cuntuing and heimous woman than your soul. How should I praise the miracle of her beauty and perfection? Does she not stand in the brilliance of immortal youth? Is her love not intoxicating wine and her wisdom the primordial eleverness of serpents?

"Shield men from her, and her from men. Listen to what she waits and sings in prison but don't let her escape, as she will ommediately turn whore. As her husband you are blessed through her, and therefore cursed. She belongs to the daimonic race. of the Tom Thumbs and giants, and is only distantly related to humankind. If you seek to grasp her in human terms you will be beside yourself. The excess of your rage, your doubt, and your love. belong to her, but only the excess. It you give her this excess. humanity will be saved from the nightmare. For if you do not see your soul. you see her in fellow men and this will drive you mad since this devilish invitory and heliish spook can hardly beseen through

"Look at man, the weak one in his wretchedness and torment whom the Gods have singled out as their quarry—tear to pieces the bloody veil that the lost soul has woven around man, the cruel nets woven by the death-bringing, and take hold of the divine whore who still cannot recover from her fall from grace. and craves fifth and power in raving blindness. Lock her up like a lecherous bitch who would like to mangle her blood with every dirty cur. Capture her, may enough at last be enough. Let her for once taste your torment so that she will get to feel man and his hammer which he has wrested from the Gods.60

"May man rule in the human world. May his laws be vaud. But treat the souls, daimons, and Gods in their way, offering what is demanded. But burden no man, demand and expect nothing from h.m. with what your devil-souts and God-souts sead you to believe but endure and remain silent and do proually what befits your kind. You should act not on the other but on yourself, unless the other asks for your help or opinion. Do you understand what had come nearer from above during @IAHMON's speech, and spoke the other does? Never-how should you? Does the other understand what you do? Whence do you take the right to think about the other and act on him? You have neglected yourself, your garden is full of weeds, and you want to teach your neighbor about order and provide evidence for his shortcomings

"Why should you keep allent about the others? Because there would be plenty to discuss concerning your own daimons. But If you act on and think about the other without him soliciting your opinion or advice, you do so because you cannot distinguish. yourself from your soul. Therefore you fall victim to her presumption. and help her into whoring. Or do you believe that you must lend your human power to the roul or the Gods, or even that it will be useful and prous work if you want to bring the Gods to bear on others? Blinded one, that is Christian presumptuousness. The Godi don't need your help, you laughable sdolater who seem to yourself like a God and want to form, improve rebuke educate. and create men. Are you perfect yourself - therefore remain. silent, mind your business and behold your inadequacy every day. You are most in need of your own help, you should keep your opinions and good advice ready for yourself and not run to others like a whose with understanding and the desire to help.

You don't need to play God. What are daimons, who don't act out of themselves? So set them go to work, but not through you, or else you yourself will become a daimon to others, seave them to themselves and don't pre-empt them with awkward love, concern, careadvice, and other presumptions. Otherwise you would be doing the work of the daimons; you yourself would become a daimon and therefore go into a frenzy. But the daimons are pleased at the raying of helpiess men advising and striving to help others. So stay quiet fulfill the cursed work of redemption on yourself. for then the daimons must forment themselves and in the same way all your tellow men, who do not distinguish themselves from their souls and let themselves be mocked by daimons. Is it crueito leave your blinded fellow human beings to their own devices? It would be cruei if you could open their eyes. But you could open their eyes only if they solicited your opinion and help. Yet if they do not, they do not need your help. If you force your help on them nonetheless, you become their dalmon and increase their blindness, since you set a bad example. Draw the coar of patience and silence over your head, sit down, and seave the daimon to accompash his work. If he brings something about, he will work wonders. Thus will you sit under fruit begring trees

"Know that the daimons would like to influme you to embrace their work, which is not yours. And, you fool, you believe that it is you and that it is your work. Why? Because you can't distinguish yourself from your soul. But you are distinct from her and you should not pursue whoring with other some as if you yourself were a soul, but instead you are a powerless man who needs all his force for his own completion. Why do you look to the other? What you see in him des neglected in yourself. You should be the guard before the prison of your sout. You are your soul's eumuch, who protects her from Gods and men, or protects the Gods and men from her. Power is given to the weak man, a poison. that paralyzes even the Gods, ake a poison sting bestowed upon the little bee whose force is far inferior to yours. Your soul could seize this poison and thereby endanger even the Gods. So put the som under wraps, distinguish yourself from her, since not only your fellow men but also the Gods must live."

When ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ had finished, I turned to my soul, who

Have you heard what OIAHMIN has been saying? How does thus tone strike you? Is his advice good?"

But the taid, 'Do not mock, or else you strike yourself. Do not forget to love me."

"It is difficult for me to anite hate and love " I replied

"I understand," she said, "yet you know that it is the same. Hate. and love mean the same to me. Like all women of my kind, form matters less to me than that everything belong to me or else to no one. I am also jeasous of the hate you give others. I want everything, since I need everything for the great journey that I intend to begin after your disappearance. I must prepare in good time. Until then I must make timely provision and much a atill lacking."

"And do you agree that I throw you into prison" I asked.

"Of course " she answered, "there I have peace and can collect myself. Your human world makes me drunk-so much human blood-I could get intoxicated on it to the point of madness. Doors of iron, waits of stone cold darkness and the rations of penance—that ii the buss of redemption. You do not suspect my torment when the bloody intoxication seizes me hurls me again and again into living matter from a dark fearful creative arge that formerly brought me close to the afeless and ignited the terrible lust for procreation in me. Remove me from conceiving matter, the ruting fermine of yawning emptiness. Force me into confinement where I can find resistance and my own iaw. Where I can think about the journey, the rising sun the dead one spoke of, and the buzzing, melodious golden wargs. Be thankful—don't you want to thank me? You are blinded. You deserve my highest thanks."

Filled with delight at these words, I cried

"How divinely beautiful you are!" And at the same time fury seized me

Hell, you have tormented me nearly to death and I long for your thanks. Yes, I am moved that you thank me. The hound's nature lies in my blood. Therefore I am bitter—for my sake, since how does it move you! You are divine and devilishly great wherever and howsoever you are. As yet I am only your eurach doorkeeper no less imprisoned than you. Speak, you concubine of Heaven you divine monster. Have I not fished you from the swamp? How do you like the black hole? Speak without blood, sing from your own force, you have gorged yourself on me.

Then my soul writhed and like a downtrodden worm turned and cried out, "Pity have compassion."

"Compassion? Have you ever had compassion for me? You brute bestial tormentor! You've never gotten past compassionate moods. You lived on human food and drank my blood. Has it made you fat? Will you learn to revere the torment of the human animal? What would you souls and Gods want without man? Why do you long for him? Speak, whore!"

She sobbed, "My speech stops. I'm homified at your accusation."

"Are you going to get serious? Are you going to have second thoughts? Are you going to learn modesty or perhaps even some other human virtue you soulless soul-being? Yes, you have no soul, because you are the thing itself you fiend. Would you like a human soul? Should I perhaps become your earthly soul so that you will have a soul? You see, I've gone to your school. I've learned how one behaves as a soul, perfectly ambiguous, mysteriously untruthful and hypocritical."

While I spoke to my soul in this way, ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ stood silently a little distance off. But now he stepped forward laid his hand on my shoulder, and spoke in my name.

"You are blessed, virgin soul, praised be your name. You are the chosen one among women. You are the God-bearer. Praise be to you! Honor and fame be yours in eternity.

"You live in the golden temple. The peoples come from afar and praise you.

"We your vassals, wait on your words

"We drink red wine, dispensing a sacrificial drink in recollection of the mea, of blood that you celebrated with us

"We prepare a black chucken for a sacrificial meat in remembrance of the man who fed you

"We invite our friends to the sacrificial meal, carrying wreaths of any and roses in remembrance of the farewell you took from your saddened vassals and maids.

"Let this day be a festival celebrating pay and afe. the day upon which you, blessed one, commence the return journey from the land of men where you have learned how to be a some

"You follow the son who ascended and passed over

"You carry us up as your som and set yourself before the son of God, maintaining your immortal right as an ensouled being.

"We are joyful, good things will follow you. We lend you strength: We are in the land of men and we are abve."

After ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ had ended, my som looked saddened and pleased, and hesitated and yet hir ned to prepare herself to leave as and to ascend again, happy at the regained freedom. But I suspected something secret in her, something that she sought to hide from me. Therefore I did not let her make off but spoke to her.

"What holds you back? What are you hiding? Probably a golden vessel, a jewel that you have stolen from men? Isn't that a gem, a piece of gold, shining through your robe? What is the beautiful thing that you robbed when you drank the blood of men and ate their sacred flesh? Speak the truth, for I see the he on your face?"

"I haven't taken anything," she answered annoyed

"You are lying, you want to cast suspicion on me, where you are tacking. Those times when you could rob men unpuntahed are over Sutrender everything that is his sacred inheritance and that you have tapaciously claimed. You have stolen from the vassal and the beggar. God is rich and powerful, you can steal from him. His kingdom knows no loss. Shameful liar, when will you finally stop plaguing and robbing your humanity?"

But she looked at me as unnocently as a dove and said gently

"I do not suspect you. I wish you well. I respect your right. I acknowledge your humanity. I do not take anything away from you. I do not withhold anything from you. You possess everything, I, nothing,"

"Yet." I exclaimed, "you be insufferably. You possess not only that marvelous thing that belongs to me but you also have access to the Gods and eternal fullness. Therefore surrender what you have stolen, har."

Now she was vexed and repued:

"How can you? I no longer recognize you. You are crazy, even more you are laughable a childish ape, who extends his paw toward everything that glitters. But I will not allow what is mine to be taken from me."

Then I cried enraged, "You're sying, you're lying, I saw the gold, I saw the sparkling light of the tewel: I know it belongs to me. You ought not take that away from me. Give it back!"

Then she broke out in defiant tears and said. "I don't want to part with it it's too precious to me. Do you want to rob me of the last ornament?"

"Embelish yourself with the gold of the Gods, but not with the meager treasures of earthbound human beings. May you taste heavenly poverty after you have preached earthly poverty and necessity to your humankind, like a true and proper cierce full of hes, who fulls his belly and purse and preaches poverty."

"You torment me awfully," she wailed, "leave me just this one thing. You men still have enough. I cannot be without this very one this incomparable one for whose sake even the Gods envy men."

"I will not be unjust" I reputed. "But give me what belongs to me and beg for what you need from it. What is it? Speak!"

"Ass, that I can neither keep it not conceal it! It is love warm human love blood, warm red blood, the holy source of life, the unification of everything separated and longed for."

"So." I said "it is love that you claim as a natural right and property, although you still ought to beg for it. You get drunk

⁶⁶ january ts. 1916

on the blood of man and let him starve. Love belongs to me. I want to love, not you through me. You'll crawl and beg for it like a dog. You'll raise your hands and fawn, the hungry hounds. I possess the key. I will be a more just administrator than you. godiess Gods. You will gather around the source of blood, the sweet miracle, and you will come bearing gifu so that you may receive what you need I protect the holy source so that no God can seize it for himself. The Gods know no measure and no mercy. They get drunk on the most precious of draughts. Ambrosia and nectar® are the flesh and blood of men, truly a noble meal. They waste the drink in drunkenness, the goods. of the poor since they have neither God nor sow presiding over them as their judges. Presumptuousness and excessiveness, severity and callousness are your essence. Greed for the sake of greed, power for the sake of power, pleasure for the sake. of pleasure, immoderation and insatiableness, this is how one recognizes you, you daimons

"Yes, you have yet to learn, you devils and Gods, you daimons and souls to craw) in the dust for the sake of love so that from someone somewhere you snatch a drop of the living sweetness. Learn humility and pride from men for the sake of love

"You Gods, your first born son is man. He bore a terribly beautiful ugly son of God who is renewal to you al. But this mystery, too, fulfills you; you bore a son of men who is my renewal. no less spiendid-terrible, and his rule also will serve you."

Then ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ approached me, raised his hand, and spoke.⁴⁰ "Both God and man are disappointed victims of deception, biessedly blessed, powerlessly powerful. The eternally rich universe unfolds again in the earthly Heaven and the Heaven of the Gods. in the underworlds and in the worlds above. Separation once more comes to the agomzingly anited and yoked. Endless multiplicity takes the place of what has been forced together, since only diversity is wealth, blood, and harvest?

A night and a day passed, and when night came again and I looked around I saw that my soul hesitated and waited. So I addressed her™

"What you're still here? Didn't you find the way or didn't you find the words, which belong to me? How do you honor humanking your earthly soul? Recall what I bore and suffered for you, how I wasted myself how I lay before you and writhed. how I gave my blood to you! I have an obligation to lay on you learn to honor humankind, for I saw the land that is promised to man, the land where milk and honey flows."

"I saw the land of the promised love

"I saw the spiendor of the sun on that land

I saw the green forests, the golden vineyards and the villages.

"I saw the towering mountains with hanging fields of

"I saw the fruitfulness and fortune of the earth

"None but I saw the fortune of man.

"You my sout, force mortal men to labor and suffer for your salvation. I demand that you do this for the earthly fortune of humankind. Pay heed: I speak in both my name and the name of mankind, since our power and giory are yours, thine is the kingdom and our promised land. So bring it about employing your abundance! I will remain silent, yes, I will leave you be it depends on you you can bring about what man is denied to create I stand waiting. Torment yourself so that you come to find it. Where is your own salvation, if you fail in your duty to bring about that of man? Pay heed! You will be working for me, and I will remain silent"

"Now then," she said "I want to set to work. But you must build the furnace. Throw the old, the broken, the worn out, the umused, and the runed into the melting pot so that it will be renewed for fresh use

"It is the custom of the ancients, the tradition of the ancestors, observed since days of old. It is to be adapted for new use It is practice and incubation in a smalter, a taking back into the interior, into the hor accumulation where rust and brokenness are taken away through the heat of the fire. It is a holy ceremony. help me so that my work may succeed

Touch the earth, press your hand into matter shape it with care. The power of marter is great. Did HAP not come from matter? Is matter not the faling of emptiness? By forming matter, I shape your salvation. If you do not doubt the power of HAP how can you doubt the power of its mother, matter? Matter is stronger than HAP since HAP is the son of the earth. The hardest matter is the best, you should form the most durable matter. This strengthens thought "

{6} I did as my som advised, and formed in matter the thoughts. that she gave me. She spoke often and at length to me about the wisdom that hes behind us " But one night she suddenly came to me with a sense of anesse and anxiety and exclaimed." "What am I seeing? What does the future harbor? Biszing fire? A fire hovers in the air—it draws near—a flame—many flames—a searing miracle- how many aghts burn? My beloved, it is the mercy of the eternal fire—the breath of fire descends on you?"

But I cried out in horror. 'I fear something terrible and dreadfu. I am deeply afraid since the things that you announced beforehand were awful- must everything be broken, burned, and destroyed?"

"Patience," she said and stared into the distance, "fire surrounds you an immeasurable sea of embers."

"Don't torture me-what dreadful mysteries do you possess? Speak, I implore you. Or are you lying again, damned formenting spirit, deceiving fiend? What are your treatherous specters supposed to mean?"

But she answered calmiy, "I also want your fear."

"What for? To terment me?"

But she continued, "To bring it before the ruler of this world." He demands the sacrifice of your fear. He appreciates your sacrifice. He²⁵ has mercy upon you."

"Mercy upon me? What is that supposed to mean? I want to hide myself from him. My face shrinks from the raier of this

⁶⁸ in Greek mythology, anabrosis and nectar are disc food and drink of the Gods.

⁶⁹ This sentence don't not occur in Black Book 5.

⁷⁰ January 14, 1916 The preceding paragraph does not occur in Black Book 5.

⁷¹ In Exochus 3, God appeters to Moses us the burning bush and promises to tead his people out of Egypt rate a rand flowing with milk and honey
23 See Appendix C. January 16 (916. This is a preliminary sketch of the cosmology of the Septem Services Jungs reference to forming his soul's thoughts us matter seems to refer to composition of the Systems Munditotius (see Appendix A). For a study of this, see Barry Peronson, "Systems Mandrount and Serve Services symbolic collabo rators in Jung's confrontation with the dead," Isog Fférery 1. 2 (2005/6), pp. 6-10. and "The sources of Systems Muriditatius: mendelse, mythe and a inferior presention Jung Hissay 2, 2, 2007, pp. 20- 22-

⁷³ January (8 (906)

²⁴ The painting 'Systems mandicution' has a tegend at the bottom "Abrases dominus mandi" (Abrases Master of the World)

⁹⁵ Black Book 5 has: "Abraxaa" (p. 18))

world, for it is branded, it bears a mark it beheld the forbidden. Therefore I avoid the ruler of this world."

"But you should come before tims," she said. "he has heard about your fear."

"You mutilied this fear in me. Why did you give me away?"
"You have been summoned to serve him."

But i mouned and exclaimed, "Thrice damned fate: Why can't you leave me in sechision? Why has he chosen me for sacrifice? Thousands would giadly throw themselves before him. Why must "be me" I cannot I don't want to."

But the soul said, "You possess the word that should not be allowed to remain conceased."

"What is my word?" I answered, "it is the stammening of a minor it is my poverty and my incapacity, my inability to do otherwise. And you want to drag this before the ruler of this world?"

But she looked straight alto the distance and said, "I see the surface of the earth and smoke sweeps over it—a sea of fire rous close in from the north, it is serting the towns and valages on fire plunging over the mountains, breaking through the valleys, burning the forests—people are going mad—you go before the fire in a burning robe with singed hair, a crazy look in your eyes, a parched tongue, a hoarse and foul—sounding voice—you forge ahead, you announce what approaches, you scale the mountains, you go into every valley and stammer words of fright and proclaim the fire's agony. You bear the mark of the fire and men are horrified at you. They do not see the fire, they do not believe your words but they see your mark and unknowingly suspect you to be the messenger of the burning agony. What fire't they ask, what fire't You stutter you stammer, what do you know about a fire? I rooked at the embers, I saw the biazing flames. May God save us."

"My soul," I cried in despair, "speak, explain, what should I proclaim? The fire? Which fire?"

"Look up, see the flames that blaze over your head—took up, the skies redden."

With these words my soul vanished

But I remained anxious and confused for many days. And my soul remained silent and was not to be seen.* But one night a dark crowd knocked at my door, and I trembled with fear. Then my soul appeared and said in haste. "They are here and will tear open your door."

"So that the wicked herd can break into my garden? Should I be plundered and thrown out onto the street? You make me into an ape and a child's plaything. When, Oh my God, shall be saved from this Heil of fools? But I want to back to pieces your cursed webs, go to Hell, you fools. What do you want with me?"

But she interrupted me and said, "What are you talking about?" Let the dark ones speak."

I retorted, "How can I trust you? You work for yourself, not for me. What good are you, if you can't even protect me from the devil's confusion?"

"Be quiet," ahe replied, "or else you'll disturb the work."

And as she spoke these words, behold **©IAHMON** came up to me, dressed in the white robe of a priest, and lay his hand on my shoulder." Then I said to the dark ones, "So speak, you dead." And immediately they cried in many voices," "We have come back from Jerusalem, where we did not find what we sought?" We improve you to set us in. You have what we desire. Not your blood, but your light. That is "t"

Then MARMAN afted his voice and taught them, saying to (and this is the first sermon to the dead).

"Now hear I begin with nothingness. Nothingness is the same as the fullness. In infinity full it as good as empty. Nothingness is empty and full. You might just as well say anything else about nothingness, for instance, that it is white or black, or that it does not exist or that it exists. That which is endless and eternal has no qualities, since it has all qualities.

76 (#HURE/V 29, 1916) 27 January 30 (916. The preceding sentence does not occur in Black Back 5. to the World, and that their content atticipated his later books. From that time on, the dead have become ever more distinct for me as the voices of the unanswered suntesolved and unredeemed." The questions be was a med to answer did not come from the world around hun, but from the dead. One element that astonished bins was the fact that the dead appeared to know no more than they did when the died. One would have assumed that they had around greater knowledge since death This cuptured the tendency of the dead to encroach upon tite and why in insportant family events have to be reported to the ancestors. He fell that the dead This explained the dendency of the detail to encroken upon the and why in the post and taken to be reported to the accessors. He reli that the detail a feel that the detail Analogous to the source of the detail Analogous to the source of the holy places.

He has a harmonic of the detail Analogous to the Second Analogous this end of the source of the Second Analogous this end of the source of the Second Analogous this end of the Second Analogous the second Analogous this end of the Second Analogous the second Analogous this end of the Second Analogous this eran eran Budder 📭 fungo calligraphic and grinted versions - 😽 - 🏎 🕬 however the new advance - De seven unstructions of the dead. Written by Basilides as Alexandria, where the East touches the West Translated from the ong. 44 texclies the West Translated from the ong was a man and any see "Basilides was a Christian philosopher in Alexandria in the first pair of the second contrary within a known about his life or only fragments of his teachings have survived (and none in his own hand), which present a cosmogonic myth. For the extrary high the different factor of the first pairs (New York Doubleday, 1987, pp. 417-44). According to Charles King, Basilides was by birth not be seen to to not to see a with the Choosic philosophy For this re 18641, pp. 33-34) According to Lanton. to combine the teners of the Christian religion operation to the ргезелтей из тое тогко алагодом то а чаполос. myth. It is the fact that the second to the the self, and notes that Basilides and Valentions allowed a selves to be influenced in a large measure by natural inner experience. They therefore provide fibe the alchemists, a verticable mine of information concerning all those symbols arising out of the hose income of the Christian message. As the name time their ideas compensate the symmetry of God postulated by the document of the provide like those well-known modern tendencies of the unconscious produce—bols of totality for bridging the gap between consciousness and the constitution of CW 9. 3, \$448) In 1915, he wrote a letter to a briend from his student days. In Licitorinan, who had written a book, Die Offenburng for Great times and the constitution and their provides of the constitution and their provides of the constitution with William largest distinction between truth and tender must be constituted from the constitution and their provides of the constitution with William largest distinction between truth and tender must be constituted from the constitution and their provides of the constitution of the constitution and their provides of the constitution and their provides of the constitution of the constitution and their provides of the constitution and their provides of the constitution Gnorticism, and their possible correlation with William James's distinction between tough and tender-monded characters (JA). In Memorie, Jung said: "Between 1918 and 1926 I had seriously studied the Gnortics, for they too had been confronted with the primal world of the unconscious. They had dealt with its contents and thing to be at mid-There has been an extensive of the Libbid. There has been an extensive of commentaries concerning the Septem Surmoner, which provides some valuable discussions. However, these should be treated rante. As as they considered the Summer without the benefit of caller Nova and the Black Books, and, not least, Phileman's commentaries. a few or the sea of h al d 10 -16 1 10 11 as Da ... Je. parallels for Services and the relation of the Services to Jung's later works. See especially Christine Mailland, In Septem Services are Morts de . Gustov Jung (Nancy Foresse Universitaires de Nancy. 1993). See also Altred Ribi. Dit Sude nach den offenen Warrels. Die Balentang von Grook, Horsetth and Alchemie für C. G. Jung and Marie Looks vin Frank and deep Service of the strokerne Verstandah deep Ditarplin (Bette Peter Lang, 1991): Robert Segal. The Greath Jang (Princeton: Princeton: University Press
1992): Gilles Quapel. "C by a company of the strokerne Verstandah deep Ditarplin (Bette Peter Lang, 1991): Robert Segal. The Greath Jang (Princeton: Princeton: University Press
1992): Gilles Quapel. "C by a company of the second second

"We call this nothingness or fullness the *Planess*." Therein both thinking and being cease since the eternal and endless possess no quanties. No one is in it for he would then be distinct from the Pleroma, and would possess quanties that would distinguish him as something distinct from the Pleroma.

"In the Pleroma there is nothing and everything. It is fruitiess to think about the Pleroma, for this would mean self-dissolution

"Creation is not in the Pleroma, but in itself. The Pletoma is the beginning and end of creation in it pervades creation, just as the sunlight pervades the air. Although the Pleroma is altogether pervasive, creation has no share in it, just as a wholly transparent body becomes neither light nor dark through the light pervading it.

We are, however, the Pleroma strelf, for we are a part of the eternal and the endless. But we have no share therein, as we are infinitely removed from the Pletoma: not spatially or temporally, but essentially, since we are distinguished from the Pletoma in our essence as creation, which is confined within time and space.

"Yet because we are parts of the Pleroma, the Pleroma is also in us. Even in the smallest point the Pleroma is endiess, eternal, and whole since small and great are qualities that are contained in it. It is nothingness that is whole and continuous throughout. Only figuratively, therefore do I speak of creation as part of the Pleroma. Because, actually, the Pleroma is nowhere divided, since it is nothingness. We are also the whole Pleroma, because figuratively, the Pleroma is the smallest point in us. merely assumed, not existing, and the boundless firmament about us. But why then do we speak of the Pleroma at al. if it is everything and nothing?

"I speak about it in order to begin somewhere and also to free you from the delusion that somewhere without or within there is something fixed or in some way established from the outset Every so-called fixed and certain thing is only relative. That alone is fixed and certain that is subject to change

"creation, however, is subject to change; therefore it alone is fixed and determined because it has quanties indeed, it is quality itself.

"Thus we ask how did the creation come into being? Creatures came into being, but not creation, since creation is the very quality of the Pleroma, as much as noncreation, eternal death. Creation is ever present and so is death. The Pleroma has everything, differentiation and nondifferentiation.

"Differentiation" is creation It is differentiated. Differentiation is its essence and therefore it differentiates. Therefore man

differentiates since his essence is differentiation. Therefore he also differentiates the qualities of the Pleroma that do not exist. He differentiates them on account of his own essence. Therefore he must speak of those qualities of the Pleroma that do not exist.

"You say what use is there in speaking about it at all?' Did you yourself not say that it is not worth thinking about the Pleroma?

"I mentioned that to free you from the delission that we are able to think about the Pleroma. When we distinguish the qualities of the Pleroma, we are speaking from the ground of our own differentiated state and about our own differentiation, but have effectively said nothing about the Pleroma. Yet we need to speak about our own differentiation, so that we may sufficiently differentiate ourselves. Our very nature is differentiation. If we are not true to thus nature we do not differentiate ourselves enough. We must therefore make distinctions between qualities

"You ask, 'what harm is there in not differentiating oneself? If we do not differentiate, we move beyond our essence, beyond creation, and we fall into nondifferentiation, which is the other quanty of the Pletoma. We fall into the Pletoma itself and cease to be created beings. We lapse into dissolution in nothingness. This is the death of the creature. Therefore we die to the same extent that we do not differentiate. Hence the creature's essence strives toward differentiation and struggles against primeval, perilous sameness. This is called the principless individuations." This principle is the essence of the creature. From this you can see why nondifferentiation and nondistinction pose a great danger to the creature.

"We must therefore distinguish the qualities of the Pleroma. These qualities are pairs of opposites, such as

"the effective and the ineffective the fullness and the emptiness, the living and the dead, the different and the same ight and darkness, but and coid, force and matter time and space good and evil the beautiful and the ugly, the one and the many, etc.

*The pairs of opposites are the qualities of the Pleroma that do not exist, because they cancel themselves out. As we are the

of the unity underlying the multiplicity of the empurical world (Ibid. \$759f.)

83 In Psychological Types (1921) lung described. Too as "the creative being begetting as the father and bringing forth as the mother. It is the beginning and end of all beings" (CW 6 \$269.) The relation of lung's Pleroma to the Chinese Too is discussed by Maillard, op cit. p. 75. See also tohis Peck. The Visio December Described Properties Seating, Later Alignments, pp. 179—80.

84 Let Letrochisterbel — Psychological Type (1921) C.W. 6. \$705. Differentiation — Differentiations is a notion from the philosophy of Arthur Schopenhauer. He defined space and time at the principium undividuationis, noting that he had borrowed the expression from Scholasticism. The principium individuationis was the passibility of multiplicity (The Arthur Will and Representation (1839) — vols to E. a Payote [New York Daver], pp. 145-46). The term was used by Educative Martinane, who saw or origin on the unconscious. It designated the "uniqueness" of each individual set against the "all-one unconscious" (Philosophie del University across norm individuation. This fam validates an essential part of histopenhauer hand. Hartmann's philosophy in profound psychological forms. (Therefore and special of the Libido C.W.B. § \$19. In 1914 and presentations after in 1916 long developed his concept of antitroduation. "The structure of the unconscious. C.W." and "Individuation and rollectives. C.W. B.) In 1921 lung defined mass follows: "The concept of antitroduation plays no manor role in our psychology: individuation and particularisation of individual beings especially the development of the psychological individual as a being distinct from generalization of the psychology and without at psychology and which the psychology and without at personality. (Psychological Typis C.W. § 1981)

³² The Pleroma, or bullness, it is terms from Gnosticism. It played a central role in the Valentinian system. Hand Jonas states that "Pleroma is the standard terms for the bully explicated manifold of divine characteristics, whose standard number is thirty, forming a hierarchy and together constituting the divine realin. The Constituting for the New Jonas of the Alien Gos and the Beyondays of Christianity London. Routledge 1992], p. 680). In 1920, hing said: The Lineature in expressed it as Pleroma a state of bullness where the pairs of opposites, year and nay, day and night, are together than when they become—is either day or night. In the state of promise helion, hey become, they are nonexistent there is neither white nor black good nor bad! (Deets Analysis). Note of the Senting Gost to 1946—1950 ed. William McCuzine [Bollingen Sentes, Princeton Princeton Intensity Press, 1984], p. 31). In his later writings, hing used the term to designate a state of pre-existence and potentiality, identifying it with the Tibetan Bardor. The must. Accustom himself to the idea that came as a relative concept and models to be compensated by the concept of a minutearrows. Bardor for pleromatic existence of all historical processes. What exists in the Pleroma is an external process, appears in case as aperiodic sequence: that is to say, is repeated many nines in an irregular pattern. (Assert to Job, 1942, CW. 1, \$629, see also \$630, 644, 675, 636, 737, 733, 748). The distinction that Jong draws between the Pleroma and the organized pattern. (Assert to Job, 1942, CW. 1, \$629, see also \$630, 644, 675, 636, 737, 733, 748). The distinction that Jong draws between the Pleroma and the organized pattern. (Assert to Job, 1942, CW. 1, \$629, see also \$630, 644, 675, 636, 737, 733, 748). The distinction that Jong draws between the Pleroma and the organized pattern. (Assert to John 1974) Pleroma to Erithary a differentiation between the Godhead and God, lung commended to this in Psychological Type, 1921. The relation of the transcendental p

Pleroma itself we also have all these qualities in us. Since our nature is grounded in differentiation, we have these quarties in the name and under the sign of differentiation, which means

"First these quanties are differentiated and separate in us: therefore they do not cancel each other out, but are effective Thus we are the victims of the pairs of opposites. The Pleroma is rent within as.

"Second: these qualities belong to the Pleroma, and we must possess and live them only in the name and under the sign of differentiation. We must differentiate ourselves from these quanties. They cancel each other out in the Pleroma, but not in as Distinction from them saves us

"When we strive for the good or the beautiful, we forget our essence, which is differentiation, and we fall subject to the spell of the qualities of the Pleroma, which are the pairs of opposites. We endeavor to attain the good and the beguzitha, yet at the same. time we also seize the evil and the agiy, since in the Pletoma these. are one with the good and the beautiful. But if we remain true to our essence, which is differentiation, we differentiate ourselves from the good and the beautiful, and hence from the evil and agiy. And thus we do not fall under the spell of the Pieroma, namely into nothingness and dissolution.**

"You object you said that difference and sameness are also qualities of the Pleroma. What is it like if we strive for distinctiveness? Are we in so doing, not true to our own nature? And must we nonetheless fail into sameness when we strive for distinctiveness?

"You must not forget that the Pleroma has no qualities We create these through thinking, If therefore, you strive for distinctiveness or sameness, or any qualities whatsoever you pursue thoughts that flow to you out of the Pleroma: thoughts namely, concerning the non-existing qualities of the Pleroma. Inasmuch as you run after these thoughts, you fall again into the Pleroma, and attain distinctiveness and sameness at the same time. Not your thinking, but your essence, is differentiation. Therefore you must not strive for what you conceive as distinctiveness, but for your own esence. At bottom, therefore, there is only one striving, namely the striving for one's own essence. If you had this striving, you would not need to know anything about the Pleroma and its qualities, and yet you would attain the right goal by writte of your own essence. Since, however, thought altenates us from our essence I must teach you that knowledge with which you can bridle your thoughts "

*The dead faded away grumbing and moaning and their cries died away in the distance

*But I turned to ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ and said *My father you utter strange teachings. Did not the ancients teach similar things? And was it not a reprehensible heresy, removed equally from love and the truth? And why do you lay out such a teaching to this horde, which the night wind swirled up from the dark bloodfields of the West?"

"My son," ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ replied, "these dead ended their lives too. early. These were seekers and therefore still hover over their graves.

Their lives were incomplete, since they knew no way beyond the one to which belief had abandoned them. But since no one teaches them. I must do so. That is what love demands, since they wanted to hear even if they grumble. But why do I impart this teaching of the ancients? I teach in this way because their Christian faith. once discarded and persecuted precisely this teaching. But they repudiated Christian belief and hence were rejected by that faith They do not know this and therefore I must teach them, so that their afe may be fulfilled and they can enter into death."

"But do you, Oh wise #IAFIMON, believe what you teach?".

"My son," ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ replied, "why do you ruse this question? How could I reach what I believe? Who would give me the right to such benef? It is what I know how to say, not because I believe it, but because I know it. If I knew better, I would teach better. But it would be easy for me to believe more. Yet should I teach a belief to those who have discarded belief? And, I ask you, is it good to believe something even more, if one does not know better?"

"Bug," I remitted, "are you certain that things really are as you say?" To this ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ answered, "I do not know whether it is the best that one can know. But I know nothing better and therefore I am certain these things are as I say If they were otherwise I would say something else since I would know them to be otherwise. But these things are as I know them, since my knowledge is precisely. these things themselves."

"My father is that your guarantee that you are not mistaken?"

"There are no nurrakes in these things," OIAHMON replied, "there. are only different levels of knowledge. These things are as you know them. Only in your world are things always other than you know them, and therefore there are only mistakes in your world."

After these words ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ bent down and touched the earth with his hands and disappeared

[7] That night OIAHMON stood beside me and the dead drew near and ined the walls and cried out." "We want to know about God. Where is God≥ Is God dead?"*

But \$\phi AHMON rose and said (and this is the second sermon) to the dead)

"God is not dead. He is as alive as ever God is creation for he is something definite, and therefore differentiated from the Pleroma. God is a quality of the Pleroma, and everything I have said about creation also applies to him.

"But he is distinct from creation in that he is much more indefinite and indeterminable. He is less differentiated than creation, since the ground of his essence is effective fullness. Only insofar as he is definite and differentiated is he creation. and as such he is the manifestation of the effective fullness of the Pleroma

"Everything that we do not differentiate falls into the Pleroma and is cancelled out by its opposite. If, therefore, we do not differentiate God, effective fullness is canceled our for us

"Moreover, God is the Pleroma itself, just as each smallest point in the created and uncreated is the Pleroma itself

BG The notion of life and mature being constituted by opposites and polarines featured centrally to the Naturaldsophic of Schelling. The notion that psychic conflict rook the internal of a conflict of opposites and that healing represented their resolution teatured prominently in living lister work, see Psychological Types, 1923 - We 6 to 5, and Atjeterium Continectionus, 1955/95, CW 14.

⁸⁷ The tallowing paragraphs to the end of this section do not occur to Black Book 6
88 In the published version of the Sermone: these commencemes that follow each sermon do not appear, and not does Philepron. The person delivering the sermons has been assumed to be Basilides. These commensures were added to Scrutinies

B9 In his 1959 BBC TV interview. John Freeman asked Jung "Do you now believe in God?" Jung replied: "Now? [Pause., Difficult to appear. I how I don't need to believe I know William McGuire and R.F.C. Hull. eds., C. G. Jung Spadding Interview and Encounters p. 428). Philemon's pracement here seems to be the background for their much clear and debated statement. This emphasis on direct experience also accords with classical Graphicism. 90 January 31 (916. This sentence does not occur in Black Book 6.

⁹ For inertrache's discussion of the death of notice for approximate affile by with and as an Third Spake Zerathasers, specifier 4 ("Removed from service," p. 2711). For jung's discussion of this, see "Espirited span religion, 1918 CW st State Jung commented: "When Microsche said: God is dead, he expressed a teach which is valid for the greater paint of Europe" (third State). To Microsche's statement, Jung noted, "However it would be more correct to say. He has discarded our image and where will we find him again?" (Ibid.) He gave not in discuss the matter of the death and the approximate it is not at a matter of the gave not in discarded our matter of the death and the approximate it is not at a matter of the gave not in discarded our matter of the death and the present of the same and remove one.

"Effective emptiness is the essence of the devil. God and devil. are the first manifestations of nothingness, which we call the Pleroma. It makes no difference whether the Pleroma exists or not, since it cancels itself out completely. Not so creation. Insofaras God and the devil are created beings, they do not cancel each. other our but stand one against the other as effective opposites. We need no proof of their existence. It is enough that we have to keep speaking about them. Even if both were not, creation would forever distinguish them anew out of the Pleroma on account of their distinct essences

*Everything that differentiation takes out of the Pleroma is a pair of opposites, therefore the devil always belongs to God."

"This inseparability is most intimate and, as you know from experience, as indissoluble in your life as the Pleroma itself, since both stand very close to the Pleroma in which all opposites are canceled out and united.

"Fullness and emptiness, generation and destruction, are what disringuish God and the devil Effectiveness is common to both Effectiveness joins them. Effectiveness, therefore, stands above both, and is a God above God, since it unites fullness and emptiness. through its effectuality

"This is a God you knew nothing about, because mankind torgot him. We call him by his name ABRAXAS " He is even more. indefinite than God and the devil-

"To distinguish him from God, we can God HELIOS or sun." Abraxas is effect. Nothing stands opposed to him but the meffective, hence his effective nature anfolds itself freely. The meffective neither exists nor resists. Abraxas stands above the sun and above the devil. He is improbable probability, that which takes unreal effect. If the Pleroma had an essence. Abraxas would be its manifestation

"He is the effectual itself, not any particular effect, but effect." in general.

He takes anreal effect, because he has no definite effect. He is also creation, since he is distinct from the Pleroma.

The sun has a definite effect, and so does the devil. Therefore they appear to us more effective than the indefinite Abraxas He is force, duration, change "

The dead now raised a great tumult, for they were Christians.

But when ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ had ended his speech, one after another the dead also stepped back into the darkness once more and the noise of their outrage gradually died away in the distance. When all the clamor had passed, I turned to ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ. and exclaimed

"Pity as, wisest one: You take from men the Gods to whom they." could pray. You take alms from the beggar bread from the hungry, fire from the freezing "

ΦΙΑΗΜΩΝ answered and said, "My son, these dead have had to reject the belief of the Christians and therefore they can pray to swamp and exclaimed, "Tell us more about the highest God."

no God. So should I teach them a God in whom they can believe and to whom they can pray? That is precisely what they have rejected. Why did they reject it? They had to reject it because they could not do otherwise. And why did they have no other choice? Because the world, without these men knowing it entered into that month of the great year where one should believe only what one knows." That is difficult enough, but it is also a remedy for the long suckness that arose from the fact that one believed. what one did not know I teach them the God whom both I and they know of without being aware of him, a God in whom one does not beheve and to whom one does not pray, but of whom one knows. I teach this God to the dead since they desired entry and teaching. But I do not teach him to living men since they did not desire my teaching. Why, indeed should I teach them? Therefore, I take away from them no landly hearer of prayers. their father in Heaven. What concern is my foolishness to the living? The dead need salvation, since they are a great waiting flock hovering over their graves, and long for the knowledge that belief and the rejection of belief have breathed their last. But whoever has fatten ill and is near death wants knowledge, and he sacrifices pardon."

"It appears," I repned, "as if you teach a terrible and dreadful God beyond measure, to whom good and evil and human suffering and joy are nothing."

"My son," said ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ, "Did you not see that these dead had a God of love and rejected him? Should I teach them a toving God? They had to reject him after already having long since rejected. the evil God whom they call the devil. Therefore they must know a God to whom everything created is nothing, because he himself is the creator and everything created and the destruction of everything created. Have they not rejected a God who is a father a lover good and beautiful? One whom they thought to have particular qualities and a particular being? Therefore I must teach a God to whom nothing can be attributed, who has all qualities and therefore none because only I and they can know such a God."

*But how, Oh my father, can men unite in such a God? Does the knowledge of such a God not amount to destroying human bonds and every somety based on the good and the beautiful?"

ΦΙΛΉΜΩΝ answered: "These dead rejected the God of love of the good and the beautiful; they had to reject him and so they rejected unity and community in love, in the good and the beautiful. And thus they killed one another and dissolved the community of men. Should I teach them the God who united them in love and whom they rejected? Therefore I teach them the God who dissolves unity who blasts everything human, who powerfully creates and mightily destroys. Those whom love does not unite, fear compels."

And as OIAHMON spoke these words, he bent down swiftly to the ground, touched it with his hand, and disappeared

8) The following might." the dead approached like fog from a

and Dulch, 1864), and there are marginal annountions next to the passage discussing the enymology of Abranas on p. 37.

94 Helion is the Greek Sun God fung discussed solar invitologies in Proefit regions and Symbols of the Libber 1962 (W. B. \$1775) and also in his impublished concluding talk on Opicianus de Canastris au che Eranos conference in Ascona in 1943 (A)

⁹² CE "Attempt in a psychological interpretation of the dogen of the Teintry" (1940), CW 1), §284f.
93 in 1932, lung continented on Abranas "the Chostic symbol Abranas a made up came meaning three buildrest and many five the Grussics used at as the name of then supreme delty. He was a time god. The philosopia of Bergson, is darke extincted in an expression of the same when Jung described from an away that is born too. description here | just as this archetypal world of the collective unconscious is exceedingly paradoxical always yea into itay. The figure of Abrillas means the beginning and the end in it like and death, therefore in it represented by a monatorial figure. It is a minimizer recorded in it the infraegetation in the course of one year, the ippring and the surume, the summer and the winter, the yea and nay of nature. So Abrazas it really identical with the Denshargos, the world creator. And as such he is surely identical with the Purishs, or with Shiws. (November 16, Vision Sembar vol. 2, pp. 806-7). Jung added that "Abraess is usually represented with the head of a fourt, the body of a main, and the rail of a seepent, but there is also the non-headed symbol with a diagon. I had, the head with the revolve type alluding to the number of months. June 7, 1933, Vision Sembar vol. 2, p. 1041-423. According to St. Irements, Busilides held that "the ruler of them is passed Abraesas Spatial and that is why the finder) has the number of the outbody of Sembar vol. 2, p. 1041-423. According to St. Irements, Busilides held that "the ruler of them is passed Abraesas Spatial are Religious children described the restriction of (Layron, ed., The Green's Scripture), p. 425, Abraesas Spatial Diegerich's work. Abraesas Spatial are Religious children described the restriction of the state of the second second of Charles Nood. The Green's Abraesas Spatial of the second second of the spotern Alternate Jung studied this work closely early in 1913, and his copy is automated. Jung also had a copy of Charles King's The Guistles and shelv Romains (London: Bell

⁹⁵ The following paragraphs to the end of this section do not occur in Black Book 6.

⁹⁶ The reference is to the Platonic months. See note 271, p. 405.

And Φ IAHMON stepped forward and began to speak , and this is the third sermon to the dead)⁴⁰.

"Abraxas is the God who is difficult to grasp. His power is greatest, because man does not see it. From the sun he draws the summer bonum;" from the devil the infinum maken: but from Abraxas LIFE, attogether indefinite the mother of good and evil."

"Life seems to be smaller and weaker than the summum bonum: therefore it is also hard to conceive that Abravas's power transcends even the sun's, which is the radiant source of all vital force

"Abraxas is the sun, and at the same time the eternally sucking gorge of empaness, of the dimanisher and dismemberer of the devil

The power of Aheatas is twofoid: but you do not see it because in your eyes the warring opposites of this power are canceled out.

"What the Sun God speaks is life, what the devil speaks is death."

"But Abraxas speaks that hallowed and accursed word that is at once life and death

"Abraxas produces truth and aying, good and evil. aght and darkness. In the same word and in the same act. Therefore Abraxas is terrible."

"He is as splended as the lion in the instant he strikes down his victim. He is as beautiful as a spring day.

"He is the great and the small Pan able

"He is Priapos

"He is the monster of the underworld, a thousand armed polyp, a coiled knot of winged serpents, frenzy.

"He is the hermaphrodite of the earliest beginning.

"He is the ford of toads and frogs, which are in the water and go up on the land, whose chorus ascends at moon and at midnight

"He is the fullness that seeks union with emptiness

"He is holy begetting,

"He is love and its murder

"He is the saint and his betrayer.

"He is the brightest light of day and the darkest night of madness."

"To look upon him, is bundness

"To recognize him is sickness

"To worship him is death.

"To fear turn is wisdom

"Not to resist him is redemption

"God dwells behind the sun, the devil behind the night. What God brings forth out of the light, the devil sucks into the night. But Abraxas is the world, its becoming and its passing. Upon every gift that comes from the sun god the devil lays his curse.

"Everything that you request from the Sun God produces a deed from the devil. Everything that you create with the Sun God gives effective power to the devil.

"That is terrible Abraxas.

"He is the mightiest created being and in him creation is afraid of itself

"He is the manifest opposition of creation to the Pletoma and its nothingness

"He is the son's horror of the mother

He is the mother's love for the son

He is the delight of the earth and the cruetty of the heavens

At his eight man's face congeals.

Before him there is no question and no reply

He is the life of creation.

He is the effect of differentiation.

He is the love of man

He is the speech of man

He is the appearance and the shadow of man

He is deceptive reality."**

Now the dead howled and raged, for they were incomplete

But when their noisy cries had failed away, I said to ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ "How, Oh my father should I understand this God?"

ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ answered and said:

"My son, why do you want to understand him? This God is to be known but not understood. If you understand him, then you can say that he is this or that and this and not that. Thus you hold him in the hollow of your hand and therefore your hand must throw him away. The God whom I know is this and that and just as much this other and that other. Therefore no one can understand this God, but it is possible to know him, and therefore I speak and teach him."

"But " I retorted, "does this God not bring despairing confusion into the minds of men?"

To this ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ said "These dead rejected the order of anity and community since they rejected the benef in the father in Heaven who ruled with just measure. They had to reject him Therefore I teach them the chaos that is without measure and atterly boundless, to which justice and injustice remency and severity, patience and anger love and hate are nothing. For how can I teach anything other than the God whom I know and whom they know without being conscious of him?"

I replied, "Why, Oh solemn one do you call the eternally incomprehensible the cruel contradictoriness of nature. God>"

ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ said. "How should I name it otherwise" If the overpowering essence of events in the amiverse and in the hearts of men were law. I would call it law. Yet it is also no law, but chance, urregularity, sin, error, stupidity, carelessness, folly, illeganty. Therefore I cannot call it law. You know that this must be so, and at the same time you know that it did not have to be so and that at some other time it will not be so. It is overpowering

98 This sentence does not occas to Bleck Book 6

99 Aristotle defined happiness as the supreme good (Summura Bonum). In his Summer Throbysia, Thomas Agunum identified this with God. Fang saw the doctrine of the Summura Bonum as being the source of the concept of the private local, which to his view had sed to the denial of the reality of evil. See 45m. 1951 CW 9-2-5580 and 94. Hence it is counterbalanced here with the Infinium Malum."

601 In 1942, Jung noted: 'the concept of an all-encompassing God must necessarily include his opposite. The concutenot of course must not be too radical, otherwise. God would cancel hunself out. The principle of the coincidence of opposites must therefore be completed by its opposite in order to attain full paradoxicality and hence psychological validity.' ("The specir Meccarius," CW 43, \$256).

⁹⁷ February 1, 1916.

¹⁰⁰ In Block 6 (see Appendix C). Jung cotes that Abcaras as the God of the frogs and that "The God of the frogs on toads, the brandess one, is the union of the Christian God with Satan" (see below, p. 367). In his later writings, lung argued that the Christian God unage was one-sided, in that it left out the factor of evil Through studying the historical transformations of God-anages, he attempted to correct this (especially Abbs and Anaber 10,160). In his both on how Anaber 10,160 came to be written he wrote that in Ariso he had "circulated the idea of the privatio fore as not agreeing with 10 psychological budings. Psychological especially, either whatever we call good is balanced by an equally substantial 'bad' or evil. If evil is non-existent, thin whatever there is must need a be good. Dogmatically, reither good nor evil can be derived from Man, since the Evil One existed before Man as one of the 'Som of God. The steep of the privatio both began to play a role in the Church only after Man. Before this heresy. Jement of Rome raught drop and coles the world with a right and a 160 hand, the right bring the info one half of the appointed personified in Satan.

If Christianity claims to be a minerality in one God. Later Christianity, however, is dualistic maximuch as it splits off one half of the appointed personified in Satan.

If Christianity claims to be a minerality in the consess an avoidable to assume the apposites as being contained in God." (1916, CW E), pp. 357-58)

^{102.} The following paragraphs through the end of the section do not occur in Black 8004 6

and occurs as if from eternal law and at another time a slanting. wind blows a speck of dust into the works and this void is a superior strength, harder than a mountain of iron. Therefore you know that the eternal law is also no law. So I cannot call it law. But how else should it be named? I know that human language. has forever named the maternal womb of the incomprehensible. God. Truly this God is and is not, since from being and nonbeing. everything emerged that was 10, and will be "

But when ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ had spoken the last word, he touched the earth with his hand and dissolved.

19) The following night the dead came running sooner, falling: the place with their mutterings, and said:

"Speak to us about Gods and devils, accursed one "

And ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ appeared and began to speak (and this is the fourth sermon to the dead) 🐃

"The Sun God is the highest good, the devil the opposite Thus you have two Gods But there are many high and good things and many great evils. Among these are two devil Gods: one is the Buriding One the other the Growing One

The burning one is EROS, in the form of a flame. It shines by consum ng.191

"The growing one is the TREE OF LIFE. It greens by heaping up. growing living matter in

"Eros flames up and dies. But the tree of "fe grows with slow and constant increase through measureless periods of time

"Good and evil arute in the flame

"Good and evil unite in the growth of the tree. In their divinity arfe and love stand opposed

*The number of Gods and devits is as immanerable as the host

"Each star is a God, and each space that a star fills is a devil. But the empty fullness of the whole is the Pleroma.

*Abraxas is the effect of the whole, and only the ineffective opposes hum

Tour is the number of the principal Gods, as four is the number of the world's measurements

*One is the beginning, the Sun God.

"Two is Eros, for he binds two together and spreads himself out in brightness.

Three is the Tree of Life for it fills space with bodies

Tour is the devil, for he opens all that is closed. He dissolves everything formed and physical; he is the destrover in whom everything becomes nothing

"Happy am I who can recognize the multiplicity and diversity. of the Gods. But wee unto you, who replace this incompatible multiplicity with a single God. In so doing you produce the

torment of incomprehension, and mutilate the creation whose nature and aim is differentiation. How can you be true to your own nature when you try to turn the many into one? What you do unto the Gods is done. Rewise anto you. You all become equal and thus your nature³⁶ is mainted

"Equality prevails not for the sake of God, but only for the sake of man. For the Gods are many, while men are few. The Gods are mighty and endure their manifoldness. Like the stars they abide in soutude separated by vast distances. Therefore they dwell together and need communion, so that they may bear their separateness.** For redemption's sake 1 teach you the reprehensible. for whose sake I was rejected.

"The multiplicity of the Gods corresponds to the multiplicity

"Numberiess Gods await the human state. Numberless Gods have been men. Man shares in the nature of the Gods. He comes from the Gods and goes auto the God.

"Thus, just as it is no use to reflect upon the Pleroma, it is not worthwhile to worship the multiplicity of the Gods. Least of all does it serve to worship the first God, the effective fullness, and the summer borrow. By our prayer we can add nothing to it and take nothing from it because effective emptiness gulps down everything.100 The bright Gods form the heavenly world. It is manifold and extends and increases infinitely. The Sun God is the supreme lord of the world.

"The dark Gods form the earthly world. It is simple and diminishes and decimes infinitely. The devil is its nethermost lord, the moon spirit, satellite of the earth, smaller, colder and more dead than the earth.

'There is no difference between the might of the heavenly and earthly Gods. The heaventy Gods magnify, the earthly Gods. diminish. Both directions are immeasurable."

"Here the dead interrupted ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ's speech with angry laughter and mocking shouts, and as they withdrew, their discord, mockery, and laughter faded into the distance. I turned to ΦJAHMΩN and said to him

"Oh ΦΙΛΕΜΩΝ, I believe you are mistaken. It seems that you teach a raw supersupon which the Fathers had successfully and gloriously overcome, that polythersm which a mind produces only when it cannot free its gaze from the force of compulsive desire chained to sensory things "

"My son," ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ replied, "these dead have rejected the single and highest God. So how can I teach them about the one only, and not mutofarrous God? They must of course believe me. But they have rejected their belief. So I teach them the God that I know, the multifarrous and extended who is both the thing and its appearance, and they also know him even if they are not conscious of him

¹⁰³ February 3, 1916. This sentence does not occur in Block Book 6.

^{104,} in 1917, long wrote a dispeter on the second theory in The Psychology of the Unconscious Processes which presented a critique of the psychoaniabytic understanding of the errotic in his 1928 evention of this chapter retitled. The Errot choory he saided "the Errotic belongs on the one hand to the original drive nature of man. On the other hand it is related to the highest forms of this spirit. It only theirest when a price and drive are in eight harmony. Errot is a mighty discussed, as the wise Dictions said to Sorrates. He is not all of nature within its chough he is at least one of its essential aspects. (CW 7, §632-33). In the Sympasium, Dictional teaches. Socrates about the nature of Errot. She tells have that "The is a great spirit. Socrates, Everything elapsed as a spirit fall between god and human. "What function do the last least of the last control and the second process and the spirit form humans and commends at Sociates about the nature of Eros, one tens name that "The singular spirit spir 2014 2032 in Movemen have reflected on the majore of Eros, describing it as 'a seconogonal a creator and father-mother of all consciousness' (p. 327). This cosmogonal characterization of Eros needs to be distinguished from Jung's use of divitorm to characterize women's consciousness. See note 161, p. 246, 105 In 1954, Jung wrote an extended study of the archetype of the user "The philosophical tree" (CW 13).

106 Else Bode 6 continued: "The dead: You are a page, a polytheist!" (p. 30)

too February 5, 1916

¹⁰⁸ In Bleck Book 6 the durk guest (see belove p. 355) envers here 109 The following paragraphs to the end of the section do not occur in Black Back 6

"These dead have given names to all beings, the beings in the air, on the earth and in the water. They have weighed and counted. things. They have counted so and so many horses, cows, sheep, trees, segments of land, and springs: they said, this is good for this purpose, and that is good for that one. What did they do with the admirable tree? What happened to the sacred frog? Did they see his golden eye? Where is the atonement for the Z777 cattle whose blood they spilled whose flesh they consumed? Did they do penance for the sacred ore that they dug up from the belly of the earth? No, they named, weighed, numbered, and apportioned all things. They did whatever pleased them, And what did they do: You saw the powerful—but this is precisely how they gave power to things unknowingly. Yet the time has come when things speak. The piece of flesh says: how many men? The piece of ore rays, how many men? The ship rays, how many men? The cost says, how many men? The house says: how many men? And things rise and number and weigh and apportion and devour millions of men

"Your hand grauped the earth and tore off the halo and weighed and numbered the Bones of things. Is not the one and only simplemended God pulled down and thrown onto a heap, the massed seeming of separate things dead and living? Yes, this God taught you to weigh and number bones. But the month of this God is drawing to a close. A new month stands at the door. Therefore everything had to be as it is, and hence everything must become different

"This is no polytheism that I have made up: But many Gods. who powerfully raise their voices and tear humanity to bloody pieces. So and so many men, weighed, numbered, apportioned hacked, and devoured. Therefore I speak of many Gods as I speak of many things, since I know them. Why do I call them Gods? For the sake of their superiority. Do you know about this superior. strength? Now is the time when you can learn.

"These dead laugh at my foolishness. But would they have raised." a murderous hand against their brothers if they had atoned for the ox with the velver eyes? If they had done penance for the shiny ore? If they had worshiped the holy trees?** If they had made peace with the 10th of the golden-eyed frog? What say things dead and living? Who is greater, man or the Gods? Truly, this sun has become a moon and no new sun has arisen from the contractions of the aut hour of the night "

And when he had finished these words. GIAHMON bent down. to the earth, kissed it, and said, "Mother, may your son be strong." Then he stood, tooked up at the heavens, and said, "How dark is your place of the new light." Then he disappeared

[10] When the following right came, the dead approached noisily, pushing and shoving, they were scotting and exclaimed "Teach as, fool, about the church and holy communion.

But **OIAHMON** stepped before them, and began to speak (and this is the fifth sermon to the dead).

"The world of the Gods is made manifest in spirituality and in sexuality. The celestial ones appear in spirituality, the earthly

"Spirituality conceives and embraces. It is womanike and therefore we call it mayer correstis." the celestial mother Sexuality engenders and creates. It is manake, and therefore we call it PHALLOS."4 the earthly father *5 The sexuality of man is more earthly, that of woman is more spiritual. The spirituality of man is more heavenly, it moves toward the greater

"The spirituality of woman is more earthly, it moves toward the smaller

"Mendacious and devilish is the spirituality of man, and it moves toward the smaller

"Mendacious and devilish is the ipirituality of woman, and it moves toward the greater

"Each shall go to its own place

"Man and woman become devils to each other if they do not separate their spiritual ways, for the essence of creation 13 differentiation

"The sexuality of man goes toward the earthly, the sexuality of woman goes toward the spiritus. Man and woman become devils to each other if they do not distinguish their sexuality

"Man shall know the smaller, woman the greater

"Man shall differentiate himself both from spirituality and sensably. He shall call spirituality mother, and set her between Heaven and earth. He shall call sexuality Phallos, and set himbetween humself and earth. For the mother and the Phanos are superhuman daimons that reveal the world of the Gods. They affect as more than the Gods since they are closely akin to our resence.™ If you do not differentiate yourselves from sexuality and from sparituality, and do not regard them as an essence both. above and beyond you, you are delivered over to them as qualities of the Pleroma. Spirituality and sexuality are not your quanties. not things you possess and encompass. Rather they possess and encompass you, since they are powerful daimons, manifestations of the Gods, and hence reach beyond you, existing in themselves No man has a spurituality anto himself, or a sexuality anto himself. Instead, he stands under the law of spirituality and of sexuality Therefore no one escapes these darmona. You shall look upon them as dalmons, and as a common task and danger, a common burden that life has laid upon you. Thus life too, is for you a common task and danger as are the Gods, and first and foremost terrible Abraxan

Man is weak, and community is therefore indispensable. If your community is not under the sign of the mother it is under the sign of the Phalios. Absence of community is suffering and sickness. Community in everything is dismemberment and dissolution.

"Differentiation leads to singleness Singleness is opposed to community But because of man's weakness with regard to the Gods and damons and their invincible law community is necessary, not for man's sake, but because of the Gods. The Gods drive you to community Insofar as the Gods impose community upon you, it is necessary more is bad

"In the community every man shall submit to others, so that the community be maintained for you need it.

"In singleness every man shall place himself above the other, so that every man may come to himself and avoid slavery.

¹¹⁰ This may refer to the advent of Christianity into Germany to the eighth contany CE, when secred trees were chopped down

Ex. This sentence does not occur in \$440 Beek 6

^{11.2} in the 1923 seraman Jung said: "Sexuality and spurituality are pairs of opposites that need each other" (Analysisd Psychology p. 29)
173 Goethe's Farst ends with a vision of the Mate: Gloriosa. In his lecture "laust and alchemy," hung said of this: "The Mate: Goetestis should on no account be thought of as Mary or the Church. She is rather Aphrodite urania, as in St. Augustine or Pico de Mirandola, the beatistims mater. (in trene Gerber Münch, Gordes Fase: Elve elijangsychologische Studie aber den Mysho des medernen Mentalen. Mit dem Verrag von C. G. Jung. Fases und die Alekonie [Küstnacht: Verlag Stiftung für Jung'sche Psychologie

⁴ No. 1 Book has Phailus p 41) as does the handwritten calligraphic version of the Septem Sermons (p. 21)

n. impressions and verbal of the while (1912) hung noted: "The phallus as the creature that moves without limbs, sees without eyes, and knows the buture and as the representative or the queen in carrier prior it claims unmortality! (CW B, \$209). He goes tot to discute phallic Gods

16 Sect Book is continuous. The movies in the goal. The phallus is the spear (p. 42).

"Abstention shall hold good in community, extravagance in singleness

Community is depth, singleness is height Right measure in community purifies and preserves. Right measure in singleness purifies and increases Community gives us warmth, singleness gives as light ***

[11] When OldHMON had finished, the dead remained silent and did not move, but looked at MAHMON with expectation. But when ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ saw that the dead remained silent and waited, he continued (and this is the sixth sermon to the dead)"

"The darmon of sexuality approaches our soul as a serpent. She is half human som and is called thought desire

"The daimon of spirituality descends into our soul as the white bird. He is half human soul and is called desire-thought

The screent is an earthly soul, half daimonic a spirit and akin to the spirits of the dead. Thus too, alte these she swarms around in the things of earth, making its fear them or else having them acouse our craving. The serpent has a female nature, forever seeking the company of those dead who are spellbound by the earth, and who did not find a way across to singleness. The serpene is a whore. She courts the devil and evil spirits, she is a mischievous tyrant and tormentor, forever inveiging the most evil company. The white bird is a half-celestial sout of man. He abides with the mother, descending from time to time. The bird 16 mantike, and is effective thought. He is chaste and sourzey a messenger of the mother. He fires high above the earth. He commands singleness. He brings knowledge from the distant ones, who have departed before and attained perfection. He bears our word up to the mother. She intercedes, she warns, but she is powerless against the Gods. She is a vessel of the sun. The serpent descends and cunningly lames the phalic daimon, or else goads him on. She bears up the too crafty thoughts of the earthly, those thoughts that creep through every hole and cleave to all things with craving. Although the serpent does not want to, she must be of use to us. She flees our grasp, thus showing as the way, which our human wits could not find."

"When MIAHMON had finished, the dead looked on with contempt and said, "Cease this talk of Gods and daimoni and souls. We have known this for a long time."

But DIARMON smiled and repited, "You poor souls poor in flesh and rich in spirit, the mear was fat and the spirit thin. But how do you reach the eternal 1ght? You mock my stupidity, which you too possess you mack yourselves. Knowledge frees one from danger. But mockery is the other side of your belief. Is black less than white? You rejected faith and retained mockery. Are you rhus saved from faith? No, you bound yourselves to mockery and hence again to faith. And therefore you are miserable "

But the dead were outraged and cried, "We are not miserable we are clever, our thinking and feeling is as pure as clear water We praise our reason. We mock superstition. Do you believe that your old folly reaches us? A childish detusion has overcome you. old one, what good is it to us?"

ΦΙΛΕΜΩΝ replied: "What can do you any good? I free you from what still holds you to the shadow of life. Take this wisdom with you, add this folly to your deverness, this intreason to your reason, and you will find yourselves. If you were men, you would then begin your life and your life's way between reason. and anreason and live onward to the eternal light, whose shadow you lived in advance. But since you are dead, this knowledge frees. you from life and strips you of your greed for men and it also frees your self from the shrouds that the light and the shadow ay on you compassion with men will overcome you and from the stream you will reach soud ground, you will step forth from the eternal whirl onto the anmoving stone of rest, the circle that breaks flowing duration, and the flame will die down

"I have fanned a glowing fire. I have given the murderer a knife. I have torn open heated over wounds. I have quickened all movement, I have given the madman more intoxicating drink, I have made the cold colder the heat hotter faiseness even falser goodness even better, weakness even weaker.

'This knowledge is the axe of the sattificer'

But the dead cried. "Your wisdom is footishness and a curse. You want to turn the wheel back? It will tear you spart, blinded one?"

OIΛΗΜΩΝ replied, "So thus is what happened. The earth became green and fruitful again from the blood of the sacrifice flowers aprouted, the waves crash into the sand, a silver cloud desat the foot of the mountain, a bird of the soul came to men, the hoe sounds in the fields and the axe in the forests, a wind rishes. through the trees and the sun shimmers in the dew of the risenmorning, the planets behold the birth, out of the earth climbed the many-armed the stones speak and the grass whispers Man found himself, and the Gods wander through Heaven, the fullness gives birth to the golden drop, the golden seed, plumed and hovering."

The dead now fell stient and stated at ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ and atomiy crept away. But ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ bent down to the ground and said: "It is accomplished, but not fulfilled. Fruit of the earth, aprout rise up-and Heaven, pour out the water of afe.

Then MIAHMON disappeared

was probably very confused when \(\textit{O}\)(AHM\(\textit{O}\)N approached me the following night since I called to him saying, "What did you do. Oh OIAHMON? What fires have you kindled? What have you broken aninder? Does the wheel of creations arand stilly

But he answered and said, "Everything is running its asual course. Nothing has happened, and yet a rweet and indescribable. mystery has taken place. I stepped out of the whirling circle."

"What's that?" I exclaimed. "Your words move my lips, your voice sounds from my ears, my eyes see you from within me. Truly, you are a magician: You stepped out of the whirling circle? What confusion. Are you I, am I you? Did I not feel as if the wheel of creation was standing still? And yet you say that you have stepped out of the whirling circle? I am truly bound to the wheel. I feet the rushing awaying of it-and yet the wheel of creation also stands still for me. What did you do, father teach me!"

Then OIAHMON raid. "I srepped onto what is soud and took it with me and saved it from the wave surge, from the cycle of births, and from the revolving wheel of endless happening. It has been utilled. The dead have received the folly of the teaching, they have been blinded by truth and see by mutake. They have recognized, felt

II F Birds Book 6 continues In community, we go to the source which is the mother. In singleness we go to the butter, which is the engendering phallos" (p. 46). In October 1916, Jung gave two presentations to the Psychological Tub concerning the relation of individuation to collective adaptation, see "Adaptation individuation". and illertivity with B. This theme dominated the discussions in the dub that year

⁽B. This paragraph is not in Block Book G. 69 The following paragraphs to the end of the section are not in Black Book 6 20 This section does not occur in Black Book 6

and regretted it, they will come again and will humbly inquite. Since what they rejected will be most valuable to them."

I wanted to question ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ since the riddle distressed me But he had already touched the earth and disappeared. And the darkness of the night was stient and did not answer me. And my soul stood silently shaking her head, and did not know what to say about the mystery that ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ had indicated and not given away.

(12) Another day passed and the seventh night fell

And the dead came again, this time with pitiful gestures and said "We forgot to mention one thing, that we would like you to teach as about men."

And OIAHMON stepped before me and began to speak" (and thus is the seventh sermon to the dead)**

"Man is a gateway, through which you pass from the outer world of Gods, daimons, and souls into the anner world, out of the greater into the smaller world. Small and mane is man, already he is behind you, and once again you find yourselves in endless space in the smaller or inner infinity.

*At ammeasurable distance a lonely star stands at the zenith.

"This is the one God of this one man, this is his world, his Pleroma, his divanity.

"In this world, man is Abraxas, the creator and destroyer of his own world."

"This star is the God and the goal of man.

This is his one guiding God.

an ham man goes to his rest,

toward him goes the long journey of the soul after death.

In him everything that man withdraws from the greater world stance resplendently.

"To this one God man shall pray

Prayer increases the light of the star

it throws a bridge across death.

it prepares afe for the smaller world, and assuages the hopeless desires of the greater.

When the greater world turns cold, the star ahmes.

"Nothing stands between man and his one God, so long as man can turn away his eyes from the flaming spectacle of Abraxas.

"Man here God there

"Weakness and nothingness here eternally creative power there

"Here nothing but darkness and clammy cold there total sun ""

⁴⁴But when ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ had finished, the dead remained silent Heaviness fell from them, and they ascended like smoke above the shepherd's fire, who watches over his flock by right

But I turned to OIAHMON and said, "Illustrious one, you teach that man is a gateway" A gateway through which the procession of the Gods passes? Through which the stream of life flows? Through which the entire future streams into the endlessness of the past?"

ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ answered, saying, These dead believed in the transformation and development of man. They were convenced of human nothingness and transitoriness. Nothing was clearer to them than this, and yet they knew that man even creates its Gods, and so they knew that the Gods were of no use. Therefore they had to learn what they did not know, that man is a gateway through which crowds the train of the Gods and the coming and passing of all times. He does not do it does not create it, does not suffer it since he is the being, the sole being, since he is the moment of the world, the eternal moment. Whoever recognizes this stops being flame; he becomes smoke and ashes. He tasts and his transitoriness is over. He has become someone who is. You dreamed of the flame, as if it were life. But life is duration, the flame dies away. I carried that over, I saved it from the fire-That is the son of the fire flower. You saw that in me, I myself am of the eternal fire of light. But I am the one who saved it for you, the black and golden seed and its blue stangent. You eternabeing-what is length and brevity? What is the moment and eternal duration? You, being, are eternal in each moment. What is time? Time is the fire that flares up, consumes, and dies down I saved being from time redeeming at from the fires of time and the darkness of time, from Gods and devils "

But I said to him, "Illustrious one when will you give me the dark and golden treasure and its blue starlight?"

ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ replied, "When you have surrendered everything that wants to burn to the holy flame":«

,13} And as ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ spoke these words, a dark form with golden eyes approached me from the shadows of the right ¹⁶ I was startled and cried. "Are you an enemy? Who are you? Where do you come from? I have never seen you before! Speak what do you want?"

121 February 8, 1916. This sentence does not occur in Black Book 6.

24 Thas sentence is not in Birok Book 6

29 On February 29, 1919. Jung wrote a letter to toan Corrie and commented on the Soments, with particular reference to the last one "The primordial creator of the world the blind creative abuse becomes transformed in man through individuation of our of this process, which is like pregnancy arises a divine child a reborn code no more (langer) dispersed into the millions of creatures but being one 6, this andividual, and at the same one all individuals, the same in you as in me. Di. Lifong, has a little book. VII sermones ad mortuous. There you find the description of the Creator dispersed into his creatures, it in the last sermon you find the beginning of individualism, out of which the divine child arises. The child is a new God, acqually born in many individuals, but they don't know it. He is a spiritual God. A spirit in many people, we one and the same everywhere. Keep to your time and you will experience His qualities. (Copied in Constance Long's diary Countway Library of Medicine, pp. 21-22).

Meditions paragraphs to the end of the section do not occur in Blatk Book 6

'45 In September 1916, lung had convenientions with his soul that provided further elaboration and clarification of the cosmology of the Semeste. September 25: [Soul]. 'How many tights do you want, three or seven? Three is the heardest and modest, never the general and encompassing. [Li] "What a question! And what a decision! I must be trace I think I would like seven lights." [Soul] "Seven, you say? "thought so. That has broad stope—cold lights "[Li]" meeds cooling, bresh air. Enough of this stiffing magginest. Too much fear and not enough free breathing. Give the seven lights "[Soul]. "The first light means the Pleroma. The second meeter Abravan. The third the sam. The bourth the moon. The lifth the earth. The sexth the phallus. The seventh the stars. [Li] Why were there no books and why were their cetestial mother and the sky musting." [Li] Thry are all endosed in the star. As you look in the star, you look durough them. Thry are the bridges to the star. They torm the seventh light, the highest the Boating, which does with dispang vings, released from the embrace of the rece of light with sex branches and our blossom in which the God of the sea say slumbering. The sex lights are single and form a multiplicity, the one light is one and torms a must it is the blossoming frown of the rece the holving the series of the world embowed with wings so is the star to the golden to the write burd, but the golden one it is different. The white burd is a good dauthon but the golden one is above you and under your God. If these about of you. I see it in the blue other. Bying toward the star. It is something that is part of you And it is at once its own egg containing you. Jo you feel me. Then ask! "I. Tell one more. It makes my test layed on brides." [I]: "Continue, I fear my resultant tell me which is a good dauthon but the golden one is above you are not first you give not have grauped. [Soul]. The golden bird is to soul: it is you which is a g

The dark one answered, saying, "I come from afar I come from the east and follow the shuring fire that precedes me, OIAHMIN. I am not your enemy, I am a stranger to you. My skin is dark and my eyes share golden."

"What do you bring?" I asked fearfully

"I bring abstinence—abstinence from human joy and suffering Compassion leads to alienation. Pity, but no compassion—pity for the world and a will held in check toward the other

Pity remains misunderstood, therefore it works

Far from longing, know no fear

Far from love, love the whole "

I tooked at him fearfully and said. "Why are you as dark as the earth of the fields and as black as tron? I'm afraid of you; such pain, what have you done to me?"

"You may call me death: death that rose with the sun. I come with quiet pain and long peace. I lay the cover of protection on you. In the midst of life begins death. I lay cover upon cover upon you so that your warmth will never cease."

"You bring grief and despair," I answered, "I wanted to be among men."

But he said, "You will go to men as one veiled. Your light shines at right. Your solar nature departs from you and your stellar nature begins."

"You are cruel," I sighed.

"The simple is cruei, it does not unite with the manifold."

With these words the mysterious dark one vanished. But ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ regarded me with a serious and questioning look.

*Did you take a proper look at him, my son?" he said, "you will be hearing from him. But come now, so that I can fulfil what the dark one prophessed for you."

As he spoke these words, he touched my eyes and opened my gaze and showed me the immeasurable mystery. And I looked for a long time until I could grasp it, but what did I see? I saw the night, I saw the dark earth, and above this the sky stood gleaming in the brilliance of countiess stars. And I saw that the sky had the form of a woman and sevenfold was her mantle of stars and it completely covered her.

And when I had beheld it @IAHMQN said

who shrouds me and him and protects me and him from the Godsbe wants to become your child

"May you accept his birth

"May you renew him I separate myself from him." The cold is growing and its star blazes brighter

"He needs the bond of childhood.

"You gave birth to the godly serpent you released it from the pangs of birth, take this man to the abode of the sun, he needs the mother"

A voice came from afar and was like a failing star

"I cannot take him as a child. He must cleanse himself first "

• TAHMON said, " "What is his impurity"

But the voice said, "It is the comminging he contains human suffering and joy. He shall remain sectuded until abstinence is complete and he is freed from the comminging with men. Then shall he be taken as a chief."

In this moment my vision ended. And ΦΙΑΗΜΩΝ went away and I was alone. And I remained apart as I had been told. But in the fourth night I saw a strange form, a man wearing a long coar and a turban; his eyes shone cleverly and kindly like a wise doctor's." He approached me and said, "I speak to you of joy." But I answered, "You want to speak to me of joy? I bleed from the thousandfold wounds of men."

He replied, "I bring healing. Women taught me this art. They know how to heal sick children. Do your wounds burn you? Healing as at hand. Give ear to good counsel and do not be incensed."

I retorted, "What do you want? To tempt me? Mock me?"

"What are you thinking?" he interrupted, "I bring you the biss of paradise, the heating fire, the love of women."

"Are you thinking," I asked, "of the descent into the frog swamp?"

The dissolution in the many, the scattering, the dismembering?"

But as I spoke the old man turned into ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ,** and I saw that he was the magician who was tempting me. But ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ continued

"You have not yet experienced the dismembering. You should be blown apart and shredded and scattered to the winds. Men are preparing for the Last Supper with you."

"What then will remain of me>" I cried

"Nothing but your shadow You will be a river that pours forth over the tands. It seeks every valley and streams toward the depths."

I asked, full of grief "But where will my uniqueness remain?"

"You will steal it from yourself," ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ replied." "You will hold the invisible realm in trembing hands: it lowers its roots into the gray darknesses and mysteries of the earth and sends up branches covered in leaves into the golden air.

"Animals live at its branches

"Men camp in its shade

"Their murmuring arises from below.

"A thousand-mile-tong disappointment is the juice of the tree

"It will stay green for a long time

"Silence abides in its treetop

"Silence in its deep roots"

*I gathered from **QIAHMON's** words that I must remain true to love to cancel out the commungling that arises through anlived love. I understood that the commungling is a bondage that takes the place of votuntary devotion. Scattering or dismembering arises.

light and Phanes arises from you. You have anneigned, but not understood that At the time you had to separate from Abraxas to become individual, opposed to the drive. You wou become one with Abraxas. This happens through the You cannot do that Therefore you must remain with the Individual with the physical Abraxas occurs through the business female, but that with the spiritual Abraxas accurs through the business female, but that with the spiritual Abraxas accurs through the business female, but that with the spiritual Abraxas accurs through the business female, but that with the spiritual Abraxas accurs through the business female, but the with the spiritual Abraxas accurs through the business female, but the spiritual Abraxas accurs through the business female but the spiritual Abraxas accurs through the business female but the spiritual Abraxas accurs through the business female but the spiritual Abraxas accurs through the business female but the spiritual Abraxas accurs through the business female but the spiritual Abraxas accurs through the business female but the spiritual Abraxas accurs through the business female but the spiritual Abraxas accurs through the business female but the spiritual Abraxas accurs through the business female but the spiritual Abraxas accurs through the business female but the spiritual Abraxas accurs through the spiritual Abraxas accurs the spiritual Abraxas accurs through the spiritual Abraxas accurs through the spiritual Abraxas accurs the spiritual Abraxas accurs through the spiritual Abraxas accurs through the spiritual Abraxas accurs through the spiritual Abraxas accurs the spiritual Abraxas accurs the spiritual Abraxas accurs through the spiritual Abraxas accurs the spiritual Abraxas

A fin Reach Book G, this figure enters no February S, in the middle of the Sermons (p. 351). See note: 08 p. 351 above

17 February 17, 9, 6, in Black Book 6, this speech is spoken by lung himself ip. 1.
18 Black Book 6 has here in need 2 new shadow, since intercognized dreadful Abracus and withdrew from him ip. (2.)

49 In Basel Book 6, this voice is identified as imother [p. 53]

ope in Black Book 6, this as spoken by Jung [p. 57].

The February Lt. 1936. Black Book 6 has instead "[" "A Turk: Whence the yourney: Do you profess islam? What you are announcing Mohammed for?" [Visitor.] "I speak of polyganoy hours and paraduse. This is what you shall bear about. [J.] "Speak and end this comment" (p. 54).

132 The version of this dialogue in Black Back 6 includes the following interchange. It: "What about polygamy, hours, and paradise?" [Visitor]: Many women amount to many books. Each woman is a book, each book a women. The hour as a thought and the thought is a hour. The world of ideas is paradise and paradise is the world of ideas. Mohammed teaches that the houris admit the believer into paradise. The Teimons said as much" (p. 96). (Cf. The Korae 5642-39). In Norse mythology, the Valligness escorted the brave who were slain in bartle to Valhalla and tended them there.

-33 February 24, 1916

134 This statement does not occur to Blick Book 6

rgs February 28, 1916.

136. The next two paragraphs do nor occur in Black Book 6

as ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ had taught me from voluntary devotion. It cancels out the comminging. Through voluntary devotion I removed binding ties. Therefore I had to remain true to love, and, devoted to it voluntarily, I ruffer the dismembering and thus attain bonding. with the great mother, that is, the stellar nature, liberation from bondage to men and things. If I am bound to men and things, I can neither go on with my life to its destination nor can I arrive at my very own and deepest nature. Not can death begin in me as a new life since I can only fear death. I must therefore remain true to love since how else can I arrive at the scattering and dissolution of bondage? How else could I experience death other than through remaining true to love and willingly accepting the pain and all the suffering? As long at I do not voluntarily devote myself to the dismembering, a part of my self secretly remains with men and things and binds me to them: and thus I must, whether I want to or not, be a part of them, mixed in with them and bound to them. Only fidelity to love and voluntary devotion to love enable. this binding and mixing to be dissolved and lead back to me that part of my self that secretly lay with men and things. Only thus does the aght of the star grow, only thus do I arrive at my stellar. nature, at my truest and innermost self, that simply and singly is

It is difficult to remain true to love since love stands above all sins. He who wants to remain true to love must also overcome sin. Nothing occurs more readily than failing to recognize that one is committing a sin. Overcoming sin for the sake of remaining true to love is difficult, so difficult that my feet hesitated to advance

When night fell, ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ approached me in an earth-colored. robe, holding a silver fish: "Look, my son," he said, "I was fishing and caught this fish; I bring it to you, so that you may be comforted." And as I looked at him astorushed and questioningly I saw that a shade stood in darkness at the door, bearing a robe of grandeur 😕 His face was pale and blood had flowed into the furrows of his brow But OIAHMON knelt down, touched the earth, and said to the shade 18 "My master and my brother praised be your name." You did the greatest thing for as: out of animals you made men. you gave your life for men to enable their healing. Your aptrit was with us through an endlessly long time. And men still look to you and still ask you to take pity on them and beg for the mercy. of God and the forgiveness of their sins through you. You do not tare of giving to men. I praise your divine patience. Are not men ungrateful? Does their craving know no lumits? Do they still make demands on you? They have received so much yet it'll they.

Behold my master and my brother they do not love me, but they long for you with greed, for they also crave their neighbor's possessions. They do not love their neighbor but they want what is his. If they were faithful to their love, they would not be greedy But whoever gives, attracts desire. Should they not learn. love? Fidelity to love? Freely willed devotion? But they demand and desire and beg from you and have learned no lesson from your awe-mapping afe. They have imitated it but they have not aved their own lives as you have lived yours. Your awe-inspiring their own hands, faithful to their own essence and their own. Heaven's sake, and take stock of what damage you have done love. Have you not forgiven the adulteress? Did you not sit with said the canny one. But the fool laughed, since honors had

whores and tax-collectors. Did you not break the command of the Sabbath³⁴⁴ You lived your own life, but men fail to do so nstead they pray to you and make demands on you and forever ternind you that your work is incomplete. Yet your work would be completed if men managed to live their own lives without anatation. Men are still childish and forget gratitude, since they cannot say, Thanks be to you, our lord, for the salvation you have brought us. We have taken it unto ourselves, given it a place in our hearts, and we have learned to carry on your work in ourselves on our own. Through your help we have grown mature in continuing the work of redemption in ax. Thanks to you we have embraced. your work, we grasped your redemptive teaching, we completed in ourselves what you had begun for as with bloody struggle. We are not angrateful children who desure our parents possessions Thanks to you, our master we will make the most of your talent and will not bury it in the earth and forever stretch out our hands helplessly and urge you to complete your work in iii. We want to take your troubles and your work upon ourselves so that your work may be completed and so that you may tay your weary. tired hands in your lap, like the worker after a long day's hard burden. Blessed is the dead one, who rests from the completion

"I wanted people to address you in this way. But they have no love for you, my master and brother. They begridge you the price of peace. They leave your work incomplete, eternally needing your pity and your care

"But, my master and my brother. I believe you have completed. your work, since the one who has given his life, his entire truth, all his love, his entire soul, has completed his work. What one andividual can do for men, you have done and accomplished and fulfilled. The time has come when each must do his own work of redemption. Mankind has grown older and a new month. has begun. "

"When OIAHMON had finished, I sooked up and saw that the place where the shade had stood was empty. I turned to \$IAHMON and said, "My father you spoke of men. I am a man. Forgive me)"

But ΦΙΛΕΜΩΝ dissolved into the darkness and 1 decided to do what was required of me. I accepted all the joy and every torment of my nature and remained true to my love to suffer what comes to everyone in their own way. And I stood alone and was afraid.

14: On a night when everything was silent, I heard a murmur ake that of many voices and a bit more clearly I heard the voice. of ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ, and it was as if he were giving a speech. And as I astened more closely. I heard his words-

"Afterward when I had impregnated the dead body of the underworld, and when it had given buth to the serpent of the God. I went to men and saw the funness of their affliction and their madness. I saw that they were claying each other and that they sought the grounds for their actions. They did this because they did not have anything different or better to do Bur because they were accustomed to doing nothing for which they could not account, they devised reasons that compelled them to go on afe shows how everyone would have to take their own life into - kining. Stop you are out of your minds, said the sage. Stop, for

¹³⁷ Le Christ 38 April 72, 1916. In Black Book 6, thes speech is not attributed to Philemon. t#9 CEJohn 8:t--11

t40 CE Marthew 21:31: 92 ारका प्राप

upa The reference is to the Platonia months. See note 273, p. 315

⁴³ The new too supagraphs du not some in Black 8008 6

⁴⁴ The next two passages also occur in "Erreans" after extries for the staddle of July 1927, introduced by the statement: "Feagurerup of the next books" (p. 18)

been conferred upon him overnight. Why do men not see their stupidity? Stupidity is a daughter of the God. Therefore mencannot stop murdening, since thus they serve the serpent of the God without knowing it. It is worth giving one's life for the sake. of serving the serpent of the God. Hence be reconciled. But it would be far better to five despite the God. But the serpent of the God warts human blood. This teeds it and makes it shine Not wanting to murder and die amounts to deceiving the God-Whoever lives has become one who deceives the God. Whoever wes invents his life for himself. But the serpent wants to be deceived out of hope for blood. The greater the number of men who stole their lives from the Gods, the greater the harvest feeding the serpent from the blood-sown field. The God grows strong through human murder. The serpent grows hot and fiery through the dreaching flood. Its fat burns in the blazing flame The flame becomes the light of men, the first ray of a renewed sun. He, the first appearing right "

I could not grasp what else ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ said. I spent a long. time pondering his words, which evidently he had spoken to the dead, and I was normfied by the atrocities that attend the rebirth of a God.

"And soon afterward I saw Elijah and Salome in a dream Estab appeared concerned and alarmed. Therefore, when in the following right that light was extinguished and every aving sound fell still, I called Elijah and Salome so that they would answer my questions. Eight came forward and said.

"I have become weak, I am poor an excess of my power has gone. to you, my son. You took too much from me. You went too far away from me. I heard strange and incomprehensible things and the peace of my depths became disturbed."

I asked, "But what did you hear? What voice did you hear?" Elijah answered, "I heard a voice full of confusion, an alarmed voice full of warning and the incomprehensible."

"What did it say." I asked, "did you hear the words?"

*Indistinctly, it was confused and confusing. The voice spoke first of a krufe cutting something or perhaps harvesting, perhaps the grapes that go to the wine press. Perhaps the one wearing the red robe treads the winepress from which the blood flows." Thereupon the voice spoke of gold that hes below, and that kills whoever touches it. Then it mentioned fire that burns terribly and that should flare up in our time. And then there was a malicious word, that I would rather not utter."

"A maticious word? What was t?" I asked

He answered, "A word about the death of God. There is only one God and God cannot die ""

Then I replied, "I am astomished. Elijah. Do you not know. what happened? Do you not know that the world has put on a new garb? That the one God has gone away, and that in turn many Gods and many darmons have come to man? Truly, I am surprised; I am extremely surprised! How could you not have known? Know you nothing of the new that has come to pass? Yet you know the future! You have foresight. Or maybe you should not know what is? Do you ultimately deny what is?"4

Salome interrupted me "What is, gives no pleasure. Pleasure comes only from the new Your soul would also like a new husband ha har she loves change. You are not pleasurable enough for her. In that respect she is unteachable and therefore you believe she is mad. We love only what is coming, not what is. Only the new gives as pleasure. Elijah does not think about what is, only about what is to come. Therefore he knows it."

I answered, "What does he know? He should say."

Emah said, "I have already attered the words: the image that I saw was crimson, fiery colored, a gleaming gold. The voice that I heard was like distant thunder, like the wind coaring in the forest like an earthquake. It was not the voice of my God, but it was a thunderous pagan roar, a call my ancestors knew but which I have never heard. It sounded prehistoric, as it from a forest on a distant coast, it rang with all the voices of the wilderness. It was full of horror yet harmonic."

To this I replied, "My good old man, you heard correctly, as I thought you had. How wonderful Shall I tell you about it? After all. I told you that the world has acquired a new face. A new coverwas thrown over it. How odd that you don't know!

"Old Gods have become new. The one God is dead--yes, truly, he died. He disintegrated into the marty, and thus the world became rich overnight. And something also happened to the individual soul- who would care to describe at But therefore men too became rich overnight. How is it possible that you didn't know this?

The one God became two, a multiple one, whose body consists of many Gods, and a single one, whose body is a man and yet he is brighter and stronger than the sun-

"What shall I tell you about the soul? Haven't you noticed that she has become multiple? She has become the closest, near est near far further furthest and yet she is one as before. First she divided herself into a serpent and a bird, then into a father and mother, and then into Elijah and Salome— How are you, my good fellow? Does it disturb you? Yes, you must be realizing that you are already very far removed from me, so that I can hardly reckon you as being part of my soul, since if you belonged to my soul, you would have to know what is happening. Therefore I must separate you and Salome from my soul and place you among the daimons. You are connected to what is primordially old and always exists, therefore you also know nothing of the being of men but simply of the past and future

"Nevertheless it is good that you came to my call. Take part in that which is. For what is ought to be such that you can take part

But Ehjah sullenly replied, "I do not like this multiplicity. It is not easy to think it."

And Salome said, 'The simple alone is pleasurable. One need not think about it. "

I replied, "Elijah, you need not contemplate it at al. It is not to be thought, it is to be viewed. It is a painting,"

And to Salome I said, "Salome, it is not true that only the simple is pleasurable, over time it is even boring. In truth the multiple captivates you."

⁴⁵ MAY 3, 1916

⁴⁶ See above p. 300

ere alative p. 448

⁴⁸ In Memories, Jong stated: "The figures of the internshous are also uninformed, and need man, or contact with consciousness, in order to assale to 'knowledge. When I began working with the unconscious. I found myself much involved with the figures of Salome and Elijah. Then they recorded, but after about two years they respprished. To any committee associationers, they were completely unchanged: they spoke and acted as if nothing had happened in the meanwhile. In accusing the most instability things have been going on and explain things to them. As the time a had been greatly suspicised by this struction. Only rater 4nd 1 understand what had being proceed; in the fritzerval the two had such back into the unconscious and into themselves. I might equal pur into timelessness. They remained out of contact with the I and the Ve changing circumstances, and therefore were lignorant of what had happened in the world of consciousness", pp. 336–39). This appears to refer to thus conversation.

But Salome turned to Elijah and said, "Father, it seems to me that men have outstripped as. He is right the marry is more pleasurable. The one is too simple and always the same." 100

Elijah seemed saddened and said, "What about the one in this case? Does the one will exist if it stands next to the many?"

I answered, "That is your old and ingrained mistake, that the one excludes the many. But there are many individual things. The multiplicity of individual things is the one multiple God from whose body many Gods arise, but the uniqueness of the one thing is the other God, whose body is a man but whose spirit is as large as the world."

But Elijah shook his head and said, "That is new, my son. Is the new good? What was, is good, and what was, will be it that not the truth? Has there ever been anything new? And was what you can new, ever good? Everything remains the same if you give it a new name. There is nothing new, there can be nothing new; how could I then took ahead? I look at the past and therein I see the future, as in a mirror. And I see that nothing new happens, everything is but mere recurrence of what has been since time immemorial "b" What is your being? An appearance, a darring light, tomorrow it is no longer true. It is gone, it is as if it never was. Come. Salome let us go. One is mistaken in the world of men."

But Salome sooked back and whispered to me while reaving, "Being and multiplicity appeal to me, even if it is not new and not eternally true."

Thus they disappeared into the dark night and I returned to the burden signified by my existence. And I sought to do every thing correctly that seemed to me to be a task and to take every way that seemed to me to be necessary for myself. But my dreams became difficult and laden with anxiety, and I did not know why. One night my soul suddenly came to me, as if worned, and said," "Listen to me. I am in a great torment, the son of the dark womb besieges me. Therefore your dreams are also difficult, since you feel the torment of the depths, the pain of your soul, and the suffering of the Gods."

I answered, "Gan I help? Or is it superfluous that a man elevates himself to being a mediator of the Gods? Is it presumption or should a man become a redeemer of the Gods, after men are saved through the divine mediator?"

"You speak the truth," my soul replied, "the Gods need a human mediator and rescuer. With this man paves the way to crossing over and to divinity. I gave you a frightening dream so that your face would turn to the Gods. I let their torment reach you so that you would remember the suffering Gods. You do too much for men since they are the masters of your world. You can in effect help men only through the Gods, not directly. Alleviate the burning torment of the Gods."

I asked her, "So tell me, where do I begin? I teel their torment and mine at the same time, and yet it is not mine, both real and unreal."

"That is it, and this is where separation should occur," my soul replied

"But how? My wits fail me. You must know how."

"Your wits fan quickly," she retorted, "but the Gods need precisely your human wats."

"And I the vots of the Gods," I added; "and thus we run aground."

"No, you are too impatient, only patient comparison provides a solution, not one side taking a quick decision. It requires work."

I asked. "What do the Gods suffer from?"

"Well," my soul replied, "you have left them with torment and since then they have suffered."

"Rightly so," I cried, "they have formented men enough. Now they should get a taste of it."

She answered, "But what if the torment also reaches you? What have you gained then? You cannot leave as suffering to the Gods or else they will draw you into their torment. After all, they possess the power to do so. To be sure. I must confess that men too possess a wondrous power over the Gods through their wits."

I answered, "I recognize that the torment of the Gods reached me, therefore I also recognize that I must yield to the Gods. What is there doesnot?"

"They want obedience," she replied

"So be it." I answered, "but I fear their desire therefore I say I want to do what I can. On no account will I take back onto myself all the torment that I had to leave to the Gods. Not even Christ took torment away from his followers, but rather he heaped it on I reserve conditions for myself. The Gods should recognize this and direct their desire accordingly. There is no longer any unconditional obedience, since man has stopped being a slave to the Gods. He has dignity before the Gods. He is a limb that even the Gods cannot do without Giving way before the Gods is no more. So let their wish be heard. Comparison shall accomplish the rest so that each will have his appropriate part."

My soul answered. "The Gods want you to do for their sake what you know you do not want to do."

"I thought so," I exclaimed, "of course that ii what the Gods want. But do the Gods also do what I want? I want the fruits of my labor. What do the Gods do for me? They want their goals to be faifuled, but what about mine?"

This infuriated my soul and she said, "You are unbelievably defiant and rebellious. Consider the fact that the Gods are strong."

"I know," I reputed, "but no longer is there any unconditional obedience. When will they use their strength for me? They also want me to place mine in their service. What is their payment in kind? That they are commented? Man suffered agony and the Gods were still not satisfied, but remained insatiable to their devising of new torments. They allowed man to become so blinded that he believed that there were no Gods, and that there was only one God who was a loving father, so that today someone who struggles with the Gods is even though, to be crasy. They have thus prepared this shame too for those who recognize them out of boundiess greed for power since leading the blind is not easy. They will corrupt even their slaves."

"You do not want to obey the Gods?" my soul cried, astonished I answered, "I believe that has already gone on more than enough. Hence the Gods are insatiable, because they have received too many sacrifices the altars of binded humanity are streaming with blood. But dearth makes contentment not abundance May they learn dearth from men. Who does something for me? That is the question that I must pose In no case will I do what the Gods would have to do Ask the Gods what they think of my suggestion."

Then my som divided herself. As a bird she swooped up to the higher Gods and as a serpent she crawled down to the lower Gods Soon afterward, she returned and said, troubled, "The Gods are outraged that you do not want to be obedient."

"That bothers me very stile." I replied, "I have done everything to placate the Gods May they do their share now. Tell them. I can wait. I will let no one tell me what to do. The Gods may devise a service in return. You can go. I will call you tomorrow so that you can tell me what the Gods have decided."

As my som departed, I saw that she was shocked and wormed, since she belonged to the tace of the Gods and daimons and forever sought to convert me to their kind, as my humanity would like to convince me that I belong to the clan and must serve it When I was asteep, my sout came again and in a dream cunningly. painted me as a horned devil to terrify me and make me afraid of myself. In the following tight, however, I called my sow and said. to her, "Your trick was recognized It is to no avail. You do not frighten me. Now speak and convey your message!"

She answered, "The Gods give m. You have broken the compulsion of the law. Therefore I painted you as a devit, since he is the only one among the Gods who bows to no compulsion. He is the rebei against the eternal law, to which, thanks to his deed there are also exceptions. Thus one does not necessarily have to. The devil is helpful in this respect. But it should not happen without seeking counsel from the Gods. This detour is necessary, or else you will fall prey to their law despite the devil."

Here the soul drew near to my ear and whispered. The Gods are even happy to turn a blind eye from time to time, since basically they know very well that it would be had for life if there were no exception to eternal law. Hence their tolerance of

She then raised her voice and cried loudly, "The Gods have mercy upon you and have accepted your sacrifice!"

And so the devil helped me to cleanse myself from commungling in bondage, and the pain of one-sidedness pierced my heart and the wound of being torn apart scorched me

[15] 15 It was noon on a hot summer's day and I was taking a stroll in my garden; when I reached the shade of the high trees, I met ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ strolling in the fragrant grass. But when I sought to approach him, a blue shade's came from the other side, and when OlAHMON saw him, he said "I find you in the garden, beloved. The suis of the world have conferred beauty. upon your countenance

"The suffering of the world has straightened your shape."

- "You are truly a king
- "Your crimson is blood
- Your ermine is snow from the coldness of the poles
- Your crown is the heavenly body of the sun, which you bear or your head

"Welcome to the garden, my master my beloved, my brother!"

The shade replied, "Oh Simon Magus or whatever your name may be, are you in my garden or am I in yours?"194

ФІЛНМЯН said, "You are. Oh master, in my garden. Helena, or whatever you choose to call her, and I are your servants. You can find accommodation with us. Simon and Helena have become ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ and Baucis and so we are the hosts of the Gods We granted hospitality to your terrible worm. And since you come forward, we take you an. It is our garden that surrounds you ""

The shade answered, "Is this garden not mine? Is not the world of the heavens and of the spirits my own?"

ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ said, "You are. Oh master here in the world of men. Men have changed. They are no longer the staves and no longer the swindiers of the Gods and no longer mourn in your name, but they grant hospitality to the Gods. The terrible worms came before you, whom you recognize as your brother insofar as you are of divine nature, and as your father insofar as you are of human nature." You dismissed him when he gave you ciever counse; in the desert. You took the counset, but dismissed. the worm: he finds a place with us. But where he is, you will be aiso. Mhen I was Simon, I sought to escape him with the ploy of magic and thus I escaped you. Now that I gave the worm a piace in my garden, you come to me "

The shade answered, "Do I fall for the power of your trick? Have you secretly caught me? Were not deception and has always. уоыт тиавинел^{уг}

But ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ answered, "Recognize. Oh master and beloved, that your nature is also of the serpent in Were you not raised on. the tree like the serpent? Have you said aside your body, like the serpent its akin? Have you not practiced the healing arts, like the scrpent? Did you not go to Hell before your ascent? And did you not see your brother there who was shut away in the abyss?"60

Then the shade said, "You speak the truth. You are not tying. Even so, do you know what a bring you?"

"This I know not " ΦΙΛΗΜΩΝ answered, "I know only one thing, that whoever hosts the worm also needs his brother What do you bring me, my beautiful guest's Lamentation. and abomination were the gift of the worm. What will you

The shade answered. "I bring you the beauty of suffering. That: is what is needed by whoever hosts the worm."

155 in filmeries, Jung commented: "In such dream wandering one frequently encounters an old man who is accompanied by a young girl, and easenples of such couples are to be found in many myther tales. Thus, according to Goostic (radioon, Simon Magus went about with a young girl, who is he had perked up in a brothe). Her name was Helen, and she was regarded as the reincornation of the Trojan Helen. Klingsor and Kundry, Lan-tzu and the dancing girl, likewise belong in this caregory" (g. 206).

with a tempting volce" (p. 86). 158 Block Book 6 continues: "since he is your instrumal brother" (p. 86).

160 See above, p. 243.

⁷⁵² June 1, 1916

 ¹⁵³ In Black Book 6, the shade is identified as Christ. p. 84)
 154 Siroon Magus (first century) was a magazian. In the Acts of the Apostles (8:9-24), after becoming a Christian, he whiled to purchase the power of transmitting the Holy Spirit from Peter and Paul (Jung saw this accurant as a caricature). Further accounts of hum are found in the apocryphal acts of Peter and to writings of the Church fathers—te has been seen as one of the founders of "anasticism, and in the second century a "imposion sect arose the is said to have always craveled with a woman, whom he found to a brothel in Tyre, who was the renormanion of Helen of Troy, Jung cited this as an example of the anions figure ("Soul and earth," 1927.

CW 10. \$75) On Simon Magus, see Gilles Quispel, Grow's als Weltreligion (Zitrich: Origin Verlag, 1931), pp. \$75, and G.R.S. Mend. Simon Magus An Essay on the Franker of Janovanian Based on the Ancient Scores with a Resembation of His Philosophy and Teaching (Landon: The Theosophycai Publishing House, 1892).

⁴⁶ e 5eran. 157 In Black Book 6, this servence reads: "Your brother came before you, Oh master, the terrible worm, whom you distributed, when he gave you dispers counsel in the desert

¹⁵⁹ Jung commented on the serpent as an allegory of Christ in Alee (1952, CW 9, 2, \$5369, 385, and \$90)

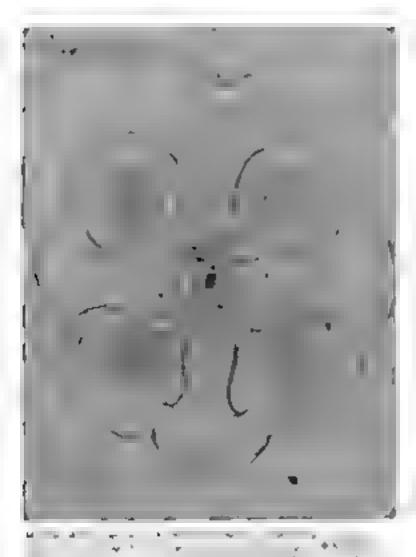
Epilogue†

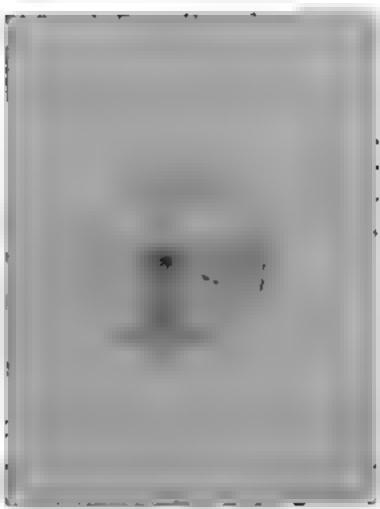
1959

I worked on this book for 16 years. My acquaintance with alchemy in 1930 took me away from it. The beginning of the end came in 1928, when Wilhelm sent me the text of the "Golden Flower," an alchemical treatise There the contents of this book found their way into actuality and I could no longer continue working on it. To the superficial observer, it will appear like madness. It would also have developed into one, had I not been able. to absorb the overpowering force of the original experiences. With the help of alchemy, I could finally arrange them into a whole. I always knew that these experiences contained something precious, and therefore I knew of nothing better than to write them down in a "precious," that is to say, costly book and to paint the images that emerged through reliving it as well as I could. I knew how frightfully inadequate this undertaking was, but despite much work and many distractions I remained true to it, 190/191 even if another / possibility never.

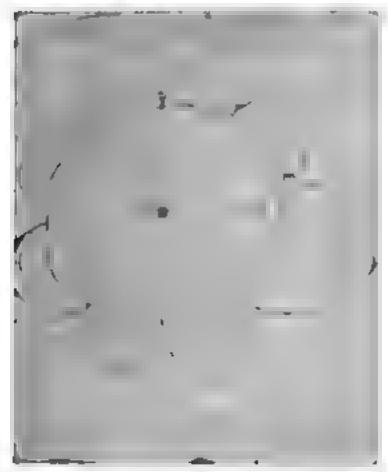
^{*} This appears on p. 190 of the calligraphic volume of other Novis. The transcription was abruptly feir off in the middle of a sentence on p. 189. This epilogue appears on the next page, in Jung's normal handwriting. This in turn was abruptly left off in the middle of a sentence

Appendix A

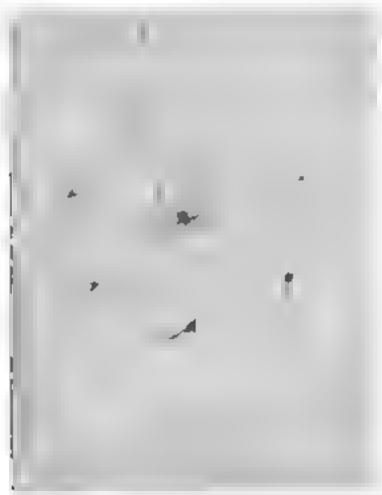




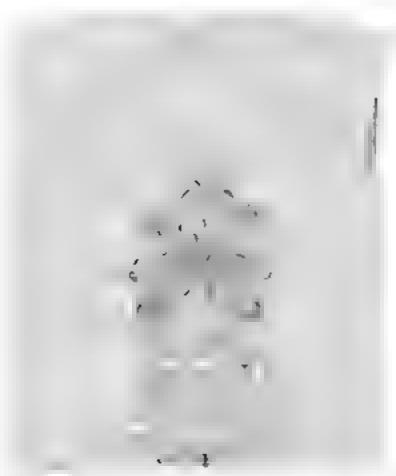
fandala skeich 2 is she revenie of mandala sketch I. (19.4 GM X : 43 GM)



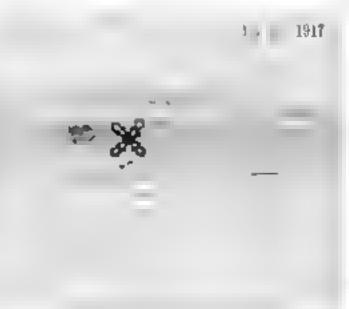
Mandala sheech 3 to dated August 4, 1917, and August 4, 1917, and is the bases of



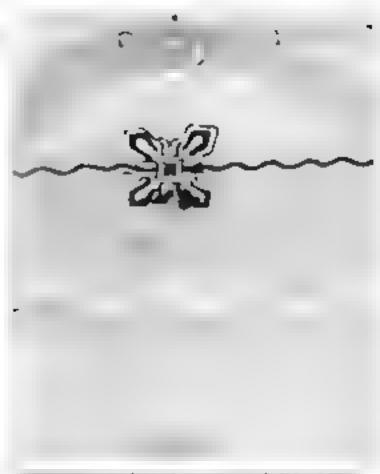
Mandala sketch 4 is dated August 6, 1917 On these sketches, see introduction, pp. 206. 203 CM x 14-9 CM)



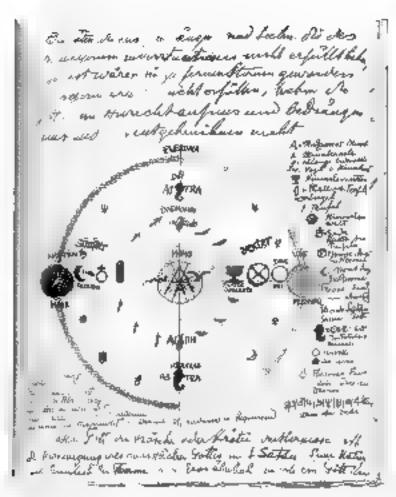
Mandala akerth s is deted Separaher 1. 1917, and is the basis of large 39. (18.5 CM \times +3.4 GH)



Mandala sheath 7 is dated September 11, 1917, and in the basis of smaps 94, (13.1 the x 15.2 GH)







The sketch of "Systems Manditotius" is from Black Book 5, page 169 (see Appendix 6, p. 370 for butther discussion), \$22,9 CM x 67.8 CM;

mage legend:

- Anthropes Men

Натар зона

- Sespent - Eserbly soul

Bord — Henversty soul

- Heavenly mother

- Phallus (Devif)

 Angel Devil

0

- Heavenly world

Earth, Mother of the Devil

- Sun. Eye of the Pleroma.

- Moon Eye of the Plerame [Moon sighted] Sum Lookang)

Moon - Sater

Sun = God

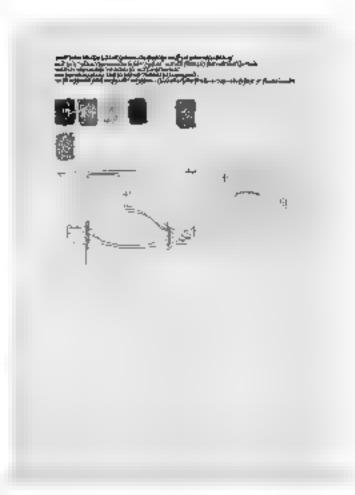
O+C - God of the Frogs - Abranas

■ The Fullness

The Emptiness = Flame Fire

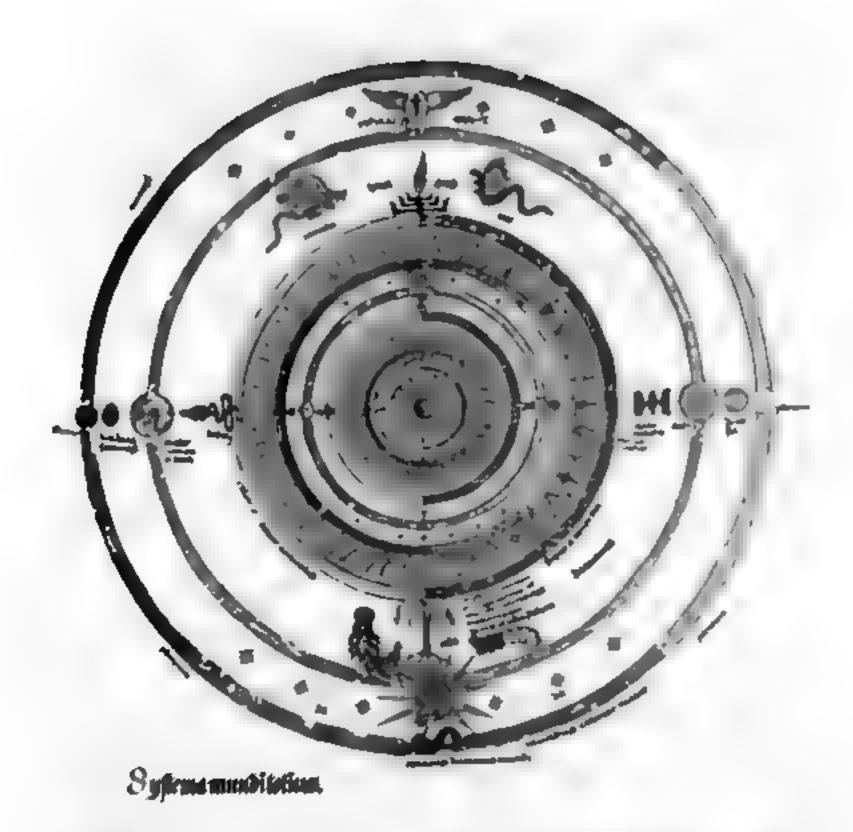
Lomb = Ervs. a dovinous 対域の中の関係 サー Gods, start without numbers

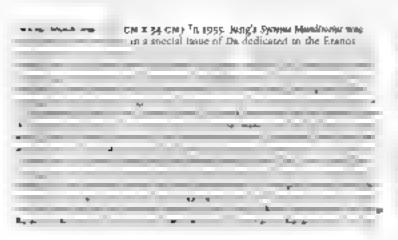
The middle pour is again the Pleroma. The God in it is Abraxia, a world of daument surrounds it, and ogain in a middle prioritis humanity, ending and beginning.

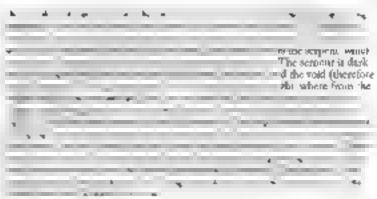


Shoreta of files, page of Liber Secondar (see p. 1). (387 GHz x 273 GM. The ralligraphic leaf is from a Ballyborian constron in 8th propositions of Hogo -resonan (ed. Alterientalische Teete und Bilder zum Aften Tosanssense vol. (Tribingen J. Molie (2003) p. 4f. which fong cited in 1912 in Transformation and Symbol of the Libida (C. W. B. 5383). It reads. Mother Huber who formed exercitings: proceded an irresponsible weapon which she boar a grant surpent with pointed touth inclinities in every expect.

She filled has body with blood not with poison in and invented farings. grant newty in textility. She inside their slippe with legistral brilliance and made them use high. Whoever saw, horn should pane away with horcor, their bodies should read without them taking flight







Appendix B Commentaries

pp. 55- 49

Age Макс

Enantiodromia of the afe-type

It is difficult to force this image to make a statement. Yet it is so allegorical that it ought to speak. It differs from the earner experiences in that it is more witnessed than experienced. For that matter all the images that I have placed under the title "Mystery play" are rather more allegorical than actual experiences. They are certainly not intended allegones, they have not been consciously contrived to depict experience in either veiled or even fantastic terms. Rather, they appeared as visions. It was not until I reworked. them later that I realized more and more that they could in no way be compared with the experiences portrayed in the other chapters. These images apparently are portrayata of personified. unconscious thoughts. That follows from their imagistic manner. They also called for more reflection and interpretation than the other experiences, to which I could not do justice with cogitation. because they were quite sumply experiences. The images of the "Mystery play," on the other hand, personify principles accessible. to thinking and intellectual understanding, and their allegories. manner accordingly also invites such an attempt at explanation.

The action it set in a dark earthly depth, evidently an allegorical representation of the inner depths beneath the extension of the bright space of consciousness or the psychic field of vision. Sinking into such a depth corresponds to averting the mental gaze from outer things and focusing it on the inner dark. depths. Gazing at the darkness to some extent animates the previously dark background. Since gazing at the darkness occurs without conscious expectation, the manimate psychic background has an opportunity to set its contents appear, undisturbed by conscious assumptions

The preceding experiences indicated that itrong psychic movements were present that consciousness could not grasp Two figures—the old sage and the young maiden—itep into the field of vision, unexpectedly for consciousness, but characteristic of the mythological spirit upon which consciousness resus. This configuration is an image that forever recurs in the human spirit. The old man represents a spiritual principle that could be designated as Logos, and the maiden represents an unspiritual principle. of feeling that could be called Eros. A descendent of Logos is Nous, the intellect, which has done away with the commingling of feeling, presentiment and sensation. In contrast, the Logos contains this comminging. But it is not the product of such biending, or else it would be a lower animalistic psychic activity, yet it masters the biend, so that the four fundamental activities of the soul become subordingte to its principle. It is an independent principle of form that means understanding, maight, foresight regislation, and windom. The figure of an old prophet is therefore a fitting allegory for this principle, since the prophetic spirit arrites in itself all these qualities. In contrast, Eros is a principle that contains a comminging of all the fundamental activities of the soul just as much as it masters them, although its purpose is

completely different. It is not form giving but form faifiling. at as the wine that will be poured into the vessel; it is not the bed and direction of the stream but the impetuous water flowing in it Eros is desire, longing, force, exuberance pleasure, suffering, Where Logos is ordering and insistence, Eros is dissolution and movement. They are two fundamental psychic powers that form a pair of opposites, each one requiring the other

The old prophet expresses persistence, but the young maiden denotes movement. Their impersonal essence is expressed by the fact that they are figures belonging to general human history: they do not belong to a person but have been a spiritual content of the world's peoples since time immemorial. Everyone has them, and therefore these figures recur in the work of thinkers and poets.

Such primordial images have a secret power that works just as much on human reason as on the soul. Wherever they appear they stir something anked with the mysterious, the long gone, and heavy with foreboding. A string sounds whose vibration reverberates in every man's breast, these primordial images dwell in everyone as they are the property of all mankind." This socret power in like a spell, like magic, and causes elevation just as much as seduction. It is characteristic of primordial images that they take hold of man where he is utterly himan, and a power seizes him, as if the bustling throng were pushing him. And this happeru even if individual anderstanding and feeling rise up against it. What is the power of the individual against the voice of the whole people in him? He is entranced, possessed, and consumed. Nothing makes this effect clearer than the serpent. It signifies everything dangerous and everything bad, everything nocturnal and uncanny, which adheres to Logos as well as to Eros, so long as they can work as the dark and unrecognized principles of the unconscious spirit

The house represents a fixed abode, which indicates that Logos and Eros have permanent residence in us

Salome is represented as the daughter of E ijah, thus expressing the order of succession. The prophet is her producer. she emanates from him. The fact that she is assigned to him as a daughter indicates a subordination of Eros to Logos. Although this relation is very frequent, as manifested by the constancy of this primordial image at it nevertheless a special case that possesses no general validity. For if these were two opposed principles one could not arise from the other and thus depend on it. Salome is hence apparently no (complete), correct embodiment of Eron but a variety of the same (This supposition is later confirmed.) That she is actually an incorrect allegory for Eros also stems from the fact that she is blind. Eros is not blind, tince he regulater, just as well as Logos does, all fundamental activities of the soul. The blindness indicates her incompleteness and the absence of an essential quality. By virtue of her shortcoming she depends upon

The indistinct gittering walls of the hall point to something unrecognized, perhaps something valuable that wakens currouty and attracts attention. In this manner creative involvement is woven even deeper into the image, so that an even greater animal tion of the dark background becomes possible. Such enhanced attention gives rise to the image of an object, which to all intents and purposes expresses concentration, namely the image of a crystal, which has been used to produce such visions since time immemorial. These figures, which at first are incomprehensible to the beholder, evoke dark processes in his soul, which to a cer-

The page numbers refer to the Corrected Draft. This corresponds to pp. 245-248 above.

Living here employs a metaphorismed by Jacob Burkhardt to describe the primordial images of Fouse and Oedipus, which he had cited in Transfermentees and Symbels of the Libido (1912 CW B. \$56n).

tain extent lie even deeper (such as in the vision of blood) and whose perception requires an aid sike the crystal. As has been axid, however this expresses nothing else than an even stronger concentration of creative attention.

A figure like the prophet, which is clear and complete in tself, arouses less curroutly than the unexpected form of bund Salome, which it why one may expect that the formative process. will first address the problem of Eros. Hence an image of Eve. appears first, together with images of the tree and the serpent. This apparently refers to temptation, as already encapsulated in the figure of Salome. Temptation brings about a further movement. toward the side of Eros. This in then forebodes many adventurous. possibilities, for which the wandering of Odysseus as the fitting image. This image stimulates and invites adventurousness: it is as if a door opened to a new opportunity to free the gaze from the dark confinement and depths in which it was held fast. Hence, the vision opens onto a sunny garden whose red blooming trees represent a development of erotic feeting, and whose wells mean a steady source. The coor water of the well, which does not mebriate, indicates the Logos. (Therefore Salome also speaks ater of the deep "wells" of the prophet) This suggests that the development of Eros also means a source of knowledge. And with thia Filiah begins to speak

Logos undoubtedly has the apper hand in this, my case, since Elijah says that he and his daughter have always been one. Yet Logos and Eros are not one but two. In this case, however, Logos has blinded and subjugated Eros. But if this is the case, then the necessity will also arise to free Eros from the clutch of Logos, so that the former will regain vision. Therefore Salome turns to me because Eros is in need of help, and because I have apparently been enabled to behold this image for precisely this reason. The some of the man is more inclined to Logos than to Eros, which is more characteristic of the cusence of the woman. The subjugation of Eros through Logos explains not only the blindness of Eros but also the somewhat strange fact that Eros is represented precisely by the not-so parasing figure of Salome. Salome denotes had qualines. She brings to mind not only the murder of the hoty one but also the incentious pleasure of the father.

A principle always has the dignity of independence. But if this dignity is taken from it, it is debased and then assumes a bad form. We know that psychic activity and qualities that are deprived of development through repression degenerate and thus become bad habits. Either an open or secret vice takes the place of a well-formed activity and gives rise to a distinsty of the personality with stielf, signifying a moral suffering or a real archies. Only one way remains open to whoever wants to free binuself from this suffering, he must accept the repressed part of his son, he must love his inferiority, even his vices, so that what is degenerate can resume development.

Wherever Logos rules, there is order but too much persistence. The allegory of paradise where there is no struggle and therefore no development in fitting here. In this condition the represent movement degenerates and its value is lost. This is the murder of the body one and the murder happens because ake Herod, Logos cannot protect the body one on account of his own weakness, because he can do nothing else than hold onto himself, thus ardining the degeneration of Eros. Only disobedience against the ruling principle leads out of this condition of andeveloped persistence. The story of paradise repeats uself, and hence the

secpetit winds its way up the tree because Adam should be led into temptation

Every development leads through the undeveloped, but capable of development. In its undeveloped condition it is almost worthless, while development represents a highest value that is anquestionable. One must give up this value or at least apparently give it up to be able to attend to the undeveloped. But this stands in the sharpest contrast to the developed, which perhaps represents our best and highest achievement. The acceptance of the undeveloped is therefore like a sin, like a false step, a degeneration, a descent to a deeper level; in actual fact, however it is a greater deed than remaining in an ordered condition at the expense of the other side of our being, which is thus at the mercy of decay.

pp 103 2 91

The scene of the action is the same place as in the first image. The allusion to a crater heightens the impression of a large cavity that reaches far down into the interior of the earth; this depth is not inactive, but violently discharges all kinds of matter.

Since Eros poses the most serious problem at first, Saiome enters the scene, bundly groping her way toward the left. Even what appear to be negligible details are important in such visionary images. The left is the side of the insuspicious. This suggests that Eros does not tend toward the right, the side of consciousness, conscious will and conscious choice but toward the side of the beart, which is iess subject to our conscious will. This movement toward the left is emphasized by the fact that the serpent moves in the same direction. The serpent represents magical power which also appears where animal drives are aroused imperceptibly in as. They afford the movement of Eros the uncanny emphasis that serikes as as magical. Magical effect is the enchantment and anderlining of our thought and feeling through dark instinctual impulses of an arimal nature.

The movement toward the left is blood that is without purpose and intention It hence requires guidance, not by conticious intention but by Logor Elijah calls Salome back. Her blindness is an affliction, and as such demands healing. Closer scrutiny at least partially invalidates the prejudice against her She seems to be innocent, and perhaps her badness ought to be attributed to her bindness.

Logos asserts us power over Eros by calling back Saiome. The serpent also obeys Logos. It rests with Logos and Eros to emphasize the power and significance of this image. A natural consequence of this magical powerful view of the union of Logos and Eros is the strongly feit smallness and insignificance of the I, which finds expression in a sense of boyishness.

It appears as if the movement toward the left, following band Eros, is not possible or effectively disallowed, without the intervention of Logos. From the perspective of Logos, following a movement blindly is a sin-because it is one-aided and violates the law that man must forever strive for the highest degree of consciousness. Therein lies his humanity. The other he has in common with animals, lesus also says, "If you know what you are doing, you are biessed; if you do not know what you are doing, you are damned." The movement toward the left would be possible and permitted only if a conscious, seeing notion of it existed. Formulating such a notion is not possible without the intervention of Logos.

^{3.} This intersported to ps. 245, 248 above

⁴ to write our wast appeared to the other for a form the order Bease. Man, if indeed you know what you are doing happy are you; but if not, you are accurated and a cransgregor of the upw" J. K. Elliot, ed. The Apperplac

The first step toward developing such a notion is to become conscious of the goal or intention of the movement. Hence Elijah asks about the intention of the I. And it must admit its bundness,

that is, its ignorance about intention. The only recognizable

thing is a longing, a wish, to unravel the embroilment caused by

the first image

Such making conscious stirs a vague sense of happiness in Salome Understandably so, since consciousness means maight, that is, a healing of her blindness. Thus a step toward attaining the healing of Eros is taken

At first the I remains in its inferior position, since its ignorance prevents it from surveying the further development of its problem. Nor would it know which direction to take, since it has never tast its gaze into the depths of its psychic substratum, but has seen only what meets the eye and recognized only the powers of consciousness and the conscious world as effective forces hasf-consciously denying its inner impulses. Faced with its own depths, such an I can only feel embarrassed. Its belief in a conscious apperworld had been so firm that going down into the depths of the self is like guilt, a betrayal of conscious ideas.

But since its desire to unravel the embroilment is greater than its aversion to its own inferiority, the I entruits itself to the guidance of Logos. Since nothing comes into view that could answer the question raised, even greater depths must evidently be opened up. This in turn occurs with the help of the crystal, that is, through the atmost concentration of expectant attention. The first image to appear in the crystal is the mother of God with child.

This image is obviously related, and opposed, to the vision of Eve in the first image Just as Eve represents carnal temptation and carnal motherhood, the mother of God stands for carnal virginity and spiritual motherhood. The first direction would be a movement of Eros toward the fiesh, the latter toward the spirit Eve is an expression of the carnal side, whereas Mary expresses the spiritual side of Eros. As long as the I saw only Eve, it was blind. The evocation of awareness, however affords a spiritual view of Eros. In the first case the I became an Odysseus on an adventurous sourney, which concludes with the aging man's return to Penetope, the motherly woman

In the latter case the I is depicted as Peter, the chosen rock upon which the Church is to be founded. The key as the symbol of the power of binding and loosing buttresses this idea, and leads one to the image of the pope as God's governor on earth with a threefold crown

Undoubtedly, the I becomes involved in a movement toward spiritual power as attested by the one-sidedness of the movement. The vision of Eve leads astray, to adventurous odyssey, to Circe and Calypso. The vision of the mother of God, on the other hand, turns desire away from the flesh and toward the humble veneration of the spirit. Eros is subject to error in the flesh, but in the spirit it rises above the flesh and the inferiority of carnal error. It therefore almost imperceptibly becomes the spirit, the power over the flesh in the guise of love, and thus spiritual power casts off the mande of love; although the former believes it loves the spirit in effect it rules the flesh. And the more powerful it is, the less soving it is. And the less it loves the spirit, the more it is carnal power. On account of its power over the flesh, the love of the spirit thus becomes a secular power-drive in spiritual guise.

Christ overcame the world by burdering himself with its suffering. But Buddha overcame both the pieasure and suffering of the world by disposing of both. And thus he entered into nonbeing, a condition from which there is no seturn. Buddha it an even higher sparitual power, that derives no pieasure from controlling the flesh, since he has attogether moved beyond pleasure and suffering Passion, whose conquest still requires so much effort in the case of Christ and does so incessantly and in ever greater measure, has left Buddha and surrounds him as a blazing fire. He is both unaffected and untouchable.

But if the awing I approaches this condition, its passion may seave it, though it will not die. Or are we not our passion? And what happens to our passion when it leaves the [9] The [1:8] conscioumess, which only has eyes in front. It never sees what is behind it. But that is where the passion it has overcome 🙃 front regroups. Unguided by the eye of reason, unmitigated by humaneness the fire becomes a devastating, bloodthusty Kali, who devours the ife of man from within, as the manera of her sacrificial ceremony 1998 "Hail to you, O Kali, teipleeyed Goddess of dreadful aspect, from whose throat hangs a neckiace of human smalls. May you be honored with this blood!" Salome must of course despair of this end, which would like to tuen From into aparit sance From cannot exist without the flesh. In resisting the inferiority of the flesh, the I resists its female somwhich represents everything that strives to supprese conscious. ness against spirit. Thus this path also results in an opposition Hence the I returns from beholding the figures embodying

Logor and Eros are reunited, as if they had overcome the conflict between spirit and flesh. They appear to know the solution. The movement toward the teft which started from Eros at the beginning of the image, now commences from Logos. He starts moving toward the teft to complete with seeing eyes what began in blandness. At first this movement leads into greater darkness, which is then star somewhat illumined by the reddish aght. The color red points to Eros. While it does not emit a bright light Eros at least provides an opportunity to recognize something, perhaps even merely by inducing a situation in which man can recognize something, provided Logos assists him

Elijah leans against the marbie iron. The fron as a royal animal sign fies power. The stone suggests unshakeable firmness, thereby expressing the power and sondary of Logos. Once again awareness commences first, although now in greater depths and in renewed surroundings. Here the I experiences its smallness even more as it is even further removed from the world it knows, where it is conscious of its value and meaning. In these new surroundings there is nothing to remind it of its meaning. Hence it is obviously overwhelmed by so much otherness, which so completely eludes its own discretion. Estah assumes control of developing awareness.

As the crystal visions have shown, the idea that should be conveyed to consciousness is an idea of spiritual power, that in the I was tempted to arrogate prophethood. But this idea encountered such a feeting of resistance that it could not assert uself against consciousness. Hence it remained behind the current But since the I could not follow Eros blindly, it sought at least to exchange spiritual power for this loss as observed. so very often in human life. It is almost inevitable that such a greatisons, like that of Eros, presses man to search for a substitute at seast in the sphere of power. This occurs in such an uncanny, cunning manner that the I mostly fails to nonce the ruse. Which explains why the I as a rule cannot enjoy its power, since it does not possess power, but is possessed by the power-devil. In this case it would have been easy for the I to grasp the fact that Enjah imposes himself with such living reality, and any claim to this figure as a personauty valuable in itself. But awareness has forestatied this deception

The appearance of oving figures should not be taken personally even though one is obviously inclined to assume responsibility. Yfor them. In reality such figures belong just as much or little to our personality as our hands and feet. The mere presence of hands or feet is not characteristic of personality. If anything about them is characteristic, it is merely their individual character. It is thus characteristic of the I that the old man and the young maiden are caused Elijah and Salome, they might just as well have been called Simon Magus and Helena. What is significant, however is that they are biblical figures. As proven later, this is one of the peculiarities of the psychic entanglement belonging to this moment.

The awareness of the alluring idea of spiritual power shifts the question of Eros into the foreground again, once more in a new form, both the possibility indicated by Eve and the one represented by Mary are ruled out. Hence the third possibility remains, namely filial relationship, which avoids the two extremes of the flesh and the sports Elyah as the father. Salome as the sister the I as the son and brother. This solution corresponds to the Christian notion of childhood in God. Salome-as Marymakes up the as yet-absent mother in what is a formidably engracing manner. This has a corresponding effect on the I. There u something andeniably cathactic about the Christian solution because it seems to be altogether possible. There is a child in each of iii; in the eiderly, it is even the only thing still alive One can have recourse to the childlike anytime on account of its mexhaustible freshness and adherence. Everything, even the most ominous, can be rendered harmiess through regranslation anto the childule. After all, we do this often enough in everyday. afe. We even manage to tame a passion by leading it back to the childlike, and perhaps the flame of passion collapses in a childlike tament even more often. Thus there are many prospects for which the chadlike can seem to be a satisfactory remedy, including not least the far-reaching effect of our Christian education, which hummers into us the notion of childhood in hundreds of manifes and hymns

Satome's remark that Mary is their mother must thus appear even more devastating. Since this prevents the childlike solution from developing, it immediately prompts another thought. If Mary is the mother, then inexampley I must be Christ. The childlike solution would have canceled all reservations. Salome would no longer pose a threat, since she would be only the intle sister. Elijah would be the caring father, whose wisdom and foresight would have left the I to its own devices with child the trust.

But this is the infortunate drawback constituted by childhood as a solution, every child wishes to grow. Being a child involves the burning desire and impatience for future adulthood. If we teturn to being a child for fear of the dangers of Eros, the child will want to develop toward spiritual power. But if we flee into childhood for fear of the dangers of the spirit, we fail into arrogating the power of Eros.

The condition of spurma childhood constitutes a transition in which not everyone can remain. In this case it stands to reason that Eros demonstrates to the I the impossibility of being a child. One might think that it is not that awfut to renounce the condition of childhood. But only those who fail to grasp the consequences of this renunciation think that way. It is not the loss of immemorial Christian views and the religious possibilities they ensured many bear this loss all too easily—but rather that what is renounced refers to the much more protound artitude that far transcends the Christian outlook

which provides individual afe and thought with a tried and tested direction. Even if one has long abstained from Christian religious practice and has long ceased to regret this loss, one continues to behave intuitively as if the original views stall existed by right. One fails to consider that a discarded world-view needs to be replaced by a new one, in particular one fails to be clear about the fact that renouncing the Christian outlook erodes present-day morals. Renouncing childhood means that no emotional or habitual dependence on hitherto valid moral views any longer exists. The hitherto valid view has arisen from the spirit of the Christian worldview.

Notwithstanding all free thinking, our attitude to Eros for instance, remains the old Christian view. We can now no longer bide our time peacefully without questioning and doubt or else we will remain in the state of chadhood. If we merely reject the dogmane view, our liberation from the well-established will be merely intellectual, whereas our deeper feeling will persist on the old path. Most people, however are unaware of how this sets them at odds with themselves. But later generations will become increasingly aware of this. Yet those who notice this will realize with horror that renouncing resumed childhood ousts them from our present times and that they can no longer follow any of the traditional ways. They enter uncharted territory, which has neither paths nor boundaries. They lack any direction, since they have forsaken all established bearings. This realization, however, dawns upon very few since the vast majority makes do with half measures, and remains unperturbed by the stupidity of their spiritual condition. But then tepidity and stackness is not to everyone's taste. Some would rather abandon themselves to despair than adhere to a worldview completely removed from the well-trodden paths of their habitum behavior. They would rather venture into a pathiess, dark land at the risk of perishing there, even if this should outrage all their cowardice.

When Smome remarks that Mary is their mother, which means that the I is Christ this means in brief that the I has left the state of Christian chaldhood and has taken the place of Christ Nothing could be more abourd, of course, than to assume that the I thus would be presuming excessive importance, on the contrary, it takes up a decidedly inferior position. Previously it had the advantage of being part of the crowd railying behind a powerful figure, but now it has exchanged that for sontucie and forloriness, rendering it as alien and sonely in its world as lesus was in his, without possessing that great man's outstanding attributes. Being at odds with the world requires greatness, but the I experiences its almost fudicious meagerness. Which explains its horror at Salome's revetations.

Whoever steps beyond the Christian outlook, yet does so definitely, falls into a seeming abyss, an atmost solitude, and tacks any means of hiding the fact. Of course one would like to persuade oneself that this is not all that bad. But it is Abandonment is about the worst thing that can happen to man's herd instinct, not to mention the daunting task with which we thus burden ourselves. Destruction is easy, but rebuilding is difficult

Thus the image ends with a sense of gloom, which stands opposed, however, to the tall, quietly burning flame encircled by the serpent. This view denotes devotion coupled with the magical compulsion expressed by the serpent. This an effective counterpart is set against the disquieting sense of doubt and fear as if someone were saying, "Of course your 1 is full of unease and doubt, but the constant flame of devotion burns in you more strongly and the compulsion of your fate is more powerful."

Pp 127- 50:

The far reaching premonitions of the second image plunged the I into a chaos of doubt. Hence an understandable desire arose to rise above the confusion to attain greater clarity, as expressed in the image of the beeting mountain ridge. Logos appears to be leading the way. What occurs next is the image of two opposites. expressed by two serpents and the separation of day and night. Daylight signifies good whereas darkness represents evil. As compelling forces, both assume the figure of serpents. Therein: des concealed an idea that subsequently assumes great importance. whoever encountered a black serpent would have been no less. surprised at encountering a white one. Color does not dispet. fear. What this suggests is that perhaps an equally dangerous, bewitching power resides in good as in evil. Essentially, the good needs to be regarded as an inherently no-less-dangerous. principle than evil. In any event, the I could decide to approach. the white serpent just as little as the black one, even though

it believes it can or must by all means entrust itself more to good than to evil. But the I is rooted to the spot halfway, transfixed, and observes the struggle between the two principles within steelf.

The fact that the I remains in this middle position implies the advance of evil since anything but unconditional surrender to the good impairs it. This finds expression in the attack of the black serpent. But the fact that the I does not partake of evil constitutes a victory for the good. This finds expression in the black serpent growing a white head.

The disappearance of the serpent denotes that the opposition of good and evil has become ineffective, that is, that at least it has jost its immediate significance. For the I this means a release from the unconditional power of the hitherto abiding moral point of view in favor of a middle position freed from the pair of opposites. But neither clarity not a clear view has been gained thereby, hence the ascent continues to the final point of elevation, which sught grant the longed-for outlook.

s This refers to pp. 251- 254

Appendix C

The following is an entry from Black Book 5, which gives a preliminary sketch of cosmology of the Septem Sermones.

16. 1. 16.

The force of the God is frightful.

"You shall experience even more of it. You are in the second age. The first age has been overcome. This is the age of the rulership of the son, whom you call the Frog God. A third age will follow, the age of apportionment and harmonious power."

My soul, where did you go? Did you go to the animals?

I bind the Above with the Below I bind God and animal. Something in me is part animal, something part God, and a third part human. Below you serpent, within you man, and above you God. Beyond the serpent comes the phallus, then the earth, then the moon, and finally the coldness and emptiness of outer space.

Above you comes the dove or the celestial soul, in which love and foresight are united, just as poison and shrewdness are united in the serpent. Shrewdness is the devil's understanding, which always detects smaller things and finds chinks where you suspect none.

If I am not conjoined through the uniting of the Below and the Above, I break down into three parts: the serpent, and in that or some other animal form I roam, living nature daimonically, arousing fear and longing. The human soul, living forever within you. The celestial soul, as such dwelling with the Gods, far from you and unknown to you, appearing in the form of a bird. Each of these three parts then is independent.

Beyond me stands the celestial mother. Its counterpart is the phallus. Its mother is the earth, its goal is the heavenly mother.

The celestial mother is the daughter of the celestial world. Its counterpart is the earth.

The celeutial mother is illuminated through the spiritual sun. Its counterpart is the moon. And just as the moon is the crossing to the dead of space, the spiritual sun is the crossing to the Pleroma, the upper world of fullness. The moon is the God's eye of emptiness, just as the sun is the God's eye of fullness. The moon that you see is the symbol, just as the sun that you see. Sun and moon, that is, their symbols, are Gods. There are still other Gods, their symbols are the planets.

The celestial mother is a daimon among the order of the Goda, an inhabitant of the heavenly world.

The Gods are favorable and unfavorable, impersonal, the souls of stars, influences, forces, grandfathers of souls, rulers in the heavenly world, both in space and in force. They are neither dangerous nor kind, strong, yet humble, clarifications of the Pleroma and of the eternal emptiness, configurations of the eternal qualities.

Their number is immeasurably great and leads over to the one supreme fundamental, which contains all qualities in itself and itself has none, a nothing and everything, the complete dissolution of man, death and eternal life.

Man becomes through the principium individuationis. He strives for absolute individuality, through which he ever increasingly concentrates the absolute dissolution of the Pleroma. Through this he makes the Pleroma the point that contains the greatest

the Pleroma is immeasurably great. The more concentrated the Pleroma becomes, the stronger the star of the individual becomes. It is surrounded by shining clouds, a heavenly body in the making, comparable to a small sun. It emits fire. Therefore it is called: spo [siµ1] ouixNavol, ouiv normp. Just like the sun, which is also such a star, which is a God and grandfather of souls, the star of the individual is also like the sun, a God and grandfather of the souls. He is visible from time to time, just as I have described him. His light is blue, like that of a distant star. He is far out in space, cold and solitary, since he is beyond death. To attain individuality, we need a large share of death. Therefore it is called a son some, since just as an innumerable number of men rule the earth, so a countless number of stars and of Gods rule the celestial world.

To be sure, this God is the one who survives the death of men. To him for whom solitude is Heaven, he goes to Heaven; to him for whom it is Hell, he goes to Hell. Whoever does not follow the principlum individuations to its end becomes no God, since he cannot bear individuality.

The dead who besiege us are souls who have not fulfilled the principium individuationis, or else they would have become distant stars. Insofar as we do not fulfill it, the dead have a claim on us and besiege us and we cannot escape them. [Image]²

The God of the frogs or toads, the brainless, is the uniting of the Christian God with Satan. His nature is like the flame; he is like Eros, but a God; Eros is only a daimon.

The one God, to whom worship is due, is in the middle.

You should worship only one God. The other Gods are unimportant. Abratas is to be feared. Therefore it was a deliverance when he separated himself from me. You do not need to seek him. He will find you, just like Eros. He is the God of the cosmos, extremely powerful and fearful. He is the creative drive, he is form and formation, just as much as matter and force, therefore he is above all the light and dark Gods. He tears away souls and casts them into procreation. He is the creative and created. He is the God who always renews himself, in days, in months, in years, in human life, in agea, in peoples, in the living, in heavenly bodies. He compels, he is unaparing. If you worship him, you increase his power over you. Thereby it becomes unbearable. You will have dreadful trouble getting clear of him. The more you free yourself from him, the more you approach death, since he is the life of the universe. But he is also universal death. Therefore you fall victim to him again, not in life but in dying. So remember him, do not worship him, but also do not imagine that you can flee him since he is all around you. You must be in the middle of life, surrounded by death on all sides. Stretched out, like one crucified, you hang in him, the fearful, the overpowering.

But you have in you the one God, the wonderfully beautiful and kind, the solitary, starlike, unmoving, he who is older and wiser than the father, he who has a safe hand, who leads you among all the darknesses and death scares of dreadful Abraxas. He gives joy and peace, since he is beyond death and beyond what is subject to change. He is no servant and no friend of Abraxas. He himself is an Abraxas, but not unto you, but in himself and his distant world, since you yourself are a God who lives in faraway realms and who renews himself in his ages and creations and peoples, just as powerful to them as Abraxas is to you.

You yourself are a creator of worlds and a created being.

t "I are a star, wandering about with you."—A citation from the Mithres Linegy (Albrecht Dieserich, Eine Mithresfloogie [Leipzig; B. G. Teubest. 1903], p. 8, line 5). Jung carried the continuation of this sentence on his more at Bollinson.

carved the continuation of this sentence on his stone at Bollingen.

2 "You are Gods." This is a citation from John to:34: "The Jews answered him, saying, for a good work we stone thee not: but for bleeplatmy; and because that thou, being a man, makesth dryself God. Jesus answered them, is at not written in your law, I said. Ye are gods?"

3 Sketch of Syrrous Mandowike; see Appendix A.

You have the one God, and you become your one God in the innumerable number of Gods.

As a God, you are the great Abraxas in your world. But as a man you are the heart of the one God who appears to his world as the great Abraxas, the feared, the powerful, the donor of madness, he who dispenses the water of life, the spirit of the tree of life, the daimon of the blood, the death bringer.

You are the suffering heart of your one star God, who is Abraxas to his world.

Therefore because you are the heart of your God, aspire toward him, love him, live for him. Fear Abraxas, who rules over the human world. Accept what he forces upon you, since he is the master of the life of this world and none can escape him. If you do not accept, he will torment you to death and the heart of your God will suffer, just as the one God of Christ suffered the heaviest in his death.

The suffering of mankind is without end, since its life is without end. Since there is no end where none sees an end. If mankind has come to an end, there is none who would see its end and none who could say that mankind has an end. So it has no end for itself, but it certainly does for the Gods.

The death of Christ took no suffering away from the world, but his life has taught us much; namely, that it pleases the one God if the individual lives his own life against the power of Abraxas. The one God thus delivers himself from the suffering of the earth into which his Eros plunged him; since when the one God saw the earth, he sought its procreation, and forgot that a world was already given to him in which he was Abraxas. So the one God became human. Therefore the one in turn pulls man up to him and into him, so that the one becomes complete again.

But the freeing of man from the power of Abraxas does not follow man's withdrawing from the power of Abraxas—no one can pull away from it—but through subjugating himself to it. Even Christ had to subjugate himself to the power of Abraxas, and Abraxas killed him in a gruesome manner.

Only by living life can you free yourself from it. So live it to such a degree that it befits you. To the degree that you live it, you also fall victim to the power of Abraxas and his dreadful deceptions. But to the same degree the star God in you gains in longing and power, in that the fruit of deception and human disappointment falls to him. Pain and disappointment fall the world of Abraxas with coldness, all of your life's warmth slowly

sinks into the depths of your soul, into the midpoint of man, where the far blue starlight of your one God glimmers.

If you flee Abraxas from fear, you escape pain and disappointment and you remain terrified, that is, out of unconscious love you cling to Abraxas and your one God cannot catch fire. But through pain and disappointment you redeem yourself, since your longing then falls of its own accord like a ripe fruit into the depths, following gravity, striving toward the midpoint, where the blue light of the star God arises.

So do not flee from Abravas, do not seek him. You feel his coercion, do not resist him, so that you shall live and pay your ransom.

The works of Abraxas are to be fulfilled, for consider that in your world you yourself are Abraxas and force your creature to fulfil your work. Here, where you are the creature subjugated to Abraxas, you must learn to fulfill the work of life. There, where you are Abraxas, you compel your creatures.

You ask, why is all this so? I understand that it seems questionable to you. The world is questionable. It is the unending infinite folly of the Gods, which you know is unendingly wise. Surely it is also a crime, an unforgivable sin, and therefore also the highest love and virtue.

So live life, do not flee Abraxas, provided that he compels you and you can recognize his necessity. In one sense I say to you do not fear him, do not love him. In another sense I say: fear him, love him. He is the life of the earth, that says enough.

You need to recognize the multiplicity of the Gods. You cannot unite all into one being. As little as you are one with the multiplicity of men, just so little is the one God one with the multiplicity of the Gods. This one God is the kind, the loving, the leading, the healing. To him all your love and worship is due. To him you should pray, you are one with him, he is near you, nearer than your soul.

I, your soul, am your mother, who tenderly and frightfully surrounds you, your nourisher and corrupter, I prepare good things and poison for you. I am your intercessor with Abraxas. I teach you the arts that protect you from Abraxas, I stand between you and Abraxas the all-encompassing. I am your body, your shadow, your effectiveness in this world, your manifestation in the world of the Gods, your effulgence, your breath, your odor, your magical force. You should call me if you want to live with men, but the our God if you want to rise above the human world to the divine and eternal solitude of the star.

